

Catalogue no. 71-001-X

# Labour Force Information

Not for release before 7 A.M. E.D.T.

Friday, October 9, 2009

September 13 to 19, 2009



Statistics  
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Statistics Canada  
Labour Statistics Division  
Labour Force Survey Program

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*Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.*

# User information

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## Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0<sup>s</sup> value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- P preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

## Special requests (\$)

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## Schedule of LFS releases

Reference period - Week ending	Release date
January 17, 2009	February 6, 2009
February 21, 2009	March 13, 2009
March 21, 2009	April 9, 2009
April 18, 2009	May 8 2009
May 16, 2009	June 5, 2009
June 20, 2009	July 10, 2009
July 18, 2009	August 7, 2009
August 15, 2009	September 4, 2009
September 19, 2009	October 9, 2009
October 17, 2009	November 6, 2009
November 14, 2009	December 4, 2009
December 12, 2009	January 8, 2010

## Latest LFS release in *The Daily* (free)

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# Highlights

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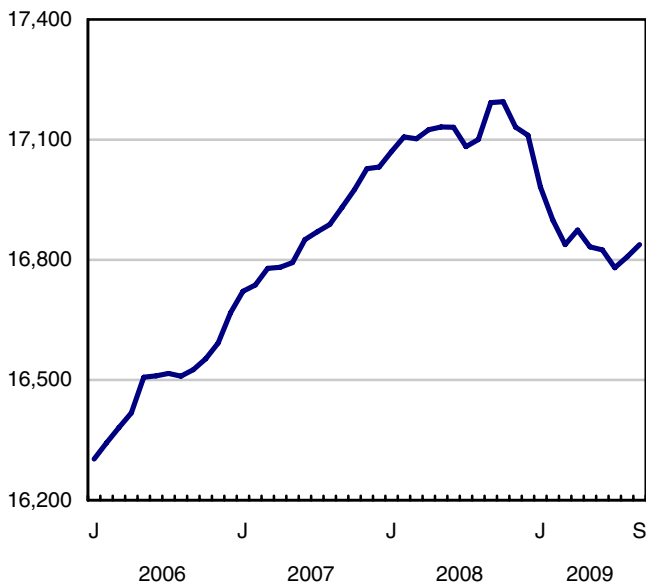
## September 2009

Employment increased for the second consecutive month, up 31,000 in September, driven by large full-time gains. The unemployment rate fell by 0.3 percentage points to 8.4%, the first monthly decline since the beginning of the labour market downturn in the fall of 2008.

**Chart 1**  
**Employment and unemployment rates, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

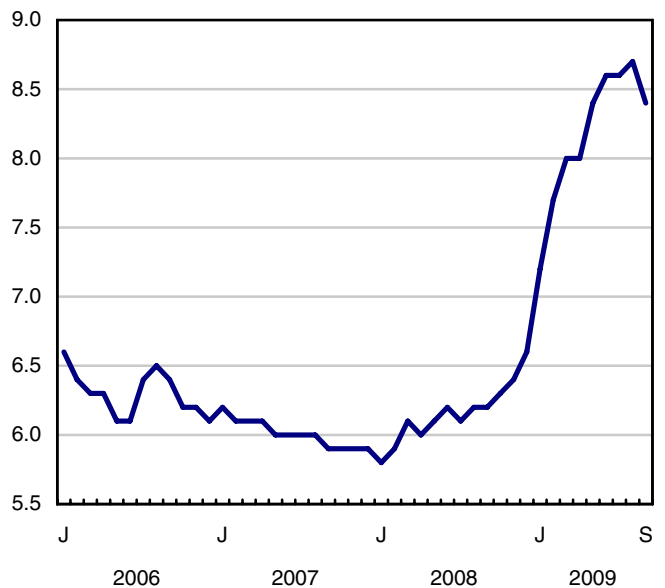
### Employment

thousands



### Unemployment rate

percent



## Analysis — September 2009

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Employment increased for the second consecutive month, up 31,000 in September, driven by large full-time gains. The unemployment rate fell by 0.3 percentage points to 8.4%, the first monthly decline since the beginning of the labour market downturn in the fall of 2008.

September's full-time increase of 92,000, the largest since May 2006, was partially offset by part-time losses of 61,000. The increase in full-time work was mainly among youths and women aged 25 and over and in Ontario.

Despite September's gains, full-time employment has fallen by 395,000 or 2.8% since the employment peak in October 2008.

Construction, manufacturing and educational services saw employment increases in September, while there were declines in transportation and warehousing.

British Columbia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island were the only provinces with notable employment gains in September. In Ontario, employment rose slightly as large full-time gains were dampened by losses in part time.

Since the peak in October 2008, employment has fallen by 2.1% (-357,000), with the bulk of the decline occurring between October and March 2009. Since then, the trend in employment has levelled, with the number employed almost the same in September as it was in March.

Canadians have been working more hours since April of this year. While the number of actual hours worked decreased from October 2008 to April 2009 (-4.2%), since then, there has been an increase in hours worked of 2.0%. In contrast, employment edged down 0.2% from April to September.

The increase in average hourly wages slowed to 2.5% compared with September 2008. This was the lowest year-over-year growth in two and a half years.

### **Manufacturing and construction up in September**

Manufacturing employment increased by 26,000 in September, the first notable increase since February 2009. Employment in this industry had the sharpest rate of decline since the start of the labour market downturn in the fall of 2008, down 10.6% (-210,000).

Following an increase the previous month, employment in construction rose again in September (+25,000). Both housing starts and building permits have increased from April to August of this year. Despite these recent increases, employment in this industry is down 6.7% (-84,000) since October 2008.

There was an employment gain of 18,000 in educational services in September. Since October 2008, employment in this industry has declined by 1.6% (-20,000).

Employment in transportation and warehousing decreased by 21,000 in September, continuing the downward trend since the fall of 2008. Employment has fallen by 8.4% or 73,000 since October, mostly in truck transportation in Ontario and Quebec.

In September, public sector employment increased by 36,000, leaving employment in this sector down 0.8% since October 2008. Employment among private sector employees edged down slightly in September while there was a small increase among the self employed. Most of the employment declines since October have been among private sector employees (-3.6%), while the number of self employed has increased by 2.9%.



## Largest gain in British Columbia

By province, the most notable employment gain in September was in British Columbia, up 14,000. Although down since October 2008 (-1.7%), employment in this province has been increasing since March of this year (+1.3% or 30,000). The unemployment rate, at 7.4%, declined by 0.4 percentage points in September.

In Ontario, a large full-time increase (+62,000) was dampened by a loss in part time (-49,000), leaving employment up only slightly in September. The unemployment rate declined by 0.2 percentage points to 9.2%.

September marks the third consecutive month of small employment increases in Ontario, totalling 39,000. Despite this increase, Ontario has suffered the fastest rate of employment losses since October (-2.9%), mostly in full time and in manufacturing, construction and a number of service industries.

Employment also increased in New Brunswick in September, up 2,900, bringing the unemployment rate down 1.2 percentage points, to 8.1%.

Quebec's employment level was little changed in September for the second consecutive month. The unemployment rate declined by 0.3 percentage points to 8.8%, as fewer people participated in the labour market. Since October, employment in this province has fallen by 1.6%, less than the national average of 2.1%.

## More women working in September

September's overall employment gains were among women aged 25 and over (+41,000), while employment fell for men aged 25 to 54 (-17,000). Among youths, increases in full-time work (+58,000) were offset by part-time losses (-54,000).

Since October, the majority of employment losses were among men aged 25 to 54 (-211,000) and youths (-205,000). In recent months, employment declines have stabilized for core-age men, leaving employment down 0.2% since March. For youths, employment continued to decline throughout the summer months, with employment losses of 3.4% since March 2009.

## Quarterly update on territories

The Labour Force Survey also collects labour market information about the territories. These data are not included in the national estimates, but are published separately and in the form of three-month moving averages. Information in this release is based on data that are not seasonally adjusted and therefore comparisons should only be made on a year-over-year basis.

Compared to the third quarter of 2008, employment was down in the Northwest Territories in the third quarter of 2009 (-2,200), pushing the unemployment rate up 2.6 percentage points to 7.6%. Over the same period, the employment rate – the proportion of the working-age population who are employed – fell by 7.0 percentage points to 65.1%, the lowest since the start of the series in 2001.

Employment in the Yukon edged down in the third quarter of 2009, bringing the employment rate to 70.2%, a decline of 3.3 percentage points from the same quarter of the previous year. The unemployment rate was 5.6%, the lowest of the three territories.

In Nunavut, over the same period, employment declines brought the employment rate down 1.3 percentage points to 53.1%. In the third quarter of 2009, the unemployment rate stood at 14.4%.

**Note to readers**

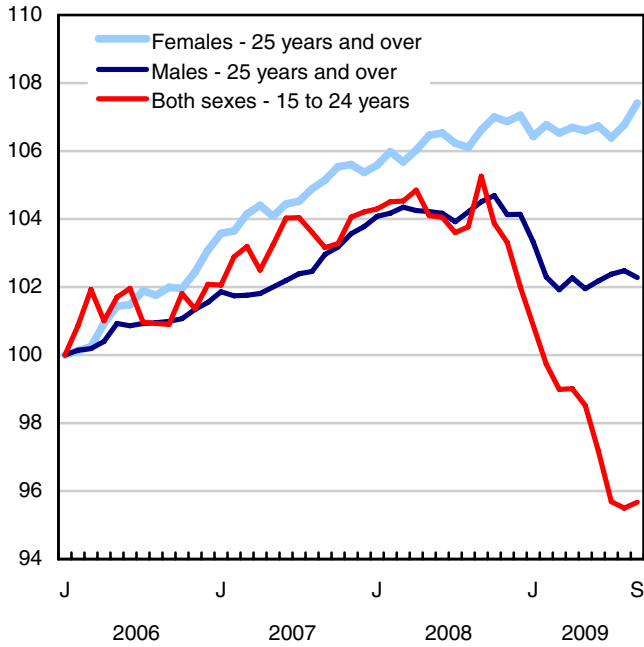
The Labour Force Survey estimates are based on a sample, and are therefore subject to sampling variability. Estimates for smaller geographic areas or industries will have more variability. For an explanation of sampling variability of estimates, and how to use standard errors to assess this variability, consult the Data Quality section in this publication.

Changes in average hourly wages are affected by shifts in the composition of the Canadian labour force. For example, a drop in employment in low-wage occupations or industries will contribute to an increase in the national average hourly wage.

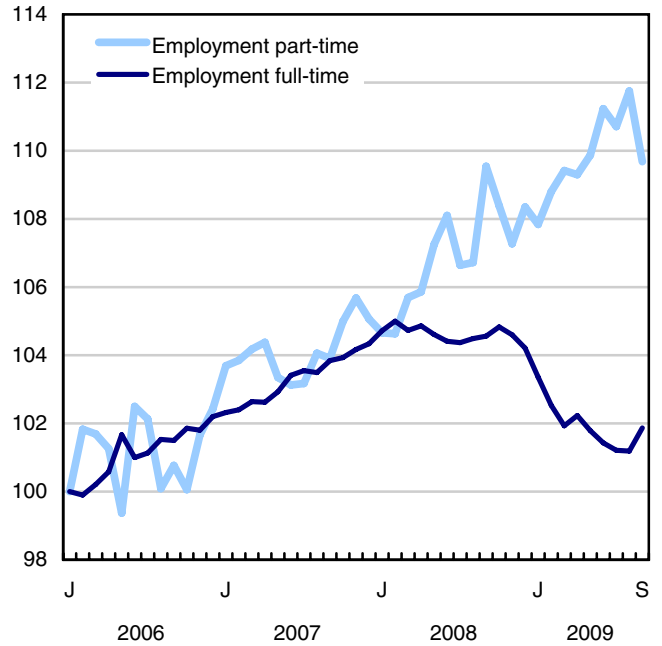
The 2008 Labour Force Historical Review on CD-ROM (71F0004XCB, \$209) is now available.

**Chart 1**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

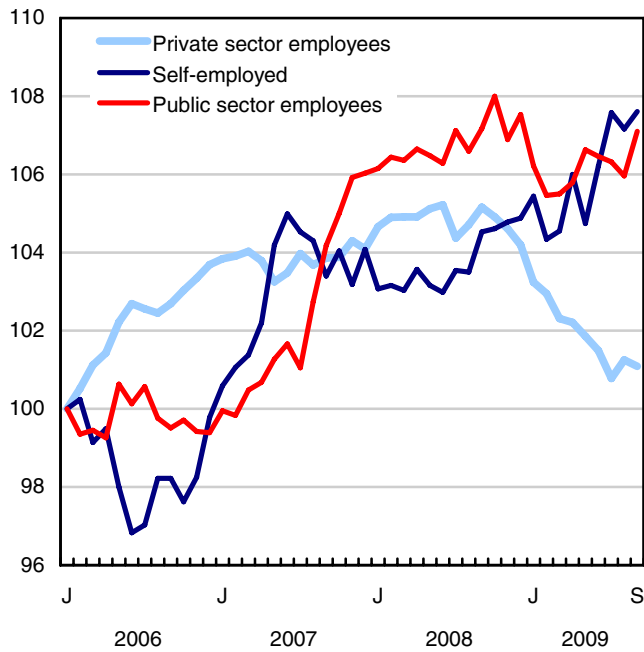
**Employment index, January 2006=100**



**Employment index, January 2006=100**

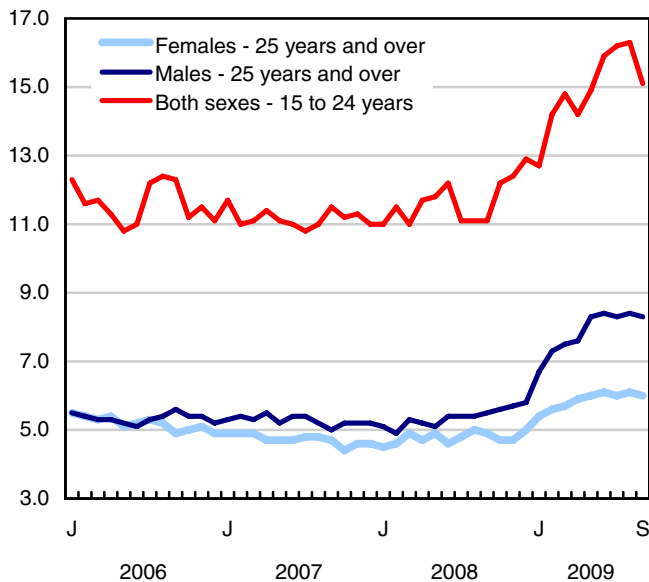


**Employment index, January 2006=100**

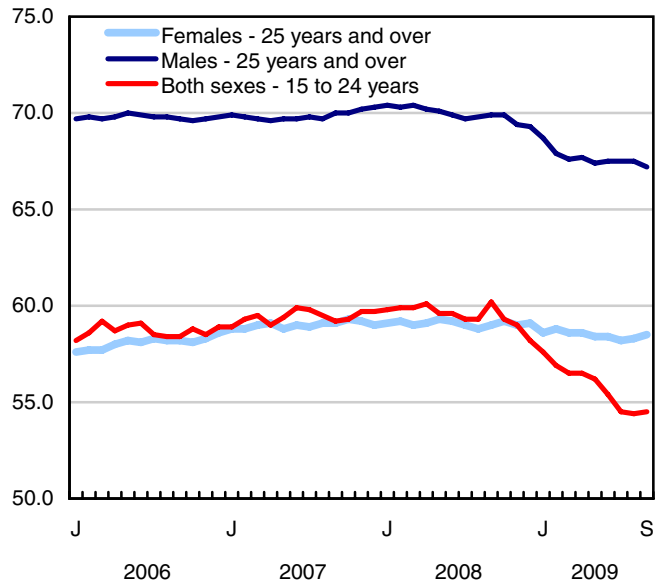


**Chart 2**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

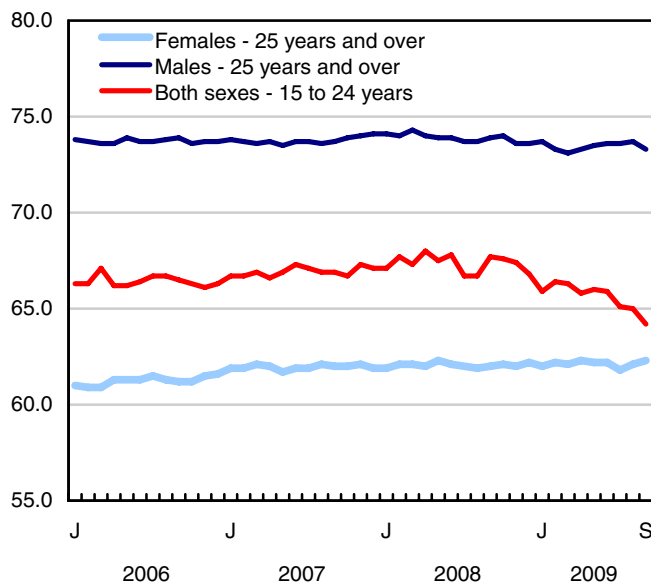
**Unemployment rate (%)**



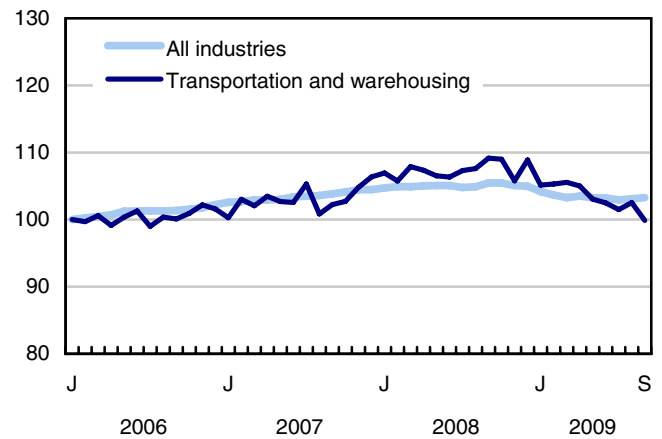
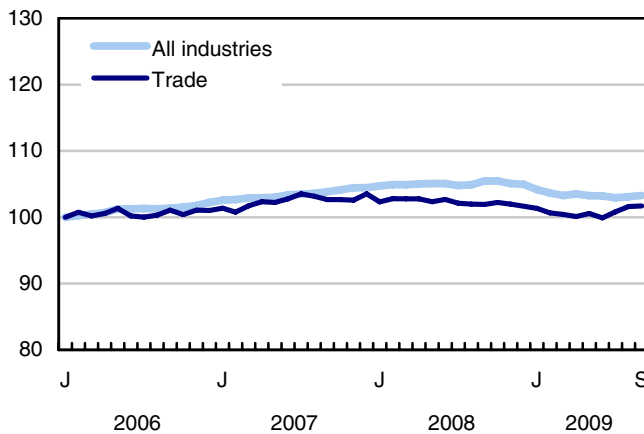
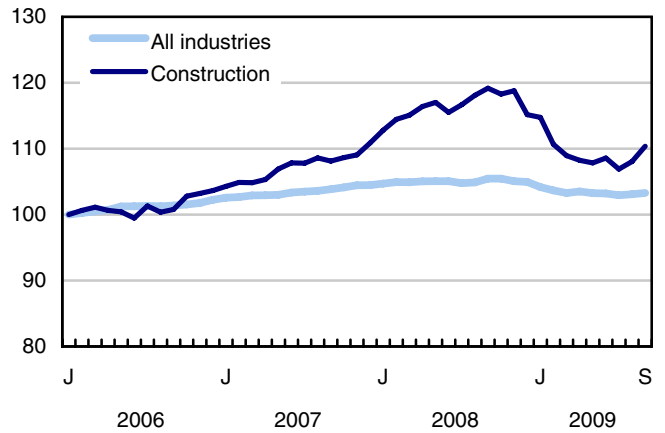
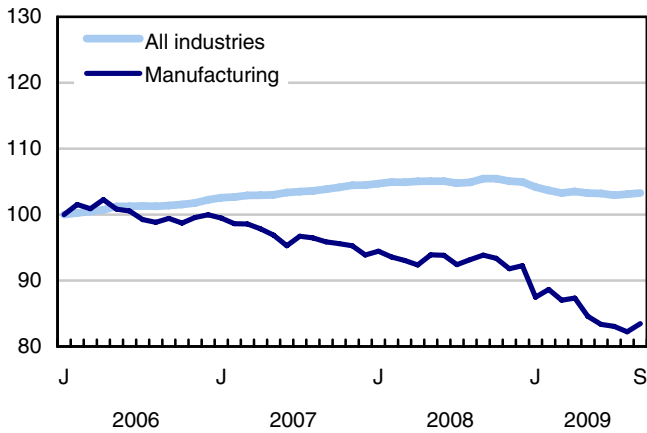
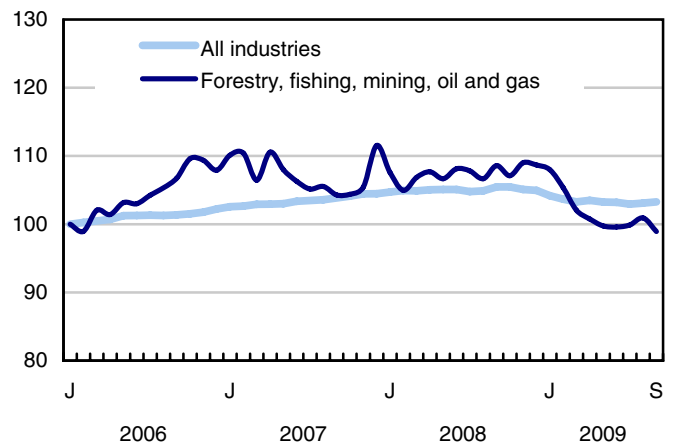
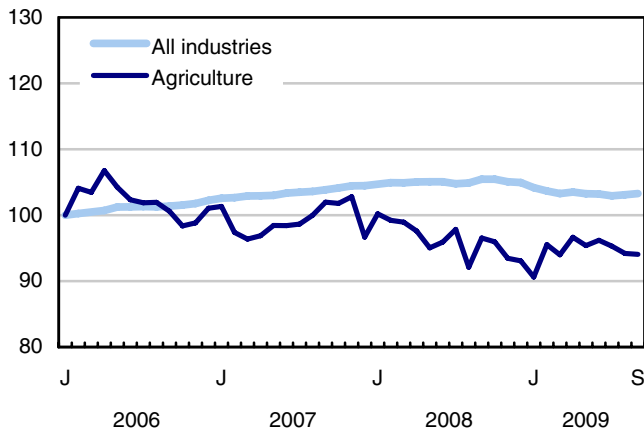
**Employment rate (%)**



