Catalogue no. 91-002-X

Quarterly Demographic Estimates

October to December 2010



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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Notice to readers

Most of the components used to produce preliminary population estimates are estimated using demographic models or based on data sources less complete or reliable, albeit more timely, than those used for updated or final estimates.

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Highlights

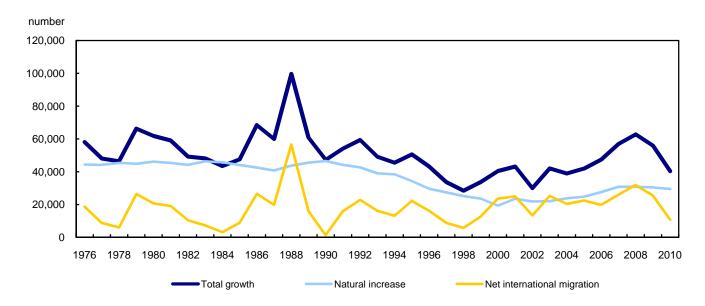
- On January 1, 2011, Canada's population was estimated at 34,278,400.
- In the fourth quarter of 2010, Canada's population increased by 40,400 (0.1%). This is a slower growth than what was observed for the same period in 2009.
- In the fourth quarter of 2010, population growth was fastest in Western Canada, with Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta all posting rates of increase higher than the national average. The populations of Prince Edward Island and Quebec also grew at a faster pace than that of the country.
- In 2010, Canada's population grew by 375,600 (1.1%).
- In 2010, more than 280,000 immigrants came to Canada. This was the highest level of immigration recorded on an annual basis since the 1950's. Most provinces and territories reported increased numbers of immigrants.
- Despite increased immigration, Canada's population growth was lower in 2010 than in 2009. The increase in the number of immigrants was offset by a drop in net inflows of non-permanent residents.
- In 2010, all provinces west of Quebec, along with Prince Edward Island and Nunavut, posted population growth rates higher than the Canadian one.

Analysis

In the fourth quarter of 2010, Canada's population increased by 40,400 (0.1%) and was estimated at 34,278,400 on January 1, 2011. Population growth was fastest in Western Canada, with Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta all posting rates of increase higher than the national average. The populations of Prince Edward Island and Quebec also grew at a faster pace than that of the country.

Canada's population growth during the quarter was lower than that observed in the same quarter in 2009 (55,900). While growth due to natural increase was relatively stable, net international migration decreased from 25,400 to 10,900.

Chart 1
Quarterly factors of demographic growth, October to December, 1976 to 2010, Canada



The decline in net international migration is due to the significant decrease in the flow of non-permanent residents. The net number of non-permanent residents is generally negative in fourth quarters, while it is positive for the other periods of the year. This seasonality in the evolution of the number of non-permanent residents must be taken into account in the guarterly analysis of Canadian population trends.

The number of immigrants (57,700) observed in the fourth quarter 2010 was similar to the level recorded over the same period in 2009 (56,400).

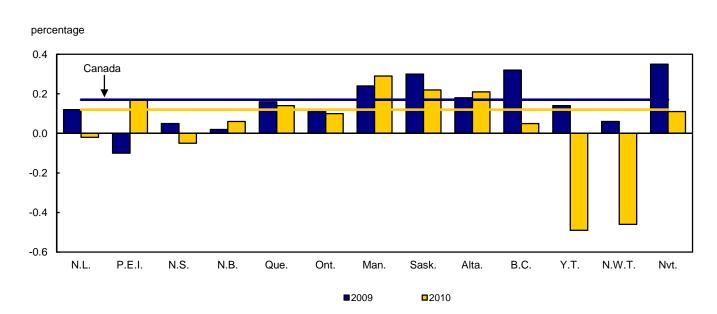


Chart 2
Quarterly variation of population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories, October to December, 2009 and 2010

Atlantic Canada

According to preliminary estimates, the population of Newfoundland and Labrador remained relatively stable in the fourth quarter. As of January 1, the population of the province was estimated at 509,100. Over the course of the fourth quarter, the province posted low levels of both natural growth and total net migration (interprovincial and international).

Prince Edward Island's population growth was estimated at 200 (0.2%) during the quarter. As of January 1, the population of the province was estimated at 143,500. Prince Edward Island was the province with fastest population growth rate east of the Prairies. Net international migration (300) was the main factor behind the province's growth. Prince Edward Island received over 400 immigrants during the quarter. In relative terms, Prince Edward Island's immigration level was the highest of all the provinces for a fourth consecutive quarter.

On January 1st, 2011, the population of Nova Scotia was estimated at 943,400. This was a decrease by approximately 500 compared with October 1, 2010. This loss is mainly attributable to exchanges with other provinces, Nova Scotia having posted natural growth and net international migration of close to zero.

The population of New Brunswick grew by more than 400 (0.1%) in the fourth quarter. The population of the province was estimated at 753,200 as of January 1, 2011. New Brunswick received more than 400 immigrants during the quarter, which is the highest level for a fourth quarter since 1979.

Central Canada

Quebec's population grew by approximately 11,000 (0.1 %) in the fourth quarter and reached 7,943,000 on January 1, 2011. Natural growth (6,700) was the main factor of the population growth. Quebec posted a slightly negative net interprovincial migration (-400) during the quarter, which is a smaller net outflow than what is generally observed for the province.

Ontario experienced population growth of 13,900 (0.1%) in the fourth quarter. As of January 1, the population of the province was estimated at 13,282,400. With net outflows of interprovincial migration (-1,800) and net international

migration (5,200) affected by a decrease in the number of non-permanent residents (-12,600), natural growth (10,500) was the main factor behind Ontario's population growth.

Western Canada

Manitoba experienced the highest fourth-quarter growth rate in the country, with a population increase of approximately 3,600 (0.3%). As of January 1, 2011, the population of the province was estimated at 1,243,700. Net international migration (2,600) was the main factor behind Manitoba's population growth during the quarter.

The population of Saskatchewan grew by 2,300 (0.2%) in the fourth quarter and was estimated at 1,052,100 on January 1. Natural growth (1,100) and net international migration (1,100) were, in equal parts, the two main factors behind the province's population growth.

The population of Alberta grew by 7,700 (0.2%) in the fourth quarter, a growth rate higher than the national average. As of January 1, Alberta's population was estimated at 3,742,800. With net outflows of international migration (-2,100), the province's population growth during the fourth quarter was a result of natural growth (7,200) and interprovincial migration (2,500).

British Columbia's population remained relatively stable during the quarter (2,200). It had one of the slowest growth rates since July 1971, when coverage by the current system of demographic accounts began. On January 1, the population of the province was estimated at 4,554,100. Natural growth (2,500) was the most important factor in the province's population growth in the fourth quarter of 2010.

The territories

According to preliminary estimates, the population of Yukon declined by slightly less than 200 in the fourth quarter of 2010 and was estimated at 34,300 as of January 1, 2011. This decrease is mainly attributable to net interprovincial migration (-200).

The population of the Northwest Territories decreased by close to 200 in the fourth quarter, according to preliminary estimates. As of January 1, the population of the territory was estimated at 43,600. The territory's migratory net outflows were mitigated by its natural growth.

The population of Nunavut remained unchanged, with natural growth in large part neutralized by net outflows in interprovincial migration. As of January 1, the population of Nunavut was estimated at 33,300.

Year 2010

The population of Canada increased by 375,600 (1.1%) in 2010. More than 280,000 immigrants came to Canada in 2010, a total of 28,500 more than in 2009.

This was the highest level of immigration recorded on an annual basis since the 1950's. Most provinces and territories reported increased numbers of immigrants.

Despite increased immigration, Canada's population growth was lower in 2010 than in 2009. The increase in the number of immigrants was offset by a drop in non-permanent resident flows. In 2010, the net number of non-permanent residents was slightly less than 12,900 compared to a little more than 55,400 in 2009 and almost 71,400 in 2008.

There were an estimated 382,000 births and 250,800 deaths in 2010. This resulted in a natural growth of slightly more than 131,200, which was a bit less than the 135,600 recorded in 2009.

The provinces west of Quebec, along with Prince Edward Island and Nunavut, all posted higher growth rates than the national average.

Atlantic region

In 2010, Newfoundland and Labrador's population was down by almost 1,000. Newfoundland and Labrador was the only province to experience a population drop in 2010.

The province posted net losses in its exchanges with the other provinces and territories, posting net interprovincial migration of -900 in 2010. By comparison, in 2009, net interprovincial migration for Newfoundland and Labrador was slightly more than 2,500. Moreover, the province posted negative natural growth (-400) for the third year in a row.

Prince Edward Island's population posted a growth slightly above 2,100 (1.5%) in 2010. Prince Edward Island was the only province east of Ontario with a 2010 growth rate higher than the national average. Moreover, it was the province with the highest growth rate in Canada.

Immigration was the main factor for Prince Edward Island's growth, the province having welcomed almost 2,600 immigrants in 2010 – about 800 more than in the preceding year. This was the greatest number of immigrants received by the province since 1972. Immigration was however partially offset by net outflows in interprovincial migration (-800).

Nova Scotia's population grew slightly by 1,500 (0.2%) in 2010. The province's net international migration (3,400) was partially offset by net outflows in interprovincial migration (-1,800).

New Brunswick's population increased by slightly more than 2,800 (0.4%) in 2010. The province received slightly more than 2,100 immigrants, the greatest number since 1975. New Brunswick also was a winner in its exchanges with the other provinces and territories, reporting net interprovincial migration of close to 700, the highest level since 1990.

Central Canada

In 2010, Quebec's population posted an increase of slightly more than 75,900 (1.0%). Its growth rate in was similar to the one observed in 2009, and thus remains among its highest since the late 1980s. Quebec received almost 54,000 immigrants in 2010, the highest level observed since 1972. In comparison, the province received 4,500 more immigrants in 2010 than in 2009 and 8,800 more than in 2008.

In 2010, Quebec posted net A flows of non-permanent residents of more than 2,900, down compared to 2009 (10,800) and 2008 (9,900). The province also lost in its exchanges with the other provinces and territories, experiencing net interprovincial migration of -3,700, about the same number as in 2009.

Ontario posted a population gain of 153,300 (1.2%) in 2010, a growth rate higher than the national average (1.1%). The main factor of Ontario's population growth was net international migration, which was 111,600 in 2010, up compared to 100,400 recorded in 2009. However, Ontario lost in its exchanges with the other provinces, posting net outflows in interprovincial migration (-4,500). This was however the lowest net loss since 2003.

Western Canada

In 2010, Manitoba (1.4%), Saskatchewan (1.4%), Alberta (1.4%) and British Colombia (1.2%) all experienced growth rates above the national level (1.1%).

Manitoba's population increased of by more than 16,900 (1.4%) in 2010. Net international migration (13,700) was the main factor of the province's growth. Manitoba received 15,800 immigrants in 2010, the highest count since 1972.1

On the other hand, Manitoba lost in its exchanges with the other provinces, posting net interprovincial migration of close to -2,400, about the same number as in 2009. For the first time since 1998, net non-permanent resident flows were also slightly negative (-500) in 2010.

^{1.} The period covered by the current record-keeping system as used at Statistics Canada began in July 1971. Thus, 1972 was the first full coverage year.

Saskatchewan's population grew by slightly less than 15,100 (1.5%) in 2010. Net international migration (7,500) was the main factor of the demographic growth of the province. During the year, the province received 7,600 immigrants, the highest level since 1972.1 The province also reported in 2010 a natural growth of 4,900, the highest level recorded since 1995, and net interprovincial migration of 2,700.

Alberta's population increase was estimated at 52,500 (1.4%) in 2010. Natural increase (30 700) was the main factor in the province's population growth in 2010. Alberta's net international migration was slightly above 15,000. Immigration of 32,600, the highest level since 19721, was partially offset by a net outflow of non-permanent residents (-9,200). Although several provinces had lower net flows of non-permanent residents in 2010 than in 2009, only Manitoba and Alberta reported negative flows.

The province also recorded net interprovincial migration of 6,800 in 2010. This was 5,700 more than in 2009. However, the 2010 level is 11,000 less than in 2008 and 39,400 fewer than the peak reached in 2006.

British Colombia's population grew by 55,300 (1.2%) in 2010. Net international migration (38,200) was the main factor in the province's population increase. British Colombia's net interprovincial migration was 4,600 in 2010, which was less than the 10,400 recorded in 2009.

Territories

Yukon posted an estimated population growth of 300 (1.0%) in 2010. While losing close to 200 in its population exchanges with others provinces and territories, Yukon recorded a net international migration close to 400 and a natural increase of almost 200.

The population of the Northwest Territories did not change much in 2010. Its natural increase (600) was offset in large part by net outflows of interprovincial migration (-500).

Nunavut's population posted an increase of almost 800 (2.3%) in 2010. This was the highest demographic growth rate in the country. Natural increase (700) was the territory's major factor of demographic growth.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

91-209-X	Report on the Demographic Situation in Canada						
91-213-X	Annual Demographic Statistics						
91-214-X	Annual Demographic Estimates: Census Metropolitan Areas, Economic Regions and Census Divisions, Age and Sex						
91-215-X	Annual Demographic Estimates: Canada, Provinces and Territories						
91-520-X	Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories						

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

051-0001	Estimates of population, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0002	Deaths, by sex and age group, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0004	Components of population growth, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0005	Estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly								
051-0006	Immigrants to Canada, by country of last permanent residence, quarterly								
051-0010	Estimates of population, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0011	International migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, and territories, annual								
051-0012	Interprovincial migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0013	Births by sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual								
051-0017	Interprovincial migrants, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly								
051-0018	Interprovincial in-, out- and net-migrants, by province or territory, annual								
051-0019	Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, annual								
051-0020	Number of non-permanent residents, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly								
051-0035	Components of population growth, census divisions and census metropolitan areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual								
051-0037	International migration components, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly								

051-0045	Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, quarterly
053-0001	Vital statistics, births, deaths and marriages, quarterly
102-0502	Deaths, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0503	Deaths, by age and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0504	Deaths, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0505	Deaths, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4502	Live births, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4503	Live births, by age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4504	Live births, mean age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

3231	Vital Statistics - Birth Database
3233	Vital Statistics - Death Database
3601	Estimates of Total Population, Canada, Provinces and Territories
3604	Estimates of Population by Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories
3605	Estimates of Population by Marital Status, Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories

Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- · Births and birth rate, by provinces and territories
- Deaths and death rate, by provinces and territories
- Components of population growth, by province and territory
- Marriages by provinces and territories
- Population by marital status and sex
- Population by marital status and sex, by province and territory

Statistical tables

Table 1-1 Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Population

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2011 January 1 st	34,278,406	509,148	143,481	943,414	753,232	7,942,983	13,282,444
2010 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	34,238,035 34,108,752 33,987,938 33,902,788	509,239 509,739 510,080 510,113	143,241 142,266 141,694 141,415	943,882 942,506 941,403 941,875	752,814 751,755 750,939 750,412	7,932,141 7,907,375 7,882,895 7,867,039	13,268,558 13,210,667 13,161,183 13,129,172
2009 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,846,847 33,720,184 33,598,878 33,508,360	509,493 508,143 506,948 507,306	141,551 141,097 140,321 140,117	941,438 939,124 938,314 938,435	750,243 749,324 748,660 748,107	7,854,268 7,828,357 7,802,955 7,786,157	13,114,545 13,064,900 13,019,936 12,990,821
2008 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,445,591 33,315,976 33,187,481 33,103,216	507,179 506,193 506,581 507,050	140,340 139,545 138,863 138,649	937,934 936,737 936,328 936,456	747,579 746,902 746,505 746,379	7,774,683 7,751,332 7,730,776 7,716,848	12,980,553 12,932,297 12,883,210 12,851,912
2007 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,046,287 32,929,733 32,818,045 32,737,701	506,917 506,379 507,059 508,835	138,577 138,161 138,058 138,032	936,157 935,794 935,577 936,596	746,224 745,515 745,020 744,892	7,705,838 7,687,423 7,669,988 7,658,104	12,839,159 12,792,937 12,748,834 12,717,140
2006 October 1 st July 1 st	32,690,242 32,576,074	509,420 510,313	138,051 137,920	937,243 938,010	744,994 745,674	7,650,930 7,631,552	12,708,825 12,665,346
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2011 January 1 st	1,243,653	1,052,050	3,742,753	4,554,085	34,306	43,554	33,303
2010 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	1,240,020 1,235,412 1,230,275 1,226,738	1,049,701 1,045,622 1,040,735 1,036,972	3,735,086 3,720,946 3,702,408 3,690,250	4,551,853 4,530,960 4,515,482 4,498,790	34,475 34,525 34,218 33,975	43,757 43,759 43,739 43,491	33,268 33,220 32,887 32,546
2009 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	1,223,793 1,219,562 1,214,155 1,211,240	1,033,846 1,029,124 1,024,691 1,021,454	3,683,443 3,670,742 3,652,096 3,632,086	4,484,403 4,460,292 4,441,686 4,423,994	33,926 33,652 33,521 33,384	43,467 43,673 43,589 43,531	32,431 32,194 32,006 31,728
2008 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	1,208,134 1,205,517 1,201,396 1,199,354	1,018,327 1,013,792 1,010,300 1,007,537	3,613,134 3,591,391 3,563,246 3,545,176	4,409,086 4,383,860 4,362,206 4,346,076	33,311 33,116 32,965 32,767	43,687 43,699 43,662 43,598	31,644 31,595 31,443 31,414
2007 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	1,196,593 1,193,558 1,189,683 1,186,827	1,004,996 1,000,257 996,152 994,149	3,530,555 3,512,691 3,489,842 3,471,715	4,333,743 4,309,632 4,291,222 4,275,038	32,678 32,569 32,284 32,322	43,454 43,545 43,241 43,169	31,396 31,272 31,085 30,882
2006 October 1 st July 1 st	1,185,268 1,184,031	992,736 992,122	3,452,956 3,421,253	4,263,376 4,243,580	32,362 32,276	43,245 43,198	30,836 30,799

Note(s): Estimates are final intercensal and unadjusted for census net undercoverage prior to July 1, 1971. Estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 1971 to April 1, 2006, final postcensal from July 1, 2006 to July 1, 2007, updated postcensal from October 1, 2007 to April 1, 2010 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2010.

