

Catalogue no. 71-001-X

# Labour Force Information

Not for release before 7 A.M. E.D.T.

Friday, July 10, 2009

June 14 to 20, 2009



Statistics  
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Statistics Canada  
Labour Statistics Division  
Labour Force Survey Program

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# User information

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## Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0<sup>s</sup> value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- P preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

## Special requests (\$)

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## Schedule of LFS releases

Reference period - Week ending	Release date
January 17, 2009	February 6, 2009
February 21, 2009	March 13, 2009
March 21, 2009	April 9, 2009
April 18, 2009	May 8 2009
May 16, 2009	June 5, 2009
June 20, 2009	July 10, 2009
July 18, 2009	August 7, 2009
August 15, 2009	September 4, 2009
September 19, 2009	October 9, 2009
October 17, 2009	November 6, 2009
November 14, 2009	December 4, 2009
December 12, 2009	January 8, 2010

## Latest LFS release in *The Daily* (free)

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# Highlights

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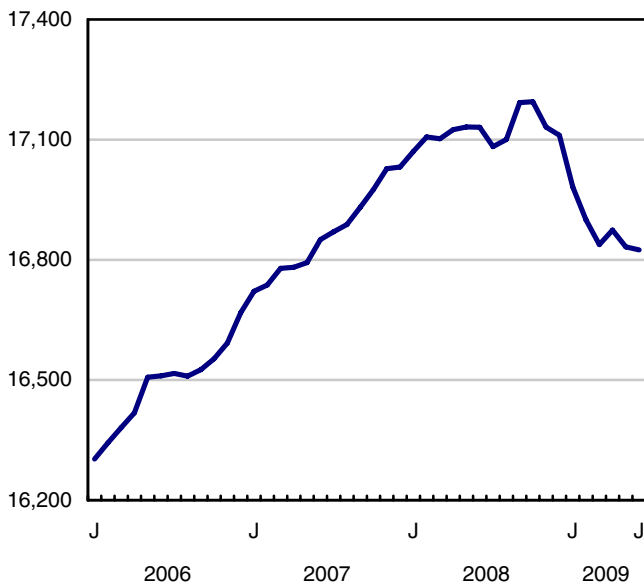
## June 2009

Employment was little changed in June, leaving total net losses during the last three months at 13,000, much smaller than the 273,000 decline in the first three months of the year. The unemployment rate edged up 0.2 percentage points to 8.6% in June, as more people looked for work.

**Chart 1**  
**Employment and unemployment rates, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

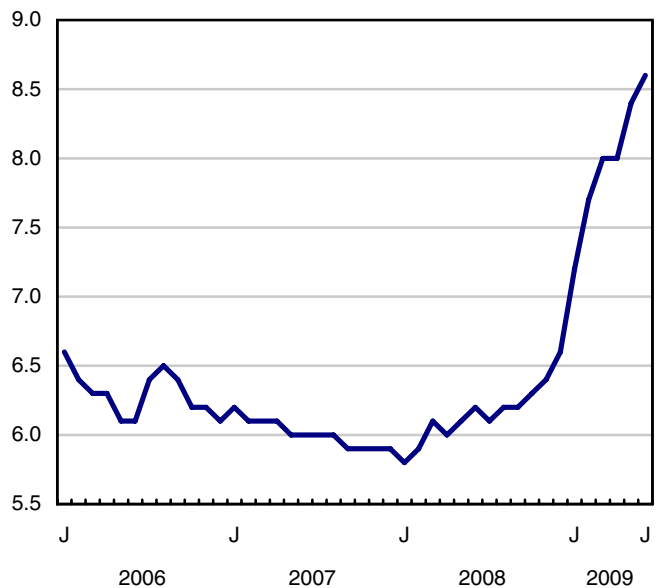
### Employment

thousands



### Unemployment rate

percent



## Analysis — June 2009

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Employment was little changed in June, leaving total net losses during the last three months at 13,000, much smaller than the 273,000 decline in the first three months of the year. The unemployment rate edged up 0.2 percentage points to 8.6% in June, as more people looked for work.

Full-time employment continued its downward trend in June, offsetting gains in part-time. Since employment peaked in October 2008, full-time losses (-454,000) have been only partially offset by part-time gains (+84,000), leaving total employment down by 370,000.

Self-employment rose in June, while the number of employees in the private sector decreased. Since October, self-employment has grown by 1.5%, whereas the number of employees has fallen, especially in the private sector.

Youth aged 15 to 24 were hard hit in June, with losses of 33,000. Their unemployment rate went up a full percentage point to 15.9%, the highest rate in 11 years. Employment losses for youth in June were offset by gains among people aged 55 and over.

Employment was virtually unchanged in June in all provinces except Newfoundland and Labrador, where it went up.

There were gains in information, culture and recreation in June, as well as in finance, insurance, real estate and leasing. Industries with notable declines were manufacturing and business, building and other support services.

Average hourly wages were up 3.5% from June of last year, similar to the year-over-year increase in May.

### Slower pace of decline in last three months

While employment remains well below its October 2008 peak, there was a notable shift in the pace of the downward trend in employment in the last three months. Total net losses were 13,000 for the last three months, much less than the 273,000 decline in the first three months of this year.

During the first three months of 2009, employment fell in almost all industries, especially in manufacturing and construction, whereas over the last three months, employment increased in most service industries, stabilized in construction but continued to decline in manufacturing.

By province, the greatest change in the employment trend occurred in Quebec, British Columbia and Alberta. In the first three months of 2009, employment fell sharply in all three provinces, in contrast to the last three months, when employment rose in Quebec and British Columbia, and held steady in Alberta. In Ontario, employment continued to fall over the last three months, although at a slower pace.

### More Canadians working for themselves

Self-employment rose 37,000 in June, while the number of employees in the private sector decreased by 39,000. Since October, self-employment has grown by 1.5%, whereas the number of employees has declined by 3.3% in the private sector and 1.4% in the public sector.

June's employment gains were in information, culture and recreation (+26,000); and finance, insurance, real estate and leasing (+21,000).

Manufacturing continued its downward trend in June (-26,000), with most of the month's declines in Quebec. Nationally, this sector has experienced the sharpest rate of decline of all industries (-10.7%) since October 2008, with losses mainly in Ontario, Alberta and British Columbia.



There were also losses in business, building and other support services in June (-14,000).

### **Employment little changed in most provinces**

Newfoundland and Labrador was the only province with employment gains in June, up 2,500. At the same time the unemployment rate edged up to 15.6% as there were more people in the labour force.

Full-time losses in Ontario in June (-56,000) were offset by part-time gains (+57,000), leaving employment unchanged. The unemployment rate edged up to 9.6%, the highest rate in 15 years. Since October employment in the province is down 232,000 (-3.5%), with over half of the losses in manufacturing (-126,000).

While employment in Saskatchewan was virtually unchanged in June, this is the only province with an upward trend in employment since October (+1.0%). At 4.6% in June, the unemployment rate in Saskatchewan is the lowest of all provinces.

Employment in Quebec was unchanged in June and the unemployment rate was 8.8%. Since October, employment in Quebec decreased by only 0.8%, a rate of decrease much lower than the national average (-2.2%).

### **Youth employment falls**

In June, employment for youths aged 15 to 24 fell by 33,000, pushing their unemployment rate up a full percentage point to 15.9%, the highest rate in 11 years. Since the peak last October, employment among youths has fallen the fastest of all age groups, down 6.4%.

Employment losses in June for youths were offset by gains among workers aged 55 and over, whose employment increased 33,000. Since last October, employment growth has been steady for older workers (+78,000 or +2.9%), particularly among women. Older workers are the only age group that have added to their numbers since the start of the economic downturn.

### **Summer job market challenging for students**

From May to August, the Labour Force Survey collects labour market information about young people aged 15 to 24 who were attending school full time in March and intend to return to school in the fall. The May and June survey results provide the first indicators of the summer job market. The data for July and August will provide further insight into the summer job market. The published estimates are not seasonally adjusted; therefore, comparisons can only be made on a year-over-year basis.

Compared to June 2008, employment was down 43,000 for students aged 20 to 24 in June 2009. This pushed their unemployment rate up 4.8 percentage points to 14.0%, the highest June unemployment rate for these students since 1997.

The labour market for 17 to 19 year-old students is also proving to be challenging, as employment was down 50,000 between June of 2008 and 2009. This brings their unemployment rate to 18.1%, the highest since June 1998.

### **Quarterly update on territories**

The Labour Force Survey also collects labour market information about the territories. These data are not included in the national estimates, but are published separately and in the form of three-months moving averages. Information in this release is based on data that are not seasonally adjusted and therefore comparisons should only be made on a year-over-year basis.

Employment edged down in all three territories in the second quarter of 2009 compared to the same quarter last year.

In the Yukon, as more people entered the labour force in search of work, the unemployment rate increased to 7.7%, from 5.0% in the same quarter of the previous year.

In the Northwest Territories, the unemployment rate was 6.6% in the second quarter of 2009, little changed from a year earlier.

Over the same period in Nunavut, the employment declines were all in full-time work and the unemployment rate was up slightly at 14.5%.

**Note to readers**

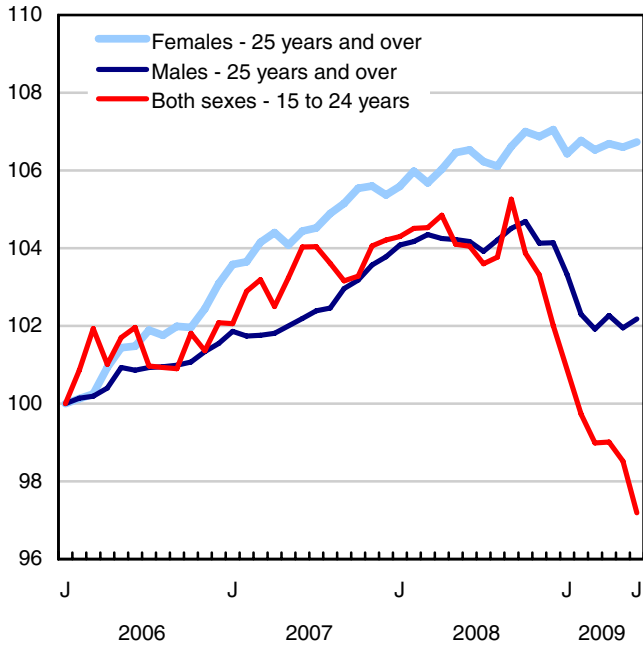
The Labour Force Survey estimates are based on a sample, and are therefore subject to sampling variability. Estimates for smaller geographic areas or industries will have more variability. For an explanation of sampling variability of estimates, and how to use standard errors to assess this variability, consult the Data Quality section in this publication.

Changes in average hourly wages are affected by shifts in the composition of the Canadian labour force. For example, a drop in employment in low-wage occupations or industries will contribute to an increase in the national average hourly wage.

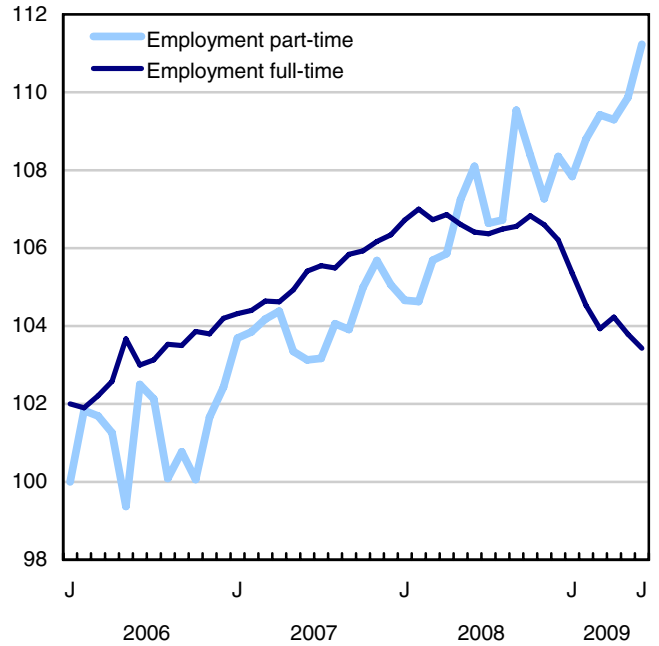
The 2008 Labour Force Historical Review on CD-ROM (71F0004XCB, \$209) is now available.