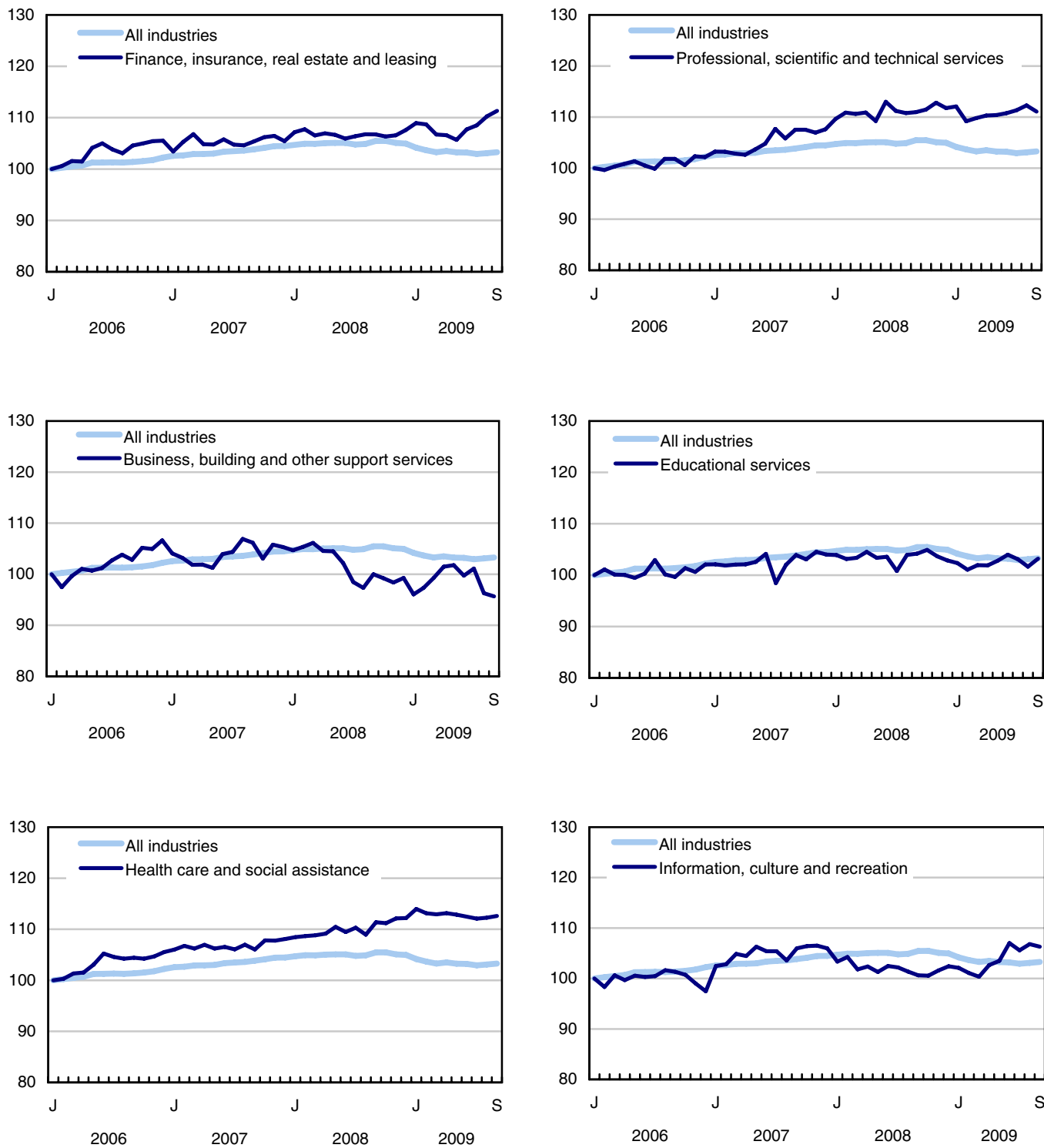
**Participation rate (%)**



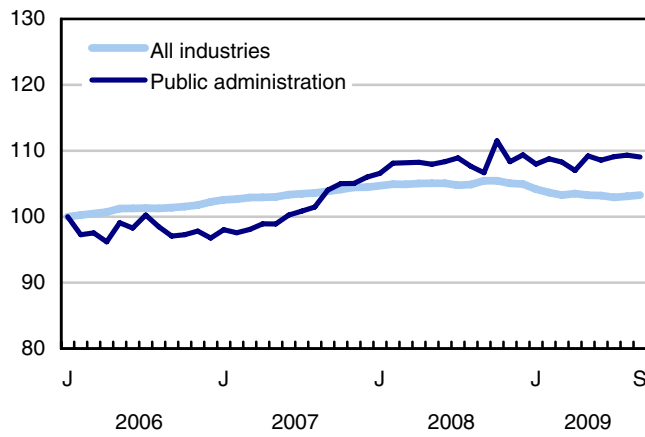
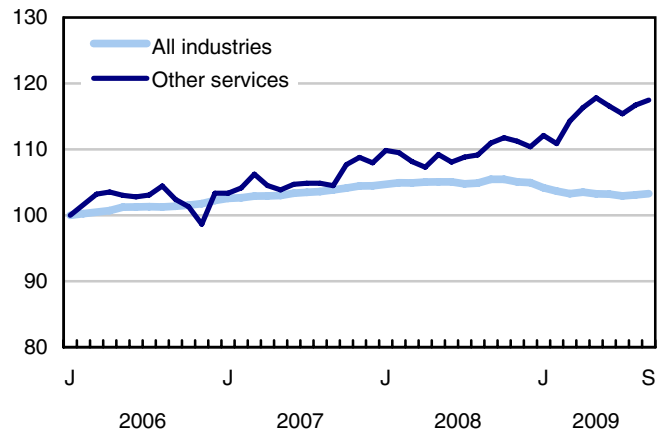
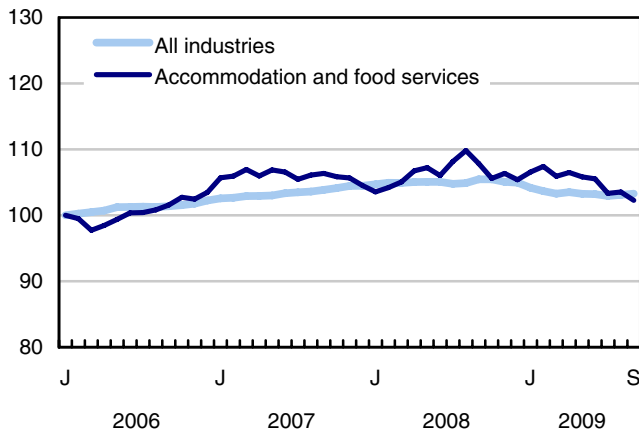
**Chart 3**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January, 2006=100**



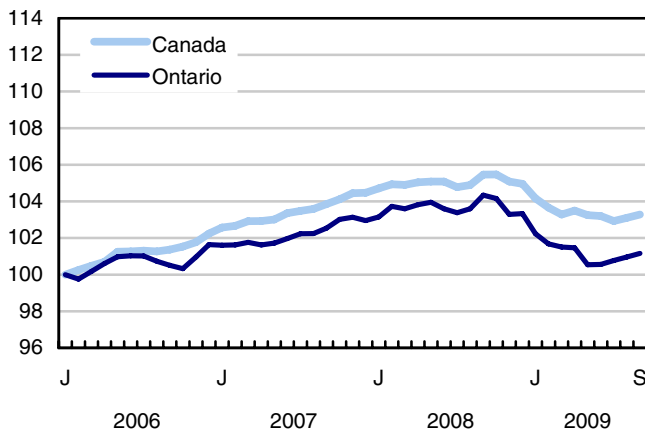
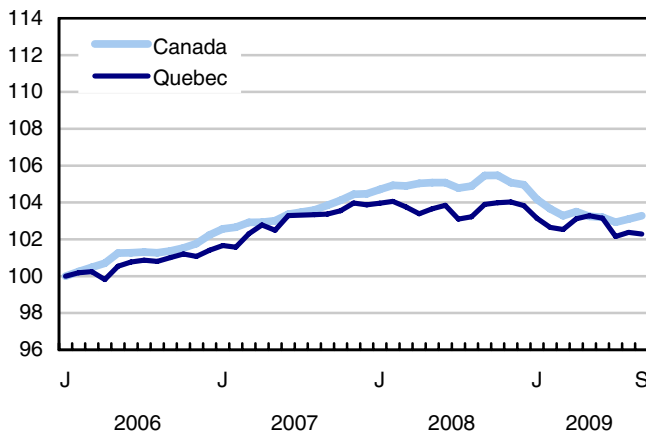
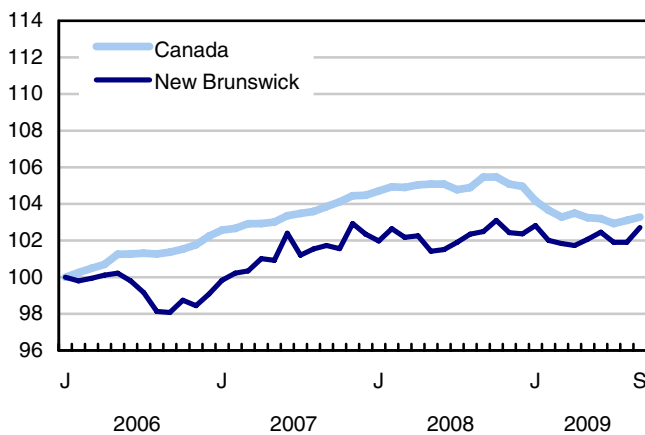
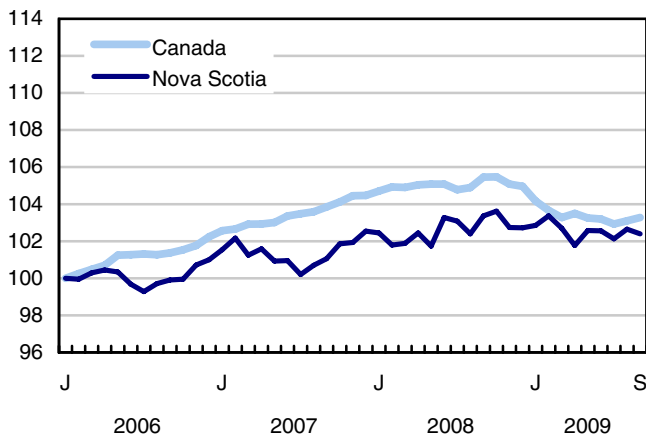
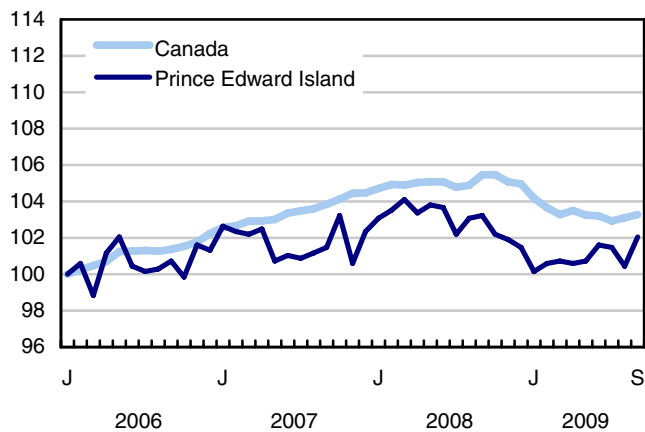
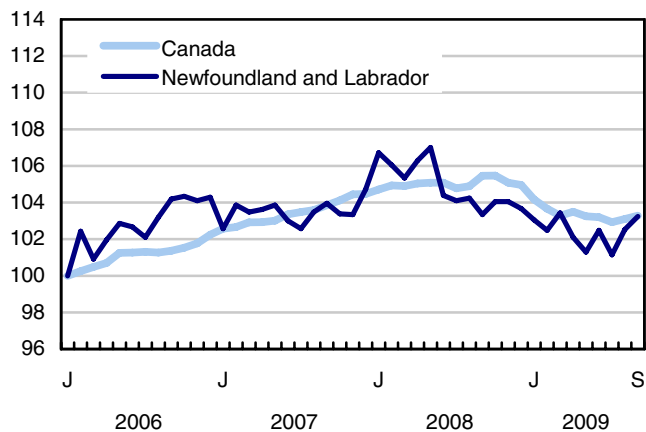
**Chart 4**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**



**Chart 5**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**

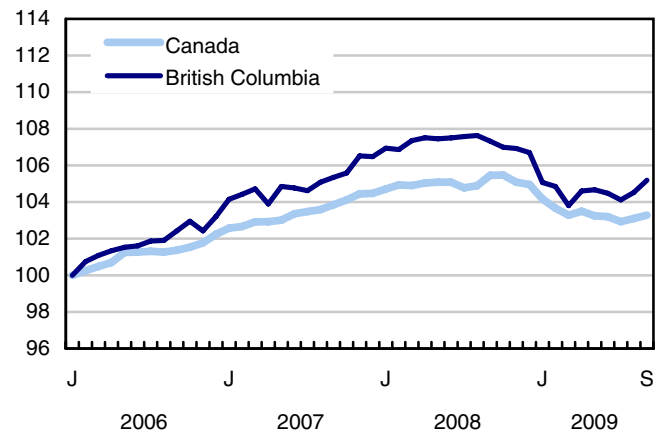
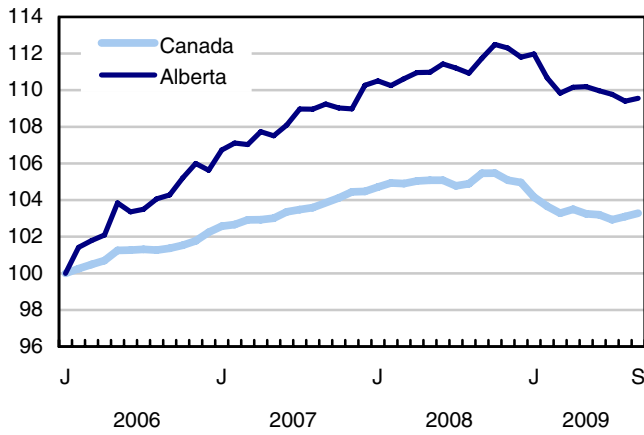
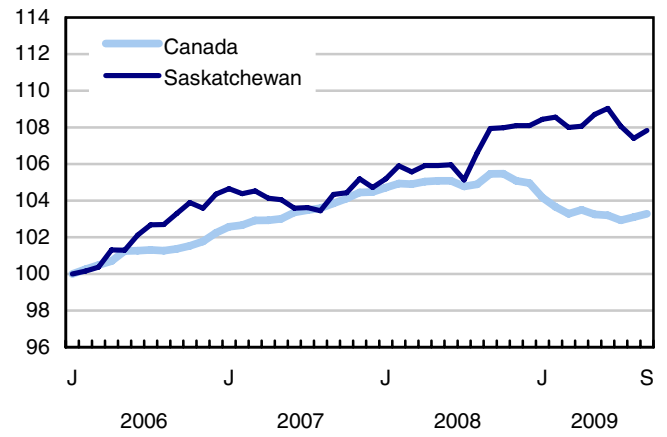
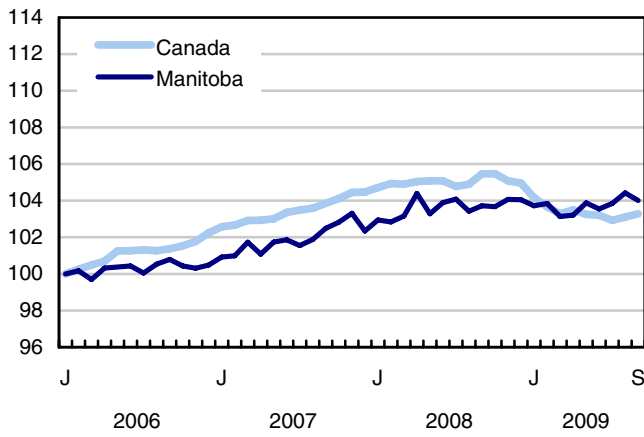


**Chart 6**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**





**Chart 7**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**



## Related products

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### Selected publications from Statistics Canada

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71-222-X	The Canadian Labour Market at a Glance
71-526-X	Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey
71-543-G	Guide to the Labour Force Survey
71-544-X	Labour Force Survey Products and Services
71-587-X	Aboriginal Peoples Living Off-reserve in Western Canada: Estimates from the Labour Force Survey
71-588-X	The Aboriginal Labour Force Analysis Series
71-606-X	The Immigrant Labour Force Analysis Series
71F0004X	Labour Force Historical Review
71F0031X	Improvements to the Labour Force Survey (LFS)
71M0001X	Labour Force Survey Microdata File
75-001-X	Perspectives on Labour and Income

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### Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

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### **Selected surveys from Statistics Canada**

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3701	Labour Force Survey
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### **Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada**

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- *Labour force characteristics*
- *Employment by industry*
- *Selected economic indicators, Canada and United States (monthly and quarterly)*
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- *Labour force and participation rates by sex and age group*
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- *Labour force characteristics, seasonally adjusted, by census metropolitan area (3 month moving average)*
- *Labour force characteristics, unadjusted, by census metropolitan area (3 month moving average)*
- *Labour force characteristics, unadjusted, by economic region (3 month moving average)*