Table 1-2

Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Total growth in percentage

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				percent			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.12 0.38 0.36 0.25	-0.02 -0.10 -0.07 -0.01	0.17 0.69 0.40 0.20	-0.05 0.15 0.12 -0.05	0.06 0.14 0.11 0.07	0.14 0.31 0.31 0.20	0.10 0.44 0.38 0.24
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.17 0.38 0.36 0.27	0.12 0.27 0.24 -0.07	-0.10 0.32 0.55 0.15	0.05 0.25 0.09 -0.01	0.02 0.12 0.09 0.07	0.16 0.33 0.33 0.22	0.11 0.38 0.35 0.22
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.19 0.39 0.39 0.25	0.03 0.19 -0.08 -0.09	-0.16 0.57 0.49 0.15	0.05 0.13 0.04 -0.01	0.07 0.09 0.05 0.02	0.15 0.30 0.27 0.18	0.08 0.37 0.38 0.24
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.17 0.35 0.34 0.25	0.03 0.11 -0.13 -0.35	0.05 0.30 0.07 0.02	0.03 0.04 0.02 -0.11	0.02 0.10 0.07 0.02	0.14 0.24 0.23 0.16	0.10 0.36 0.35 0.25
2006 October to December July to September	0.15 0.35	-0.11 -0.17	-0.01 0.09	-0.07 -0.08	-0.01 -0.09	0.09 0.25	0.07 0.34
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				percent			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.29 0.37 0.42 0.29	0.22 0.39 0.47 0.36	0.21 0.38 0.50 0.33	0.05 0.46 0.34 0.37	-0.49 -0.14 0.90 0.72	-0.46 0.00 0.05 0.57	0.11 0.14 1.01 1.05
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.24 0.35 0.45 0.24	0.30 0.46 0.43 0.32	0.18 0.35 0.51 0.55	0.32 0.54 0.42 0.40	0.14 0.81 0.39 0.41	0.06 -0.47 0.19 0.13	0.35 0.74 0.59 0.88
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.26 0.22 0.34 0.17	0.31 0.45 0.35 0.27	0.52 0.61 0.79 0.51	0.34 0.58 0.50 0.37	0.22 0.59 0.46 0.60	-0.36 -0.03 0.08 0.15	0.27 0.16 0.48 0.09
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.23 0.25 0.33 0.24	0.25 0.47 0.41 0.20	0.41 0.51 0.65 0.52	0.28 0.56 0.43 0.38	0.27 0.33 0.88 -0.12	0.33 -0.21 0.70 0.17	0.06 0.40 0.60 0.66
2006 October to December July to September	0.13 0.10	0.14 0.06	0.54 0.93	0.27 0.47	-0.12 0.27	-0.18 0.11	0.15 0.12

Note(s): The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 1-3 Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Total growth

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		202.000	Iolalia	number			
2010							
October to December	40,371	-91	240	-468	418	10,842	13,886
July to September	129,283	-500	975	1,376	1,059	24,766	57,891
April to June	120,814	-341	572	1,103	816	24,480	49,484
January to March	85,150	-33	279	-472	527	15,856	32,011
2009							
October to December	55,941	620	-136	437	169	12,771	14,627
July to September	126,663	1,350	454	2,314	919	25,911	49,645
April to June	121,306	1,195	776	810	664	25,402	44,964
January to March	90,518	-358	204	-121	553	16,798	29,115
2008							
October to December	62,769	127	-223	501	528	11,474	10,268
July to September	129,615	986	795	1,197	677	23,351	48,256
April to June	128,495	-388 -469	682 214	409	397 126	20,556	49,087
January to March	84,265	-469	214	-128	126	13,928	31,298
2007	50.000	400	70	222	455	44.040	10 7-0
October to December	56,929	133	72 416	299	155	11,010	12,753
July to September	116,554 111,688	538 -680	103	363 217	709 495	18,415 17,435	46,222 44,103
April to June January to March	80,344	-1,776	26	-1,019	128	11,884	31,694
•	00,044	1,770	20	1,010	120	11,004	01,007
2006	47.450	E0E	-19	-647	-102	7 4 7 4	8,315
October to December July to September	47,459 114,168	-585 -893	131	-647 -767	-102 -680	7,174 19,378	43,479
odly to depterriber	114,100	-093	131	-101	-000	19,570	45,479
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
_							
2010	0.000	0.040	7.007	0.000	400	000	0.5
October to December July to September	3,633 4.608	2,349 4.079	7,667 14.140	2,232 20.893	-169 -50	-203 -2	35 48
April to June	4,608 5,137	4,079 4,887	18,538	20,893 15,478	-50 307	-2 20	333
January to March	3,537	3,763	12,158	16,692	243	248	341
Ť	-,	-,	,	-,			
2009 October to December	2,945	3,126	6,807	14,387	49	24	115
July to September	4,231	4,722	12,701	24,111	274	-206	237
April to June	5.407	4.433	18.646	18.606	131	84	188
January to March	2,915	3,237	20,010	17,692	137	58	278
2008							
October to December	3,106	3,127	18,952	14,908	73	-156	84
July to September	2,617	4,535	21,743	25,226	195	-12	49
	4,121	3,492	28,145	21,654	151	37	152
April to June			18,070	16,130	198	64	29
April to June	2,042	2,763	10,070				
April to June January to March		2,763	10,070				
April to June January to March 2007	2,042 2,761	2,541	14,621	12,333	89	144	18
April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September	2,042 2,761 3,035	2,541 4,739	14,621 17,864	24,111	109	-91	124
April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June	2,761 3,035 3,875	2,541 4,739 4,105	14,621 17,864 22,849	24,111 18,410	109 285	-91 304	124 187
April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June	2,042 2,761 3,035	2,541 4,739	14,621 17,864	24,111	109	-91	124 187
April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,761 3,035 3,875	2,541 4,739 4,105 2,003	14,621 17,864 22,849	24,111 18,410	109 285 -38	-91 304 72	124 187 203
	2,761 3,035 3,875	2,541 4,739 4,105	14,621 17,864 22,849	24,111 18,410	109 285	-91 304	18 124 187 203 46 37

Note(s): The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 2-1
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Canada

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011							
January to March	34,278,406						
2010							
October to December	34.238.035	29.485	0	10.886	10.886	40.371	0.12
July to September	34,108,752	41,891	0	87,392	87,392	129,283	0.38
April to June	33,987,938	36,019	0	84.795	84,795	120.814	0.36
January to March	33,902,788	23,822	0	61,328	61,328	85,150	0.25
2009		•			,	•	
October to December	33.846.847	30.495	0	25,446	25,446	55.941	0.17
July to September	33,720,184	43.490	0	25,446 83.173		126.663	0.17
April to June	33,720,184	43,490 37,408	0	83,898	83,173 83,898	120,003	0.36
	33,598,878	24.182	0	66,336	66,336	90.518	0.36
January to March	33,508,360	24,182	U	00,330	00,330	90,518	0.27
2008							
October to December	33,445,591	30,866	0	31,903	31,903	62,769	0.19
July to September	33,315,976	43,353	0	86,262	86,262	129,615	0.39
April to June	33,187,481	36,292	0	92,203	92,203	128,495	0.39
January to March	33,103,216	23,605	0	60,660	60,660	84,265	0.25
2007							
October to December	33,046,287	30,818	0	26,111	26,111	56.929	0.17
July to September	32.929.733	42.397	0	74.157	74.157	116.554	0.35
April to June	32.818.045	36,491	0	75.197	75,197	111.688	0.34
January to March	32,737,701	22,941	0	57,403	57,403	80,344	0.25
•	- / - / -	,-		· / · ·	- ,		
2006 October to December	22 000 242	07.047	0	40.040	40.040	47.450	0.45
	32,690,242	27,617	0	19,842	19,842	47,459	0.15
July to September	32,576,074	40,042	0	74,126	74,126	114,168	0.35

Table 2-2
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011	_						
January to March	509,148						
2010							
October to December	509,239	-53	156	-194	-38	-91	-0.02
July to September	509,739	71	-830	259	-571	-500	-0.10
April to June	510,080	-108	-452	219	-233	-341	-0.07
January to March	510,113	-274	229	12	241	-33	-0.01
2009							
October to December	509,493	-11	669	-38	631	620	0.12
July to September	508,143	108	863	379	1,242	1,350	0.27
April to June	506,948	-84	992	287	1,279	1,195	0.24
January to March	507,306	-247	6	-117	-111	-358	-0.07
2008							
October to December	507.179	12	259	-144	115	127	0.03
July to September	506,193	135	620	231	851	986	0.19
April to June	506,581	-53	-490	155	-335	-388	-0.08
January to March	507,050	-210	-446	187	-259	-469	-0.09
2007							
October to December	506,917	48	115	-30	85	133	0.03
July to September	506,379	174	293	71	364	538	0.11
April to June	507,059	-12	-791	123	-668	-680	-0.13
January to March	508,835	-162	-1,671	57	-1,614	-1,776	-0.35
2006							
October to December	509,420	-82	-558	55	-503	-585	-0.11
July to September	510,313	74	-1,047	80	-967	-893	-0.17

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See "Data quality, concepts and methodology} - \textbf{Explanatory notes for the tables" section.}$

Table 2-3 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Prince Edward Island

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011 January to March	143,481						
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	143,241	40	-143	343	200	240	0.17
	142,266	62	-425	1,338	913	975	0.69
	141,694	83	-187	676	489	572	0.40
	141,415	-19	-38	336	298	279	0.20
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	141,551	47	-368	185	-183	-136	-0.10
	141,097	69	-283	668	385	454	0.32
	140,321	88	-97	785	688	776	0.55
	140,117	-11	-108	323	215	204	0.15
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	140,340	55	-381	103	-278	-223	-0.16
	139,545	75	50	670	720	795	0.57
	138,863	94	157	431	588	682	0.49
	138,649	-4	-120	338	218	214	0.15
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	138,577	59	-150	163	13	72	0.05
	138,161	79	-178	515	337	416	0.30
	138,058	100	-216	219	3	103	0.07
	138,032	4	-155	177	22	26	0.02
2006 October to December July to September	138,051 137,920	48 133	-159 -319	92 317	-67 -2	-19 131	-0.01 0.09

Table 2-4 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Nova Scotia

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011							
January to March	943,414						
2010							
October to December	943,882	-28	-446	6	-440	-468	-0.05
July to September	942,506	363	-877	1,890	1,013	1,376	0.15
April to June	941,403	110	106	887	993	1,103	0.12
January to March	941,875	-512	-581	621	40	-472	-0.05
2009							
October to December	941,438	-7	360	84	444	437	0.05
July to September	939,124	379	320	1,615	1,935	2,314	0.25
April to June	938,314	151	-50	709	659	810	0.09
January to March	938,435	-459	-263	601	338	-121	-0.01
2008							
October to December	937,934	38	116	347	463	501	0.05
July to September	936,737	425	-554	1,326	772	1,197	0.13
April to June	936,328	200	-492	701	209	409	0.04
January to March	936,456	-399	-259	530	271	-128	-0.01
•	•						
2007 October to December	936,157	94	-39	244	205	299	0.03
July to September	935,794	485	-1,004	882	-122	363	0.03
April to June	935,577	262	-449	404	-45	217	0.02
January to March	936,596	-326	-1,082	389	-693	-1,019	-0.11
•	300,330	320	1,002	000	000	.,515	0.11
2006	007.010		000	007	70.	0.47	0.67
October to December	937,243	57	-929	225	-704	-647	-0.07
July to September	938,010	310	-1,666	589	-1,077	-767	-0.08

Table 2-5
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — New Brunswick

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011	750,000						
January to March	753,232		**	••			
2010							
October to December	752,814	-19	259	178	437	418	0.06
July to September	751,755	313	-117	863	746	1,059	0.14
April to June	750,939	145	150	521	671	816	0.11
January to March	750,412	-202	396	333	729	527	0.07
2009							
October to December	750,243	14	138	17	155	169	0.02
July to September	749,324	344	38	537	575	919	0.12
April to June	748,660	190	30	444	474	664	0.09
January to March	748,107	-152	47	658	705	553	0.07
2008							
October to December	747,579	61	220	247	467	528	0.07
July to September	746,902	391	-534	820	286	677	0.09
April to June	746,505	238	-303	462	159	397	0.05
January to March	746,379	-96	-250	472	222	126	0.02
2007							
October to December	746,224	117	-85	123	38	155	0.02
July to September	745,515	445	-270	534	264	709	0.10
April to June	745,020	295	-120	320	200	495	0.07
January to March	744,892	-35	-305	468	163	128	0.02
2006							
October to December	744.994	124	-373	147	-226	-102	-0.01
July to September	745,674	549	-1,834	605	-1,229	-680	-0.09

Table 2-6
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Quebec

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011	7.040.000						
January to March	7,942,983						
2010							
October to December	7,932,141	6,650	-368	4,560	4,192	10,842	0.14
July to September	7,907,375	9,650	22	15,094	15,116	24,766	0.31
April to June	7,882,895	7,900	-1,948	18,528	16,580	24,480	0.31
January to March	7,867,039	5,750	-1,451	11,557	10,106	15,856	0.20
2009							
October to December	7,854,268	6,650	267	5,854	6,121	12.771	0.16
July to September	7,828,357	10,500	-120	15,531	15,411	25,911	0.33
April to June	7,802,955	8,450	-2,448	19,400	16,952	25,402	0.33
January to March	7,786,157	5,850	-1,439	12,387	10,948	16,798	0.22
,							
2008 October to December	7,774,683	7,050	-1,446	5,870	4,424	11.474	0.15
July to September	7,774,003	10,450	-2,086	14,987	12,901	23.351	0.13
April to June	7,731,332 7,730,776	7,850	-2,086 -4,399	14,987	12,901	23,351	0.30
January to March	7,730,776	5,500	-1,776	10,204	8,428	13,928	0.27
•	7,710,040	3,300	-1,770	10,204	0,420	13,320	0.10
2007							
October to December	7,705,838	6,578	-1,991	6,423	4,432	11,010	0.14
July to September	7,687,423	9,469	-3,516	12,462	8,946	18,415	0.24
April to June	7,669,988	7,567	-4,665	14,533	9,868	17,435	0.23
January to March	7,658,104	4,251	-2,503	10,136	7,633	11,884	0.16
2006							
October to December	7,650,930	6,149	-2,429	3,454	1,025	7,174	0.09
July to September	7,631,552	8,724	-3,268	13,922	10,654	19,378	0.25

Table 2-7 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Ontario

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011 January to March	13,282,444						
	13,202,444			**	••		
2010							
October to December	13,268,558	10,505	-1,811	5,192	3,381	13,886	0.10
July to September	13,210,667	15,585	2,083	40,223	42,306	57,891	0.44
April to June	13,161,183	12,696	-2,746	39,534	36,788	49,484	0.38
January to March	13,129,172	7,426	-2,069	26,654	24,585	32,011	0.24
2009							
October to December	13.114.545	10,904	-712	4,435	3.723	14.627	0.11
July to September	13.064.900	15.898	-1,748	35,495	33.747	49.645	0.38
April to June	13.019.936	13,082	-3,263	35,145	31.882	44.964	0.35
January to March	12,990,821	7,952	-4,157	25,320	21,163	29,115	0.22
•							
2008 October to December	42 000 FE2	44.000	F 252	4.405	4.050	40.000	0.08
	12,980,553	11,326	-5,253	4,195	-1,058	10,268	0.08
July to September	12,932,297	16,204	-2,928	34,980	32,052	48,256	
April to June	12,883,210	13,428	-3,502	39,161	35,659	49,087	0.38
January to March	12,851,912	8,442	-3,458	26,314	22,856	31,298	0.24
2007							
October to December	12,839,159	11.745	-3,588	4,596	1.008	12.753	0.10
July to September	12,792,937	16,537	-4,202	33,887	29.685	46,222	0.36
April to June	12,748,834	13,836	-3,451	33,718	30,267	44,103	0.35
January to March	12,717,140	8,978	-2,185	24,901	22,716	31,694	0.25
2006	40.700.005	44.405	E 0E7	2.077	2.002	0.245	0.07
October to December	12,708,825	11,195	-5,957	3,077	-2,880	8,315	0.07
July to September	12,665,346	16,160	-8,454	35,773	27,319	43,479	0.34

