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Legal Aid in Canada: Resource and Caseload Statistics



2007/2008



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Legal Aid in Canada: Resource and Caseload Statistics

2007/2008

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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0^s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Table of contents

Highlights	6
Related products	7
Statistical tables	
1 Legal aid plan revenues by type of revenue	9
1-1 Current dollars	9
1-2 Constant dollars	11
2 Federal government contributions to legal aid plans, criminal matters, current and constant dollars	13
3 Provincial and territorial government contributions to legal aid plans, current and constant dollars	15
4 Total legal aid plan expenditures, current and constant dollars	17
5 Total legal aid plan expenditures by type of expenditure	19
6 Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures	21
7 Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter	23
7-1 Total	23
7-2 Criminal matters	25
7-3 Civil matters	27
8 Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter	29
8-1 Total	29
8-2 Adult	31
8-3 Youth	33
8-4 Provincial offences	35
9 Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter	37
9-1 Total	37
9-2 Family	39
9-3 Other	41
10 Total legal aid applications by type of matter	43
11 Total legal aid applications by type of criminal and civil matter	45
12 Approved legal aid applications by type of matter	49
13 Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter	51
13-1 Total approved applications	51

Table of contents – continued

13-2	Criminal matters	53
13-3	Civil matters	55
14	Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter	57
14-1	Total	57
14-2	Adult	59
14-3	Youth	61
14-4	Provincial offences	63
15	Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter	65
15-1	Total	65
15-2	Family	67
15-3	Other	69
16	Approved legal aid applications for summary services	71
17	Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal	73
18	Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters	75
18-1	Total	75
18-2	Financial ineligibility	77
18-3	Coverage restrictions	79
18-4	Lack of merit	81
18-5	Non-compliance/abuse	83
18-6	Other reasons	85
19	Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31	87
19-1	Total	87
19-2	Direct legal service staff	89
19-3	Other staff	91
20	Legal aid service delivery by private and staff lawyers	93
21	Duty counsel services by type of matter	95
22	Duty counsel services by type of criminal and civil matter	97
23	Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters	99
23-1	Total	99
23-2	Approved	101
23-3	Refused	103
24	Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement	105
25	Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement	111
26	Population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories	117

Table of contents – continued

27	Consumer Price Index (CPI), Canada, provinces and territories	119
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Data quality, concepts and methodology

	Methodology	121
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Appendix

I	Glossary	122
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Highlights

- In 2007/2008, \$670 million was spent on providing legal aid services in 10 provinces and territories.¹ This represents over \$20 for every person living in these jurisdictions.
- In the last five years, legal aid spending after inflation has decreased just as many times as it has increased, but on average, it has risen about 1% per year. Compared to the previous year, spending in 2007/2008 was virtually unchanged, up by less than one-half of one percent.
- Cases involving criminal matters accounted for slightly more than half of direct legal aid expenditures. Quebec and Ontario were the only two provinces to spend more on civil matters than criminal matters. The Quebec legal aid plan directed 57% of its spending to civil matters, while in Ontario it was 52%. Elsewhere, the proportion of direct expenditures on civil matters ranged from 26% in Saskatchewan to 46% in New Brunswick.
- Legal aid in Canada is funded primarily by governments, both provincial/territorial and federal. In 2007/2008, legal aid plan revenues reached \$716 million and government funding accounted for 84% of this amount. The proportion covered by governments has declined gradually from 90% five years earlier. Client contributions and cost recoveries, contributions from the legal profession, and other income, including interest and law foundation grants, are the other main funding sources.
- Provincial and territorial governments, which directly fund both criminal and civil legal aid, contributed \$495 million in legal aid funding in 2007/2008. This was up 3% from the previous year, after inflation. Federal government funding, which goes toward the cost of criminal legal aid, increased for the first time in seven years in 2007/2008, reaching \$111 million. This increase was the result of a measure in the Federal Budget of 2007, which rolled interim funding to the provinces into the annual federal base allocation for criminal legal aid.
- About 747,800 applications for legal assistance were received by legal aid plans in the 10 reporting provinces and territories. This represented a decline in applications of 1% and was a continuation of a six-year downward trend. The decline occurred for both criminal and civil legal aid applications.
- There were 472,200 applications approved for full legal aid service in 2007/2008, a figure that was virtually unchanged from the previous year. Approved applications for criminal matters increased by 2%, while those for civil matters declined by an equal amount. Criminal matters accounted for over half (56%) of approved applications.
- In all provinces and territories, legal aid services are provided by both private and legal aid plan lawyers. In 2007/2008, just over 11,000 lawyers provided such services in the reporting jurisdictions. Almost nine out of ten were private sector lawyers.

1. The survey results exclude Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, and Nunavut which were unable to provide data for 2007/2008. Any comparisons made to previous years' figures also exclude these three jurisdictions.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

85-217-X	Legal Aid in Canada, Description of Operations
85F0028X	Legal Aid in Canada: Resource and Caseload Data Tables

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

258-0001	Legal aid plan revenues, by type of revenue, annual
258-0002	Legal aid plan expenditures, by type of expenditure, annual
258-0003	Legal aid applications, by status and type of matter, annual
258-0004	Legal aid service delivery, by private and staff lawyers, annual

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

3308	Legal Aid Survey
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Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- *Selected legal aid statistics*

Statistical tables

Table 1-1
Legal aid plan revenues by type of revenue — Current dollars

	Total revenue	Government contributions ¹	Client contributions and cost recoveries		Contributions of the legal profession		Other ²		
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador									
2003/2004	7,395	6,831	92	52	1	207	3	305	4
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island									
2003/2004	965	861	89	..	..	..	..	104	11
2004/2005	1,208	1,140	94	..	..	..	..	68	6
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia									
2003/2004	15,729	15,422	98	12	0	..	..	295	2
2004/2005	17,298	17,112	99	6	0	..	..	180	1
2005/2006	18,304	18,063	99	2	0	..	..	239	1
2006/2007	19,851	19,473	98	14	0	..	..	364	2
2007/2008	20,482	19,981	98	60	0	..	..	441	2
New Brunswick									
2003/2004	4,757	3,550	75	86	2	150	3	971	20
2004/2005	5,415	4,293	79	100	2	150	3	872	16
2005/2006	6,252	5,973	96	79	1	150	2	50	1
2006/2007	6,682	6,367	95	82	1	150	2	83	1
2007/2008	7,731	7,433	96	117	2	150	2	31	0
Quebec									
2003/2004	125,245	123,058	98	1,825	1	..	..	362	0
2004/2005	134,482	132,299	98	1,800	1	..	..	383	0
2005/2006	131,459	128,724	98	1,925	1	..	..	810	1
2006/2007	141,720	138,853	98	1,917	1	..	..	950	1
2007/2008	132,826	128,982	97	2,073	2	..	..	1,771	1
Ontario									
2003/2004	299,626	256,048	85	14,791	5	..	..	28,787	10
2004/2005	289,709	254,757	88	12,926	4	..	..	22,026	8
2005/2006	309,321	260,527	84	15,947	5	..	..	32,847	11
2006/2007	334,060	269,106	81	12,064	4	..	..	52,890	16
2007/2008	362,650	283,888	78	19,232	5	..	..	59,530	16
Manitoba									
2003/2004	21,365	18,454	86	1,480	7	900	4	531	2
2004/2005	21,961	19,059	87	1,292	6	1,228	6	382	2
2005/2006	23,356	20,524	88	1,374	6	1,154	5	304	1
2006/2007	23,683	20,677	87	1,216	5	1,494	6	296	1
2007/2008	25,510	20,750	81	1,375	5	3,291	13	94	0
Saskatchewan									
2003/2004	13,303	13,129	99	42	0	..	..	132	1
2004/2005	14,435	14,295	99	37	0	..	..	103	1
2005/2006	16,342	16,146	99	41	0	..	..	155	1
2006/2007	17,571	17,369	99	44	0	..	..	158	1
2007/2008	18,877	18,596	99	38	0	..	..	243	1
Alberta									
2003/2004	34,999	28,798	82	3,193	9	..	..	3,008	9
2004/2005	39,062	31,898	82	3,483	9	..	..	3,681	9
2005/2006	38,143	30,998	81	3,967	10	..	..	3,178	8
2006/2007	53,981	43,196	80	4,116	8	..	..	6,669	12
2007/2008	64,582	45,346	70	4,450	7	..	..	14,786	23
British Columbia									
2003/2004	71,131	65,624	92	0	0	3,608	5	1,899	3
2004/2005	64,677	59,587	92	0	0	3,539	5	1,551	2
2005/2006	71,285	65,001	91	0	0	3,722	5	2,562	4
2006/2007	74,362	65,663	88	0	0	4,213	6	4,486	6
2007/2008	76,238	67,020	88	0	0	3,558	5	5,660	7

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 1-1 – continued

Legal aid plan revenues by type of revenue — Current dollars

	Total revenue	Government contributions ¹	Client contributions and cost recoveries		Contributions of the legal profession		Other ²		
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	
Yukon									
2003/2004	1,425	1,406	99	5	0	...	...	14	1
2004/2005	1,612	1,571	97	20	1	...	...	22	1
2005/2006	1,531	1,511	99	3	0	...	...	17	1
2006/2007	1,536	1,510	98	7	0	...	...	19	1
2007/2008	1,640	1,612	98	8	0	...	...	20	1
Northwest Territories ³									
2003/2004	3,713	3,713	100	..	...	...	...	0	0
2004/2005	4,348	4,333	100	15	0	...	...	0	0
2005/2006	4,531	4,499	99	32	1	...	...	0	0
2006/2007	4,771	4,735	99	36	1	...	...	0	0
2007/2008	4,985	4,913	99	73	1	...	...	0	0
Nunavut									
2003/2004	4,711	4,453	95	3	0	...	...	255	5
2004/2005	5,023	4,625	92	1	0	...	...	397	8
2005/2006	5,430	5,054	93	1	0	...	...	375	7
2006/2007	5,575	5,287	95	0	0	...	...	288	5
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...
Total									
2003/2004	604,364	541,347	90	21,489	4	4,865	1	36,663	6
2004/2005	599,230	544,969	91	19,680	3	4,917	1	29,665	5
2005/2006	625,954	557,020	89	23,371	4	5,026	1	40,537	6
2006/2007	683,792	592,236	87	19,496	3	5,857	1	66,203	10
2007/2008	715,521	598,521	84	27,426	4	6,999	1	82,576	12

1. When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; and (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

2. The "Other" category may include, among others, revenue from investments, research sales, and general interest earnings.

3. Total revenue includes client contributions credited to the Government of the Northwest Territories consolidated revenue fund and are not available to the plan.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 1-2
Legal aid plan revenues by type of revenue — Constant dollars

	Total revenue	Government contributions ¹	Client contributions and cost recoveries		Contributions of the legal profession		Other ²		
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador									
2003/2004	7,187	6,638	92	51	1	201	3	296	4
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island									
2003/2004	932	832	89	...	...	...	...	100	11
2004/2005	1,142	1,078	94	...	...	...	...	64	6
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia									
2003/2004	15,212	14,915	98	12	0	...	...	285	2
2004/2005	16,427	16,251	99	6	0	...	...	171	1
2005/2006	16,917	16,694	99	2	0	...	...	221	1
2006/2007	17,981	17,639	98	13	0	...	...	330	2
2007/2008	18,206	17,761	98	53	0	...	...	392	2
New Brunswick									
2003/2004	4,601	3,433	75	83	2	145	3	939	20
2004/2005	5,162	4,092	79	95	2	143	3	831	16
2005/2006	5,821	5,561	96	74	1	140	2	47	1
2006/2007	6,119	5,831	95	75	1	137	2	76	1
2007/2008	6,946	6,678	96	105	2	135	2	28	0
Quebec									
2003/2004	122,190	120,057	98	1,780	1	...	...	353	0
2004/2005	128,691	126,602	98	1,722	1	...	...	367	0
2005/2006	122,974	120,415	98	1,801	1	...	...	758	1
2006/2007	130,377	127,740	98	1,764	1	...	...	874	1
2007/2008	120,313	116,832	97	1,878	2	...	...	1,604	1
Ontario									
2003/2004	291,749	249,316	85	14,402	5	...	...	28,030	10
2004/2005	276,968	243,554	88	12,358	4	...	...	21,057	8
2005/2006	289,355	243,711	84	14,918	5	...	...	30,727	11
2006/2007	307,040	247,340	81	11,088	4	...	...	48,612	16
2007/2008	327,301	256,217	78	17,357	5	...	...	53,727	16
Manitoba									
2003/2004	20,987	18,128	86	1,454	7	884	4	522	2
2004/2005	21,157	18,361	87	1,245	6	1,183	6	368	2
2005/2006	21,910	19,253	88	1,289	6	1,083	5	285	1
2006/2007	21,787	19,022	87	1,119	5	1,374	6	272	1
2007/2008	23,003	18,711	81	1,240	5	2,968	13	85	0
Saskatchewan									
2003/2004	13,004	12,834	99	41	0	...	...	129	1
2004/2005	13,800	13,666	99	35	0	...	...	98	1
2005/2006	15,287	15,104	99	38	0	...	...	145	1
2006/2007	16,105	15,920	99	40	0	...	...	145	1
2007/2008	16,824	16,574	99	34	0	...	...	217	1
Alberta									
2003/2004	33,524	27,584	82	3,058	9	...	...	2,881	9
2004/2005	36,886	30,121	82	3,289	9	...	...	3,476	9
2005/2006	35,285	28,675	81	3,670	10	...	...	2,940	8
2006/2007	48,069	38,465	80	3,665	8	...	...	5,939	12
2007/2008	54,777	38,461	70	3,774	7	...	...	12,541	23
British Columbia									
2003/2004	69,600	64,211	92	0	0	3,530	5	1,858	3
2004/2005	62,070	57,185	92	0	0	3,396	5	1,488	2
2005/2006	67,060	61,149	91	0	0	3,501	5	2,410	4
2006/2007	68,790	60,743	88	0	0	3,897	6	4,150	6
2007/2008	69,307	60,927	88	0	0	3,235	5	5,145	7

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 1-2 – continued

Legal aid plan revenues by type of revenue — Constant dollars

	Total revenue	Government contributions ¹	Client contributions and cost recoveries		Contributions of the legal profession		Other ²	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon								
2003/2004	1,398	1,380	99	5	0	...	14	1
2004/2005	1,565	1,525	97	19	1	...	21	1
2005/2006	1,454	1,435	99	3	0	...	16	1
2006/2007	1,438	1,414	98	7	0	...	18	1
2007/2008	1,498	1,472	98	7	0	...	18	1
Northwest Territories³								
2003/2004	3,630	3,630	100	...	...	...	0	0
2004/2005	4,189	4,174	100	14	0	...	0	0
2005/2006	4,254	4,224	99	30	1	...	0	0
2006/2007	4,430	4,396	99	33	1	...	0	0
2007/2008	4,499	4,434	99	66	1	...	0	0
Nunavut								
2003/2004	4,702	4,444	95	3	0	...	254	5
2004/2005	4,963	4,570	92	1	0	...	392	8
2005/2006	5,277	4,912	93	1	0	...	364	7
2006/2007	5,330	5,054	95	0	0	...	275	5
2007/2008	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total								
2003/2004	587,903	526,602	90	20,904	4	4,732	1	35,664
2004/2005	572,330	520,505	91	18,797	3	4,696	1	28,333
2005/2006	585,004	520,579	89	21,842	4	4,697	1	37,885
2006/2007	626,757	542,838	87	17,870	3	5,368	1	60,681
2007/2008	641,723	536,790	84	24,597	4	6,277	1	74,059

1. When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; and (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

2. The "Other" category may include, among others, revenue from investments, research sales, and general interest earnings.

3. Total revenue includes client contributions credited to the Government of the Northwest Territories consolidated revenue fund and are not available to the plan.

Note(s): In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 2002=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 2
Federal government contributions to legal aid plans, criminal matters, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars		2002 constant dollars ¹	
	Total	Per capita ²	Total	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	dollars	thousands of dollars	dollars
Newfoundland and Labrador				
2003/2004	1,624	3.13	1,578	3.04
2004/2005	1,608	3.11	1,534	2.97
2005/2006	1,600	3.11	1,487	2.89
2006/2007	1,600	3.14	1,461	2.87
2007/2008	2,043	4.04	1,839	3.63
Prince Edward Island				
2003/2004	348	2.53	336	2.45
2004/2005	345	2.50	326	2.37
2005/2006	343	2.48	314	2.28
2006/2007	343	2.49 ^r	307	2.23
2007/2008	445	3.21	392	2.83
Nova Scotia				
2003/2004	2,914	3.11	2,818	3.01
2004/2005	2,899	3.09	2,753	2.94
2005/2006	2,890	3.09	2,671	2.85
2006/2007	2,890	3.09	2,618	2.80
2007/2008	3,612	3.87	3,211	3.44
New Brunswick				
2003/2004	1,872	2.49	1,810	2.41
2004/2005	1,860	2.47	1,773	2.36
2005/2006	1,854	2.47	1,726	2.30
2006/2007	1,854	2.47	1,698	2.27
2007/2008	2,453	3.27	2,204	2.94
Quebec				
2003/2004	20,007	2.67	19,519	2.60
2004/2005	19,990	2.65	19,129	2.53
2005/2006	19,970	2.63	18,681	2.46
2006/2007	19,970	2.61	18,372	2.40
2007/2008	23,400	3.04	21,196	2.75
Ontario				
2003/2004	37,099	3.03	36,124	2.95
2004/2005	37,187	2.99	35,552	2.86
2005/2006	37,212	2.96	34,810	2.77
2006/2007	37,212	2.93	34,202	2.69
2007/2008	43,313	3.38	39,091	3.05
Manitoba				
2003/2004	3,397	2.92	3,337	2.87
2004/2005	3,403	2.91	3,278	2.80
2005/2006	3,399	2.89	3,189	2.72
2006/2007	3,399	2.88 ^r	3,127	2.65
2007/2008	4,741	4.00	4,275	3.60
Saskatchewan				
2003/2004	2,842	2.86	2,778	2.79
2004/2005	2,821	2.84	2,697	2.71
2005/2006	2,811	2.84	2,630	2.66
2006/2007	2,811	2.85	2,577	2.61
2007/2008	4,203	4.22	3,746	3.76
Alberta				
2003/2004	8,166	2.58	7,822	2.47
2004/2005	8,176	2.55	7,720	2.41
2005/2006	8,197	2.50 ^r	7,583	2.31
2006/2007	8,197	2.43	7,299	2.17
2007/2008	10,420	3.00	8,838	2.54
British Columbia				
2003/2004	11,058	2.66	10,820	2.60
2004/2005	11,039	2.63	10,594	2.52
2005/2006	11,051	2.59 ^r	10,396	2.44
2006/2007	11,051	2.56	10,223	2.37
2007/2008	13,698	3.13	12,453	2.84

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 2 – continued

Federal government contributions to legal aid plans, criminal matters, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars		2002 constant dollars ¹	
	Total	Per capita ²	Total	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	dollars	thousands of dollars	dollars
Yukon				
2003/2004	654	21.39	642	20.99
2004/2005	654	21.18	635	20.57
2005/2006	654	21.06	621	20.00
2006/2007	654	20.95	612	19.62
2007/2008	654	21.10	597	19.27
Northwest Territories				
2003/2004	1,301	30.81	1,272	30.11
2004/2005	1,301	30.38	1,253	29.27
2005/2006	1,301	30.45	1,222	28.59
2006/2007	1,301	30.68	1,208	28.49
2007/2008	1,301	30.51	1,174	27.54
Nunavut				
2003/2004	1,103	37.82	1,101	37.74
2004/2005	1,103	37.22	1,090	36.78
2005/2006	1,103	36.75 ^r	1,072	35.72
2006/2007	1,103	36.28 ^r	1,054	34.69
2007/2008	1,103	35.45	1,022	32.86
Total ³				
2003/2004	92,385	2.92	89,869	2.84
2004/2005	92,386	2.89	88,239	2.76
2005/2006	92,385	2.86	86,341	2.67
2006/2007	92,385	2.83	84,679	2.59
2007/2008	111,386	3.38	99,898	3.03

1. In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 2002=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index.

2. The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.

3. The 2007 Federal Budget rolled interim funding to the provinces into the annual federal base allocation for criminal legal aid. This accounts for the increase in federal criminal legal aid funding in 2007/2008.

Note(s): Figures for federal contributions to civil legal aid are not available through the data reported to the Legal Aid Survey. It is not possible to determine the level of federal funding that has been allocated to civil legal aid since the Canadian Health and Social Transfer and its current successor, the Canadian Social Transfer, replaced the Canada Assistance Plan. When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; and (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 3
Provincial and territorial government contributions to legal aid plans, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars			2002 constant dollars ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	7,512	...	14.52	7,168	...	13.86
2005/2006	7,422	-1	14.44	6,898	-4	13.42
2006/2007	8,255	11	16.19 ^r	7,539	9	14.78
2007/2008	9,563	16	18.89	8,608	14	17.00
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	575	30	4.19	556	26	4.05
2004/2005	1,031	79	7.48	974	75	7.07
2005/2006	1,067	3	7.72	978	0	7.08
2006/2007	952	-11	6.90 ^r	853	-13	6.18
2007/2008	1,016	7	7.33	894	5	6.45
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	12,594	20	13.45	12,180	16	13.01
2004/2005	13,353	6	14.24	12,681	4	13.52
2005/2006	14,683	10	15.69 ^r	13,570	7	14.50
2006/2007	15,446	5	16.52 ^r	13,991	3	14.96
2007/2008	16,007	4	17.14	14,228	2	15.23
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	3,649	21	4.86	3,529	17	4.70
2004/2005	3,913	7	5.20	3,730	6	4.96
2005/2006	5,384	38	7.17 ^r	5,013	34	6.67
2006/2007	5,769	7	7.70	5,283	5	7.05
2007/2008	6,834	18	9.11	6,140	16	8.19
Quebec						
2003/2004	98,868	1	13.19	96,457	-1	12.87
2004/2005	104,807	6	13.88	100,294	4	13.29
2005/2006	111,982	7	14.74	104,754	4	13.79
2006/2007	102,679	-8	13.42	94,461	-10	12.35
2007/2008	100,312	-2	13.03	90,862	-4	11.80
Ontario						
2003/2004	201,815	2	16.46	196,509	-1	16.03
2004/2005	202,208	0	16.28 ^r	193,315	-2	15.56
2005/2006	208,501	3	16.59 ^r	195,043	1	15.52
2006/2007	217,664	4	17.13 ^r	200,059	3	15.75
2007/2008	235,978	8	18.43	212,977	6	16.63
Manitoba						
2003/2004	13,760	10	11.84	13,517	8	11.63
2004/2005	14,440	5	12.34	13,911	3	11.88
2005/2006	14,754	2	12.57	13,841	-1	11.79
2006/2007	16,066 ^r	9 ^r	13.63 ^r	14,780 ^r	7 ^r	12.54 ^r
2007/2008	15,954	-1	13.44	14,386	-3	12.12
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	9,979	10	10.03	9,755	7	9.81
2004/2005	9,599	-4	9.65	9,177	-6	9.22
2005/2006	11,899	24	12.02	11,131	21	11.24
2006/2007	13,152	11	13.32 ^r	12,055	8	12.21
2007/2008	14,393	9	14.44	12,828	6	12.87
Alberta						
2003/2004	20,632	1	6.53	19,762	-3	6.25
2004/2005	20,657	0	6.44	19,506	-1	6.08
2005/2006	20,530	-1	6.26 ^r	18,992	-3	5.79
2006/2007	32,445	58	9.63 ^r	28,891	52	8.57
2007/2008	34,608	7	9.96	29,354	2	8.45

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 3 – continued

Provincial and territorial government contributions to legal aid plans, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars			2002 constant dollars ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars
British Columbia						
2003/2004	52,259	-9	12.58	51,134	-11	12.31
2004/2005	45,862	-12	10.91	44,013	-14	10.47
2005/2006	51,107	11	12.00	48,078	9	11.29
2006/2007	51,232	0	11.86 ^r	47,393	-1	10.97
2007/2008	52,057	2	11.88	47,325	0	10.80
Yukon						
2003/2004	720	-1	23.55	707	-3	23.11
2004/2005	646	-10	20.92 ^r	627	-11	20.31
2005/2006	646	0	20.80 ^r	613	-2	19.76
2006/2007	646	0	20.70 ^r	605	-1	19.38
2007/2008	581	-10	18.75	531	-12	17.12
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	2,077	-8	49.18	2,030	-10	48.08
2004/2005	2,543	22	59.39 ^r	2,450	21	57.21
2005/2006	2,868	13	67.13 ^r	2,693	10	63.03
2006/2007	3,111	8	73.37 ^r	2,889	7	68.13
2007/2008	3,682	18	86.36	3,323	15	77.94
Nunavut						
2003/2004	3,048	20	104.51	3,042	20	104.30
2004/2005	3,220	6	108.67 ^r	3,182	5	107.38
2005/2006	3,991	24	132.98 ^r	3,879	22	129.23
2006/2007	3,927	-2	129.18 ^r	3,754	-3	123.50
2007/2008	3,540	-10	113.78	3,281	-13	105.45
Total						
2003/2004	419,976	1	13.26	408,537	-2	12.90
2004/2005	429,791	...	13.43 ^r	410,498	...	12.83
2005/2006	454,834	6	14.08	425,079	4	13.16
2006/2007	471,344 ^r	4	14.44 ^r	432,029 ^r	2	13.23 ^r
2007/2008	494,525	5	15.00	443,520	3	13.45

1. In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 2002=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index.