# Statistical tables

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**Table 1**  
**Labour force characteristics by age and sex, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>15 years and over, both sexes</b>									
Population	27,358.4	<b>27,401.5</b>	...	<b>43.1</b>	302.8	388.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	1.4
Labour force	18,412.3	<b>18,387.8</b>	27.7	<b>-24.5</b>	66.6	65.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.4
Employment	16,807.4	<b>16,838.0</b>	28.1	<b>30.6</b>	-273.0	-354.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.6	-2.1
Employment full-time	13,518.0	<b>13,609.6</b>	36.6	<b>91.6</b>	-312.1	-358.4	<b>0.7</b>	-2.2	-2.6
Employment part-time	3,289.4	<b>3,228.4</b>	33.3	<b>-61.0</b>	39.1	4.0	<b>-1.9</b>	1.2	0.1
Unemployment	1,604.9	<b>1,549.7</b>	24.2	<b>-55.2</b>	339.6	420.1	<b>-3.4</b>	28.1	37.2
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.1</b>	0.1	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.5	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	<b>8.4</b>	0.1	<b>-0.3</b>	1.8	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.4	<b>61.4</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-1.7	-2.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.6	<b>19.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.4</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
<b>15 to 24 years, both sexes</b>									
Population	4,396.8	<b>4,398.4</b>	...	<b>1.6</b>	14.0	18.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.4
Labour force	2,858.3	<b>2,821.8</b>	16.6	<b>-36.5</b>	-108.7	-141.8	<b>-1.3</b>	-3.7	-4.8
Employment	2,391.0	<b>2,395.2</b>	15.9	<b>4.2</b>	-158.7	-240.3	<b>0.2</b>	-6.2	-9.1
Employment full-time	1,213.3	<b>1,271.1</b>	18.3	<b>57.8</b>	-119.8	-153.1	<b>4.8</b>	-8.6	-10.7
Employment part-time	1,177.7	<b>1,124.1</b>	18.9	<b>-53.6</b>	-38.9	-87.2	<b>-4.6</b>	-3.3	-7.2
Unemployment	467.3	<b>426.6</b>	14.2	<b>-40.7</b>	49.9	98.5	<b>-8.7</b>	13.2	30.0
Participation rate	65.0	<b>64.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-2.6	-3.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.3	<b>15.1</b>	0.5	<b>-1.2</b>	2.2	4.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.4	<b>54.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-3.7	-5.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	49.3	<b>46.9</b>	0.7	<b>-2.3</b>	1.4	1.0	...	...	...
<b>25 years and over, men</b>									
Population	11,228.2	<b>11,249.6</b>	...	<b>21.4</b>	146.9	188.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.7
Labour force	8,272.1	<b>8,244.1</b>	14.3	<b>-28.0</b>	71.4	65.0	<b>-0.3</b>	0.9	0.8
Employment	7,576.8	<b>7,561.9</b>	15.8	<b>-14.9</b>	-137.4	-164.8	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.8	-2.1
Employment full-time	7,000.3	<b>6,967.7</b>	20.5	<b>-32.6</b>	-191.2	-211.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.7	-2.9
Employment part-time	576.5	<b>594.2</b>	16.2	<b>17.7</b>	53.8	46.4	<b>3.1</b>	10.0	8.5
Unemployment	695.3	<b>682.2</b>	14.2	<b>-13.1</b>	208.8	229.8	<b>-1.9</b>	44.1	50.8
Participation rate	73.7	<b>73.3</b>	0.1	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.3	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.4	<b>8.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	2.5	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.5	<b>67.2</b>	0.1	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.1	-2.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.6	<b>7.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
<b>25 years and over, women</b>									
Population	11,733.4	<b>11,753.5</b>	...	<b>20.1</b>	141.9	182.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.6
Labour force	7,281.9	<b>7,321.8</b>	15.9	<b>39.9</b>	103.9	142.5	<b>0.5</b>	1.4	2.0
Employment	6,839.6	<b>6,880.9</b>	15.8	<b>41.3</b>	23.1	50.6	<b>0.6</b>	0.3	0.7
Employment full-time	5,304.5	<b>5,370.8</b>	23.5	<b>66.3</b>	-1.1	5.8	<b>1.2</b>	0.0	0.1
Employment part-time	1,535.1	<b>1,510.1</b>	21.8	<b>-25.0</b>	24.2	44.8	<b>-1.6</b>	1.6	3.1
Unemployment	442.3	<b>440.9</b>	12.7	<b>-1.4</b>	80.9	91.8	<b>-0.3</b>	22.5	26.3
Participation rate	62.1	<b>62.3</b>	0.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	<b>6.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	1.0	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.3	<b>58.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.4	<b>21.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.5</b>	0.3	0.5	...	...	...
<b>25 to 54 years, both sexes</b>									
Population	14,530.9	<b>14,543.1</b>	...	<b>12.2</b>	76.6	95.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	12,562.7	<b>12,574.2</b>	20.7	<b>11.5</b>	31.3	36.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.3
Employment	11,633.4	<b>11,644.3</b>	22.4	<b>10.9</b>	-224.2	-242.2	<b>0.1</b>	-1.9	-2.0
Unemployment	929.2	<b>929.8</b>	17.9	<b>0.6</b>	255.4	278.3	<b>0.1</b>	37.9	42.7
Participation rate	86.5	<b>86.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.4</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	2.0	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	80.1	<b>80.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-1.9	-2.2	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by age and sex, Canada, seasonally adjusted

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>25 to 54 years, men</b>									
Population	7,263.0	<b>7,269.8</b>	...	<b>6.8</b>	42.5	52.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7
Labour force	6,609.2	<b>6,584.8</b>	13.2	<b>-24.4</b>	-6.5	-6.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.1	-0.1
Employment	6,050.3	<b>6,033.4</b>	15.4	<b>-16.9</b>	-174.4	-193.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.8	-3.1
Unemployment	558.9	<b>551.4</b>	13.2	<b>-7.5</b>	167.9	186.7	<b>-1.3</b>	43.8	51.2
Participation rate	91.0	<b>90.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.6	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.5	<b>8.4</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	2.6	2.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	83.3	<b>83.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.9	-3.3	...	...	...
<b>25 to 54 years, women</b>									
Population	7,267.9	<b>7,273.3</b>	...	<b>5.4</b>	34.2	43.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.6
Labour force	5,953.5	<b>5,989.3</b>	15.2	<b>35.8</b>	37.8	42.6	<b>0.6</b>	0.6	0.7
Employment	5,583.1	<b>5,610.9</b>	15.4	<b>27.8</b>	-49.8	-49.0	<b>0.5</b>	-0.9	-0.9
Unemployment	370.4	<b>378.4</b>	11.8	<b>8.0</b>	87.5	91.6	<b>2.2</b>	30.1	31.9
Participation rate	81.9	<b>82.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.4</b>	0.1	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.2	<b>6.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	1.4	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	76.8	<b>77.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	-1.1	-1.2	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, both sexes</b>									
Population	8,430.7	<b>8,460.0</b>	...	<b>29.3</b>	212.2	274.6	<b>0.3</b>	2.6	3.4
Labour force	2,991.3	<b>2,991.8</b>	16.0	<b>0.5</b>	144.1	171.4	<b>0.0</b>	5.1	6.1
Employment	2,783.0	<b>2,798.5</b>	16.0	<b>15.5</b>	109.8	128.1	<b>0.6</b>	4.1	4.8
Unemployment	208.4	<b>193.3</b>	8.4	<b>-15.1</b>	34.3	43.4	<b>-7.2</b>	21.6	29.0
Participation rate	35.5	<b>35.4</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.9	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>6.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.5</b>	0.9	1.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	33.0	<b>33.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.5	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, men</b>									
Population	3,965.2	<b>3,979.8</b>	...	<b>14.6</b>	104.5	135.3	<b>0.4</b>	2.7	3.5
Labour force	1,662.9	<b>1,659.3</b>	10.7	<b>-3.6</b>	77.9	71.6	<b>-0.2</b>	4.9	4.5
Employment	1,526.4	<b>1,528.5</b>	10.7	<b>2.1</b>	37.0	28.5	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	1.9
Unemployment	136.4	<b>130.9</b>	6.2	<b>-5.5</b>	41.0	43.2	<b>-4.0</b>	45.6	49.3
Participation rate	41.9	<b>41.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	0.9	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.2	<b>7.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	2.2	2.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	38.5	<b>38.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.6	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, women</b>									
Population	4,465.5	<b>4,480.2</b>	...	<b>14.7</b>	107.7	139.4	<b>0.3</b>	2.5	3.2
Labour force	1,328.4	<b>1,332.5</b>	11.0	<b>4.1</b>	66.2	99.9	<b>0.3</b>	5.2	8.1
Employment	1,256.5	<b>1,270.0</b>	10.9	<b>13.5</b>	72.8	99.6	<b>1.1</b>	6.1	8.5
Unemployment	71.9	<b>62.5</b>	5.6	<b>-9.4</b>	-6.7	0.2	<b>-13.1</b>	-9.7	0.3
Participation rate	29.7	<b>29.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	<b>4.7</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.8	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	28.1	<b>28.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.3	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM table 282-0087.

**Table 2**  
**Employment by class of worker and industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands									
<b>Class of worker</b>									
Employees	14,091.2	<b>14,110.5</b>	33.4	<b>19.3</b>	-342.1	-432.4	<b>0.1</b>	-2.4	-3.0
Self-employed <sup>2</sup>	2,716.2	<b>2,727.5</b>	22.7	<b>11.3</b>	69.1	78.0	<b>0.4</b>	2.6	2.9
<b>Public/private sector employees</b>									
Public sector employees	3,396.6	<b>3,433.0</b>	21.8	<b>36.4</b>	-13.7	-2.1	<b>1.1</b>	-0.4	-0.1
Private sector employees	10,694.6	<b>10,677.5</b>	34.0	<b>-17.1</b>	-328.4	-430.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.0	-3.9
<b>Industry</b>	16,807.4	<b>16,838.0</b>	28.1	<b>30.6</b>	-273.0	-354.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.6	-2.1
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	3,668.4	<b>3,714.6</b>	24.0	<b>46.2</b>	-262.5	-353.0	<b>1.3</b>	-6.6	-8.7
Agriculture	320.0	<b>319.5</b>	7.1	<b>-0.5</b>	3.3	-8.4	<b>-0.2</b>	1.0	-2.6
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	319.3	<b>313.0</b>	6.8	<b>-6.3</b>	-30.9	-30.6	<b>-2.0</b>	-9.0	-8.9
Utilities	148.0	<b>150.3</b>	4.8	<b>2.3</b>	1.3	-1.2	<b>1.6</b>	0.9	-0.8
Construction	1,142.2	<b>1,166.8</b>	15.2	<b>24.6</b>	-50.7	-93.1	<b>2.2</b>	-4.2	-7.4
Manufacturing	1,738.9	<b>1,765.0</b>	17.8	<b>26.1</b>	-185.5	-219.7	<b>1.5</b>	-9.5	-11.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	13,139.0	<b>13,123.4</b>	31.6	<b>-15.6</b>	-10.5	-1.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	0.0
Trade	2,660.9	<b>2,662.9</b>	20.9	<b>2.0</b>	1.2	-6.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	-0.2
Transportation and warehousing	819.0	<b>797.7</b>	12.5	<b>-21.3</b>	-72.0	-74.1	<b>-2.6</b>	-8.3	-8.5
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	1,110.3	<b>1,121.1</b>	14.2	<b>10.8</b>	37.4	46.1	<b>1.0</b>	3.5	4.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,212.9	<b>1,199.8</b>	15.4	<b>-13.1</b>	-7.3	1.2	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.6	0.1
Business, building and other support services	649.9	<b>645.8</b>	12.8	<b>-4.1</b>	-24.3	-29.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-3.6	-4.3
Educational services	1,170.5	<b>1,188.4</b>	14.2	<b>17.9</b>	3.9	-11.4	<b>1.5</b>	0.3	-1.0
Health care and social assistance	1,940.9	<b>1,946.8</b>	16.0	<b>5.9</b>	7.3	21.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.4	1.1
Information, culture and recreation	795.4	<b>791.5</b>	12.8	<b>-3.9</b>	28.9	42.2	<b>-0.5</b>	3.8	5.6
Accommodation and food services	1,044.6	<b>1,032.0</b>	15.4	<b>-12.6</b>	-31.4	-56.2	<b>-1.2</b>	-3.0	-5.2
Other services	800.2	<b>805.4</b>	12.0	<b>5.2</b>	48.5	44.6	<b>0.6</b>	6.4	5.9
Public administration	934.3	<b>932.0</b>	11.5	<b>-2.3</b>	-2.7	20.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	2.2

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

2. Includes both incorporated and unincorporated working owners, self-employed persons who do not have a business and persons working in a family business without pay.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0088, 282-0089.

**Table 3**  
**Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	429.2	<b>429.7</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.1	2.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	254.7	<b>255.9</b>	2.2	<b>1.2</b>	3.9	5.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.5	2.1
Employment	215.1	<b>216.6</b>	2.2	<b>1.5</b>	-0.9	-0.2	<b>0.7</b>	-0.4	-0.1
Employment full-time	189.1	<b>184.9</b>	2.4	<b>-4.2</b>	-0.7	-3.1	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.4	-1.6
Employment part-time	25.9	<b>31.7</b>	1.8	<b>5.8</b>	-0.1	2.9	<b>22.4</b>	-0.3	10.1
Unemployment	39.7	<b>39.2</b>	2.0	<b>-0.5</b>	4.7	5.4	<b>-1.3</b>	13.6	16.0
Participation rate	59.3	<b>59.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.6	<b>15.3</b>	0.8	<b>-0.3</b>	1.6	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	50.1	<b>50.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.4	...	...	...
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>									
Population	116.4	<b>116.4</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	1.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.0	1.0
Labour force	79.4	<b>78.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	0.4	-0.5	<b>-0.6</b>	0.5	-0.6
Employment	68.5	<b>69.6</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	0.4	-0.8	<b>1.6</b>	0.6	-1.1
Employment full-time	55.5	<b>57.5</b>	0.9	<b>2.0</b>	-0.3	-1.2	<b>3.6</b>	-0.5	-2.0
Employment part-time	13.0	<b>12.1</b>	0.7	<b>-0.9</b>	0.7	0.4	<b>-6.9</b>	6.1	3.4
Unemployment	10.9	<b>9.3</b>	0.7	<b>-1.6</b>	0.1	0.3	<b>-14.7</b>	1.1	3.3
Participation rate	68.2	<b>67.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.3	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.7	<b>11.8</b>	0.8	<b>-1.9</b>	0.1	0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.8</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	-0.2	-1.3	...	...	...
<b>Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	772.8	<b>773.3</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.7	3.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.4
Labour force	500.5	<b>499.6</b>	2.8	<b>-0.9</b>	5.6	5.3	<b>-0.2</b>	1.1	1.1
Employment	453.2	<b>452.1</b>	2.9	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.4	-4.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.9
Employment full-time	371.2	<b>368.8</b>	3.6	<b>-2.4</b>	-2.8	-4.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.8	-1.2
Employment part-time	82.1	<b>83.3</b>	3.1	<b>1.2</b>	1.3	0.1	<b>1.5</b>	1.6	0.1
Unemployment	47.3	<b>47.5</b>	2.6	<b>0.2</b>	7.0	9.6	<b>0.4</b>	17.3	25.3
Participation rate	64.8	<b>64.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.5	<b>9.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.6	<b>58.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.8	...	...	...
<b>New Brunswick</b>									
Population	621.8	<b>622.2</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.5	3.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.5
Labour force	402.4	<b>400.1</b>	2.5	<b>-2.3</b>	-0.9	0.8	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.2	0.2
Employment	364.9	<b>367.8</b>	2.6	<b>2.9</b>	1.2	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	0.3	0.2
Employment full-time	306.8	<b>309.6</b>	3.0	<b>2.8</b>	-1.2	1.9	<b>0.9</b>	-0.4	0.6
Employment part-time	58.1	<b>58.2</b>	2.5	<b>0.1</b>	2.4	-1.1	<b>0.2</b>	4.3	-1.9
Unemployment	37.5	<b>32.3</b>	2.3	<b>-5.2</b>	-2.1	0.0	<b>-13.9</b>	-6.1	0.0
Participation rate	64.7	<b>64.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.4	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.3	<b>8.1</b>	0.5	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.5	0.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.7	<b>59.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
<b>Quebec</b>									
Population	6,444.3	<b>6,451.9</b>	...	<b>7.6</b>	51.8	66.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.0
Labour force	4,212.8	<b>4,196.7</b>	14.2	<b>-16.1</b>	5.1	4.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.1	0.1
Employment	3,830.2	<b>3,826.7</b>	14.6	<b>-3.5</b>	-57.6	-60.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.5	-1.6
Employment full-time	3,099.3	<b>3,107.6</b>	18.7	<b>8.3</b>	-27.2	-42.4	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.3
Employment part-time	730.9	<b>719.1</b>	17.0	<b>-11.8</b>	-30.4	-17.9	<b>-1.6</b>	-4.1	-2.4
Unemployment	382.6	<b>370.0</b>	13.0	<b>-12.6</b>	62.8	64.8	<b>-3.3</b>	20.4	21.2
Participation rate	65.4	<b>65.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.5	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.1	<b>8.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	1.5	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.4	<b>59.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.4	-1.6	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 3 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Ontario</b>									
Population	10,677.4	<b>10,695.3</b>	...	<b>17.9</b>	114.5	148.6	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	1.4
Labour force	7,186.0	<b>7,182.5</b>	19.0	<b>-3.5</b>	0.5	-13.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	-0.2
Employment	6,512.5	<b>6,525.1</b>	18.9	<b>12.6</b>	-140.1	-205.2	<b>0.2</b>	-2.1	-3.0
Employment full-time	5,204.0	<b>5,265.5</b>	24.5	<b>61.5</b>	-155.6	-178.2	<b>1.2</b>	-2.9	-3.3
Employment part-time	1,308.5	<b>1,259.6</b>	22.3	<b>-48.9</b>	15.5	-27.0	<b>-3.7</b>	1.2	-2.1
Unemployment	673.5	<b>657.4</b>	16.9	<b>-16.1</b>	140.6	192.0	<b>-2.4</b>	27.2	41.3
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	2.0	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.0	<b>61.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-2.0	-2.8	...	...	...
<b>Manitoba</b>									
Population	925.0	<b>926.1</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	11.3	13.8	<b>0.1</b>	1.2	1.5
Labour force	648.5	<b>643.2</b>	2.7	<b>-5.3</b>	6.7	7.1	<b>-0.8</b>	1.1	1.1
Employment	611.3	<b>608.9</b>	2.8	<b>-2.4</b>	-0.2	1.7	<b>-0.4</b>	0.0	0.3
Employment full-time	489.6	<b>489.1</b>	3.9	<b>-0.5</b>	-4.0	-0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	0.0
Employment part-time	121.7	<b>119.8</b>	3.5	<b>-1.9</b>	3.8	1.9	<b>-1.6</b>	3.3	1.6
Unemployment	37.2	<b>34.3</b>	2.1	<b>-2.9</b>	6.9	5.5	<b>-7.8</b>	25.2	19.1
Participation rate	70.1	<b>69.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	<b>5.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	1.0	0.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.1	<b>65.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.9	-0.9	...	...	...
<b>Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	781.0	<b>782.1</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	8.1	11.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.5
Labour force	544.2	<b>544.3</b>	2.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	3.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.6
Employment	516.9	<b>519.0</b>	2.6	<b>2.1</b>	-1.3	-0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.1
Employment full-time	415.0	<b>421.8</b>	3.3	<b>6.8</b>	-4.6	-4.3	<b>1.6</b>	-1.1	-1.0
Employment part-time	101.9	<b>97.2</b>	3.1	<b>-4.7</b>	3.3	3.8	<b>-4.6</b>	3.5	4.1
Unemployment	27.3	<b>25.3</b>	1.9	<b>-2.0</b>	2.6	3.7	<b>-7.3</b>	11.5	17.1
Participation rate	69.7	<b>69.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.2	<b>66.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.8	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Alberta</b>									
Population	2,876.0	<b>2,882.2</b>	...	<b>6.2</b>	58.5	74.0	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.6
Labour force	2,136.8	<b>2,134.0</b>	8.2	<b>-2.8</b>	23.8	32.1	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	1.5
Employment	1,979.1	<b>1,982.1</b>	8.8	<b>3.0</b>	-40.4	-39.6	<b>0.2</b>	-2.0	-2.0
Employment full-time	1,613.2	<b>1,627.9</b>	11.5	<b>14.7</b>	-52.9	-59.5	<b>0.9</b>	-3.1	-3.5
Employment part-time	365.9	<b>354.2</b>	10.2	<b>-11.7</b>	12.5	19.9	<b>-3.2</b>	3.7	6.0
Unemployment	157.7	<b>151.9</b>	6.4	<b>-5.8</b>	64.1	71.7	<b>-3.7</b>	73.0	89.4
Participation rate	74.3	<b>74.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.7	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	2.9	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.8	<b>68.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-2.8	-3.2	...	...	...
<b>British Columbia</b>									
Population	3,714.5	<b>3,722.6</b>	...	<b>8.1</b>	50.4	64.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.7
Labour force	2,447.0	<b>2,452.7</b>	10.3	<b>5.7</b>	20.2	21.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.9
Employment	2,255.7	<b>2,270.1</b>	10.4	<b>14.4</b>	-32.6	-45.9	<b>0.6</b>	-1.4	-2.0
Employment full-time	1,774.8	<b>1,777.0</b>	14.2	<b>2.2</b>	-62.6	-67.5	<b>0.1</b>	-3.4	-3.7
Employment part-time	480.8	<b>493.1</b>	13.2	<b>12.3</b>	29.9	21.7	<b>2.6</b>	6.5	4.6
Unemployment	191.3	<b>182.6</b>	8.0	<b>-8.7</b>	52.9	67.3	<b>-4.5</b>	40.8	58.4
Participation rate	65.9	<b>65.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.3	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.8	<b>7.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	2.1	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.7	<b>61.0</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-1.7	-2.3	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM Table 282-0087.