Table 2-8 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Manitoba

2011 2010	Total growth
Danuary to March 1,243,653	percent
2010 October to December 1,240,020 1,226 -233 2,640 2,407 3,633 July to September 1,235,412 1,812 -1,299 4,095 2,796 4,608 April to June 1,230,275 1,594 -848 4,391 3,543 5,137 January to March 1,226,738 968 -41 2,610 2,569 3,537 2009 October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 2 1,204,141 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 2uly to September 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106	
October to December 1,240,020 1,226 -233 2,640 2,407 3,633 July to September 1,235,412 1,812 -1,299 4,095 2,796 4,608 April to June 1,235,412 1,594 -848 4,391 3,543 5,137 January to March 1,226,738 968 -41 2,610 2,569 3,537 2009 October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 2008 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 O	
July to September 1,235,412 1,812 -1,299 4,095 2,796 4,608 April to June 1,230,275 1,594 -848 4,991 3,543 5,137 2009 October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 2008 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 July to September 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	
April to June 1,230,275 1,594 848 4,391 3,543 5,137 January to March 1,226,738 968 -41 2,610 2,569 3,537 2009 Cotober to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 Cotober to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 2,107 4,107	0.29
January to March 1,226,738 968 -41 2,610 2,569 3,537 2009 Cotober to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 Cotober to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.37
2009 October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.42
October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.29
October to December 1,223,793 1,204 -581 2,322 1,741 2,945 July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	
July to September 1,219,562 1,781 -712 3,162 2,450 4,231 April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.24
April to June 1,214,155 1,551 -440 4,296 3,856 5,407 January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.35
January to March 1,211,240 943 -640 2,612 1,972 2,915 2008 October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.45
October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.24
October to December 1,208,134 1,165 -195 2,136 1,941 3,106 July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	
July to September 1,205,517 1,736 -1,836 2,717 881 2,617 April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.26
April to June 1,201,396 1,522 -1,148 3,747 2,599 4,121	0.22
	0.34
,	0.17
2007 October to December 1,196,593 1,157 -453 2,057 1,604 2,761	0.23
October to Determiner 1,186,393 1,197 493 2,037 1,004 2,761 1,004	0.25
July to September 1,183,506 1,720 -1,500 2,060 1,515 3,055 4,772 -1,500 2,060 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720 1,515 3,055 1,720	0.33
Aprilio Julie 1, 169,695 1,311 1,200 3,052 2,004 3,073 2,004 3,004	0.24
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	0.24
2006	
October to December 1,185,268 863 -1,035 1,731 696 1,559	0.13
July to September 1,184,031 1,567 -2,819 2,489 -330 1,237	0.10

Table 2-9
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Saskatchewan

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011 January to March	1,052,050						
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,049,701 1,045,622 1,040,735 1,036,972	1,084 1,454 1,423 929	209 156 1,027 1,297	1,056 2,469 2,437 1,537	1,265 2,625 3,464 2,834	2,349 4,079 4,887 3,763	0.22 0.39 0.47 0.36
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,033,846 1,029,124 1,024,691 1,021,454	1,019 1,381 1,356 872	762 823 480 338	1,345 2,518 2,597 2,027	2,107 3,341 3,077 2,365	3,126 4,722 4,433 3,237	0.30 0.46 0.43 0.32
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,018,327 1,013,792 1,010,300 1,007,537	955 1,306 1,289 820	625 1,540 362 682	1,547 1,689 1,841 1,261	2,172 3,229 2,203 1,943	3,127 4,535 3,492 2,763	0.31 0.45 0.35 0.27
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,004,996 1,000,257 996,152 994,149	910 1,259 1,237 780	974 2,153 1,691 427	657 1,327 1,177 796	1,631 3,480 2,868 1,223	2,541 4,739 4,105 2,003	0.25 0.47 0.41 0.20
2006 October to December July to September	992,736 992,122	419 1,094	529 -1,098	465 618	994 -480	1,413 614	0.14 0.06

Table 2-10
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Alberta

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011	2.742.752						
January to March	3,742,753		••	••			
2010							
October to December	3,735,086	7,249	2,510	-2,092	418	7,667	0.21
July to September	3,720,946	8,267	1,155	4,718	5,873	14,140	0.38
April to June	3,702,408	8,436	2,820	7,282	10,102	18,538	0.50
January to March	3,690,250	6,745	312	5,101	5,413	12,158	0.33
2009							
October to December	3,683,443	7,385	-2,780	2,202	-578	6,807	0.18
July to September	3,670,742	8,365	-2,535	6,871	4,336	12.701	0.35
April to June	3,652,096	8,335	1,731	8,580	10,311	18,646	0.51
January to March	3,632,086	6,625	4,685	8,700	13,385	20,010	0.55
•	5,552,555	-,	,,,,,	2,100	,		
2008	0.040.404	7.450		7.000	44.700	40.050	0.50
October to December	3,613,134	7,159	4,111	7,682	11,793	18,952	0.52
July to September	3,591,391	8,051	2,657	11,035	13,692	21,743	0.61
April to June	3,563,246	7,983	7,215	12,947	20,162	28,145	0.79
January to March	3,545,176	6,379	3,862	7,829	11,691	18,070	0.51
2007							
October to December	3,530,555	6,936	2,035	5,650	7,685	14,621	0.41
July to September	3,512,691	7,833	2,205	7,826	10,031	17,864	0.51
April to June	3,489,842	7,805	4,677	10,367	15,044	22,849	0.65
January to March	3,471,715	6,252	4,725	7,150	11,875	18,127	0.52
2006							
October to December	3,452,956	6,294	7,678	4,787	12,465	18,759	0.54
July to September	3,421,253	7,404	16,729	7,570	24,299	31,703	0.93
out, to coptombot	3,421,200	.,.04	10,720	7,070	24,200	5.,700	0.00

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ "\mathsf{Data} \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Explanatory} \ \mathsf{notes} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{tables}" \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 2-11 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — British Columbia

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011 January to March	4,554,085						
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,551,853 4,530,960 4,515,482 4,498,790	2,517 3,930 3,377 2,678	442 592 1,962 1,642	-727 16,371 10,139 12,372	-285 16,963 12,101 14,014	2,232 20,893 15,478 16,692	0.05 0.46 0.34 0.37
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,484,403 4,460,292 4,441,686 4,423,994	2,981 4,287 3,931 2,479	2,306 3,457 3,117 1,471	9,100 16,367 11,558 13,742	11,406 19,824 14,675 15,213	14,387 24,111 18,606 17,692	0.32 0.54 0.42 0.40
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,409,086 4,383,860 4,362,206 4,346,076	2,737 4,202 3,383 1,905	2,195 3,212 2,815 2,627	9,976 17,812 15,456 11,598	12,171 21,024 18,271 14,225	14,908 25,226 21,654 16,130	0.34 0.58 0.50 0.37
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,333,743 4,309,632 4,291,222 4,275,038	2,864 4,014 3,532 1,931	3,074 6,127 4,337 3,238	6,395 13,970 10,541 11,015	9,469 20,097 14,878 14,253	12,333 24,111 18,410 16,184	0.28 0.56 0.43 0.38
2006 October to December July to September	4,263,376 4,243,580	2,271 3,688	3,511 3,919	5,880 12,189	9,391 16,108	11,662 19,796	0.27 0.47

Table 2-12 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Yukon

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011	04.000						_
January to March	34,306			••			
2010							
October to December	34,475	43	-165	-47	-212	-169	-0.49
July to September	34,525	38	-144	56	-88	-50	-0.14
April to June	34,218	55	84	168	252	307	0.90
January to March	33,975	21	43	179	222	243	0.72
2009							
October to December	33,926	44	31	-26	5	49	0.14
July to September	33,652	38	174	62	236	274	0.81
April to June	33,521	54	9	68	77	131	0.39
January to March	33,384	22	4	111	115	137	0.41
,	33,331		•				0
2008							
October to December	33,311	44	88	-59	29	73	0.22
July to September	33,116	39	127	29	156	195	0.59
April to June	32,965	54	13	84	. 97	151	0.46
January to March	32,767	22	90	86	176	198	0.60
2007							
October to December	32,678	45	79	-35	44	89	0.27
July to September	32,569	40	53	16	69	109	0.33
April to June	32,284	55	154	76	230	285	0.88
January to March	32,322	23	-76	15	-61	-38	-0.12
2006							
October to December	32,362	45	-41	-44	-85	-40	-0.12
July to September	32,302	34	64	-12	-63 52	86	0.27
duly to deptember	32,270	34	04	-12	32	00	0.21

Table 2-13

Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Northwest Territories

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011 January to March	43,554						
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	43,757	101	-289	-15	-304	-203	-0.46
	43,759	167	-192	23	-169	-2	0.00
	43,739	134	-129	15	-114	20	0.05
	43,491	150	77	21	98	248	0.57
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	43,467	101	-68	-9	-77	24	0.06
	43,673	168	-357	-17	-374	-206	-0.47
	43,589	133	-82	33	-49	84	0.19
	43,531	149	-61	-30	-91	58	0.13
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	43,687	102	-280	22	-258	-156	-0.36
	43,699	169	-154	-27	-181	-12	-0.03
	43,662	134	-200	103	-97	37	0.08
	43,598	149	-92	7	-85	64	0.15
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	43,454	102	99	-57	42	144	0.33
	43,545	169	-227	-33	-260	-91	-0.21
	43,241	132	94	78	172	304	0.70
	43,169	148	-75	-1	-76	72	0.17
2006 October to December July to September	43,245 43,198	104 128	-165 -75	-15 -6	-180 -81	-76 47	-0.18 0.11

Table 2-14

Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Nunavut

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2011							
January to March	33,303						
2010							
October to December	33,268	170	-121	-14	-135	35	0.11
July to September	33,220	179	-124	-7	-131	48	0.14
April to June	32,887	174	161	-2	159	333	1.01
January to March	32,546	162	184	-5	179	341	1.05
2009							
October to December	32,431	164	-24	-25	-49	115	0.35
July to September	32,431	172	-24 80	-25 -15	-49 65	237	0.33
	32,194 32,006	172	21		17	237 188	0.74
April to June January to March	32,006	159	117	-4 2	119	278	0.59
January to March	31,728	159	117	2	119	2/8	0.88
2008							
October to December	31,644	162	-59	-19	-78	84	0.27
July to September	31,595	170	-114	-7	-121	49	0.16
April to June	31,443	170	-28	10	-18	152	0.48
January to March	31,414	159	-108	-22	-130	29	0.09
2007							
October to December	31,396	163	-70	-75	-145	18	0.06
July to September	31,272	173	-84	35	-49	124	0.40
April to June	31,085	173	7	9	16	187	0.40
January to March	30,882	158	40	5	45	203	0.66
•	30,002	130	40	3	45	203	0.00
2006							
October to December	30,836	130	-72	-12	-84	46	0.15
July to September	30,799	177	-132	-8	-140	37	0.12

Table 3-1 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Canada

	Natural in	ncrease	Interprovincia	l migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	93.932	64.447	63,098	63.098	57,713	11.971	4.050	4.742	-34,164
July to September	101,138	59.247	95.772	95,772	84,189	21,000	9,642	6,399	20.960
April to June	96,689	60,670	94,759	94,759	80,719	11,672	7.332	4.697	13,113
January to March	90,268	66,446	79,881	79,881	58,050	9,692	4,347	4,330	12,953
2009									
October to December	93,556	63.061	57.406	57,406	56.353	11.909	4.050	4.742	-18.306
July to September	100,869	57.379	98.347	98,347	75,390	20.808	9,642	6,399	25,348
April to June	96,155	58,747	71,277	71,277	69,651	11,594	7,332	4,706	23,215
January to March	89,784	65,602	64,164	64,164	50,783	9,644	4,347	4,342	25,192
2008									
October to December	92,392	61,526	51,448	51,448	53,543	11,828	4,050	4,750	-9,112
July to September	99,598	56,245	90,957	90,957	71,312	20,368	9,642	6,366	32,042
April to June	94,568	58,276	82,653	82,653	69,247	11,272	7,332	4,685	31,581
January to March	88,247	64,642	63,981	63,981	53,145	9,383	4,347	4,326	16,877
2007									
October to December	90,681	59.863	55,440	55,440	55,573	11,548	4,050	4.736	-17,228
July to September	97,435	55.038	99,163	99,163	71,657	20,300	9,642	6,419	19,577
April to June	93,338	56,847	77,629	77,629	61,649	11,919	7,367	4,966	23,066
January to March	86,410	63,469	60,920	60,920	47,875	9,018	4,176	4,372	18,742
2006									
October to December	86,920	59,303	62,974	62,974	58,245	10,068	4,074	4,586	-27,823
July to September	94,248	54,206	103,539	103,539	70,356	18,150	14,683	6,245	13,482

Table 3-2 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	1,088	1,141	2,093	1,937	183	82	20	61	-254
July to September	1,198	1,127	2,318	3,148	177	145	46	81	262
April to June	1,100	1,208	2,483	2,935	192	80	34	60	133
January to March	1,076	1,350	2,959	2,730	129	67	20	56	-14
2009									
October to December	1,100	1,111	2,215	1,546	145	82	20	61	-60
July to September	1,204	1,096	3,202	2,339	193	143	46	81	364
April to June	1,096	1,180	2,973	1,981	154	80	34	60	239
January to March	1,071	1,318	2,404	2,398	114	66	20	56	-129
2008									
October to December	1,099	1,087	1,929	1,670	138	81	20	61	-160
July to September	1,206	1,071	2,956	2,336	165	139	46	81	240
April to June	1,103	1,156	2,568	3,058	174	77	34	60	84
January to March	1,080	1,290	2,233	2,679	150	65	20	56	138
2007									
October to December	1.111	1,063	1,959	1,844	167	79	20	61	-77
July to September	1,222	1,048	2,999	2,706	144	139	46	83	103
April to June	1,119	1,131	2,327	3,118	126	35	17	64	79
January to March	1,101	1,263	1,601	3,272	109	26	10	56	20
2006									
October to December	1,092	1,174	1,637	2,195	154	29	9	59	-20
July to September	1.183	1,109	2,841	3,888	127	53	35	81	52

Table 3-3
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Prince Edward Island

	Natural in	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	361	321	631	774	430	17	11	16	-65
July to September	353	291	972	1,397	1,204	30	27	22	159
April to June	344	261	1,127	1,314	571	16	21	16	116
January to March	338	357	910	948	388	14	12	16	-34
2009									
October to December	361	314	445	813	314	17	11	16	-107
July to September	354	285	1,086	1,369	518	30	27	22	175
April to June	344	256	636	733	599	16	21	16	197
January to March	338	349	687	795	328	14	12	16	13
2008									
October to December	362	307	347	728	191	17	11	16	-66
July to September	353	278	852	802	605	29	27	22	89
April to June	344	250	952	795	325	15	21	16	116
January to March	336	340	609	729	333	13	12	16	22
2007									
October to December	358	299	487	637	204	17	11	16	-19
July to September	350	271	773	951	420	29	27	22	119
April to June	344	244	684	900	219	16	13	17	20
January to March	337	333	581	736	149	13	7	15	49
2006									
October to December	347	299	422	581	170	15	7	16	-54
July to September	400	267	798	1,117	200	25	26	22	138

Table 3-4
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Nova Scotia

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	2,206	2,234	3,089	3,535	452	157	71	111	-249
July to September	2,394	2,031	5,198	6.075	796	278	168	150	1,354
April to June	2,282	2,172	4,958	4,852	690	154	127	111	335
January to March	1,974	2,486	4,688	5,269	458	128	76	102	317
2009									
October to December	2,185	2,192	3,263	2,903	483	157	71	111	-202
July to September	2,369	1.990	5,558	5,238	778	275	168	150	1,094
April to June	2,277	2,126	3,822	3,872	629	153	127	111	217
January to March	1,970	2,429	3,519	3,782	498	128	76	102	257
2008									
October to December	2,182	2.144	2,987	2,871	491	156	71	111	52
July to September	2,370	1,945	5,139	5,693	828	269	168	150	749
April to June	2,281	2,081	4,320	4,812	732	149	127	111	102
January to March	1,976	2,375	3,605	3,864	600	124	76	102	80
2007									
October to December	2.191	2,097	2,973	3,012	581	152	71	111	-145
July to September	2,386	1,901	5,092	6.096	755	268	168	151	378
April to June	2,297	2,035	3,668	4,117	645	235	120	116	-10
January to March	1,994	2,320	2,699	3,781	542	177	68	102	58
2006									
October to December	2,117	2,060	3,141	4,070	632	198	66	108	-167
July to September	2,267	1,957	5,406	7,072	896	357	239	147	-42

Table 3-5 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — New Brunswick

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	l migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	1.710	1.729	2,451	2,192	425	116	54	89	-96
July to September	1,926	1,613	3,857	3,974	720	205	128	120	340
April to June	1,768	1,623	3,410	3,260	555	114	98	89	71
January to March	1,649	1,851	3,568	3,172	425	94	58	82	26
2009									
October to December	1.705	1,691	2,438	2,300	346	116	54	89	-178
July to September	1,922	1,578	4,243	4,205	602	203	128	120	130
April to June	1,773	1,583	2,854	2,824	588	113	98	89	-40
January to March	1,655	1,807	2,561	2,514	377	94	58	82	399
2008									
October to December	1,709	1,648	1,981	1,761	343	116	54	89	55
July to September	1,930	1,539	3,872	4,406	610	198	128	120	400
April to June	1,783	1,545	2,871	3,174	443	110	98	88	119
January to March	1,666	1,762	2,447	2,697	460	91	58	82	127
2007									
October to December	1,723	1,606	2,336	2,421	397	113	54	89	-126
July to September	1,945	1,500	4,023	4,293	497	198	128	121	228
April to June	1,798	1,503	3,170	3,290	375	104	90	94	53
January to March	1,680	1,715	2,369	2,674	374	80	51	83	206
2006									
October to December	1,649	1,525	2,062	2,435	397	88	50	86	-126
July to September	2,000	1,451	3,409	5,243	470	158	180	117	230