2. The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.

Note(s): When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; and (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 4
Total legal aid plan expenditures, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars			2002 constant dollars ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	6,887	...	13.28	6,693	...	12.91
2004/2005	..	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	..	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	..	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	..	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	965	13	7.03	932	9	6.79
2004/2005	1,442	49	10.46	1,363	46	9.89
2005/2006	..	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	..	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	..	...	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	13,965	6	14.91	13,506	2	14.42
2004/2005	16,309	17	17.39	15,488	15	16.51
2005/2006	18,466	13	19.73	17,067	10	18.23
2006/2007	18,978	3	20.30 ^r	17,190	1	18.38
2007/2008	21,314	12	22.82	18,946	10	20.28
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	5,147	6	6.85	4,978	3	6.63
2004/2005	4,987	-3	6.63	4,754	-4	6.32
2005/2006	6,325	27	8.42	5,889	24	7.84
2006/2007	6,959	10	9.29	6,373	8	8.51
2007/2008	6,297	-10	8.40	5,658	-11	7.55
Quebec						
2003/2004	123,031	0	16.42	120,030	-2	16.02
2004/2005	132,225	7	17.52	126,531	5	16.76
2005/2006	128,891	-3	16.96	120,572	-5	15.87
2006/2007	134,712	5	17.61	123,930	3	16.20
2007/2008	127,526	-5	16.56	115,513	-7	15.00
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	299,470	3	24.42	291,597	0	23.78
2004/2005	302,741	1	24.37 ^r	289,427	-1	23.30
2005/2006	351,665	...	27.99 ^r	328,966	...	26.18
2006/2007	325,847	-7	25.65 ^r	299,492	-9	23.57
2007/2008	332,828	2	25.99	300,386	0	23.46
Manitoba						
2003/2004	20,934	3	18.02	20,564	1	17.70
2004/2005	21,365	2	18.25	20,583	0	17.58
2005/2006	23,531	10	20.04	22,074	7	18.80
2006/2007	23,118	-2	19.62 ^r	21,268	-4	18.05
2007/2008	24,511	6	20.66	22,102	4	18.62
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	12,937	6	13.01	12,646	3	12.71
2004/2005	14,468	12	14.54	13,832	9	13.90
2005/2006	16,631	15	16.80	15,558	12	15.71
2006/2007	16,935	2	17.15 ^r	15,522	0	15.72
2007/2008	19,147	13	19.21	17,065	10	17.12
Alberta						
2003/2004	39,716	8	12.56	38,042	4	12.03
2004/2005	42,692	7	13.31	40,314	6	12.57
2005/2006	49,469	16	15.08 ^r	45,762	14	13.95
2006/2007	48,297	-2	14.33 ^r	43,007	-6	12.76
2007/2008	53,606	11	15.43	45,467	6	13.09

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4 – continued

Total legal aid plan expenditures, current and constant dollars

	Current dollars			2002 constant dollars ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²	Total	Percentage change	Per capita ²
	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars	thousands of dollars	percent	dollars
British Columbia						
2003/2004	69,609	-2	16.75	68,111	-5	16.39
2004/2005	60,623	-13	14.42	58,179	-15	13.84
2005/2006	66,810	10	15.68 ^r	62,850	8	14.75
2006/2007	72,217	8	16.72 ^r	66,806	6	15.46
2007/2008	78,122	8	17.84	71,020	6	16.21
Yukon						
2003/2004	1,282	0	41.93	1,258	-2	41.15
2004/2005	1,596	24	51.69 ^r	1,550	23	50.19
2005/2006	1,714	7	55.20 ^r	1,628	5	52.42
2006/2007	1,695	-1	54.31 ^r	1,587	-2	50.85
2007/2008	1,617	-5	52.18	1,477	-7	47.65
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	3,947	5	93.46	3,858	2	91.36
2004/2005	4,125	5	96.33 ^r	3,974	3	92.80
2005/2006	4,380	6	102.52 ^r	4,113	3	96.26
2006/2007	4,487	2	105.82 ^r	4,166	1	98.26
2007/2008	5,058	13	118.63	4,565	10	107.07
Nunavut						
2003/2004	4,749	21	162.83	4,740	21	162.51
2004/2005	5,023	6	169.52 ^r	4,963	5	167.51
2005/2006	5,430	8	180.92 ^r	5,277	6	175.82
2006/2007	5,575	3	183.39 ^r	5,330	1	175.32
2007/2008	..	...	...	...	...	...
Total						
2003/2004	602,639	...	19.03	586,225	...	18.51
2004/2005	607,596	...	18.99	580,321	...	18.14
2005/2006	673,312	...	20.84 ^r	629,264	...	19.47
2006/2007	658,820	-2	20.18 ^r	603,868	-4	18.50
2007/2008	670,026	...	20.32	600,920	...	18.22

1. In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 2002=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index.
2. The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 20% of total legal aid expenditures. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 5
Total legal aid plan expenditures by type of expenditure

	Total		Direct legal service expenditures				Central administrative expenditures		Other expenditures	
			Criminal matters		Civil matters					
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador										
2003/2004	6,887	4,299	62	2,588	38	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	.	...	.	...
Prince Edward Island										
2003/2004	965	648	67	317	33	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	1,442	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia										
2003/2004	13,965	6,864	49	5,791	41	1,310	9	0	0	
2004/2005	16,309	8,384	51	6,441	39	1,220	7	264	2	
2005/2006	18,466	9,398	51	7,811	42	1,188	6	69	0	
2006/2007	18,978	9,883	52	7,937	42	1,084	6	74	0	
2007/2008	21,314	11,576	54	8,312	39	1,352	6	74	0	
New Brunswick										
2003/2004	5,147	2,666	52	1,814	35	667	13	0	0	
2004/2005	4,987	2,719	55	1,547	31	721	14	0	0	
2005/2006	6,325	3,474	55	1,781	28	1,070	17	0	0	
2006/2007	6,959	4,077	59	2,101	30	781	11	0	0	
2007/2008	6,297	3,052	48	2,611	41	634	10	0	0	
Quebec 1										
2003/2004	123,031	41,789	34	69,710	57	10,624	9	908	1	
2004/2005	132,225	46,329	35	73,388	56	11,176	8	1,332	1	
2005/2006	128,891	46,716	36	69,871	54	11,293	9	1,011	1	
2006/2007	134,712	50,485	37	69,880	52	13,287	10	1,060	1	
2007/2008	127,526	49,572	39	64,973	51	11,968	9	1,013	1	
Ontario 2										
2003/2004	299,470	111,059	37	137,702	46	56,130	19	-5,422	-2	
2004/2005	302,741	105,330	35	129,202	43	52,365	17	15,844	5	
2005/2006	351,665	143,957	41	138,768	39	52,338	15	16,602	5	
2006/2007	325,847	119,951	37	134,841	41	55,130	17	15,925	5	
2007/2008	332,828	121,431	36	130,256	39	54,907	16	26,234	8	
Manitoba										
2003/2004	20,934	10,775	51	5,512	26	4,131	20	516	2	
2004/2005	21,365	9,503	44	7,225	34	4,095	19	542	3	
2005/2006	23,531	11,069	47	7,282	31	4,606	20	574	2	
2006/2007	23,118	11,506	50	5,997	26	5,050	22	565	2	
2007/2008	24,511	12,928	53	6,091	25	4,850	20	642	3	
Saskatchewan										
2003/2004	12,937	8,124	63	3,838	30	890	7	85	1	
2004/2005	14,468	9,441	65	3,920	27	1,064	7	43	0	
2005/2006	16,631	10,639	64	4,377	26	1,543	9	72	0	
2006/2007	16,935	11,299	67	4,457	26	1,134	7	45	0	
2007/2008	19,147	13,121	69	4,539	24	1,409	7	78	0	
Alberta										
2003/2004	39,716	20,373	51	15,167	38	3,951	10	225	1	
2004/2005	42,692	21,752	51	15,888	37	4,832	11	220	1	
2005/2006	49,469	24,389	49	18,243	37	6,397	13	440	1	
2006/2007	48,297	24,758	51	16,498	34	6,645	14	396	1	
2007/2008	53,606	26,827	50	17,856	33	8,343	16	580	1	
British Columbia										
2003/2004	69,609	36,672	53	21,601	31	6,705	10	4,631	7	
2004/2005	60,623	33,026	54	15,321	25	7,973	13	4,303	7	
2005/2006	66,810	35,329	53	17,525	26	9,236	14	4,720	7	
2006/2007	72,217	38,121	53	19,278	27	9,411	13	5,407	7	
2007/2008	78,122	39,549	51	20,198	26	11,151	14	7,224	9	
Yukon										
2003/2004	1,282	768	60	284	22	230	18	0	0	
2004/2005	1,596	799	50	438	27	290	18	68	4	
2005/2006	1,714	923	54	477	28	260	15	54	3	
2006/2007	1,695	925	55	439	26	264	16	67	4	
2007/2008	1,617	909	56	416	26	278	17	14	1	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 5 – continued

Total legal aid plan expenditures by type of expenditure

	Total		Direct legal service expenditures				Central administrative expenditures		Other expenditures	
			Criminal matters		Civil matters					
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent		
Northwest Territories³										
2003/2004	3,947	..	...	..	...	1,103	28	65	2
2004/2005	4,125	..	...	..	...	621	15	828	20
2005/2006	4,380	1,660	38	1,054	24	634	14	1,032	24	
2006/2007	4,487	1,907	43	956	21	606	14	1,018	23	
2007/2008	5,058	2,419	48	1,029	20	566	11	1,045	21	
Nunavut										
2003/2004	4,749	1,864	39	722	15	2,057	43	106	2	
2004/2005	5,023	1,650	33	650	13	2,322	46	401	8	
2005/2006	5,430	2,040	38	561	10	2,328	43	501	9	
2006/2007	5,575	2,500	45	499	9	2,378	43	198	4	
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total										
2003/2004	602,639	...	...	...	...	87,798	15	1,114	0
2004/2005	607,596	...	...	...	...	86,679	14	23,845	4
2005/2006	673,312	289,594	43	267,750	40	90,893	13	25,075	4	
2006/2007	658,820	275,412	42	262,883	40	95,770	15	24,755	4	
2007/2008	670,026	281,384	42	256,281	38	95,458	14	36,904	6	

- For Quebec, the breakdown between direct legal service and central administrative expenditures is estimated.
 - Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 20% of total legal aid expenditures. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
 - Prior to 2005/2006, a breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 6
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures

	Total	Total direct expenditures	Percent of total	Direct legal service expenditures			
				Criminal matters		Civil matters	
				thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent ¹
Newfoundland and Labrador							
2003/2004	6,887	6,887	100	4,299	62	2,588	38
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island							
2003/2004	965	965	100	648	67	317	33
2004/2005	1,442	1,442	100	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia							
2003/2004	13,965	12,655	91	6,864	54	5,791	46
2004/2005	16,309	14,825	91	8,384	57	6,441	43
2005/2006	18,466	17,209	93	9,398	55	7,811	45
2006/2007	18,978	17,820	94	9,883	55	7,937	45
2007/2008	21,314	19,888	93	11,576	58	8,312	42
New Brunswick							
2003/2004	5,147	4,480	87	2,666	60	1,814	40
2004/2005	4,987	4,266	86	2,719	64	1,547	36
2005/2006	6,325	5,255	83	3,474	66	1,781	34
2006/2007	6,959	6,178	89	4,077	66	2,101	34
2007/2008	6,297	5,663	90	3,052	54	2,611	46
Quebec ²							
2003/2004	123,031	111,499	91	41,789	37	69,710	63
2004/2005	132,225	119,717	91	46,329	39	73,388	61
2005/2006	128,891	116,587	90	46,716	40	69,871	60
2006/2007	134,712	120,365	89	50,485	42	69,880	58
2007/2008	127,526	114,545	90	49,572	43	64,973	57
Ontario ³							
2003/2004	299,470	248,762	83	111,059	45	137,702	55
2004/2005	302,741	234,532	77	105,330	45	129,202	55
2005/2006	351,665	282,725	80	143,957	51	138,768	49
2006/2007	325,847	254,792	78	119,951	47	134,841	53
2007/2008	332,828	251,687	76	121,431	48	130,256	52
Manitoba							
2003/2004	20,934	16,287	78	10,775	66	5,512	34
2004/2005	21,365	16,728	78	9,503	57	7,225	43
2005/2006	23,531	18,351	78	11,069	60	7,282	40
2006/2007	23,118	17,503	76	11,506	66	5,997	34
2007/2008	24,511	19,019	78	12,928	68	6,091	32
Saskatchewan							
2003/2004	12,937	11,962	92	8,124	68	3,838	32
2004/2005	14,468	13,361	92	9,441	71	3,920	29
2005/2006	16,631	15,016	90	10,639	71	4,377	29
2006/2007	16,935	15,756	93	11,299	72	4,457	28
2007/2008	19,147	17,660	92	13,121	74	4,539	26
Alberta							
2003/2004	39,716	35,540	89	20,373	57	15,167	43
2004/2005	42,692	37,640	88	21,752	58	15,888	42
2005/2006	49,469	42,632	86	24,389	57	18,243	43
2006/2007	48,297	41,256	85	24,758	60	16,498	40
2007/2008	53,606	44,683	83	26,827	60	17,856	40
British Columbia							
2003/2004	69,609	58,273	84	36,672	63	21,601	37
2004/2005	60,623	48,347	80	33,026	68	15,321	32
2005/2006	66,810	52,854	79	35,329	67	17,525	33
2006/2007	72,217	57,399	79	38,121	66	19,278	34
2007/2008	78,122	59,747	76	39,549	66	20,198	34

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 6 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures

	Total	Total direct expenditures	Percent of total	Direct legal service expenditures			
				Criminal matters		Civil matters	
				thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent ¹
Yukon							
2003/2004	1,282	1,052	82	768	73	284	27
2004/2005	1,596	1,237	78	799	65	438	35
2005/2006	1,714	1,400	82	923	66	477	34
2006/2007	1,695	1,364	80	925	68	439	32
2007/2008	1,617	1,325	82	909	69	416	31
Northwest Territories⁴							
2003/2004	3,947	2,779	70	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	4,125	2,677	65	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	4,380	2,714	62	1,660	61	1,054	39
2006/2007	4,487	2,863	64	1,907	67	956	33
2007/2008	5,058	3,448	68	2,419	70	1,029	30
Nunavut							
2003/2004	4,749	2,586	54	1,864	72	722	28
2004/2005	5,023	2,300	46	1,650	72	650	28
2005/2006	5,430	2,601	48	2,040	78	561	22
2006/2007	5,575	2,999	54	2,500	83	499	17
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total							
2003/2004	602,639	513,727	85	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	607,596	497,072	82	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	673,312	557,344	83	289,594	52	267,750	48
2006/2007	658,820	538,295	82	275,412	51	262,883	49
2007/2008	670,026	537,665	80	281,384	52	256,281	48

1. Percent of direct expenditures

2. For Quebec, the breakdown in direct legal expenditures is estimated.

3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 20% of total legal aid expenditures. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

4. Prior to 2005/2006, a breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 7-1
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Total

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	6,887	6,853	100	35	1
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	965	671	70	294	30
2004/2005	1,442	1,137	79	305	21
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	12,655	10,311	81	2,344	19
2004/2005	14,825	11,611	78	3,214	22
2005/2006	17,209	13,463	78	3,746	22
2006/2007	17,820	14,441	81	3,379	19
2007/2008	19,888	15,702	79	4,186	21
New Brunswick 1					
2003/2004	4,480	1,430	32	3,050	68
2004/2005	4,266	2,836	66	1,430	34
2005/2006	5,255	3,930	75	1,325	25
2006/2007	6,178	4,664	75	1,514	25
2007/2008	5,663	2,890	51	2,773	49
Quebec 2					
2003/2004	111,499	61,716	55	49,783	45
2004/2005	119,717	73,114	61	46,603	39
2005/2006	116,587	68,745	59	47,842	41
2006/2007	120,365	77,001	64	43,364	36
2007/2008	114,545	68,942	60	45,603	40
Ontario 3					
2003/2004	248,762	64,838	26	183,924	74
2004/2005	234,532	57,642	25	176,890	75
2005/2006	282,725	60,536	21	222,189	79
2006/2007	254,792	62,609	25	192,183	75
2007/2008	251,687	65,910	26	185,777	74
Manitoba					
2003/2004	16,287	7,625	47	8,662	53
2004/2005	16,728	8,586	51	8,142	49
2005/2006	18,351	9,132	50	9,219	50
2006/2007	17,503	9,644	55	7,859	45
2007/2008	19,019	10,303	54	8,716	46
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	11,962	10,828	91	1,134	9
2004/2005	13,361	11,845	89	1,516	11
2005/2006	15,016	13,526	90	1,490	10
2006/2007	15,756	14,013	89	1,743	11
2007/2008	17,660	15,138	86	2,522	14
Alberta					
2003/2004	35,540	7,732	22	27,808	78
2004/2005	37,640	8,869	24	28,771	76
2005/2006	42,632	9,757	23	32,875	77
2006/2007	41,256	10,688	26	30,568	74
2007/2008	44,683	12,909	29	31,774	71
British Columbia					
2003/2004	58,273	7,124	12	51,149	88
2004/2005	48,347	7,598	16	40,749	84
2005/2006	52,854	7,198	14	45,656	86
2006/2007	57,399	7,312	13	50,087	87
2007/2008	59,747	7,648	13	52,099	87

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7-1 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	1,052		915	87	137	13
2004/2005	1,237		1,092	88	145	12
2005/2006	1,400		1,196	85	204	15
2006/2007	1,364		1,186	87	178	13
2007/2008	1,325		1,161	88	164	12
Northwest Territories 4						
2003/2004	2,779		1,224	44	1,556	56
2004/2005	2,677		1,031	39	1,645	61
2005/2006	2,714		1,155	43	1,559	57
2006/2007	2,863		1,186	41	1,677	59
2007/2008	3,448		1,503	44	1,945	56
Nunavut						
2003/2004	2,586		1,251	48	1,335	52
2004/2005	2,300		1,050	46	1,250	54
2005/2006	2,601		1,122	43	1,479	57
2006/2007	2,999		964	32	2,035	68
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	513,727		182,518	36	331,211	64
2004/2005	497,072		186,411	38	310,660	62
2005/2006	557,344		189,760	34	367,584	66
2006/2007	538,295		203,708	38	334,587	62
2007/2008	537,665		202,106	38	335,559	62

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.

2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.

3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 80% of direct legal aid expenditures on staff lawyers. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

4. Prior to 2005/2006, a breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 7-2
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Criminal matters

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	4,299	4,268	99	31	1
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	648	550	85	98	15
2004/2005	..	..	..	151	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	6,864	5,792	84	1,072	16
2004/2005	8,384	6,863	82	1,521	18
2005/2006	9,398	7,545	80	1,853	20
2006/2007	9,883	8,188	83	1,695	17
2007/2008	11,576	9,280	80	2,296	20
New Brunswick 1					
2003/2004	2,666	239	9	2,427	91
2004/2005	2,719	1,701	63	1,018	37
2005/2006	3,474	2,594	75	880	25
2006/2007	4,077	3,089	76	988	24
2007/2008	3,052	2,100	69	952	31
Quebec 2					
2003/2004	41,789	20,342	49	21,447	51
2004/2005	46,329	26,661	58	19,668	42
2005/2006	46,716	25,756	55	20,960	45
2006/2007	50,485	31,198	62	19,287	38
2007/2008	49,572	26,272	53	23,300	47
Ontario 3					
2003/2004	111,059	6,281	6	104,778	94
2004/2005	105,330	6,504	6	98,826	94
2005/2006	143,957	8,216	6	135,741	94
2006/2007	119,951	8,923	7	111,028	93
2007/2008	121,431	9,850	8	111,580	92
Manitoba					
2003/2004	10,775	5,051	47	5,724	53
2004/2005	9,503	4,144	44	5,359	56
2005/2006	11,069	4,528	41	6,541	59
2006/2007	11,506	5,883	51	5,623	49
2007/2008	12,928	6,324	49	6,604	51
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	8,124	7,231	89	893	11
2004/2005	9,441	8,077	86	1,364	14
2005/2006	10,639	9,301	87	1,338	13
2006/2007	11,299	9,763	86	1,536	14
2007/2008	13,121	10,804	82	2,317	18
Alberta					
2003/2004	20,373	3,096	15	17,277	85
2004/2005	21,752	3,610	17	18,142	83
2005/2006	24,389	3,758	15	20,631	85
2006/2007	24,758	4,697	19	20,061	81
2007/2008	26,827	4,964	19	21,863	81
British Columbia					
2003/2004	36,672	3,715	10	32,957	90
2004/2005	33,026	4,052	12	28,974	88
2005/2006	35,329	3,804	11	31,525	89
2006/2007	38,121	3,920	10	34,201	90
2007/2008	39,549	4,063	10	35,486	90

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7-2 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Criminal matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	768	645	84		123	16
2004/2005	799	668	84		132	17
2005/2006	923	727	79		196	21
2006/2007	925	754	82		171	18
2007/2008	909	751	83		158	17
Northwest Territories ⁴						
2003/2004	..	..	...		..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...		1,343	...
2005/2006	1,660	350	21		1,311	79
2006/2007	1,907	420	22		1,487	78
2007/2008	2,419	666	28		1,753	72
Nunavut						
2003/2004	1,864	796	43		1,068	57
2004/2005	1,650	700	42		950	58
2005/2006	2,040	700	34		1,340	66
2006/2007	2,500	500	20		2,000	80
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...		...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...		...	...
2005/2006	289,594	67,279	23		222,316	77
2006/2007	275,412	77,335	28		198,077	72
2007/2008	281,384	75,074	27		206,309	73

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 80% of direct legal aid expenditures on staff lawyers. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
4. Prior to 2005/2006, a breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 7-3
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Civil matters

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	2,588	2,585	100	3	0
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	317	121	38	196	62
2004/2005	..	..	...	154	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	5,791	4,519	78	1,272	22
2004/2005	6,441	4,748	74	1,693	26
2005/2006	7,811	5,918	76	1,893	24
2006/2007	7,937	6,253	79	1,684	21
2007/2008	8,312	6,422	77	1,890	23
New Brunswick 1					
2003/2004	1,814	1,191	66	623	34
2004/2005	1,547	1,135	73	412	27
2005/2006	1,781	1,336	75	445	25
2006/2007	2,101	1,575	75	526	25
2007/2008	2,611	790	30	1,821	70
Quebec 2					
2003/2004	69,710	41,374	59	28,336	41
2004/2005	73,388	46,453	63	26,935	37
2005/2006	69,871	42,989	62	26,882	38
2006/2007	69,880	45,803	66	24,077	34
2007/2008	64,973	42,670	66	22,303	34
Ontario 3					
2003/2004	137,702	58,557	43	79,145	57
2004/2005	129,202	51,138	40	78,064	60
2005/2006	138,768	52,320	38	86,448	62
2006/2007	134,841	53,686	40	81,155	60
2007/2008	130,256	56,060	43	74,197	57
Manitoba					
2003/2004	5,512	2,574	47	2,938	53
2004/2005	7,225	4,442	61	2,783	39
2005/2006	7,282	4,604	63	2,678	37
2006/2007	5,997	3,761	63	2,236	37
2007/2008	6,091	3,979	65	2,112	35
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	3,838	3,597	94	241	6
2004/2005	3,920	3,768	96	152	4
2005/2006	4,377	4,225	97	152	3
2006/2007	4,457	4,250	95	207	5
2007/2008	4,539	4,334	95	205	5
Alberta					
2003/2004	15,167	4,636	31	10,531	69
2004/2005	15,888	5,259	33	10,629	67
2005/2006	18,243	5,999	33	12,244	67
2006/2007	16,498	5,991	36	10,507	64
2007/2008	17,856	7,945	44	9,911	56
British Columbia					
2003/2004	21,601	3,409	16	18,192	84
2004/2005	15,321	3,546	23	11,775	77
2005/2006	17,525	3,394	19	14,131	81
2006/2007	19,278	3,392	18	15,886	82
2007/2008	20,198	3,585	18	16,613	82

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 7-3 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Civil matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	284		95		14	5
2004/2005	438		97		14	3
2005/2006	477		98		8	2
2006/2007	439		98		7	2
2007/2008	416		99		6	1
Northwest Territories 4						
2003/2004	..	..	...	..	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	302	...
2005/2006	1,054	806	76		248	24
2006/2007	956	766	80		190	20
2007/2008	1,029	837	81		192	19
Nunavut						
2003/2004	722	455	63		267	37
2004/2005	650	350	54		300	46
2005/2006	561	422	75		139	25
2006/2007	499	464	93		35	7
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...		...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...		...	...
2005/2006	267,750	122,482	46		145,268	54
2006/2007	262,883	126,373	48		136,510	52
2007/2008	256,281	127,032	50		129,250	50

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.

2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.