**Chart 1**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

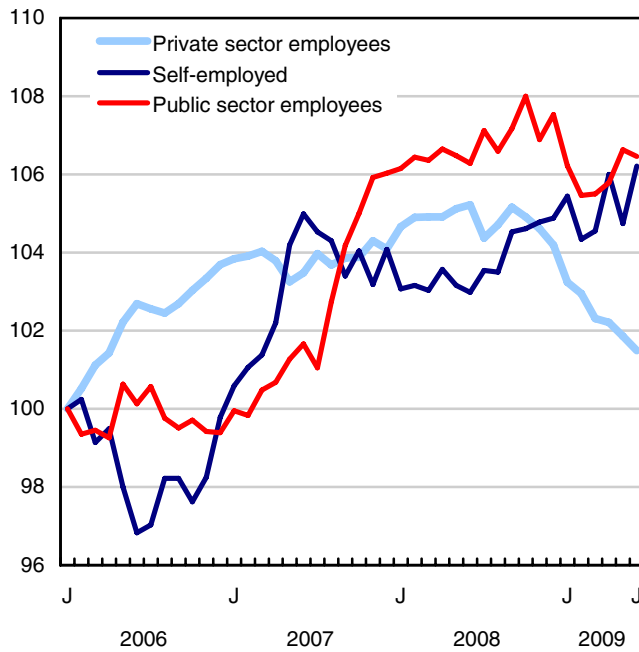
**Employment index, January 2006=100**



**Employment index, January 2006=100**

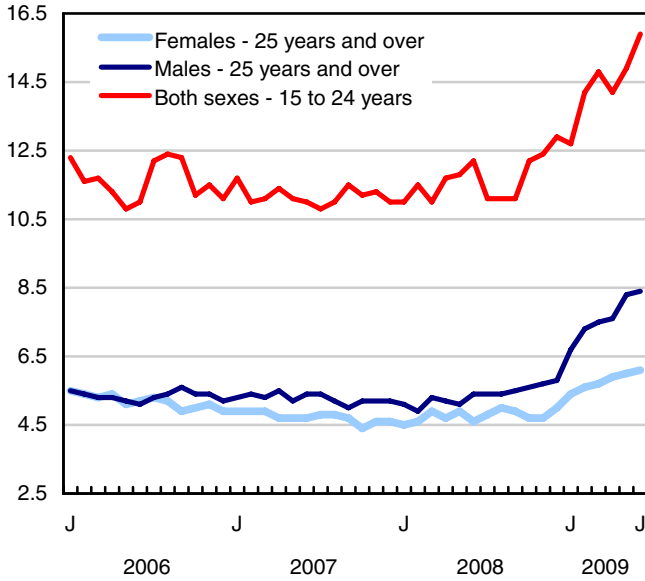


**Employment index, January 2006=100**

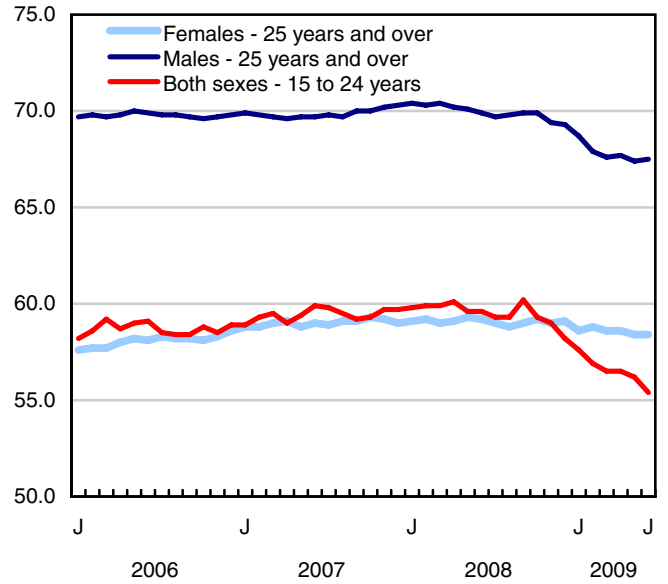


**Chart 2**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

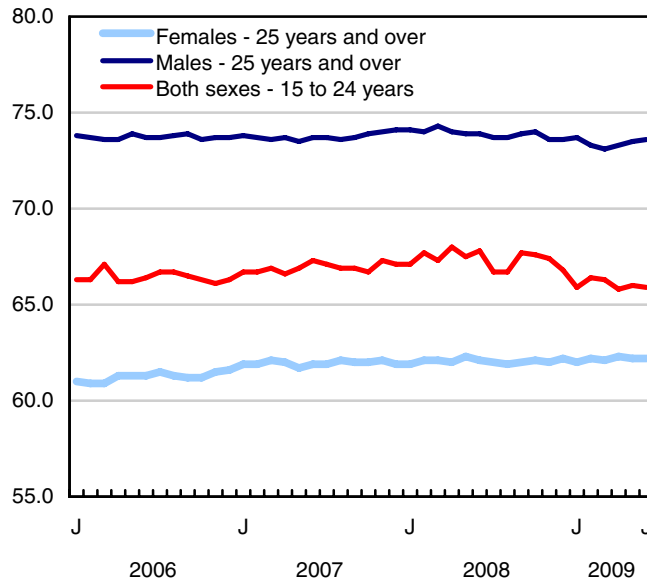
**Unemployment rate (%)**



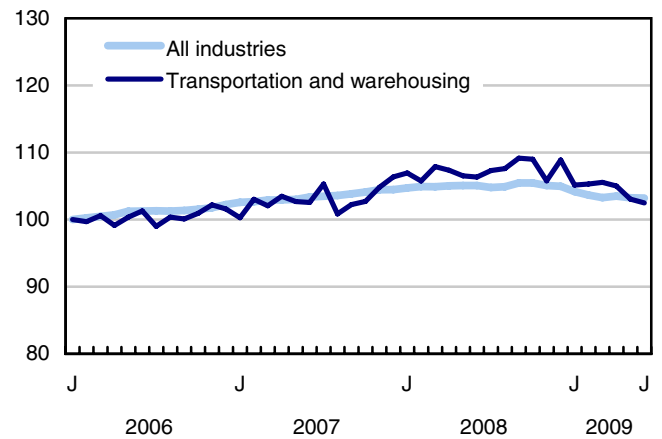
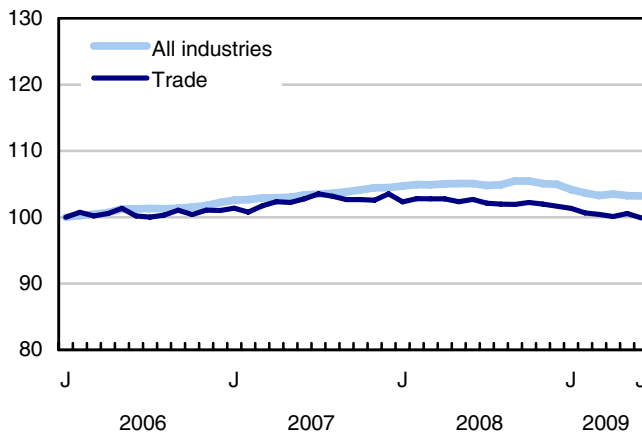
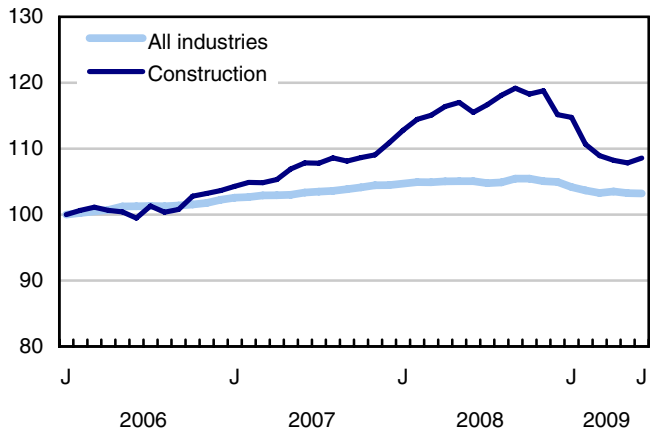
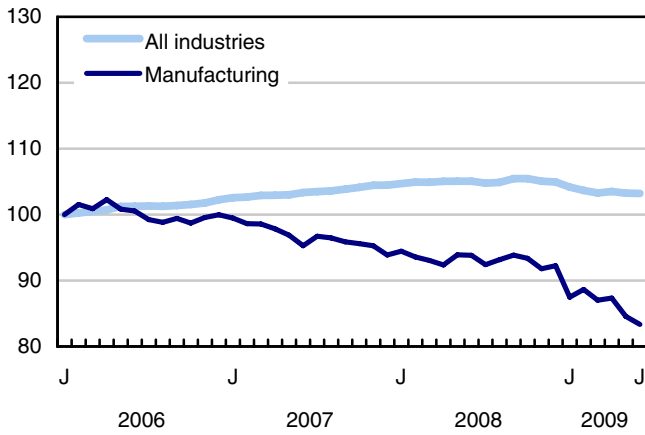
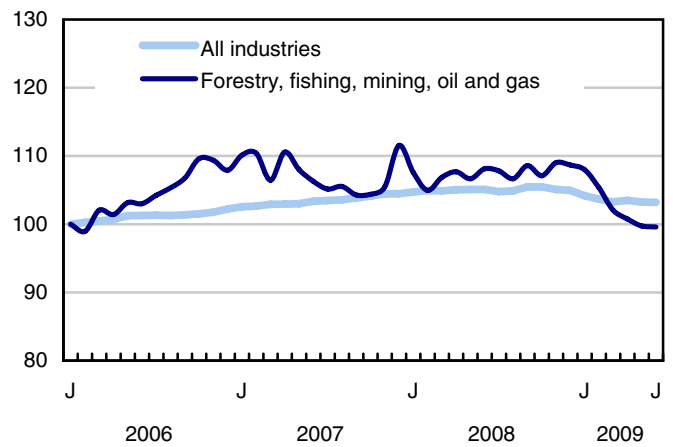
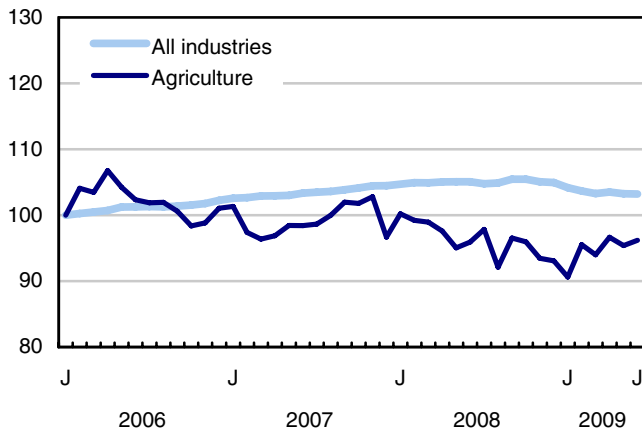
**Employment rate (%)**



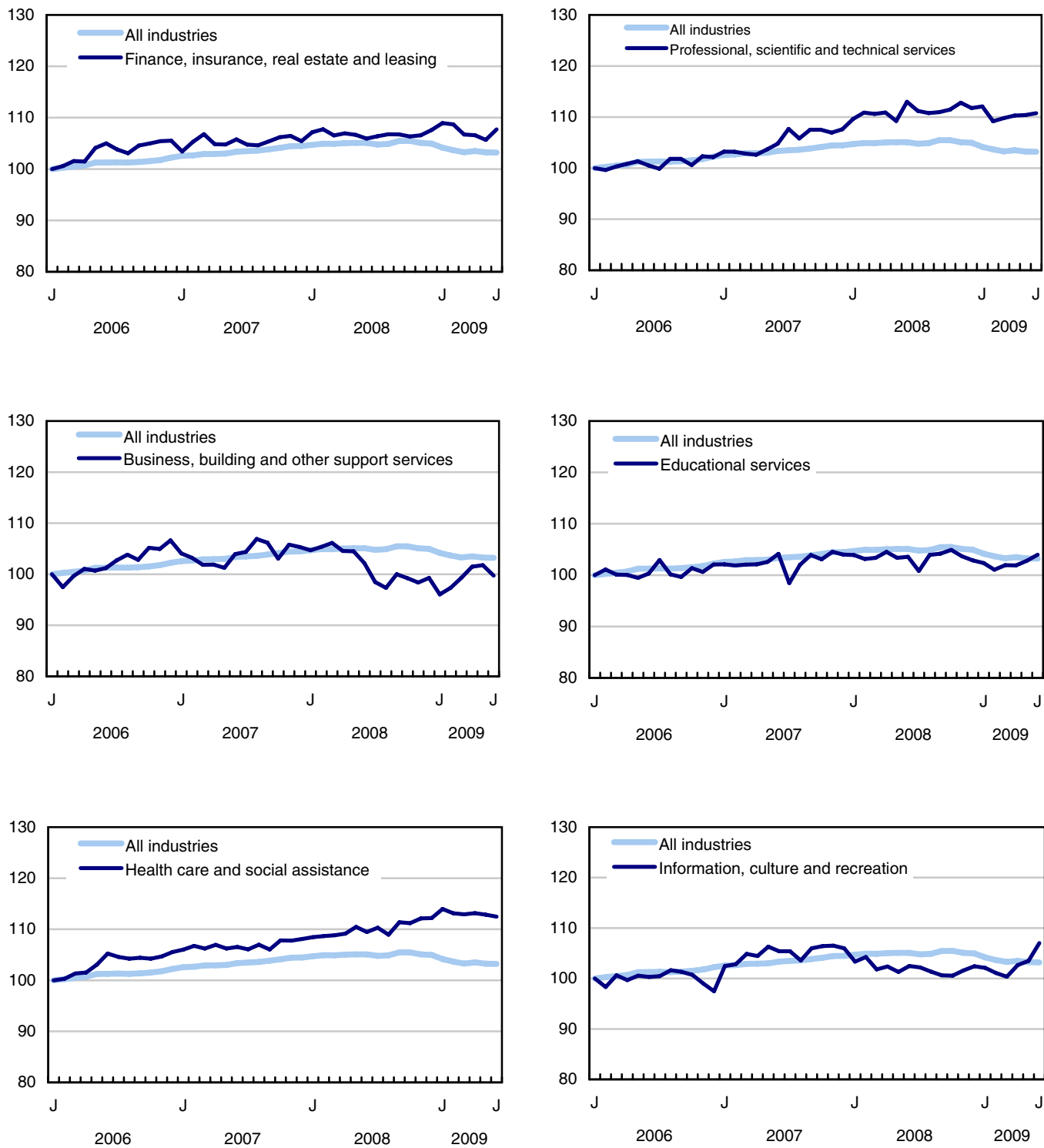
**Participation rate (%)**



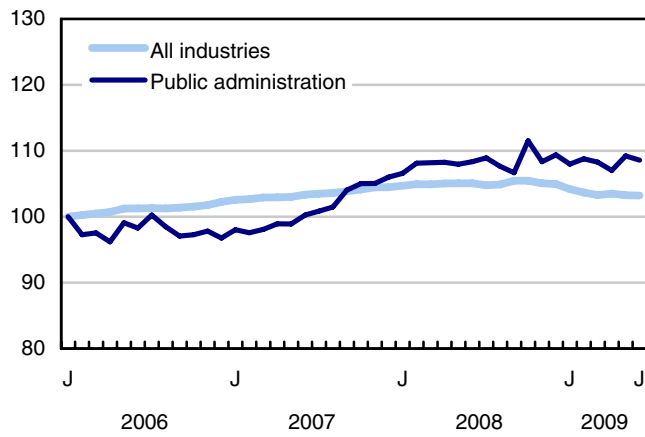
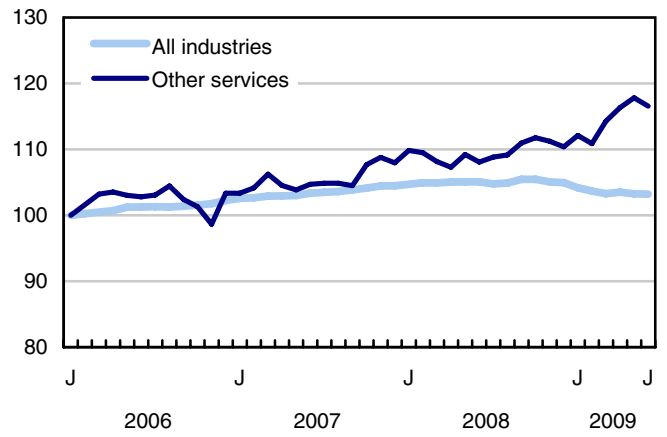
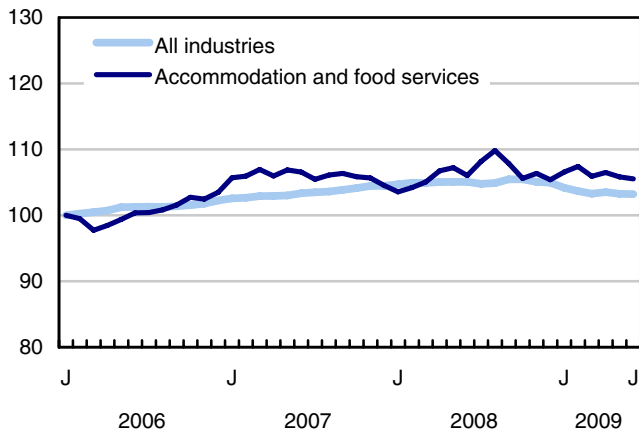
**Chart 3**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January, 2006=100**