Table 3-6 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Quebec

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	l migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010	<u> </u>								
October to December	21.800	15,150	5,118	5.486	12,302	1,754	578	666	-5,900
July to September	23,850	14,200	9,176	9.154	16,783	3,076	1.376	898	909
April to June	22,150	14,250	7,669	9,617	14,054	1,710	1,047	659	5,796
January to March	20,800	15,050	5,372	6,823	10,846	1,419	620	607	2,117
2009									
October to December	21,750	15,100	4,937	4,670	11,658	1,744	578	666	-3,972
July to September	23,700	13,200	9,469	9,589	14,958	3,047	1,376	898	3,142
April to June	22,200	13,750	5,158	7,606	13,482	1,698	1,047	660	7,229
January to March	21,000	15,150	4,059	5,498	9,391	1,412	620	609	4,397
2008									
October to December	21,650	14,600	3,542	4,988	10,038	1,732	578	666	-2,348
July to September	23,650	13,200	7,548	9,634	13,597	2,983	1,376	893	3,890
April to June	21,850	14,000	5,699	10,098	12,074	1,652	1,047	657	6,293
January to March	20,600	15,100	3,812	5,588	9,500	1,374	620	607	2,065
2007									
October to December	20,708	14.130	3,446	5,437	10,404	1,691	578	665	-2,203
July to September	22,450	12,981	7,145	10,661	13,892	2,974	1,376	900	1,068
April to June	21,444	13.877	4,972	9.637	11.554	1.863	1,479	697	4,060
January to March	19,785	15,534	3,223	5,726	9,363	1,409	839	613	1,956
2006									
October to December	20.167	14.018	4,042	6.471	10,218	1,573	820	644	-5,367
July to September	21,712	12,988	7,460	10,728	13,945	2,836	2,948	876	741

Table 3-7
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Ontario

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2010	<u> </u>								
October to December	35,312	24,807	14,293	16,104	23,601	5,593	1,984	2,197	-12,603
July to September	37,791	22,206	24,142	22,059	34,807	9,809	4,724	2,965	13,466
April to June	35,966	23,270	21,515	24,261	35,246	5,452	3,593	2,176	8,323
January to March	33,523	26,097	16,761	18,830	24,483	4,527	2,130	2,005	6,573
2009									
October to December	34,906	24,002	13,142	13,854	23,834	5,563	1,984	2,197	-13,623
July to September	37,389	21,491	22,973	24,721	32,979	9,719	4,724	2,965	10,476
April to June	35,591	22,509	15,149	18,412	29,090	5,415	3,593	2,181	10,058
January to March	33,193	25,241	12,767	16,924	20,963	4,504	2,130	2,010	8,741
2008									
October to December	34,573	23,247	9,541	14,794	23,572	5,524	1,984	2,202	-13,635
July to September	37,033	20,829	20,001	22,929	31,798	9,515	4,724	2,948	10,921
April to June	35,237	21,809	17,506	21,008	32,002	5,267	3,593	2,171	11,004
January to March	32,866	24,424	12,655	16,113	23,531	4,383	2,130	2,002	7,038
2007									
October to December	34,241	22.496	10,797	14,385	26,227	5,394	1,984	2,195	-16,026
July to September	36,687	20,150	20,760	24,962	33,291	9,483	4.724	2,974	8,329
April to June	34,932	21,096	15,805	19,256	29,478	5,666	3,107	2,300	9,099
January to March	32,577	23,599	12,144	14,329	22,344	4,286	1,761	2,025	7,107
2006									
October to December	33,283	22,088	11,460	17,417	29,444	4,784	1,720	2,124	-21,179
July to September	36,188	20,028	19,382	27,836	34,179	8,626	6,190	2,893	6,923

Table 3-8
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Manitoba

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	3,932	2,706	3,310	3,543	3,466	451	166	135	-406
July to September	4,353	2,541	4,388	5,687	4,684	790	393	183	-9
April to June	4,040	2,446	4,756	5,604	4,432	439	299	134	233
january to March	3,818	2,850	4,482	4,523	3,223	365	177	123	-302
2009									
October to December	3,860	2,656	2,862	3,443	2,860	448	166	135	-121
July to September	4,272	2,491	4,981	5.693	3,583	783	393	183	152
April to June	3,948	2,397	2,942	3,382	4,325	437	299	134	243
January to March	3,734	2,791	2,822	3,462	2,752	363	177	123	169
2008									
October to December	3.773	2,608	2,427	2,622	2,622	445	166	136	-71
July to September	4.183	2,447	3,725	5,561	3,264	766	393	182	8
April to June	3,877	2,355	3,230	4,378	3,270	424	299	134	736
January to March	3,676	2,738	2,827	3,579	2,063	354	177	123	93
2007									
October to December	3,721	2,564	2,385	2,838	2,305	435	166	135	156
July to September	4.123	2,403	4,269	5.619	3,101	764	393	183	118
April to June	3,821	2,310	2,939	4,207	3,236	457	190	142	805
January to March	3,620	2,681	2,850	3,228	2,313	346	108	125	345
2006									
October to December	3,534	2,671	2,659	3,694	2,188	386	105	131	-45
July to September	3.867	2,300	4,042	6,861	3,052	696	379	179	-67

Table 3-9 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Saskatchewan

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	l migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	3,532	2,448	4,089	3,880	1,577	110	65	62	-414
July to September	3,799	2,345	6,269	6.113	2,197	194	154	84	396
April to June	3,644	2,221	6,966	5,939	2,298	107	117	61	190
January to March	3,351	2,422	6,243	4,946	1,545	90	70	57	69
2009									
October to December	3,436	2,417	4,380	3,618	1,476	110	65	62	-24
July to September	3,691	2,310	6,983	6,160	1,999	192	154	84	641
April to June	3,547	2,191	4,499	4,019	2,115	107	117	61	533
January to March	3,262	2,390	4,321	3,983	1,300	90	70	57	804
2008									
October to December	3,341	2,386	3,368	2,743	1,310	110	65	62	344
July to September	3,589	2,283	5,939	4,399	1,203	189	154	84	605
April to June	3,453	2,164	4,984	4,622	1,350	104	117	61	539
January to March	3,179	2,359	4,293	3,611	972	87	70	57	363
2007									
October to December	3,264	2,354	3,920	2,946	854	106	65	62	-94
July to September	3,510	2,251	7,000	4.847	1.115	187	154	84	329
April to June	3,370	2,133	5,615	3,924	891	113	105	65	359
January to March	3,104	2,324	4,147	3,720	656	86	60	58	224
2006									
October to December	2,844	2.425	4,045	3.516	851	96	57	60	-287
July to September	3,205	2,111	5,230	6,328	697	173	210	81	-35

Table 3-10 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Alberta

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	l migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	12.950	5.701	16,072	13,562	6.708	1,984	452	543	-6.725
July to September	13.613	5,346	21,702	20,547	9,492	3,478	1,079	732	-1,643
April to June	13,755	5,319	23,083	20,263	9,686	1,934	820	537	-753
January to March	12,728	5,983	19,340	19,028	6,761	1,605	487	495	-47
2009									
October to December	12,908	5,523	12,124	14,904	5,929	1,973	452	543	-1,663
July to September	13.546	5.181	20.790	23,325	7,585	3,447	1.079	732	2,386
April to June	13,484	5,149	18,658	16,927	7,739	1,921	820	539	2,481
January to March	12,410	5,785	18,711	14,026	5,764	1,598	487	497	4,544
2008									
October to December	12,499	5,340	15,137	11,026	5,201	1,959	452	544	4,532
July to September	13,061	5,010	22,732	20,075	6,455	3,375	1,079	729	7,605
April to June	12,956	4,973	24,023	16,808	7,196	1,867	820	536	7,334
January to March	11,963	5,584	18,572	14,710	5,352	1,553	487	494	4,037
2007									
October to December	12,095	5,159	15,614	13,579	5,085	1,913	452	542	2,568
July to September	12,677	4,844	26,228	24,023	6,171	3,362	1,079	734	4,672
April to June	12,612	4,807	21,947	17,270	5,595	1,637	1,137	568	5,840
January to March	11,644	5,392	18,625	13,900	4,015	1,237	645	500	4,227
2006									
October to December	11,300	5,006	20,628	12,950	4,832	1,382	629	524	1,232
July to September	12.002	4,598	34,456	17,727	5,714	2,491	2,266	714	2,795

Table 3-11
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — British Columbia

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration		Inte	ernational migr	ation	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents
					number				
2010									
October to December	10.593	8.076	11,086	10.644	8.499	1.674	649	848	-7,353
July to September	11.333	7,403	16,601	16.009	13,218	2.937	1.547	1.144	5,687
April to June	11,144	7,767	17,218	15,256	12,844	1,633	1,176	840	-1,408
January to March	10,536	7,858	13,946	12,304	9,618	1,356	697	773	4,186
2009									
October to December	10,909	7,928	10,779	8,473	9,231	1,666	649	848	1,734
July to September	11,908	7,621	17,710	14,253	12,116	2,911	1,547	1,144	6,759
April to June	11,409	7,478	13,488	10,371	10,848	1,622	1,176	841	1,997
January to March	10,683	8,204	11,143	9,672	9,244	1,349	697	776	5,926
2008									
October to December	10,773	8,036	9,479	7,284	9,569	1,655	649	849	2,262
July to September	11,713	7,511	16,951	13,739	12,714	2,850	1,547	1,137	7,538
April to June	11,202	7,819	15,382	12,567	11,592	1,578	1,176	837	5,103
January to March	10,441	8,536	11,851	9,224	10,127	1,313	697	773	2,860
2007									
October to December	10,841	7,977	10,587	7,513	9,293	1,615	649	846	-1,086
July to September	11,577	7,563	19,576	13,449	12,208	2,840	1,547	1,147	4,202
April to June	11,123	7,591	15,164	10,827	9,497	1,778	1,105	888	2,605
January to March	10,108	8,177	11,705	8,467	7,972	1,345	626	781	4,543
2006									
October to December	10,197	7,926	12,150	8,639	9,321	1,503	611	820	-1,729
July to September	10,951	7,263	19,163	15,244	11,021	2,709	2,202	1,115	2,790

Table 3-12
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Yukon

	Natural increase		Interprovincia	Interprovincial migration		International migration					
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents		
					number						
2010											
October to December	88	45	323	488	41	10	0	4	-74		
July to September	98	60	451	595	69	18	0	6	11		
April to June	109	54	560	476	107	11	0	4	76		
January to March	77	56	332	289	133	8	0	4	58		
2009											
October to December	86	42	316	285	43	10	0	4	-55		
July to September	94	56	553	379	57	18	0	6	29		
April to June	106	52	331	322	39	11	0	4	44		
January to March	76	54	350	346	34	8	0	4	89		
2008											
October to December	85	41	260	172	40	10	0	4	-85		
July to September	93	54	507	380	21	17	0	6	31		
April to June	105	51	301	288	27	9	0	4	70		
January to March	74	52	375	285	22	8	0	4	76		
2007											
October to December	84	39	340	261	19	10	0	4	-40		
July to September	92	52	460	407	29	17	0	6	10		
April to June	104	49	386	232	14	4	4	4	66		
January to March	75	52	277	353	21	4	1	4	1		
2006											
October to December	94	49	208	249	12	4	0	4	-48		
July to September	81	47	487	423	.2	8	8	6	-14		

Table 3-13 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Northwest Territories

	Natural increase		Interprovincia	Interprovincial migration		International migration					
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents		
					number						
2010											
October to December	158	57	362	651	28	13	0	6	-24		
July to September	213	46	436	628	36	23	0	8	18		
April to June	175	41	615	744	37	12	0	6	-4		
January to March	197	47	800	723	36	11	0	6	2		
2009											
October to December	155	54	354	422	30	13	0	6	-20		
July to September	212	44	572	929	22	23	0	8	-8		
April to June	173	40	474	556	40	12	0	6	11		
January to March	195	46	484	545	15	11	0	6	-28		
2008											
October to December	155	53	352	632	16	13	0	6	25		
July to September	212	43	553	707	38	22	0	8	-35		
April to June	173	39	493	693	45	12	0	6	76		
January to March	194	45	499	591	28	11	0	6	-4		
2007											
October to December	153	51	486	387	30	13	0	6	-68		
July to September	210	41	606	833	29	23	0	8	-31		
April to June	170	38	667	573	13	7	0	7	79		
January to March	192	44	471	546	16	5	0	6	-6		
2006											
October to December	139	35	360	525	24	6	0	6	-27		
July to September	185	57	704	779	45	10	Ō	8	-33		

Table 3-14 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Nunavut

	Natural ir	ncrease	Interprovincia	I migration	International migration					
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Ne non-permanen residents	
					number					
2010										
October to December	202	32	181	302	1	10	0	4	-1	
July to September	217	38	262	386	6	17	0	6	10	
April to June	212	38	399	238	7	10	0	4	5	
January to March	201	39	480	296	5	8	0	4	2	
2009										
October to December	195	31	151	175	4	10	0	4	-15	
July to September	208	36	227	147	0	17	0	6	8	
April to June	207	36	293	272	3	9	0	4	6	
January to March	197	38	336	219	3	7	0	4	10	
2008										
October to December	191	29	98	157	12	10	0	4	-17	
July to September	205	35	182	296	14	16	0	6	1	
April to June	204	34	324	352	17	8	0	4	5	
January to March	196	37	203	311	7	7	0	4	-18	
2007										
October to December	191	28	110	180	7	10	0	4	-68	
July to September	206	33	232	316	5	16	0	6	52	
April to June	204	33	285	278	6	4	0	4	11	
January to March	193	35	228	188	1	4	0	4	12	
2006										
October to December	157	27	160	232	2	4	0	4	-6	
July to September	207	30	161	293	2	8	0	6	4	

Table 4-1
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Births

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
	_			number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,932	1,088	361	2,206	1,710	21,800	35,312
	101,138	1,198	353	2,394	1,926	23,850	37,791
	96,689	1,100	344	2,282	1,768	22,150	35,966
	90,268	1,076	338	1,974	1,649	20,800	33,523
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,556	1,100	361	2,185	1,705	21,750	34,906
	100,869	1,204	354	2,369	1,922	23,700	37,389
	96,155	1,096	344	2,277	1,773	22,200	35,591
	89,784	1,071	338	1,970	1,655	21,000	33,193
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	92,392	1,099	362	2,182	1,709	21,650	34,573
	99,598	1,206	353	2,370	1,930	23,650	37,033
	94,568	1,103	344	2,281	1,783	21,850	35,237
	88,247	1,080	336	1,976	1,666	20,600	32,866
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	90,681	1,111	358	2,191	1,723	20,708	34,241
	97,435	1,222	350	2,386	1,945	22,450	36,687
	93,338	1,119	344	2,297	1,798	21,444	34,932
	86,410	1,101	337	1,994	1,680	19,785	32,577
2006 October to December July to September	86,920 94,248	1,092 1,183	347 400	2,117 2,267	1,649 2,000	20,167 21,712	33,283 36,188
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,932	3,532	12,950	10,593	88	158	202
	4,353	3,799	13,613	11,333	98	213	217
	4,040	3,644	13,755	11,144	109	175	212
	3,818	3,351	12,728	10,536	77	197	201
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,860	3,436	12,908	10,909	86	155	195
	4,272	3,691	13,546	11,908	94	212	208
	3,948	3,547	13,484	11,409	106	173	207
	3,734	3,262	12,410	10,683	76	195	197
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,773	3,341	12,499	10,773	85	155	191
	4,183	3,589	13,061	11,713	93	212	205
	3,877	3,453	12,956	11,202	105	173	204
	3,676	3,179	11,963	10,441	74	194	196
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,721	3,264	12,095	10,841	84	153	191
	4,123	3,510	12,677	11,577	92	210	206
	3,821	3,370	12,612	11,123	104	170	204
	3,620	3,104	11,644	10,108	75	192	193
2006 October to December July to September	3,534 3,867	2,844 3,205	11,300 12,002	10,197 10,951	94 81	139 185	157 207

Note(s): The numbers for births are final up to December 2007, updated from January 2008 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-2 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Deaths

Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
	Labrador	Island				
			number			
64 447	4 4 4 4	224	2 224	1 720	45.450	24.007
						24,807 22,206
60,670	1,208	261	2,172	1,623	14,250	23,270
66,446	1,350	357	2,486	1,851	15,050	26,097
						24,002
						21,491 22,509
		349				22,509 25,241
,	,		, -	,	,	-,
61,526	1,087	307	2,144	1,648	14,600	23,247
56,245	1,071	278	1,945	1,539	13,200	20,829
						21,809
64,642	1,290	340	2,375	1,762	15,100	24,424
50 863	1.063	200	2.007	1 606	1/ 130	22,496
						20.150
56,847	1,131	244	2,035	1,503	13,877	21,096
63,469	1,263	333	2,320	1,715	15,534	23,599
						22,088
54,206	1,109	267	1,957	1,451	12,988	20,028
Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
			number			
	2,448	5,701				20
2.706	2.440		8.076	45	57	32
2,706 2,541	2,345	5,346	8,076 7,403	45 60	57 46	32 38
2,541 2,446	2,345 2,221	5,346 5,319	7,403 7,767	60 54	46 41	38 38
2,541	2,345	5,346	7,403	60	46	38
2,541 2,446 2,850	2,345 2,221 2,422	5,346 5,319 5,983	7,403 7,767 7,858	60 54 56	46 41 47	38 38 39
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928	60 54 56 42	46 41 47 54	38 38 39
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621	60 54 56 42 56	46 41 47 54 44	38 38 39 31 36
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928	60 54 56 42	46 41 47 54	38 38 39
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478	60 54 56 42 56 52	46 41 47 54 44 40 46	38 38 39 31 36 36 38
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204	60 54 56 42 56 52 54	46 41 47 54 44 40 46	38 38 39 31 36 36 38
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511	60 54 56 42 56 52 54	46 41 47 54 44 40 46	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204	60 54 56 42 56 52 54	46 41 47 54 44 40 46	38 38 39 31 36 36 38
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355 2,738	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164 2,359 2,354 2,251	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973 5,584 5,159 4,844	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819 8,536 7,977 7,563	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51 52	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39 45	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34 37
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355 2,738 2,564 2,403 2,310	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164 2,359 2,354 2,251 2,133	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973 5,584 5,159 4,844 4,807	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819 8,536 7,977 7,563 7,591	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51 52 39 52 49	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39 45	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34 37 28 33 33
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355 2,738	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164 2,359 2,354 2,251	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973 5,584 5,159 4,844	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819 8,536 7,977 7,563	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51 52	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39 45	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34 37
2,541 2,446 2,850 2,656 2,491 2,397 2,791 2,608 2,447 2,355 2,738 2,564 2,403 2,310	2,345 2,221 2,422 2,417 2,310 2,191 2,390 2,386 2,283 2,164 2,359 2,354 2,251 2,133	5,346 5,319 5,983 5,523 5,181 5,149 5,785 5,340 5,010 4,973 5,584 5,159 4,844 4,807	7,403 7,767 7,858 7,928 7,621 7,478 8,204 8,036 7,511 7,819 8,536 7,977 7,563 7,591	60 54 56 42 56 52 54 41 54 51 52 39 52 49	46 41 47 54 44 40 46 53 43 39 45	38 38 39 31 36 36 38 29 35 34 37 28 33 33
	66,446 63,061 57,379 58,747 65,602 61,526 56,245 58,276 64,642 59,863 55,038 56,847 63,469 59,303 54,206	64,447 1,141 59,247 1,127 60,670 1,208 66,446 1,350 63,061 1,111 57,379 1,096 58,747 1,180 65,602 1,318 61,526 1,087 56,245 1,071 58,276 1,156 64,642 1,290 59,863 1,063 55,038 1,048 56,847 1,131 63,469 1,263 59,303 1,174 54,206 1,109 Manitoba Saskat-	Labrador Island 64,447 1,141 321 59,247 1,127 291 60,670 1,208 261 66,446 1,350 357 63,061 1,111 314 57,379 1,096 285 58,747 1,180 256 65,602 1,318 349 61,526 1,087 307 56,245 1,071 278 58,276 1,156 250 64,642 1,290 340 59,863 1,063 299 55,038 1,048 271 56,847 1,131 244 63,469 1,263 333 59,303 1,174 299 54,206 1,109 267 Manitoba Saskat- Alberta	Labrador Island number 64,447 1,141 321 2,234 59,247 1,127 291 2,031 60,670 1,208 261 2,172 66,446 1,350 357 2,486 63,061 1,111 314 2,192 57,379 1,096 285 1,990 58,747 1,180 256 2,126 65,602 1,318 349 2,429 61,526 1,087 307 2,144 56,245 1,071 278 1,945 58,276 1,156 250 2,081 64,642 1,290 340 2,375 59,863 1,063 299 2,097 55,038 1,048 271 1,901 56,847 1,131 244 2,035 63,469 1,263 333 2,320 59,303 1,174 299 2,060	Labrador Island number 64,447 1,141 321 2,234 1,729 59,247 1,127 291 2,031 1,613 60,670 1,208 261 2,172 1,623 66,446 1,350 357 2,486 1,851 63,061 1,111 314 2,192 1,691 57,379 1,096 285 1,990 1,578 58,747 1,180 256 2,126 1,583 65,602 1,318 349 2,429 1,807 61,526 1,087 307 2,144 1,648 56,245 1,071 278 1,945 1,539 58,276 1,156 250 2,081 1,545 64,642 1,290 340 2,375 1,762 59,863 1,063 299 2,097 1,606 55,038 1,048 271 1,901 1,500 5	number number 64,447 1,141 321 2,234 1,729 15,150 59,247 1,127 291 2,031 1,613 14,200 60,670 1,208 261 2,172 1,623 14,250 66,446 1,350 357 2,486 1,851 15,050 63,061 1,111 314 2,192 1,691 15,100 57,379 1,096 285 1,990 1,578 13,200 58,747 1,180 256 2,126 1,583 13,750 65,602 1,318 349 2,429 1,807 15,150 61,526 1,087 307 2,144 1,648 14,600 56,245 1,071 278 1,945 1,539 13,200 58,276 1,156 250 2,081 1,545 14,000 64,642 1,290 340 2,375 1,762 15,100 59,863 1,048

Note(s): The numbers for deaths are final up to December 2007, updated from January 2008 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-3
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Immigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010							
October to December	57,713	183	430	452	425	12,302	23,601
July to September April to June	84,189 80,719	177 192	1,204 571	796 690	720 555	16,783 14,054	34,807 35,246
January to March	58,050	129	388	458	425	10,846	24,483
2009							
October to December	56,353	145	314	483	346	11,658	23,834
July to September	75,390	193	518	778	602	14,958	32,979
April to June	69,651	154 114	599 328	629 498	588 377	13,482	29,090
January to March	50,783	114	320	496	3//	9,391	20,963
2008	F0 F40	120	404	404	242	10.020	22 572
October to December July to September	53,543 71,312	138 165	191 605	491 828	343 610	10,038 13,597	23,572 31,798
April to June	69,247	174	325	732	443	12,074	32,002
January to March	53,145	150	333	600	460	9,500	23,531
2007							
October to December	55,573	167	204	581	397	10,404	26,227
July to September	71,657	144	420	755	497	13,892	33,291
April to June January to March	61,649 47.875	126 109	219 149	645 542	375 374	11,554 9,363	29,478 22.344
•	47,070	103	143	0+Z	014	3,300	22,044
2006 October to December	58,245	154	170	632	397	10,218	29.444
July to September	70,356	127	200	896	470	13,945	34,179
	Manitoba	Saskat-	Alberta	British	Yukon	Northwest	Nunavut
		chewan		Columbia		Territories	
				number			
2010							
October to December	3,466	1,577	6,708	8,499	41	28	1
July to September	4,684 4.432	2,197	9,492 9.686	13,218 12.844	69	36 37	6 7
April to June January to March	4,432 3,223	2,298 1,545	9,686 6,761	9,618	107 133	36	5
•	0,220	1,010	0,701	0,010	100	00	ŭ
2009 October to December							
	2 860	1 476	5 020	0.231	//3	30	1
July to September	2,860 3.583	1,476 1.999	5,929 7.585	9,231 12.116	43 57	30 22	
April to June	3,583 4,325	1,999 2,115	7,585 7,739	12,116 10,848	57 39	22 40	0
April to June	3,583	1,999	7,585	12,116	57	22	0
April to June January to March 2008	3,583 4,325 2,752	1,999 2,115 1,300	7,585 7,739 5,764	12,116 10,848 9,244	57 39 34	22 40 15	0 3 3
April to June January to March 2008 October to December	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622	1,999 2,115 1,300	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569	57 39 34 40	22 40 15	0 3 3 12
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714	57 39 34 40 21	22 40 15 16 38	0 3 3 12 14
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622	1,999 2,115 1,300	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569	57 39 34 40	22 40 15	0 3 3 12 14 17
July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592	57 39 34 40 21 27	22 40 15 16 38 45	0 3 3 12 14 17
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592	57 39 34 40 21 27	22 40 15 16 38 45	0 3 3 12 14 17 7
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063 2,305 3,101	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350 972 854 1,115	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352 5,085 6,171	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127 9,293 12,208	57 39 34 40 21 27 22 19	22 40 15 16 38 45 28	0 3 3 12 14 17 7
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063 2,305 3,101 3,236	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350 972 854 1,115 891	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352 5,085 6,171 5,595	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127 9,293 12,208 9,497	57 39 34 40 21 27 22 19 29 14	22 40 15 16 38 45 28	0 3 3 12 14 17 7 7
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063 2,305 3,101	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350 972 854 1,115	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352 5,085 6,171	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127 9,293 12,208	57 39 34 40 21 27 22 19	22 40 15 16 38 45 28	0 3 3 12 14 17 7 7
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063 2,305 3,101 3,236 2,313	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350 972 854 1,115 891 656	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352 5,085 6,171 5,595 4,015	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127 9,293 12,208 9,497 7,972	57 39 34 40 21 27 22 19 29 14 21	22 40 15 16 38 45 28 30 29 13 16	0 3 3 12 14 17 7 7 5 6 1
April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December	3,583 4,325 2,752 2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063 2,305 3,101 3,236	1,999 2,115 1,300 1,310 1,203 1,350 972 854 1,115 891	7,585 7,739 5,764 5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352 5,085 6,171 5,595	12,116 10,848 9,244 9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127 9,293 12,208 9,497	57 39 34 40 21 27 22 19 29 14	22 40 15 16 38 45 28	4 0 3 3 12 14 17 7 7 5 6 1

Note(s): The numbers for immigrants are final up to December 2009, updated from January to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-4 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Emigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	11,971	82	17	157	116	1,754	5,593
	21,000	145	30	278	205	3,076	9,809
	11,672	80	16	154	114	1,710	5,452
	9,692	67	14	128	94	1,419	4,527
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	11,909	82	17	157	116	1,744	5,563
	20,808	143	30	275	203	3,047	9,719
	11,594	80	16	153	113	1,698	5,415
	9,644	66	14	128	94	1,412	4,504
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	11,828	81	17	156	116	1,732	5,524
	20,368	139	29	269	198	2,983	9,515
	11,272	77	15	149	110	1,652	5,267
	9,383	65	13	124	91	1,374	4,383
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	11,548 20,300 11,919 9,018	79 139 35 26	17 29 16 13	152 268 235 177	113 198 104 80	1,691 2,974 1,863 1,409	5,394 9,483 5,666 4,286
2006 October to December July to September	10,068 18,150	29 53	15 25	198 357	88 158	1,573 2,836	4,784 8,626
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	451	110	1,984	1,674	10	13	10
	790	194	3,478	2,937	18	23	17
	439	107	1,934	1,633	11	12	10
	365	90	1,605	1,356	8	11	8
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	448	110	1,973	1,666	10	13	10
	783	192	3,447	2,911	18	23	17
	437	107	1,921	1,622	11	12	9
	363	90	1,598	1,349	8	11	7
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	445	110	1,959	1,655	10	13	10
	766	189	3,375	2,850	17	22	16
	424	104	1,867	1,578	9	12	8
	354	87	1,553	1,313	8	11	7
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	435	106	1,913	1,615	10	13	10
	764	187	3,362	2,840	17	23	16
	457	113	1,637	1,778	4	7	4
	346	86	1,237	1,345	4	5	4
2006 October to December July to September	386 696	96 173	1,382 2,491	1,503 2,709	4 8	6 10	4 8

Note(s): The numbers for emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-5
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Returning emigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,050 9,642 7,332 4,347	20 46 34 20	11 27 21 12	71 168 127 76	54 128 98 58	578 1,376 1,047 620	1,984 4,724 3,593 2,130
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,050 9,642 7,332 4,347	20 46 34 20	11 27 21 12	71 168 127 76	54 128 98 58	578 1,376 1,047 620	1,984 4,724 3,593 2,130
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,050 9,642 7,332 4,347	20 46 34 20	11 27 21 12	71 168 127 76	54 128 98 58	578 1,376 1,047 620	1,984 4,724 3,593 2,130
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,050 9,642 7,367 4,176	20 46 17 10	11 27 13 7	71 168 120 68	54 128 90 51	578 1,376 1,479 839	1,984 4,724 3,107 1,761
2006 October to December July to September	4,074 14,683	9 35	7 26	66 239	50 180	820 2,948	1,720 6,190
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	452 1,079 820 487	649 1,547 1,176 697	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	452 1,079 820 487	649 1,547 1,176 697	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	452 1,079 820 487	649 1,547 1,176 697	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 190 108	65 154 105 60	452 1,079 1,137 645	649 1,547 1,105 626	0 0 4 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2006 October to December July to September	105 379	57 210	629 2,266	611 2,202	0 8	0 0	0

Note(s): The numbers for returning emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-6 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net temporary emigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,742 6,399 4,697 4,330	61 81 60 56	16 22 16 16	111 150 111 102	89 120 89 82	666 898 659 607	2,197 2,965 2,176 2,005
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,742 6,399 4,706 4,342	61 81 60 56	16 22 16 16	111 150 111 102	89 120 89 82	666 898 660 609	2,197 2,965 2,181 2,010
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,750 6,366 4,685 4,326	61 81 60 56	16 22 16 16	111 150 111 102	89 120 88 82	666 893 657 607	2,202 2,948 2,171 2,002
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,736 6,419 4,966 4,372	61 83 64 56	16 22 17 15	111 151 116 102	89 121 94 83	665 900 697 613	2,195 2,974 2,300 2,025
2006 October to December July to September	4,586 6,245	59 81	16 22	108 147	86 117	644 876	2,124 2,893
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	135 183 134 123	62 84 61 57	543 732 537 495	848 1,144 840 773	4 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	135 183 134 123	62 84 61 57	543 732 539 497	848 1,144 841 776	4 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	136 182 134 123	62 84 61 57	544 729 536 494	849 1,137 837 773	4 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	135 183 142 125	62 84 65 58	542 734 568 500	846 1,147 888 781	4 6 4 4	6 8 7 6	4 6 4 4
2006 October to December July to September	131 179	60 81	524 714	820 1,115	4 6	6 8	4 6

Note(s): The numbers for net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-7
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net non-permanent residents

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island	number			
	-			патьст			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-34,164	-254	-65	-249	-96	-5,900	-12,603
	20,960	262	159	1,354	340	909	13,466
	13,113	133	116	335	71	5,796	8,323
	12,953	-14	-34	317	26	2,117	6,573
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-18,306	-60	-107	-202	-178	-3,972	-13,623
	25,348	364	175	1,094	130	3,142	10,476
	23,215	239	197	217	-40	7,229	10,058
	25,192	-129	13	257	399	4,397	8,741
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-9,112	-160	-66	52	55	-2,348	-13,635
	32,042	240	89	749	400	3,890	10,921
	31,581	84	116	102	119	6,293	11,004
	16,877	138	22	80	127	2,065	7,038
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-17,228 19,577 23,066 18,742	-77 103 79 20	-19 119 20 49	-145 378 -10 58	-126 228 53 206	-2,203 1,068 4,060 1,956	-16,026 8,329 9,099 7,107
2006 October to December July to September	-27,823 13,482	-20 52	-54 138	-167 -42	-126 230	-5,367 741	-21,179 6,923
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-406	-414	-6,725	-7,353	-74	-24	-1
	-9	396	-1,643	5,687	11	18	10
	233	190	-753	-1,408	76	-4	5
	-302	69	-47	4,186	58	2	2
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-121	-24	-1,663	1,734	-55	-20	-15
	152	641	2,386	6,759	29	-8	8
	243	533	2,481	1,997	44	11	6
	169	804	4,544	5,926	89	-28	10
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-71	344	4,532	2,262	-85	25	-17
	8	605	7,605	7,538	31	-35	1
	736	539	7,334	5,103	70	76	5
	93	363	4,037	2,860	76	-4	-18
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	156	-94	2,568	-1,086	-40	-68	-68
	118	329	4,672	4,202	10	-31	52
	805	359	5,840	2,605	66	79	11
	345	224	4,227	4,543	1	-6	12
2006 October to December July to September	-45	-287	1,232	-1,729	-48	-27	-6
	-67	-35	2,795	2,790	-14	-33	4

Note(s): The numbers for net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-8 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Interprovincial in-migrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island				
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June	63,098 95,772 94,759	2,093 2,318 2,483	631 972 1,127	3,089 5,198 4,958	2,451 3,857 3,410	5,118 9,176 7,669	14,293 24,142 21,515
January to March	79,881	2,959	910	4,688	3,568	5,372	16,761
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	57,406 98,347 71,277 64,164	2,215 3,202 2,973 2,404	445 1,086 636 687	3,263 5,558 3,822 3,519	2,438 4,243 2,854 2,561	4,937 9,469 5,158 4,059	13,142 22,973 15,149 12,767
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	51,448 90,957 82,653 63,981	1,929 2,956 2,568 2,233	347 852 952 609	2,987 5,139 4,320 3,605	1,981 3,872 2,871 2,447	3,542 7,548 5,699 3,812	9,541 20,001 17,506 12,655
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,440 99,163 77,629 60,920	1,959 2,999 2,327 1,601	487 773 684 581	2,973 5,092 3,668 2,699	2,336 4,023 3,170 2,369	3,446 7,145 4,972 3,223	10,797 20,760 15,805 12,144
2006 October to December July to September	62,974 103,539	1,637 2,841	422 798	3,141 5,406	2,062 3,409	4,042 7,460	11,460 19,382
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,310 4,388 4,756 4,482	4,089 6,269 6,966 6,243	16,072 21,702 23,083 19,340	11,086 16,601 17,218 13,946	323 451 560 332	362 436 615 800	181 262 399 480
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,862 4,981 2,942 2,822	4,380 6,983 4,499 4,321	12,124 20,790 18,658 18,711	10,779 17,710 13,488 11,143	316 553 331 350	354 572 474 484	151 227 293 336
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,427 3,725 3,230 2,827	3,368 5,939 4,984 4,293	15,137 22,732 24,023 18,572	9,479 16,951 15,382 11,851	260 507 301 375	352 553 493 499	98 182 324 203
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,385 4,269 2,939 2,850	3,920 7,000 5,615 4,147	15,614 26,228 21,947 18,625	10,587 19,576 15,164 11,705	340 460 386 277	486 606 667 471	110 232 285 228
2006 October to December July to September	2,659 4,042	4,045 5,230	20,628 34,456	12,150 19,163	208 487	360 704	160 161

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary from July 2009.