3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 80% of direct legal aid expenditures on staff lawyers. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

4. Prior to 2005/2006, a breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary .]

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

**Table 8-1
 Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Total**

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹					
2003/2004	4,299	4,268	99	31	1
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	648	550	85	98	15
2004/2005	..	..	..	151	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	6,864	5,792	84	1,072	16
2004/2005	8,384	6,863	82	1,521	18
2005/2006	9,398	7,545	80	1,853	20
2006/2007	9,883	8,188	83	1,695	17
2007/2008	11,576	9,280	80	2,296	20
New Brunswick ²					
2003/2004	2,666	239	9	2,427	91
2004/2005	2,719	1,701	63	1,018	37
2005/2006	3,474	2,594	75	880	25
2006/2007	4,077	3,089	76	988	24
2007/2008	3,052	2,100	69	952	31
Quebec ³					
2003/2004	41,789	20,342	49	21,447	51
2004/2005	46,329	26,661	58	19,668	42
2005/2006	46,716	25,756	55	20,960	45
2006/2007	50,485	31,198	62	19,287	38
2007/2008	49,572	26,272	53	23,300	47
Ontario ^{1, 4}					
2003/2004	111,059	6,281	6	104,778	94
2004/2005	105,330	6,504	6	98,826	94
2005/2006	143,957	8,216	6	135,741	94
2006/2007	119,951	8,923	7	111,028	93
2007/2008	121,431	9,850	8	111,580	92
Manitoba					
2003/2004	10,775	5,051	47	5,724	53
2004/2005	9,503	4,144	44	5,359	56
2005/2006	11,069	4,528	41	6,541	59
2006/2007	11,506	5,883	51	5,623	49
2007/2008	12,928	6,324	49	6,604	51
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	8,124	7,231	89	893	11
2004/2005	9,441	8,077	86	1,364	14
2005/2006	10,639	9,301	87	1,338	13
2006/2007	11,299	9,763	86	1,536	14
2007/2008	13,121	10,804	82	2,317	18
Alberta					
2003/2004	20,373	3,096	15	17,277	85
2004/2005	21,752	3,610	17	18,142	83
2005/2006	24,389	3,758	15	20,631	85
2006/2007	24,758	4,697	19	20,061	81
2007/2008	26,827	4,964	19	21,863	81
British Columbia					
2003/2004	36,672	3,715	10	32,957	90
2004/2005	33,026	4,052	12	28,974	88
2005/2006	35,329	3,804	11	31,525	89
2006/2007	38,121	3,920	10	34,201	90
2007/2008	39,549	4,063	10	35,486	90

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8-1 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	768	84	645	84	123	16
2004/2005	799	84	668	84	132	17
2005/2006	923	79	727	79	196	21
2006/2007	925	82	754	82	171	18
2007/2008	909	83	751	83	158	17
Northwest Territories ¹						
2003/2004	..	...	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	...	..	...	1,343	...
2005/2006	1,660	21	350	21	1,311	79
2006/2007	1,907	22	420	22	1,487	78
2007/2008	2,419	28	666	28	1,753	72
Nunavut ⁵						
2003/2004	1,864	43	796	43	1,068	57
2004/2005	1,650	42	700	42	950	58
2005/2006	2,040	34	700	34	1,340	66
2006/2007	2,500	20	500	20	2,000	80
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	245,901	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	238,933	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	289,594	23	67,279	23	222,316	77
2006/2007	275,412	28	77,335	28	198,077	72
2007/2008	281,384	27	75,074	27	206,309	73

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario, and the Northwest Territories, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.
 2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 3. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
 4. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
 5. In Nunavut, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences and youth criminal matters are included under adult criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 8-2
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Adult

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹					
2003/2004	3,363	3,333	99	30	1
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	585	490	84	95	16
2004/2005	..	..	...	147	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	5,511	4,592	83	919	17
2004/2005	6,692	5,348	80	1,344	20
2005/2006	7,849	6,225	79	1,624	21
2006/2007	8,251	6,787	82	1,464	18
2007/2008	9,453	7,521	80	1,932	20
New Brunswick ²					
2003/2004	2,421	239	10	2,182	90
2004/2005	2,480	1,533	62	947	38
2005/2006	3,224	2,407	75	817	25
2006/2007	4,023	3,089	77	934	23
2007/2008	3,025	2,100	69	925	31
Quebec ³					
2003/2004	34,428	16,175	47	18,253	53
2004/2005	37,087	20,503	55	16,584	45
2005/2006	37,451	19,801	53	17,650	47
2006/2007	42,071	25,786	61	16,285	39
2007/2008	40,667	20,890	51	19,777	49
Ontario ^{1, 4}					
2003/2004	92,652	4,711	5	87,941	95
2004/2005	90,700	4,420	5	86,280	95
2005/2006	125,723	6,116	5	119,607	95
2006/2007	102,710	6,635	6	96,075	94
2007/2008	103,836	7,295	7	96,541	93
Manitoba					
2003/2004	8,911	4,022	45	4,889	55
2004/2005	7,891	3,271	41	4,620	59
2005/2006	9,440	3,751	40	5,689	60
2006/2007	9,395	4,587	49	4,808	51
2007/2008	10,460	4,942	47	5,518	53
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	6,505	5,740	88	765	12
2004/2005	7,675	6,518	85	1,157	15
2005/2006	7,599	7,362	97	237	3
2006/2007	9,237	7,911	86	1,326	14
2007/2008	10,592	8,620	81	1,972	19
Alberta					
2003/2004	15,470	648	4	14,822	96
2004/2005	17,026	1,088	6	15,938	94
2005/2006	19,502	1,347	7	18,155	93
2006/2007	19,880	2,184	11	17,696	89
2007/2008	21,037	1,880	9	19,157	91
British Columbia					
2003/2004	32,539	3,255	10	29,284	90
2004/2005	29,450	3,556	12	25,894	88
2005/2006	31,903	3,345	10	28,558	90
2006/2007	34,390	3,453	10	30,937	90
2007/2008	35,608	3,602	10	32,006	90

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8-2 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Adult

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	698	582	83		116	17
2004/2005	732	606	83		126	17
2005/2006	846	659	78		187	22
2006/2007	846	682	81		164	19
2007/2008	800	648	81		152	19
Northwest Territories ¹						
2003/2004	..	..	...		..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...		1,325	...
2005/2006	1,633	350	21		1,283	79
2006/2007	1,874	420	22		1,454	78
2007/2008	2,400	666	28		1,734	72
Nunavut ⁵						
2003/2004	1,822	796	44		1,026	56
2004/2005	1,380	580	42		800	58
2005/2006	2,015	700	35		1,315	65
2006/2007	2,500	500	20		2,000	80
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...		...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...		...	...
2005/2006	247,185	52,063	21		195,122	79
2006/2007	235,177	62,034	26		173,143	74
2007/2008	237,878	58,164	24		179,714	76

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario, and the Northwest Territories, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.
 2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 3. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
 4. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
 5. In Nunavut, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences and youth criminal matters are included under adult criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 8-3
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Youth

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹					
2003/2004	936	935	100	1	0
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	63	60	95	3	5
2004/2005	..	..	..	4	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	1,353	1,200	89	153	11
2004/2005	1,692	1,515	90	177	10
2005/2006	1,549	1,320	85	229	15
2006/2007	1,632	1,401	86	231	14
2007/2008	2,123	1,759	83	364	17
New Brunswick ²					
2003/2004	150	0	0	150	100
2004/2005	166	133	80	33	20
2005/2006	229	171	75	58	25
2006/2007	54	0	0	54	100
2007/2008	27	0	0	27	100
Quebec ³					
2003/2004	5,239	3,427	65	1,812	35
2004/2005	7,259	5,423	75	1,836	25
2005/2006	7,074	5,159	73	1,915	27
2006/2007	5,910	4,242	72	1,668	28
2007/2008	6,574	4,474	68	2,100	32
Ontario ^{1, 4}					
2003/2004	18,407	1,570	9	16,837	91
2004/2005	14,584	2,038	14	12,546	86
2005/2006	18,187	2,053	11	16,134	89
2006/2007	17,150	2,197	13	14,953	87
2007/2008	17,408	2,368	14	15,039	86
Manitoba					
2003/2004	1,827	1,018	56	809	44
2004/2005	1,571	844	54	727	46
2005/2006	1,597	756	47	841	53
2006/2007	2,086	1,285	62	801	38
2007/2008	2,385	1,377	58	1,008	42
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	1,616	1,490	92	126	8
2004/2005	1,763	1,558	88	205	12
2005/2006	3,035	1,937	64	1,098	36
2006/2007	2,057	1,850	90	207	10
2007/2008	2,522	2,181	86	341	14
Alberta					
2003/2004	4,786	2,448	51	2,338	49
2004/2005	4,616	2,522	55	2,094	45
2005/2006	4,768	2,411	51	2,357	49
2006/2007	4,782	2,513	53	2,269	47
2007/2008	5,695	3,084	54	2,611	46
British Columbia					
2003/2004	3,513	378	11	3,135	89
2004/2005	3,186	416	13	2,770	87
2005/2006	3,169	402	13	2,767	87
2006/2007	3,526	416	12	3,110	88
2007/2008	3,729	407	11	3,322	89

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8-3 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Youth

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	70	63	90	7	10	
2004/2005	68	62	91	6	9	
2005/2006	77	68	88	9	12	
2006/2007	79	72	91	7	9	
2007/2008	109	103	94	6	6	
Northwest Territories ¹						
2003/2004	..	.	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	.	...	18	...	
2005/2006	28	.	...	28	100	
2006/2007	33	.	...	33	100	
2007/2008	19	.	...	19	100	
Nunavut ⁵						
2003/2004	42	0	0	42	100	
2004/2005	270	120	44	150	56	
2005/2006	25	0	0	25	100	
2006/2007	0	0	...	0	...	
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	39,738	14,277	36	25,461	64	
2006/2007	37,309	13,976	37	23,333	63	
2007/2008	40,591	15,753	39	24,837	61	

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario, and the Northwest Territories, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.
 2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 3. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
 4. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
 5. In Nunavut, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences and youth criminal matters are included under adult criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 8-4

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Provincial offences

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador¹						
2003/2004	.	.	...	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	.	...	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.	.	...	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	.	...	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	.	.	...	0	...	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	0	...	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	0	...	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	0	...	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	0	...	...
New Brunswick²						
2003/2004	95	0	0	95	100	100
2004/2005	73	35	48	38	52	52
2005/2006	21	16	76	5	24	24
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quebec³						
2003/2004	2,122	740	35	1,382	65	65
2004/2005	1,983	735	37	1,248	63	63
2005/2006	2,191	796	36	1,395	64	64
2006/2007	2,504	1,170	47	1,334	53	53
2007/2008	2,331	908	39	1,423	61	61
Ontario^{1, 4}						
2003/2004	..	..	...	.	...	...
2004/2005	46	46	100	.	...	...
2005/2006	47	47	100	.	...	...
2006/2007	91	91	100	.	...	...
2007/2008	187	187	100	.	...	...
Manitoba						
2003/2004	37	11	30	26	70	70
2004/2005	41	29	71	12	29	29
2005/2006	32	21	66	11	34	34
2006/2007	25	11	44	14	56	56
2007/2008	83	5	6	78	94	94
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	3	1	33	2	67	67
2004/2005	3	1	33	2	67	67
2005/2006	5	2	40	3	60	60
2006/2007	5	2	40	3	60	60
2007/2008	7	3	43	4	57	57
Alberta						
2003/2004	117	0	0	117	100	100
2004/2005	110	0	0	110	100	100
2005/2006	119	0	0	119	100	100
2006/2007	96	0	0	96	100	100
2007/2008	95	0	0	95	100	100
British Columbia						
2003/2004	620	82	13	538	87	87
2004/2005	390	80	21	310	79	79
2005/2006	257	57	22	200	78	78
2006/2007	205	51	25	154	75	75
2007/2008	212	54	25	158	75	75

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8-4 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Provincial offences

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories ¹						
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	.	...
Nunavut ⁵						
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	.	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	2,672	35	939	35	1,733	65
2006/2007	2,926	45	1,325	45	1,601	55
2007/2008	2,915	40	1,157	40	1,758	60

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Ontario, and the Northwest Territories, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
4. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.
5. In Nunavut, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences and youth criminal matters are included under adult criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 9-1
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Total

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	2,588	2,585	100	3	0
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	317	121	38	196	62
2004/2005	..	..	...	154	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	5,791	4,519	78	1,272	22
2004/2005	6,441	4,748	74	1,693	26
2005/2006	7,811	5,918	76	1,893	24
2006/2007	7,937	6,253	79	1,684	21
2007/2008	8,312	6,422	77	1,890	23
New Brunswick 1					
2003/2004	1,814	1,191	66	623	34
2004/2005	1,547	1,135	73	412	27
2005/2006	1,781	1,336	75	445	25
2006/2007	2,101	1,575	75	526	25
2007/2008	2,611	790	30	1,821	70
Quebec 2					
2003/2004	69,710	41,374	59	28,336	41
2004/2005	73,388	46,453	63	26,935	37
2005/2006	69,871	42,989	62	26,882	38
2006/2007	69,880	45,803	66	24,077	34
2007/2008	64,973	42,670	66	22,303	34
Ontario 3					
2003/2004	137,702	58,557	43	79,145	57
2004/2005	129,202	51,138	40	78,064	60
2005/2006	138,768	52,320	38	86,448	62
2006/2007	134,841	53,686	40	81,155	60
2007/2008	130,256	56,060	43	74,197	57
Manitoba					
2003/2004	5,512	2,574	47	2,938	53
2004/2005	7,225	4,442	61	2,783	39
2005/2006	7,282	4,604	63	2,678	37
2006/2007	5,997	3,761	63	2,236	37
2007/2008	6,091	3,979	65	2,112	35
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	3,838	3,597	94	241	6
2004/2005	3,920	3,768	96	152	4
2005/2006	4,377	4,225	97	152	3
2006/2007	4,457	4,250	95	207	5
2007/2008	4,539	4,334	95	205	5
Alberta					
2003/2004	15,167	4,636	31	10,531	69
2004/2005	15,888	5,259	33	10,629	67
2005/2006	18,243	5,999	33	12,244	67
2006/2007	16,498	5,991	36	10,507	64
2007/2008	17,856	7,945	44	9,911	56
British Columbia					
2003/2004	21,601	3,409	16	18,192	84
2004/2005	15,321	3,546	23	11,775	77
2005/2006	17,525	3,394	19	14,131	81
2006/2007	19,278	3,392	18	15,886	82
2007/2008	20,198	3,585	18	16,613	82

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 9-1 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	284	270	95		14	5
2004/2005	438	424	97		14	3
2005/2006	477	469	98		8	2
2006/2007	439	432	98		7	2
2007/2008	416	410	99		6	1
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	..	..	...		..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...		302	...
2005/2006	1,054	806	76		248	24
2006/2007	956	766	80		190	20
2007/2008	1,029	837	81		192	19
Nunavut						
2003/2004	722	455	63		267	37
2004/2005	650	350	54		300	46
2005/2006	561	422	75		139	25
2006/2007	499	464	93		35	7
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	265,046	...	...		...	...
2004/2005	254,020	...	...		...	...
2005/2006	267,750	122,482	46		145,268	54
2006/2007	262,883	126,373	48		136,510	52
2007/2008	256,281	127,032	50		129,250	50

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 95% of direct staff expenditures on "other" civil matters. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 9-2

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Family

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent		thousands of dollars	
						percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	.	.	...	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	...	.	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	317	121	38	...	196	62
2004/2005	..	..	...	...	154	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	...	..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	5,791	4,519	78	...	1,272	22
2004/2005	6,441	4,748	74	...	1,693	26
2005/2006	7,811	5,918	76	...	1,893	24
2006/2007	7,937	6,253	79	...	1,684	21
2007/2008	8,312	6,422	77	...	1,890	23
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	1,488	1,191	80	...	297	20
2004/2005	1,547	1,135	73	...	412	27
2005/2006	1,781	1,336	75	...	445	25
2006/2007	2,101	1,575	75	...	526	25
2007/2008	2,611	790	30	...	1,821	70
Quebec 2						
2003/2004	48,972	29,207	60	...	19,765	40
2004/2005	52,663	33,148	63	...	19,515	37
2005/2006	50,314	30,427	60	...	19,887	40
2006/2007	50,906	32,613	64	...	18,293	36
2007/2008	46,757	30,064	64	...	16,693	36
Ontario 3						
2003/2004	..	..	...	...	52,547	...
2004/2005	54,868	2,809	5	...	52,059	95
2005/2006	58,775	2,742	5	...	56,033	95
2006/2007	57,436	2,926	5	...	54,510	95
2007/2008	53,191	3,028	6	...	50,163	94
Manitoba						
2003/2004	5,512	2,574	47	...	2,938	53
2004/2005	7,225	4,442	61	...	2,783	39
2005/2006	7,282	4,604	63	...	2,678	37
2006/2007	5,997	3,761	63	...	2,236	37
2007/2008	6,091	3,979	65	...	2,112	35
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	3,835	3,594	94	...	241	6
2004/2005	3,911	3,759	96	...	152	4
2005/2006	4,371	4,219	97	...	152	3
2006/2007	4,453	4,246	95	...	207	5
2007/2008	4,535	4,330	95	...	205	5
Alberta						
2003/2004	..	..	...	...	8,056	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	...	9,141	...
2005/2006	16,133	5,603	35	...	10,530	65
2006/2007	14,960	5,924	40	...	9,036	60
2007/2008	15,539	7,115	46	...	8,424	54
British Columbia						
2003/2004	..	..	...	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	...	..	...
2006/2007	16,931	2,289	14	...	14,642	86
2007/2008	17,529	2,342	13	...	15,187	87

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 9-2 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Family

	Total	Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars		percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon					
2003/2004	255	243	95	12	5
2004/2005	256	243	95	13	5
2005/2006	270	265	98	5	2
2006/2007	281	274	98	7	2
2007/2008	315	309	98	6	2
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	..	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	267	...
2005/2006	1,034	806	78	228	22
2006/2007	934	766	82	168	18
2007/2008	992	837	84	155	16
Nunavut					
2003/2004	722	455	63	267	37
2004/2005	570	350	61	220	39
2005/2006	561	422	75	139	25
2006/2007	452	422	93	30	7
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Total					
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	162,388	61,049	38	101,339	62
2007/2008	155,872	59,216	38	96,656	62

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 95% of direct staff expenditures on "other" civil matters. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 9-3
Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Other

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	.	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	...	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	0	...	0	...	0	...
2004/2005	0	...	0	...	0	...
2005/2006	0	...	0	...	0	...
2006/2007	0	...	0	...	0	...
2007/2008	0	...	0	...	0	...
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	326	0	0	100	326	100
2004/2005	0	...	0	...	0	...
2005/2006	0	...	0	...	0	...
2006/2007	0	...	0	...	0	...
2007/2008	0	...	0	...	0	...
Quebec 2						
2003/2004	20,738	59	12,167	59	8,571	41
2004/2005	20,725	64	13,305	64	7,420	36
2005/2006	19,557	64	12,562	64	6,995	36
2006/2007	18,974	70	13,190	70	5,784	30
2007/2008	18,216	69	12,606	69	5,610	31
Ontario 3						
2003/2004	..	...	..	...	26,599	...
2004/2005	74,334	65	48,329	65	26,005	35
2005/2006	79,993	62	49,578	62	30,415	38
2006/2007	77,405	66	50,760	66	26,645	34
2007/2008	77,065	69	53,032	69	24,034	31
Manitoba						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	...	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	3	100	3	100	0	0
2004/2005	9	100	9	100	0	0
2005/2006	6	100	6	100	0	0
2006/2007	4	100	4	100	0	0
2007/2008	4	100	4	100	0	0
Alberta						
2003/2004	7,111	65	4,636	65	2,475	35
2004/2005	6,747	78	5,259	78	1,488	22
2005/2006	2,110	19	396	19	1,714	81
2006/2007	1,538	4	67	4	1,471	96
2007/2008	2,317	36	830	36	1,487	64
British Columbia						
2003/2004	..	...	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	...	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	...	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	2,347	47	1,103	47	1,244	53
2007/2008	2,669	47	1,243	47	1,426	53

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 9-3 – continued

Legal aid plan direct legal service expenditures, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Other

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent	thousands of dollars	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	29	93	27	93	2	7
2004/2005	182	99	181	99	1	1
2005/2006	207	99	204	99	3	1
2006/2007	158	100	158	100	0	0
2007/2008	101	100	101	100	0	0
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	..	...	.	...	..	...
2004/2005	..	...	.	...	35	...
2005/2006	20	...	.	...	20	100
2006/2007	22	...	.	...	22	100
2007/2008	37	...	.	...	37	100
Nunavut						
2003/2004	0	...	0	...	0	...
2004/2005	80	0	0	0	80	100
2005/2006	0	...	0	...	0	...
2006/2007	47	89	42	89	5	11
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	100,495	65	65,324	65	35,171	35
2007/2008	100,409	68	67,816	68	32,594	32

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. For Quebec, the breakdown in expenditures for staff lawyers is estimated.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for about 95% of direct staff expenditures on "other" civil matters. Ontario's figure for direct legal aid expenditures includes an estimate for work done by private lawyers, but not billed to the legal aid plan by year-end. A change in the method used to estimate this figure resulted in a one-time increase in direct legal services expenditures (affecting criminal and civil matters) of \$33.6 million in 2005/2006.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 10
Total legal aid applications by type of matter

	Total applications		Criminal matters			Civil matters		
	Total	Percentage change	Total	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Total	Percentage change	Percentage of total
	number	percent	number	percent		number	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹								
2003/2004	8,834	...	4,572	...	52	4,262	...	48
2004/2005	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
2005/2006	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
2006/2007	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
Prince Edward Island								
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	...	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	...	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	...	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	...	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	...	.	...	...
Nova Scotia								
2003/2004	18,650	0	10,965	1	59	7,685	-2	41
2004/2005	19,458	4	11,429	4	59	8,029	4	41
2005/2006	19,948	3	11,913	4	60	8,035	0	40
2006/2007	20,327	2	12,915	8	64	7,412	-8	36
2007/2008	21,184	4	13,953	8	66	7,231	-2	34
New Brunswick								
2003/2004	2,507	5	2,129	4	85	378	10	15
2004/2005	2,220	-11	1,838	-14	83	382	1	17
2005/2006	2,321	5	1,964	7	85	357	-7	15
2006/2007	2,499	8	2,117	8	85	382	7	15
2007/2008	2,574	3	2,173	3	84	401	5	16
Quebec								
2003/2004	263,658	-1	112,229	0	43	151,429	-1	57
2004/2005	257,949	-2	113,420	1	44	144,529	-5	56
2005/2006	261,504	1	116,729	3	45	144,775	0	55
2006/2007	259,594	-1	120,924	4	47	138,670	-4	53
2007/2008	256,255	-1	121,381	0	47	134,874	-3	53
Ontario ²								
2003/2004	341,492	-6	..	...	...	..	...	...
2004/2005	329,000	...	80,000	...	24	249,000	...	76
2005/2006	347,687	6	85,535	7	25	262,152	5	75
2006/2007	337,988	-3	86,282	1	26	251,706	-4	74
2007/2008	332,837	-2	84,832	-2	25	248,005	-1	75
Manitoba ³								
2003/2004	19,091	-10	10,788	-6	57	8,303	-15	43
2004/2005	25,620	34	16,771	55	65	8,849	7	35
2005/2006	27,546	8	18,741	12	68	8,805	0	32
2006/2007	23,494	-15	15,548	-17	66	7,946	-10	34
2007/2008	22,110	-6	14,699	-5	66	7,411	-7	34
Saskatchewan								
2003/2004	22,450	2	16,540	3	74	5,910	-1	26
2004/2005	23,184	3	17,029	3	73	6,155	4	27
2005/2006	23,801	3	17,749	4	75	6,052	-2	25
2006/2007	22,585	-5	17,584	-1	78	5,001	-17	22
2007/2008	21,765	-4	17,234	-2	79	4,531	-9	21
Alberta								
2003/2004	46,465 ^r	...	31,738 ^r	...	68	14,727 ^r	...	32
2004/2005	49,682 ^r	7	32,197 ^r	1 ^r	65	17,485 ^r	19 ^r	35
2005/2006	47,477 ^r	-4 ^r	33,490 ^r	4 ^r	71 ^r	13,987 ^r	-20 ^r	29 ^r
2006/2007	44,835 ^r	-6	33,229 ^r	-1 ^r	74 ^r	11,606 ^r	-17	26 ^r
2007/2008	45,398	1 ^r	33,839	2 ^r	75	11,559	0 ^r	25

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 10 – continued

Total legal aid applications by type of matter

	Total applications		Criminal matters			Civil matters		
	Total	Percentage change	Total	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Total	Percentage change	Percentage of total
	number	percent	number	percent	percent	number	percent	percent
British Columbia⁴								
2003/2004	42,176	-21	28,821	0	68	13,355	-46	32
2004/2005	39,749	-6	27,823	-3	70	11,926	-11	30
2005/2006	41,184	4	28,381	2	69	12,803	7	31
2006/2007	41,722	1	29,024	2	70	12,698	-1	30
2007/2008	42,647	2	29,314	1	69	13,333	5	31
Yukon⁵								
2003/2004	1,388	-3	956	-11	69	432	20	31
2004/2005	1,439	4	982	3	68	457	6	32
2005/2006	1,442	0	943	-4	65	499	9	35
2006/2007	1,467	2	1,095	16	75	372	-25	25
2007/2008	1,464	0	1,088	-1	74	376	1	26
Northwest Territories⁶								
2003/2004	1,517	10	835	17	55	682	3	45
2004/2005	1,433	-6	770	-8	54	663	-3	46
2005/2006	1,522	6	848	10	56	674	2	44
2006/2007	1,455	-4	788	-7	54	667	-1	46
2007/2008	1,523	5	873	11	57	650	-3	43
Nunavut								
2003/2004	652	19	361	25	55	291	11	45
2004/2005	805	23	488	35	61	317	9	39
2005/2006	837	4	376	-23	45	461	45	55
2006/2007	862	3	435	16	50	427	-7	50
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
Total								
2003/2004	768,880 ^r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	750,539 ^r	...	302,747 ^r	...	40	447,792 ^r	...	60
2005/2006	775,269 ^r	3	316,669 ^r	5	41	458,600 ^r	2	59
2006/2007	756,828 ^r	-2	319,941 ^r	1	42	436,887 ^r	-5	58
2007/2008	747,757	...	319,386	...	43	428,371	...	57

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, a change in reporting methods is responsible for the decline in applications for legal aid in 2003/2004. Counts prior to 2003/2004 reflect the number of charges involved on legal aid applications. Beginning in 2003/2004, total applications are counted by most serious charge only. Due to this break in series, a percent change has not been calculated for 2003/2004.
 2. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, the legal aid plan received 138,614 written applications for certificate services. The clinic system does not record written applications in the way defined by the survey; however, that number can be inferred in that it provided 194,223 case, brief, advice and referral services. In 2005/2006, Ontario changed its method of calculating total applications. As a result, figures are not comparable to previous years.
 3. In Manitoba, the majority of the decrease in applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
 4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non/family civil matters.
 5. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
 6. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. The sum of approved and refused applications does not equal the total applications count for two reasons: (i) a decision to accept or reject an application may not occur in the same time period the application is made, although the number of applications carried into the next fiscal year is comparatively small. (ii) the approved application count refers to full service applications only, whereas the total applications count is the sum of applications for full and summary service.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey3308.