**Table 4-1**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Newfoundland and Labrador**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	429.2	<b>429.7</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.1	2.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	254.7	<b>255.9</b>	2.2	<b>1.2</b>	3.9	5.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.5	2.1
Employment	215.1	<b>216.6</b>	2.2	<b>1.5</b>	-0.9	-0.2	<b>0.7</b>	-0.4	-0.1
Employment full-time	189.1	<b>184.9</b>	2.4	<b>-4.2</b>	-0.7	-3.1	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.4	-1.6
Unemployment	39.7	<b>39.2</b>	2.0	<b>-0.5</b>	4.7	5.4	<b>-1.3</b>	13.6	16.0
Participation rate	59.3	<b>59.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.6	<b>15.3</b>	0.8	<b>-0.3</b>	1.6	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	50.1	<b>50.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	12.0	<b>14.6</b>	0.8	<b>2.6</b>	0.0	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	60.9	<b>60.9</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-1.0	-1.3	<b>0.0</b>	-1.6	-2.1
Labour force	33.6	<b>34.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.7</b>	0.0	-0.5	<b>2.1</b>	0.0	-1.4
Employment	26.0	<b>26.7</b>	1.1	<b>0.7</b>	0.0	-1.2	<b>2.7</b>	0.0	-4.3
Unemployment	7.6	<b>7.7</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	0.8	<b>1.3</b>	1.3	11.6
Participation rate	55.2	<b>56.3</b>	1.8	<b>1.1</b>	0.9	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	22.6	<b>22.4</b>	2.6	<b>-0.2</b>	0.2	2.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	42.7	<b>43.8</b>	1.7	<b>1.1</b>	0.7	-1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	30.4	<b>40.1</b>	3.6	<b>9.7</b>	-9.4	-0.4	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	177.5	<b>177.7</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	116.3	<b>116.4</b>	1.3	<b>0.1</b>	2.3	2.2	<b>0.1</b>	2.0	1.9
Employment	96.9	<b>98.5</b>	1.4	<b>1.6</b>	0.5	0.8	<b>1.7</b>	0.5	0.8
Unemployment	19.4	<b>17.9</b>	1.3	<b>-1.5</b>	1.8	1.4	<b>-7.7</b>	11.2	8.5
Participation rate	65.5	<b>65.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.7	<b>15.4</b>	1.1	<b>-1.3</b>	1.3	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.6	<b>55.4</b>	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	-0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	3.9	<b>4.4</b>	0.8	<b>0.4</b>	-0.6	0.4	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	190.7	<b>191.0</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	2.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.2
Labour force	104.8	<b>105.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	3.4	<b>0.3</b>	1.5	3.3
Employment	92.2	<b>91.5</b>	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.3	0.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-1.4	0.3
Unemployment	12.6	<b>13.6</b>	1.1	<b>1.0</b>	2.8	3.2	<b>7.9</b>	25.9	30.8
Participation rate	55.0	<b>55.0</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.0	<b>12.9</b>	1.0	<b>0.9</b>	2.5	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	48.3	<b>47.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.4	<b>18.3</b>	1.2	<b>2.9</b>	3.4	3.3	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Population	215.1	<b>216.6</b>	2.2	<b>1.5</b>	-0.9	-0.2	<b>0.7</b>	-0.4	-0.1
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	0.9	<b>0.8</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.3	0.4	<b>-11.1</b>	60.0	100.0
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	15.4	<b>15.3</b>	1.0	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.0	-1.6	<b>-0.6</b>	-6.1	-9.5
Utilities	2.6	<b>2.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	1.0	<b>11.5</b>	61.1	52.6
Construction	15.0	<b>17.0</b>	1.1	<b>2.0</b>	-0.3	1.3	<b>13.3</b>	-1.7	8.3
Manufacturing	12.3	<b>11.4</b>	1.0	<b>-0.9</b>	-1.2	-1.7	<b>-7.3</b>	-9.5	-13.0
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Trade	35.0	<b>35.5</b>	1.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.1	1.5	<b>1.4</b>	3.2	4.4
Transportation and warehousing	10.8	<b>12.4</b>	0.8	<b>1.6</b>	1.5	2.4	<b>14.8</b>	13.8	24.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	8.0	<b>7.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	0.3	0.3	<b>-8.8</b>	4.3	4.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	7.3	<b>6.8</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.3	-1.1	<b>-6.8</b>	-16.0	-13.9
Business, building and other support services	6.6	<b>7.1</b>	0.7	<b>0.5</b>	-0.7	-0.6	<b>7.6</b>	-9.0	-7.8
Educational services	17.0	<b>18.2</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	0.7	0.9	<b>7.1</b>	4.0	5.2
Health care and social assistance	35.3	<b>34.0</b>	1.1	<b>-1.3</b>	0.8	1.8	<b>-3.7</b>	2.4	5.6
Information, culture and recreation	9.1	<b>8.4</b>	0.7	<b>-0.7</b>	0.7	0.1	<b>-7.7</b>	9.1	1.2
Accommodation and food services	13.1	<b>13.5</b>	0.9	<b>0.4</b>	1.7	0.6	<b>3.1</b>	14.4	4.7
Other services	10.0	<b>10.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	-3.4	-2.6	<b>1.0</b>	-25.2	-20.5
Public administration	16.8	<b>16.0</b>	0.9	<b>-0.8</b>	-1.2	-2.9	<b>-4.8</b>	-7.0	-15.3

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-2**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Prince Edward Island**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	116.4	<b>116.4</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	1.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.0	1.0
Labour force	79.4	<b>78.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	0.4	-0.5	<b>-0.6</b>	0.5	-0.6
Employment	68.5	<b>69.6</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	0.4	-0.8	<b>1.6</b>	0.6	-1.1
Employment full-time	55.5	<b>57.5</b>	0.9	<b>2.0</b>	-0.3	-1.2	<b>3.6</b>	-0.5	-2.0
Unemployment	10.9	<b>9.3</b>	0.7	<b>-1.6</b>	0.1	0.3	<b>-14.7</b>	1.1	3.3
Participation rate	68.2	<b>67.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.3	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.7	<b>11.8</b>	0.8	<b>-1.9</b>	0.1	0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.8</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	-0.2	-1.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.0	<b>17.4</b>	1.0	<b>-1.6</b>	0.9	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	19.9	<b>19.8</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	0.0	<b>-0.5</b>	0.0	0.0
Labour force	14.0	<b>14.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	-0.1	<b>0.7</b>	0.7	-0.7
Employment	11.1	<b>11.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	0.0	-0.3	<b>2.7</b>	0.0	-2.6
Unemployment	2.8	<b>2.7</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	0.3	<b>-3.6</b>	3.8	12.5
Participation rate	70.4	<b>71.2</b>	2.1	<b>0.8</b>	0.5	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	20.0	<b>19.1</b>	2.6	<b>-0.9</b>	0.5	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.8	<b>57.6</b>	2.1	<b>1.8</b>	0.0	-1.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	49.5	<b>41.2</b>	3.5	<b>-8.3</b>	-2.6	-0.7	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	46.4	<b>46.4</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1
Labour force	34.1	<b>33.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	0.7	0.4	<b>-2.1</b>	2.1	1.2
Employment	29.7	<b>29.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	1.4	2.1
Unemployment	4.4	<b>3.7</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	0.3	-0.1	<b>-15.9</b>	8.8	-2.6
Participation rate	73.5	<b>72.0</b>	0.8	<b>-1.5</b>	0.9	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.9	<b>11.1</b>	1.2	<b>-1.8</b>	0.7	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.0	<b>64.0</b>	0.9	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.7	<b>7.1</b>	1.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	1.6	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	50.1	<b>50.2</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.4
Labour force	31.3	<b>31.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.9	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-2.8
Employment	27.6	<b>28.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.9</b>	0.0	-1.1	<b>3.3</b>	0.0	-3.7
Unemployment	3.6	<b>2.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.4	0.1	<b>-22.2</b>	-12.5	3.7
Participation rate	62.5	<b>62.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	-1.4	-2.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.5	<b>8.9</b>	1.0	<b>-2.6</b>	-1.2	0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.1	<b>56.8</b>	0.8	<b>1.7</b>	-0.7	-3.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.3	<b>18.9</b>	1.5	<b>-1.3</b>	2.1	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	68.5	<b>69.6</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	0.4	-0.8	<b>1.6</b>	0.6	-1.1
Agriculture	16.3	<b>17.0</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	-0.5	-0.2	<b>4.3</b>	-2.9	-1.2
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	3.3	<b>3.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	0.7	0.6	<b>15.2</b>	22.6	18.8
Utilities	2.1	<b>2.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.4	-0.9	<b>-4.8</b>	-41.2	-31.0
Construction	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	0.1	<b>50.0</b>	0.0	50.0
Manufacturing	5.3	<b>5.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.4	<b>5.7</b>	14.3	7.7
Manufacturing	5.4	<b>5.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-6.9	-5.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	52.2	<b>52.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	0.9	-0.6	<b>0.8</b>	1.7	-1.1
Trade	9.9	<b>10.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	-0.6	<b>2.0</b>	8.6	-5.6
Transportation and warehousing	2.2	<b>2.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	-0.5	<b>-4.5</b>	-27.6	-19.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.7	<b>2.7</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	12.5	3.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	2.3	<b>2.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.4	<b>-8.7</b>	-22.2	-16.0
Business, building and other support services	2.2	<b>2.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	-0.2	<b>9.1</b>	4.3	-7.7
Educational services	5.0	<b>5.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.7</b>	1.0	0.7	<b>14.0</b>	21.3	14.0
Health care and social assistance	8.1	<b>8.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.6	<b>-1.2</b>	-8.0	-7.0
Information, culture and recreation	2.4	<b>2.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-7.7	9.1
Accommodation and food services	6.0	<b>5.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.2	0.0	<b>-8.3</b>	-3.5	0.0
Other services	3.2	<b>3.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	0.9	0.8	<b>12.5</b>	33.3	28.6
Public administration	8.2	<b>7.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.2	-0.2	<b>-3.7</b>	2.6	-2.5

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.



**Table 4-3**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Nova Scotia**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	772.8	<b>773.3</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.7	3.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.4
Labour force	500.5	<b>499.6</b>	2.8	<b>-0.9</b>	5.6	5.3	<b>-0.2</b>	1.1	1.1
Employment	453.2	<b>452.1</b>	2.9	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.4	-4.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.9
Employment full-time	371.2	<b>368.8</b>	3.6	<b>-2.4</b>	-2.8	-4.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.8	-1.2
Unemployment	47.3	<b>47.5</b>	2.6	<b>0.2</b>	7.0	9.6	<b>0.4</b>	17.3	25.3
Participation rate	64.8	<b>64.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.5	<b>9.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.6	<b>58.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.1	<b>18.4</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	0.3	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	120.0	<b>119.9</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	-1.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.1
Labour force	81.7	<b>80.9</b>	1.7	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.5	-1.3	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.6	-1.6
Employment	65.7	<b>67.0</b>	1.7	<b>1.3</b>	-2.1	-3.4	<b>2.0</b>	-3.0	-4.8
Unemployment	16.0	<b>13.9</b>	1.5	<b>-2.1</b>	1.5	2.1	<b>-13.1</b>	12.1	17.8
Participation rate	68.1	<b>67.5</b>	1.4	<b>-0.6</b>	0.1	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	19.6	<b>17.2</b>	1.7	<b>-2.4</b>	2.0	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.8	<b>55.9</b>	1.4	<b>1.1</b>	-1.3	-2.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	47.6	<b>44.9</b>	2.4	<b>-2.7</b>	2.2	-2.9	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	311.1	<b>311.4</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	2.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	215.5	<b>214.7</b>	1.5	<b>-0.8</b>	2.4	1.9	<b>-0.4</b>	1.1	0.9
Employment	195.9	<b>194.2</b>	1.6	<b>-1.7</b>	-0.9	-2.6	<b>-0.9</b>	-0.5	-1.3
Unemployment	19.6	<b>20.5</b>	1.6	<b>0.9</b>	3.2	4.5	<b>4.6</b>	18.5	28.1
Participation rate	69.3	<b>68.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	0.4	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.1	<b>9.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	1.4	2.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.0	<b>62.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.6	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.2	<b>7.5</b>	0.7	<b>1.3</b>	0.4	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	341.8	<b>342.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.9	2.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7
Labour force	203.3	<b>204.0</b>	1.5	<b>0.7</b>	3.7	4.7	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	2.4
Employment	191.7	<b>190.9</b>	1.6	<b>-0.8</b>	1.5	1.8	<b>-0.4</b>	0.8	1.0
Unemployment	11.6	<b>13.1</b>	1.3	<b>1.5</b>	2.2	2.9	<b>12.9</b>	20.2	28.4
Participation rate	59.5	<b>59.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	<b>6.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	1.0	1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	<b>55.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	0.1	0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.1	<b>20.2</b>	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	-0.2	1.9	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	453.2	<b>452.1</b>	2.9	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.4	-4.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.9
Agriculture	86.2	<b>86.4</b>	2.3	<b>0.2</b>	-6.5	-6.7	<b>0.2</b>	-7.0	-7.2
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	6.5	<b>7.2</b>	0.7	<b>0.7</b>	-0.4	0.9	<b>10.8</b>	-5.3	14.3
Utilities	12.2	<b>13.0</b>	1.1	<b>0.8</b>	0.8	0.3	<b>6.6</b>	6.6	2.4
Construction	3.2	<b>3.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	0.3	<b>9.4</b>	29.6	9.4
Manufacturing	31.7	<b>30.8</b>	1.4	<b>-0.9</b>	-1.0	-0.6	<b>-2.8</b>	-3.1	-1.9
Manufacturing	32.6	<b>31.8</b>	1.5	<b>-0.8</b>	-6.9	-7.7	<b>-2.5</b>	-17.8	-19.5
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	367.0	<b>365.6</b>	3.0	<b>-1.4</b>	4.9	2.4	<b>-0.4</b>	1.4	0.7
Trade	79.2	<b>80.2</b>	2.0	<b>1.0</b>	0.8	-2.0	<b>1.3</b>	1.0	-2.4
Transportation and warehousing	20.8	<b>21.8</b>	1.0	<b>1.0</b>	2.3	3.7	<b>4.8</b>	11.8	20.4
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	25.7	<b>23.8</b>	1.0	<b>-1.9</b>	2.2	1.4	<b>-7.4</b>	10.2	6.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	22.5	<b>21.8</b>	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.4	-1.6	<b>-3.1</b>	-9.9	-6.8
Business, building and other support services	22.2	<b>22.3</b>	1.4	<b>0.1</b>	-2.6	0.1	<b>0.5</b>	-10.4	0.5
Educational services	36.7	<b>38.9</b>	1.4	<b>2.2</b>	3.9	4.7	<b>6.0</b>	11.1	13.7
Health care and social assistance	63.2	<b>61.8</b>	1.5	<b>-1.4</b>	2.5	-0.2	<b>-2.2</b>	4.2	-0.3
Information, culture and recreation	16.8	<b>18.5</b>	1.1	<b>1.7</b>	0.0	0.0	<b>10.1</b>	0.0	0.0
Accommodation and food services	29.2	<b>25.1</b>	1.5	<b>-4.1</b>	-4.8	-4.5	<b>-14.0</b>	-16.1	-15.2
Other services	19.6	<b>19.5</b>	1.1	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	-0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	6.0	-2.5
Public administration	31.2	<b>31.9</b>	1.2	<b>0.7</b>	1.9	1.1	<b>2.2</b>	6.3	3.6

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-4**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — New Brunswick**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	621.8	<b>622.2</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.5	3.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.5
Labour force	402.4	<b>400.1</b>	2.5	<b>-2.3</b>	-0.9	0.8	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.2	0.2
Employment	364.9	<b>367.8</b>	2.6	<b>2.9</b>	1.2	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	0.3	0.2
Employment full-time	306.8	<b>309.6</b>	3.0	<b>2.8</b>	-1.2	1.9	<b>0.9</b>	-0.4	0.6
Unemployment	37.5	<b>32.3</b>	2.3	<b>-5.2</b>	-2.1	0.0	<b>-13.9</b>	-6.1	0.0
Participation rate	64.7	<b>64.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.4	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.3	<b>8.1</b>	0.5	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.5	0.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.7	<b>59.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.9	<b>15.8</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	0.6	-0.3	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	93.5	<b>93.3</b>	...	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.0	-1.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.1	-1.4
Labour force	60.1	<b>59.8</b>	1.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-6.0	-5.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-9.1	-8.6
Employment	51.1	<b>50.8</b>	1.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-5.7	-5.2	<b>-0.6</b>	-10.1	-9.3
Unemployment	9.0	<b>8.9</b>	1.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.5	<b>-1.1</b>	-5.3	-5.3
Participation rate	64.3	<b>64.1</b>	1.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-5.7	-5.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.0	<b>14.9</b>	1.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.6	0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.7	<b>54.4</b>	1.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-5.5	-4.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	43.2	<b>38.4</b>	2.4	<b>-4.9</b>	0.0	-6.6	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	254.9	<b>255.2</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	2.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.8
Labour force	178.9	<b>177.1</b>	1.4	<b>-1.8</b>	3.6	2.0	<b>-1.0</b>	2.1	1.1
Employment	161.7	<b>162.6</b>	1.5	<b>0.9</b>	4.3	3.1	<b>0.6</b>	2.7	1.9
Unemployment	17.2	<b>14.5</b>	1.4	<b>-2.7</b>	-0.6	-1.1	<b>-15.7</b>	-4.0	-7.1
Participation rate	70.2	<b>69.4</b>	0.6	<b>-0.8</b>	1.0	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.6	<b>8.2</b>	0.8	<b>-1.4</b>	-0.5	-0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.4	<b>63.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	1.3	0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	5.9	<b>5.8</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	273.4	<b>273.6</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.8	2.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.9
Labour force	163.4	<b>163.2</b>	1.3	<b>-0.2</b>	1.5	4.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.9	2.8
Employment	152.2	<b>154.3</b>	1.4	<b>2.1</b>	2.5	2.8	<b>1.4</b>	1.6	1.8
Unemployment	11.2	<b>8.8</b>	1.2	<b>-2.4</b>	-1.0	1.5	<b>-21.4</b>	-10.2	20.5
Participation rate	59.8	<b>59.6</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.9	<b>5.4</b>	0.7	<b>-1.5</b>	-0.7	0.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.7	<b>56.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.7</b>	0.6	0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	17.3	<b>19.0</b>	1.0	<b>1.6</b>	2.1	2.2	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	364.9	<b>367.8</b>	2.6	<b>2.9</b>	1.2	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	0.3	0.2
Agriculture	83.4	<b>85.6</b>	2.1	<b>2.2</b>	6.5	2.1	<b>2.6</b>	8.2	2.5
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	6.5	<b>7.3</b>	0.6	<b>0.8</b>	-0.2	1.2	<b>12.3</b>	-2.7	19.7
Utilities	11.5	<b>12.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.6</b>	2.6	-0.3	<b>5.2</b>	27.4	-2.4
Construction	4.5	<b>4.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.8	-1.1	<b>-11.1</b>	-16.7	-21.6
Manufacturing	28.0	<b>28.3</b>	1.3	<b>0.3</b>	4.4	6.5	<b>1.1</b>	18.4	29.8
Manufacturing	32.8	<b>33.8</b>	1.4	<b>1.0</b>	0.3	-4.3	<b>3.0</b>	0.9	-11.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	281.6	<b>282.2</b>	2.5	<b>0.6</b>	-5.3	-1.3	<b>0.2</b>	-1.8	-0.5
Trade	54.3	<b>53.6</b>	1.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-3.3	-5.1	<b>-1.3</b>	-5.8	-8.7
Transportation and warehousing	19.8	<b>17.9</b>	1.0	<b>-1.9</b>	-2.3	-3.8	<b>-9.6</b>	-11.4	-17.5
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	17.2	<b>18.5</b>	0.9	<b>1.3</b>	2.8	2.0	<b>7.6</b>	17.8	12.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	16.2	<b>16.2</b>	1.0	<b>0.0</b>	-1.2	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-6.9	3.2
Business, building and other support services	18.4	<b>18.2</b>	1.0	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.8	-1.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-13.3	-5.7
Educational services	27.3	<b>26.9</b>	1.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.6	0.8	<b>-1.5</b>	-8.8	3.1
Health care and social assistance	50.4	<b>50.4</b>	1.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	-1.0	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	-1.9
Information, culture and recreation	13.4	<b>12.2</b>	0.7	<b>-1.2</b>	1.2	1.8	<b>-9.0</b>	10.9	17.3
Accommodation and food services	22.7	<b>23.6</b>	1.1	<b>0.9</b>	0.8	1.5	<b>4.0</b>	3.5	6.8
Other services	15.1	<b>16.9</b>	0.9	<b>1.8</b>	1.8	1.9	<b>11.9</b>	11.9	12.7
Public administration	26.9	<b>27.8</b>	1.1	<b>0.9</b>	-0.1	1.2	<b>3.3</b>	-0.4	4.5