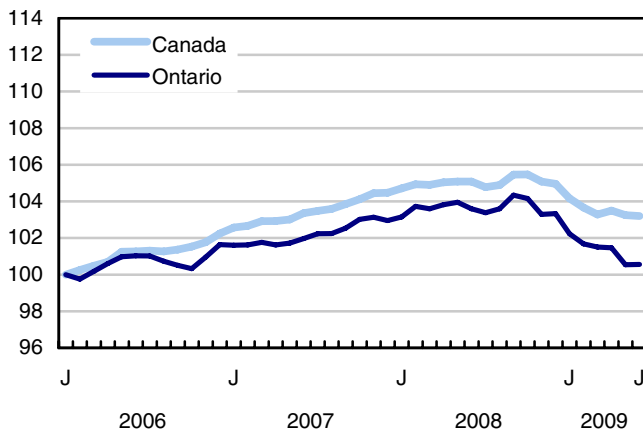
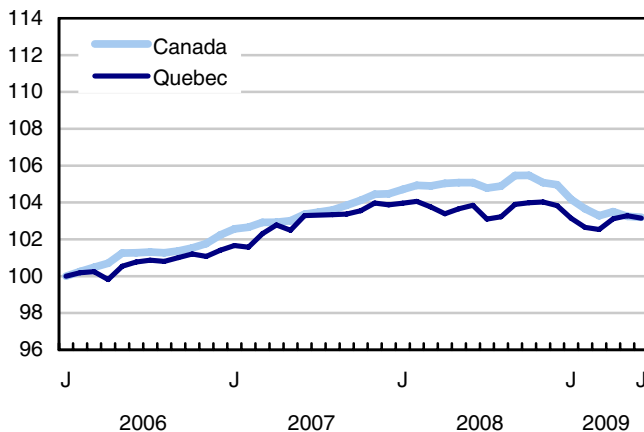
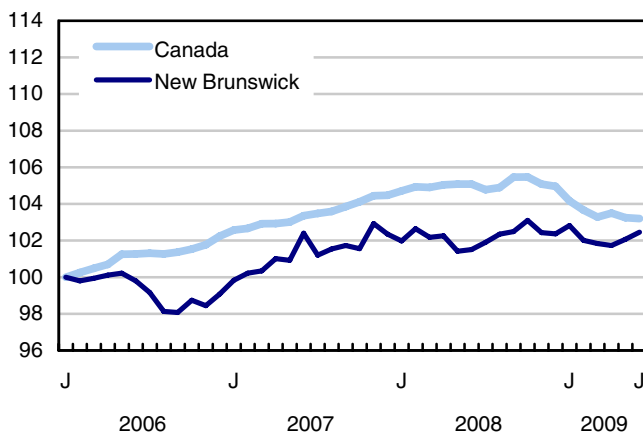
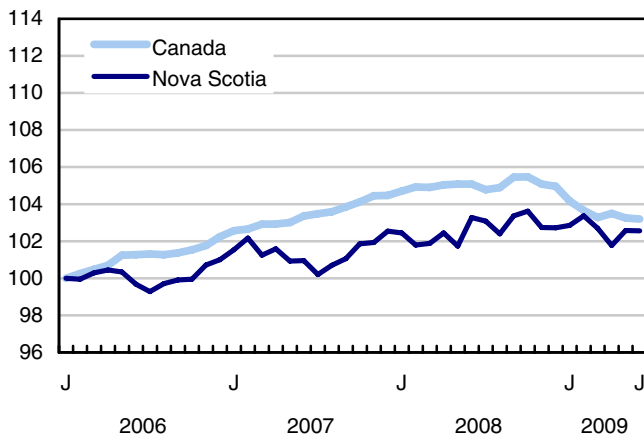
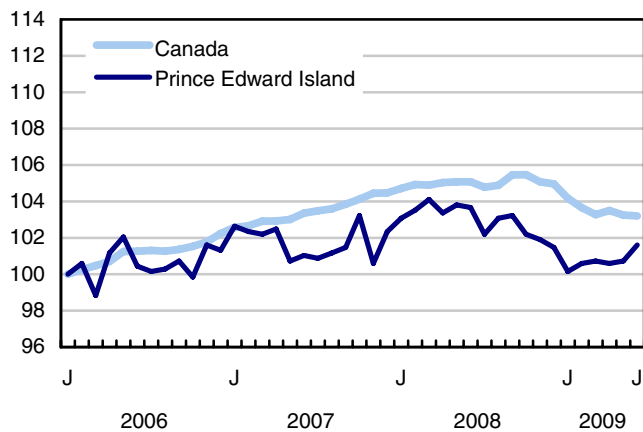
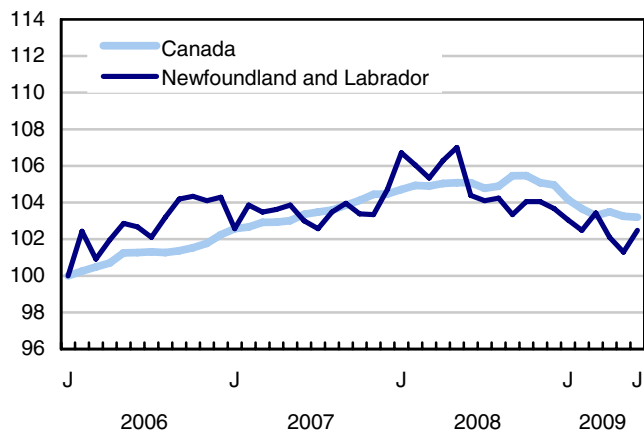
**Chart 4**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**



**Chart 5**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**

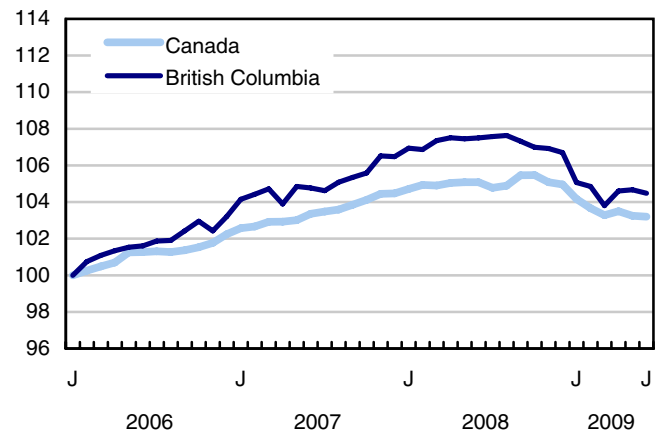
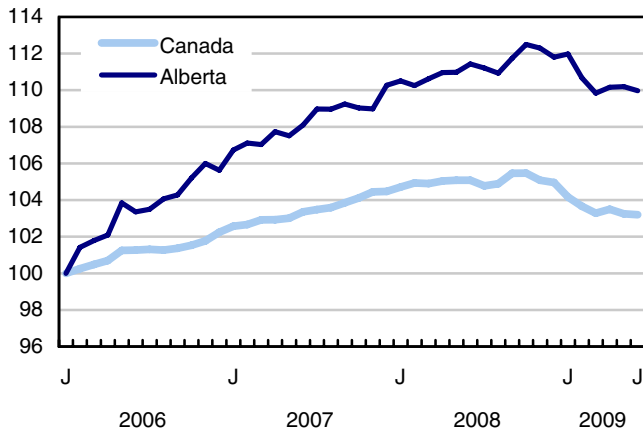
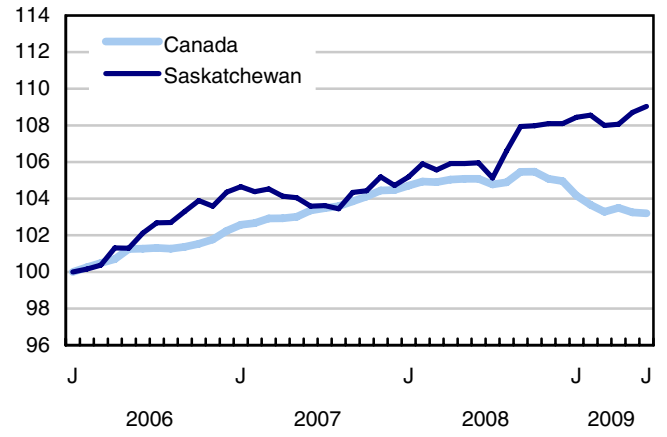
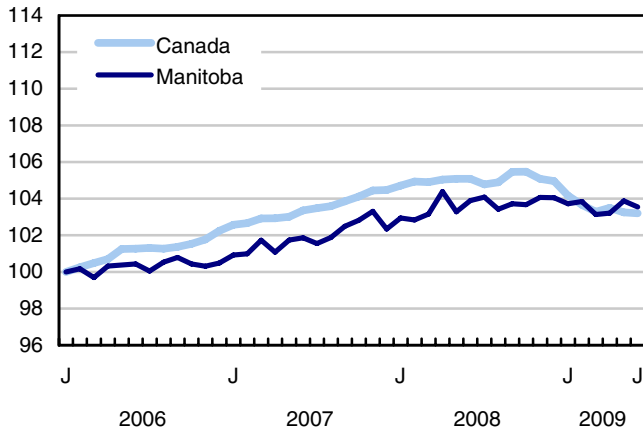


**Chart 6**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**





**Chart 7**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2006=100**



## Related products

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### Selected publications from Statistics Canada

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71-222-X	The Canadian Labour Market at a Glance
71-526-X	Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey
71-543-G	Guide to the Labour Force Survey
71-544-X	Labour Force Survey Products and Services
71-587-X	Aboriginal Peoples Living Off-reserve in Western Canada: Estimates from the Labour Force Survey
71-588-X	The Aboriginal Labour Force Analysis Series
71-606-X	The Immigrant Labour Force Analysis Series
71F0004X	Labour Force Historical Review
71F0031X	Improvements to the Labour Force Survey (LFS)
71M0001X	Labour Force Survey Microdata File
75-001-X	Perspectives on Labour and Income

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### Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

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282-0008	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group

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3701	Labour Force Survey
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### **Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada**