Table 11
Total legal aid applications by type of criminal and civil matter

	Total applications	Criminal matters						
		Total		Youth		Provincial		
		number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹								
2003/2004	8,834	4,572	3,628	79	944	21	.	...
2004/2005	..	..	..	...	..	...	.	...
2005/2006	..	..	..	...	..	...	.	...
2006/2007	..	..	..	...	..	...	.	...
2007/2008	..	..	..	...	..	...	.	...
Prince Edward Island								
2003/2004	.	.	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	.	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	.	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	.	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	.	.	...	.	...	.	...
Nova Scotia								
2003/2004	18,650	10,965	8,828	81	2,027	18	110	1
2004/2005	19,458	11,429	9,207	81	2,118	19	104	1
2005/2006	19,948	11,913	9,327	78	2,469	21	117	1
2006/2007	20,327	12,915	10,035	78	2,823	22	57	0
2007/2008	21,184	13,953	10,963	79	2,939	21	51	0
New Brunswick								
2003/2004	2,507	2,129	1,783	84	196	9	150	7
2004/2005	2,220	1,838	1,594	87	147	8	97	5
2005/2006	2,321	1,964	1,751	89	212	11	1	0
2006/2007	2,499	2,117	1,926	91	191	9	0	0
2007/2008	2,574	2,173	1,997	92	169	8	7	0
Quebec								
2003/2004	263,658	112,229	92,343	82	12,880	11	7,006	6
2004/2005	257,949	113,420	93,884	83	13,259	12	6,277	6
2005/2006	261,504	116,729	96,346	83	12,909	11	7,474	6
2006/2007	259,594	120,924	100,089	83	13,341	11	7,494	6
2007/2008	256,255	121,381	100,287	83	14,304	12	6,790	6
Ontario ²								
2003/2004	341,492	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	329,000	80,000	69,136	86	10,581	13	283	0
2005/2006	347,687	85,535	73,822	86	11,364	13	349	0
2006/2007	337,988	86,282	73,977	86	11,927	14	378	0
2007/2008	332,837	84,832	70,964	84	13,436	16	432	1
Manitoba ³								
2003/2004	19,091	10,788	9,104	84	1,684	16	.	...
2004/2005	25,620	16,771	13,746	82	3,025	18	.	...
2005/2006	27,546	18,741	15,316	82	3,425	18	.	...
2006/2007	23,494	15,548	12,393	80	3,155	20	.	...
2007/2008	22,110	14,699	11,581	79	3,118	21	.	...
Saskatchewan								
2003/2004	22,450	16,540	13,118	79	3,404	21	18	0
2004/2005	23,184	17,029	13,551	80	3,466	20	12	0
2005/2006	23,801	17,749	13,937	79	3,802	21	10	0
2006/2007	22,585	17,584	13,660	78	3,906	22	18	0
2007/2008	21,765	17,234	12,945	75	4,272	25	17	0
Alberta								
2003/2004	46,465 ^r	31,738 ^r	25,138 ^r	79 ^r	6,028	19 ^r	572 ^r	2 ^r
2004/2005	49,682 ^r	32,197 ^r	25,937 ^r	81 ^r	5,709	18 ^r	551 ^r	2
2005/2006	47,477 ^r	33,490 ^r	27,081 ^r	81 ^r	5,898	18 ^r	511 ^r	2
2006/2007	44,835 ^r	33,229 ^r	26,988 ^r	81 ^r	5,662	17 ^r	579 ^r	2
2007/2008	45,398	33,839	27,491	81	5,795	17	553	2
British Columbia ⁴								
2003/2004	42,176	28,821	24,632	85	3,389	12	800	3
2004/2005	39,749	27,823	23,915	86	3,219	12	689	2
2005/2006	41,184	28,381	24,640	87	3,241	11	500	2
2006/2007	41,722	29,024	25,375	87	3,212	11	437	2
2007/2008	42,647	29,314	25,663	88	3,218	11	433	1

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11 – continued

Total legal aid applications by type of criminal and civil matter

	Total applications	Criminal matters						
		Total		Youth		Provincial		
		number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Yukon ⁵								
2003/2004	1,388	956	893	93	63	7	0	0
2004/2005	1,439	982	872	89	110	11	0	0
2005/2006	1,442	943	836	89	107	11	0	0
2006/2007	1,467	1,095	943	86	152	14	0	0
2007/2008	1,464	1,088	903	83	184	17	1	0
Northwest Territories ⁶								
2003/2004	1,517	835	779	93	56	7	.	...
2004/2005	1,433	770	695	90	75	10	.	...
2005/2006	1,522	848	742	88	106	13	.	...
2006/2007	1,455	788	721	91	67	9	.	...
2007/2008	1,523	873	804	92	69	8	.	...
Nunavut								
2003/2004	652	361	349	97	12	3	..	...
2004/2005	805	488	466	95	22	5	..	...
2005/2006	837	376	359	95	11	3	6	2
2006/2007	862	435	420	97	15	3	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total								
2003/2004	768,880 ^r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	750,539 ^r	302,747 ^r	253,003 ^r	84	41,731	14	8,013 ^r	3
2005/2006	775,269 ^r	316,669 ^r	264,157 ^r	83 ^r	43,544	14	8,968 ^r	3
2006/2007	756,828 ^r	319,941 ^r	266,527 ^r	83	44,451	14	8,963 ^r	3
2007/2008	747,757	319,386	263,598	83	47,504	15	8,284	3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11 – continued

Total legal aid applications by type of criminal and civil matter

	Civil matters				
	Total	Family		Other	
	number		percent	number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador ¹					
2003/2004	4,262	4,216	99	46	1
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	.	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	.	...
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	7,685	7,240	94	445	6
2004/2005	8,029	7,547	94	482	6
2005/2006	8,035	7,513	94	522	6
2006/2007	7,412	7,015	95	397	5
2007/2008	7,231	6,655	92	576	8
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	378	378	100	0	0
2004/2005	382	382	100	0	0
2005/2006	357	357	100	0	0
2006/2007	382	382	100	0	0
2007/2008	401	401	100	0	0
Quebec					
2003/2004	151,429	94,902	63	56,527	37
2004/2005	144,529	90,809	63	53,720	37
2005/2006	144,775	90,741	63	54,034	37
2006/2007	138,670	86,503	62	52,167	38
2007/2008	134,874	82,381	61	52,493	39
Ontario ²					
2003/2004	..	..	...	..	...
2004/2005	249,000	39,054	16	209,946	84
2005/2006	262,152	44,385	17	217,767	83
2006/2007	251,706	41,506	16	210,200	84
2007/2008	248,005	39,667	16	208,338	84
Manitoba ³					
2003/2004	8,303	8,303	100	..	...
2004/2005	8,849	8,849	100	..	...
2005/2006	8,805	8,805	100	..	...
2006/2007	7,946	7,946	100	..	...
2007/2008	7,411	7,411	100	..	...
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	5,910	5,898	100	12	0
2004/2005	6,155	6,147	100	8	0
2005/2006	6,052	6,049	100	3	0
2006/2007	5,001	4,999	100	2	0
2007/2008	4,531	4,527	100	4	0
Alberta					
2003/2004	14,727 ^r	12,529 ^r	85 ^r	2,198 ^r	15 ^r
2004/2005	17,485 ^r	14,355 ^r	82 ^r	3,130 ^r	18 ^r
2005/2006	13,987 ^r	12,093 ^r	86 ^r	1,894 ^r	14 ^r
2006/2007	11,606 ^r	9,662 ^r	83 ^r	1,944 ^r	17 ^r
2007/2008	11,559	9,760	84	1,799	16
British Columbia ⁴					
2003/2004	13,355	11,294	85	2,061	15
2004/2005	11,926	10,932	92	994	8
2005/2006	12,803	11,769	92	1,034	8
2006/2007	12,698	11,499	91	1,199	9
2007/2008	13,333	11,853	89	1,480	11

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11 – continued

Total legal aid applications by type of criminal and civil matter

	Civil matters				
	Total	Family		Other	
	number	percent		number	percent
Yukon ⁵					
2003/2004	432	395	91	37	9
2004/2005	457	344	75	113	25
2005/2006	499	311	62	188	38
2006/2007	372	321	86	51	14
2007/2008	376	313	83	63	17
Northwest Territories ⁶					
2003/2004	682	624	91	58	9
2004/2005	663	637	96	26	4
2005/2006	674	627	93	47	7
2006/2007	667	621	93	46	7
2007/2008	650	606	93	44	7
Nunavut					
2003/2004	291	267	92	24	8
2004/2005	317	296	93	21	7
2005/2006	461	374	81	87	19
2006/2007	427	367	86	60	14
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...
Total					
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	447,792 ^r	179,352 ^r	40	268,440 ^r	60
2005/2006	458,600 ^r	183,024 ^r	40	275,576 ^r	60
2006/2007	436,887 ^r	170,821 ^r	39	266,066 ^r	61
2007/2008	428,371	163,574	38	264,797	62

1. In Newfoundland and Labrador, a change in reporting methods is responsible for the decline in applications for legal aid in 2003/2004. Counts prior to 2003/2004 reflect the number of charges involved on legal aid applications. Beginning in 2003/2004, total applications are counted by most serious charge only.
2. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, the legal aid plan received 56,195 written applications for civil certificate services. The clinic system does not record written applications in the way defined by the survey; however, that number can be inferred in that it provided 194,223 case, brief, advice and referral services of which 97% were for "other" civil legal aid. In 2005/2006, Ontario changed its method of calculating total applications. As a result, figures are not comparable to previous years.
3. In Manitoba, the majority of the decrease in applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non/family civil matters.
5. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
6. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. The sum of approved and refused applications does not equal the total applications count for two reasons: (i) a decision to accept or reject an application may not occur in the same time period the application is made, although the number of applications carried into the next fiscal year is comparatively small. (ii) the approved application count refers to full service applications only, whereas the total applications count is the sum of applications for full and summary service.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey3308.

Table 12
Approved legal aid applications by type of matter

	Total approved applications ¹			Criminal matters ²				Civil matters ²			
	Total	Percentage change	Rate per 1000 population ³	Total criminal	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Rate per 1000 population ³	Total civil	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Rate per 1000 population ³
	number	percent	rate	number	percent		rate	number	percent		rate
Newfoundland and Labrador											
2003/2004	4,849	2	9	3,119	2	64	6	1,730	3	36	3
2004/2005	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2005/2006	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2006/2007	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2007/2008	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island ⁴											
2003/2004	1,265	-14	9	1,043	-12	82	8	222	-24	18	2
2004/2005	1,496	18	11	1,167	12	78	8	329	48	22	2
2005/2006	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2006/2007	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2007/2008	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Nova Scotia											
2003/2004	14,847	1	16	9,680	3	65	10	5,167	-2	35	6
2004/2005	15,576	5	17	9,965	3	64	11	5,611	9	36	6
2005/2006	15,951	2	17	10,453	5	66	11	5,498	-2	34	6
2006/2007	16,580	4	18	11,278	8	68	12	5,302	-4	32	6
2007/2008	17,314	4	19	12,186	8	70	13	5,128	-3	30	5
New Brunswick											
2003/2004	1,635	-15	2	1,373	-16	84	2	262	-5	16	0
2004/2005	1,361	-17	2	1,097	-20	81	1	264	1	19	0
2005/2006	1,526	12	2	1,266	15	83	2	260	-2	17	0
2006/2007	1,669	9	2	1,402	11	84	2	267	3	16	0
2007/2008	1,664	0	2	1,396	0	84	2	268	0	16	0
Quebec											
2003/2004	217,268	-1	29	89,824	0	41	12	127,444	-2	59	17
2004/2005	213,302	-2	28	91,889	2	43	12	121,413	-5	57	16
2005/2006	215,955	1	28	94,088	2	44	12	121,867	0	56	16
2006/2007	214,836	-1	28	97,722	4	45	13	117,114	-4	55	15
2007/2008	215,324	0	28	100,735	3	47	13	114,589	-2	53	15
Ontario											
2003/2004	121,700	-12	10	60,775	0	50	5	60,925	-20	50	5
2004/2005	122,916	1	10	61,111	1	50	5	61,805	1	50	5
2005/2006	128,890	5	10	66,380	9	52	5	62,510	1	48	5
2006/2007	129,003	0	10	66,733	1	52	5	62,270	0	48	5
2007/2008	126,964	-2	10	65,250	-2	51	5	61,714	-1	49	5
Manitoba ⁵											
2003/2004	20,508	-9	18	13,760	-4	67	12	6,748	-18	33	6
2004/2005	21,985	7	19	15,229	11	69	13	6,756	0	31	6
2005/2006	23,547	7	20	16,958	11	72	14	6,589	-2	28	6
2006/2007	21,126	-10	18	14,844	-12	70	13	6,282	-5	30	5
2007/2008	21,887	4	18	16,197	9	74	14	5,690	-9	26	5
Saskatchewan											
2003/2004	19,151	0	19	14,442	2	75	15	4,709	-4	25	5
2004/2005	19,828	4	20	14,900	3	75	15	4,928	5	25	5
2005/2006	20,417	3	21	15,590	5	76	16	4,827	-2	24	5
2006/2007	19,208	-6	19	15,245	-2	79	15	3,963	-18	21	4
2007/2008	18,308	-5	18	14,680	-4	80	15	3,628	-8	20	4
Alberta											
2003/2004	36,889	-2	12	26,765	-3	73	8	10,124	0	27	3
2004/2005	40,410	10	13	27,140	1	67	8	13,270	31	33	4
2005/2006	37,474	-7	11 ^r	27,815	2	74	8 ^r	9,659	-27	26	3
2006/2007	35,861	-4	11	27,798	0	78	8	8,063	-17	22	2
2007/2008	36,433	2	10	28,405	2	78	8	8,028	0	22	2
British Columbia ⁶											
2003/2004	30,083	-5	7	21,828	-1	73	5	8,255	-14	27	2
2004/2005	28,518	-5	7	21,404	-2	75	5	7,114	-14	25	2
2005/2006	29,925	5	7	22,048	3	74	5	7,877	11	26	2
2006/2007	30,441	2	7	22,602	3	74	5	7,839	0	26	2
2007/2008	31,297	3	7	22,867	1	73	5	8,430	8	27	2

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 12 – continued

Approved legal aid applications by type of matter

	Total approved applications ¹			Criminal matters ²				Civil matters ²			
	Total	Percentage change	Rate per 1000 population ³	Total criminal	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Rate per 1000 population ³	Total civil	Percentage change	Percentage of total	Rate per 1000 population ³
	number	percent	rate	number	percent		rate	number	percent		rate
Yukon⁷											
2003/2004	1,284	-8	42	933	-12	73	31	351	5	27	11
2004/2005	1,373	7	44	968	4	71	31	405	15	29	13
2005/2006	1,258	-8	41 ^r	904	-7	72	29	354	-13	28	11
2006/2007	1,406	12	45	1,083	20	77	35	323	-9	23	10
2007/2008	1,397	-1	45	1,069	-1	77	34	328	2	23	11
Northwest Territories⁸											
2003/2004	1,074	-8	25	670	-4	62	16	404	-14	38	10
2004/2005	1,354	26	32	916	37	68	21	438	8	32	10
2005/2006	1,134	-16	27	833	-9	73	19 ^r	301	-31	27	7
2006/2007	1,364	20	32 ^r	959	15	70	23	405	35	30	10
2007/2008	1,633	20	38	1,197	25	73	28	436	8	27	10
Nunavut											
2003/2004	628	70	22	361	40	57	12	267	141	43	9
2004/2005	603	-4	20	494	37	82	17	109	-59	18	4
2005/2006	837	39	28	376	-24	45	13	461	323	55	15
2006/2007	530	-37	17	387	3	73	13	143	-69	27	5
2007/2008	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Total											
2003/2004	471,181	-5	15	244,573	-1	52	8	226,608	-8	48	7
2004/2005	468,722	...	15	246,280	...	53	8	222,442	...	47	7
2005/2006	476,914	...	15	256,711	...	54	8	220,203	...	46	7
2006/2007	472,024	-1	14	260,053	1	55	8	211,971	-4	45	6
2007/2008	472,221	...	14	263,982	...	56	8	208,239	...	44	6

- Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services.
- For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).
- The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.
- In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
- The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
- In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non/family civil matters.
- No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
- Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 13-1
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Total approved applications

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	4,849		4,839	100	10	0
2004/2005	..		..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..		..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..		..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	1,265		1,009	80	256	20
2004/2005	1,496		1,269	85	227	15
2005/2006	..		..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..		..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	14,847		11,509	78	3,338	22
2004/2005	15,576		11,787	76	3,789	24
2005/2006	15,951		12,146	76	3,805	24
2006/2007	16,580		12,964	78	3,616	22
2007/2008	17,314		13,412	77	3,902	23
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	1,635		14	1	1,621	99
2004/2005	1,361		740	54	621	46
2005/2006	1,526		866	57	660	43
2006/2007	1,669		925	55	744	45
2007/2008	1,664		919	55	745	45
Quebec						
2003/2004	217,268		100,377	46	116,891	54
2004/2005	213,302		97,734	46	115,568	54
2005/2006	215,955		98,612	46	117,343	54
2006/2007	214,836		98,889	46	115,947	54
2007/2008	215,324		99,912	46	115,412	54
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	121,700		16,744	14	104,956	86
2004/2005	122,916		17,254	14	105,662	86
2005/2006	128,890		17,872	14	111,018	86
2006/2007	129,003		19,902	15	109,101	85
2007/2008	126,964		19,665	15	107,299	85
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	20,508		8,995	44	11,513	56
2004/2005	21,985		9,882	45	12,103	55
2005/2006	23,547		10,563	45	12,984	55
2006/2007	21,126		9,328	44	11,798	56
2007/2008	21,887		8,908	41	12,979	59
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	19,151		18,209	95	942	5
2004/2005	19,828		18,493	93	1,335	7
2005/2006	20,417		19,281	94	1,136	6
2006/2007	19,208		17,861	93	1,347	7
2007/2008	18,308		16,720	91	1,588	9
Alberta						
2003/2004	36,889		4,742	13	32,147	87
2004/2005	40,410		5,371	13	35,039	87
2005/2006	37,474		4,498	12	32,976	88
2006/2007	35,861		3,771	11	32,090	89
2007/2008	36,433		3,645	10	32,788	90
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	30,083		1,129	4	28,954	96
2004/2005	28,518		1,112	4	27,406	96
2005/2006	29,925		1,052	4	28,873	96
2006/2007	30,441		919	3	29,522	97
2007/2008	31,297		697	2	30,600	98

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 13-1 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Total approved applications

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon⁶						
2003/2004	1,284		89		147	11
2004/2005	1,373		93		93	7
2005/2006	1,258		91		108	9
2006/2007	1,406		93		96	7
2007/2008	1,397		92		106	8
Northwest Territories⁷						
2003/2004	1,074		57		462	43
2004/2005	1,354		37		847	63
2005/2006	1,134		34		747	66
2006/2007	1,364		31		945	69
2007/2008	1,633		30		1,137	70
Nunavut						
2003/2004	628		48		328	52
2004/2005	603		50		303	50
2005/2006	837		83		143	17
2006/2007	530		65		187	35
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Total						
2003/2004	471,181		36		301,565	64
2004/2005	468,722		35		302,993	65
2005/2006	476,914		35		309,793	65
2006/2007	472,024		35		305,393	65
2007/2008	472,221		35		306,556	65

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 90% of approved legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
4. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.
6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 13-2
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Criminal matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	3,119	3,111	100		8	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	1,043	967	93		76	7
2004/2005	1,167	1,057	91		110	9
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	9,680	8,003	83		1,677	17
2004/2005	9,965	8,390	84		1,575	16
2005/2006	10,453	8,555	82		1,898	18
2006/2007	11,278	9,384	83		1,894	17
2007/2008	12,186	9,930	81		2,256	19
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	1,373	14	1		1,359	99
2004/2005	1,097	643	59		454	41
2005/2006	1,266	778	61		488	39
2006/2007	1,402	825	59		577	41
2007/2008	1,396	848	61		548	39
Quebec						
2003/2004	89,824	30,759	34		59,065	66
2004/2005	91,889	30,908	34		60,981	66
2005/2006	94,088	31,248	33		62,840	67
2006/2007	97,722	34,190	35		63,532	65
2007/2008	100,735	37,134	37		63,601	63
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	60,775	41	0		60,734	100
2004/2005	61,111	312	1		60,799	99
2005/2006	66,380	885	1		65,495	99
2006/2007	66,733	947	1		65,786	99
2007/2008	65,250	915	1		64,335	99
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	13,760	6,026	44		7,734	56
2004/2005	15,229	6,419	42		8,810	58
2005/2006	16,958	7,252	43		9,706	57
2006/2007	14,844	5,490	37		9,354	63
2007/2008	16,197	5,488	34		10,709	66
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	14,442	13,698	95		744	5
2004/2005	14,900	13,822	93		1,078	7
2005/2006	15,590	14,651	94		939	6
2006/2007	15,245	14,160	93		1,085	7
2007/2008	14,680	13,360	91		1,320	9
Alberta						
2003/2004	26,765	2,334	9		24,431	91
2004/2005	27,140	2,370	9		24,770	91
2005/2006	27,815	2,301	8		25,514	92
2006/2007	27,798	2,144	8		25,654	92
2007/2008	28,405	2,009	7		26,396	93
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	21,828	425	2		21,403	98
2004/2005	21,404	446	2		20,958	98
2005/2006	22,048	408	2		21,640	98
2006/2007	22,602	361	2		22,241	98
2007/2008	22,867	310	1		22,557	99

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 13-2 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Criminal matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon⁶						
2003/2004	933		88		111	12
2004/2005	968		91		83	9
2005/2006	904		89		96	11
2006/2007	1,083	1,000	92		83	8
2007/2008	1,069	977	91		92	9
Northwest Territories⁷						
2003/2004	670	452	67		218	33
2004/2005	916	300	33		616	67
2005/2006	833	191	23		642	77
2006/2007	959	191	20		768	80
2007/2008	1,197	194	16		1,003	84
Nunavut						
2003/2004	361	73	20		288	80
2004/2005	494	205	41		289	59
2005/2006	376	250	66		126	34
2006/2007	387	245	63		142	37
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	244,573	66,725	27		177,848	73
2004/2005	246,280	65,757	27		180,523	73
2005/2006	256,711	67,327	26		189,384	74
2006/2007	260,053	68,937	27		191,116	73
2007/2008	263,982	71,165	27		192,817	73

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 90% of approved legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
4. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non/family civil matters.
6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 13-3
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Civil matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	1,730	1,728	100		2	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	222	42	19		180	81
2004/2005	329	212	64		117	36
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	5,167	3,506	68		1,661	32
2004/2005	5,611	3,397	61		2,214	39
2005/2006	5,498	3,591	65		1,907	35
2006/2007	5,302	3,580	68		1,722	32
2007/2008	5,128	3,482	68		1,646	32
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	262	0	0		262	100
2004/2005	264	97	37		167	63
2005/2006	260	88	34		172	66
2006/2007	267	100	37		167	63
2007/2008	268	71	26		197	74
Quebec						
2003/2004	127,444	69,618	55		57,826	45
2004/2005	121,413	66,826	55		54,587	45
2005/2006	121,867	67,364	55		54,503	45
2006/2007	117,114	64,699	55		52,415	45
2007/2008	114,589	62,778	55		51,811	45
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	60,925	16,703	27		44,222	73
2004/2005	61,805	16,942	27		44,863	73
2005/2006	62,510	16,987	27		45,523	73
2006/2007	62,270	18,955	30		43,315	70
2007/2008	61,714	18,750	30		42,964	70
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	6,748	2,969	44		3,779	56
2004/2005	6,756	3,463	51		3,293	49
2005/2006	6,589	3,311	50		3,278	50
2006/2007	6,282	3,838	61		2,444	39
2007/2008	5,690	3,420	60		2,270	40
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	4,709	4,511	96		198	4
2004/2005	4,928	4,671	95		257	5
2005/2006	4,827	4,630	96		197	4
2006/2007	3,963	3,701	93		262	7
2007/2008	3,628	3,360	93		268	7
Alberta						
2003/2004	10,124	2,408	24		7,716	76
2004/2005	13,270	3,001	23		10,269	77
2005/2006	9,659	2,197	23		7,462	77
2006/2007	8,063	1,627	20		6,436	80
2007/2008	8,028	1,636	20		6,392	80
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	8,255	704	9		7,551	91
2004/2005	7,114	666	9		6,448	91
2005/2006	7,877	644	8		7,233	92
2006/2007	7,839	558	7		7,281	93
2007/2008	8,430	387	5		8,043	95

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 13-3 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of matter — Civil matters

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ⁶						
2003/2004	351		315	90	36	10
2004/2005	405		395	98	10	2
2005/2006	354		342	97	12	3
2006/2007	323		310	96	13	4
2007/2008	328		314	96	14	4
Northwest Territories ⁷						
2003/2004	404		160	40	244	60
2004/2005	438		207	47	231	53
2005/2006	301		196	65	105	35
2006/2007	405		228	56	177	44
2007/2008	436		302	69	134	31
Nunavut						
2003/2004	267		227	85	40	15
2004/2005	109		95	87	14	13
2005/2006	461		444	96	17	4
2006/2007	143		98	69	45	31
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	226,608		102,891	45	123,717	55
2004/2005	222,442		99,972	45	122,470	55
2005/2006	220,203		99,794	45	120,409	55
2006/2007	211,971		97,694	46	114,277	54
2007/2008	208,239		94,500	45	113,739	55

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
 2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 90% of approved legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
 4. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
 5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non/family civil matters.
 6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
 7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. For civil cases, there is one matter per application.
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 14-1
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	3,119	3,111	100		8	0
2004/2005	..	..	..		..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	1,043	967	93		76	7
2004/2005	1,167	1,057	91		110	9
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	9,680	8,003	83		1,677	17
2004/2005	9,965	8,390	84		1,575	16
2005/2006	10,453	8,555	82		1,898	18
2006/2007	11,278	9,384	83		1,894	17
2007/2008	12,186	9,930	81		2,256	19
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	1,373	14	1		1,359	99
2004/2005	1,097	643	59		454	41
2005/2006	1,266	778	61		488	39
2006/2007	1,402	825	59		577	41
2007/2008	1,396	848	61		548	39
Quebec						
2003/2004	89,824	30,759	34		59,065	66
2004/2005	91,889	30,908	34		60,981	66
2005/2006	94,088	31,248	33		62,840	67
2006/2007	97,722	34,190	35		63,532	65
2007/2008	100,735	37,134	37		63,601	63
Ontario						
2003/2004	60,775	41	0		60,734	100
2004/2005	61,111	312	1		60,799	99
2005/2006	66,380	885	1		65,495	99
2006/2007	66,733	947	1		65,786	99
2007/2008	65,250	915	1		64,335	99
Manitoba 2						
2003/2004	13,760	6,026	44		7,734	56
2004/2005	15,229	6,419	42		8,810	58
2005/2006	16,958	7,252	43		9,706	57
2006/2007	14,844	5,490	37		9,354	63
2007/2008	16,197	5,488	34		10,709	66
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	14,442	13,698	95		744	5
2004/2005	14,900	13,822	93		1,078	7
2005/2006	15,590	14,651	94		939	6
2006/2007	15,245	14,160	93		1,085	7
2007/2008	14,680	13,360	91		1,320	9
Alberta						
2003/2004	26,765	2,334	9		24,431	91
2004/2005	27,140	2,370	9		24,770	91
2005/2006	27,815	2,301	8		25,514	92
2006/2007	27,798	2,144	8		25,654	92
2007/2008	28,405	2,009	7		26,396	93
British Columbia						
2003/2004	21,828	425	2		21,403	98
2004/2005	21,404	446	2		20,958	98
2005/2006	22,048	408	2		21,640	98
2006/2007	22,602	361	2		22,241	98
2007/2008	22,867	310	1		22,557	99