Table 4-9
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Interprovincial out-migrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island				
				number			
2010						= 400	40.40
October to December July to September	63,098 95,772	1,937 3,148	774 1,397	3,535 6,075	2,192 3,974	5,486 9,154	16,104 22,059
April to June	94.759	2,935	1.314	4.852	3,260	9,134	24.261
January to March	79,881	2,730	948	5,269	3,172	6,823	18,830
2009							
October to December	57,406	1,546	813	2,903	2,300	4,670	13,854
July to September	98,347	2,339	1,369	5,238	4,205	9,589	24,721
April to June	71,277 64,164	1,981 2,398	733 795	3,872 3,782	2,824 2,514	7,606 5,498	18,412 16,924
January to March	04,104	2,390	795	3,762	2,514	5,496	10,924
2008 October to December	51,448	1,670	728	2,871	1,761	4,988	14,794
July to September	90,957	2.336	802	5.693	4.406	9.634	22.929
April to June	82,653	3,058	795	4,812	3,174	10,098	21,008
January to March	63,981	2,679	729	3,864	2,697	5,588	16,113
2007							
October to December	55,440	1,844	637	3,012	2,421	5,437	14,385
July to September	99,163	2,706	951	6,096	4,293	10,661	24,962
April to June	77,629	3,118	900	4,117	3,290	9,637	19,256
January to March	60,920	3,272	736	3,781	2,674	5,726	14,329
2006 October to December	62,974	2,195	581	4,070	2,435	6,471	17,417
July to September	103,539	2,195 3,888	1,117	4,070 7,072	2,435 5,243	10,728	27,836
outy to coptombol	100,000	0,000	.,	7,072	0,210	10,720	27,000
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010	-						
		2 000	13,562		488	054	302
October to December	3,543	3,880	13,362	10,644	400	651	
	3,543 5,687	6,113	20,547	10,644 16,009	595	628	386
July to September April to June	5,687 5,604	6,113 5,939	20,547 20,263	16,009 15,256	595 476	628 744	238
July to September April to June	5,687	6,113	20,547	16,009	595	628	238
July to September April to June January to March 2009	5,687 5,604 4,523	6,113 5,939 4,946	20,547 20,263 19,028	16,009 15,256 12,304	595 476 289	628 744 723	238 296
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618	20,547 20,263 19,028	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473	595 476 289 285	628 744 723 422	238 296 175
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253	595 476 289 285 379	628 744 723 422 929	238 296 175 147
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618	20,547 20,263 19,028	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473	595 476 289 285	628 744 723 422	238 296 175 147 272
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371	595 476 289 285 379 322	628 744 723 422 929 556	238 296 175 147 272
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672	595 476 289 285 379 322	628 744 723 422 929 556	238 296 175 147 272 219
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371	595 476 289 285 379 322 346	628 744 723 422 929 556 545	238 296 175 147 272 219
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September July to September April to June	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380	628 744 723 422 929 556 545	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352
October to December July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September July to September July to September July to September April to June January to March 2007	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224 7,513	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591	386 238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September July to September July to September	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579 2,838 5,619	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611 2,946 4,847	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710 13,579 24,023	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224 7,513 13,449	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September July to September January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579 2,838 5,619 4,207	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611 2,946 4,847 3,924	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710 13,579 24,023 17,270	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224 7,513 13,449 10,827	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285 261 407 232	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579 2,838 5,619	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611 2,946 4,847	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710 13,579 24,023	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224 7,513 13,449	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591 387 833 573	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311
July to September April to June January to March 2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March 2007 October to December July to September July to September January to March 2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	5,687 5,604 4,523 3,443 5,693 3,382 3,462 2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579 2,838 5,619 4,207	6,113 5,939 4,946 3,618 6,160 4,019 3,983 2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611 2,946 4,847 3,924	20,547 20,263 19,028 14,904 23,325 16,927 14,026 11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710 13,579 24,023 17,270	16,009 15,256 12,304 8,473 14,253 10,371 9,672 7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224 7,513 13,449 10,827	595 476 289 285 379 322 346 172 380 288 285 261 407 232	628 744 723 422 929 556 545 632 707 693 591 387 833 573	238 296 175 147 272 219 157 296 352 311

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary from July 2009.

Table 4-10 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total growth

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island	number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	40,371	-91	240	-468	418	10,842	13,886
	129,283	-500	975	1,376	1,059	24,766	57,891
	120,814	-341	572	1,103	816	24,480	49,484
	85,150	-33	279	-472	527	15,856	32,011
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,941	620	-136	437	169	12,771	14,627
	126,663	1,350	454	2,314	919	25,911	49,645
	121,306	1,195	776	810	664	25,402	44,964
	90,518	-358	204	-121	553	16,798	29,115
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	62,769	127	-223	501	528	11,474	10,268
	129,615	986	795	1,197	677	23,351	48,256
	128,495	-388	682	409	397	20,556	49,087
	84,265	-469	214	-128	126	13,928	31,298
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	56,929	133	72	299	155	11,010	12,753
	116,554	538	416	363	709	18,415	46,222
	111,688	-680	103	217	495	17,435	44,103
	80,344	-1,776	26	-1,019	128	11,884	31,694
2006 October to December July to September	47,459 114,168	-585 -893	-19 131	-647 -767	-102 -680	7,174 19,378	8,315 43,479
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,633	2,349	7,667	2,232	-169	-203	35
	4,608	4,079	14,140	20,893	-50	-2	48
	5,137	4,887	18,538	15,478	307	20	333
	3,537	3,763	12,158	16,692	243	248	341
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,945	3,126	6,807	14,387	49	24	115
	4,231	4,722	12,701	24,111	274	-206	237
	5,407	4,433	18,646	18,606	131	84	188
	2,915	3,237	20,010	17,692	137	58	278
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,106	3,127	18,952	14,908	73	-156	84
	2,617	4,535	21,743	25,226	195	-12	49
	4,121	3,492	28,145	21,654	151	37	152
	2,042	2,763	18,070	16,130	198	64	29
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,761 3,035 3,875 2,856	2,541 4,739 4,105 2,003	14,621 17,864 22,849 18,127	12,333 24,111 18,410 16,184	89 109 285 -38	144 -91 304 72	18 124 187 203
2006 October to December July to September	1,559 1,237	1,413 614	18,759 31,703	11,662 19,796	-40 86	-76 47	46 37

Note(s): Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-11

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Natural increase

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island	number			
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	29,485 41,891 36,019 23,822	-53 71 -108 -274	40 62 83 -19	-28 363 110 -512	-19 313 145 -202	6,650 9,650 7,900 5,750	10,505 15,585 12,696 7,426
-	25,022	-214	-13	-512	-202	3,730	7,420
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,495 43,490 37,408 24,182	-11 108 -84 -247	47 69 88 -11	-7 379 151 -459	14 344 190 -152	6,650 10,500 8,450 5,850	10,904 15,898 13,082 7,952
2008							
October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,866 43,353 36,292 23,605	12 135 -53 -210	55 75 94 -4	38 425 200 -399	61 391 238 -96	7,050 10,450 7,850 5,500	11,326 16,204 13,428 8,442
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,818 42,397 36,491 22,941	48 174 -12 -162	59 79 100 4	94 485 262 -326	117 445 295 -35	6,578 9,469 7,567 4,251	11,745 16,537 13,836 8,978
2006	,-					, -	-,-
October to December July to September	27,617 40,042	-82 74	48 133	57 310	124 549	6,149 8,724	11,195 16,160
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
0040							
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,226 1,812 1,594 968	1,084 1,454 1,423 929	7,249 8,267 8,436 6,745	2,517 3,930 3,377 2,678	43 38 55 21	101 167 134 150	170 179 174 162
2009							
October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,204 1,781 1,551 943	1,019 1,381 1,356 872	7,385 8,365 8,335 6,625	2,981 4,287 3,931 2,479	44 38 54 22	101 168 133 149	164 172 171 159
2008							
October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,165 1,736 1,522 938	955 1,306 1,289 820	7,159 8,051 7,983 6,379	2,737 4,202 3,383 1,905	44 39 54 22	102 169 134 149	162 170 170 159
2007							
October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,157 1,720 1,511 939	910 1,259 1,237 780	6,936 7,833 7,805 6,252	2,864 4,014 3,532 1,931	45 40 55 23	102 169 132 148	163 173 171 158
2006							
October to December July to September	863 1,567	419 1,094	6,294 7,404	2,271 3,688	45 34	104 128	130 177

Note(s): Natural increase is final up to December 2007, updated from January 2008 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-12 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net interprovincial migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0	156	-143	-446	259	-368	-1,811
	0	-830	-425	-877	-117	22	2,083
	0	-452	-187	106	150	-1,948	-2,746
	0	229	-38	-581	396	-1,451	-2,069
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0	669	-368	360	138	267	-712
	0	863	-283	320	38	-120	-1,748
	0	992	-97	-50	30	-2,448	-3,263
	0	6	-108	-263	47	-1,439	-4,157
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0	259	-381	116	220	-1,446	-5,253
	0	620	50	-554	-534	-2,086	-2,928
	0	-490	157	-492	-303	-4,399	-3,502
	0	-446	-120	-259	-250	-1,776	-3,458
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0	115	-150	-39	-85	-1,991	-3,588
	0	293	-178	-1,004	-270	-3,516	-4,202
	0	-791	-216	-449	-120	-4,665	-3,451
	0	-1,671	-155	-1,082	-305	-2,503	-2,185
2006 October to December July to September	0	-558 -1,047	-159 -319	-929 -1,666	-373 -1,834	-2,429 -3,268	-5,957 -8,454
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-233	209	2,510	442	-165	-289	-121
	-1,299	156	1,155	592	-144	-192	-124
	-848	1,027	2,820	1,962	84	-129	161
	-41	1,297	312	1,642	43	77	184
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-581	762	-2,780	2,306	31	-68	-24
	-712	823	-2,535	3,457	174	-357	80
	-440	480	1,731	3,117	9	-82	21
	-640	338	4,685	1,471	4	-61	117
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-195	625	4,111	2,195	88	-280	-59
	-1,836	1,540	2,657	3,212	127	-154	-114
	-1,148	362	7,215	2,815	13	-200	-28
	-752	682	3,862	2,627	90	-92	-108
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-453	974	2,035	3,074	79	99	-70
	-1,350	2,153	2,205	6,127	53	-227	-84
	-1,268	1,691	4,677	4,337	154	94	7
	-378	427	4,725	3,238	-76	-75	40
2006 October to December July to September	-1,035 -2,819	529 -1,098	7,678 16,729	3,511 3,919	-41 64	-165 -75	-72 -132

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary from July 2009.

Table 4-13

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net international migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,886	-194	343	6	178	4,560	5,192
	87,392	259	1,338	1,890	863	15,094	40,223
	84,795	219	676	887	521	18,528	39,534
	61,328	12	336	621	333	11,557	26,654
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	25,446	-38	185	84	17	5,854	4,435
	83,173	379	668	1,615	537	15,531	35,495
	83,898	287	785	709	444	19,400	35,145
	66,336	-117	323	601	658	12,387	25,320
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	31,903	-144	103	347	247	5,870	4,195
	86,262	231	670	1,326	820	14,987	34,980
	92,203	155	431	701	462	17,105	39,161
	60,660	187	338	530	472	10,204	26,314
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	26,111	-30	163	244	123	6,423	4,596
	74,157	71	515	882	534	12,462	33,887
	75,197	123	219	404	320	14,533	33,718
	57,403	57	177	389	468	10,136	24,901
2006 October to December July to September	19,842 74,126	55 80	92 317	225 589	147 605	3,454 13,922	3,077 35,773
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,640	1,056	-2,092	-727	-47	-15	-14
	4,095	2,469	4,718	16,371	56	23	-7
	4,391	2,437	7,282	10,139	168	15	-2
	2,610	1,537	5,101	12,372	179	21	-5
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,322	1,345	2,202	9,100	-26	-9	-25
	3,162	2,518	6,871	16,367	62	-17	-15
	4,296	2,597	8,580	11,558	68	33	-4
	2,612	2,027	8,700	13,742	111	-30	2
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,136	1,547	7,682	9,976	-59	22	-19
	2,717	1,689	11,035	17,812	29	-27	-7
	3,747	1,841	12,947	15,456	84	103	10
	1,856	1,261	7,829	11,598	86	7	-22
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,057	657	5,650	6,395	-35	-57	-75
	2,665	1,327	7,826	13,970	16	-33	35
	3,632	1,177	10,367	10,541	76	78	9
	2,295	796	7,150	11,015	15	-1	5
2006 October to December July to September	1,731 2,489	465 618	4,787 7,570	5,880 12,189	-44 -12	-15 -6	-12 -8

Note(s): Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 4-14 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total net migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontari
		Labrador	Island				
				number			
2010	40.000	00	000	440	407	4.400	0.00
October to December July to September	10,886 87,392	-38 -571	200 913	-440 1,013	437 746	4,192 15,116	3,38 42,30
April to June	84.795	-233	489	993	671	16,580	36.78
January to March	61,328	241	298	40	729	10,106	24,58
2009							
October to December	25,446	631	-183	444	155	6,121	3,72
uly to September	83,173	1,242	385	1,935	575	15,411	33,74
April to June	83,898	1,279	688	659	474	16,952	31,88
anuary to March	66,336	-111	215	338	705	10,948	21,10
8008							
October to December	31,903	115	-278	463	467	4,424	-1,0
July to September	86,262	851	720	772	286	12,901	32,0
April to June	92,203	-335	588	209	159	12,706	35,6
lanuary to March	60,660	-259	218	271	222	8,428	22,8
2007 Detabar to December	26,111	85	13	205	38	4,432	1,0
October to December July to September	26,111 74,157	85 364	337	∠05 -122	38 264	4,432 8,946	1,0 29.6
April to June	74,137 75,197	-668	3	-122 -45	200	9,868	30,2
lanuary to March	57,403	-1,614	22	-693	163	7,633	22,7
2006							
October to December	19,842	-503	-67	-704	-226	1,025	-2,8
July to September	74,126	-967	-2	-1,077	-1,229	10,654	27,3
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunav
		Cilewaii				Territories	
				number			
2010							
October to December	2,407	1,265	418	-285	-212	-304	-13
July to September	2,796	2,625	5,873	16,963	-88	-169	-1: 1:
April to June anuary to March	3,543 2,569	3,464 2,834	10,102 5,413	12,101 14,014	252 222	-114 98	1
2009	_,,,,,	_,~~	2,112	,.			·
October to December	1,741	2,107	-578	11,406	5	-77	-
luly to September	2,450	3,341	4,336	19,824	236	-374	
April to June	3,856	3,077	10,311	14,675	77	-49	
anuary to March	1,972	2,365	13,385	15,213	115	-91	1
2008							
October to December	1,941	2,172	11,793	12,171	29	-258	-
July to September	881	3,229	13,692	21,024	156	-181	-1
April to June	2,599	2,203	20,162	18,271	97	-97	-
anuary to March	1,104	1,943	11,691	14,225	176	-85	-1
		1,631	7.605	0.460	4.4	40	
	4 00 4	1 6 4 1	7,685	9,469 20,097	44 69	42 -260	-1
October to December	1,604		10 021		09	-ZOU	
2007 Detaber to December July to September	1,315	3,480	10,031 15,044				
October to December July to September April to June			10,031 15,044 11,875	14,878 14,253	230 -61	172 -76	
October to December iuly to September spril to June lanuary to March	1,315 2,364	3,480 2,868	15,044	14,878	230	172	
October to December July to September April to June	1,315 2,364	3,480 2,868	15,044	14,878	230	172	-

Note(s): Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 5
Quarterly estimates of interprovincial migrants by province or territory of origin and destination, Canada, October to December 2010

Origin						De	estination						
	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia		lorthwest erritories	Nunavut
							number						
Newfoundland and Labrador		25	252	165	18	596	20	0	730	112	0	19	0
Prince Edward Island	5		74	59	56	286	0	0	182	112	0	0	0
Nova Scotia	224	109		641	75	1,303	62	35	689	294	37	42	24
New Brunswick	76	62	388		284	627	53	39	568	89	0	6	0
Quebec	45	12	60	457		3,477	82	66	703	575	0	5	4
Ontario	680	267	1,346	677	3,152		1,144	833	4,551	3,228	82	76	68
Manitoba	24	26	88	37	75	1,250		463	819	700	13	5	43
Saskatchewan	4	33	34	32	102	503	508		2,011	629	4	20	0
Alberta	705	62	524	224	777	3,279	818	2,036		4,996	64	54	23
British Columbia	147	35	323	113	514	2,767	596	578	5,393		100	78	0
Yukon	14	0	0	21	37	21	0	0	190	191		14	0
Northwest Territories	82	0	0	0	12	95	0	39	221	160	23		19
Nunavut	87	0	0	25	16	89	27	0	15	0	0	43	
In-migrants	2,093	631	3,089	2,451	5,118	14,293	3,310	4,089	16,072	11,086	323	362	181
Out-migrants	1,937	774	3,535	2,192	5,486	16,104	3,543	3,880	13,562	10,644	488	651	302
Net	156	-143	-446	259	-368	-1,811	-233	209	2,510	442	-165	-289	-121
Total number of migrants: 63,09	8												

Note(s): Preliminary estimates based on data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit Program and F_{jk} factors calculated using 2006/2007, 2007/2008 and 2008/2009 tax file data from Canada Revenue Agency.

Methodology

This document describes the concepts, data sources and methodology used to produce the population estimates. Population estimates are produced to measure the population counts according to various characteristics and geographies between two censuses. Population estimates are the official figures used for the count of the population at the national, provincial and territorial levels.

Estimates of the population

Types of estimates

Population estimates can be either intercensal or postcensal. Intercensal estimates are produced using counts from two consecutive censuses adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU)¹ (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and postcensal estimates. The production of intercensal estimates involves updating the postcensal estimates using the counts from a new census adjusted for CNU.¹

Postcensal estimates are produced using data from the most recent census adjusted for CNU¹ and the components of population growth. In terms of timeliness, postcensal estimates are more up-to-date than data from the most recent census adjusted for CNU¹, but as they get farther from the date of that census, they become more variable.

Levels of estimates

Updating population estimates between censuses entails the use of data from administrative files or surveys. The quality of population estimates therefore depends on the availability of a number of administrative data files that are provided to Statistics Canada by Canadian and foreign government departments. Since some components are not available until several months after the reference date, three kinds of postcensal estimates are produced: preliminary postcensal (PP), updated postcensal (PR) and final postcensal (PD). The time lag between the reference date and the release date is three to four months for preliminary estimates and two to three years for final estimates. Though it requires more vigilance on the part of users, the production of three successive series of postcensal estimates is the strategy that best satisfies the need for both timeliness and accuracy of the estimates. All tables indicate the level of the estimates they contain.