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# Statistical tables

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**Table 1**  
**Labour force characteristics by age and sex, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>15 years and over, both sexes</b>									
Population	27,250.0	<b>27,292.3</b>	...	<b>42.3</b>	193.6	381.6	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.4
Labour force	18,380.6	<b>18,416.7</b>	27.1	<b>36.1</b>	95.5	158.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.5	0.9
Employment	16,832.2	<b>16,824.8</b>	27.8	<b>-7.4</b>	-286.2	-306.2	<b>0.0</b>	-1.7	-1.8
Employment full-time	13,598.1	<b>13,550.6</b>	36.2	<b>-47.5</b>	-371.1	-398.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.7	-2.9
Employment part-time	3,234.1	<b>3,274.2</b>	33.1	<b>40.1</b>	84.9	92.3	<b>1.2</b>	2.7	2.9
Unemployment	1,548.4	<b>1,591.9</b>	22.9	<b>43.5</b>	381.8	464.4	<b>2.8</b>	31.6	41.2
Participation rate	67.5	<b>67.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.4	<b>8.6</b>	0.1	<b>0.2</b>	2.0	2.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.8	<b>61.6</b>	0.1	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.5	-2.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.2	<b>19.5</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.9	...	...	...
<b>15 to 24 years, both sexes</b>									
Population	4,392.2	<b>4,394.9</b>	...	<b>2.7</b>	10.5	20.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.5
Labour force	2,899.4	<b>2,894.5</b>	16.2	<b>-4.9</b>	-36.0	-72.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.2	-2.4
Employment	2,466.7	<b>2,433.4</b>	15.8	<b>-33.3</b>	-120.5	-171.8	<b>-1.3</b>	-4.7	-6.6
Employment full-time	1,302.0	<b>1,273.2</b>	18.2	<b>-28.8</b>	-117.7	-164.2	<b>-2.2</b>	-8.5	-11.4
Employment part-time	1,164.7	<b>1,160.2</b>	18.9	<b>-4.5</b>	-2.8	-7.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.7
Unemployment	432.8	<b>461.1</b>	13.6	<b>28.3</b>	84.4	99.4	<b>6.5</b>	22.4	27.5
Participation rate	66.0	<b>65.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.9	-1.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	14.9	<b>15.9</b>	0.4	<b>1.0</b>	3.0	3.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.2	<b>55.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-2.8	-4.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	47.2	<b>47.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	2.1	2.9	...	...	...
<b>25 years and over, men</b>									
Population	11,174.9	<b>11,195.0</b>	...	<b>20.1</b>	92.3	182.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.7
Labour force	8,215.8	<b>8,243.1</b>	13.6	<b>27.3</b>	70.4	104.8	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	1.3
Employment	7,536.9	<b>7,554.2</b>	15.2	<b>17.3</b>	-145.1	-147.3	<b>0.2</b>	-1.9	-1.9
Employment full-time	6,949.2	<b>6,983.9</b>	19.7	<b>34.7</b>	-175.0	-186.1	<b>0.5</b>	-2.4	-2.6
Employment part-time	587.7	<b>570.3</b>	15.5	<b>-17.4</b>	29.9	38.8	<b>-3.0</b>	5.5	7.3
Unemployment	678.8	<b>688.9</b>	13.2	<b>10.1</b>	215.5	252.1	<b>1.5</b>	45.5	57.7
Participation rate	73.5	<b>73.6</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.3	<b>8.4</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	2.6	3.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.4	<b>67.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	-1.8	-2.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.8	<b>7.5</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.5	0.6	...	...	...
<b>25 years and over, women</b>									
Population	11,682.9	<b>11,702.5</b>	...	<b>19.6</b>	90.9	179.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.6
Labour force	7,265.4	<b>7,279.1</b>	15.7	<b>13.7</b>	61.2	125.8	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.8
Employment	6,828.6	<b>6,837.2</b>	15.8	<b>8.6</b>	-20.6	13.0	<b>0.1</b>	-0.3	0.2
Employment full-time	5,346.9	<b>5,293.5</b>	23.5	<b>-53.4</b>	-78.4	-48.2	<b>-1.0</b>	-1.5	-0.9
Employment part-time	1,481.7	<b>1,543.7</b>	21.7	<b>62.0</b>	57.8	61.1	<b>4.2</b>	3.9	4.1
Unemployment	436.8	<b>441.9</b>	12.3	<b>5.1</b>	81.9	112.8	<b>1.2</b>	22.8	34.3
Participation rate	62.2	<b>62.2</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>6.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.4	<b>58.4</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-0.7	-0.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.7	<b>22.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.9</b>	0.9	0.9	...	...	...
<b>25 to 54 years, both sexes</b>									
Population	14,501.1	<b>14,513.1</b>	...	<b>12.0</b>	46.6	91.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.6
Labour force	12,552.6	<b>12,559.6</b>	20.1	<b>7.0</b>	16.7	68.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	0.5
Employment	11,629.6	<b>11,622.8</b>	21.8	<b>-6.8</b>	-245.7	-243.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.1	-2.1
Unemployment	923.0	<b>936.8</b>	16.9	<b>13.8</b>	262.4	311.9	<b>1.5</b>	38.9	49.9
Participation rate	86.6	<b>86.5</b>	0.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	2.1	2.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	80.2	<b>80.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.9	-2.2	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by age and sex, Canada, seasonally adjusted

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>25 to 54 years, men</b>									
Population	7,246.2	<b>7,252.8</b>	...	<b>6.6</b>	25.5	49.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.7
Labour force	6,591.2	<b>6,604.8</b>	12.7	<b>13.6</b>	13.5	13.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.2
Employment	6,032.7	<b>6,039.7</b>	14.7	<b>7.0</b>	-168.1	-200.8	<b>0.1</b>	-2.7	-3.2
Unemployment	558.4	<b>565.1</b>	12.2	<b>6.7</b>	181.6	214.1	<b>1.2</b>	47.4	61.0
Participation rate	91.0	<b>91.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.5	<b>8.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	2.8	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	83.3	<b>83.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-2.6	-3.3	...	...	...
<b>25 to 54 years, women</b>									
Population	7,254.9	<b>7,260.3</b>	...	<b>5.4</b>	21.2	42.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.6
Labour force	5,961.4	<b>5,954.7</b>	15.0	<b>-6.7</b>	3.2	55.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	0.9
Employment	5,596.9	<b>5,583.1</b>	15.5	<b>-13.8</b>	-77.6	-42.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.4	-0.8
Unemployment	364.5	<b>371.6</b>	11.5	<b>7.1</b>	80.7	97.7	<b>1.9</b>	27.7	35.7
Participation rate	82.2	<b>82.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	<b>6.2</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	77.1	<b>76.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.3	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, both sexes</b>									
Population	8,356.7	<b>8,384.4</b>	...	<b>27.7</b>	136.6	270.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	3.3
Labour force	2,928.6	<b>2,962.6</b>	15.8	<b>34.0</b>	114.9	162.1	<b>1.2</b>	4.0	5.8
Employment	2,735.9	<b>2,768.6</b>	15.8	<b>32.7</b>	79.9	109.0	<b>1.2</b>	3.0	4.1
Unemployment	192.7	<b>194.0</b>	8.0	<b>1.3</b>	35.0	53.0	<b>0.7</b>	22.0	37.6
Participation rate	35.0	<b>35.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.9	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	32.7	<b>33.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	0.4	0.2	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, men</b>									
Population	3,928.7	<b>3,942.2</b>	...	<b>13.5</b>	66.9	133.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	3.5
Labour force	1,624.6	<b>1,638.2</b>	10.4	<b>13.6</b>	56.8	91.5	<b>0.8</b>	3.6	5.9
Employment	1,504.2	<b>1,514.5</b>	10.5	<b>10.3</b>	23.0	53.5	<b>0.7</b>	1.5	3.7
Unemployment	120.4	<b>123.7</b>	5.8	<b>3.3</b>	33.8	37.9	<b>2.7</b>	37.6	44.2
Participation rate	41.4	<b>41.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.9	2.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	38.3	<b>38.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	0.0	...	...	...
<b>55 years and over, women</b>									
Population	4,428.0	<b>4,442.2</b>	...	<b>14.2</b>	69.7	137.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	3.2
Labour force	1,304.0	<b>1,324.4</b>	10.9	<b>20.4</b>	58.1	70.6	<b>1.6</b>	4.6	5.6
Employment	1,231.7	<b>1,254.1</b>	10.9	<b>22.4</b>	56.9	55.5	<b>1.8</b>	4.8	4.6
Unemployment	72.3	<b>70.2</b>	5.4	<b>-2.1</b>	1.0	15.0	<b>-2.9</b>	1.4	27.2
Participation rate	29.4	<b>29.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	0.8	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	<b>5.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	27.8	<b>28.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	0.8	0.4	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM table 282-0087.

**Table 2**  
**Employment by class of worker and industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands									
<b>Class of worker</b>									
Employees	14,177.4	<b>14,132.8</b>	32.9	<b>-44.6</b>	-319.8	-387.9	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.2	-2.7
Self-employed <sup>2</sup>	2,654.8	<b>2,692.0</b>	22.2	<b>37.2</b>	33.6	81.8	<b>1.4</b>	1.3	3.1
<b>Public/private sector employees</b>									
Public sector employees	3,417.8	<b>3,412.5</b>	21.5	<b>-5.3</b>	-34.2	5.8	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.0	0.2
Private sector employees	10,759.6	<b>10,720.3</b>	33.6	<b>-39.3</b>	-285.6	-393.7	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.6	-3.5
<b>Industry</b>	16,832.2	<b>16,824.8</b>	27.8	<b>-7.4</b>	-286.2	-306.2	<b>0.0</b>	-1.7	-1.8
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	3,717.5	<b>3,705.0</b>	23.6	<b>-12.5</b>	-272.1	-325.8	<b>-0.3</b>	-6.8	-8.1
Agriculture	324.0	<b>326.8</b>	7.3	<b>2.8</b>	10.6	1.0	<b>0.9</b>	3.4	0.3
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	315.6	<b>315.1</b>	6.9	<b>-0.5</b>	-28.8	-27.0	<b>-0.2</b>	-8.4	-7.9
Utilities	149.4	<b>152.5</b>	4.6	<b>3.1</b>	3.5	-5.0	<b>2.1</b>	2.3	-3.2
Construction	1,140.1	<b>1,147.9</b>	14.8	<b>7.8</b>	-69.6	-73.2	<b>0.7</b>	-5.7	-6.0
Manufacturing	1,788.4	<b>1,762.7</b>	17.7	<b>-25.7</b>	-187.8	-221.5	<b>-1.4</b>	-9.6	-11.2
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	13,114.7	<b>13,119.8</b>	31.2	<b>5.1</b>	-14.1	19.7	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	0.2
Trade	2,633.3	<b>2,616.2</b>	20.8	<b>-17.1</b>	-45.5	-72.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.7	-2.7
Transportation and warehousing	823.1	<b>818.6</b>	12.5	<b>-4.5</b>	-51.1	-30.8	<b>-0.5</b>	-5.9	-3.6
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	1,064.2	<b>1,084.7</b>	14.0	<b>20.5</b>	1.0	17.8	<b>1.9</b>	0.1	1.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,192.4	<b>1,196.4</b>	15.0	<b>4.0</b>	-10.7	-24.0	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-2.0
Business, building and other support services	687.1	<b>673.3</b>	12.7	<b>-13.8</b>	3.2	-16.5	<b>-2.0</b>	0.5	-2.4
Educational services	1,183.9	<b>1,197.5</b>	14.2	<b>13.6</b>	13.0	4.7	<b>1.1</b>	1.1	0.4
Health care and social assistance	1,951.1	<b>1,944.4</b>	15.7	<b>-6.7</b>	4.9	52.0	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	2.7
Information, culture and recreation	770.6	<b>796.8</b>	12.5	<b>26.2</b>	34.2	33.7	<b>3.4</b>	4.5	4.4
Accommodation and food services	1,067.8	<b>1,064.8</b>	15.2	<b>-3.0</b>	1.4	-5.0	<b>-0.3</b>	0.1	-0.5
Other services	807.7	<b>799.1</b>	11.6	<b>-8.6</b>	42.2	58.2	<b>-1.1</b>	5.6	7.9
Public administration	933.5	<b>927.9</b>	11.2	<b>-5.6</b>	-6.8	1.9	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.7	0.2

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

2. Includes both incorporated and unincorporated working owners, self-employed persons who do not have a business and persons working in a family business without pay.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0088, 282-0089.