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 14-1 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ³						
2003/2004	933		822	88	111	12
2004/2005	968		885	91	83	9
2005/2006	904		808	89	96	11
2006/2007	1,083		1,000	92	83	8
2007/2008	1,069		977	91	92	9
Northwest Territories ⁴						
2003/2004	670		452	67	218	33
2004/2005	916		300	33	616	67
2005/2006	833		191	23	642	77
2006/2007	959		191	20	768	80
2007/2008	1,197		194	16	1,003	84
Nunavut						
2003/2004	361		73	20	288	80
2004/2005	494		205	41	289	59
2005/2006	376		250	66	126	34
2006/2007	387		245	63	142	37
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	244,573		66,725	27	177,848	73
2004/2005	246,280		65,757	27	180,523	73
2005/2006	256,711		67,327	26	189,384	74
2006/2007	260,053		68,937	27	191,116	73
2007/2008	263,982		71,165	27	192,817	73

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
4. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 14-2
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Adult

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	2,302	2,296	100		6	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	893	822	92		71	8
2004/2005	1,019	918	90		101	10
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	7,581	6,271	83		1,310	17
2004/2005	7,853	6,572	84		1,281	16
2005/2006	8,014	6,528	81		1,486	19
2006/2007	8,500	7,015	83		1,485	17
2007/2008	9,290	7,511	81		1,779	19
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	1,185	13	1		1,172	99
2004/2005	972	573	59		399	41
2005/2006	1,141	695	61		446	39
2006/2007	1,211	758	63		453	37
2007/2008	1,289	776	60		513	40
Quebec						
2003/2004	71,630	23,338	33		48,292	67
2004/2005	73,907	23,172	31		50,735	69
2005/2006	75,439	23,406	31		52,033	69
2006/2007	78,582	25,899	33		52,683	67
2007/2008	81,249	28,738	35		52,511	65
Ontario						
2003/2004	49,718	41	0		49,677	100
2004/2005	53,091	260	0		52,831	100
2005/2006	56,884	803	1		56,081	99
2006/2007	56,098	..	...		56,098	100
2007/2008	54,554	..	...		54,554	100
Manitoba 2						
2003/2004	11,349	4,916	43		6,433	57
2004/2005	12,408	5,294	43		7,114	57
2005/2006	13,778	5,971	43		7,807	57
2006/2007	11,668	4,135	35		7,533	65
2007/2008	12,593	4,324	34		8,269	66
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	11,544	10,917	95		627	5
2004/2005	11,943	11,121	93		822	7
2005/2006	12,404	11,646	94		758	6
2006/2007	12,045	11,156	93		889	7
2007/2008	11,210	10,123	90		1,087	10
Alberta						
2003/2004	20,491	26	0		20,465	100
2004/2005	21,181	44	0		21,137	100
2005/2006	21,710	16	0		21,694	100
2006/2007	21,973	26	0		21,947	100
2007/2008	22,430	23	0		22,407	100
British Columbia						
2003/2004	18,033	338	2		17,695	98
2004/2005	17,853	355	2		17,498	98
2005/2006	18,701	324	2		18,377	98
2006/2007	19,293	307	2		18,986	98
2007/2008	19,551	236	1		19,315	99

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 14-2 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Adult

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ³						
2003/2004	870		761	87	109	13
2004/2005	858		777	91	81	9
2005/2006	797		708	89	89	11
2006/2007	931		856	92	75	8
2007/2008	885		796	90	89	10
Northwest Territories ⁴						
2003/2004	614		410	67	204	33
2004/2005	824		271	33	553	67
2005/2006	726		168	23	558	77
2006/2007	875		178	20	697	80
2007/2008	1,109		181	16	928	84
Nunavut						
2003/2004	349		70	20	279	80
2004/2005	423		147	35	276	65
2005/2006	359		236	66	123	34
2006/2007	376		239	64	137	36
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	196,559		50,219	26	146,340	74
2004/2005	202,332		49,504	24	152,828	76
2005/2006	209,953		50,501	24	159,452	76
2006/2007	211,552		50,569	24	160,983	76
2007/2008	214,160		52,708	25	161,452	75

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 2. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
 3. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
 4. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 14-3
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Youth

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	817	815	100		2	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	150	145	97		5	3
2004/2005	148	139	94		9	6
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	2,066	1,699	82		367	18
2004/2005	2,078	1,784	86		294	14
2005/2006	2,407	1,995	83		412	17
2006/2007	2,773	2,364	85		409	15
2007/2008	2,888	2,411	83		477	17
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	125	0	0		125	100
2004/2005	88	54	61		34	39
2005/2006	124	83	67		41	33
2006/2007	191	67	35		124	65
2007/2008	105	72	69		33	31
Quebec						
2003/2004	12,571	6,180	49		6,391	51
2004/2005	12,951	6,758	52		6,193	48
2005/2006	12,559	6,812	54		5,747	46
2006/2007	12,986	6,627	51		6,359	49
2007/2008	14,030	7,174	51		6,856	49
Ontario						
2003/2004	11,057	...	...		11,057	100
2004/2005	8,004	36	0		7,968	100
2005/2006	9,480	66	1		9,414	99
2006/2007	9,688	..	...		9,688	100
2007/2008	9,781	..	...		9,781	100
Manitoba 2						
2003/2004	2,382	1,101	46		1,281	54
2004/2005	2,797	1,122	40		1,675	60
2005/2006	3,153	1,277	41		1,876	59
2006/2007	3,117	1,333	43		1,784	57
2007/2008	3,541	1,139	32		2,402	68
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	2,897	2,780	96		117	4
2004/2005	2,955	2,699	91		256	9
2005/2006	3,183	3,002	94		181	6
2006/2007	3,192	2,996	94		196	6
2007/2008	3,464	3,231	93		233	7
Alberta						
2003/2004	6,028	2,304	38		3,724	62
2004/2005	5,709	2,326	41		3,383	59
2005/2006	5,898	2,282	39		3,616	61
2006/2007	5,662	2,110	37		3,552	63
2007/2008	5,795	1,981	34		3,814	66
British Columbia						
2003/2004	3,293	76	2		3,217	98
2004/2005	3,119	77	2		3,042	98
2005/2006	3,142	75	2		3,067	98
2006/2007	3,131	49	2		3,082	98
2007/2008	3,139	70	2		3,069	98

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 14-3 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Youth

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ³						
2003/2004	63		97		2	3
2004/2005	110		98		2	2
2005/2006	107		93		7	7
2006/2007	152		95		8	5
2007/2008	184		98		3	2
Northwest Territories ⁴						
2003/2004	56		75		14	25
2004/2005	92		32		63	68
2005/2006	107		21		84	79
2006/2007	84		15		71	85
2007/2008	88		15		75	85
Nunavut						
2003/2004	12		25		9	75
2004/2005	21		38		13	62
2005/2006	11		82		2	18
2006/2007	11		55		5	45
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Total						
2003/2004	41,517		37		26,311	63
2004/2005	38,072		40		22,932	60
2005/2006	40,171		39		24,447	61
2006/2007	40,987		38		25,278	62
2007/2008	43,015		38		26,743	62

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
2. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
4. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 14-4
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Provincial offences

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	0	0	0		0	0
2004/2005	..	..	..		..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	..	..	..		..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..		..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	33	33	100		0	0
2004/2005	34	34	100		0	0
2005/2006	32	32	100		0	0
2006/2007	5	5	100		0	0
2007/2008	8	8	100		0	0
New Brunswick 1						
2003/2004	63	1	2		62	98
2004/2005	37	16	43		21	57
2005/2006	1	0	0		1	100
2006/2007	0	0	0		0	0
2007/2008	2	0	0		2	100
Quebec						
2003/2004	5,623	1,241	22		4,382	78
2004/2005	5,031	978	19		4,053	81
2005/2006	6,090	1,030	17		5,060	83
2006/2007	6,154	1,664	27		4,490	73
2007/2008	5,456	1,222	22		4,234	78
Ontario						
2003/2004	..	..	..		..	..
2004/2005	16	16	100		0	0
2005/2006	16	16	100		0	0
2006/2007	34	34	100		0	0
2007/2008	67	67	100		0	0
Manitoba 2						
2003/2004	29	9	31		20	69
2004/2005	24	3	13		21	88
2005/2006	27	4	15		23	85
2006/2007	59	22	37		37	63
2007/2008	63	25	40		38	60
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	1	1	100		0	0
2004/2005	2	2	100		0	0
2005/2006	3	3	100		0	0
2006/2007	8	8	100		0	0
2007/2008	6	6	100		0	0
Alberta						
2003/2004	246	4	2		242	98
2004/2005	250	0	0		250	100
2005/2006	207	3	1		204	99
2006/2007	163	8	5		155	95
2007/2008	180	5	3		175	97
British Columbia						
2003/2004	502	11	2		491	98
2004/2005	432	14	3		418	97
2005/2006	205	9	4		196	96
2006/2007	178	5	3		173	97
2007/2008	177	4	2		173	98

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 14-4 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of criminal matter — Provincial offences

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ³						
2003/2004	0		0		0	0
2004/2005	0		0		0	0
2005/2006	0		0		0	0
2006/2007	0		0		0	0
2007/2008	0		0		0	0
Northwest Territories ⁴						
2003/2004	.		...		.	...
2004/2005	.		...		.	...
2005/2006	.		...		.	...
2006/2007	.		...		.	...
2007/2008	.		...		.	...
Nunavut						
2003/2004	..		...		..	...
2004/2005	50		50		100	...
2005/2006	6		5		83	17
2006/2007	0		0		0	0
2007/2008	..		...		..	...
Total						
2003/2004	6,497		1,300		5,197	80
2004/2005	5,876		1,113		4,763	81
2005/2006	6,587		1,102		5,485	83
2006/2007	6,601		1,746		4,855	74
2007/2008	5,959		1,337		4,622	78

1. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
 2. The majority of the decrease in approved applications in Manitoba in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
 3. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
 4. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.
- Note(s):** For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).
- Source(s):** Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 15-1
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	1,730		100		2	0
2004/2005	..		..		..	..
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	222		19		180	81
2004/2005	329		64		117	36
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	5,167		68		1,661	32
2004/2005	5,611		61		2,214	39
2005/2006	5,498		65		1,907	35
2006/2007	5,302		68		1,722	32
2007/2008	5,128		68		1,646	32
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	262		0		262	100
2004/2005	264		37		167	63
2005/2006	260		34		172	66
2006/2007	267		37		167	63
2007/2008	268		26		197	74
Quebec						
2003/2004	127,444		55		57,826	45
2004/2005	121,413		55		54,587	45
2005/2006	121,867		55		54,503	45
2006/2007	117,114		55		52,415	45
2007/2008	114,589		55		51,811	45
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	60,925		27		44,222	73
2004/2005	61,805		27		44,863	73
2005/2006	62,510		27		45,523	73
2006/2007	62,270		30		43,315	70
2007/2008	61,714		30		42,964	70
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	6,748		44		3,779	56
2004/2005	6,756		51		3,293	49
2005/2006	6,589		50		3,278	50
2006/2007	6,282		61		2,444	39
2007/2008	5,690		60		2,270	40
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	4,709		96		198	4
2004/2005	4,928		95		257	5
2005/2006	4,827		96		197	4
2006/2007	3,963		93		262	7
2007/2008	3,628		93		268	7
Alberta						
2003/2004	10,124		24		7,716	76
2004/2005	13,270		23		10,269	77
2005/2006	9,659		23		7,462	77
2006/2007	8,063		20		6,436	80
2007/2008	8,028		20		6,392	80
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	8,255		9		7,551	91
2004/2005	7,114		9		6,448	91
2005/2006	7,877		8		7,233	92
2006/2007	7,839		7		7,281	93
2007/2008	8,430		5		8,043	95

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 15-1 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Total

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon⁶						
2003/2004	351		315	90	36	10
2004/2005	405		395	98	10	2
2005/2006	354		342	97	12	3
2006/2007	323		310	96	13	4
2007/2008	328		314	96	14	4
Northwest Territories⁷						
2003/2004	404		160	40	244	60
2004/2005	438		207	47	231	53
2005/2006	301		196	65	105	35
2006/2007	405		228	56	177	44
2007/2008	436		302	69	134	31
Nunavut						
2003/2004	267		227	85	40	15
2004/2005	109		95	87	14	13
2005/2006	461		444	96	17	4
2006/2007	143		98	69	45	31
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	226,608		102,891	45	123,717	55
2004/2005	222,442		99,972	45	122,470	55
2005/2006	220,203		99,794	45	120,409	55
2006/2007	211,971		97,694	46	114,277	54
2007/2008	208,239		94,500	45	113,739	55

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 94% of total approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers and 100% of "other" approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
4. In Manitoba, the majority of the decrease in applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.
6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 15-2
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Family

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	1,697	1,695	100		2	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	222	42	19		180	81
2004/2005	329	212	64		117	36
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	4,913	3,300	67		1,613	33
2004/2005	5,327	3,198	60		2,129	40
2005/2006	5,258	3,409	65		1,849	35
2006/2007	5,118	3,416	67		1,702	33
2007/2008	4,771	3,161	66		1,610	34
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	158	0	0		158	100
2004/2005	264	97	37		167	63
2005/2006	260	88	34		172	66
2006/2007	267	100	37		167	63
2007/2008	268	71	26		197	74
Quebec						
2003/2004	83,711	44,759	53		38,952	47
2004/2005	80,141	42,870	53		37,271	47
2005/2006	79,827	42,723	54		37,104	46
2006/2007	76,294	40,782	53		35,512	47
2007/2008	72,823	39,037	54		33,786	46
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	27,550	1,084	4		26,466	96
2004/2005	28,115	978	3		27,137	97
2005/2006	29,753	959	3		28,794	97
2006/2007	27,702	1,252	5		26,450	95
2007/2008	26,749	1,150	4		25,599	96
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	6,748	2,969	44		3,779	56
2004/2005	6,756	3,463	51		3,293	49
2005/2006	6,589	3,311	50		3,278	50
2006/2007	6,282	3,838	61		2,444	39
2007/2008	5,690	3,420	60		2,270	40
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	4,708	4,510	96		198	4
2004/2005	4,926	4,669	95		257	5
2005/2006	4,827	4,630	96		197	4
2006/2007	3,963	3,701	93		262	7
2007/2008	3,627	3,359	93		268	7
Alberta						
2003/2004	8,883	2,328	26		6,555	74
2004/2005	10,838	2,839	26		7,999	74
2005/2006	8,488	2,132	25		6,356	75
2006/2007	6,781	1,577	23		5,204	77
2007/2008	6,956	1,585	23		5,371	77
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	6,499	704	11		5,795	89
2004/2005	6,374	666	10		5,708	90
2005/2006	7,040	644	9		6,396	91
2006/2007	6,827	554	8		6,273	92
2007/2008	7,238	386	5		6,852	95

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 15-2 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Family

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon ⁶						
2003/2004	317		285	90	32	10
2004/2005	294		285	97	9	3
2005/2006	277		268	97	9	3
2006/2007	274		262	96	12	4
2007/2008	274		260	95	14	5
Northwest Territories ⁷						
2003/2004	388		160	41	228	59
2004/2005	423		198	47	225	53
2005/2006	289		191	66	98	34
2006/2007	384		218	57	166	43
2007/2008	418		287	69	131	31
Nunavut						
2003/2004	267		227	85	40	15
2004/2005	109		95	87	14	13
2005/2006	374		360	96	14	4
2006/2007	139		95	68	44	32
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	146,061		62,063	42	83,998	58
2004/2005	143,896		59,570	41	84,326	59
2005/2006	142,982		58,715	41	84,267	59
2006/2007	134,031		55,795	42	78,236	58
2007/2008	128,814		52,716	41	76,098	59

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 94% of total approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers and 100% of "other" approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
4. In Manitoba, the majority of the decrease in applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.
6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 15-3
Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Other

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	33	33	100		0	0
2004/2005	..	..	...		..	..
2005/2006	..	..	...		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	...		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	...		..	..
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	.	.	...		.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...		.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...		.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...		.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...		.	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	254	206	81		48	19
2004/2005	284	199	70		85	30
2005/2006	240	182	76		58	24
2006/2007	184	164	89		20	11
2007/2008	357	321	90		36	10
New Brunswick ²						
2003/2004	104	0	0		104	100
2004/2005	0	0	0		0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0		0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0		0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0		0	0
Quebec						
2003/2004	43,733	24,859	57		18,874	43
2004/2005	41,272	23,956	58		17,316	42
2005/2006	42,040	24,641	59		17,399	41
2006/2007	40,820	23,917	59		16,903	41
2007/2008	41,766	23,741	57		18,025	43
Ontario ³						
2003/2004	33,375	15,619	47		17,756	53
2004/2005	33,690	15,964	47		17,726	53
2005/2006	32,757	16,028	49		16,729	51
2006/2007	34,568	17,703	51		16,865	49
2007/2008	34,965	17,600	50		17,365	50
Manitoba ⁴						
2003/2004	...	...	...		...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...		...	...
2005/2006	...	...	...		...	...
2006/2007	...	...	...		...	...
2007/2008	...	...	...		...	...
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	1	1	100		0	0
2004/2005	2	2	100		0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0		0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0		0	0
2007/2008	1	1	100		0	0
Alberta						
2003/2004	1,241	80	6		1,161	94
2004/2005	2,432	162	7		2,270	93
2005/2006	1,171	65	6		1,106	94
2006/2007	1,282	50	4		1,232	96
2007/2008	1,072	51	5		1,021	95
British Columbia ⁵						
2003/2004	1,756	0	0		1,756	100
2004/2005	740	0	0		740	100
2005/2006	837	0	0		837	100
2006/2007	1,012	4	0		1,008	100
2007/2008	1,192	1	0		1,191	100

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 15-3 – continued

Approved legal aid applications, staff and private lawyers by type of civil matter — Other

	Total		Staff lawyers		Private lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon⁶						
2003/2004	34		30	88	4	12
2004/2005	111		110	99	1	1
2005/2006	77		74	96	3	4
2006/2007	49		48	98	1	2
2007/2008	54		54	100	0	0
Northwest Territories⁷						
2003/2004	16		0	0	16	100
2004/2005	15		9	60	6	40
2005/2006	12		5	42	7	58
2006/2007	21		10	48	11	52
2007/2008	18		15	83	3	17
Nunavut						
2003/2004	0		0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0		0	0	0	0
2005/2006	87		84	97	3	3
2006/2007	4		3	75	1	25
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	80,547		40,828	51	39,719	49
2004/2005	78,546		40,402	51	38,144	49
2005/2006	77,221		41,079	53	36,142	47
2006/2007	77,940		41,899	54	36,041	46
2007/2008	79,425		41,784	53	37,641	47

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, all approved applications for civil matters were counted as full service applications.
2. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 94% of total approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers and 100% of "other" approved civil legal aid applications assigned to staff lawyers.
4. In Manitoba, the majority of the decrease in applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of civil coverage that came into effect in January 2003. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.
6. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Yukon. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for Yukon include duty counsel counts. In 2004/2005, Yukon opened a poverty law clinic, resulting in an increase in applications under civil matters "other".
7. Presumed eligibility counts are not included in the data for the Northwest Territories. Territorial offences are included with criminal matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 16
Approved legal aid applications for summary services

	Total approved summary service applications ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Rate per 1,000 population ²
	number	percent	rate
Newfoundland and Labrador			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Prince Edward Island			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Nova Scotia			
2003/2004	1,055	-7	1
2004/2005	844	-20	1
2005/2006	1,152	36	1
2006/2007	1,030	-11	1
2007/2008	935	-9	1
New Brunswick			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Quebec			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Ontario ³			
2003/2004	185,328	0	15
2004/2005	132,662	...	11
2005/2006	130,121	-2	10
2006/2007	130,310	0	10
2007/2008	129,724	0	10
Manitoba			
2003/2004	17,479	-6	15
2004/2005	16,817	-4	14
2005/2006	18,234	8	16
2006/2007	18,028	-1	15
2007/2008	16,541	-8	14
Saskatchewan			
2003/2004	4,645	3	5
2004/2005	4,711	1	5
2005/2006	5,231	11	5
2006/2007	5,236	0	5
2007/2008	4,795	-8	5
Alberta			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 16 – continued

Approved legal aid applications for summary services

	Total approved summary service applications ¹		
	Total	Percentage change	Rate per 1,000 population ²
	number	percent	rate
British Columbia			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Yukon			
2003/2004	..	...	...
2004/2005	39	...	1
2005/2006	110	182	4
2006/2007	86	-22	3
2007/2008	50	-42	2
Northwest Territories⁴			
2003/2004	.	...	...
2004/2005	.	...	...
2005/2006	.	...	...
2006/2007	.	...	...
2007/2008	.	...	...
Nunavut			
2003/2004	838	339	29
2004/2005	253	-70	9
2005/2006	87	-66	3
2006/2007	327	276	11
2007/2008	..	...	...
Total			
2003/2004	209,345	...	7
2004/2005	155,326	...	5
2005/2006	154,935	0	5
2006/2007	155,017	0	5
2007/2008	152,045	...	5

1. An approved application for summary service refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other types of minimal legal service to an individual upon written request during a formal interview. Only written requests are included.

2. The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.

3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. The figures in Table 16 represent summary legal advice services provided by these clinics. Summary legal advice services provided by the legal aid plan are included in duty counsel services (Table 21).

4. No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in Northwest Territories. All applications are counted as full service applications.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 17
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal

	Total ¹		Financial ineligibility		Coverage restrictions		Lack of merit		Non-compliance or abuse		Other reasons ²	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador												
2003/2004	3,121
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008
Prince Edward Island												
2003/2004
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008
Nova Scotia												
2003/2004	2,318	1,161	50	75	3	312	13	71	3	699	30	
2004/2005	2,572	1,208	47	65	3	275	11	108	4	916	36	
2005/2006	2,408	1,181	49	56	2	264	11	79	3	828	34	
2006/2007	2,419	1,089	45	94	4	222	9	95	4	919	38	
2007/2008	2,608	1,241	48	133	5	299	11	109	4	826	32	
New Brunswick												
2003/2004	551	..	...	..	...	.	...	..	...	551	100
2004/2005	859	..	...	..	...	.	...	..	...	859	100
2005/2006	795	..	...	..	...	.	...	..	...	795	100
2006/2007	830	..	...	..	...	.	...	..	...	830	100
2007/2008	550	73	13	292	53	.	...	69	13	116	21
Quebec												
2003/2004	39,051	24,124	62	7,823	20	1,781	5	60	0	5,263	13	
2004/2005	36,913	22,886	62	7,303	20	1,754	5	74	0	4,896	13	
2005/2006	38,009	24,366	64	6,987	18	1,678	4	74	0	4,904	13	
2006/2007	36,962	24,444	66	6,552	18	1,514	4	56	0	4,396	12	
2007/2008	37,420	25,563	68	6,362	17	1,280	3	58	0	4,157	11	
Ontario ³												
2003/2004	31,788	7,705	24	9,096	29	13,243	42	.	...	1,744	5
2004/2005	43,264	20,624	48	11,496	27	9,815	23	.	...	1,329	3
2005/2006	46,178	24,270	53	10,579	23	..	...	.	...	11,329	25
2006/2007	44,256	22,412	51	11,194	25	..	...	.	...	10,650	24
2007/2008	42,193	21,649	51	10,128	24	..	...	.	...	10,416	25
Manitoba ⁴												
2003/2004	3,089	323	10	289	9	628	20	40	1	1,809	59	
2004/2005	3,306	348	11	304	9	655	20	4	0	1,995	60	
2005/2006	3,612	396	11	235	7	749	21	17	0	2,215	61	
2006/2007	5,025	675	13	431	9	802	16	21	0	3,096	62	
2007/2008	6,142	728	12	356	6	740	12	54	1	4,264	69	
Saskatchewan												
2003/2004	1,858	1,313	71	271	15	148	8	35	2	91	5	
2004/2005	1,770	1,266	72	211	12	143	8	30	2	120	7	
2005/2006	1,772	1,451	82	119	7	89	5	27	2	86	5	
2006/2007	1,930	1,571	81	176	9	90	5	20	1	73	4	
2007/2008	1,923	1,691	88	117	6	79	4	10	1	26	1	
Alberta ⁵												
2003/2004	9,576 ^r	3,977 ^r	42 ^r	2,695 ^r	28 ^r	993 ^r	10 ^r	697 ^r	7 ^r	1,214 ^r	13 ^r	
2004/2005	9,272 ^r	3,595 ^r	39 ^r	2,874 ^r	31	897 ^r	10 ^r	570 ^r	6 ^r	1,336 ^r	14 ^r	
2005/2006	10,003 ^r	4,135 ^r	41 ^r	2,729 ^r	27 ^r	939 ^r	9 ^r	698 ^r	7 ^r	1,502 ^r	15 ^r	
2006/2007	8,974 ^r	4,013 ^r	45 ^r	2,262 ^r	25 ^r	748 ^r	8 ^r	712 ^r	8 ^r	1,239 ^r	14 ^r	
2007/2008	8,965	3,630	40	2,402	27	713	8	867	10	1,353	15	
British Columbia ⁶												
2003/2004	11,978	1,867	16	7,062	59	.	...	.	...	3,049	25
2004/2005	11,123	2,417	22	5,386	48	.	...	.	...	3,320	30
2005/2006	11,174	2,382	21	5,192	46	.	...	.	...	3,600	32
2006/2007	11,175	2,866	26	4,425	40	.	...	.	...	3,884	35
2007/2008	11,233	3,221	29	3,824	34	.	...	.	...	4,188	37

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 17 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal