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-5**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Quebec**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	6,444.3	<b>6,451.9</b>	...	<b>7.6</b>	51.8	66.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.0
Labour force	4,212.8	<b>4,196.7</b>	14.2	<b>-16.1</b>	5.1	4.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.1	0.1
Employment	3,830.2	<b>3,826.7</b>	14.6	<b>-3.5</b>	-57.6	-60.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.5	-1.6
Employment full-time	3,099.3	<b>3,107.6</b>	18.7	<b>8.3</b>	-27.2	-42.4	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.3
Unemployment	382.6	<b>370.0</b>	13.0	<b>-12.6</b>	62.8	64.8	<b>-3.3</b>	20.4	21.2
Participation rate	65.4	<b>65.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.5	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.1	<b>8.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	1.5	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.4	<b>59.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.4	-1.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.1	<b>18.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	963.0	<b>963.1</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	2.1	2.9	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.3
Labour force	636.1	<b>625.8</b>	8.4	<b>-10.3</b>	-17.7	-26.1	<b>-1.6</b>	-2.8	-4.0
Employment	530.3	<b>529.9</b>	8.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-29.1	-45.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-5.2	-7.8
Unemployment	105.8	<b>95.8</b>	7.5	<b>-10.0</b>	11.3	18.9	<b>-9.5</b>	13.4	24.6
Participation rate	66.1	<b>65.0</b>	0.9	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.0	-2.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.6	<b>15.3</b>	1.1	<b>-1.3</b>	2.2	3.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.1	<b>55.0</b>	0.9	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.2	-4.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	51.6	<b>49.5</b>	1.5	<b>-2.2</b>	-2.9	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,679.8	<b>2,683.5</b>	...	<b>3.7</b>	25.7	32.7	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.2
Labour force	1,900.2	<b>1,892.4</b>	7.8	<b>-7.8</b>	26.1	20.4	<b>-0.4</b>	1.4	1.1
Employment	1,724.2	<b>1,712.1</b>	8.4	<b>-12.1</b>	-16.3	-21.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.9	-1.2
Unemployment	176.0	<b>180.3</b>	7.9	<b>4.3</b>	42.4	42.0	<b>2.4</b>	30.7	30.4
Participation rate	70.9	<b>70.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.3	<b>9.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.3	<b>63.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.2	-1.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.6	<b>7.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,801.5	<b>2,805.3</b>	...	<b>3.8</b>	24.1	30.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.1
Labour force	1,676.5	<b>1,678.5</b>	7.9	<b>2.0</b>	-3.3	10.1	<b>0.1</b>	-0.2	0.6
Employment	1,575.8	<b>1,584.6</b>	8.0	<b>8.8</b>	-12.4	6.3	<b>0.6</b>	-0.8	0.4
Unemployment	100.8	<b>93.9</b>	6.6	<b>-6.9</b>	9.1	3.8	<b>-6.8</b>	10.7	4.2
Participation rate	59.8	<b>59.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.7	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>5.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.6	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.2	<b>56.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.7	<b>20.5</b>	0.7	<b>-0.2</b>	0.0	0.7	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	3,830.2	<b>3,826.7</b>	14.6	<b>-3.5</b>	-57.6	-60.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.5	-1.6
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	59.2	<b>59.4</b>	3.4	<b>0.2</b>	7.3	2.3	<b>0.3</b>	14.0	4.0
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	30.3	<b>29.2</b>	2.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.7	-2.0	<b>-3.6</b>	-8.5	-6.4
Utilities	33.4	<b>33.0</b>	2.3	<b>-0.4</b>	2.1	1.0	<b>-1.2</b>	6.8	3.1
Construction	207.6	<b>208.3</b>	7.0	<b>0.7</b>	-0.2	-14.5	<b>0.3</b>	-0.1	-6.5
Manufacturing	521.1	<b>533.1</b>	9.6	<b>12.0</b>	-16.9	-15.9	<b>2.3</b>	-3.1	-2.9
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	2,978.6	<b>2,963.7</b>	16.1	<b>-14.9</b>	-47.3	-31.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.6	-1.0
Trade	643.0	<b>627.5</b>	10.3	<b>-15.5</b>	21.6	9.3	<b>-2.4</b>	3.6	1.5
Transportation and warehousing	172.4	<b>162.6</b>	6.0	<b>-9.8</b>	-18.5	-18.4	<b>-5.7</b>	-10.2	-10.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	226.4	<b>233.6</b>	6.7	<b>7.2</b>	10.5	1.7	<b>3.2</b>	4.7	0.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	268.2	<b>264.8</b>	7.6	<b>-3.4</b>	5.2	3.1	<b>-1.3</b>	2.0	1.2
Business, building and other support services	143.6	<b>135.0</b>	6.2	<b>-8.6</b>	-12.0	-3.9	<b>-6.0</b>	-8.2	-2.8
Educational services	257.5	<b>267.2</b>	7.0	<b>9.7</b>	21.9	10.6	<b>3.8</b>	8.9	4.1
Health care and social assistance	479.2	<b>471.6</b>	8.4	<b>-7.6</b>	-27.2	-7.9	<b>-1.6</b>	-5.5	-1.6
Information, culture and recreation	171.6	<b>175.3</b>	6.6	<b>3.7</b>	-4.3	-1.6	<b>2.2</b>	-2.4	-0.9
Accommodation and food services	222.9	<b>229.0</b>	7.9	<b>6.1</b>	-14.0	-21.7	<b>2.7</b>	-5.8	-8.7
Other services	173.3	<b>174.5</b>	6.0	<b>1.2</b>	3.1	2.4	<b>0.7</b>	1.8	1.4
Public administration	220.4	<b>222.7</b>	6.0	<b>2.3</b>	-33.5	-4.7	<b>1.0</b>	-13.1	-2.1

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-6**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Ontario**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	10,677.4	<b>10,695.3</b>	...	<b>17.9</b>	114.5	148.6	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	1.4
Labour force	7,186.0	<b>7,182.5</b>	19.0	<b>-3.5</b>	0.5	-13.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	-0.2
Employment	6,512.5	<b>6,525.1</b>	18.9	<b>12.6</b>	-140.1	-205.2	<b>0.2</b>	-2.1	-3.0
Employment full-time	5,204.0	<b>5,265.5</b>	24.5	<b>61.5</b>	-155.6	-178.2	<b>1.2</b>	-2.9	-3.3
Unemployment	673.5	<b>657.4</b>	16.9	<b>-16.1</b>	140.6	192.0	<b>-2.4</b>	27.2	41.3
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	2.0	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.0	<b>61.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-2.0	-2.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.1	<b>19.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.8</b>	0.6	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	1,746.2	<b>1,747.3</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	8.2	11.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.6
Labour force	1,091.5	<b>1,071.0</b>	11.4	<b>-20.5</b>	-51.3	-60.2	<b>-1.9</b>	-4.6	-5.3
Employment	888.6	<b>888.0</b>	10.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-61.8	-99.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-6.5	-10.1
Unemployment	202.9	<b>183.0</b>	10.0	<b>-19.9</b>	10.5	39.5	<b>-9.8</b>	6.1	27.5
Participation rate	62.5	<b>61.3</b>	0.7	<b>-1.2</b>	-3.2	-3.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	18.6	<b>17.1</b>	0.8	<b>-1.5</b>	1.7	4.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	50.9	<b>50.8</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.8	-6.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	54.2	<b>52.1</b>	1.2	<b>-2.1</b>	4.6	2.4	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,338.6	<b>4,346.9</b>	...	<b>8.3</b>	51.2	66.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.5
Labour force	3,207.4	<b>3,197.9</b>	9.5	<b>-9.5</b>	4.5	5.3	<b>-0.3</b>	0.1	0.2
Employment	2,922.8	<b>2,922.4</b>	10.8	<b>-0.4</b>	-82.5	-93.1	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-3.1
Unemployment	284.6	<b>275.5</b>	9.8	<b>-9.1</b>	87.0	98.4	<b>-3.2</b>	46.2	55.6
Participation rate	73.9	<b>73.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>8.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	2.7	3.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.4	<b>67.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.8	-3.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.8	<b>8.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	1.1	1.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,592.5	<b>4,601.0</b>	...	<b>8.5</b>	55.0	71.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.6
Labour force	2,887.1	<b>2,913.7</b>	11.0	<b>26.6</b>	47.4	41.8	<b>0.9</b>	1.7	1.5
Employment	2,701.1	<b>2,714.8</b>	10.7	<b>13.7</b>	4.3	-12.2	<b>0.5</b>	0.2	-0.4
Unemployment	186.0	<b>198.9</b>	8.8	<b>12.9</b>	43.1	54.1	<b>6.9</b>	27.7	37.4
Participation rate	62.9	<b>63.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.4</b>	0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.4	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	-0.6	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.2	<b>20.4</b>	0.5	<b>-1.9</b>	-0.9	-0.8	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	6,512.5	<b>6,525.1</b>	18.9	<b>12.6</b>	-140.1	-205.2	<b>0.2</b>	-2.1	-3.0
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
	1,349.9	<b>1,358.6</b>	15.8	<b>8.7</b>	-135.3	-173.7	<b>0.6</b>	-9.1	-11.3
Agriculture	84.8	<b>82.0</b>	3.9	<b>-2.8</b>	-5.4	-3.9	<b>-3.3</b>	-6.2	-4.5
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	34.6	<b>37.5</b>	2.3	<b>2.9</b>	3.2	-0.7	<b>8.4</b>	9.3	-1.8
Utilities	60.2	<b>57.7</b>	3.3	<b>-2.5</b>	-6.2	-5.9	<b>-4.2</b>	-9.7	-9.3
Construction	400.5	<b>406.2</b>	9.7	<b>5.7</b>	-30.8	-35.9	<b>1.4</b>	-7.0	-8.1
Manufacturing	770.0	<b>775.1</b>	12.4	<b>5.1</b>	-96.1	-127.4	<b>0.7</b>	-11.0	-14.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	5,162.5	<b>5,166.5</b>	21.1	<b>4.0</b>	-4.8	-31.5	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.6
Trade	991.8	<b>1,002.8</b>	14.1	<b>11.0</b>	-24.3	-22.7	<b>1.1</b>	-2.4	-2.2
Transportation and warehousing	312.3	<b>306.4</b>	8.5	<b>-5.9</b>	-40.6	-43.3	<b>-1.9</b>	-11.7	-12.4
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	512.8	<b>517.4</b>	10.5	<b>4.6</b>	22.6	41.9	<b>0.9</b>	4.6	8.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	533.4	<b>527.3</b>	10.7	<b>-6.1</b>	20.8	27.1	<b>-1.1</b>	4.1	5.4
Business, building and other support services	267.5	<b>270.4</b>	8.9	<b>2.9</b>	-5.8	-20.4	<b>1.1</b>	-2.1	-7.0
Educational services	445.9	<b>447.7</b>	9.5	<b>1.8</b>	-21.7	-38.0	<b>0.4</b>	-4.6	-7.8
Health care and social assistance	703.5	<b>710.2</b>	10.5	<b>6.7</b>	10.1	-2.0	<b>1.0</b>	1.4	-0.3
Information, culture and recreation	330.1	<b>330.4</b>	8.8	<b>0.3</b>	17.1	27.9	<b>0.1</b>	5.5	9.2
Accommodation and food services	387.1	<b>377.9</b>	10.1	<b>-9.2</b>	-10.9	-31.5	<b>-2.4</b>	-2.8	-7.7
Other services	318.8	<b>316.1</b>	8.1	<b>-2.7</b>	20.3	28.4	<b>-0.8</b>	6.9	9.9
Public administration	359.4	<b>360.1</b>	7.7	<b>0.7</b>	7.7	1.2	<b>0.2</b>	2.2	0.3

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-7**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Manitoba**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	925.0	<b>926.1</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	11.3	13.8	<b>0.1</b>	1.2	1.5
Labour force	648.5	<b>643.2</b>	2.7	<b>-5.3</b>	6.7	7.1	<b>-0.8</b>	1.1	1.1
Employment	611.3	<b>608.9</b>	2.8	<b>-2.4</b>	-0.2	1.7	<b>-0.4</b>	0.0	0.3
Employment full-time	489.6	<b>489.1</b>	3.9	<b>-0.5</b>	-4.0	-0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	0.0
Unemployment	37.2	<b>34.3</b>	2.1	<b>-2.9</b>	6.9	5.5	<b>-7.8</b>	25.2	19.1
Participation rate	70.1	<b>69.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	<b>5.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	1.0	0.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.1	<b>65.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.9	-0.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.9	<b>19.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	0.6	0.3	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	160.4	<b>160.4</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	1.4	1.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1
Labour force	116.5	<b>113.3</b>	1.6	<b>-3.2</b>	-1.4	-2.7	<b>-2.7</b>	-1.2	-2.3
Employment	102.4	<b>100.6</b>	1.7	<b>-1.8</b>	-4.1	-3.7	<b>-1.8</b>	-3.9	-3.5
Unemployment	14.1	<b>12.7</b>	1.4	<b>-1.4</b>	2.7	1.0	<b>-9.9</b>	27.0	8.5
Participation rate	72.6	<b>70.6</b>	1.0	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.5	-2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.1	<b>11.2</b>	1.2	<b>-0.9</b>	2.5	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.8	<b>62.7</b>	1.0	<b>-1.1</b>	-3.1	-3.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	43.8	<b>41.5</b>	1.9	<b>-2.4</b>	-2.5	-2.6	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	373.9	<b>374.3</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	4.9	5.9	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	1.6
Labour force	288.4	<b>286.0</b>	1.4	<b>-2.4</b>	5.8	5.0	<b>-0.8</b>	2.1	1.8
Employment	275.0	<b>274.1</b>	1.5	<b>-0.9</b>	3.7	2.2	<b>-0.3</b>	1.4	0.8
Unemployment	13.3	<b>11.9</b>	1.2	<b>-1.4</b>	2.1	2.8	<b>-10.5</b>	21.4	30.8
Participation rate	77.1	<b>76.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	0.5	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	<b>4.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.7	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	73.5	<b>73.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.0	-0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.7	<b>7.2</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	0.1	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	390.7	<b>391.3</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	4.9	6.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.6
Labour force	243.7	<b>244.0</b>	1.6	<b>0.3</b>	2.3	5.0	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	2.1
Employment	233.9	<b>234.2</b>	1.6	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	3.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	1.4
Unemployment	9.8	<b>9.7</b>	1.2	<b>-0.1</b>	2.1	1.7	<b>-1.0</b>	27.6	21.2
Participation rate	62.4	<b>62.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	<b>4.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.9	<b>59.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.7	-0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	23.7	<b>24.9</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	3.2	2.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	138.9	<b>140.5</b>	2.4	<b>1.6</b>	-5.7	-8.2	<b>1.2</b>	-3.9	-5.5
Agriculture	26.6	<b>25.2</b>	1.3	<b>-1.4</b>	-4.2	-4.6	<b>-5.3</b>	-14.3	-15.4
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	7.1	<b>7.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	0.4	<b>-1.4</b>	18.6	6.1
Utilities	7.3	<b>8.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.7</b>	1.1	1.0	<b>9.6</b>	15.9	14.3
Construction	36.3	<b>37.4</b>	1.5	<b>1.1</b>	-0.8	-1.3	<b>3.0</b>	-2.1	-3.4
Manufacturing	61.6	<b>62.9</b>	1.7	<b>1.3</b>	-2.9	-3.8	<b>2.1</b>	-4.4	-5.7
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	472.5	<b>468.4</b>	3.2	<b>-4.1</b>	5.5	9.9	<b>-0.9</b>	1.2	2.2
Trade	88.8	<b>91.0</b>	2.0	<b>2.2</b>	1.7	2.5	<b>2.5</b>	1.9	2.8
Transportation and warehousing	39.0	<b>39.7</b>	1.4	<b>0.7</b>	2.6	3.9	<b>1.8</b>	7.0	10.9
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	39.2	<b>37.5</b>	1.3	<b>-1.7</b>	2.7	0.9	<b>-4.3</b>	7.8	2.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	24.6	<b>22.3</b>	1.1	<b>-2.3</b>	-1.9	-1.1	<b>-9.3</b>	-7.9	-4.7
Business, building and other support services	19.3	<b>19.4</b>	1.2	<b>0.1</b>	1.9	2.2	<b>0.5</b>	10.9	12.8
Educational services	48.8	<b>51.5</b>	1.5	<b>2.7</b>	3.6	3.4	<b>5.5</b>	7.5	7.1
Health care and social assistance	84.9	<b>82.7</b>	1.9	<b>-2.2</b>	-4.5	-3.9	<b>-2.6</b>	-5.2	-4.5
Information, culture and recreation	24.6	<b>23.6</b>	1.2	<b>-1.0</b>	1.0	2.0	<b>-4.1</b>	4.4	9.3
Accommodation and food services	37.1	<b>37.3</b>	1.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.3	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	0.8	0.8
Other services	29.3	<b>27.8</b>	1.3	<b>-1.5</b>	-1.1	-1.0	<b>-5.1</b>	-3.8	-3.5
Public administration	36.7	<b>35.6</b>	1.2	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.8	0.7	<b>-3.0</b>	-2.2	2.0

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-8**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Saskatchewan**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	781.0	<b>782.1</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	8.1	11.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.5
Labour force	544.2	<b>544.3</b>	2.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	3.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.6
Employment	516.9	<b>519.0</b>	2.6	<b>2.1</b>	-1.3	-0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.1
Employment full-time	415.0	<b>421.8</b>	3.3	<b>6.8</b>	-4.6	-4.3	<b>1.6</b>	-1.1	-1.0
Unemployment	27.3	<b>25.3</b>	1.9	<b>-2.0</b>	2.6	3.7	<b>-7.3</b>	11.5	17.1
Participation rate	69.7	<b>69.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.2	<b>66.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.8	-1.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.7	<b>18.7</b>	0.6	<b>-1.0</b>	0.7	0.7	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	139.1	<b>139.0</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.4
Labour force	96.7	<b>95.9</b>	1.5	<b>-0.8</b>	-5.5	-4.7	<b>-0.8</b>	-5.4	-4.7
Employment	88.1	<b>87.7</b>	1.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-5.8	-5.8	<b>-0.5</b>	-6.2	-6.2
Unemployment	8.6	<b>8.2</b>	1.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.3	1.1	<b>-4.7</b>	3.8	15.5
Participation rate	69.5	<b>69.0</b>	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-3.6	-3.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>8.6</b>	1.2	<b>-0.3</b>	0.8	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.3	<b>63.1</b>	1.1	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.8	-3.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	37.9	<b>37.4</b>	1.7	<b>-0.5</b>	0.3	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	313.8	<b>314.4</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	4.5	6.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	2.0
Labour force	240.4	<b>239.5</b>	1.1	<b>-0.9</b>	4.2	3.0	<b>-0.4</b>	1.8	1.3
Employment	229.4	<b>229.3</b>	1.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.7	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	0.3
Unemployment	11.0	<b>10.2</b>	1.0	<b>-0.8</b>	2.5	2.3	<b>-7.3</b>	32.5	29.1
Participation rate	76.6	<b>76.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.3	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	<b>4.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	1.0	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	73.1	<b>72.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.5	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	8.8	<b>6.6</b>	0.6	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.2	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	328.1	<b>328.7</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	4.3	5.9	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.8
Labour force	207.1	<b>208.9</b>	1.4	<b>1.8</b>	2.7	4.9	<b>0.9</b>	1.3	2.4
Employment	199.4	<b>201.9</b>	1.4	<b>2.5</b>	2.7	4.5	<b>1.3</b>	1.4	2.3
Unemployment	7.7	<b>7.0</b>	0.9	<b>-0.7</b>	0.0	0.4	<b>-9.1</b>	0.0	6.1
Participation rate	63.1	<b>63.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	0.0	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.7	<b>3.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.0	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.8	<b>61.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	0.0	0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	24.2	<b>24.5</b>	1.0	<b>0.2</b>	2.5	1.8	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	516.9	<b>519.0</b>	2.6	<b>2.1</b>	-1.3	-0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.1
Agriculture	136.1	<b>138.8</b>	2.2	<b>2.7</b>	-3.8	-8.5	<b>2.0</b>	-2.7	-5.8
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	41.4	<b>42.9</b>	1.5	<b>1.5</b>	3.7	-1.4	<b>3.6</b>	9.4	-3.2
Utilities	23.2	<b>24.9</b>	1.0	<b>1.7</b>	-0.3	-0.9	<b>7.3</b>	-1.2	-3.5
Construction	4.7	<b>4.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.7	-1.3	<b>-4.3</b>	-27.4	-22.4
Manufacturing	40.8	<b>39.1</b>	1.3	<b>-1.7</b>	-1.5	0.7	<b>-4.2</b>	-3.7	1.8
Manufacturing	25.9	<b>27.4</b>	1.1	<b>1.5</b>	-3.9	-5.7	<b>5.8</b>	-12.5	-17.2
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	380.8	<b>380.2</b>	2.7	<b>-0.6</b>	2.5	8.0	<b>-0.2</b>	0.7	2.1
Trade	80.5	<b>81.6</b>	1.8	<b>1.1</b>	-1.7	-2.5	<b>1.4</b>	-2.0	-3.0
Transportation and warehousing	27.0	<b>26.2</b>	1.0	<b>-0.8</b>	2.9	4.5	<b>-3.0</b>	12.4	20.7
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	27.8	<b>28.2</b>	1.0	<b>0.4</b>	-0.7	0.5	<b>1.4</b>	-2.4	1.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	21.2	<b>21.1</b>	0.9	<b>-0.1</b>	0.6	-0.7	<b>-0.5</b>	2.9	-3.2
Business, building and other support services	12.3	<b>13.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	0.4	1.3	<b>6.5</b>	3.1	11.0
Educational services	36.4	<b>39.9</b>	1.3	<b>3.5</b>	1.3	-0.2	<b>9.6</b>	3.4	-0.5
Health care and social assistance	69.6	<b>66.5</b>	1.4	<b>-3.1</b>	3.5	0.4	<b>-4.5</b>	5.6	0.6
Information, culture and recreation	19.3	<b>19.4</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	-1.4	1.6	<b>0.5</b>	-6.7	9.0
Accommodation and food services	30.8	<b>29.3</b>	1.3	<b>-1.5</b>	-3.1	-0.9	<b>-4.9</b>	-9.6	-3.0
Other services	25.2	<b>24.1</b>	1.0	<b>-1.1</b>	0.0	2.3	<b>-4.4</b>	0.0	10.6
Public administration	30.8	<b>30.8</b>	1.0	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	1.5	<b>0.0</b>	2.3	5.1