**Table 3**  
**Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	428.2	<b>428.5</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	2.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.6
Labour force	250.2	<b>254.6</b>	2.2	<b>4.4</b>	2.6	2.3	<b>1.8</b>	1.0	0.9
Employment	212.5	<b>215.0</b>	2.2	<b>2.5</b>	-2.5	-4.0	<b>1.2</b>	-1.1	-1.8
Employment full-time	182.9	<b>183.6</b>	2.5	<b>0.7</b>	-2.0	-4.7	<b>0.4</b>	-1.1	-2.5
Employment part-time	29.6	<b>31.4</b>	1.9	<b>1.8</b>	-0.4	0.8	<b>6.1</b>	-1.3	2.6
Unemployment	37.7	<b>39.6</b>	2.1	<b>1.9</b>	5.1	6.3	<b>5.0</b>	14.8	18.9
Participation rate	58.4	<b>59.4</b>	0.5	<b>1.0</b>	0.5	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.1	<b>15.6</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	1.9	2.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	49.6	<b>50.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.6</b>	-0.7	-1.2	...	...	...
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>									
Population	115.8	<b>116.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.7	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	1.5
Labour force	79.1	<b>78.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	0.4	-0.1	<b>-0.3</b>	0.5	-0.1
Employment	68.7	<b>69.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.6</b>	0.1	-1.4	<b>0.9</b>	0.1	-2.0
Employment full-time	57.9	<b>56.9</b>	0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.9	-3.1	<b>-1.7</b>	-1.6	-5.2
Employment part-time	10.8	<b>12.4</b>	0.7	<b>1.6</b>	1.0	1.6	<b>14.8</b>	8.8	14.8
Unemployment	10.4	<b>9.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.8</b>	0.4	1.3	<b>-7.7</b>	4.3	15.7
Participation rate	68.3	<b>68.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.1	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.1	<b>12.2</b>	0.8	<b>-0.9</b>	0.5	1.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	<b>59.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	-0.3	-2.2	...	...	...
<b>Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	772.1	<b>772.2</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	1.6	3.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.5
Labour force	497.0	<b>500.0</b>	2.8	<b>3.0</b>	6.0	6.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.2	1.3
Employment	452.9	<b>452.8</b>	2.9	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-3.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.7
Employment full-time	373.5	<b>373.0</b>	3.6	<b>-0.5</b>	1.4	-0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	-0.2
Employment part-time	79.4	<b>79.9</b>	3.1	<b>0.5</b>	-2.1	-2.3	<b>0.6</b>	-2.6	-2.8
Unemployment	44.1	<b>47.2</b>	2.6	<b>3.1</b>	6.7	9.8	<b>7.0</b>	16.5	26.2
Participation rate	64.4	<b>64.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.7	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>9.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.7	<b>58.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.7	...	...	...
<b>New Brunswick</b>									
Population	621.1	<b>621.5</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	3.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.6
Labour force	400.6	<b>404.0</b>	2.4	<b>3.4</b>	3.0	1.5	<b>0.8</b>	0.7	0.4
Employment	365.5	<b>366.9</b>	2.5	<b>1.4</b>	0.3	3.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.1	0.9
Employment full-time	307.5	<b>309.3</b>	3.0	<b>1.8</b>	-1.5	2.4	<b>0.6</b>	-0.5	0.8
Employment part-time	58.0	<b>57.7</b>	2.4	<b>-0.3</b>	1.9	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	3.4	1.9
Unemployment	35.1	<b>37.0</b>	2.2	<b>1.9</b>	2.6	-2.0	<b>5.4</b>	7.6	-5.1
Participation rate	64.5	<b>65.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.8	<b>9.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.6	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-0.2	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Quebec</b>									
Population	6,426.5	<b>6,433.0</b>	...	<b>6.5</b>	32.9	63.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.0
Labour force	4,229.6	<b>4,229.6</b>	14.2	<b>0.0</b>	38.0	44.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1
Employment	3,863.6	<b>3,859.0</b>	14.7	<b>-4.6</b>	-25.3	-26.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.7
Employment full-time	3,130.1	<b>3,133.1</b>	19.0	<b>3.0</b>	-1.7	-29.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.9
Employment part-time	733.5	<b>725.9</b>	17.4	<b>-7.6</b>	-23.6	3.0	<b>-1.0</b>	-3.1	0.4
Unemployment	366.0	<b>370.6</b>	12.7	<b>4.6</b>	63.4	70.3	<b>1.3</b>	20.6	23.4
Participation rate	65.8	<b>65.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	<b>8.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.5	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.1	<b>60.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 3 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Ontario</b>									
Population	10,636.8	<b>10,652.1</b>	...	<b>15.3</b>	71.3	148.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.4
Labour force	7,156.1	<b>7,172.2</b>	18.4	<b>16.1</b>	-9.8	8.5	<b>0.2</b>	-0.1	0.1
Employment	6,485.4	<b>6,486.6</b>	18.8	<b>1.2</b>	-178.6	-195.9	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-2.9
Employment full-time	5,233.1	<b>5,176.9</b>	23.8	<b>-56.2</b>	-244.2	-239.4	<b>-1.1</b>	-4.5	-4.4
Employment part-time	1,252.3	<b>1,309.7</b>	22.1	<b>57.4</b>	65.6	43.5	<b>4.6</b>	5.3	3.4
Unemployment	670.7	<b>685.6</b>	15.9	<b>14.9</b>	168.8	204.4	<b>2.2</b>	32.7	42.5
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	-0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	2.4	2.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.0	<b>60.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.1	-2.7	...	...	...
<b>Manitoba</b>									
Population	920.7	<b>922.5</b>	...	<b>1.8</b>	7.7	13.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.4
Labour force	639.1	<b>639.4</b>	2.7	<b>0.3</b>	2.9	4.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.8
Employment	608.1	<b>606.2</b>	2.8	<b>-1.9</b>	-2.9	-2.0	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.3
Employment full-time	495.5	<b>495.6</b>	3.9	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	5.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	1.2
Employment part-time	112.6	<b>110.5</b>	3.6	<b>-2.1</b>	-5.5	-8.0	<b>-1.9</b>	-4.7	-6.8
Unemployment	31.0	<b>33.2</b>	2.2	<b>2.2</b>	5.8	6.8	<b>7.1</b>	21.2	25.8
Participation rate	69.4	<b>69.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>5.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.0	<b>65.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.2	...	...	...
<b>Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	778.0	<b>779.3</b>	...	<b>1.3</b>	5.3	12.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.6
Labour force	550.2	<b>550.3</b>	2.3	<b>0.1</b>	7.3	18.9	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	3.6
Employment	523.2	<b>524.8</b>	2.4	<b>1.6</b>	4.5	14.8	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	2.9
Employment full-time	425.2	<b>424.9</b>	3.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.5	6.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	1.6
Employment part-time	98.0	<b>100.0</b>	2.9	<b>2.0</b>	6.1	8.0	<b>2.0</b>	6.5	8.7
Unemployment	27.1	<b>25.5</b>	1.8	<b>-1.6</b>	2.8	4.1	<b>-5.9</b>	12.3	19.2
Participation rate	70.7	<b>70.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.2	<b>67.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Alberta</b>									
Population	2,855.2	<b>2,863.8</b>	...	<b>8.6</b>	40.1	68.7	<b>0.3</b>	1.4	2.5
Labour force	2,135.3	<b>2,134.1</b>	8.0	<b>-1.2</b>	23.9	48.7	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	2.3
Employment	1,993.5	<b>1,989.5</b>	8.4	<b>-4.0</b>	-33.0	-26.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.6	-1.3
Employment full-time	1,643.3	<b>1,636.4</b>	11.3	<b>-6.9</b>	-44.4	-43.8	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.6	-2.6
Employment part-time	350.2	<b>353.1</b>	9.8	<b>2.9</b>	11.4	17.5	<b>0.8</b>	3.3	5.2
Unemployment	141.8	<b>144.6</b>	5.8	<b>2.8</b>	56.8	75.0	<b>2.0</b>	64.7	107.8
Participation rate	74.8	<b>74.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	2.6	3.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.8	<b>69.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.1	-2.6	...	...	...
<b>British Columbia</b>									
Population	3,695.7	<b>3,703.5</b>	...	<b>7.8</b>	31.3	63.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.8
Labour force	2,443.2	<b>2,453.6</b>	9.8	<b>10.4</b>	21.1	23.1	<b>0.4</b>	0.9	1.0
Employment	2,258.8	<b>2,254.7</b>	9.9	<b>-4.1</b>	-48.0	-65.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-2.8
Employment full-time	1,749.5	<b>1,761.5</b>	14.0	<b>12.0</b>	-78.1	-91.9	<b>0.7</b>	-4.2	-5.0
Employment part-time	509.3	<b>493.1</b>	12.8	<b>-16.2</b>	29.9	26.5	<b>-3.2</b>	6.5	5.7
Unemployment	184.5	<b>198.9</b>	7.2	<b>14.4</b>	69.2	88.4	<b>7.8</b>	53.4	80.0
Participation rate	66.1	<b>66.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.6	<b>8.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	2.8	3.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.1	<b>60.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.8	-2.8	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM Table 282-0087.

**Table 4-1**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Newfoundland and Labrador**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	428.2	<b>428.5</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	2.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.6
Labour force	250.2	<b>254.6</b>	2.2	<b>4.4</b>	2.6	2.3	<b>1.8</b>	1.0	0.9
Employment	212.5	<b>215.0</b>	2.2	<b>2.5</b>	-2.5	-4.0	<b>1.2</b>	-1.1	-1.8
Employment full-time	182.9	<b>183.6</b>	2.5	<b>0.7</b>	-2.0	-4.7	<b>0.4</b>	-1.1	-2.5
Unemployment	37.7	<b>39.6</b>	2.1	<b>1.9</b>	5.1	6.3	<b>5.0</b>	14.8	18.9
Participation rate	58.4	<b>59.4</b>	0.5	<b>1.0</b>	0.5	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.1	<b>15.6</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	1.9	2.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	49.6	<b>50.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.6</b>	-0.7	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	13.9	<b>14.6</b>	0.8	<b>0.7</b>	0.0	0.6	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	61.2	<b>61.0</b>	...	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.9	-1.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.5	-2.4
Labour force	33.9	<b>33.2</b>	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.1	-1.3	<b>-2.1</b>	-3.2	-3.8
Employment	26.6	<b>26.3</b>	1.1	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.4	-1.6	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.5	-5.7
Unemployment	7.3	<b>6.9</b>	1.0	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.7	0.3	<b>-5.5</b>	-9.2	4.5
Participation rate	55.4	<b>54.4</b>	1.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-1.0	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	21.5	<b>20.8</b>	2.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.4	1.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	43.5	<b>43.1</b>	1.8	<b>-0.4</b>	0.0	-1.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	41.7	<b>39.2</b>	3.7	<b>-2.6</b>	-10.3	-6.0	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	177.0	<b>177.2</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.0
Labour force	112.3	<b>117.2</b>	1.2	<b>4.9</b>	3.1	2.8	<b>4.4</b>	2.7	2.4
Employment	94.1	<b>95.9</b>	1.3	<b>1.8</b>	-2.1	-4.1	<b>1.9</b>	-2.1	-4.1
Unemployment	18.2	<b>21.3</b>	1.3	<b>3.1</b>	5.2	6.8	<b>17.0</b>	32.3	46.9
Participation rate	63.4	<b>66.1</b>	0.7	<b>2.7</b>	1.4	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.2	<b>18.2</b>	1.1	<b>2.0</b>	4.1	5.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	53.2	<b>54.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.9</b>	-1.5	-2.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	4.3	<b>4.7</b>	0.8	<b>0.4</b>	-0.3	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	190.0	<b>190.2</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	2.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.2
Labour force	104.1	<b>104.1</b>	1.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.7
Employment	91.9	<b>92.8</b>	1.1	<b>0.9</b>	0.0	1.6	<b>1.0</b>	0.0	1.8
Unemployment	12.2	<b>11.3</b>	1.1	<b>-0.9</b>	0.5	-0.9	<b>-7.4</b>	4.6	-7.4
Participation rate	54.8	<b>54.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.7	<b>10.9</b>	1.0	<b>-0.8</b>	0.5	-0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	48.4	<b>48.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	-0.2	0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.8	<b>17.9</b>	1.3	<b>2.1</b>	3.0	1.7	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Industry	212.5	<b>215.0</b>	2.2	<b>2.5</b>	-2.5	-4.0	<b>1.2</b>	-1.1	-1.8
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	1.0	<b>0.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.1	-0.3	<b>-40.0</b>	20.0	-33.3
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	13.8	<b>14.4</b>	1.0	<b>0.6</b>	-1.9	-0.6	<b>4.3</b>	-11.7	-4.0
Utilities	2.0	<b>2.5</b>	0.2	<b>0.5</b>	0.7	1.0	<b>25.0</b>	38.9	66.7
Construction	16.0	<b>16.8</b>	1.1	<b>0.8</b>	-0.5	-0.6	<b>5.0</b>	-2.9	-3.4
Manufacturing	12.5	<b>11.0</b>	1.1	<b>-1.5</b>	-1.6	-3.3	<b>-12.0</b>	-12.7	-23.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Trade	34.0	<b>32.6</b>	1.3	<b>-1.4</b>	-1.8	-2.5	<b>-4.1</b>	-5.2	-7.1
Transportation and warehousing	11.6	<b>10.7</b>	0.8	<b>-0.9</b>	-0.2	-0.2	<b>-7.8</b>	-1.8	-1.8
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	7.5	<b>9.0</b>	0.5	<b>1.5</b>	2.0	1.5	<b>20.0</b>	28.6	20.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	8.2	<b>8.3</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	-0.5	<b>1.2</b>	2.5	-5.7
Business, building and other support services	7.6	<b>8.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.7</b>	0.5	0.3	<b>9.2</b>	6.4	3.8
Educational services	16.0	<b>16.4</b>	0.9	<b>0.4</b>	-1.1	0.2	<b>2.5</b>	-6.3	1.2
Health care and social assistance	33.8	<b>34.3</b>	1.0	<b>0.5</b>	1.1	2.2	<b>1.5</b>	3.3	6.9
Information, culture and recreation	9.3	<b>9.9</b>	0.7	<b>0.6</b>	2.2	1.7	<b>6.5</b>	28.6	20.7
Accommodation and food services	12.7	<b>13.9</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	2.1	0.7	<b>9.4</b>	17.8	5.3
Other services	10.0	<b>9.9</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.6	-0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-26.7	-7.5
Public administration	16.6	<b>16.3</b>	0.9	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-2.7	<b>-1.8</b>	-5.2	-14.2

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-2**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Prince Edward Island**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	115.8	<b>116.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.7	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	1.5
Labour force	79.1	<b>78.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	0.4	-0.1	<b>-0.3</b>	0.5	-0.1
Employment	68.7	<b>69.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.6</b>	0.1	-1.4	<b>0.9</b>	0.1	-2.0
Employment full-time	57.9	<b>56.9</b>	0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.9	-3.1	<b>-1.7</b>	-1.6	-5.2
Unemployment	10.4	<b>9.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.8</b>	0.4	1.3	<b>-7.7</b>	4.3	15.7
Participation rate	68.3	<b>68.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.1	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.1	<b>12.2</b>	0.8	<b>-0.9</b>	0.5	1.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	<b>59.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	-0.3	-2.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.7	<b>17.9</b>	0.9	<b>2.2</b>	1.4	2.6	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	19.8	<b>19.8</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.5
Labour force	13.9	<b>13.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.6	-0.7	<b>-3.6</b>	-4.3	-5.0
Employment	11.2	<b>11.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	-0.2	<b>2.7</b>	0.9	-1.7
Unemployment	2.7	<b>1.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.7	-0.6	<b>-29.6</b>	-26.9	-24.0
Participation rate	70.2	<b>67.7</b>	2.0	<b>-2.5</b>	-3.0	-3.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	19.4	<b>14.2</b>	2.4	<b>-5.2</b>	-4.4	-3.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.6	<b>58.1</b>	1.9	<b>1.5</b>	0.5	-1.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	39.3	<b>40.9</b>	3.3	<b>1.6</b>	-3.0	5.8	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	46.2	<b>46.3</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	2.0
Labour force	33.6	<b>34.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.4	1.1	<b>1.5</b>	4.3	3.3
Employment	29.0	<b>29.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	0.2	0.1	<b>1.7</b>	0.7	0.3
Unemployment	4.6	<b>4.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	0.9	<b>-2.2</b>	32.4	25.0
Participation rate	72.7	<b>73.7</b>	0.8	<b>1.0</b>	2.6	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.7	<b>13.2</b>	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	2.8	2.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.8	<b>63.7</b>	0.9	<b>0.9</b>	0.0	-1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.2	<b>6.4</b>	1.0	<b>-0.8</b>	1.0	0.7	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	49.8	<b>49.9</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.7	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	1.4
Labour force	31.7	<b>31.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	-0.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.6	-1.3
Employment	28.5	<b>28.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	-1.3	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.7	-4.4
Unemployment	3.1	<b>3.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	1.0	<b>3.2</b>	0.0	45.5
Participation rate	63.7	<b>63.1</b>	0.6	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.8	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.8	<b>10.2</b>	0.9	<b>0.4</b>	0.1	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.2	<b>56.7</b>	0.8	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.8	-3.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.1	<b>20.5</b>	1.5	<b>5.4</b>	3.7	3.6	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	68.7	<b>69.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.6</b>	0.1	-1.4	<b>0.9</b>	0.1	-2.0
Agriculture	3.5	<b>3.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.8	<b>2.9</b>	16.1	28.6
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	2.3	<b>2.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.4	-1.1	<b>-13.0</b>	-41.2	-35.5
Utilities	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	0.0	<b>-33.3</b>	-33.3	0.0
Construction	4.5	<b>5.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.7</b>	0.3	0.3	<b>15.6</b>	6.1	6.1
Manufacturing	5.9	<b>5.7</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.1	-0.2	<b>-3.4</b>	-1.7	-3.4
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	52.2	<b>52.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	-1.3	<b>0.6</b>	1.5	-2.4
Trade	9.7	<b>10.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.8	-0.5	<b>4.1</b>	8.6	-4.7
Transportation and warehousing	2.1	<b>2.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.8	-0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-27.6	-19.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.4	<b>2.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	-0.2	<b>8.3</b>	8.3	-7.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	1.9	<b>2.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.3	<b>10.5</b>	-22.2	-12.5
Business, building and other support services	2.8	<b>2.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.0	<b>-3.6</b>	17.4	0.0
Educational services	5.0	<b>5.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	-0.1	<b>2.0</b>	8.5	-1.9
Health care and social assistance	8.0	<b>7.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.4	-0.8	<b>-8.8</b>	-16.1	-9.9
Information, culture and recreation	2.5	<b>2.7</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	-0.4	<b>8.0</b>	3.8	-12.9
Accommodation and food services	6.4	<b>5.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.1	0.4	<b>-12.5</b>	-1.8	7.7
Other services	3.1	<b>3.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	14.8	6.9
Public administration	8.4	<b>9.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.8</b>	1.5	1.1	<b>9.5</b>	19.5	13.6

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.