	Total ¹		Financial ineligibility		Coverage restrictions		Lack of merit		Non-compliance or abuse		Other reasons ²	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon												
2003/2004	104	63	61	14	13	17	16	0	0	10	10	
2004/2005	66	57	86	5	8	4	6	0	0	0	0	
2005/2006	74	57	77	14	19	3	4	0	0	0	0	
2006/2007	61	51	84	7	11	3	5	0	0	0	0	
2007/2008	67	53	79	10	15	3	4	1	1	0	0	
Northwest Territories												
2003/2004	443	125	28	37	8	51	12	147	33	83	19	
2004/2005	467	105	22	28	6	107	23	227	49	0	0	
2005/2006	485	129	27	33	7	88	18	230	47	5	1	
2006/2007	484	130	27	33	7	46	10	230	48	45	9	
2007/2008	406	66	16	27	7	68	17	215	53	30	7	
Nunavut												
2003/2004	34	6	18	27	79	1	3	0	0	0	0	
2004/2005	33	7	21	21	64	1	3	0	0	4	12	
2005/2006	64	3	5	30	47	15	23	1	2	15	23	
2006/2007	46	15	33	27	59	4	9	0	0	0	0	
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total												
2003/2004	103,911 r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	109,645 r	52,513 r	48 r	27,693 r	25 r	13,651 r	12	1,013 r	1	14,775 r	13 r	
2005/2006	114,574 r	58,370 r	51 r	25,974 r	23 r	3,825 r	3	1,126 r	1	25,279 r	22 r	
2006/2007	112,162 r	57,266 r	51 r	25,201 r	22	3,429 r	3	1,134 r	1	25,132 r	22 r	
2007/2008	111,507	57,915	52	23,651	21	3,182	3	1,383	1	25,376	23	

1. The refused application count does not include those who are denied services through pre-screening measures. Legal aid plans screen applicants to some degree before an application is filed.
2. Other reasons for refusal may include, among others, client cancelled/abandoned, coverage cancelled, or duplicate application.
3. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
4. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
5. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
6. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-1
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Total

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	3,121	..	...	..	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	..	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.	.	...	.	.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	.	.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	.	.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	.	.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	.	.	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	2,318	961	41	1,357	59	
2004/2005	2,572	1,108	43	1,464	57	
2005/2006	2,408	995	41	1,413	59	
2006/2007	2,419	1,183	49	1,236	51	
2007/2008	2,608	1,309	50	1,299	50	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	551	486	88	65	12	
2004/2005	859	741	86	118	14	
2005/2006	795	698	88	97	12	
2006/2007	830	715	86	115	14	
2007/2008	550	478	87	72	13	
Quebec						
2003/2004	39,051	15,776	40	23,275	60	
2004/2005	36,913	14,446	39	22,467	61	
2005/2006	38,009	15,901	42	22,108	58	
2006/2007	36,962	16,254	44	20,708	56	
2007/2008	37,420	17,687	47	19,733	53	
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	31,788	.	...	.	..	...
2004/2005	43,264	.	...	.	..	...
2005/2006	46,178	.	...	.	..	...
2006/2007	44,256	.	...	.	..	...
2007/2008	42,193	.	...	.	..	...
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	3,089	1,065	34	2,024	66	
2004/2005	3,306	1,226	37	2,080	63	
2005/2006	3,612	1,355	38	2,257	62	
2006/2007	5,025	2,687	53	2,338	47	
2007/2008	6,142	3,753	61	2,389	39	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	1,858	1,269	68	589	32	
2004/2005	1,770	1,173	66	597	34	
2005/2006	1,772	1,224	69	548	31	
2006/2007	1,930	1,453	75	477	25	
2007/2008	1,923	1,531	80	392	20	
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	9,576 r	4,973 r	52 r	4,603 r	48 r	
2004/2005	9,272 r	5,057 r	55 r	4,215 r	45 r	
2005/2006	10,003 r	5,675 r	57 r	4,328 r	43 r	
2006/2007	8,974 r	5,431 r	61 r	3,543 r	39 r	
2007/2008	8,965	5,434	61	3,531	39	
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	11,978	6,992	58	4,986	42	
2004/2005	11,123	6,419	58	4,704	42	
2005/2006	11,174	6,333	57	4,841	43	
2006/2007	11,175	6,422	57	4,753	43	
2007/2008	11,233	6,447	57	4,786	43	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-1 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Total

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	104		23	22	81	78
2004/2005	66		14	21	52	79
2005/2006	74		39	53	35	47
2006/2007	61		12	20	49	80
2007/2008	67		19	28	48	72
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	443		165	37	278	63
2004/2005	467		97	21	370	79
2005/2006	485		118	24	367	76
2006/2007	484		119	25	365	75
2007/2008	406		128	32	278	68
Nunavut						
2003/2004	34		3	9	31	91
2004/2005	33		8	24	25	76
2005/2006	64		3	5	61	95
2006/2007	46		1	2	45	98
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	103,911 r		...	...	...	...
2004/2005	109,645 r		...	...	...	...
2005/2006	114,574 r		...	...	...	...
2006/2007	112,162 r		...	...	...	...
2007/2008	111,507		...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. The refused application count does not include those who are denied services through pre-screening measures. Legal aid plans screen applicants to some degree before an application is filed.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-2
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Financial ineligibility

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..	..	...	..	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	..	...
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	..	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.	.	...	.	.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...	.	.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...	.	.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...	.	.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...	.	.	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	1,161	425	37	736	63	
2004/2005	1,208	417	35	791	65	
2005/2006	1,181	379	32	802	68	
2006/2007	1,089	383	35	706	65	
2007/2008	1,241	463	37	778	63	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	..	..	...	..	..	...
2004/2005	..	..	...	..	..	...
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	..	...
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	..	...
2007/2008	73	57	78	16	22	
Quebec						
2003/2004	24,124	10,902	45	13,222	55	
2004/2005	22,886	10,145	44	12,741	56	
2005/2006	24,366	11,474	47	12,892	53	
2006/2007	24,444	12,235	50	12,209	50	
2007/2008	25,563	13,782	54	11,781	46	
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	7,705	.	...	.	..	...
2004/2005	20,624	.	...	.	..	...
2005/2006	24,270	.	...	.	..	...
2006/2007	22,412	.	...	.	..	...
2007/2008	21,649	.	...	.	..	...
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	323	126	39	197	61	
2004/2005	348	114	33	234	67	
2005/2006	396	134	34	262	66	
2006/2007	675	341	51	334	49	
2007/2008	728	378	52	350	48	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	1,313	909	69	404	31	
2004/2005	1,266	883	70	383	30	
2005/2006	1,451	1,025	71	426	29	
2006/2007	1,571	1,191	76	380	24	
2007/2008	1,691	1,371	81	320	19	
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	3,977 r	2,137 r	54 r	1,840 r	46 r	
2004/2005	3,595 r	1,876 r	52 r	1,719 r	48 r	
2005/2006	4,135 r	2,429 r	59 r	1,706 r	41 r	
2006/2007	4,013 r	2,426 r	60 r	1,587 r	40 r	
2007/2008	3,630	2,278	63	1,352	37	
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	1,867	1,338	72	529	28	
2004/2005	2,417	1,402	58	1,015	42	
2005/2006	2,382	1,352	57	1,030	43	
2006/2007	2,866	1,570	55	1,296	45	
2007/2008	3,221	1,722	53	1,499	47	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-2 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Financial ineligibility

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	63	17	27	46	73	
2004/2005	57	11	19	46	81	
2005/2006	57	32	56	25	44	
2006/2007	51	9	18	42	82	
2007/2008	53	16	30	37	70	
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	125	74	59	51	41	
2004/2005	105	31	30	74	70	
2005/2006	129	44	34	85	66	
2006/2007	130	44	34	86	66	
2007/2008	66	21	32	45	68	
Nunavut						
2003/2004	6	2	33	4	67	
2004/2005	7	3	43	4	57	
2005/2006	3	0	0	3	100	
2006/2007	15	0	0	15	100	
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	52,513 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	58,370 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	57,266 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	57,915	...	...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-3
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Coverage restrictions

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	75	56	75	19	25	
2004/2005	65	47	72	18	28	
2005/2006	56	29	52	27	48	
2006/2007	94	57	61	37	39	
2007/2008	133	63	47	70	53	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008	292	268	92	24	8	
Quebec						
2003/2004	7,823	3,734	48	4,089	52	
2004/2005	7,303	3,253	45	4,050	55	
2005/2006	6,987	3,303	47	3,684	53	
2006/2007	6,552	2,965	45	3,587	55	
2007/2008	6,362	2,974	47	3,388	53	
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	9,096	..	...	..	..
2004/2005	11,496	..	...	..	..
2005/2006	10,579	6,307	60	4,272	40	
2006/2007	11,194	..	...	..	..
2007/2008	10,128	..	...	..	..
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	289	18	6	271	94	
2004/2005	304	26	9	278	91	
2005/2006	235	24	10	211	90	
2006/2007	431	175	41	256	59	
2007/2008	356	139	39	217	61	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	271	254	94	17	6	
2004/2005	211	191	91	20	9	
2005/2006	119	109	92	10	8	
2006/2007	176	166	94	10	6	
2007/2008	117	109	93	8	7	
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	2,695 r	1,677 r	62	1,018	38	
2004/2005	2,874 r	2,011 r	70	863 r	30	
2005/2006	2,729 r	1,826 r	67	903 r	33	
2006/2007	2,262 r	1,749 r	77 r	513	23 r	
2007/2008	2,402	1,853	77	549	23	
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	7,062	3,433	49	3,629	51	
2004/2005	5,386	2,611	48	2,775	52	
2005/2006	5,192	2,606	50	2,586	50	
2006/2007	4,425	2,360	53	2,065	47	
2007/2008	3,824	2,207	58	1,617	42	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-3 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Coverage restrictions

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	14		2	14	12	86
2004/2005	5		1	20	4	80
2005/2006	14		7	50	7	50
2006/2007	7		3	43	4	57
2007/2008	10		3	30	7	70
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	37		13	35	24	65
2004/2005	28		10	36	18	64
2005/2006	33		2	6	31	94
2006/2007	33		3	9	30	91
2007/2008	27		9	33	18	67
Nunavut						
2003/2004	27		1	4	26	96
2004/2005	21		2	10	19	90
2005/2006	30		2	7	28	93
2006/2007	27		0	0	27	100
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...		...	...	...	...
2004/2005	27,693 ^r		...	...	...	...
2005/2006	25,974 ^r		...	...	...	...
2006/2007	25,201 ^r		...	...	...	...
2007/2008	23,651		...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-4
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Lack of merit

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..		..	...	..	...
2004/2005	..		..	...	..	...
2005/2006	..		..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..		..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.		.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.		.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.		.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.		.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.		.	...	.	...
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	312		159	51	153	49
2004/2005	275		174	63	101	37
2005/2006	264		102	39	162	61
2006/2007	222		115	52	107	48
2007/2008	299		168	56	131	44
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	.		.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.		.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.		.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.		.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.		.	...	.	...
Quebec						
2003/2004	1,781		91	5	1,690	95
2004/2005	1,754		65	4	1,689	96
2005/2006	1,678		95	6	1,583	94
2006/2007	1,514		62	4	1,452	96
2007/2008	1,280		49	4	1,231	96
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	13,243		.	...	.	...
2004/2005	9,815		.	...	.	...
2005/2006	..		.	...	.	...
2006/2007	..		.	...	.	...
2007/2008	..		.	...	.	...
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	628		34	5	594	95
2004/2005	655		34	5	621	95
2005/2006	749		26	3	723	97
2006/2007	802		54	7	748	93
2007/2008	740		43	6	697	94
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	148		21	14	127	86
2004/2005	143		27	19	116	81
2005/2006	89		23	26	66	74
2006/2007	90		35	39	55	61
2007/2008	79		19	24	60	76
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	993 r		207 r	21	786 r	79
2004/2005	897 r		170 r	19 r	727 r	81 r
2005/2006	939 r		204 r	22	735 r	78
2006/2007	748 r		185 r	25 r	563 r	75 r
2007/2008	713		157	22	556	78
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	.		.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.		.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.		.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.		.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.		.	...	.	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-4 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Lack of merit

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	17		4	24	13	76
2004/2005	4		2	50	2	50
2005/2006	3		0	0	3	100
2006/2007	3		0	0	3	100
2007/2008	3		0	0	3	100
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	51		15	29	36	71
2004/2005	107		27	25	80	75
2005/2006	88		18	20	70	80
2006/2007	46		13	28	33	72
2007/2008	68		15	22	53	78
Nunavut						
2003/2004	1		0	0	1	100
2004/2005	1		1	100	0	0
2005/2006	15		0	0	15	100
2006/2007	4		1	25	3	75
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...		...	...	...	...
2004/2005	13,651 ^r		...	...	...	...
2005/2006	3,825 ^r		...	...	...	...
2006/2007	3,429 ^r		...	...	...	...
2007/2008	3,182		...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-5
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Non-compliance/abuse

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..		..		..
2004/2005	..		..		..
2005/2006	..		..		..
2006/2007	..		..		..
2007/2008	..		..		..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.		.		.	
2004/2005	.		.		.	
2005/2006	.		.		.	
2006/2007	.		.		.	
2007/2008	.		.		.	
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	71		34	48	37	52
2004/2005	108		42	39	66	61
2005/2006	79		45	57	34	43
2006/2007	95		53	56	42	44
2007/2008	109		104	95	5	5
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	..		..		.
2004/2005	..		..		.
2005/2006	..		..		.
2006/2007	..		..		.
2007/2008	69		69	100	.	
Quebec						
2003/2004	60		2	3	58	97
2004/2005	74		11	15	63	85
2005/2006	74		6	8	68	92
2006/2007	56		1	2	55	98
2007/2008	58		4	7	54	93
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	.		.		.	
2004/2005	.		.		.	
2005/2006	.		.		.	
2006/2007	.		.		.	
2007/2008	.		.		.	
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	40		20	50	20	50
2004/2005	4		0	0	4	100
2005/2006	17		1	6	16	94
2006/2007	21		7	33	14	67
2007/2008	54		29	54	25	46
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	35		19	54	16	46
2004/2005	30		19	63	11	37
2005/2006	27		18	67	9	33
2006/2007	20		15	75	5	25
2007/2008	10		9	90	1	10
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	697 r		357 r	51 r	340 r	49 r
2004/2005	570 r		306 r	54 r	264 r	46 r
2005/2006	698 r		399 r	57 r	299 r	43 r
2006/2007	712 r		417 r	59 r	295 r	41 r
2007/2008	867		514	59	353	41
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	.		.		.	
2004/2005	.		.		.	
2005/2006	.		.		.	
2006/2007	.		.		.	
2007/2008	.		.		.	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-5 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Non-compliance/abuse

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	1	0	0	0	1	100
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	147	47	32	100	68	68
2004/2005	227	29	13	198	87	87
2005/2006	230	50	22	180	78	78
2006/2007	230	50	22	180	78	78
2007/2008	215	55	26	160	74	74
Nunavut						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	1	100	1	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	1,013 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	1,126 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	1,134 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	1,383	...	...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.
Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 18-6
Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Other reasons

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..		..		..	..
2004/2005	..		..		..	..
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.		.		.	..
2004/2005	.		.		.	..
2005/2006	.		.		.	..
2006/2007	.		.		.	..
2007/2008	.		.		.	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	699	287	41		412	59
2004/2005	916	428	47		488	53
2005/2006	828	440	53		388	47
2006/2007	919	575	63		344	37
2007/2008	826	511	62		315	38
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	551	486	88		65	12
2004/2005	859	741	86		118	14
2005/2006	795	698	88		97	12
2006/2007	830	715	86		115	14
2007/2008	116	84	72		32	28
Quebec						
2003/2004	5,263	1,047	20		4,216	80
2004/2005	4,896	972	20		3,924	80
2005/2006	4,904	1,023	21		3,881	79
2006/2007	4,396	991	23		3,405	77
2007/2008	4,157	878	21		3,279	79
Ontario ¹						
2003/2004	1,744	..	..		..	..
2004/2005	1,329	..	..		..	..
2005/2006	11,329	6,141	54		5,188	46
2006/2007	10,650	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	10,416	..	..		..	..
Manitoba ²						
2003/2004	1,809	867	48		942	52
2004/2005	1,995	1,052	53		943	47
2005/2006	2,215	1,170	53		1,045	47
2006/2007	3,096	2,110	68		986	32
2007/2008	4,264	3,164	74		1,100	26
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	91	66	73		25	27
2004/2005	120	53	44		67	56
2005/2006	86	49	57		37	43
2006/2007	73	46	63		27	37
2007/2008	26	23	88		3	12
Alberta ³						
2003/2004	1,214 r	595 r	49 r		619 r	51 r
2004/2005	1,336 r	694 r	52 r		642 r	48 r
2005/2006	1,502 r	817 r	54 r		685 r	46 r
2006/2007	1,239 r	654 r	53 r		585 r	47 r
2007/2008	1,353	632	47		721	53
British Columbia ⁴						
2003/2004	3,049	2,221	73		828	27
2004/2005	3,320	2,406	72		914	28
2005/2006	3,600	2,375	66		1,225	34
2006/2007	3,884	2,492	64		1,392	36
2007/2008	4,188	2,518	60		1,670	40

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 18-6 – continued

Refused legal aid applications by reason for refusal, criminal and civil matters — Other reasons

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	10	0	0	0	10	100
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	83	16	19	81	67	81
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	5	4	80	20	1	20
2006/2007	45	9	20	80	36	80
2007/2008	30	28	93	7	2	7
Nunavut						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	4	2	50	50	2	50
2005/2006	15	0	0	100	15	100
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	14,775 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	25,279 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	25,132 ^r	...	...	...	...	...
2007/2008	25,376	...	...	...	...	...

1. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 50% of applications refused for financial ineligibility. Beginning in 2005/2006, counts for lack of merit are included in coverage restrictions.
2. In 2005/2006, Manitoba began to issue one legal aid certificate per matter. This led to an increase in the count for total, approved and refused legal aid applications. In 2006/2007, the use of certificate equivalents initiated by staff was discontinued, resulting in a decrease in the count for total and approved applications and an increase in refused applications.
3. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figures for refused applications. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.
4. In British Columbia, the decline in the number of total and refused applications in 2003/2004 is attributable to a reduction in the scope of legal aid coverage for civil matters, including the elimination of legal representation for other, non-family civil matters.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Other reasons for refusal may include, among others, client cancelled/abandoned, coverage cancelled, or duplicate application.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 19-1
Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Total

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	78	42	54	36	46	
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	8	4	50	4	50	
2004/2005	15	8	53	7	47	
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	132	71	54	61	46	
2004/2005	146	78	53	68	47	
2005/2006	155	86	55	69	45	
2006/2007	149	82	55	67	45	
2007/2008	156	81	52	75	48	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	32	15	47	17	53	
2004/2005	50	28	56	22	44	
2005/2006	53	31	58	22	42	
2006/2007	55	31	56	24	44	
2007/2008	60	33	55	27	45	
Quebec						
2003/2004	839	347	41	492	59	
2004/2005	830	343	41	487	59	
2005/2006	834	348	42	486	58	
2006/2007	835	347	42	488	58	
2007/2008	835	348	42	487	58	
Ontario ²						
2003/2004	1,272	401	32	871	68	
2004/2005	1,336	482	36	854	64	
2005/2006	1,336	486	36	850	64	
2006/2007	1,333	494	37	839	63	
2007/2008	1,402	524	37	878	63	
Manitoba						
2003/2004	151	57	38	94	62	
2004/2005	157	60	38	97	62	
2005/2006	158	60	38	98	62	
2006/2007	171	66	39	105	61	
2007/2008	165	63	38	102	62	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	140	70	50	70	50	
2004/2005	150	76	51	74	49	
2005/2006	149	76	51	73	49	
2006/2007	149	77	52	72	48	
2007/2008	155	77	50	78	50	
Alberta						
2003/2004	209	64	31	145	69	
2004/2005	229	66	29	163	71	
2005/2006	245	66	27	179	73	
2006/2007	253	69	27	184	73	
2007/2008	277	78	28	199	72	
British Columbia						
2003/2004	179	31	17	148	83	
2004/2005	204	27	13	177	87	
2005/2006	185	25	14	160	86	
2006/2007	180	39	22	141	78	
2007/2008	213	27	13	186	87	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 19-1 – continued

Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Total

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	12		7	58	5	42
2004/2005	16		8	50	8	50
2005/2006	16		8	50	8	50
2006/2007	15		8	53	7	47
2007/2008	14		8	57	6	43
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	25		7	28	18	72
2004/2005	30		9	30	21	70
2005/2006	29		10	34	19	66
2006/2007	28		9	32	19	68
2007/2008	27		11	41	16	59
Nunavut						
2003/2004	28		7	25	21	75
2004/2005	29		9	31	20	69
2005/2006	..		..	...	..	...
2006/2007	..		..	...	..	...
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	3,105		1,123	36	1,982	64
2004/2005	3,192		1,194	37	1,998	63
2005/2006	3,160		1,196	38	1,964	62
2006/2007	3,168		1,222	39	1,946	61
2007/2008	3,304		1,250	38	2,054	62

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, four new staff lawyers were hired to work on civil legal aid matters. As a result, staff delivery of legal aid services was increased and private sector delivery was reduced.
2. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 41% of legal aid plan personnel, including 51% of lawyers and 35% of non-lawyers.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 19-2
Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Direct legal service staff

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	78	42	54	36	46	
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	8	4	50	4	50	
2004/2005	15	8	53	7	47	
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	122	69	57	53	43	
2004/2005	136	76	56	60	44	
2005/2006	144	84	58	60	42	
2006/2007	138	80	58	58	42	
2007/2008	145	78	54	67	46	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	14	14	100	0	0	
2004/2005	27	27	100	0	0	
2005/2006	30	30	100	0	0	
2006/2007	54	30	56	24	44	
2007/2008	52	31	60	21	40	
Quebec						
2003/2004	350	316	90	34	10	
2004/2005	345	313	91	32	9	
2005/2006	353	318	90	35	10	
2006/2007	350	317	91	33	9	
2007/2008	354	318	90	36	10	
Ontario ²						
2003/2004	597	269	45	328	55	
2004/2005	532	376	71	156	29	
2005/2006	552	387	70	165	30	
2006/2007	555	393	71	162	29	
2007/2008	589	420	71	169	29	
Manitoba						
2003/2004	115	52	45	63	55	
2004/2005	121	55	45	66	55	
2005/2006	121	55	45	66	55	
2006/2007	134	60	45	74	55	
2007/2008	124	57	46	67	54	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	85	69	81	16	19	
2004/2005	95	75	79	20	21	
2005/2006	94	75	80	19	20	
2006/2007	94	76	81	18	19	
2007/2008	94	76	81	18	19	
Alberta						
2003/2004	71	61	86	10	14	
2004/2005	72	63	88	9	13	
2005/2006	75	63	84	12	16	
2006/2007	78	66	85	12	15	
2007/2008	88	74	84	14	16	
British Columbia						
2003/2004	84	22	26	62	74	
2004/2005	34	26	76	8	24	
2005/2006	81	25	31	56	69	
2006/2007	104	27	26	77	74	
2007/2008	87	27	31	60	69	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 19-2 – continued

Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Direct legal service staff

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	12		7	58	5	42
2004/2005	16		8	50	8	50
2005/2006	16		8	50	8	50
2006/2007	15		8	53	7	47
2007/2008	14		8	57	6	43
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	16		6	38	10	63
2004/2005	19		8	42	11	58
2005/2006	20		9	45	11	55
2006/2007	19		8	42	11	58
2007/2008	19		10	53	9	47
Nunavut						
2003/2004	28		7	25	21	75
2004/2005	10		9	90	1	10
2005/2006	..		..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..		..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..		..	..	..	..
Total						
2003/2004	1,580		938	59	642	41
2004/2005	1,422		1,044	73	378	27
2005/2006	1,486		1,054	71	432	29
2006/2007	1,541		1,065	69	476	31
2007/2008	1,566		1,099	70	467	30

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, four new staff lawyers were hired to work on civil legal aid matters. As a result, staff delivery of legal aid services was increased and private sector delivery was reduced.
2. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 41% of legal aid plan personnel, including 51% of lawyers and 35% of non-lawyers.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 19-3
Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Other staff

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	0	0	0		0	0
2004/2005	..	..	..		..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Prince Edward Island ¹						
2003/2004	0	0	0		0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0		0	0
2005/2006	..	..	..		..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..		..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..		..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	10	2	20		8	80
2004/2005	10	2	20		8	80
2005/2006	11	2	18		9	82
2006/2007	11	2	18		9	82
2007/2008	11	3	27		8	73
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	18	1	6		17	94
2004/2005	23	1	4		22	96
2005/2006	23	1	4		22	96
2006/2007	1	1	100		0	0
2007/2008	8	2	25		6	75
Quebec						
2003/2004	488	30	6		458	94
2004/2005	485	30	6		455	94
2005/2006	481	30	6		451	94
2006/2007	485	30	6		455	94
2007/2008	481	30	6		451	94
Ontario ²						
2003/2004	675	132	20		543	80
2004/2005	804	106	13		698	87
2005/2006	784	99	13		685	87
2006/2007	778	101	13		677	87
2007/2008	813	104	13		709	87
Manitoba						
2003/2004	36	5	14		31	86
2004/2005	36	5	14		31	86
2005/2006	37	5	14		32	86
2006/2007	37	6	16		31	84
2007/2008	41	6	15		35	85
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	55	1	2		54	98
2004/2005	55	1	2		54	98
2005/2006	55	1	2		54	98
2006/2007	55	1	2		54	98
2007/2008	61	1	2		60	98
Alberta						
2003/2004	138	3	2		135	98
2004/2005	157	3	2		154	98
2005/2006	170	3	2		167	98
2006/2007	175	3	2		172	98
2007/2008	189	4	2		185	98
British Columbia						
2003/2004	95	9	9		86	91
2004/2005	170	1	1		169	99
2005/2006	104	0	0		104	100
2006/2007	76	12	16		64	84
2007/2008	126	0	0		126	100

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 19-3 – continued

Legal aid plan personnel as of March 31 — Other staff

	Total		Lawyers		Non-lawyers	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	9	11	1	11	8	89
2004/2005	11	9	1	9	10	91
2005/2006	9	11	1	11	8	89
2006/2007	9	11	1	11	8	89
2007/2008	8	13	1	13	7	88
Nunavut						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	19	0	0	0	19	100
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total						
2003/2004	1,524	12	184	12	1,340	88
2004/2005	1,770	8	150	8	1,620	92
2005/2006	1,674	8	142	8	1,532	92
2006/2007	1,627	10	157	10	1,470	90
2007/2008	1,738	9	151	9	1,587	91

1. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, four new staff lawyers were hired to work on civil legal aid matters. As a result, staff delivery of legal aid services was increased and private sector delivery was reduced.
2. Ontario has 79 legal aid clinics that are independent, non-profit organizations funded by the legal aid plan. Staff lawyers and community legal workers at these clinics provide legal aid services primarily in "other" civil matters, particularly in the area of poverty law which includes, social assistance/income maintenance, landlord and tenant, workers' compensation, criminal injuries compensation, and refugee and immigration matters. In 2007/2008, these clinics accounted for 41% of legal aid plan personnel, including 51% of lawyers and 35% of non-lawyers.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. The Other staff category may include, among others, accountants, librarians and clerical staff.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 20
Legal aid service delivery by private and staff lawyers

	Total ¹		Private lawyers		Legal aid plan staff lawyers ²	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	42		0		42	100
2004/2005	..		..		..	..
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Prince Edward Island ³						
2003/2004	34		30	88	4	12
2004/2005	42		34	81	8	19
2005/2006	..		..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..		..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..		..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	294		223	76	71	24
2004/2005	289		211	73	78	27
2005/2006	320		234	73	86	27
2006/2007	287		205	71	82	29
2007/2008	290		209	72	81	28
New Brunswick ⁴						
2003/2004	195		180	92	15	8
2004/2005	..		..	..	28	..
2005/2006	153		122	80	31	20
2006/2007	129		98	76	31	24
2007/2008	133		100	75	33	25
Quebec						
2003/2004	2,751		2,404	87	347	13
2004/2005	2,824		2,481	88	343	12
2005/2006	2,807		2,459	88	348	12
2006/2007	2,741		2,394	87	347	13
2007/2008	2,685		2,337	87	348	13
Ontario ⁵						
2003/2004	6,483		6,082	94	401	6
2004/2005	4,651		4,169	90	482	10
2005/2006	5,783		5,297	92	486	8
2006/2007	4,878		4,384	90	494	10
2007/2008	5,505		4,981	90	524	10
Manitoba						
2003/2004	373		316	85	57	15
2004/2005	355		295	83	60	17
2005/2006	357		297	83	60	17
2006/2007	336		270	80	66	20
2007/2008	316		253	80	63	20
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	213		143	67	70	33
2004/2005	200		124	62	76	38
2005/2006	213		137	64	76	36
2006/2007	209		132	63	77	37
2007/2008	241		164	68	77	32
Alberta ⁶						
2003/2004	937 r		873 r	93 r	64	7 r
2004/2005	968 r		902 r	93 r	66	7 r
2005/2006	939 r		873 r	93 r	66	7 r
2006/2007	862 r		793 r	92 r	69	8 r
2007/2008	869		791	91	78	9
British Columbia						
2003/2004	1,058		1,027	97	31	3
2004/2005	1,024		997	97	27	3
2005/2006	981		956	97	25	3
2006/2007	970		931	96	39	4
2007/2008	938		911	97	27	3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 20 – continued

Legal aid service delivery by private and staff lawyers

	Total ¹		Private lawyers		Legal aid plan staff lawyers ²	
	number		percent		number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	14		7	50	7	50
2004/2005	16		8	50	8	50
2005/2006	16		8	50	8	50
2006/2007	16		8	50	8	50
2007/2008	16		8	50	8	50
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	26		19	73	7	27
2004/2005	24		15	63	9	38
2005/2006	27		17	63	10	37
2006/2007	29		20	69	9	31
2007/2008	30		19	63	11	37
Nunavut						
2003/2004	22		15	68	7	32
2004/2005	15		6	40	9	60
2005/2006	6		6	100	..	...
2006/2007	8		8	100	..	...
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	12,442 ^r		11,319 ^r	91	1,123	9
2004/2005	...		...	...	1,194	...
2005/2006	11,602 ^r		10,406 ^r	90	1,196	10
2006/2007	10,465 ^r		9,243 ^r	88 ^r	1,222	12 ^r
2007/2008	11,023		9,773	89	1,250	11

1. The "total" count represents the number of lawyers providing legal aid services across Canada as reported by legal aid plans. The ratio of private to staff lawyers does not necessarily reflect the proportion of work that is done by each group.