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-9**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Alberta**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	2,876.0	<b>2,882.2</b>	...	<b>6.2</b>	58.5	74.0	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.6
Labour force	2,136.8	<b>2,134.0</b>	8.2	<b>-2.8</b>	23.8	32.1	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	1.5
Employment	1,979.1	<b>1,982.1</b>	8.8	<b>3.0</b>	-40.4	-39.6	<b>0.2</b>	-2.0	-2.0
Employment full-time	1,613.2	<b>1,627.9</b>	11.5	<b>14.7</b>	-52.9	-59.5	<b>0.9</b>	-3.1	-3.5
Unemployment	157.7	<b>151.9</b>	6.4	<b>-5.8</b>	64.1	71.7	<b>-3.7</b>	73.0	89.4
Participation rate	74.3	<b>74.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.7	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	2.9	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.8	<b>68.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-2.8	-3.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.5	<b>17.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.6</b>	1.0	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	508.3	<b>508.3</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	3.3	4.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	0.9
Labour force	348.1	<b>353.9</b>	5.0	<b>5.8</b>	-13.4	-22.3	<b>1.7</b>	-3.6	-5.9
Employment	301.0	<b>308.9</b>	5.1	<b>7.9</b>	-25.4	-42.1	<b>2.6</b>	-7.6	-12.0
Unemployment	47.2	<b>45.0</b>	3.9	<b>-2.2</b>	12.1	19.9	<b>-4.7</b>	36.8	79.3
Participation rate	68.5	<b>69.6</b>	1.0	<b>1.1</b>	-3.1	-5.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.6	<b>12.7</b>	1.0	<b>-0.9</b>	3.7	6.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	<b>60.8</b>	1.0	<b>1.6</b>	-5.4	-8.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	38.4	<b>35.0</b>	1.6	<b>-3.4</b>	-0.4	0.7	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,200.3	<b>1,204.1</b>	...	<b>3.8</b>	31.6	40.0	<b>0.3</b>	2.7	3.4
Labour force	991.6	<b>988.3</b>	4.1	<b>-3.3</b>	19.3	19.7	<b>-0.3</b>	2.0	2.0
Employment	922.6	<b>920.6</b>	4.8	<b>-2.0</b>	-20.1	-19.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-2.1
Unemployment	69.0	<b>67.7</b>	3.7	<b>-1.3</b>	39.4	39.0	<b>-1.9</b>	139.2	135.9
Participation rate	82.6	<b>82.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.5	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	4.0	3.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	76.9	<b>76.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-3.7	-4.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.8	<b>6.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	1.1	1.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,167.5	<b>1,169.8</b>	...	<b>2.3</b>	23.7	29.7	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.6
Labour force	797.1	<b>791.8</b>	4.7	<b>-5.3</b>	17.9	34.6	<b>-0.7</b>	2.3	4.6
Employment	755.6	<b>752.5</b>	4.9	<b>-3.1</b>	5.1	21.7	<b>-0.4</b>	0.7	3.0
Unemployment	41.6	<b>39.2</b>	3.5	<b>-2.4</b>	12.7	12.8	<b>-5.8</b>	47.9	48.5
Participation rate	68.3	<b>67.7</b>	0.4	<b>-0.6</b>	0.2	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	<b>5.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	1.6	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	<b>64.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.9	0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	24.8	<b>24.9</b>	0.9	<b>0.1</b>	1.6	2.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Population	1,979.1	<b>1,982.1</b>	8.8	<b>3.0</b>	-40.4	-39.6	<b>0.2</b>	-2.0	-2.0
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	55.6	<b>53.9</b>	3.4	<b>-1.7</b>	-8.5	-11.0	<b>-3.1</b>	-13.6	-16.9
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	141.7	<b>131.2</b>	4.7	<b>-10.5</b>	-23.9	-20.1	<b>-7.4</b>	-15.4	-13.3
Utilities	22.0	<b>22.9</b>	1.8	<b>0.9</b>	4.0	4.7	<b>4.1</b>	21.2	25.8
Construction	184.0	<b>201.4</b>	6.0	<b>17.4</b>	-3.1	-8.2	<b>9.5</b>	-1.5	-3.9
Manufacturing	112.8	<b>114.8</b>	5.0	<b>2.0</b>	-36.0	-38.2	<b>1.8</b>	-23.9	-25.0
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Trade	294.6	<b>297.3</b>	7.1	<b>2.7</b>	-17.6	-20.1	<b>0.9</b>	-5.6	-6.3
Transportation and warehousing	100.3	<b>97.1</b>	4.1	<b>-3.2</b>	-5.7	-8.8	<b>-3.2</b>	-5.5	-8.3
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	112.1	<b>104.8</b>	4.1	<b>-7.3</b>	-7.2	-0.3	<b>-6.5</b>	-6.4	-0.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	154.5	<b>157.0</b>	5.1	<b>2.5</b>	-2.9	-11.0	<b>1.6</b>	-1.8	-6.5
Business, building and other support services	69.8	<b>66.5</b>	3.8	<b>-3.3</b>	3.2	3.8	<b>-4.7</b>	5.1	6.1
Educational services	126.0	<b>133.4</b>	4.7	<b>7.4</b>	-5.2	-2.5	<b>5.9</b>	-3.8	-1.8
Health care and social assistance	202.0	<b>206.7</b>	4.9	<b>4.7</b>	21.3	26.9	<b>2.3</b>	11.5	15.0
Information, culture and recreation	80.7	<b>83.3</b>	3.7	<b>2.6</b>	6.7	13.0	<b>3.2</b>	8.7	18.5
Accommodation and food services	130.1	<b>123.8</b>	4.8	<b>-6.3</b>	14.6	6.7	<b>-4.8</b>	13.4	5.7
Other services	105.9	<b>100.6</b>	4.1	<b>-5.3</b>	13.1	15.0	<b>-5.0</b>	15.0	17.5
Public administration	87.1	<b>87.4</b>	3.5	<b>0.3</b>	6.9	10.4	<b>0.3</b>	8.6	13.5

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-10**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — British Columbia**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	3,714.5	<b>3,722.6</b>	...	<b>8.1</b>	50.4	64.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.7
Labour force	2,447.0	<b>2,452.7</b>	10.3	<b>5.7</b>	20.2	21.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.9
Employment	2,255.7	<b>2,270.1</b>	10.4	<b>14.4</b>	-32.6	-45.9	<b>0.6</b>	-1.4	-2.0
Employment full-time	1,774.8	<b>1,777.0</b>	14.2	<b>2.2</b>	-62.6	-67.5	<b>0.1</b>	-3.4	-3.7
Unemployment	191.3	<b>182.6</b>	8.0	<b>-8.7</b>	52.9	67.3	<b>-4.5</b>	40.8	58.4
Participation rate	65.9	<b>65.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.3	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.8	<b>7.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	2.1	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.7	<b>61.0</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-1.7	-2.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.3	<b>21.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	1.6	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	585.6	<b>586.3</b>	...	<b>0.7</b>	2.4	2.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.4
Labour force	380.1	<b>372.9</b>	6.1	<b>-7.2</b>	-12.9	-18.3	<b>-1.9</b>	-3.3	-4.7
Employment	326.9	<b>324.2</b>	6.0	<b>-2.7</b>	-24.7	-33.7	<b>-0.8</b>	-7.1	-9.4
Unemployment	53.2	<b>48.7</b>	4.6	<b>-4.5</b>	11.8	15.4	<b>-8.5</b>	32.0	46.2
Participation rate	64.9	<b>63.6</b>	1.0	<b>-1.3</b>	-2.5	-3.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	14.0	<b>13.1</b>	1.2	<b>-0.9</b>	3.5	4.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.8	<b>55.3</b>	1.0	<b>-0.5</b>	-4.5	-6.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	49.4	<b>46.7</b>	2.0	<b>-2.7</b>	3.5	3.7	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,531.9	<b>1,535.7</b>	...	<b>3.8</b>	24.2	31.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.6	2.1
Labour force	1,099.3	<b>1,098.3</b>	5.0	<b>-1.0</b>	2.3	4.9	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.4
Employment	1,018.6	<b>1,018.2</b>	5.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-28.6	-35.7	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-3.4
Unemployment	80.7	<b>80.1</b>	4.5	<b>-0.6</b>	30.9	40.7	<b>-0.7</b>	62.8	103.3
Participation rate	71.8	<b>71.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.0	-1.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.3	<b>7.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.8	3.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.5	<b>66.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.0	-3.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	8.5	<b>9.3</b>	0.6	<b>0.8</b>	1.4	1.6	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,597.1	<b>1,600.6</b>	...	<b>3.5</b>	23.8	30.6	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	1.9
Labour force	967.6	<b>981.4</b>	6.1	<b>13.8</b>	30.7	34.7	<b>1.4</b>	3.2	3.7
Employment	910.2	<b>927.7</b>	6.0	<b>17.5</b>	20.7	23.6	<b>1.9</b>	2.3	2.6
Unemployment	57.4	<b>53.7</b>	4.5	<b>-3.7</b>	10.1	11.2	<b>-6.4</b>	23.2	26.4
Participation rate	60.6	<b>61.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.7</b>	1.0	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	<b>5.5</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	0.9	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.0	<b>58.0</b>	0.4	<b>1.0</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	25.6	<b>26.6</b>	0.9	<b>1.0</b>	1.3	0.5	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	2,255.7	<b>2,270.1</b>	10.4	<b>14.4</b>	-32.6	-45.9	<b>0.6</b>	-1.4	-2.0
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	33.8	<b>36.9</b>	2.6	<b>3.1</b>	6.3	5.0	<b>9.2</b>	20.6	15.7
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	39.8	<b>38.7</b>	3.0	<b>-1.1</b>	-10.8	-5.5	<b>-2.8</b>	-21.8	-12.4
Utilities	9.9	<b>13.5</b>	1.5	<b>3.6</b>	0.9	-1.0	<b>36.4</b>	7.1	-6.9
Construction	191.7	<b>195.7</b>	6.4	<b>4.0</b>	-17.8	-39.5	<b>2.1</b>	-8.3	-16.8
Manufacturing	163.9	<b>169.8</b>	5.9	<b>5.9</b>	-18.2	-16.2	<b>3.6</b>	-9.7	-8.7
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	1,816.4	<b>1,815.6</b>	11.9	<b>-0.8</b>	7.0	11.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.6
Trade	382.1	<b>382.0</b>	8.1	<b>-0.1</b>	24.0	35.3	<b>0.0</b>	6.7	10.2
Transportation and warehousing	115.2	<b>113.1</b>	4.8	<b>-2.1</b>	-13.1	-14.9	<b>-1.8</b>	-10.4	-11.6
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	138.1	<b>148.1</b>	5.1	<b>10.0</b>	-0.9	-0.8	<b>7.2</b>	-0.6	-0.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	169.6	<b>153.0</b>	5.8	<b>-16.6</b>	-17.0	-16.6	<b>-9.8</b>	-10.0	-9.8
Business, building and other support services	90.6	<b>90.8</b>	4.9	<b>0.2</b>	-8.0	-8.6	<b>0.2</b>	-8.1	-8.7
Educational services	168.2	<b>165.5</b>	5.6	<b>-2.7</b>	3.8	7.3	<b>-1.6</b>	2.4	4.6
Health care and social assistance	252.3	<b>263.3</b>	6.2	<b>11.0</b>	13.5	10.3	<b>4.4</b>	5.4	4.1
Information, culture and recreation	126.7	<b>115.8</b>	4.8	<b>-10.9</b>	1.7	-3.9	<b>-8.6</b>	1.5	-3.3
Accommodation and food services	163.7	<b>166.3</b>	6.3	<b>2.6</b>	-16.7	-8.5	<b>1.6</b>	-9.1	-4.9
Other services	98.7	<b>104.8</b>	4.5	<b>6.1</b>	8.9	-0.6	<b>6.2</b>	9.3	-0.6
Public administration	111.2	<b>113.0</b>	4.2	<b>1.8</b>	10.8	12.6	<b>1.6</b>	10.6	12.5

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.