**Table 4-3**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Nova Scotia**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	772.1	<b>772.2</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	1.6	3.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.5
Labour force	497.0	<b>500.0</b>	2.8	<b>3.0</b>	6.0	6.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.2	1.3
Employment	452.9	<b>452.8</b>	2.9	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-3.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.7
Employment full-time	373.5	<b>373.0</b>	3.6	<b>-0.5</b>	1.4	-0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	-0.2
Unemployment	44.1	<b>47.2</b>	2.6	<b>3.1</b>	6.7	9.8	<b>7.0</b>	16.5	26.2
Participation rate	64.4	<b>64.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.7	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>9.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.7	<b>58.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	17.5	<b>17.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.4	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	120.3	<b>120.1</b>	...	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.6	-1.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.5	-1.2
Labour force	80.6	<b>82.8</b>	1.8	<b>2.2</b>	1.4	0.1	<b>2.7</b>	1.7	0.1
Employment	67.4	<b>67.2</b>	1.7	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.9	-4.8	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.7	-6.7
Unemployment	13.1	<b>15.7</b>	1.5	<b>2.6</b>	3.3	5.0	<b>19.8</b>	26.6	46.7
Participation rate	67.0	<b>68.9</b>	1.4	<b>1.9</b>	1.5	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.3	<b>19.0</b>	1.7	<b>2.7</b>	3.8	6.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.0	<b>56.0</b>	1.4	<b>0.0</b>	-1.2	-3.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	44.7	<b>43.9</b>	2.5	<b>-0.8</b>	1.2	0.3	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	310.6	<b>310.8</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	2.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.7
Labour force	215.4	<b>215.2</b>	1.5	<b>-0.2</b>	2.9	1.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.4	0.7
Employment	196.2	<b>195.7</b>	1.6	<b>-0.5</b>	0.6	-2.1	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	-1.1
Unemployment	19.2	<b>19.5</b>	1.6	<b>0.3</b>	2.2	3.6	<b>1.6</b>	12.7	22.6
Participation rate	69.3	<b>69.2</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	0.7	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>9.1</b>	0.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	1.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.2	<b>63.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	0.0	-1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.4	<b>7.3</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	341.1	<b>341.3</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	2.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.8
Labour force	201.0	<b>202.0</b>	1.5	<b>1.0</b>	1.7	4.9	<b>0.5</b>	0.8	2.5
Employment	189.2	<b>190.0</b>	1.5	<b>0.8</b>	0.6	3.7	<b>0.4</b>	0.3	2.0
Unemployment	11.8	<b>12.0</b>	1.3	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	1.2	<b>1.7</b>	10.1	11.1
Participation rate	58.9	<b>59.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	0.3	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	<b>5.9</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.5	<b>55.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.0	0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.4	<b>18.9</b>	1.1	<b>0.6</b>	-1.4	-0.8	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Goods-producing sector	452.9	<b>452.8</b>	2.9	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-3.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.7
Agriculture	84.2	<b>83.4</b>	2.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-9.5	-11.7	<b>-1.0</b>	-10.2	-12.3
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	5.9	<b>6.8</b>	0.7	<b>0.9</b>	-0.8	0.3	<b>15.3</b>	-10.5	4.6
Utilities	13.3	<b>13.0</b>	1.0	<b>-0.3</b>	0.8	0.7	<b>-2.3</b>	6.6	5.7
Construction	2.8	<b>2.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	-1.1	<b>0.0</b>	3.7	-28.2
Manufacturing	29.6	<b>29.7</b>	1.4	<b>0.1</b>	-2.1	-3.0	<b>0.3</b>	-6.6	-9.2
Services-producing sector	32.6	<b>31.0</b>	1.5	<b>-1.6</b>	-7.7	-8.8	<b>-4.9</b>	-19.9	-22.1
Trade	368.7	<b>369.4</b>	3.0	<b>0.7</b>	8.7	8.5	<b>0.2</b>	2.4	2.4
Transportation and warehousing	74.7	<b>76.7</b>	2.0	<b>2.0</b>	-2.7	1.2	<b>2.7</b>	-3.4	1.6
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	21.5	<b>21.9</b>	1.0	<b>0.4</b>	2.4	3.3	<b>1.9</b>	12.3	17.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	22.5	<b>23.3</b>	1.0	<b>0.8</b>	1.7	0.5	<b>3.6</b>	7.9	2.2
Business, building and other support services	21.9	<b>20.8</b>	1.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-3.4	-0.9	<b>-5.0</b>	-14.0	-4.1
Educational services	25.5	<b>24.7</b>	1.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.2	-1.6	<b>-3.1</b>	-0.8	-6.1
Health care and social assistance	37.5	<b>39.0</b>	1.4	<b>1.5</b>	4.0	5.2	<b>4.0</b>	11.4	15.4
Information, culture and recreation	60.3	<b>63.1</b>	1.6	<b>2.8</b>	3.8	2.3	<b>4.6</b>	6.4	3.8
Accommodation and food services	20.1	<b>19.5</b>	1.1	<b>-0.6</b>	1.0	-0.9	<b>-3.0</b>	5.4	-4.4
Other services	32.0	<b>27.9</b>	1.5	<b>-4.1</b>	-2.0	-3.4	<b>-12.8</b>	-6.7	-10.9
Public administration	19.3	<b>19.1</b>	1.1	<b>-0.2</b>	0.7	-0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	3.8	-4.0
	33.4	<b>33.4</b>	1.1	<b>0.0</b>	3.4	3.5	<b>0.0</b>	11.3	11.7

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-4**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — New Brunswick**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	621.1	<b>621.5</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	3.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.6
Labour force	400.6	<b>404.0</b>	2.4	<b>3.4</b>	3.0	1.5	<b>0.8</b>	0.7	0.4
Employment	365.5	<b>366.9</b>	2.5	<b>1.4</b>	0.3	3.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.1	0.9
Employment full-time	307.5	<b>309.3</b>	3.0	<b>1.8</b>	-1.5	2.4	<b>0.6</b>	-0.5	0.8
Unemployment	35.1	<b>37.0</b>	2.2	<b>1.9</b>	2.6	-2.0	<b>5.4</b>	7.6	-5.1
Participation rate	64.5	<b>65.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.8	<b>9.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.6	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.9	<b>15.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	0.5	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	94.0	<b>93.9</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-1.0	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-1.1
Labour force	61.8	<b>63.3</b>	1.3	<b>1.5</b>	-2.5	-3.0	<b>2.4</b>	-3.8	-4.5
Employment	53.4	<b>53.5</b>	1.3	<b>0.1</b>	-3.0	-0.2	<b>0.2</b>	-5.3	-0.4
Unemployment	8.3	<b>9.8</b>	1.2	<b>1.5</b>	0.4	-2.8	<b>18.1</b>	4.3	-22.2
Participation rate	65.7	<b>67.4</b>	1.4	<b>1.7</b>	-2.4	-2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.4	<b>15.5</b>	1.8	<b>2.1</b>	1.2	-3.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.8	<b>57.0</b>	1.4	<b>0.2</b>	-2.9	0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	40.4	<b>38.7</b>	2.5	<b>-1.8</b>	0.3	-2.1	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	254.4	<b>254.7</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	2.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.8
Labour force	176.2	<b>178.0</b>	1.4	<b>1.8</b>	4.5	3.0	<b>1.0</b>	2.6	1.7
Employment	159.6	<b>160.5</b>	1.5	<b>0.9</b>	2.2	2.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.4	1.6
Unemployment	16.6	<b>17.5</b>	1.4	<b>0.9</b>	2.4	0.5	<b>5.4</b>	15.9	2.9
Participation rate	69.3	<b>69.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.5	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.8</b>	0.8	<b>0.4</b>	1.1	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.7	<b>63.0</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	0.6	0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.0	<b>6.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.2	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	272.7	<b>273.0</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.2	2.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	1.0
Labour force	162.7	<b>162.7</b>	1.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.0	1.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.9
Employment	152.5	<b>152.9</b>	1.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.1	1.1	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.7
Unemployment	10.2	<b>9.7</b>	1.0	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.1	0.3	<b>-4.9</b>	-1.0	3.2
Participation rate	59.7	<b>59.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	<b>6.0</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.1	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.9	<b>56.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	17.6	<b>17.7</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	365.5	<b>366.9</b>	2.5	<b>1.4</b>	0.3	3.4	<b>0.4</b>	0.1	0.9
Agriculture	82.6	<b>84.8</b>	2.1	<b>2.2</b>	5.7	3.9	<b>2.7</b>	7.2	4.8
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	7.1	<b>7.5</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	0.0	2.1	<b>5.6</b>	0.0	38.9
Utilities	10.4	<b>11.4</b>	0.9	<b>1.0</b>	1.9	-0.6	<b>9.6</b>	20.0	-5.0
Construction	4.1	<b>4.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	-1.6	<b>-2.4</b>	-16.7	-28.6
Manufacturing	26.2	<b>27.9</b>	1.2	<b>1.7</b>	4.0	4.9	<b>6.5</b>	16.7	21.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	34.8	<b>34.0</b>	1.4	<b>-0.8</b>	0.5	-0.8	<b>-2.3</b>	1.5	-2.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	282.9	<b>282.1</b>	2.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-5.4	-0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.9	-0.2
Trade	54.7	<b>53.5</b>	1.5	<b>-1.2</b>	-3.4	-5.2	<b>-2.2</b>	-6.0	-8.9
Transportation and warehousing	18.8	<b>18.0</b>	0.9	<b>-0.8</b>	-2.2	-1.1	<b>-4.3</b>	-10.9	-5.8
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	16.0	<b>17.4</b>	0.9	<b>1.4</b>	1.7	2.4	<b>8.8</b>	10.8	16.0
Business, building and other support services	17.9	<b>17.7</b>	0.9	<b>-0.2</b>	0.3	1.3	<b>-1.1</b>	1.7	7.9
Educational services	20.2	<b>20.4</b>	1.1	<b>0.2</b>	-0.6	1.3	<b>1.0</b>	-2.9	6.8
Health care and social assistance	28.5	<b>28.0</b>	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.5	3.1	<b>-1.8</b>	-5.1	12.4
Information, culture and recreation	50.2	<b>49.8</b>	1.3	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.2	-2.0	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.4	-3.9
Accommodation and food services	11.2	<b>12.2</b>	0.8	<b>1.0</b>	1.2	0.3	<b>8.9</b>	10.9	2.5
Other services	20.6	<b>22.0</b>	1.2	<b>1.4</b>	-0.8	-2.8	<b>6.8</b>	-3.5	-11.3
Public administration	17.2	<b>16.2</b>	0.9	<b>-1.0</b>	1.1	0.7	<b>-5.8</b>	7.3	4.5
Public administration	27.6	<b>26.9</b>	1.0	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.0	1.5	<b>-2.5</b>	-3.6	5.9

