

Contact with medical doctors, by age group and sex, household population aged 12 and over, Canada, 2000/01

Contact with medical doctors	Total, contact with medical doctors	Contact with medical doctors in past 12 months		No contact with medical doctors in past 12 months		Contact with medical doctors, not stated	
	Number	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
2000/01							
Total, 12 years and over	25,801,719	20,966,560	81.3	4,752,003	18.4	83,156	0.3
Males	12,705,415	9,548,655	75.2	3,113,674	24.5	43,086	0.3
Females	13,096,304	11,417,905	87.2	1,638,329	12.5	40,070	0.3
12-19 years	3,243,281	2,449,650	75.5	779,204	24.0	14,426	0.4
Males	1,662,580	1,190,310	71.6	463,736	27.9	8,533E	0.5E
Females	1,580,701	1,259,340	79.7	315,468	20.0	5,894E	0.4E
12-14 years	1,154,646	856,332	74.2	289,299	25.1	9,015E	0.8E
Males	601,795	443,681	73.7	152,639	25.4	5,474E	0.9E
Females	552,851	412,650	74.6	136,660	24.7	3,542E	0.6E
15-19 years	2,088,635	1,593,319	76.3	489,905	23.5	5,411E	0.3E
Males	1,060,785	746,629	70.4	311,097	29.3	3,059E	0.3E
Females	1,027,850	846,690	82.4	178,808	17.4	2,352E	0.2E
20-34 years	6,303,776	4,923,434	78.1	1,361,200	21.6	19,142E	0.3E
Males	3,191,212	2,153,999	67.5	1,026,610	32.2	10,603E	0.3E
Females	3,112,564	2,769,434	89.0	334,591	10.7	8,539E	0.3E
20-24 years	2,130,833	1,655,668	77.7	469,120	22.0	6,044E	0.3E
Males	1,081,580	728,423	67.3	349,643	32.3	F	F
Females	1,049,253	927,245	88.4	119,477	11.4	F	F
25-34 years	4,172,944	3,267,766	78.3	892,080	21.4	13,098E	0.3E
Males	2,109,632	1,425,576	67.6	676,966	32.1	F	F
Females	2,063,311	1,842,190	89.3	215,114	10.4	6,008E	0.3E
35-44 years	5,319,716	4,189,818	78.8	1,119,619	21.0	10,280E	0.2E
Males	2,649,765	1,906,489	71.9	738,302	27.9	4,975E	0.2E
Females	2,669,951	2,283,329	85.5	381,317	14.3	5,305E	0.2E
45-64 years	7,287,155	6,108,175	83.8	1,161,914	15.9	17,065	0.2
Males	3,607,491	2,864,820	79.4	733,472	20.3	9,199E	0.3E
Females	3,679,663	3,243,355	88.1	428,442	11.6	7,866E	0.2E
45-54 years	4,449,730	3,648,799	82.0	790,051	17.8	10,880E	0.2E
Males	2,197,419	1,689,704	76.9	502,471	22.9	5,244E	0.2E
Females	2,252,312	1,959,095	87.0	287,580	12.8	5,636E	0.3E
55-64 years	2,837,424	2,459,376	86.7	371,863	13.1	6,185E	0.2E
Males	1,410,073	1,175,117	83.3	231,001	16.4	3,955E	0.3E
Females	1,427,352	1,284,260	90.0	140,862	9.9	2,230E	0.2E
65 years and over	3,647,791	3,295,482	90.3	330,066	9.0	22,243	0.6
Males	1,594,367	1,433,036	89.9	151,554	9.5	9,776E	0.6E
Females	2,053,424	1,862,446	90.7	178,512	8.7	12,466	0.6
65-74 years	2,156,504	1,917,611	88.9	229,533	10.6	9,360E	0.4E
Males	1,004,986	883,544	87.9	116,101	11.6	F	F
Females	1,151,518	1,034,067	89.8	113,432	9.9	4,019E	0.3E
75 years and over	1,491,287	1,377,872	92.4	100,533	6.7	12,882	0.9
Males	589,380	549,493	93.2	35,453	6.0	4,435E	0.8E
Females	901,906	828,379	91.8	65,080	7.2	8,447E	0.9E

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1. Data source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey, 2000/01
2. Population aged 12 and over who have consulted with a medical doctor/pediatrician in the past 12 months.
3. Pediatrician is included for respondents less than 18 years of age.
4. Medical doctor includes family or general practitioners as well as specialists such as surgeons, allergists, orthopaedists, gynaecologists, or psychiatrists.
5. Bootstrapping techniques were used to produce the coefficient of variation (CV) and 95% confidence intervals (CIs).
6. Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3% are identified by an (E) and should be interpreted with caution.
7. Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% were suppressed (F) due to extreme sampling variability.
8. Health regions are defined by provincial governments as the areas of responsibility for regional health boards (i.e., legislated) or as regions of interest to health care authorities.
9. A "peer group" is a grouping of health regions that have similar social and economic characteristics.
10. In Newfoundland and Labrador, health regions are generally referred to as Health and Community Services (HCS) regions.
11. In Prince Edward Island, the two health regions divide the province into urban and rural components.
12. Prince Edward Island has defined these health regions for statistical purposes only; they bear no resemblance to the boundaries of the five actual administrative health regions.
13. In Nova Scotia, health regions are known as "health zones" and relate to the province's administrative health region boundaries.
14. In Ontario, Public Health Units (PHU) administer health promotion and disease prevention programs, and District Health Councils (DHC) are advisory, health planning organizations.
15. Because of the small population of Churchill, Manitoba (population: 1,110 in 1996), the Canadian Community Health Survey only collects data for the aggregation of Burntwood/Churchill (regions 4680, 4690).
16. In Saskatchewan, "service areas" (SA) have been created from groupings of the 33 health districts.
17. In Alberta, health regions are referred to as Health Authorities (HA) or Regional Health Authorities (RHA).
18. In 2002, the British Columbia Ministry of Health revised the health region boundaries, changing from 20 health regions to 16 health service delivery areas (HSDA).
19. British Columbia's HSDAs are identified with the reference date as part of the health region name; the old health regions are identified with "T" following the code.
20. Data calculated for British Columbia HSDAs will differ from previously released health region data (where boundaries remain unchanged) due to revised population estimates.
21. The following symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications: (..) for figures not available and (...) for figures not appropriate or not applicable.
22. CANSIM table number 01050061.



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