2. Figures are as of March 31.

3. In Prince Edward Island in 2004/2005, four new staff lawyers were hired to work on civil legal aid matters. As a result, staff delivery of legal aid services was increased and private sector delivery was reduced.

4. In New Brunswick in 2004/2005, many members of the private bar refused to take legal aid cases. Information on the number of private lawyers providing service is not available.

5. In Ontario, the private lawyer count includes per diem duty counsel.

6. Alberta is using a new method to produce the figure for private lawyers. Data for years prior to 2003/2004 will not be comparable.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 21
Duty counsel services by type of matter

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	4,929	4,929	100		...	...
2004/2005	..	..	...		...	...
2005/2006	..	..	...		...	...
2006/2007	..	..	...		...	...
2007/2008	..	..	...		...	...
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	.	.	...		.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...		.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...		.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...		.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...		.	...
Nova Scotia ¹						
2003/2004	8,389	7,848	94		541	6
2004/2005	10,832	9,434	87		1,398	13
2005/2006	12,058	10,564	88		1,494	12
2006/2007	13,569	12,164	90		1,405	10
2007/2008	15,868	14,299	90		1,569	10
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	13,890	13,665	98		225	2
2004/2005	15,558	15,393	99		165	1
2005/2006	18,339	18,189	99		150	1
2006/2007	19,370	19,222	99		148	1
2007/2008	22,321	20,421	91		1,900	9
Quebec						
2003/2004	.	.	...		.	...
2004/2005	.	.	...		.	...
2005/2006	.	.	...		.	...
2006/2007	.	.	...		.	...
2007/2008	.	.	...		.	...
Ontario						
2003/2004	1,034,172	780,049	75		254,123	25
2004/2005	926,385	709,830	77		216,555	23
2005/2006	978,773	738,722	75		240,051	25
2006/2007	1,038,758	844,420	81		194,338	19
2007/2008	1,078,703	882,539	82		196,164	18
Manitoba						
2003/2004	31,520	..	...		..	...
2004/2005	33,048	..	...		..	...
2005/2006	38,803	..	...		..	...
2006/2007	40,850	30,243	74		10,607	26
2007/2008	42,487	39,407	93		3,080	7
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	14,145	13,746	97		399	3
2004/2005	15,867	15,535	98		332	2
2005/2006	16,560	16,142	97		418	3
2006/2007	14,643	14,300	98		343	2
2007/2008	15,319	14,870	97		449	3
Alberta ²						
2003/2004	73,075	72,509	99		566	1
2004/2005	94,965	90,437	95		4,528	5
2005/2006	105,225	94,448	90		10,777	10
2006/2007	107,476	97,500	91		9,976	9
2007/2008	119,955	107,885	90		12,070	10
British Columbia						
2003/2004	68,593	62,495	91		6,098	9
2004/2005	84,550	69,267	82		15,283	18
2005/2006	95,498	75,720	79		19,778	21
2006/2007	104,152	82,024	79		22,128	21
2007/2008	104,419	81,146	78		23,273	22

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 21 – continued

Duty counsel services by type of matter

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	1,291		1,203	93	88	7
2004/2005	1,227		1,146	93	81	7
2005/2006	1,429		1,364	95	65	5
2006/2007	1,797		1,740	97	57	3
2007/2008	2,030		1,954	96	76	4
Northwest Territories ³						
2003/2004	2,660		2,660	100	...	...
2004/2005	2,637 ^r		2,637	100 ^r	... ^r	...
2005/2006	3,443		3,443	100	...	...
2006/2007	3,543 ^r		3,543	100	... ^r	...
2007/2008	4,308		4,308	100	...	...
Nunavut ³						
2003/2004	5,323		5,323	100	0	0
2004/2005	3,548		3,523	99	25	1
2005/2006	4,714		4,688	99	26	1
2006/2007	4,623		4,623	100	0	0
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	1,257,987		...	...	...	...
2004/2005	1,188,617 ^r		...	...	...	...
2005/2006	1,274,842		...	...	...	...
2006/2007	1,348,781 ^r		1,109,779	82	239,002 ^r	18
2007/2008	1,405,410		1,166,829	83	238,601	17

1. Nova Scotia reports duty counsel services based on the number of persons assisted rather than the units of service provided.
2. The duty counsel figures for Alberta include services provided for a new "Brydges" advice program that commenced in 2003/2004. The large increase in duty counsel numbers in Alberta in 2004/2005 is the result of an extra 4,532 cases handled by the Alberta Law Office. This office, which opened during the year, provides legal information/advice over the phone.
3. Northwest Territories and Nunavut employ a practice known as "presumed eligibility". Persons appearing in court are not required to apply for legal services, unless and until the matter requires a preliminary inquiry, a trial, or more complex sentencing. Otherwise, they are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Duty counsel is legal assistance rendered without charge to unrepresented individuals who, in many cases, are about to make an appearance in court. Data represent a count of the number of times duty counsel services were provided.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 22
Duty counsel services by type of criminal and civil matter

	Total		Criminal matters				Civil matters				
	Total	number	Adults		Youth		Total	Family matters		Other	
			number	percent	number	percent		number	percent	number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador											
2003/2004	4,929	4,929	3,984	81	945	19	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island											
2003/2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia 1											
2003/2004	8,389	7,848	6,946	89	902	11	541	541	100	0	0
2004/2005	10,832	9,434	8,199	87	1,235	13	1,398	1,397	100	1	0
2005/2006	12,058	10,564	9,304	88	1,260	12	1,494	1,494	100	0	0
2006/2007	13,569	12,164	10,662	88	1,502	12	1,405	1,404	100	1	0
2007/2008	15,868	14,299	12,124	85	2,175	15	1,569	1,569	100	0	0
New Brunswick											
2003/2004	13,890	13,665	11,684	86	1,981	14	225	21	9	204	91
2004/2005	15,558	15,393	13,677	89	1,716	11	165	165	100	0	0
2005/2006	18,339	18,189	16,031	88	2,158	12	150	150	100	0	0
2006/2007	19,370	19,222	17,208	90	2,014	10	148	148	100	0	0
2007/2008	22,321	20,421	18,275	89	2,146	11	1,900	1,900	100	0	0
Quebec											
2003/2004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ontario											
2003/2004	1,034,172	780,049	665,547	85	114,502	15	254,123	125,109	49	129,014	51
2004/2005	926,385	709,830	618,815	87	91,015	13	216,555	105,621	49	110,934	51
2005/2006	978,773	738,722	647,502	88	91,220	12	240,051	174,889	73	65,162	27
2006/2007	1,038,758	844,420	742,631	88	101,789	12	194,338	163,719	84	30,619	16
2007/2008	1,078,703	882,539	778,882	88	103,657	12	196,164	168,966	86	27,198	14
Manitoba											
2003/2004	31,520	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	33,048	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	38,803	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	40,850	30,243	28,279	94	1,964	6	10,607	10,607	100	..	..
2007/2008	42,487	39,407	34,079	86	5,328	14	3,080	3,080	100	..	..
Saskatchewan											
2003/2004	14,145	13,746	11,716	85	2,030	15	399	3	1	396	99
2004/2005	15,867	15,535	13,311	86	2,224	14	332	4	1	328	99
2005/2006	16,560	16,142	13,762	85	2,380	15	418	3	1	415	99
2006/2007	14,643	14,300	12,395	87	1,905	13	343	6	2	337	98
2007/2008	15,319	14,870	12,922	87	1,948	13	449	3	1	446	99
Alberta 2											
2003/2004	73,075	72,509	61,142	84	11,367	16	566	409	72	157	28
2004/2005	94,965	90,437	77,702	86	12,735	14	4,528	275	6	4,253	94
2005/2006	105,225	94,448	81,628	86	12,820	14	10,777	5,687	53	5,090	47
2006/2007	107,476	97,500	85,138	87	12,362	13	9,976	4,895	49	5,081	51
2007/2008	119,955	107,885	94,097	87	13,788	13	12,070	6,390	53	5,680	47
British Columbia											
2003/2004	68,593	62,495	60,331	97	2,164	3	6,098	6,098	100	0	0
2004/2005	84,550	69,267	64,719	93	4,548	7	15,283	14,272	93	1,011	7
2005/2006	95,498	75,720	70,631	93	5,089	7	19,778	18,789	95	989	5
2006/2007	104,152	82,024	77,099	94	4,925	6	22,128	21,122	95	1,006	5
2007/2008	104,419	81,146	76,578	94	4,568	6	23,273	22,441	96	832	4
Yukon											
2003/2004	1,291	1,203	1,135	94	68	6	88	88	100	0	0
2004/2005	1,227	1,146	1,027	90	119	10	81	81	100	0	0
2005/2006	1,429	1,364	1,242	91	122	9	65	63	97	2	3
2006/2007	1,797	1,740	1,529	88	211	12	57	57	100	0	0
2007/2008	2,030	1,954	1,650	84	304	16	76	75	99	1	1

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 22 – continued

Duty counsel services by type of criminal and civil matter

	Total		Criminal matters				Civil matters				
	Total		Adults		Youth		Total	Family matters		Other	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Northwest Territories³											
2003/2004	2,660	2,660	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	2,637 ^r	2,637	2,026	77	611	23	... ^r	... ^r	...	...	...
2005/2006	3,443	3,443	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	3,543 ^r	3,543	2,755	78	788	22	... ^r	... ^r	...	...	...
2007/2008	4,308	4,308	3,346	78	962	22	...	...	...	...	...
Nunavut³											
2003/2004	5,323	5,323	4,353	82	970	18	0	0	...	0	...
2004/2005	3,548	3,523	2,830	80	693	20	25	25	100	0	0
2005/2006	4,714	4,688	4,688	100	0	0	26	3	12	23	88
2006/2007	4,623	4,623	4,556	99	67	1	0	0	...	0	...
2007/2008	..	..	..	...	..	...	..	..	...	..	...
Total											
2003/2004	1,257,987	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	1,188,617 ^r	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	1,274,842	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2006/2007	1,348,781 ^r	1,109,779	982,252	89	127,527	11	239,002 ^r	201,958 ^r	85	37,044	15
2007/2008	1,405,410	1,166,829	1,031,953	88	134,876	12	238,581	204,424	86	34,157	14

1. Nova Scotia reports duty counsel services based on the number of persons assisted rather than the units of service provided.
2. The duty counsel figures for Alberta include services provided for a new "Brydges" advice program that commenced in 2003/2004. The large increase in duty counsel numbers in Alberta in 2004/2005 is the result of an extra 4,532 cases handled by the Alberta Law Office. This office, which opened during the year, provides legal information/advice over the phone.
3. Northwest Territories and Nunavut employ a practice known as "presumed eligibility". Persons appearing in court are not required to apply for legal services, unless and until the matter requires a preliminary inquiry, a trial, or more complex sentencing. Otherwise, they are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services.

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Duty counsel is legal assistance rendered without charge to unrepresented individuals who, in many cases, are about to make an appearance in court. Data represent a count of the number of times duty counsel services were provided.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 23-1
Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Total

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..		..		..	..
2004/2005	..		..		..	..
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	..		..		..	..
2004/2005	..		..		..	..
2005/2006	..		..		..	..
2006/2007	..		..		..	..
2007/2008	..		..		..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	62		61	98	1	2
2004/2005	55		36	65	19	35
2005/2006	120		54	45	66	55
2006/2007	101		63	62	38	38
2007/2008	82		68	83	14	17
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	31		28	90	3	10
2004/2005	12		2	17	10	83
2005/2006	38		36	95	2	5
2006/2007	48		37	77	11	23
2007/2008	61		55	90	6	10
Quebec						
2003/2004	1,222		532	44	690	56
2004/2005	1,186		531	45	655	55
2005/2006	1,225		614	50	611	50
2006/2007	1,175		574	49	601	51
2007/2008	1,078		514	48	564	52
Ontario						
2003/2004	..		..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..		..	..	..	..
2005/2006	1,663		1,238	74	425	26
2006/2007	1,318		629	48	689	52
2007/2008	1,036		575	56	461	44
Manitoba						
2003/2004	..		..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..		..	..	..	..
2005/2006	96		81	84	15	16
2006/2007	96		71	74	25	26
2007/2008	101		68	67	33	33
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	41		41	100	0	0
2004/2005	45		45	100	0	0
2005/2006	49		49	100	0	0
2006/2007	41		41	100	0	0
2007/2008	51		51	100	0	0
Alberta						
2003/2004	726		523	72	203	28
2004/2005	716		570	80	146	20
2005/2006	738		613	83	125	17
2006/2007	622		528	85	94	15
2007/2008	597		370	62	227	38
British Columbia						
2003/2004	1,425		604	42	821	58
2004/2005	923		551	60	372	40
2005/2006	1,016		617	61	399	39
2006/2007	947		558	59	389	41
2007/2008	1,012		543	54	469	46

Table 23-1 – continued

Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Total

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	11	73	8	73	3	27
2004/2005	11	73	8	73	3	27
2005/2006	13	54	7	54	6	46
2006/2007	9	89	8	89	1	11
2007/2008	15	47	7	47	8	53
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	.	...
Nunavut						
2003/2004	15	100	15	100	0	0
2004/2005	12	100	12	100	0	0
2005/2006	25	100	25	100	0	0
2006/2007	12	100	12	100	0	0
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	4,983	67	3,334	67	1,649	33
2006/2007	4,369	58	2,521	58	1,848	42
2007/2008	4,033	56	2,251	56	1,782	44

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each dossier is counted in spite of the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the legal aid plan in the past.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 23-2
Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Approved

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number		percent		number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004
2004/2005
2005/2006
2006/2007
2007/2008
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	13	10	77	3	23	
2004/2005	4	3	75	1	25	
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	53	53	100	0	0	
2004/2005	40	28	70	12	30	
2005/2006	96	46	48	50	52	
2006/2007	87	54	62	33	38	
2007/2008	67	58	87	9	13	
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	15	15	100	0	0	
2004/2005	4	2	50	2	50	
2005/2006	24	23	96	1	4	
2006/2007	26	20	77	6	23	
2007/2008	32	28	88	4	13	
Quebec						
2003/2004	732	311	42	421	58	
2004/2005	729	334	46	395	54	
2005/2006	732	375	51	357	49	
2006/2007	763	392	51	371	49	
2007/2008	653	337	52	316	48	
Ontario						
2003/2004	1,157	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	1,064	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	1,425	1,052	74	373	26	
2006/2007	1,109	473	43	636	57	
2007/2008	861	432	50	429	50	
Manitoba						
2003/2004	98	80	82	18	18	
2004/2005	81	65	80	16	20	
2005/2006	96	81	84	15	16	
2006/2007	96	71	74	25	26	
2007/2008	101	68	67	33	33	
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	34	34	100	0	0	
2004/2005	37	37	100	0	0	
2005/2006	34	34	100	0	0	
2006/2007	32	32	100	0	0	
2007/2008	45	45	100	0	0	
Alberta						
2003/2004	368	204	55	164	45	
2004/2005	414	276	67	138	33	
2005/2006	386	261	68	125	32	
2006/2007	343	249	73	94	27	
2007/2008	306	212	69	94	31	
British Columbia						
2003/2004	760	231	30	529	70	
2004/2005	399	209	52	190	48	
2005/2006	445	218	49	227	51	
2006/2007	475	227	48	248	52	
2007/2008	452	200	44	252	56	

Table 23-2 – continued

Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Approved

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	11		8	73	3	27
2004/2005	7		4	57	3	43
2005/2006	11		7	64	4	36
2006/2007	6		6	100	0	0
2007/2008	7		6	86	1	14
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	.		.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.		.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.		.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.		.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.		.	...	.	...
Nunavut						
2003/2004	13		13	100	0	0
2004/2005	12		12	100	0	0
2005/2006	25		25	100	0	0
2006/2007	12		12	100	0	0
2007/2008	..		..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	3,254		...	...	...	...
2004/2005	2,791		...	...	...	...
2005/2006	3,274		2,122	65	1,152	35
2006/2007	2,949		1,536	52	1,413	48
2007/2008	2,524		1,386	55	1,138	45

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each dossier is counted in spite of the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the legal aid plan in the past.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 23-3
Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Refused

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador						
2003/2004	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island						
2003/2004	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia						
2003/2004	9	8	89	1	11	11
2004/2005	15	8	53	7	47	47
2005/2006	24	8	33	16	67	67
2006/2007	14	9	64	5	36	36
2007/2008	15	10	67	5	33	33
New Brunswick						
2003/2004	16	13	81	3	19	19
2004/2005	8	0	0	8	100	100
2005/2006	14	13	93	1	7	7
2006/2007	22	17	77	5	23	23
2007/2008	29	27	93	2	7	7
Quebec						
2003/2004	490	221	45	269	55	55
2004/2005	457	197	43	260	57	57
2005/2006	493	239	48	254	52	52
2006/2007	412	182	44	230	56	56
2007/2008	425	177	42	248	58	58
Ontario						
2003/2004	..	..	..	..	..	..
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	238	186	78	52	22	22
2006/2007	209	156	75	53	25	25
2007/2008	175	143	82	32	18	18
Manitoba						
2003/2004	.	.	..	.	..	..
2004/2005	.	.	..	.	..	..
2005/2006	.	.	..	.	..	..
2006/2007	.	.	..	.	..	..
2007/2008	.	.	..	.	..	..
Saskatchewan						
2003/2004	7	7	100	0	0	0
2004/2005	8	8	100	0	0	0
2005/2006	15	15	100	0	0	0
2006/2007	9	9	100	0	0	0
2007/2008	6	6	100	0	0	0
Alberta						
2003/2004	358	319	89	39	11	11
2004/2005	302	294	97	8	3	3
2005/2006	352	352	100	0	0	0
2006/2007	279	279	100	0	0	0
2007/2008	291	158	54	133	46	46
British Columbia						
2003/2004	665	373	56	292	44	44
2004/2005	524	342	65	182	35	35
2005/2006	571	399	70	172	30	30
2006/2007	472	331	70	141	30	30
2007/2008	560	343	61	217	39	39

Table 23-3 – continued

Appeals, approved and refused for legal aid services, criminal and civil matters — Refused

	Total		Criminal matters		Civil matters	
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Yukon						
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	4	100	4	100	0	0
2005/2006	2	0	0	0	2	100
2006/2007	3	67	2	67	1	33
2007/2008	8	13	1	13	7	88
Northwest Territories						
2003/2004	.	...	.	...	.	...
2004/2005	.	...	.	...	.	...
2005/2006	.	...	.	...	.	...
2006/2007	.	...	.	...	.	...
2007/2008	.	...	.	...	.	...
Nunavut						
2003/2004	2	100	2	100	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total						
2003/2004	...	...	...	...	...	...
2004/2005	...	...	...	...	...	...
2005/2006	1,709	71	1,212	71	497	29
2006/2007	1,420	69	985	69	435	31
2007/2008	1,509	57	865	57	644	43

Note(s): For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to Appendix I. Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each dossier is counted in spite of the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the legal aid plan in the past.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 24
Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Total	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	20	...	0	4	0
2004/2005	..	...	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	...	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	...	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	...	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	9	3	...	2	0
2004/2005	8	1	...	2	0
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	74	3	3	...	10
2004/2005	56	7	0	...	4
2005/2006	39	4	3	...	4
2006/2007	38	5	0	...	4
2007/2008	32	2	0	...	8
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	44	1	0	9	...
2004/2005	32	4	0	5	...
2005/2006	46	0	0	6	...
2006/2007	43	0	1	6	...
2007/2008	35	0	0	4	...
Quebec					
2003/2004	173	5	0	8	18
2004/2005	177	2	0	3	15
2005/2006	129	1	0	5	16
2006/2007	148	4	0	3	13
2007/2008	117	3	0	1	15
Ontario					
2003/2004	225	11	2	20	4
2004/2005	414	20	2	36	8
2005/2006	496	24	4	41	15
2006/2007	269	17	3	26	4
2007/2008	466	28	0	33	9
Manitoba					
2003/2004	91	1	0	3	2
2004/2005	76	0	0	2	0
2005/2006	89	1	0	3	0
2006/2007	61	0	0	1	0
2007/2008	70	3	0	0	0
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	70	0	0	1	0
2004/2005	66	0	0	2	0
2005/2006	60	0	0	1	0
2006/2007	63	1	0	0	0
2007/2008	68	1	0	0	0
Alberta					
2003/2004	269	7	0	13	1
2004/2005	260	14	1	15	2
2005/2006	242	7	0	10	5
2006/2007	209	9	1	7	1
2007/2008	214	13	2	13	4
British Columbia					
2003/2004	238	3	1	4	1
2004/2005	193	1	0	7	0
2005/2006	164	0	0	4	2
2006/2007	138	2	1	6	1
2007/2008	133	2	0	2	1

Table 24 – continued

Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Total	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	4	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	5	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	11	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	6	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	4	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	14	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	15	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	15	1	0	0	0
2006/2007	13	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	10	0	0	0	0
Nunavut					
2003/2004	8	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	4	1	0	0	0
2005/2006	3	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	5	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Total					
2003/2004	1,239	34	6	64	36
2004/2005	1,306	50	3	72	29
2005/2006	1,294	38	7	70	42
2006/2007	993	38	6	49	23
2007/2008	1,149	52	2	53	37

Table 24 – continued

Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	2	10	1	0	2
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	0	2	0	0	0
2004/2005	1	3	0	0	1
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	8	29	4	1	10
2004/2005	3	24	1	1	6
2005/2006	0	18	0	0	5
2006/2007	5	13	2	0	5
2007/2008	4	9	2	1	4
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	22	10	0	0	2
2004/2005	11	7	0	0	4
2005/2006	22	13	0	0	3
2006/2007	10	14	0	1	6
2007/2008	15	10	1	1	3
Quebec					
2003/2004	...	122	0	0	9
2004/2005	...	137	1	0	10
2005/2006	...	88	1	0	7
2006/2007	...	109	2	3	5
2007/2008	...	84	6	0	2
Ontario					
2003/2004	66	...	16	2	41
2004/2005	118	...	26	6	70
2005/2006	178	...	36	10	58
2006/2007	89	...	32	3	33
2007/2008	158	...	42	6	62
Manitoba					
2003/2004	4	21	...	26	22
2004/2005	0	16	...	17	16
2005/2006	2	19	...	26	28
2006/2007	1	11	...	16	22
2007/2008	4	19	...	12	20
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	1	3	17	...	40
2004/2005	1	4	17	...	32
2005/2006	0	3	11	...	34
2006/2007	1	5	11	...	35
2007/2008	1	3	19	...	26
Alberta					
2003/2004	10	46	26	53	...
2004/2005	9	49	23	42	...
2005/2006	14	35	34	49	...
2006/2007	9	34	14	47	...
2007/2008	14	42	6	39	...
British Columbia					
2003/2004	8	37	27	23	125
2004/2005	6	29	17	9	115
2005/2006	10	26	11	15	81
2006/2007	6	26	8	13	66
2007/2008	6	17	3	17	69

Table 24 – continued

Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	0	2	0	0	2
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	2
2005/2006	2	1	1	0	5
2006/2007	0	1	0	0	2
2007/2008	0	1	0	0	1
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	1	0	0	2	8
2004/2005	0	0	2	1	9
2005/2006	1	0	1	0	10
2006/2007	0	1	0	1	9
2007/2008	0	0	0	1	7
Nunavut					
2003/2004	0	3	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0	1
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Total					
2003/2004	122	285	91	107	261
2004/2005	149	269	87	76	265
2005/2006	229	203	95	100	231
2006/2007	121	214	69	84	184
2007/2008	202	185	79	77	194

Table 24 – continued

Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut	Outside Canada
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	1	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	2	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	6	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	9	1	0	0	0
2005/2006	3	0	2	0	0
2006/2007	4	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	1	0	1	0	0
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	1	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	2	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	3	1	0	0	1
2007/2008	1	0	0	0	0
Quebec					
2003/2004	9	0	0	2	0
2004/2005	7	1	0	1	0
2005/2006	9	2	0	0	0
2006/2007	8	0	0	1	0
2007/2008	5	0	0	1	0
Ontario					
2003/2004	26	3	3	1	30
2004/2005	47	0	6	4	71
2005/2006	45	2	4	2	77
2006/2007	21	1	1	0	39
2007/2008	41	2	1	1	83
Manitoba					
2003/2004	9	0	2	1	0
2004/2005	15	1	0	0	9
2005/2006	10	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	9	0	0	1	0
2007/2008	9	1	0	2	0
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	7	0	1	0	0
2004/2005	10	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	11	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	9	0	1	0	0
2007/2008	17	0	0	0	1
Alberta					
2003/2004	100	3	10	0	0
2004/2005	92	3	10	0	0
2005/2006	76	5	7	0	0
2006/2007	77	6	4	0	0
2007/2008	71	3	7	0	0
British Columbia					
2003/2004	...	4	1	0	4
2004/2005	...	3	1	0	5
2005/2006	...	6	3	0	6
2006/2007	...	3	4	1	1
2007/2008	...	7	2	3	4

Table 24 – continued

Incoming civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut	Outside Canada
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	0	...	0	0	0
2004/2005	3	...	0	0	0
2005/2006	2	...	0	0	0
2006/2007	2	...	1	0	0
2007/2008	1	...	1	0	0
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	1	1	...	1	0
2004/2005	1	2	...	0	0
2005/2006	0	1	...	1	0
2006/2007	0	2	...	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	...	2	0
Nunavut					
2003/2004	0	0	5	...	0
2004/2005	0	0	3	...	0
2005/2006	0	0	3	...	0
2006/2007	1	1	2	...	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	...	..
Total					
2003/2004	161	11	22	5	34
2004/2005	185	11	20	5	85
2005/2006	158	16	19	3	83
2006/2007	134	14	13	3	41
2007/2008	146	13	12	9	88

Note(s): Interprovincial reciprocity agreement refers to the informal agreement among legal aid plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308.