Calculation of population estimates

Population estimates – preliminary, updated and final – are produced by the component method. This method consists in taking the population figures from the most recent census, adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU¹) (census undercoverage minus census overcoverage), and adding or subtracting the number of births, deaths, and components of international and interprovincial migration.

A. Provincial/territorial estimates of total population

Population estimates are produced for the provinces and territories first; then they are summed to obtain an estimate of the population of Canada.

^{1.} In this case, the adjustment for the census net undercoverage also includes the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves

The component-method formula for estimating total provincial/territorial populations is as follows:

 $P_{(t+i)} = P_{(t)} + B_{(t,t+i)} - D_{(t,t+i)} + I_{(t,t+i)} - [E_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta TE_{(t,t+i)}] + RE_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta NPR_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta N_{(t,t+i)} - Resid_{(t,t+i)}$ where, for each province and territory:

(t,t+i) = interval between times t and t+i;

 $P_{(t+i)}$ = estimate of the population at time t+i;

 $P_{(t)}$ = base population at time t (census adjusted for (CNU¹), or most recent estimate);

B = number of births;
D = number of deaths;
I = number of immigrants;

E = number of emigrants; Δ TE = net temporary emigration;

RE = number of returning emigrants; Δ NPR = net non-permanent residents; Δ N = net interprovincial migration;

Resid = residual deviation (for intercensal estimates).

B. Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final postcensal population estimates lies in the timeliness of the components. When all the components are preliminary, the estimate is described as preliminary postcensal (PP). When they are all final, the estimate is referred to as final postcensal (PD). Any other combination of levels is referred to as updated postcensal (PR).

Base population and components of population growth

A. Base population

The base populations are derived from the quinquennial censuses between 1971 and 2006. The population universe of the 2006³ Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants with a usual place of residence in Canada;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants who are abroad, either on a military base
 or attached to a diplomatic mission;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and members of their families living with them;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Study Permits and members of their families living with them;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Work Permits and members of their families living with them;

For census purposes, the last three groups in this list are referred to as non-permanent residents (NPR).

^{2.} Unless otherwise noted, the term preliminary include both preliminary and updated estimates.

^{3.} From 1991 to 2001 Census, "persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Minister's permits (including extensions) and members of their families living with them" were included in the census universe.

Foreign residents have not been enumerated since 1991. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

These populations are adjusted as follows:

- adjustment of the population for census net undercoverage (CNU);
- addition of independent estimates for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves in 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006;
- adjustment for early enumeration in 1991 and 1996 in parts of northern Quebec, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories;
- addition of estimates of NPRs in 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986. Since 1991, NPRs are included in the census universe;
- estimation of the July 1 base population by addition or subtraction of the components of growth between Census
 Day and June 30. At the subprovincial level, the estimate of the July 1 base population is obtained by applying
 the subprovincial age-sex distribution of the adjusted census to the provincial / territorial population estimate.

Adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU)

The adjustment for CNU is important. CNU is the difference between the number of persons who should have been enumerated but were missed (undercoverage) and the number of persons who were enumerated but should not have been or who were counted more than once (overcoverage).

Coverage studies provide undercoverage estimates for the 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Censuses at the provincial and territorial levels, and for the 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986 Censuses at the provincial level only. Estimates of overcoverage at the provincial and territorial levels are available only for the last four censuses (1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006). Overcoverage for previous censuses was estimated by assuming that the overcoverage-to-undercoverage ratio for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991. The CNU for the Yukon and the Northwest Territories prior to 1991 was estimated by assuming that the ratio between the CNU for each territory and the 10 provinces for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991.

For consistency, 1991 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 1998 to take into account the methodological improvements made in the 1996 Census coverage studies. This revision altered the CNU in all censuses between 1971 and 1986. Similarly, 1996 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 2003.

B. Births and deaths

Numbers of births and deaths are derived directly from the vital statistics database of Statistics Canada's Health Statistics Division. Although Statistics Canada manages the National system of vital statistics, the central vital statistics registries of the provinces and territories are responsible for collecting and processing the information from those administrative files. Under provincial/territorial vital statistics statutes (or similar legislation), all live births and all deaths must be registered, and all provinces and territories provide the information to Statistics Canada.

The vital statistics universe closely parallels the census universe. Both universes include births and deaths of all Canadians, immigrants and non-permanent residents (NPR) and exclude foreign residents.

Vital statistics by province or territory of residence are used to produce our final estimates of births and deaths.

When there are no vital statistics, the number of births is estimated using fertility rates by mother's age. The number of deaths is estimated using mortality rates by age and sex. These methods are used to calculate preliminary² estimates.

Special treatment for preliminary estimates for Quebec and British Columbia

Quebec and British Columbia provide their most recent estimates of births and deaths. The figures are used to produce preliminary² estimates. For the final estimates, the two provinces' births and deaths are derived from the vital statistics compiled by Health Statistics Division.

Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary² and final estimates, see sections **B. Births and deaths,** above.

C. Immigration

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, immigration is regulated by the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the *Immigration Act*, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. *Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada* (CIC) collects and processes immigrants' administrative files. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from *Field Operational Support System* (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted permanent resident status by the federal government on a given date. For Demography Division, the terms immigrant and permanent resident are equivalent.

An immigrant is a person who is not a Canadian citizen by birth, but has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by Canadian immigration authorities. The number of immigrants does not include persons born abroad to Canadian parents who are only temporarily outside the country.

Immigrants are usually counted on or after the date on which they are granted permanent resident status or the right to live in Canada.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final postcensal estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, new calculations are carried out each year to update the immigration estimates. Immigration estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They become final two years after the reference year.

D. Net non-permanent residents

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, the non-permanent residents (NPR) are regulated by the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the *Immigration Act*, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. *Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada* (CIC) collects and processes the administrative files of immigrants and NPRs in Canada. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from *Field Operational Support System* (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted or permanent resident status by the federal government.

Non-permanent residents (NPR) are persons who are lawfully in Canada on a temporary basis under the authority of a temporary resident permit, along with members of their family living with them. Non-permanent residents (NPR) include foreign workers, foreign students, the humanitarian population and other temporary residents. The humanitarian population includes refugee claimants and temporary residents who are allowed to remain in Canada on humanitarian grounds and are not categorized as either foreign workers or foreign students. For Demography Division, the terms non-permanent resident and temporary resident are equivalent.

Estimates of the number of NPR are based on population estimates. The number of people in CIC's system is estimated on a specific date in each year of observation. First, the end-of-period population is estimated, and then the start-of-period population is subtracted from that estimate. That yields the net number of NPR.

Anyone who received non-permanent resident status prior to the observation date is counted. For refugee claimants, the date of their application is used. Permit holders and refugee claimants are excluded from the population if their permit has expired, if they receive permanent resident status, or if they are deported. In addition, refugee claimants are excluded if their file has been inactive for two years.

Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPRs in Canada. Non-permanent residents (NPR) estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They are finalized two to three years after the reference year, when all other components are also final.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPRs. Non-permanent resident (NPR) estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They become final two to three years after the reference year.

E. **Emigration**

The number of emigrants is estimated using data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, data collected by the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) program, and data from the T1 Family File (T1FF). 4The first source is used to estimate emigration to the United States. CCTB data are used to estimate emigration to other countries. The estimates of the number of child emigrants have to be adjusted because the CCTB is not universal and does not provide direct information on the number of adult emigrants. As a result, four adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- incomplete coverage due to a delay in the receipt and processing of the files of children eligible for the CCTB. Since it seems to take four years after the reference period for CCTB administrative files to become complete, the adjustment is made if the estimates are finalized after two years. The factor is derived from the two-year ratios of emigrant children based on two versions of the CCTB files;
- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not eligible. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files:
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FF4:
- the differential propensity to emigrate between adults and children. This factor generates the emigration rate for the population aged 18 and over. It is obtained by (1) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on T1FF4 data, (2) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and (3) taking the average of the two rates. This factor is calculated for Canada only.

The adult emigration rate is applied to the adult population to generate the number of adult emigrants, which is then added to the number of child emigrants to produce the number of emigrants for the entire population.

Emigration is disaggregated by province and territory based on the number of child emigrants adjusted for coverage and differential emigration.

^{4.} The T1 family file (T1FF) is derived from the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) T1 file by Small Area and Administrative Data Division of Statistics Canada.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

F. Net temporary emigration

Some people leave Canada to live temporarily in another country; others who were temporarily outside Canada return. The net result of those departures and returns is the component known as "net temporary emigration". Estimates of the number of departures are derived from the *Reverse Record Check* (RRC), the most important census coverage study. The RRC provides an estimate of the number of people who left Canada temporarily during an intercensal period and are still out of the country at the end of the period. Estimates of the number of returns are based on two sources: the Census and Demography Division's estimates of returning emigrants. The census provides the number of people who were outside Canada at the time of the previous census and returned during the intercensal period. That number includes all returning emigrants. Then Demography Division's estimate of the returning emigrants' component is subtracted to produce the number of returning temporary emigrants. The estimated numbers of departures (RRC) and returns (Census and Demography Division) yield an estimate of net temporary emigration.

That estimate is for the whole intercensal period; it is disaggregated into estimates for each of the five years in the period and then into monthly estimates using a seasonal adjustment that is an average between zero seasonality and the seasonality of emigration.

Net temporary emigration is calculated first for the national level. It is then disaggregated by province or group of provinces based on the RRC estimates of temporary emigration. For the Atlantic provinces and the territories, the estimate for the group is disaggregated on the basis of each province/territory's proportion of the group's total population.

Net temporary emigration can be estimated only for the intercensal period preceding the most recent census. Net temporary emigration in the current period is assumed to be the same as in the previous period for each province and territory.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the emigration estimate used to calculate the seasonal adjustment for the net temporary emigration. The same estimation method is used.

G. Returning emigrants

A returning emigrant is a person who returns to Canada after having been classified as an emigrant. In a manner similar to the procedure used to calculate the number of emigrants, data from the *Canada Child Tax Benefit* (CCTB) file and the *Canada Revenue Agency's* (CRA) 's T1FF⁴ are used to estimate the number of returning emigrants. Adjustment factors are applied to compensate for the fact that the CCTB program is not universal, and an adult/child ratio is used to estimate the number of adult returning emigrants. As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not *eligible*. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files:
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not.
 This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FFs⁴;
- the adult/child ratio, which is based on the census used in estimating the base population.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

Н. Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movements from one province or territory to another, involving a change in usual place of residence. As is the case for emigration, there is no provision for recording interprovincial migration in Canada. Consequently, such movements have to be estimated using data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) of Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) and the T1FF4.

Final estimates of interprovincial migration are obtained by comparing addresses indicated on personal income tax returns over two consecutive tax years. However, the migration status of taxfilers' dependants has to be imputed. An adjustment is also required to take into account migrants who do not file income tax returns. For 2001-2002 and subsequent years, the adjustment was slightly modified (for further information, see Wilkinson, 2004). From 2006-2007, this adjustment has slightly modified (Cyr, 2008 - Internal document).

Since income tax returns are not available at the time preliminary estimates are produced, the estimation of preliminary² interprovincial migration is based on CCTB administrative files, which provide counts of child migrants (aged 0-17) receiving benefits under the program. The estimates have to be adjusted later for children who are not receiving the CCTB. Finally, the number of adult migrants is calculated using the number of child migrants and factors derived from the T1FF4. As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not receiving benefits. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files:
- the differential propensity to migrate between children who are receiving the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the out-migration rates of children receiving the CCTB with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last available year of T1FFs⁴;
- the differential propensity to migrate between adults and children. This factor generates the out-migration rate of the population aged 18 and over for each province/territory of origin and destination. It is obtained by calculating the ratio of the central migration rate for adults to the rate for children. It is estimated using data from the last three available years of T1FFs.4

The adult migration rate is then applied to the estimated adult population. The number of adult migrants is then added to the number of child migrants to produce the number of interprovincial migrants for the entire population.

Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary² and final estimates of total interprovincial migration, see section H. Interprovincial migration above.

Intercensal population estimates

Intercensal estimates – population estimates for reference dates between two censuses – are produced following each census. They reconcile previous postcensal estimates with the new census counts.

There are two main steps in the production of intercensal estimates:

- · calculation of the error of closure;
- · linear distribution of the error of closure.

Error of closure is defined as the difference between the postcensal population estimates on Census Day and the population enumerated in that census (after adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU¹)).

The error of closure is spread uniformly over the intercensal period of days within each month.

Quality of estimates

The estimates contain certain inaccuracies stemming from two types of errors:

- · errors in the census data;
- imperfections in other data sources and the method used to estimate the components.

Census data

A. Coverage, response and imputation errors

The errors attributable to census data can be divided into two groups: Response and processing errors, and coverage errors. The first group implies non-response error, misinterpretation by respondents, incorrect coding and non-response imputation. Errors in the second group primarily result from undercoverage and, to a lesser extent, overcoverage. It should be noted that both types of errors are intrinsic to any survey data.

The coverage errors occur when dwellings and/or individuals are missed, incorrectly included or counted more than once. Following each census, Statistics Canada undertakes coverage studies to measure these errors. The main studies are the *Reverse Record Check Survey* (RRC) and the *Census Overcoverage Study* (COS). Based on these studies, estimates of *census net undercoverage* (CNU) (which is equal to the difference between undercoverage and overcoverage) are produced. Demography Division adjusts the population enumerated in the census by province and territory using these estimates.

During the process of developing base populations, an attempt was made to correct only coverage errors in the population base. However, the correction based on the results of the coverage studies and on modeling of overcoverage for provinces and territories by age and sex prior to 1991, was also subject to sampling, collection, response and processing errors and uncertainty in the assumptions underlying the models. With respect to the coverage studies, statistical analysis concluded that the adjustment, although not without errors itself, improved the quality of census data (Royce, 1993). They were deemed to be consistent over time and across geographical areas, and to provide logical results. Users should also be aware that when calculating *census net undercoverage* (CNU) rates for small areas, it is likely that the underlying assumptions may be violated. If this is true, the resulting CNU rate would be misleading. Errors associated with these assumptions are, however, very difficult to quantify.

Nevertheless, the corrections to the census data due to CNU improved, in general, the quality of the estimates by compensating for the differential undercoverage by age, sex and by province/territory across censuses.

Text table 1
Estimated census net undercoverage, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006 Censuses

Geography	Census	Census	Incompletely	Adjusted	Rate
	population	net	enumerated	population	
		undercoverage	Indian reserves		
_	Α	В	С	D=A+B+C	(B+C)/D*100
		number			in percent
2001 1					
Canada	30,007,094	924,430	34,539	30,966,063	3.10
Newfoundland and Labrador	512,930	9,401	0	522,331	1.80
Prince Edward Island	135,294	1,325	0	136,619	0.97
Nova Scotia	908,007	24,521	0	932,528	2.63
New Brunswick	729,498	20,095	0	749,593	2.68
Quebec	7.237.479	140,232	12.648	7,390,359	2.07
Ontario	11,410,046	436.349	15,960	11,862,355	3.81
Manitoba	1,119,583	30,903	110	1,150,596	2.70
Saskatchewan	978,933	21,231	581	1,000,745	2.18
Alberta	2,974,807	69,857	4,977	3.049.641	2.45
British Columbia	3,907,738	164,542	263	4,072,543	4.05
Yukon	28,674	1,423	0	30,097	4.73
Northwest Territories	37,360	3,295	0	40,655	8.10
Nunavut	26,745	1,256	0	28,001	4.49
2006 1					
Canada	31,612,897	868,658	40,115	32,521,670	2.79
Newfoundland and Labrador	505,469	5,046	0	510,515	0.99
Prince Edward Island	135,851	1,903	0	137,754	1.38
Nova Scotia	913,462	24,558	0	938,020	2.62
New Brunswick	729,997	16,059	0	746,056	2.15
Quebec	7,546,131	60,751	16,600	7,623,482	1.01
Ontario	12,160,282	465,824	15,391	12,641,497	3.81
Manitoba	1,148,401	34,330	0	1,182,731	2.90
Saskatchewan	968,157	22,594	739	991,490	2.35
Alberta	3,290,350	111,353	7,272	3,408,975	3.48
British Columbia	4,113,487	121,551	113	4,235,151	2.87
Yukon	30,372	1,805	0	32,177	5.61
Northwest Territories	41,464	1,620	0	43,084	3.76
Nunavut	29,474	1,264	0	30,738	4.11

^{1.} The levels and rates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the Overcoverage Study and include non-permanent residents.

The adjustment also incorporates the results of a study on the estimates of the number of people living on incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to complete the corrections for coverage errors in the census. The results of the coverage studies contain mainly sampling errors.

These adjustments have a direct impact on:

- the error of closure and its distribution by age and sex within a province or a territory as well as by province/territory
 as the CNU¹ and its distribution vary from one census to another;
- within-cohort consistency of population estimates. If for example, the male cohort in age group 0-4 in 1981 was
 tracked up to the 2001 Census (unadjusted for CNU¹) the age group 20-24 would be noticeably smaller
 in 2001 than the age group 15-19 in 1996. Since Canada receives many immigrants within these age
 groups, the opposite would be expected. However, only after adjustment for CNU¹, the cohort size increases
 from 1996 to 2001.

For further information regarding the main coverage studies, please see the following document on Statistics Canada's web site: 1996 and 2001 Census Technical Report on Coverage.

Components

Errors due to estimation methodologies and data sources other than the census can also be significant.

^{1.} In this case, the adjustment for the census net undercoverage also includes the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves

A. Births and deaths

Since the law requires the recording of vital statistics, the final estimates for births and deaths data meet very high standards. Nevertheless, since preliminary estimates are derived, they can be slightly different from final estimates.