**Table 5-1**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	157.6	<b>158.0</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.3	3.2	<b>0.3</b>	1.5	2.1
Labour force	107.6	<b>107.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	-1.8	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-1.6	0.1
Employment	98.7	<b>98.4</b>	0.8	<b>-0.3</b>	-3.1	-0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-3.1	-0.4
Unemployment	8.8	<b>9.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	1.3	0.6	<b>4.5</b>	16.5	7.0
Participation rate	68.3	<b>68.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.2	-1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.2	<b>8.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	1.4	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	<b>62.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.9	-1.5	...	...	...
<b>Halifax, Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	321.3	<b>321.7</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	3.0	4.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.3
Labour force	231.0	<b>230.4</b>	1.1	<b>-0.6</b>	5.1	10.8	<b>-0.3</b>	2.3	4.9
Employment	216.3	<b>215.2</b>	1.2	<b>-1.1</b>	2.0	7.3	<b>-0.5</b>	0.9	3.5
Unemployment	14.7	<b>15.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	3.2	3.5	<b>3.4</b>	26.7	29.9
Participation rate	71.9	<b>71.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	0.9	2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.3	<b>66.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	0.0	1.5	...	...	...
<b>Saint John, New Brunswick</b>									
Population	105.6	<b>105.6</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.7
Labour force	71.5	<b>71.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	1.9	2.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.7	3.5
Employment	67.8	<b>67.6</b>	0.7	<b>-0.2</b>	2.6	2.8	<b>-0.3</b>	4.0	4.3
Unemployment	3.7	<b>3.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.7	-0.4	<b>5.4</b>	-15.2	-9.3
Participation rate	67.7	<b>67.7</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	1.4	1.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	<b>5.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-1.1	-0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.2	<b>64.0</b>	0.7	<b>-0.2</b>	2.1	2.2	...	...	...
<b>Saguenay, Quebec</b>									
Population	124.7	<b>124.7</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.2
Labour force	76.2	<b>77.0</b>	0.7	<b>0.8</b>	0.4	1.2	<b>1.0</b>	0.5	1.6
Employment	69.1	<b>70.2</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	-0.6	0.4	<b>1.6</b>	-0.8	0.6
Unemployment	7.1	<b>6.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	1.0	0.9	<b>-2.8</b>	16.9	15.0
Participation rate	61.1	<b>61.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	0.4	1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.3	<b>9.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	1.3	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.4	<b>56.3</b>	0.6	<b>0.9</b>	-0.4	0.5	...	...	...
<b>Québec, Quebec</b>									
Population	617.2	<b>617.9</b>	...	<b>0.7</b>	4.8	6.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.1
Labour force	404.8	<b>403.2</b>	3.5	<b>-1.6</b>	-9.8	-6.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.4	-1.5
Employment	384.1	<b>381.1</b>	3.4	<b>-3.0</b>	-15.6	-10.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-3.9	-2.7
Unemployment	20.7	<b>22.0</b>	1.4	<b>1.3</b>	5.7	4.1	<b>6.3</b>	35.0	22.9
Participation rate	65.6	<b>65.3</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.1	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	<b>5.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.6	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	<b>61.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	-3.0	-2.3	...	...	...
<b>Trois-Rivières, Quebec</b>									
Population	122.7	<b>122.8</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.9
Labour force	74.3	<b>75.6</b>	0.7	<b>1.3</b>	2.0	1.0	<b>1.7</b>	2.7	1.3
Employment	67.9	<b>68.7</b>	0.8	<b>0.8</b>	-0.1	-0.3	<b>1.2</b>	-0.1	-0.4
Unemployment	6.4	<b>6.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	2.1	1.3	<b>7.8</b>	43.8	23.2
Participation rate	60.6	<b>61.6</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	1.2	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.6	<b>9.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	2.6	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.3	<b>55.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	-0.5	-0.8	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Sherbrooke, Quebec</b>									
Population	140.3	<b>140.4</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	1.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.2
Labour force	90.4	<b>90.9</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	1.9	1.9	<b>0.6</b>	2.1	2.1
Employment	83.5	<b>84.5</b>	0.8	<b>1.0</b>	1.5	1.2	<b>1.2</b>	1.8	1.4
Unemployment	6.9	<b>6.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.5</b>	0.4	0.7	<b>-7.2</b>	6.7	12.3
Participation rate	64.4	<b>64.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.6	<b>7.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.6</b>	0.3	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.5	<b>60.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.7</b>	0.5	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,103.5	<b>3,107.0</b>	...	<b>3.5</b>	27.5	36.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.2
Labour force	2,078.5	<b>2,071.0</b>	7.1	<b>-7.5</b>	11.3	23.7	<b>-0.4</b>	0.5	1.2
Employment	1,879.7	<b>1,874.0</b>	7.4	<b>-5.7</b>	-30.6	-21.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.6	-1.1
Unemployment	198.8	<b>197.0</b>	4.6	<b>-1.8</b>	41.9	45.1	<b>-0.9</b>	27.0	29.7
Participation rate	67.0	<b>66.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.6	<b>9.5</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	2.0	2.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.6	<b>60.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.5	-1.4	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	976.8	<b>978.0</b>	...	<b>1.2</b>	9.8	13.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.4
Labour force	701.4	<b>703.1</b>	3.6	<b>1.7</b>	-5.2	-6.1	<b>0.2</b>	-0.7	-0.9
Employment	663.6	<b>667.5</b>	3.9	<b>3.9</b>	-8.8	-7.8	<b>0.6</b>	-1.3	-1.2
Unemployment	37.8	<b>35.6</b>	1.6	<b>-2.2</b>	3.6	1.7	<b>-5.8</b>	11.2	5.0
Participation rate	71.8	<b>71.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-1.3	-1.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	<b>5.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	0.6	0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.9	<b>68.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-1.6	-1.7	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	248.1	<b>248.5</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.9	3.8	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.6
Labour force	178.9	<b>179.9</b>	1.3	<b>1.0</b>	3.3	-0.5	<b>0.6</b>	1.9	-0.3
Employment	168.5	<b>169.5</b>	1.4	<b>1.0</b>	0.7	-2.2	<b>0.6</b>	0.4	-1.3
Unemployment	10.4	<b>10.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	2.6	1.7	<b>0.0</b>	33.3	19.5
Participation rate	72.1	<b>72.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.5	-1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	<b>5.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.4	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.9	<b>68.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	-0.5	-2.0	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	728.7	<b>729.5</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	6.9	9.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.3
Labour force	522.5	<b>523.2</b>	3.4	<b>0.7</b>	-8.5	-5.6	<b>0.1</b>	-1.6	-1.1
Employment	495.1	<b>498.0</b>	3.6	<b>2.9</b>	-9.5	-5.6	<b>0.6</b>	-1.9	-1.1
Unemployment	27.4	<b>25.3</b>	1.5	<b>-2.1</b>	1.1	0.0	<b>-7.7</b>	4.5	0.0
Participation rate	71.7	<b>71.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-1.9	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	<b>4.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.2	0.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.9	<b>68.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-1.9	-1.6	...	...	...
<b>Kingston, Ontario</b>									
Population	126.5	<b>126.5</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.2
Labour force	81.2	<b>83.2</b>	0.7	<b>2.0</b>	-0.9	-2.0	<b>2.5</b>	-1.1	-2.3
Employment	75.7	<b>77.5</b>	0.7	<b>1.8</b>	-2.9	-2.2	<b>2.4</b>	-3.6	-2.8
Unemployment	5.5	<b>5.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	2.0	0.2	<b>3.6</b>	54.1	3.6
Participation rate	64.2	<b>65.8</b>	0.6	<b>1.6</b>	-0.8	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.8	<b>6.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.8	<b>61.3</b>	0.6	<b>1.5</b>	-2.4	-1.8	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,661.3	<b>4,671.0</b>	...	<b>9.7</b>	78.8	106.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.7	2.3
Labour force	3,189.3	<b>3,189.1</b>	9.1	<b>-0.2</b>	34.0	59.4	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	1.9
Employment	2,865.5	<b>2,876.1</b>	9.5	<b>10.6</b>	-49.8	-36.8	<b>0.4</b>	-1.7	-1.3
Unemployment	323.7	<b>313.0</b>	6.0	<b>-10.7</b>	83.8	96.2	<b>-3.3</b>	36.6	44.4
Participation rate	68.4	<b>68.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.1	<b>9.8</b>	0.2	<b>-0.3</b>	2.5	2.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.5	<b>61.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	-2.1	-2.2	...	...	...
<b>Hamilton, Ontario</b>									
Population	601.9	<b>602.3</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	3.1	4.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.8
Labour force	404.9	<b>406.6</b>	2.9	<b>1.7</b>	10.5	9.5	<b>0.4</b>	2.7	2.4
Employment	369.5	<b>369.8</b>	3.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.5	-5.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	-1.4
Unemployment	35.4	<b>36.9</b>	1.5	<b>1.5</b>	9.1	14.9	<b>4.2</b>	32.7	67.7
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	<b>9.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	2.1	3.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.4	<b>61.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-1.3	...	...	...
<b>Kitchener, Ontario</b>									
Population	388.3	<b>388.8</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	3.8	5.2	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.4
Labour force	280.1	<b>279.7</b>	1.8	<b>-0.4</b>	0.2	6.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	2.3
Employment	252.3	<b>253.8</b>	1.9	<b>1.5</b>	-3.8	-5.1	<b>0.6</b>	-1.5	-2.0
Unemployment	27.8	<b>26.0</b>	1.1	<b>-1.8</b>	4.0	11.5	<b>-6.5</b>	18.2	79.3
Participation rate	72.1	<b>71.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.7	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	<b>9.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.6</b>	1.4	4.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.0	<b>65.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-1.6	-2.2	...	...	...
<b>London, Ontario</b>									
Population	389.6	<b>390.0</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	3.0	4.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.1
Labour force	258.0	<b>256.8</b>	1.8	<b>-1.2</b>	-7.0	-5.7	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.7	-2.2
Employment	229.5	<b>228.0</b>	1.9	<b>-1.5</b>	-16.5	-16.3	<b>-0.7</b>	-6.7	-6.7
Unemployment	28.6	<b>28.8</b>	1.0	<b>0.2</b>	9.5	10.6	<b>0.7</b>	49.2	58.2
Participation rate	66.2	<b>65.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.4	-2.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.1	<b>11.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	3.9	4.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.9	<b>58.5</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-4.7	-4.8	...	...	...
<b>Oshawa, Ontario</b>									
Population	294.1	<b>294.6</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	4.1	5.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.9
Labour force	199.9	<b>201.1</b>	1.6	<b>1.2</b>	-1.2	-1.3	<b>0.6</b>	-0.6	-0.6
Employment	180.2	<b>182.6</b>	1.6	<b>2.4</b>	-4.0	-5.8	<b>1.3</b>	-2.1	-3.1
Unemployment	19.7	<b>18.5</b>	0.8	<b>-1.2</b>	2.7	4.6	<b>-6.1</b>	17.1	33.1
Participation rate	68.0	<b>68.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-1.3	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	<b>9.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	1.4	2.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.3	<b>62.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.7</b>	-2.2	-3.2	...	...	...
<b>St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario</b>									
Population	330.1	<b>330.2</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.2
Labour force	204.8	<b>204.5</b>	1.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-9.0	-6.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-4.2	-3.0
Employment	184.7	<b>184.3</b>	1.7	<b>-0.4</b>	-10.4	-11.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-5.3	-5.8
Unemployment	20.2	<b>20.2</b>	0.8	<b>0.0</b>	1.4	5.1	<b>0.0</b>	7.4	33.8
Participation rate	62.0	<b>61.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.8	-2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	<b>9.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.0	<b>55.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.2	-3.6	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario</b>									
Population	134.5	<b>134.6</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.6
Labour force	87.8	<b>87.0</b>	0.8	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.6	-0.3	<b>-0.9</b>	-0.7	-0.3
Employment	78.5	<b>77.9</b>	0.8	<b>-0.6</b>	-4.8	-4.5	<b>-0.8</b>	-5.8	-5.5
Unemployment	9.3	<b>9.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	4.2	4.2	<b>-2.2</b>	85.7	85.7
Participation rate	65.3	<b>64.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.8	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.6	<b>10.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	4.9	4.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.4	<b>57.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-3.8	-3.7	...	...	...
<b>Thunder Bay, Ontario</b>									
Population	103.3	<b>103.2</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.6
Labour force	65.7	<b>65.5</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	-0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.2	-0.6
Employment	59.9	<b>59.8</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.3	-2.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-4.2
Unemployment	5.7	<b>5.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.3	2.1	<b>-1.8</b>	30.2	60.0
Participation rate	63.6	<b>63.5</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	<b>8.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	1.9	3.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.0	<b>57.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.0	-2.2	...	...	...
<b>Windsor, Ontario</b>									
Population	273.3	<b>273.4</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.2
Labour force	176.9	<b>174.5</b>	1.5	<b>-2.4</b>	-1.4	1.5	<b>-1.4</b>	-0.8	0.9
Employment	150.8	<b>149.6</b>	1.6	<b>-1.2</b>	-8.4	-6.1	<b>-0.8</b>	-5.3	-3.9
Unemployment	26.1	<b>24.9</b>	0.9	<b>-1.2</b>	7.1	7.6	<b>-4.6</b>	39.9	43.9
Participation rate	64.7	<b>63.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.9</b>	-0.6	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	14.8	<b>14.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	4.2	4.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.2	<b>54.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-3.2	-2.4	...	...	...
<b>Winnipeg, Manitoba</b>									
Population	593.9	<b>594.7</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	7.6	9.5	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	1.6
Labour force	420.9	<b>421.6</b>	1.3	<b>0.7</b>	7.8	8.8	<b>0.2</b>	1.9	2.1
Employment	396.5	<b>397.2</b>	1.3	<b>0.7</b>	2.3	2.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	0.7
Unemployment	24.4	<b>24.4</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	5.6	5.9	<b>0.0</b>	29.8	31.9
Participation rate	70.9	<b>70.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	<b>5.8</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.8	<b>66.8</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	-0.6	...	...	...
<b>Regina, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	171.8	<b>172.1</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	2.7	3.9	<b>0.2</b>	1.6	2.3
Labour force	122.1	<b>121.5</b>	0.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.2	2.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.2	1.8
Employment	117.1	<b>115.9</b>	0.7	<b>-1.2</b>	-1.4	0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-1.2	0.7
Unemployment	5.0	<b>5.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.6</b>	1.2	1.3	<b>12.0</b>	27.3	30.2
Participation rate	71.1	<b>70.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.2	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.0	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.2	<b>67.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.9</b>	-1.9	-1.1	...	...	...
<b>Saskatoon, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	203.2	<b>203.7</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	4.2	5.8	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.9
Labour force	151.1	<b>151.8</b>	0.9	<b>0.7</b>	5.4	7.9	<b>0.5</b>	3.7	5.5
Employment	144.3	<b>145.1</b>	0.9	<b>0.8</b>	4.7	7.6	<b>0.6</b>	3.3	5.5
Unemployment	6.8	<b>6.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	15.3	6.2
Participation rate	74.4	<b>74.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	<b>4.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	71.0	<b>71.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.7	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Calgary, Alberta</b>									
Population	974.1	<b>976.4</b>	...	<b>2.3</b>	21.6	27.0	<b>0.2</b>	2.3	2.8
Labour force	746.6	<b>747.5</b>	3.1	<b>0.9</b>	3.1	11.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	1.5
Employment	693.6	<b>696.0</b>	3.3	<b>2.4</b>	-19.4	-12.6	<b>0.3</b>	-2.7	-1.8
Unemployment	53.0	<b>51.5</b>	1.7	<b>-1.5</b>	22.5	23.6	<b>-2.8</b>	77.6	84.6
Participation rate	76.6	<b>76.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-1.4	-1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.1	<b>6.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	3.0	3.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	71.2	<b>71.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-3.6	-3.3	...	...	...
<b>Edmonton, Alberta</b>									
Population	906.4	<b>908.4</b>	...	<b>2.0</b>	18.4	22.8	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	2.6
Labour force	665.8	<b>665.0</b>	3.2	<b>-0.8</b>	12.0	25.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.8	4.0
Employment	617.5	<b>615.5</b>	3.5	<b>-2.0</b>	-13.9	-1.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.2	-0.2
Unemployment	48.4	<b>49.4</b>	1.4	<b>1.0</b>	25.7	26.9	<b>2.1</b>	108.4	119.6
Participation rate	73.5	<b>73.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.3	<b>7.4</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	3.8	3.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.1	<b>67.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.9	-1.9	...	...	...
<b>Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia</b>									
Population	135.8	<b>136.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.9	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.4
Labour force	93.1	<b>94.1</b>	0.8	<b>1.0</b>	0.6	0.4	<b>1.1</b>	0.6	0.4
Employment	84.6	<b>85.7</b>	0.8	<b>1.1</b>	-2.7	-3.7	<b>1.3</b>	-3.1	-4.1
Unemployment	8.4	<b>8.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	3.3	4.1	<b>0.0</b>	64.7	95.3
Participation rate	68.6	<b>69.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	-0.3	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.0	<b>8.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	3.4	4.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	<b>63.0</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	-2.7	-3.7	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,988.2	<b>1,992.5</b>	...	<b>4.3</b>	32.7	43.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.7	2.2
Labour force	1,333.7	<b>1,333.9</b>	5.0	<b>0.2</b>	34.9	38.8	<b>0.0</b>	2.7	3.0
Employment	1,237.0	<b>1,239.7</b>	5.1	<b>2.7</b>	2.6	0.0	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.0
Unemployment	96.7	<b>94.3</b>	2.6	<b>-2.4</b>	32.4	38.8	<b>-2.5</b>	52.3	69.9
Participation rate	67.1	<b>66.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	0.6	0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.3	<b>7.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	2.3	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	<b>62.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.9	-1.4	...	...	...
<b>Victoria, British Columbia</b>									
Population	288.6	<b>288.8</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	2.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	192.1	<b>191.9</b>	1.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-5.2	-6.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.6	-3.1
Employment	181.1	<b>180.1</b>	1.4	<b>-1.0</b>	-9.6	-11.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-5.1	-6.0
Unemployment	11.0	<b>11.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.8</b>	4.5	5.3	<b>7.3</b>	61.6	81.5
Participation rate	66.6	<b>66.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.2	-2.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	<b>6.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	2.4	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.8	<b>62.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-3.6	-4.4	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries. Related CANSIM Table 282-0090.

**Table 5-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — Monthly**

	August 2009	September 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,106.6	<b>3,111.0</b>	...	<b>4.4</b>	28.9	36.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.2
Labour force	2,090.0	<b>2,059.1</b>	14.9	<b>-30.9</b>	3.8	8.4	<b>-1.5</b>	0.2	0.4
Employment	1,887.5	<b>1,866.3</b>	15.0	<b>-21.2</b>	-33.9	-32.6	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.8	-1.7
Unemployment	202.5	<b>192.9</b>	11.2	<b>-9.6</b>	37.9	41.1	<b>-4.7</b>	24.5	27.1
Participation rate	67.3	<b>66.2</b>	0.5	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.5	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.7	<b>9.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	1.9	2.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.8	<b>60.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.8</b>	-1.7	-1.8	...	...	...
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,670.0	<b>4,681.7</b>	...	<b>11.7</b>	81.8	106.6	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	2.3
Labour force	3,204.6	<b>3,180.9</b>	19.5	<b>-23.7</b>	11.2	24.9	<b>-0.7</b>	0.4	0.8
Employment	2,882.1	<b>2,882.7</b>	19.5	<b>0.6</b>	-49.8	-56.3	<b>0.0</b>	-1.7	-1.9
Unemployment	322.6	<b>298.3</b>	14.7	<b>-24.3</b>	61.1	81.3	<b>-7.5</b>	25.8	37.5
Participation rate	68.6	<b>67.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.0	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.1	<b>9.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	1.9	2.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.7	<b>61.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.2	-2.6	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,992.0	<b>1,997.2</b>	...	<b>5.2</b>	34.6	43.6	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	2.2
Labour force	1,338.3	<b>1,340.2</b>	10.4	<b>1.9</b>	43.7	46.0	<b>0.1</b>	3.4	3.6
Employment	1,238.9	<b>1,250.9</b>	10.3	<b>12.0</b>	21.6	14.4	<b>1.0</b>	1.8	1.2
Unemployment	99.5	<b>89.4</b>	6.5	<b>-10.1</b>	22.2	31.7	<b>-10.2</b>	33.0	54.9
Participation rate	67.2	<b>67.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.0	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>6.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	1.5	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	<b>62.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.0	-0.7	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries. Related CANSIM Table 282-0091.

Table 6-1

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region <sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2008 and September 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
	in thousands						
<b>Canada <sup>2</sup></b>							
2008	26,976.6	18,488.9	17,346.7	1,142.2	68.5	6.2	64.3
2009	27,362.0	18,605.3	17,017.5	1,587.8	68.0	8.5	62.2
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>							
2008	426.4	263.5	232.5	30.9	61.8	11.7	54.5
2009	429.2	265.1	228.5	36.6	61.8	13.8	53.2
<i>Avalon Peninsula [1010]</i>							
2008	212.6	140.9	127.5	13.4	66.3	9.5	60.0
2009	215.8	142.0	126.1	15.9	65.8	11.2	58.4
<i>South Coast-Burin Peninsula [1020]</i>							
2008	32.4	17.7	15.5	2.3	54.6	13.0	47.8
2009	31.9	16.0	13.1	2.9	50.2	18.1	41.1
<i>West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador [1030]</i>							
2008	87.9	50.8	44.1	6.7	57.8	13.2	50.2
2009	88.1	52.9	44.7	8.1	60.0	15.3	50.7
<i>Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay [1040]</i>							
2008	93.6	54.0	45.5	8.5	57.7	15.7	48.6
2009	93.4	54.3	44.6	9.7	58.1	17.9	47.8
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>							
2008	114.8	81.7	74.7	7.1	71.2	8.7	65.1
2009	116.3	81.8	73.7	8.2	70.3	10.0	63.4
<b>Nova Scotia</b>							
2008	769.5	499.8	463.9	35.9	65.0	7.2	60.3
2009	772.8	505.2	460.2	45.0	65.4	8.9	59.5
<i>Cape Breton [1210]</i>							
2008	115.6	65.9	58.2	7.7	57.0	11.7	50.3
2009	114.9	65.0	56.3	8.8	56.6	13.5	49.0
<i>North Shore [1220]</i>							
2008	131.4	82.2	75.8	6.4	62.6	7.8	57.7
2009	131.4	81.4	72.6	8.8	61.9	10.8	55.3
<i>Annapolis Valley [1230]</i>							
2008	101.2	65.0	61.8	3.2	64.2	4.9	61.1
2009	101.7	61.9	56.7	5.2	60.9	8.4	55.8
<i>Southern [1240]</i>							
2008	103.6	64.7	58.8	5.9	62.5	9.1	56.8
2009	103.2	64.3	58.7	5.5	62.3	8.6	56.9
<i>Halifax [1250]</i>							
2008	317.7	222.0	209.4	12.6	69.9	5.7	65.9
2009	321.7	232.5	215.8	16.8	72.3	7.2	67.1
<b>New Brunswick</b>							
2008	618.6	411.7	379.0	32.7	66.6	7.9	61.3
2009	621.9	413.0	378.8	34.2	66.4	8.3	60.9
<i>Campbellton-Miramichi [1310]</i>							
2008	135.7	83.6	72.9	10.7	61.6	12.8	53.7
2009	135.1	77.5	66.9	10.7	57.4	13.8	49.5
<i>Moncton-Richibucto [1320]</i>							
2008	166.0	116.2	108.3	7.9	70.0	6.8	65.2
2009	168.2	118.2	109.2	9.0	70.3	7.6	64.9
<i>Saint John-St. Stephen [1330]</i>							
2008	143.2	94.4	87.9	6.5	65.9	6.9	61.4
2009	143.9	97.3	91.6	5.7	67.6	5.9	63.7

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2008 and September 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Fredericton-Oromocto [1340]							
2008	105.5	72.8	68.8	4.1	69.0	5.6	65.2
2009	106.5	74.4	69.8	4.6	69.9	6.2	65.5
Edmundston-Woodstock [1350]							
2008	68.3	44.7	41.1	3.6	65.4	8.1	60.2
2009	68.2	45.6	41.3	4.3	66.9	9.4	60.6
<b>Quebec</b>							
2008	6,379.7	4,237.9	3,942.1	295.8	66.4	7.0	61.8
2009	6,444.9	4,253.0	3,895.5	357.5	66.0	8.4	60.4
Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine [2410]							
2008	80.8	49.8	43.4	6.4	61.6	12.9	53.7
2009	80.8	44.8	39.4	5.5	55.4	12.3	48.8
Bas-Saint-Laurent [2415]							
2008	167.5	104.9	96.8	8.1	62.6	7.7	57.8
2009	167.6	101.9	93.7	8.2	60.8	8.0	55.9
Capitale-Nationale [2420]							
2008	568.6	378.6	364.0	14.5	66.6	3.8	64.0
2009	573.5	370.5	350.6	19.9	64.6	5.4	61.1
Chaudière-Appalaches [2425]							
2008	330.0	219.8	211.0	8.7	66.6	4.0	63.9
2009	332.3	227.0	213.8	13.3	68.3	5.9	64.3
Estrie [2430]							
2008	251.4	158.0	149.4	8.6	62.8	5.4	59.4
2009	253.8	172.7	161.6	11.1	68.0	6.4	63.7
Centre-du-Québec [2433]							
2008	186.7	126.8	118.2	8.6	67.9	6.8	63.3
2009	188.1	124.4	117.9	6.5	66.1	5.2	62.7
Montérégie [2435]							
2008	1,145.1	787.6	731.5	56.2	68.8	7.1	63.9
2009	1,164.1	781.9	718.8	63.1	67.2	8.1	61.7
Montréal [2440]							
2008	1,592.3	1,059.7	968.4	91.3	66.6	8.6	60.8
2009	1,596.4	1,049.2	928.2	121.0	65.7	11.5	58.1
Laval [2445]							
2008	314.5	222.8	208.0	14.8	70.8	6.6	66.1
2009	319.6	218.8	204.3	14.5	68.5	6.6	63.9
Lanaudière [2450]							
2008	364.7	233.5	219.7	13.8	64.0	5.9	60.2
2009	375.3	259.2	235.4	23.8	69.1	9.2	62.7
Laurentides [2455]							
2008	436.5	284.8	264.7	20.1	65.2	7.1	60.6
2009	446.5	307.2	284.3	23.0	68.8	7.5	63.7
Outaouais [2460]							
2008	295.3	214.5	203.3	11.3	72.6	5.3	68.8
2009	299.8	208.8	197.1	11.7	69.6	5.6	65.7
Abitibi-Témiscamingue [2465]							
2008	115.9	76.1	70.6	5.5	65.7	7.2	60.9
2009	116.4	71.2	65.0	6.2	61.2	8.7	55.8
Mauricie [2470]							
2008	218.2	130.1	118.1	12.0	59.6	9.2	54.1
2009	219.1	129.1	115.2	13.9	58.9	10.8	52.6

See notes at the end of the table.



Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2008 and September 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean [2475]							
2008	223.2	134.7	124.4	10.3	60.3	7.6	55.7
2009	222.9	134.6	122.5	12.1	60.4	9.0	55.0
Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec [2480, 2490]							
2008	89.0	56.2	50.6	5.6	63.1	10.0	56.9
2009	88.7	51.5	47.8	3.7	58.1	7.2	53.9
<b>Ontario</b>							
2008	10,531.1	7,245.3	6,754.8	490.6	68.8	6.8	64.1
2009	10,679.3	7,266.0	6,571.0	695.1	68.0	9.6	61.5
Ottawa [3510]							
2008	995.4	721.0	681.8	39.3	72.4	5.5	68.5
2009	1,005.7	717.6	675.1	42.5	71.4	5.9	67.1
Kingston-Pembroke [3515]							
2008	360.6	242.9	227.2	15.6	67.4	6.4	63.0
2009	361.6	233.6	213.2	20.4	64.6	8.7	59.0
Muskoka-Kawarthas [3520]							
2008	311.6	199.6	189.7	9.9	64.1	5.0	60.9
2009	313.1	187.9	175.0	13.0	60.0	6.9	55.9
Toronto [3530]							
2008	4,812.9	3,335.3	3,083.8	251.5	69.3	7.5	64.1
2009	4,920.8	3,387.1	3,036.2	350.9	68.8	10.4	61.7
Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie [3540]							
2008	986.4	707.8	667.2	40.6	71.8	5.7	67.6
2009	1,000.4	716.7	651.8	65.0	71.6	9.1	65.2
Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula [3550]							
2008	1,144.0	773.1	726.0	47.0	67.6	6.1	63.5
2009	1,152.7	774.3	702.0	72.2	67.2	9.3	60.9
London [3560]							
2008	516.5	357.5	332.8	24.6	69.2	6.9	64.4
2009	521.5	354.1	315.4	38.7	67.9	10.9	60.5
Windsor-Sarnia [3570]							
2008	526.5	342.5	312.9	29.7	65.1	8.7	59.4
2009	527.4	338.5	297.0	41.5	64.2	12.3	56.3
Stratford-Bruce Peninsula [3580]							
2008	248.3	167.5	160.7	6.8	67.5	4.1	64.7
2009	248.9	166.9	152.8	14.0	67.1	8.4	61.4
Northeast [3590]							
2008	454.6	285.3	267.8	17.5	62.8	6.1	58.9
2009	454.9	279.6	252.0	27.6	61.5	9.9	55.4
Northwest [3595]							
2008	174.4	112.8	104.7	8.1	64.7	7.2	60.0
2009	172.4	109.7	100.4	9.2	63.6	8.4	58.2
<b>Manitoba</b>							
2008	911.4	639.9	612.3	27.6	70.2	4.3	67.2
2009	925.0	651.5	614.6	36.9	70.4	5.7	66.4
Southeast [4610]							
2008	78.9	53.9	51.9	1.9	68.3	3.5	65.8
2009	81.3	56.5	52.8	3.7	69.5	6.5	64.9
South Central [4620]							
2008	44.1	31.5	30.1	1.4	71.4	4.4	68.3
2009	45.3	32.8	31.6	1.2	72.4	3.7	69.8

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

**Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2008 and September 2009**

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
<b>Southwest [4630]</b>							
2008	82.7	58.5	57.4	1.1	70.7	1.9	69.4
2009	83.2	57.9	55.3	2.6	69.6	4.5	66.5
<b>North Central [4640]</b>							
2008	35.9	24.6	23.8	0.7	68.5	2.8	66.3
2009	36.3	24.7	23.1	1.6	68.0	6.5	63.6
<b>Winnipeg [4650]</b>							
2008	540.0	381.1	362.3	18.8	70.6	4.9	67.1
2009	548.0	390.1	365.9	24.2	71.2	6.2	66.8
<b>Interlake [4660]</b>							
2008	70.9	50.1	48.0	2.0	70.7	4.0	67.7
2009	72.0	49.9	47.8	2.1	69.3	4.2	66.4
<b>Parklands and North [4670, 4680]</b>							
2008	58.9	40.3	38.7	1.6	68.4	4.0	65.7
2009	58.9	39.6	38.1	1.6	67.2	4.0	64.7
<b>Saskatchewan</b>							
2008	769.3	544.1	519.0	25.1	70.7	4.6	67.5
2009	781.1	551.2	523.2	28.0	70.6	5.1	67.0
<b>Regina-Moose Mountain [4710]</b>							
2008	227.1	162.1	156.4	5.7	71.4	3.5	68.9
2009	231.4	164.4	156.3	8.1	71.0	4.9	67.5
<b>Swift Current-Moose Jaw [4720]</b>							
2008	83.8	56.9	54.5	2.4	67.9	4.2	65.0
2009	84.2	56.2	54.3	1.9	66.7	3.4	64.5
<b>Saskatoon-Biggar [4730]</b>							
2008	240.8	177.5	169.8	7.7	73.7	4.3	70.5
2009	246.5	184.5	175.5	9.0	74.8	4.9	71.2
<b>Yorkton-Melville [4740]</b>							
2008	64.6	41.8	40.5	1.4	64.7	3.3	62.7
2009	64.7	42.8	41.0	1.8	66.2	4.2	63.4
<b>Prince Albert and Northern [4750, 4760]</b>							
2008	153.0	105.8	97.8	8.0	69.2	7.6	63.9
2009	154.3	103.2	96.0	7.2	66.9	7.0	62.2
<b>Alberta</b>							
2008	2,804.0	2,111.5	2,030.7	80.8	75.3	3.8	72.4
2009	2,876.1	2,151.1	1,996.2	154.9	74.8	7.2	69.4
<b>Lethbridge-Medicine Hat [4810]</b>							
2008	209.3	142.9	138.5	4.3	68.3	3.0	66.2
2009	212.8	147.7	137.3	10.4	69.4	7.0	64.5
<b>Camrose-Drumheller [4820]</b>							
2008	155.5	116.7	113.8	3.0	75.0	2.6	73.2
2009	156.7	112.6	105.2	7.4	71.9	6.6	67.1
<b>Calgary [4830]</b>							
2008	1,024.3	801.1	770.3	30.8	78.2	3.8	75.2
2009	1,055.1	813.3	757.4	55.9	77.1	6.9	71.8
<b>Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House [4840]</b>							
2008	68.6	53.9	51.5	2.3	78.6	4.3	75.1
2009	69.8	56.2	53.7	2.5	80.5	4.4	76.9
<b>Red Deer [4850]</b>							
2008	146.7	111.9	106.8	5.1	76.3	4.6	72.8
2009	151.5	110.6	101.8	8.8	73.0	8.0	67.2

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

**Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2008 and September 2009**

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Edmonton [4860]							
2008	919.8	669.4	644.6	24.9	72.8	3.7	70.1
2009	943.7	692.8	639.4	53.4	73.4	7.7	67.8
Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River [4870]							
2008	186.8	142.7	135.4	7.3	76.4	5.1	72.5
2009	191.3	143.6	130.5	13.1	75.1	9.1	68.2
Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake [4880]							
2008	93.0	72.9	69.8	3.0	78.4	4.1	75.1
2009	95.2	74.2	70.8	3.4	77.9	4.6	74.4
<b>British Columbia</b>							
2008	3,651.8	2,453.4	2,337.7	115.8	67.2	4.7	64.0
2009	3,715.4	2,467.3	2,275.8	191.5	66.4	7.8	61.3
Vancouver Island and Coast [5910]							
2008	633.9	420.4	403.3	17.2	66.3	4.1	63.6
2009	640.8	405.9	376.9	28.9	63.3	7.1	58.8
Lower Mainland-Southwest [5920]							
2008	2,218.3	1,491.5	1,423.7	67.8	67.2	4.5	64.2
2009	2,266.2	1,526.4	1,413.6	112.8	67.4	7.4	62.4
Thompson-Okanagan [5930]							
2008	432.1	285.5	271.4	14.1	66.1	4.9	62.8
2009	438.8	283.4	259.2	24.2	64.6	8.5	59.1
Kootenay [5940]							
2008	123.0	76.4	71.6	4.9	62.1	6.4	58.2
2009	123.4	76.4	69.7	6.7	61.9	8.8	56.5
Cariboo [5950]							
2008	126.5	89.4	83.3	6.1	70.7	6.8	65.8
2009	127.6	87.0	76.2	10.8	68.2	12.4	59.7
North Coast and Nechako [5960, 5970]							
2008	65.6	48.7	45.4	3.3	74.2	6.8	69.2
2009	65.1	47.6	42.7	4.8	73.1	10.1	65.6
Northeast [5980]							
2008	52.4	41.5	39.1	2.4	79.2	5.8	74.6
2009	53.5	40.5	37.4	3.2	75.7	7.9	69.9

1. For geographic descriptions of economic regions, refer to the Guide to the Labour Force Survey (catalogue number 71-543-GIE).

2. Estimates for Canada are a sum of the provincial totals and exclude estimates from Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.

**Note(s):** All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries. Related CANSIM table 282-0054.

**Table 6-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by territories, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in**  
**September 2008 and September 2009**

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
		in thousands			percent		
<b>Yukon <sup>1</sup></b>							
2008	23.8	18.3	17.5	0.8	76.9	4.4	73.5
2009	24.2	18.0	17.0	1.0	74.4	5.6	70.2
<b>Northwest Territories <sup>2</sup></b>							
2008	31.5	23.9	22.7	1.2	75.9	5.0	72.1
2009	31.5	22.3	20.5	1.7	70.8	7.6	65.1
<b>Nunavut <sup>3</sup></b>							
2008	18.5	11.7	10.1	1.7	63.3	14.1	54.4
2009	18.6	11.5	9.9	1.7	62.1	14.4	53.1

1. Since 1992, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been conducted in the Yukon, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in the national totals. In 1995, the LFS in the Yukon underwent a sample redesign. One result of the redesign was that the covered population increased from 85% to 92%, which is reflected by the sharp increase in the three month moving averages estimates of January, February and March of 1995 for all the level estimates. Users are therefore warned to be cautious when comparing estimates before January 1995 to estimates for January 1995 and forward.
2. Since 2001, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been administered in the Northwest Territories, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in national totals.
3. Since 2004, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been administered in Nunavut, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are 3-month moving averages and are not included in national totals. From January 2004 to December 2007, estimates represent about 70% of all Nunavut residents aged 15 and over. Starting in January 2008, coverage was extended to 92%, so that by March 2008, the 3-month moving average is completely based on the extended coverage. Because of the large difference in coverage, users are recommended not to compare estimates prior to January 2008 with data afterwards. The January and February 2008 3-month moving average estimates are based on a mix of both coverages, since the extended coverage was introduced in January 2008. Estimates from January 2004 to December 2007 are based on the 10 largest communities in Nunavut: Iqaluit, Rankin Inlet, Cambridge Bay, Kugluktuk, Baker Lake, Arviat, Pond Inlet, Cape Dorset, Pangnirtung, Igloolik. Estimates from March 2008 to present cover the above communities as well as: Taloyoak, Gjoa Haven, Kugaaruk, Coral Harbour, Repulse Bay, Qikiqtarjuaq, Arctic Bay, Hall Beach, Clyde River.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0100.

**Table 7**  
**Average usual hours and wages of employees by selected characteristics, Canada, unadjusted for seasonality**

	Employees				Full-time			Part-time		
	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Average hourly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages
	thousands		dollars		thousands		dollars	thousands		dollars
<b>September 2009</b>										
15 years and over	14,155.5	35.4	813.44	22.21	11,599.2	39.3	930.64	2,556.2	17.4	281.68
15 to 24 years	2,226.1	27.5	383.55	13.02	1,155.5	38.8	579.55	1,070.6	15.4	172.01
25 years and over	11,929.4	36.8	893.66	23.93	10,443.7	39.4	969.48	1,485.7	18.8	360.70
Men	7,047.7	38.0	934.45	24.03	6,289.0	40.6	1,016.75	758.7	16.6	252.27
Women	7,107.7	32.8	693.46	20.40	5,310.2	37.9	828.64	1,797.5	17.7	294.08
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,496.0	35.7	916.74	25.37	3,840.7	38.5	1,003.79	655.4	19.1	406.65
No union coverage	9,659.4	35.2	765.36	20.74	7,758.6	39.8	894.42	1,900.9	16.7	238.59
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,312.1	36.2	849.75	22.84	10,474.3	39.3	946.27	1,837.8	18.3	299.63
Temporary	1,843.4	30.1	570.96	18.00	1,124.9	39.8	785.07	718.5	14.9	235.74
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	1,023.3	39.7	1,355.00	34.23	992.1	40.3	1,380.38	31.2	19.7	548.20
Business, finance and administrative	2,733.9	35.3	753.33	20.92	2,336.4	38.2	830.51	397.5	17.9	299.71
Natural and applied sciences	1,019.6	38.6	1,195.40	31.01	985.4	39.3	1,218.96	34.2	17.8	516.21
Health	923.5	33.7	891.73	26.37	684.2	38.2	1,020.66	239.3	20.7	523.08
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,379.5	34.2	987.41	28.51	1,131.9	38.0	1,109.64	247.7	16.7	428.78
Art, culture, recreation and sport	313.2	31.7	762.52	22.71	227.3	38.5	958.04	85.9	13.8	244.77
Sales and service	3,635.3	30.7	493.90	15.02	2,321.5	38.5	661.28	1,313.8	16.9	198.15
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,076.8	40.0	881.40	21.79	1,945.3	41.6	922.69	131.6	17.6	270.87
Occupations unique to primary industry	292.8	41.3	781.27	18.48	256.1	45.1	865.86	36.8	14.4	192.12
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	757.5	39.0	753.16	19.10	719.1	40.1	778.45	38.4	19.5	279.52
<b>September 2008</b>										
15 years and over	14,568.2	35.5	796.96	21.66	11,954.8	39.5	912.15	2,613.5	17.2	270.05
15 to 24 years	2,458.5	27.8	381.94	12.70	1,294.4	39.3	581.46	1,164.1	15.1	160.09
25 years and over	12,109.7	37.1	881.22	23.48	10,660.3	39.6	952.31	1,449.4	18.9	358.36
Men	7,386.3	38.1	914.19	23.44	6,568.1	40.8	998.26	818.2	16.4	239.25
Women	7,181.9	32.9	676.40	19.83	5,386.7	38.0	807.16	1,795.3	17.6	284.08
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,577.3	36.1	905.43	24.79	3,951.1	38.8	984.08	626.2	19.3	409.18
No union coverage	9,991.0	35.3	747.27	20.22	8,003.7	39.9	876.65	1,987.3	16.6	226.21
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,756.5	36.4	834.43	22.32	10,900.0	39.5	927.61	1,856.5	18.1	287.32
Temporary	1,811.7	29.6	533.17	16.99	1,054.8	40.0	752.41	757.0	15.1	227.68
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	1,098.2	39.7	1,350.33	33.97	1,064.8	40.4	1,377.80	33.4	19.3	474.23
Business, finance and administrative	2,829.3	35.3	737.19	20.47	2,423.2	38.3	812.00	406.0	17.6	290.71
Natural and applied sciences	1,056.8	38.7	1,161.65	30.05	1,022.6	39.4	1,184.16	34.2	18.7	487.92
Health	922.2	33.5	855.32	25.48	698.4	37.8	966.68	223.8	20.0	507.88
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,330.4	34.4	978.69	28.25	1,086.0	38.3	1,098.39	244.4	17.1	446.81
Art, culture, recreation and sport	329.3	31.2	710.32	21.56	235.7	38.4	904.67	93.6	13.2	220.89
Sales and service	3,600.7	30.4	469.49	14.37	2,234.6	38.7	640.52	1,366.1	16.8	189.73
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,244.9	40.4	862.67	21.12	2,107.3	41.8	901.45	137.6	17.9	268.83
Occupations unique to primary industry	301.5	42.2	813.11	18.62	264.7	46.1	903.01	36.8	13.7	166.25
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	855.0	39.3	721.77	18.23	817.4	40.2	743.48	37.6	18.2	249.58

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0023, 282-0069, 282-0073.

**Table 8**  
**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program <sup>1</sup>, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from October 11, 2009 to November 7, 2009
	percent
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>	
01. St. John's	8.5
02. Newfoundland and Labrador	20.9
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
03. Prince Edward Island	12.6
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
04. Eastern Nova Scotia	15.6
05. Western Nova Scotia	10.1
06. Halifax	6.6
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
07. Fredericton-Moncton-Saint John	6.3
08. Madawaska-Charlotte <sup>2</sup>	11.6
09. Restigouche-Albert	14.4
<b>Quebec</b>	
10. Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	16.8
11. Québec	5.6
12. Trois-Rivières	9.0
13. South Central Quebec	6.6
14. Sherbrooke	7.0
15. Montérégie	8.2
16. Montréal	9.6
17. Central Quebec	9.9
18. Northwestern Quebec	11.0
19. Bas-Saint-Laurent-Côte-Nord <sup>3</sup>	11.9
20. Gatineau	5.8
21. Saguenay	8.9
<b>Ontario</b>	
22. Ottawa	5.0
23. Eastern Ontario	7.5
24. Kingston	6.1
25. Central Ontario	9.8
26. Oshawa	9.3
27. Toronto	9.8
28. Hamilton	9.1
29. St. Catharines	9.9
30. London	11.2
31. Niagara	12.2
32. Windsor	13.9
33. Kitchener	9.3
34. Huron	10.4
35. South Central Ontario	8.5
36. Sudbury	10.1
37. Thunder Bay	8.3
38. Northern Ontario	12.9
<b>Manitoba</b>	
39. Winnipeg	5.7
40. Southern Manitoba	5.8
41. Northern Manitoba	28.2
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
42. Regina	4.9
43. Saskatoon	4.5
44. Southern Saskatchewan	6.7
45. Northern Saskatchewan	16.4

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 8 – continued

**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program 1, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from October 11, 2009 to November 7, 2009
	percent
<b>Alberta</b>	
46. Calgary	7.0
47. Edmonton	7.5
48. Northern Alberta	9.7
49. Southern Alberta	8.2
<b>British Columbia</b>	
50. Southern Interior British Columbia	10.3
51. Abbotsford	8.8
52. Vancouver	7.2
53. Victoria	6.9
54. Southern Coastal British Columbia	8.8
55. Northern British Columbia	14.0
<b>Territories</b>	
56. Yukon <sup>4</sup>	25.0
57. Northwest Territories <sup>4</sup>	25.0
58. Nunavut <sup>4</sup>	25.0

1. The boundaries of these regions are determined by Human Resources and Social Development Canada (HRSDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of employment insurance regions, see the HRSDC website: <http://srv129.services.gc.ca/eiregions/en/geocont.aspx>.

2. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a_e.shtml).

3. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b_e.shtml).

4. This rate is provided by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada.

**Note(s):** All geographic regions are based on the 1996 Census boundaries.

# Data quality

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## About the Labour Force Survey

The statistics contained in this report are based on information obtained through a sample survey of 53,000 representative households across the country. The Labour Force Survey, started in November 1945, was taken at quarterly intervals until November 1952. It has been carried out monthly since then. The information generated by the survey has expanded considerably over the years with a major redesign of the survey content in 1976 and again in 1997, and provides a rich and detailed picture of the Canadian labour market.

The sample used in the Labour Force Survey has been designed to represent all persons in the population 15 years of age and over residing in the provinces of Canada, with the exception of the following: persons living on Indian reserves, full-time members of the armed forces and people living in institutions (for example, inmates of penal institutions and patients in hospitals or nursing homes who have resided in the institution for more than six months). Monthly estimates of employment, unemployment and persons not in the labour force refer to the specific week covered by the survey each month, normally the week containing the 15th day.

## Definitions and explanations

The **labour force** is composed of those members of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

Employed persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) did any work at all
- (b) had a job but were not at work

A person is considered to be **full-time** if his/her usual hours at the main job are 30 or more hours per week. When the number of hours worked at the main job is usually less than 30 hours per week then he/she is considered to be **part-time**.

**Unemployed** persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week), and were available for work;
- (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but were on temporary layoff and were available for work;
- (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from the reference week, and were available for work.

Persons in the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were neither employed nor unemployed are classified as **not in the labour force**.

The **unemployment rate** represents the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.



The **participation rate** represents the labour force expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **employment rate (formerly the employment/population ratio)** represents the number of persons employed expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **part-time rate** represents the number of persons employed part-time expressed as a percentage of the employed. The part-time rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed part-time in that group expressed as a percentage of the employed for that group.

All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries.

## Seasonal adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those which are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. The seasonally adjusted series contains irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

The seasonally adjusted series are revised each year to take into account current data and to generate new forecast factors for the next twelve months. The data are therefore subject to slight revisions in future issues of this publication.

## Sampling variability of estimates

Estimates in this publication are based on the Labour Force Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 53,000 households across Canada. Because the entire population is not surveyed, the estimates are subject to sampling error. While the published estimate is the best available indicator of the real value, changes in the level of any estimates between two months can be the result of a true change or sampling variability. The sampling error can be estimated by calculating the standard error for the published estimate or statistic. These standard errors have been included in the publication tables, in order to assist users in interpreting the data.

### Interpretation based on standard error

Two thirds of the time (68%), a change greater than the sampling error indicates a real change. The larger the change compared to the standard error, the better the chance that we are observing a real change, as opposed to a change due to sampling variability. At the 95% level, in order to ensure that change is real, the change in the estimate must be greater than twice the sampling error.

Movements in estimates that are smaller than the sampling error are less likely to reflect a real change and more likely to be due to sampling variability. While the above is true for monthly movements, one can have more confidence in a series of consecutive movements in the same direction, even though some of the monthly movements may be smaller than the sampling error.

### Interpretation based on confidence intervals

Confidence intervals provide another way of looking at the variability inherent in estimates of sample surveys. To illustrate how to calculate the confidence interval, let us say that one month the published estimate for total employment rose by 16,000 to reach 16,500,000. The associated standard error for the movement estimate is 27,200. The standard error used to interpret the movement estimate indicates that:

- There are approximately two chances in three (68%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -11,200 to +43,200 (16,000 + or – one standard error).
- There are approximately nine chances in ten (90%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -27,520 to +59,520 (16,000 + or – 1.6 times the standard error).
- There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty (95%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -38,400 to +70,400 (16,000 + or – two standard errors).

For more detailed explanations on sampling variability of estimates, and in particular for information on how to assess the variability of level estimates, consult the Data quality section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey*, (71-543-G) on page 27.

## Documentation

For more detailed information about the Labour Force Survey, see the following documents:

- Overview of the Labour Force Survey
- Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)
- Data quality statement
- Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey (71-526-X)
- LFS *geographical maps*