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-5**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Quebec**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	6,426.5	<b>6,433.0</b>	...	<b>6.5</b>	32.9	63.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.0
Labour force	4,229.6	<b>4,229.6</b>	14.2	<b>0.0</b>	38.0	44.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1
Employment	3,863.6	<b>3,859.0</b>	14.7	<b>-4.6</b>	-25.3	-26.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.7
Employment full-time	3,130.1	<b>3,133.1</b>	19.0	<b>3.0</b>	-1.7	-29.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.9
Unemployment	366.0	<b>370.6</b>	12.7	<b>4.6</b>	63.4	70.3	<b>1.3</b>	20.6	23.4
Participation rate	65.8	<b>65.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	<b>8.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.5	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.1	<b>60.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.0	<b>18.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.5	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	962.4	<b>962.7</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	3.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.4
Labour force	655.9	<b>647.4</b>	8.0	<b>-8.5</b>	3.9	-4.8	<b>-1.3</b>	0.6	-0.7
Employment	551.4	<b>550.6</b>	7.9	<b>-0.8</b>	-8.4	-14.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.5	-2.5
Unemployment	104.4	<b>96.7</b>	7.0	<b>-7.7</b>	12.2	9.6	<b>-7.4</b>	14.4	11.0
Participation rate	68.2	<b>67.2</b>	0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	0.2	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.9	<b>14.9</b>	1.0	<b>-1.0</b>	1.8	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.3	<b>57.2</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.0	-1.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	50.8	<b>50.6</b>	1.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.8	3.0	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,670.8	<b>2,674.1</b>	...	<b>3.3</b>	16.3	30.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.2
Labour force	1,887.1	<b>1,899.5</b>	7.7	<b>12.4</b>	33.2	32.2	<b>0.7</b>	1.8	1.7
Employment	1,724.3	<b>1,727.7</b>	8.7	<b>3.4</b>	-0.7	-12.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.0	-0.7
Unemployment	162.8	<b>171.8</b>	7.8	<b>9.0</b>	33.9	45.2	<b>5.5</b>	24.6	35.7
Participation rate	70.7	<b>71.0</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.6	<b>9.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	1.6	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.6	<b>64.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.6	<b>6.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.5	-0.3	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,793.3	<b>2,796.2</b>	...	<b>2.9</b>	15.0	29.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.1
Labour force	1,686.7	<b>1,682.8</b>	8.0	<b>-3.9</b>	1.0	16.7	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	1.0
Employment	1,587.9	<b>1,580.6</b>	8.2	<b>-7.3</b>	-16.4	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.0	0.1
Unemployment	98.8	<b>102.1</b>	6.7	<b>3.3</b>	17.3	15.5	<b>3.3</b>	20.4	17.9
Participation rate	60.4	<b>60.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	<b>6.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.8	<b>56.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.3	<b>20.8</b>	0.7	<b>0.5</b>	0.2	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	3,863.6	<b>3,859.0</b>	14.7	<b>-4.6</b>	-25.3	-26.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.7
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
	870.2	<b>864.3</b>	11.9	<b>-5.9</b>	-9.1	-29.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.0	-3.3
Agriculture	59.4	<b>60.2</b>	3.6	<b>0.8</b>	8.1	0.0	<b>1.3</b>	15.5	0.0
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	29.9	<b>30.1</b>	2.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.8	-4.0	<b>0.7</b>	-5.6	-11.7
Utilities	37.8	<b>39.9</b>	2.2	<b>2.1</b>	9.0	1.9	<b>5.6</b>	29.1	5.0
Construction	202.6	<b>209.8</b>	7.0	<b>7.2</b>	1.3	-3.8	<b>3.6</b>	0.6	-1.8
Manufacturing	540.5	<b>524.3</b>	9.5	<b>-16.2</b>	-25.7	-23.7	<b>-3.0</b>	-4.7	-4.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	2,993.4	<b>2,994.7</b>	16.2	<b>1.3</b>	-16.3	3.5	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	0.1
Trade	624.5	<b>618.7</b>	10.7	<b>-5.8</b>	12.8	-1.6	<b>-0.9</b>	2.1	-0.3
Transportation and warehousing	173.2	<b>174.7</b>	6.2	<b>1.5</b>	-6.4	-6.6	<b>0.9</b>	-3.5	-3.6
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	214.1	<b>212.6</b>	7.0	<b>-1.5</b>	-10.5	-19.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-4.7	-8.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	274.8	<b>277.4</b>	7.8	<b>2.6</b>	17.8	9.0	<b>0.9</b>	6.9	3.4
Business, building and other support services	149.2	<b>147.2</b>	5.9	<b>-2.0</b>	0.2	-0.5	<b>-1.3</b>	0.1	-0.3
Educational services	261.8	<b>269.1</b>	7.1	<b>7.3</b>	23.8	7.5	<b>2.8</b>	9.7	2.9
Health care and social assistance	489.8	<b>475.8</b>	8.4	<b>-14.0</b>	-23.0	13.3	<b>-2.9</b>	-4.6	2.9
Information, culture and recreation	172.4	<b>175.8</b>	6.5	<b>3.4</b>	-3.8	-1.8	<b>2.0</b>	-2.1	-1.0
Accommodation and food services	225.3	<b>236.2</b>	8.0	<b>10.9</b>	-6.8	-3.5	<b>4.8</b>	-2.8	-1.5
Other services	190.7	<b>184.8</b>	6.1	<b>-5.9</b>	13.4	8.7	<b>-3.1</b>	7.8	4.9
Public administration	217.7	<b>222.4</b>	5.8	<b>4.7</b>	-33.8	-2.2	<b>2.2</b>	-13.2	-1.0

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-6**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Ontario**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	10,636.8	<b>10,652.1</b>	...	<b>15.3</b>	71.3	148.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.4
Labour force	7,156.1	<b>7,172.2</b>	18.4	<b>16.1</b>	-9.8	8.5	<b>0.2</b>	-0.1	0.1
Employment	6,485.4	<b>6,486.6</b>	18.8	<b>1.2</b>	-178.6	-195.9	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-2.9
Employment full-time	5,233.1	<b>5,176.9</b>	23.8	<b>-56.2</b>	-244.2	-239.4	<b>-1.1</b>	-4.5	-4.4
Unemployment	670.7	<b>685.6</b>	15.9	<b>14.9</b>	168.8	204.4	<b>2.2</b>	32.7	42.5
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	-0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	2.4	2.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.0	<b>60.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.1	-2.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.3	<b>20.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.9</b>	1.5	1.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	1,743.6	<b>1,744.9</b>	...	<b>1.3</b>	5.8	12.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.7
Labour force	1,087.4	<b>1,093.9</b>	11.3	<b>6.5</b>	-28.4	-37.8	<b>0.6</b>	-2.5	-3.3
Employment	901.4	<b>884.9</b>	10.9	<b>-16.5</b>	-64.9	-81.2	<b>-1.8</b>	-6.8	-8.4
Unemployment	185.9	<b>209.0</b>	9.8	<b>23.1</b>	36.5	43.5	<b>12.4</b>	21.2	26.3
Participation rate	62.4	<b>62.7</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	-1.8	-2.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	17.1	<b>19.1</b>	0.8	<b>2.0</b>	3.7	4.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	51.7	<b>50.7</b>	0.6	<b>-1.0</b>	-3.9	-5.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	50.8	<b>52.7</b>	1.1	<b>1.9</b>	5.2	2.9	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,320.2	<b>4,326.9</b>	...	<b>6.7</b>	31.2	64.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.5
Labour force	3,190.7	<b>3,191.0</b>	8.9	<b>0.3</b>	-2.4	15.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	0.5
Employment	2,896.1	<b>2,898.8</b>	10.1	<b>2.7</b>	-106.1	-98.4	<b>0.1</b>	-3.5	-3.3
Unemployment	294.6	<b>292.2</b>	8.9	<b>-2.4</b>	103.7	113.7	<b>-0.8</b>	55.0	63.7
Participation rate	73.9	<b>73.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.2	<b>9.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	3.3	3.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.0	<b>67.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-3.0	-3.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	8.1	<b>8.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,573.0	<b>4,580.3</b>	...	<b>7.3</b>	34.3	71.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.6
Labour force	2,878.0	<b>2,887.3</b>	10.7	<b>9.3</b>	21.0	30.9	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	1.1
Employment	2,687.9	<b>2,702.9</b>	10.6	<b>15.0</b>	-7.6	-16.3	<b>0.6</b>	-0.3	-0.6
Unemployment	190.2	<b>184.4</b>	8.5	<b>-5.8</b>	28.6	47.3	<b>-3.0</b>	18.4	34.5
Participation rate	62.9	<b>63.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	1.0	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.8	<b>59.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	-0.6	-1.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.8	<b>22.5</b>	0.5	<b>1.7</b>	1.3	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	6,485.4	<b>6,486.6</b>	18.8	<b>1.2</b>	-178.6	-195.9	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-2.9
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
	1,348.5	<b>1,355.1</b>	15.4	<b>6.6</b>	-138.8	-194.4	<b>0.5</b>	-9.3	-12.5
Agriculture	83.1	<b>85.1</b>	3.9	<b>2.0</b>	-2.3	0.4	<b>2.4</b>	-2.6	0.5
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	35.6	<b>33.8</b>	2.4	<b>-1.8</b>	-0.5	-5.3	<b>-5.1</b>	-1.5	-13.6
Utilities	56.4	<b>56.1</b>	3.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-7.8	-8.0	<b>-0.5</b>	-12.2	-12.5
Construction	395.8	<b>401.5</b>	9.2	<b>5.7</b>	-35.5	-41.2	<b>1.4</b>	-8.1	-9.3
Manufacturing	777.7	<b>778.6</b>	12.3	<b>0.9</b>	-92.6	-140.3	<b>0.1</b>	-10.6	-15.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	5,136.9	<b>5,131.5</b>	20.9	<b>-5.4</b>	-39.8	-1.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	0.0
Trade	989.8	<b>992.8</b>	13.9	<b>3.0</b>	-34.3	-44.4	<b>0.3</b>	-3.3	-4.3
Transportation and warehousing	316.1	<b>307.4</b>	8.3	<b>-8.7</b>	-39.6	-16.1	<b>-2.8</b>	-11.4	-5.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	495.8	<b>503.9</b>	9.9	<b>8.1</b>	9.1	38.7	<b>1.6</b>	1.8	8.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	507.0	<b>503.0</b>	10.2	<b>-4.0</b>	-3.5	-5.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.7	-1.1
Business, building and other support services	276.2	<b>281.8</b>	8.9	<b>5.6</b>	5.6	-17.9	<b>2.0</b>	2.0	-6.0
Educational services	458.3	<b>464.1</b>	9.5	<b>5.8</b>	-5.3	-5.7	<b>1.3</b>	-1.1	-1.2
Health care and social assistance	700.7	<b>706.6</b>	10.2	<b>5.9</b>	6.5	16.6	<b>0.8</b>	0.9	2.4
Information, culture and recreation	312.7	<b>321.6</b>	8.5	<b>8.9</b>	8.3	10.5	<b>2.8</b>	2.6	3.4
Accommodation and food services	402.4	<b>388.3</b>	9.9	<b>-14.1</b>	-0.5	-4.6	<b>-3.5</b>	-0.1	-1.2
Other services	317.1	<b>310.9</b>	7.5	<b>-6.2</b>	15.1	37.0	<b>-2.0</b>	5.1	13.5
Public administration	360.8	<b>351.2</b>	7.6	<b>-9.6</b>	-1.2	-10.1	<b>-2.7</b>	-0.3	-2.8

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-7**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Manitoba**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	920.7	<b>922.5</b>	...	<b>1.8</b>	7.7	13.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.4
Labour force	639.1	<b>639.4</b>	2.7	<b>0.3</b>	2.9	4.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.8
Employment	608.1	<b>606.2</b>	2.8	<b>-1.9</b>	-2.9	-2.0	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.3
Employment full-time	495.5	<b>495.6</b>	3.9	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	5.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	1.2
Unemployment	31.0	<b>33.2</b>	2.2	<b>2.2</b>	5.8	6.8	<b>7.1</b>	21.2	25.8
Participation rate	69.4	<b>69.3</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>5.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.0	<b>65.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.5	<b>18.2</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.8	-1.3	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	160.0	<b>160.2</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.1
Labour force	113.7	<b>112.1</b>	1.7	<b>-1.6</b>	-2.6	-3.4	<b>-1.4</b>	-2.3	-2.9
Employment	103.2	<b>100.2</b>	1.7	<b>-3.0</b>	-4.5	-4.5	<b>-2.9</b>	-4.3	-4.3
Unemployment	10.5	<b>11.8</b>	1.4	<b>1.3</b>	1.8	1.0	<b>12.4</b>	18.0	9.3
Participation rate	71.1	<b>70.0</b>	1.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.1	-2.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.2	<b>10.5</b>	1.2	<b>1.3</b>	1.8	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	<b>62.5</b>	1.1	<b>-2.0</b>	-3.3	-3.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	40.6	<b>43.2</b>	1.9	<b>2.6</b>	-0.7	1.2	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	372.0	<b>372.7</b>	...	<b>0.7</b>	3.3	5.6	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.5
Labour force	282.6	<b>283.8</b>	1.4	<b>1.2</b>	3.6	4.7	<b>0.4</b>	1.3	1.7
Employment	271.5	<b>272.8</b>	1.5	<b>1.3</b>	2.4	1.5	<b>0.5</b>	0.9	0.6
Unemployment	11.0	<b>11.0</b>	1.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.2	3.2	<b>0.0</b>	12.2	41.0
Participation rate	76.0	<b>76.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	<b>3.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	73.0	<b>73.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.0	-0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.8	<b>6.3</b>	0.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.8	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	388.8	<b>389.6</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	3.2	5.7	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.5
Labour force	242.9	<b>243.5</b>	1.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.8	3.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.4
Employment	233.4	<b>233.1</b>	1.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.0	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	0.3
Unemployment	9.4	<b>10.4</b>	1.1	<b>1.0</b>	2.8	2.6	<b>10.6</b>	36.8	33.3
Participation rate	62.5	<b>62.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	<b>4.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.0	<b>59.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.8	-0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.5	<b>21.5</b>	1.0	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.3	-2.1	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Goods-producing sector	608.1	<b>606.2</b>	2.8	<b>-1.9</b>	-2.9	-2.0	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.3
Agriculture	138.8	<b>141.4</b>	2.5	<b>2.6</b>	-4.8	-5.5	<b>1.9</b>	-3.3	-3.7
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	25.6	<b>27.6</b>	1.3	<b>2.0</b>	-1.8	-0.8	<b>7.8</b>	-6.1	-2.8
Utilities	7.0	<b>6.6</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	0.7	0.1	<b>-5.7</b>	11.9	1.5
Construction	7.6	<b>8.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.8</b>	1.5	1.6	<b>10.5</b>	21.7	23.5
Manufacturing	38.1	<b>37.5</b>	1.5	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.7	-0.1	<b>-1.6</b>	-1.8	-0.3
Services-producing sector	60.6	<b>61.4</b>	1.8	<b>0.8</b>	-4.4	-6.2	<b>1.3</b>	-6.7	-9.2
Trade	469.3	<b>464.7</b>	3.3	<b>-4.6</b>	1.8	3.4	<b>-1.0</b>	0.4	0.7
Transportation and warehousing	87.7	<b>87.1</b>	2.0	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.2	-7.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.5	-8.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	39.6	<b>39.6</b>	1.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.5	6.6	<b>0.0</b>	6.7	20.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	34.7	<b>38.0</b>	1.4	<b>3.3</b>	3.2	0.7	<b>9.5</b>	9.2	1.9
Business, building and other support services	26.6	<b>24.9</b>	1.2	<b>-1.7</b>	0.7	-0.3	<b>-6.4</b>	2.9	-1.2
Educational services	22.4	<b>19.7</b>	1.2	<b>-2.7</b>	2.2	0.9	<b>-12.1</b>	12.6	4.8
Health care and social assistance	46.7	<b>44.5</b>	1.5	<b>-2.2</b>	-3.4	-3.3	<b>-4.7</b>	-7.1	-6.9
Information, culture and recreation	85.8	<b>85.2</b>	1.9	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.0	1.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.3	1.9
Accommodation and food services	25.8	<b>25.4</b>	1.2	<b>-0.4</b>	2.8	3.2	<b>-1.6</b>	12.4	14.4
Other services	34.1	<b>35.9</b>	1.6	<b>1.8</b>	-1.1	0.1	<b>5.3</b>	-3.0	0.3
Public administration	28.9	<b>28.1</b>	1.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.8	-0.4	<b>-2.8</b>	-2.8	-1.4
	37.1	<b>36.3</b>	1.2	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.1	1.8	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.3	5.2