B. Immigration and non-permanent residents

With respect to immigrants and NPRs, Citizenship and Immigration Canada administers special data files on both of these components. Since immigration is controlled by law, data on immigrants and non permanent residents (NPRs) are compiled upon arrival in Canada. These data represent only "legal" immigration and exclude illegal immigrants. Thus, for the "legal" part of international movement into Canada, the data are considered to be of high quality. However, some biases such as the difference between the stated province of intended residence at the time of arrival and the actual province of residence, may persist. Finally, since information provided by the *Visitor* Data System (VDS) from Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada (CIC) is not complete (age and sex of dependents, province of residence for certain groups of permit holders), estimates of NPRs are more prone to error than data on immigrants.

C. Emigration, returning emigration and net temporary emigration

Of all the demographic components that are used in the population estimates program, these components are the most difficult to estimate with precision. Canada does not have a complete border registration system. While immigration and non permanents residents (NPRs) are well documented by the federal government, Statistics Canada has always used techniques of indirect estimation in the estimation of persons leaving the country. For this reason, available statistics regarding these three components have historically been of a lower quality than other components.

Estimates of the number of emigrants and returning emigrants are both derived using Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) data provided by Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Data are adjusted to take into account the incomplete coverage of the program and to derive the emigration and returning emigration of adults.

These adjustments and the delay in obtaining the data are the two main sources of errors. As current information on the number of persons living temporarily abroad does not exist, estimates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the census. Estimates for the intercensal period, distributed equally among the five years, are maintained constant for the postcensal period. Moreover, assumptions were made to allow for the distribution of annual estimates to a quarterly level. Any geographical or quarterly variation may introduce error in the estimation of these components.

D. Interprovincial migration

Since July 1993, preliminary² interprovincial migration estimates have been based on Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) files. Under this program, only 76% of children aged 0-17 at the Canada level were entitled to benefits on July 1, 2001. Consequently, preliminary CCTB based estimates are subject to larger error than final estimates derived from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) tax files.

Quality assessment

In order to assess the quality of our estimates, two evaluation measures are used: Precocity errors and errors of closure.

A. Precocity error

The quality of preliminary estimates of components is analyzed using precocity errors. Precocity error is defined as the difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population and component estimates.

^{2.} Unless otherwise noted, the term preliminary include both preliminary and updated estimates

Precocity error allows for useful comparisons between components, as well as between provinces and territories or geographical areas of different population size. Note that when compared to the total population for an area, the differences between preliminary and final estimates of the components are quite small. There are, however, differences in the amount of impact on the population estimates between components and between provinces and territories.

Generally speaking, net interprovincial migration yields the greatest precocity errors. This is likely the result of the use of different data sources for preliminary and final estimates. In most years and for most provinces/territories, births, deaths and immigration estimates yielded the smallest precocity errors. For immigration estimates, this reflects the completeness of the data source and the availability of data for the more timely preliminary estimates. In the case of births and deaths, small precocity errors support the use of short-term projections for preliminary estimates.

According to the analysis of the most recent precocity errors and assuming that the quality of the basic data remains constant, the present postcensal estimates should have an acceptable degree of reliability.

Text table 2
Quarterly precocity errors for components, Canada, provinces and territories

Year/ Component	Canada	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.
·		per thousand												
Births														
2007Q1	-0.03	-0.16	-0.01	0.08	-0.04	0.05	-0.02	-0.18	-0.07	-0.25	-0.01	0.25	-0.09	0.32
2007Q2	-0.06	-0.07	-0.05	-0.14	-0.16	0.01	-0.05	-0.12	-0.24	-0.21	-0.01	-0.65	0.39	-0.71
2007Q3	-0.10	-0.24	0.04	-0.13	-0.23	-0.01	-0.08	-0.36	-0.36	-0.26	-0.02	-0.58	-0.69	-0.64
2007Q4	-0.12	-0.12	-0.35	-0.17	-0.13	-0.02	-0.15	-0.17	-0.34	-0.29	-0.01	-0.24	0.21	0.13
Deaths														
2007Q1	0.03	-0.04	0.33	0.07	0.21	0.03	0.06	-0.09	0.10	-0.01	-0.01	-0.03	0.16	0.03
2007Q2	0.05	-0.09	0.51	0.08	0.16	0.00	0.06	0.22	0.11	0.07	-0.01	0.12	0.00	0.00
2007Q3	0.05	0.18	0.01	0.09	0.05	0.00	0.10	0.13	-0.03	0.05	-0.02	-0.43	0.00	-0.06
2007Q4	0.06	0.15	0.19	0.16	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.08	-0.07	0.09	-0.01	0.09	-0.30	0.13
Immigration														
2009Q1	0.00	0.00	0.16	-0.06	0.00	0.08	0.02	0.09	0.02	-0.15	-0.11	0.09	0.00	0.00
2009Q2	0.00	-0.01	0.49	-0.02	0.01	-0.07	0.08	0.10	0.04	-0.22	0.02 -0.04	-0.12	0.09	-0.06
2009Q3 2009Q4	0.00 0.00	0.00	-0.50 0.00	0.07	-0.01 0.01	0.10 0.00	-0.12 0.00	-0.17 0.00	-0.06 0.00	0.35	0.04	0.24 -0.15	0.23 -0.32	0.03
Emigration	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.15	-0.32	0.03
2006Q3	-0.09	0.00	0.22	-0.05	-0.04	-0.05	-0.16	-0.13	0.03	-0.12	0.02	-0.09	-0.05	-0.10
2006Q3 2006Q4	-0.09	0.00	0.22	-0.03	-0.04	-0.03	-0.16	-0.13	0.03	-0.12	-0.02	-0.03	-0.05	-0.10
2007Q1	-0.06	0.00	0.10	-0.04	-0.03	-0.04	-0.10	-0.03	0.01	-0.09	-0.01	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03
2007Q1 2007Q2	-0.09	0.02	-0.07	-0.06	0.00	-0.05	-0.10	-0.06	0.01	-0.15	-0.10	-0.03	-0.02	-0.03
Returning emigration	-0.03	0.02	-0.07	-0.00	0.00	-0.00	-0.11	-0.00	0.01	-0.15	-0.10	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03
2006Q3	-0.20	-0.02	-0.01	-0.09	-0.06	-0.21	-0.20	-0.05	-0.06	-0.31	-0.23	-0.09	0.07	0.06
2006Q3 2006Q4	-0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	-0.03	-0.20	0.03	0.01	-0.03	-0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00
2007Q1	-0.03	0.00	0.02	-0.01	0.00	-0.04	-0.03	0.01	0.00	-0.05	-0.03	-0.03	0.00	0.00
2007Q2	-0.03	0.00	-0.04	0.01	-0.03	-0.06	-0.03	0.04	-0.01	-0.02	0.01	-0.06	0.00	0.00
Net temporary emigration		****	•.•						•.•.					
2006Q3	0.06	-0.09	-0.08	-0.03	-0.06	0.06	0.04	0.00	0.08	0.07	0.20	0.06	-0.05	-0.10
2006Q4	0.04	-0.07	-0.06	-0.02	-0.05	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.06	0.04	0.13	0.03	-0.05	-0.06
2007Q1	0.03	-0.06	-0.06	-0.02	-0.05	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.04	0.12	0.03	-0.05	-0.06
2007Q2	0.03	-0.08	-0.07	-0.03	-0.06	0.03	0.01	-0.01	0.06	0.03	0.12	0.06	-0.07	-0.03
Net non-permanent residents														
2006Q3	0.10	-0.01	-0.30	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.14	0.07	0.01	0.03	0.20	0.06	0.32	-0.16
2006Q4	0.06	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.00	0.06	0.05	0.09	0.25	-0.30	0.00
2007Q1	-0.08	-0.04	-0.01	-0.06	-0.06	-0.04	-0.12	-0.08	-0.06	-0.10	-0.04	0.09	0.14	-0.06
2007Q2	-0.12	-0.02	0.01	-0.04	-0.01	-0.04	-0.18	-0.09	-0.05	-0.13	-0.14	-0.40	-0.12	-0.06
In-migrants														
2008Q3	0.83	1.78	3.12	1.63	1.56	0.33	0.47	1.29	2.11	2.10	0.75	2.17	4.16	1.27
2008Q4	0.47	1.07	1.40	0.89	0.79	0.15	0.23	0.86	1.27	1.39	0.44	0.87	2.20	1.17
2009Q1	0.59	1.47	2.01	1.11	1.08	0.18	0.31	1.04	1.56	1.73	0.49	1.38	2.73	0.88
2009Q2	0.65	1.35	1.64	1.15	0.95	0.22	0.34	1.02	1.64	1.93	0.60	1.64	2.45	1.53
Out-migrants														
2008Q3	0.83	1.37	2.57	1.81	1.83	0.45	0.49	1.02	1.59	1.47	1.15	1.39	6.34	0.98
2008Q4	0.47	1.00	2.27	0.90	0.73	0.24	0.33	0.50	0.95	0.81	0.61	1.23	3.53	2.21
2009Q1	0.59	1.29	1.71	1.21	1.06	0.26	0.38	0.66	1.36	1.05	0.83	3.29	5.63	2.99
2009Q2	0.65	1.10	1.78	1.40	1.15	0.35	0.40	0.73	1.57	1.10	0.91	3.19	2.32	0.69
Net interprovincial migration 2008Q3		0.40	0.55	-0.18	-0.28	-0.12	-0.02	0.27	0.52	0.63	-0.39	0.79	-2.17	0.28
2008Q3 2008Q4		0.40	-0.55	-0.18 -0.01	-0.28 0.06	-0.12 -0.09	-0.02 -0.10	0.27	0.52	0.58	-0.39 -0.17	-0.36	-2.17 -1.33	-1.04
2008Q4 2009Q1		0.07	0.30	-0.01 -0.10	0.06	-0.09 -0.07	-0.10 -0.07	0.37	0.32	0.58	-0.17 -0.34	-0.36 -1.92	-1.33 -2.89	-1.04 -2.11
2009Q1 2009Q2		0.18	-0.14	-0.10 -0.25	-0.20	-0.07 -0.13	-0.07	0.38	0.20	0.68	-0.34 -0.31	-1.92 -1.55	-2.89 0.14	0.84
2003/42	•••	0.25	-0.14	-0.23	-0.20	-0.13	-0.06	0.28	0.07	0.02	-0.51	-1.00	0.14	0.84

B. Error of closure

The error of closure measures the exactness level of the final postcensal estimates. It can be defined as the difference between the enumerated population of the most recent census (after adjustments for census net undercoverage (CNU¹)) and the most current postcensal population estimates as of Census Day.

The error of closure comes from two sources: The relative differences in the amount of CNU¹ and errors in the components of demographic growth over the intercensal period. This can be calculated for total population estimates and for age, sex and marital status. With each 5-year intercensal period, the error of closure can only be calculated with the release of census data and estimates of CNU¹.

By dividing the error of closure by the census population adjusted for CNU1, the differences are relatively small at the national level (0.16% for 2001 and 0.32% for 2006). At the provincial and territorial level, differences are understandably larger, since the estimates are also affected by errors in estimating interprovincial migration. Nevertheless, the provincial/territorial final postcensal estimates generally fall within 1% of the adjusted census population, except for the territories that falls within closer adjustments.

Text table 3
Error of closure of the estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006

	2001		2006	
	number	rate in percent	number	rate in percent
Canada	49,948	0.16	105,352	0.32
Newfoundland and Labrador	11,381	2.18	-1,137	-0.22
Prince Edward Island	1,483	1.09	74	0.05
Nova Scotia	9,005	0.97	-2,778	-0.30
New Brunswick	4,587	0.61	3,404	0.46
Quebec	-222	0.00	26,088	0.34
Ontario	11,288	0.10	50,173	0.40
Manitoba	-1,035	-0.09	-5,396	-0.46
Saskatchewan	16,017	1.60	-3,061	-0.31
Alberta	1,604	0.05	-47,801	-1.40
British Columbia	-4,347	-0.11	88,057	2.08
Yukon	-360	-1.20	-979	-3.04
Northwest Territories	497	1.22	-875	-2.03
Nunavut	50	0.18	-417	-1.36

Note(s): The error of closure is equal to the postcensal estimate (at the census date) minus the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated indian reserves). The percentage is: error of closure, divided by the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated indian reserves, multiplied by 100.

Explanatory notes for the tables

Table 2 Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective

Population Estimates are final intercensal and unadjusted for census net undercoverage prior

to July 1, 1971. Estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 1971 to April 1, 2006, final postcensal from July 1, 2006 to July 1, 2007, updated postcensal from October 1, 2007 to April 1, 2010 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2010.

March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

International migration Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from

July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Interprovincial migration The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary

from July 2009.

Total migration Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to

March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Total growth Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to

March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Table 3 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective, provincial perspective

Birth The numbers for births are final up to December 2007, updated from January 2008 to

March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Death The numbers for deaths are final up to December 2007, updated from

January 2008 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Immigrant The numbers for immigrants are final up to December 2009, updated from January

to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Emigrant The numbers for emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to

March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Returning emigrant The numbers for returning emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from

July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Net temporary emigrant The numbers for net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2007, updated from

July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

Net non-permanent resident The numbers for net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2007, updated

from July 2007 to March 2010 and preliminary from April 2010.

In-migrant The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary

from July 2009.

Out-migrant The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2009 and preliminary

from July 2009.

Appendix I

Glossary

Annualized rate

Refers to the ratio of the estimated number of events converted to an annual basis divided by the average quarterly populations. In this respect, birth, death, immigration rates, etc are calculated. Generally, the rate is expressed in per 1,000.

Census coverage

Census netundercoverage: Difference between undercoverage and overcoverage.

Overcoverage: Number of persons who should not have been counted in the census or who were counted more than once.

Undercoverage: Number of persons who were intended to have been enumerated in a census but were not enumerated.

Components of demographic growth

Any of the classes of events generating population movement variations. Births, deaths and migrations are the components responsible for the variation since they alter the total population.

Emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant who has left Canada to establish a permanent residence in another country.

Error of closure

Difference between the **postcensal estimate** for the same date as the census and the results of the census adjusted for **censusnet undercoverage** (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves).

Immigrant

Within the framework of this publication, the term immigrant refers to *landed immigrant*. A landed immigrant is a person who does not have Canadian citizenship but was granted the right by immigration authorities to live in Canada on a permanent basis.

International migration

International migration represents movement of population between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change in the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to *immigrants*, *emigrants*, *returning emigrants*, *net temporary emigrants* and *net non-permanent residents*.

Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movement from one province or territory involving a permanent change in residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an **out-migrant** with reference to the province or territory of origin and an **in-migrant** with reference to the province or territory of destination.

Natural increase

Variation in population size over a given period as a result of the difference between the numbers of births and deaths.

Net international migration

Net international migration is obtained according to the following formula:

Immigrants + returning emigrants + net non permanent residents- (emigrants + net temporary emigrants)

Net interprovincial migration

Net interprovincial migration represents the difference between *in-migrants* and *out-migrants* for a given province or territory.

Net non-permanent residents

Net non-permanent residents represent the variation in the number of non-permanent residents between two dates.

Non-permanent residents

A non permanent resident belongs to one of the five following groups:

- persons residing in Canada claiming refugee status;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a study permit;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a work permit;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a minister's permit;
- all non-Canadian born dependants of persons claiming refugee status, or of persons holding study permits, work permits or minister's permits and living in Canada.

Net temporary emigration

Net temporary emigration represents the variation in the number of temporary emigrants between two dates. Temporary emigration includes Canadian citizens and *immigrants* living temporarily abroad who have not maintained a usual place of residence in Canada.

Population

Estimated population and population according to the census are both defined as being the number of Canadians whose usual place of residence is in that area, regardless of where they happened to be on Census Day. Also included are any Canadians staying in a dwelling in that area on Census Day and having no usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, as well as those considered **non-permanent residents**.

Population estimate

Postcensal: Population estimate produced by using data from the most recent available census adjusted for **census net undercoverage** (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and estimate of the **components of demographic growth** since that last census. This estimate can be preliminary, updated or final.

Intercensal: Population estimate derived by using postcensal estimates and data adjusted for censusnet undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) of censuses preceding and following the year in question.

Population growth or total growth

Variation of population size between two dates. It can also be obtained by summing the *natural increase*, *total* **net migration** and if possible, substract **residual deviation**. It can be positive or negative.

Precocity error

Difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population estimates and component of population growth.

Residual deviation

Difference between demographic population growth calculated using intercensal estimates of population between two dates and that obtained by the sum of the components for the same period. This deviation results from the distribution of the error of closure between years within the quinquennial period. This distribution is calculated by taking into account the number of days within each month.

Returning emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant having previously emigrated from Canada and subsequently returned to the country.

Total net migration

Sum of *net international* and *net interprovincial* migration.

Vital events

Includes all the demographic events (that is to say births, deaths, marriages and divorces) for which there exist a legal requirement to inform the Provincial or Territorial Registrar's Office.

Appendix II

Source and remarks

Base population

May 16, 2006 Census of Population adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated Indian reserves.

2006 Census: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada, 2006, Catalogue no. 92-200-XPB.

Census net undercoverage: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.

Incompletely enumerated Indian reserves: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.

Births and deaths

Statistics Canada, Health Statistics Division.

Statistics Canada, Demography Division, Catalogue no. 91-002-X, Quarterly, Analytical table 4.

Immigration

Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - from data on emigrant children from the Canada Child Tax Benefit program (CCTB) from Canada Revenue Agency files - CRA and data from the « U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Immigration Statistics ».

Returning emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data from the CCTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.

Net temporary emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), 2001 and 2006 Censuses of Canada.

Non-permanent residents

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data provided by Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Interprovincial migration

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on the CTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.