Table 25
Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Total	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	33	...	2	4	2
2004/2005	..	...	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	...	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	...	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	...	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	2	0	...	0	0
2004/2005	6	2	...	0	0
2005/2006	..	..	...	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	...	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	...	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	54	13	0	...	6
2004/2005	77	9	2	...	6
2005/2006	71	9	3	...	6
2006/2007	63	8	2	...	5
2007/2008	56	9	2	...	4
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	34	1	0	6	...
2004/2005	33	3	0	6	...
2005/2006	38	2	3	4	...
2006/2007	29	3	0	4	...
2007/2008	33	1	0	8	...
Quebec					
2003/2004	176	2	0	5	24
2004/2005	142	1	0	3	18
2005/2006	174	3	0	0	24
2006/2007	154	2	0	5	9
2007/2008	188	1	0	5	18
Ontario					
2003/2004	210	12	1	9	7
2004/2005	297	8	4	32	8
2005/2006	365	17	1	34	12
2006/2007	218	6	3	18	14
2007/2008	358	12	4	26	16
Manitoba					
2003/2004	98	1	0	0	0
2004/2005	79	0	0	1	0
2005/2006	89	1	0	0	0
2006/2007	72	0	0	2	0
2007/2008	56	0	1	3	1
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	107	1	0	2	0
2004/2005	65	0	0	1	0
2005/2006	84	0	1	0	0
2006/2007	96	0	0	0	1
2007/2008	81	2	0	1	1
Alberta					
2003/2004	302	5	0	10	0
2004/2005	281	6	1	8	4
2005/2006	259	10	0	9	4
2006/2007	225	8	0	6	7
2007/2008	183	5	1	5	4
British Columbia					
2003/2004	252	2	2	6	5
2004/2005	247	0	1	11	1
2005/2006	243	3	0	11	2
2006/2007	230	2	1	5	4
2007/2008	245	2	1	2	2

Table 25 – continued

Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Total	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	11	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	9	0	0	1	0
2005/2006	15	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	22	2	0	0	1
2007/2008	10	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	19	1	0	0	0
2004/2005	10	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	14	1	0	1	0
2006/2007	8	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	14	0	0	1	0
Nunavut					
2003/2004	10	1	0	0	0
2004/2005	2	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	2	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	3	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Total					
2003/2004	1,308	39	5	42	44
2004/2005	1,248	29	8	63	37
2005/2006	1,354	46	8	59	48
2006/2007	1,120	31	6	40	41
2007/2008	1,224	32	9	51	46

Table 25 – continued

Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	6	10	1	0	7
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	0	2	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	3	0	0	1
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	4	11	0	2	12
2004/2005	3	32	2	2	14
2005/2006	7	26	2	1	10
2006/2007	3	31	1	0	8
2007/2008	2	23	0	0	14
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	15	9	2	0	1
2004/2005	17	5	0	0	2
2005/2006	15	7	0	0	5
2006/2007	14	5	0	0	2
2007/2008	13	6	0	0	4
Quebec					
2003/2004	...	115	6	3	11
2004/2005	...	95	3	0	12
2005/2006	...	120	4	0	9
2006/2007	...	115	2	1	13
2007/2008	...	131	4	1	21
Ontario					
2003/2004	90	...	26	1	31
2004/2005	114	...	24	9	54
2005/2006	133	...	43	9	63
2006/2007	95	...	18	4	35
2007/2008	153	...	31	7	61
Manitoba					
2003/2004	0	26	...	20	27
2004/2005	1	25	...	18	20
2005/2006	1	27	...	13	31
2006/2007	2	31	...	11	13
2007/2008	3	19	...	19	6
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	0	5	26	...	51
2004/2005	0	3	16	...	36
2005/2006	1	6	23	...	42
2006/2007	4	3	21	...	53
2007/2008	0	9	15	...	40
Alberta					
2003/2004	11	57	31	57	...
2004/2005	7	63	24	47	...
2005/2006	9	40	36	50	...
2006/2007	6	49	33	32	...
2007/2008	4	39	19	28	...
British Columbia					
2003/2004	17	64	17	16	119
2004/2005	9	56	26	20	113
2005/2006	14	50	16	13	122
2006/2007	12	46	20	12	120
2007/2008	7	54	19	22	128

Table 25 – continued

Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	0	3	0	0	2
2004/2005	1	0	1	0	3
2005/2006	1	1	0	0	5
2006/2007	0	3	0	0	6
2007/2008	0	4	0	0	2
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	0	4	3	1	6
2004/2005	0	3	0	0	5
2005/2006	0	1	0	0	7
2006/2007	0	0	0	1	2
2007/2008	0	3	0	0	6
Nunavut					
2003/2004	1	2	0	0	0
2004/2005	1	1	0	0	0
2005/2006	0	1	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	3	0	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Total					
2003/2004	144	308	112	100	267
2004/2005	153	286	96	96	260
2005/2006	181	279	124	86	294
2006/2007	136	283	98	61	252
2007/2008	182	288	88	77	282

Table 25 – continued

Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut	Outside Canada
	number				
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2003/2004	1	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	..	..	..	..	..
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Prince Edward Island					
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	..	..	..	..	..
2006/2007	..	..	..	..	..
2007/2008	..	..	..	..	..
Nova Scotia					
2003/2004	3	0	2	1	0
2004/2005	7	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	7	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	5	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	2	0	0	0	0
New Brunswick					
2003/2004	0	0	0	0	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	2	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	1	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	1	0	0	0	0
Quebec					
2003/2004	8	0	2	0	0
2004/2005	10	0	0	0	0
2005/2006	12	2	0	0	0
2006/2007	7	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	7	0	0	0	0
Ontario					
2003/2004	28	2	0	2	1
2004/2005	42	0	0	2	0
2005/2006	50	2	1	0	0
2006/2007	24	0	1	0	0
2007/2008	43	2	2	1	0
Manitoba					
2003/2004	23	0	0	1	0
2004/2005	13	0	1	0	0
2005/2006	11	1	2	1	1
2006/2007	11	0	0	2	0
2007/2008	4	0	0	0	0
Saskatchewan					
2003/2004	20	1	1	0	0
2004/2005	8	0	1	0	0
2005/2006	11	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	13	0	1	0	0
2007/2008	13	0	0	0	0
Alberta					
2003/2004	123	1	6	0	1
2004/2005	111	2	7	1	0
2005/2006	85	7	9	0	0
2006/2007	71	1	12	0	0
2007/2008	71	1	6	0	0
British Columbia					
2003/2004	...	2	1	0	1
2004/2005	...	5	0	0	5
2005/2006	...	4	2	0	6
2006/2007	...	5	0	0	3
2007/2008	...	2	2	0	4

Table 25 – continued

Outgoing civil legal aid dossiers processed under the interprovincial reciprocity agreement

(To) Province or territory and year	(From) Province or territory				
	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut	Outside Canada
	number				
Yukon					
2003/2004	5	...	1	0	0
2004/2005	2	...	1	0	0
2005/2006	6	...	2	0	0
2006/2007	6	...	3	1	0
2007/2008	4	...	0	0	0
Northwest Territories					
2003/2004	1	0	...	3	0
2004/2005	1	0	...	1	0
2005/2006	2	0	...	2	0
2006/2007	3	1	...	1	0
2007/2008	2	1	...	1	0
Nunavut					
2003/2004	0	0	6	...	0
2004/2005	0	0	0	...	0
2005/2006	0	0	1	...	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	...	0
2007/2008	..	..	..	...	..
Total					
2003/2004	212	6	19	7	3
2004/2005	194	7	10	4	5
2005/2006	186	16	17	3	7
2006/2007	141	7	17	4	3
2007/2008	147	6	10	2	4

Note(s): Interprovincial reciprocity agreement refers to the informal agreement among legal aid plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey 3308 .

Table 26
Population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories

	Population
	thousands
Newfoundland and Labrador	
2003/2004	518.4
2004/2005	517.3 r
2005/2006	514.1 r
2006/2007	509.9 r
2007/2008	506.3
Prince Edward Island	
2003/2004	137.3
2004/2005	137.9 r
2005/2006	138.2 r
2006/2007	138.0 r
2007/2008	138.6
Nova Scotia	
2003/2004	936.5
2004/2005	938.0 r
2005/2006	936.0 r
2006/2007	935.1 r
2007/2008	934.1
New Brunswick	
2003/2004	751.2
2004/2005	752.0 r
2005/2006	751.3 r
2006/2007	749.2 r
2007/2008	749.8
Quebec	
2003/2004	7,494.7
2004/2005	7,549.0 r
2005/2006	7,598.0 r
2006/2007	7,651.0 r
2007/2008	7,700.8
Ontario	
2003/2004	12,262.6
2004/2005	12,420.3 r
2005/2006	12,565.4 r
2006/2007	12,705.3 r
2007/2008	12,803.9
Manitoba	
2003/2004	1,161.9
2004/2005	1,170.6 r
2005/2006	1,174.2 r
2006/2007	1,178.5 r
2007/2008	1,186.7
Saskatchewan	
2003/2004	994.7
2004/2005	994.9 r
2005/2006	990.0 r
2006/2007	987.5 r
2007/2008	996.9
Alberta	
2003/2004	3,161.4
2004/2005	3,208.2 r
2005/2006	3,280.7 r
2006/2007	3,370.6 r
2007/2008	3,474.0
British Columbia	
2003/2004	4,155.4
2004/2005	4,203.8 r
2005/2006	4,260.2 r
2006/2007	4,320.3 r
2007/2008	4,380.3

Table 26 – continued

Population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories

	Population
	thousands
Yukon	
2003/2004	30.6
2004/2005	30.9 ^r
2005/2006	31.1 ^r
2006/2007	31.2 ^r
2007/2008	31.0
Northwest Territories	
2003/2004	42.2
2004/2005	42.8 ^r
2005/2006	42.7 ^r
2006/2007	42.4 ^r
2007/2008	42.6
Nunavut	
2003/2004	29.2
2004/2005	29.6 ^r
2005/2006	30.0 ^r
2006/2007	30.4 ^r
2007/2008	31.1
Total	
2003/2004	31,676.1
2004/2005	31,995.2 ^r
2005/2006	32,312.1 ^r
2006/2007	32,649.5 ^r
2007/2008	32,976.0

Note(s): Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Demography Division, Census and Demographic Statistics.

Table 27
Consumer Price Index (CPI), Canada, provinces and territories

	Consumer Price Index
	2002/2003=100
	index
Newfoundland and Labrador	
2003/2004	102.9
2004/2005	104.8
2005/2006	107.6
2006/2007	109.5
2007/2008	111.1
Prince Edward Island	
2003/2004	103.5
2004/2005	105.8
2005/2006	109.1
2006/2007	111.6
2007/2008	113.6
Nova Scotia	
2003/2004	103.4
2004/2005	105.3
2005/2006	108.2
2006/2007	110.4
2007/2008	112.5
New Brunswick	
2003/2004	103.4
2004/2005	104.9
2005/2006	107.4
2006/2007	109.2
2007/2008	111.3
Quebec	
2003/2004	102.5
2004/2005	104.5
2005/2006	106.9
2006/2007	108.7
2007/2008	110.4
Ontario	
2003/2004	102.7
2004/2005	104.6
2005/2006	106.9
2006/2007	108.8
2007/2008	110.8
Manitoba	
2003/2004	101.8
2004/2005	103.8
2005/2006	106.6
2006/2007	108.7
2007/2008	110.9
Saskatchewan	
2003/2004	102.3
2004/2005	104.6
2005/2006	106.9
2006/2007	109.1
2007/2008	112.2
Alberta	
2003/2004	104.4
2004/2005	105.9
2005/2006	108.1
2006/2007	112.3
2007/2008	117.9
British Columbia	
2003/2004	102.2
2004/2005	104.2
2005/2006	106.3
2006/2007	108.1
2007/2008	110.0

Table 27 – continued

Consumer Price Index (CPI), Canada, provinces and territories

	Consumer Price Index
	2002/2003=100
	index
Yukon	
2003/2004	101.9
2004/2005	103.0
2005/2006	105.3
2006/2007	106.8
2007/2008	109.5
Northwest Territories	
2003/2004	102.3
2004/2005	103.8
2005/2006	106.5
2006/2007	107.7
2007/2008	110.8
Nunavut	
2003/2004	100.2
2004/2005	101.2
2005/2006	102.9
2006/2007	104.6
2007/2008	107.9
Total	
2003/2004	102.8
2004/2005	104.7
2005/2006	107.0
2006/2007	109.1
2007/2008	111.5

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Consumer Price Index (CPI), with a base year of 2002=100 (Catalogue No. 62-001-X).

Methodology

The Legal Aid Survey is an annual survey first conducted in 1983/1984. Data are collected through a survey questionnaire that is completed by the 13 legal aid plans in Canada. In 2007/2008, Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island and Nunavut did not provide data. The survey provides the justice community, academics and the public with information on revenues, expenditures, personnel, and caseload statistics associated with the delivery and administration of legal aid in Canada.

It is important to note that some limitations on coverage of the survey do exist. While the Legal Aid Survey is intended to be a national survey, some legal aid plans are unable to report all of the survey data elements. The absence of certain data makes it difficult to make direct comparisons between jurisdictions or create a full national picture of legal aid in Canada.

The majority of information presented in this publication comes from the Legal Aid Survey. However, data on provincial/territorial government financial contributions are obtained from the appropriate departments responsible for justice matters. Justice Canada provides the figures for federal contributions for criminal legal aid.

Per capita figures are based on population estimates provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations are as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 2003 and 2004; updated postcensal estimates for 2005 and 2006; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2007 (Table 26).

To adjust for the effects of inflation, constant 2002/2003 dollar figures have been calculated using Statistics Canada's *Consumer Price Index* (CPI) with a base year of 2002=100 (Catalogue No. 62-001-X, January 2008, Table 8-2) (Table 27).

Appendix I

Glossary

Adult refers to persons 18 years of age and older.

Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each application is counted despite the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the plan in the past.

Application refers to a formal request, evidenced in writing, whereby a person applies to a legal aid office for assistance. When aggregated, the total number of applications reflects the number of individual requests for summary and full service assistance, rather than the total number of persons seeking assistance. Formal requests for assistance are recorded on the intake document used by the legal aid office. Related legal matters enumerated at the time of contact with the office are included on one application, regardless of the requirement for a court appearance. If a matter related to that on the original application arises at a later date (other than an appeal), a new application is not filed. Separate applications are counted for criminal and civil matters. The total number of applications reported for the fiscal year includes all such applications filed during that time, irrespective of when the application was approved or rejected. The count excludes requests for duty counsel services.

Approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal aid services. Once an application is approved for full service, it is not subsequently counted as a summary service although in some cases, relatively little service may be required to fulfil the request. This count measures the number of units of service rather than the number of persons assisted, and is mutually exclusive of all summary service (including written legal opinions) and duty counsel services.

Approved application for summary services refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other type of minimal legal service to an individual during a formal interview. It can include simple legal tasks such as making a telephone call or drafting a letter on behalf of a client. Excluded are inquiries made at the "front desk" of the legal aid office or telephone ("hot-line") inquiries. Summary services are provided to individuals in two circumstances: a written request has been submitted at the office, or a verbal request has been made. Only written requests are included in the count. No file is opened for the client provided summary services. This count excludes: any application which requested extensive legal assistance (full service) but received summary service upon refusal; applications originally approved for full service but subsequently rendered summary services; and duty counsel services. The count measures the number of units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted.

Central administrative expenditures include monies spent on head office functions and on offices that do not employ staff to advise and represent clients.

Client contributions refer to monies received from the aided person for legal assistance; flat user fees are included.

Contributions of the legal profession refer to monies received from the law profession other than trust account interest reported separately.

Cost recoveries refer to the party costs ordered or agreed to be recovered in the case. They include monies recovered from a judgement, award or settlement.

Coverage restrictions refer to applications refused on the grounds that the legal matter is not covered by the Legal Aid Plan.

Criminal duty counsel refers to services in criminal matters that are generally provided at a court or place of detention.

Direct legal service expenditures are the sum of payments made to private law firms and the costs of legal service delivery by Plan staff. These expenditures include monies spent on the provision of legal advice and representation services to clients including special target groups. All law office and contracted community clinic expenses are included (i.e., staff salaries, benefits and overhead expenses). Central administrative expenses and other expenses of the Plan are excluded.

Direct legal service staff refers to persons whose primary function is to deliver legal assistance and/or legal representation directly to clients. Notaries are included in the staff lawyer count. Paralegals are included in the non-lawyer count.

Duty counsel services refer to legal services provided without charge by a lawyer at a location other than a legal aid office, where the person assisted had not previously applied in writing for services to be rendered. Cases coming before a circuit court are typically provided duty counsel services. Consequently, circuit court cases are included in the duty counsel service count rather than in the approved application count. Only circuit court matters granted a delay are included in the approved application count. The provision of duty counsel services does not bar the recipient from subsequent application for legal aid services. This count measures the number of times duty counsel services were provided rather than the number of persons assisted, and is mutually exclusive of both the summary service and approved application counts.

Expenditures refer to the actual gross dollars expended by the Plan in a given fiscal year. Expenditures made on behalf of the Plan by other agencies are not included. Total expenditures are the sum of expenditures on direct legal service, other program expenditures, central administrative expenditures and any other expenditure.

External project expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan on projects undertaken external to the Plan (e.g. university clinics). Note that funding of community clinics is not included here.

Family matters refer to proceedings related to divorce, separation, support, custody/access, mediation, wardship/child protection, adoption, change of name and all other matters of a family law nature.

Federal government contribution to criminal legal aid refers to monies contributed by the Department of Justice.

Financial ineligibility refers to a refusal for legal aid based on some financial information disclosed by the applicant pertaining to his/her income, assets and liabilities.

Government contributions figures are reported by the legal aid plans and refer to both federal and provincial/territorial monies allocated to the Plan through the provincial or territorial government. A detailed breakdown of federal contributions made through the separate federal/provincial or territorial cost-sharing agreements to criminal adult legal aid, young offender legal aid and civil legal aid are not reported to the Legal Aid Survey since monies are generally directed to the consolidated revenue fund of the province and not to the Plans directly.

Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreement refers to the informal agreement among Legal Aid Plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers. Under the terms of the agreement, applicants must request legal aid in their province or territory of residence rather than in the province or territory where the legal recourse is sought. An approved application is then forwarded to the Plan which will provide the legal aid service. **Incoming dossiers** refer to the number of applications approved for civil legal aid by other provincial or territorial Plans and forwarded to the Plan for service. **Outgoing dossiers** refer to the number of applications for civil legal aid that are approved by the Plan and then forwarded to other provincial or territorial Plans for service.

Lack of merit refers to applications refused because the nature of the case or the seriousness of the matter does not warrant legal assistance.

Legal research expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan for conducting research related to legal matters. This component excludes the cost of maintaining libraries.

Legal research staff (included in Other staff) refers to persons working within a specific program area conducting research related to legal matters. This excludes persons maintaining Plan libraries.

Non-compliance/abuse refers to a refusal for legal aid based on either an applicant's prior or current experience with the Plan. These refusals include applications where similar services were already rendered; services applied for are abusive of the legal process; or failure to cooperate with the legal aid lawyer.

Number of private bar lawyers who provided services includes those active members of the private bar who actually delivered legal services and billed the Plan during the fiscal year. Active bar members include the total number of lawyers certified and insured to practice in the jurisdiction. Government employed and legal aid staff lawyers are excluded. Notaries are included in the total counts provided.

Other expenditures refer to any other monies expended by the Plan on functions not accounted for in any other expenditure category (e.g. capital expenditures).

Other civil matters refer to all other civil proceedings which are not of a family nature such as landlord-tenant disputes, worker's compensation claims, Canada Pension Plan issues, social assistance, consumer protection, employment insurance appeals, foreclosures and bankruptcy.

Other program expenditures includes monies spent on external project expenditures, legal research activities, public legal education and grants to other agencies.

Other reasons refer to reasons for refusing an application other than financial ineligibility. Other reasons may include: coverage restrictions, lack of merit or non-compliance/abuse.

Other revenues refer to revenues that have not already been accounted for in any other revenue category. The other category may include, among others, revenues from investments, research sales, and general interest earnings.

Other staff refers to persons whose primary function does not involve the provision of legal advice and/or representation directly to clients; for example, lawyers performing primarily administrative functions, article clerks, accountants, librarians, law students, clerical staff, public legal education staff, and legal research staff.

Personnel resources refer to the actual number of staff employed by the Plan, as of March 31st. These data are broken down in two ways: by type of service provided and by type of personnel. The type of personnel on staff with the Plans are divided into: lawyer and non-lawyer counts. Staff lawyers refer to lawyers who are hired by the Legal Aid Plan to work from the legal aid office. Salaries are paid by the Plan.

Private law firm expenditures include fees and disbursements, together with other specific costs (e.g. travel expenses) incurred by private lawyers for the provision of legal services to legal aid clients.

Provincial and territorial contributions refer to monies contributed by the provinces and territories to the Legal Aid Plans.

Provincial and territorial matters refer to those offences under provincial or territorial statutory responsibility. Also included are infractions under municipal by-laws.

Public legal education expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan on preventive law programs, educational programs and publicity.

Public legal education staff (included in Other staff) refers to persons working within a specific program area conducting preventive law programs, educational programs and/or publicity.

Refused applications refer to all formal requests for legal aid evidenced in writing that have been denied legal services. This total includes applications for which no services have been approved, as well as those applications denied for full service that subsequently receive summary service. An application can be refused, appealed and still refused. Only the initial refusal is counted. Reasons for refusal are a product of legislative and policy restrictions. If an application involves two reasons for refusal, the most important is counted as the main reason.

Revenue refers to all monies received directly by the Legal Aid Plan during a given fiscal year. Funds received for specific projects from agencies external to the Plan are not included as revenue.

Staff direct legal service expenditures include monies spent on the provision of legal advice and representation services by Plan staff to clients, including special target groups. All law office and contracted community clinic

expenses are included (i.e. staff salaries, benefits, and overhead expenses). These expenditures include, for example, professional and support staff salaries and benefits, legal disbursements and overhead costs of direct legal service offices. Associated overhead includes the cost of office supplies, equipment and maintenance, conferences, meetings, membership expenses, rent, etc. Central administrative expenses and other expenses (e.g. capital expenditures) are excluded.

Summary service refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other type of minimal legal service to an individual during a formal interview. It can include simple legal tasks such as making a telephone call or drafting a letter on behalf of a client. Excluded are inquiries made at the "front desk" of the legal aid office, or telephone ("hot line") inquiries. Summary services are provided to individuals in two circumstances: a written request has been submitted at the office, or a verbal request has been made. A **written request** refers to a request of assistance as evidenced by the completion of a legal aid application. A **verbal request** refers to a request by a non-applicant made in-person at a legal aid office or by telephone to a direct legal service professional. Only written requests are included in the count. Summary services may be provided to fulfil the request itself or follow the refusal of a written request for more extensive legal service (full-service). Once an application is approved for full service, it is not subsequently included in a summary service count although relatively little service may be provided. Also, no file (dossier) is opened for the client provided summary services. Summary service counts measure the number of units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted, and are mutually exclusive of both the approved full service application and duty counsel counts.

Youth refers to persons who are 12 years of age or older, but under 18 years of age under federal and provincial statutes. Two provinces (Ontario and Nova Scotia) have designated maximum age for youth at 15 years of age for most provincial/municipal matters.