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-8**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Saskatchewan**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	778.0	<b>779.3</b>	...	<b>1.3</b>	5.3	12.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.6
Labour force	550.2	<b>550.3</b>	2.3	<b>0.1</b>	7.3	18.9	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	3.6
Employment	523.2	<b>524.8</b>	2.4	<b>1.6</b>	4.5	14.8	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	2.9
Employment full-time	425.2	<b>424.9</b>	3.2	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.5	6.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	1.6
Unemployment	27.1	<b>25.5</b>	1.8	<b>-1.6</b>	2.8	4.1	<b>-5.9</b>	12.3	19.2
Participation rate	70.7	<b>70.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.2	<b>67.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	0.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.7	<b>19.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	1.0	1.0	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	139.4	<b>139.4</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.3	0.0	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	0.0
Labour force	101.5	<b>99.5</b>	1.5	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.9	-0.6	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.9	-0.6
Employment	91.0	<b>89.5</b>	1.5	<b>-1.5</b>	-4.0	-3.4	<b>-1.6</b>	-4.3	-3.7
Unemployment	10.4	<b>10.0</b>	1.2	<b>-0.4</b>	2.1	2.8	<b>-3.8</b>	26.6	38.9
Participation rate	72.8	<b>71.4</b>	1.1	<b>-1.4</b>	-1.2	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.2	<b>10.1</b>	1.1	<b>-0.1</b>	2.3	2.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.3	<b>64.2</b>	1.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.7	-2.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	39.2	<b>37.4</b>	1.7	<b>-1.8</b>	0.3	2.1	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	312.1	<b>312.8</b>	...	<b>0.7</b>	2.9	6.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	2.0
Labour force	238.7	<b>239.9</b>	1.2	<b>1.2</b>	4.6	7.5	<b>0.5</b>	2.0	3.2
Employment	229.0	<b>230.2</b>	1.2	<b>1.2</b>	2.6	5.4	<b>0.5</b>	1.1	2.4
Unemployment	9.8	<b>9.7</b>	0.9	<b>-0.1</b>	2.0	2.0	<b>-1.0</b>	26.0	26.0
Participation rate	76.5	<b>76.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	<b>4.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.7	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	73.4	<b>73.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.9	<b>6.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	326.5	<b>327.1</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	2.7	6.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.9
Labour force	210.0	<b>210.9</b>	1.3	<b>0.9</b>	4.7	12.0	<b>0.4</b>	2.3	6.0
Employment	203.2	<b>205.1</b>	1.4	<b>1.9</b>	5.9	12.7	<b>0.9</b>	3.0	6.6
Unemployment	6.9	<b>5.8</b>	0.9	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.2	-0.7	<b>-15.9</b>	-17.1	-10.8
Participation rate	64.3	<b>64.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	<b>2.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.6	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	<b>62.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	1.3	2.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.9	<b>24.8</b>	1.0	<b>1.9</b>	2.8	2.1	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	138.0	<b>137.1</b>	2.3	<b>-0.9</b>	-5.5	0.0	<b>-0.7</b>	-3.9	0.0
Agriculture	42.3	<b>42.5</b>	1.5	<b>0.2</b>	3.3	1.7	<b>0.5</b>	8.4	4.2
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	22.5	<b>23.2</b>	1.1	<b>0.7</b>	-2.0	-2.9	<b>3.1</b>	-7.9	-11.1
Utilities	4.7	<b>4.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.9	-1.2	<b>-8.5</b>	-30.6	-21.8
Construction	39.2	<b>39.6</b>	1.3	<b>0.4</b>	-1.0	5.1	<b>1.0</b>	-2.5	14.8
Manufacturing	29.2	<b>27.4</b>	1.2	<b>-1.8</b>	-3.9	-2.8	<b>-6.2</b>	-12.5	-9.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	385.2	<b>387.8</b>	2.8	<b>2.6</b>	10.1	14.8	<b>0.7</b>	2.7	4.0
Trade	81.1	<b>81.7</b>	1.8	<b>0.6</b>	-1.6	-1.9	<b>0.7</b>	-1.9	-2.3
Transportation and warehousing	23.6	<b>25.0</b>	1.0	<b>1.4</b>	1.7	1.2	<b>5.9</b>	7.3	5.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	30.1	<b>29.2</b>	1.0	<b>-0.9</b>	0.3	0.7	<b>-3.0</b>	1.0	2.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	22.9	<b>23.0</b>	0.9	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	2.6	<b>0.4</b>	12.2	12.7
Business, building and other support services	11.6	<b>12.2</b>	0.8	<b>0.6</b>	-0.5	1.0	<b>5.2</b>	-3.9	8.9
Educational services	40.3	<b>40.9</b>	1.3	<b>0.6</b>	2.3	4.4	<b>1.5</b>	6.0	12.1
Health care and social assistance	64.8	<b>66.8</b>	1.3	<b>2.0</b>	3.8	1.3	<b>3.1</b>	6.0	2.0
Information, culture and recreation	21.2	<b>20.6</b>	1.0	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.2	0.0	<b>-2.8</b>	-1.0	0.0
Accommodation and food services	32.8	<b>31.0</b>	1.4	<b>-1.8</b>	-1.4	-0.9	<b>-5.5</b>	-4.3	-2.8
Other services	24.3	<b>24.8</b>	1.0	<b>0.5</b>	0.7	2.4	<b>2.1</b>	2.9	10.7
Public administration	32.5	<b>32.6</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	2.5	4.1	<b>0.3</b>	8.3	14.4

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.



**Table 4-9**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Alberta**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	2,855.2	<b>2,863.8</b>	...	<b>8.6</b>	40.1	68.7	<b>0.3</b>	1.4	2.5
Labour force	2,135.3	<b>2,134.1</b>	8.0	<b>-1.2</b>	23.9	48.7	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	2.3
Employment	1,993.5	<b>1,989.5</b>	8.4	<b>-4.0</b>	-33.0	-26.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.6	-1.3
Employment full-time	1,643.3	<b>1,636.4</b>	11.3	<b>-6.9</b>	-44.4	-43.8	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.6	-2.6
Unemployment	141.8	<b>144.6</b>	5.8	<b>2.8</b>	56.8	75.0	<b>2.0</b>	64.7	107.8
Participation rate	74.8	<b>74.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	2.6	3.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.8	<b>69.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-2.1	-2.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	17.6	<b>17.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	506.9	<b>507.7</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	2.7	4.0	<b>0.2</b>	0.5	0.8
Labour force	368.9	<b>362.3</b>	4.9	<b>-6.6</b>	-5.0	-10.1	<b>-1.8</b>	-1.4	-2.7
Employment	323.5	<b>314.6</b>	5.0	<b>-8.9</b>	-19.7	-31.7	<b>-2.8</b>	-5.9	-9.2
Unemployment	45.4	<b>47.7</b>	3.7	<b>2.3</b>	14.8	21.7	<b>5.1</b>	45.0	83.5
Participation rate	72.8	<b>71.4</b>	1.0	<b>-1.4</b>	-1.3	-2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.3	<b>13.2</b>	1.0	<b>0.9</b>	4.2	6.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.8	<b>62.0</b>	1.0	<b>-1.8</b>	-4.2	-6.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	37.5	<b>37.3</b>	1.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.9	3.5	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,188.8	<b>1,193.2</b>	...	<b>4.4</b>	20.7	37.5	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	3.2
Labour force	981.0	<b>980.6</b>	3.8	<b>-0.4</b>	11.6	24.1	<b>0.0</b>	1.2	2.5
Employment	921.0	<b>924.7</b>	4.2	<b>3.7</b>	-16.0	-9.3	<b>0.4</b>	-1.7	-1.0
Unemployment	60.0	<b>55.8</b>	3.1	<b>-4.2</b>	27.5	33.2	<b>-7.0</b>	97.2	146.9
Participation rate	82.5	<b>82.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.4	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	<b>5.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	2.8	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	77.5	<b>77.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	-3.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.7	<b>6.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	1.1	0.5	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,159.4	<b>1,162.9</b>	...	<b>3.5</b>	16.8	27.2	<b>0.3</b>	1.5	2.4
Labour force	785.4	<b>791.2</b>	4.9	<b>5.8</b>	17.3	34.7	<b>0.7</b>	2.2	4.6
Employment	749.0	<b>750.1</b>	5.1	<b>1.1</b>	2.7	14.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	2.0
Unemployment	36.4	<b>41.1</b>	3.3	<b>4.7</b>	14.6	20.1	<b>12.9</b>	55.1	95.7
Participation rate	67.7	<b>68.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	0.5	1.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	<b>5.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	1.8	2.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.6	<b>64.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.3	<b>23.6</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	0.3	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	1,993.5	<b>1,989.5</b>	8.4	<b>-4.0</b>	-33.0	-26.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.6	-1.3
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	535.3	<b>527.4</b>	8.7	<b>-7.9</b>	-64.4	-43.7	<b>-1.5</b>	-10.9	-7.7
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	59.8	<b>53.5</b>	3.2	<b>-6.3</b>	-8.9	-8.2	<b>-10.5</b>	-14.3	-13.3
Utilities	141.6	<b>142.2</b>	4.7	<b>0.6</b>	-12.9	-8.3	<b>0.4</b>	-8.3	-5.5
Construction	20.9	<b>21.3</b>	1.7	<b>0.4</b>	2.4	2.8	<b>1.9</b>	12.7	15.1
Manufacturing	188.1	<b>188.3</b>	5.9	<b>0.2</b>	-16.2	-14.5	<b>0.1</b>	-7.9	-7.1
	124.9	<b>122.2</b>	5.2	<b>-2.7</b>	-28.6	-15.3	<b>-2.2</b>	-19.0	-11.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	1,458.1	<b>1,462.1</b>	10.3	<b>4.0</b>	31.4	17.4	<b>0.3</b>	2.2	1.2
Trade	303.0	<b>293.0</b>	7.0	<b>-10.0</b>	-21.9	-21.5	<b>-3.3</b>	-7.0	-6.8
Transportation and warehousing	103.8	<b>106.8</b>	4.1	<b>3.0</b>	4.0	7.2	<b>2.9</b>	3.9	7.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	109.6	<b>114.5</b>	4.0	<b>4.9</b>	2.5	5.4	<b>4.5</b>	2.2	4.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	148.3	<b>147.7</b>	5.0	<b>-0.6</b>	-12.2	-25.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-7.6	-14.7
Business, building and other support services	70.6	<b>65.9</b>	4.0	<b>-4.7</b>	2.6	4.0	<b>-6.7</b>	4.1	6.5
Educational services	133.4	<b>130.3</b>	4.5	<b>-3.1</b>	-8.3	5.6	<b>-2.3</b>	-6.0	4.5
Health care and social assistance	196.6	<b>197.6</b>	4.8	<b>1.0</b>	12.2	2.3	<b>0.5</b>	6.6	1.2
Information, culture and recreation	79.1	<b>80.5</b>	3.6	<b>1.4</b>	3.9	9.6	<b>1.8</b>	5.1	13.5
Accommodation and food services	125.5	<b>131.1</b>	4.6	<b>5.6</b>	21.9	11.3	<b>4.5</b>	20.1	9.4
Other services	97.4	<b>101.8</b>	3.8	<b>4.4</b>	14.3	10.2	<b>4.5</b>	16.3	11.1
Public administration	90.8	<b>92.9</b>	3.5	<b>2.1</b>	12.4	8.6	<b>2.3</b>	15.4	10.2

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.

**Table 4-10**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — British Columbia**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	3,695.7	<b>3,703.5</b>	...	<b>7.8</b>	31.3	63.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.8
Labour force	2,443.2	<b>2,453.6</b>	9.8	<b>10.4</b>	21.1	23.1	<b>0.4</b>	0.9	1.0
Employment	2,258.8	<b>2,254.7</b>	9.9	<b>-4.1</b>	-48.0	-65.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-2.8
Employment full-time	1,749.5	<b>1,761.5</b>	14.0	<b>12.0</b>	-78.1	-91.9	<b>0.7</b>	-4.2	-5.0
Unemployment	184.5	<b>198.9</b>	7.2	<b>14.4</b>	69.2	88.4	<b>7.8</b>	53.4	80.0
Participation rate	66.1	<b>66.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.6	<b>8.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	2.8	3.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.1	<b>60.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.8	-2.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	22.5	<b>21.9</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	1.8	1.8	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	584.6	<b>585.1</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	2.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.4
Labour force	382.1	<b>386.7</b>	5.7	<b>4.6</b>	0.9	-10.9	<b>1.2</b>	0.2	-2.7
Employment	337.5	<b>335.1</b>	5.7	<b>-2.4</b>	-13.8	-29.8	<b>-0.7</b>	-4.0	-8.2
Unemployment	44.7	<b>51.7</b>	4.4	<b>7.0</b>	14.8	19.1	<b>15.7</b>	40.1	58.6
Participation rate	65.4	<b>66.1</b>	1.0	<b>0.7</b>	0.0	-2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.7	<b>13.4</b>	1.1	<b>1.7</b>	3.8	5.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.7	<b>57.3</b>	1.0	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.5	-5.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	47.6	<b>46.5</b>	1.8	<b>-1.0</b>	3.3	4.3	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,522.8	<b>1,526.4</b>	...	<b>3.6</b>	14.9	30.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	2.1
Labour force	1,098.2	<b>1,103.8</b>	4.8	<b>5.6</b>	7.8	12.6	<b>0.5</b>	0.7	1.2
Employment	1,016.2	<b>1,018.3</b>	5.2	<b>2.1</b>	-28.5	-30.3	<b>0.2</b>	-2.7	-2.9
Unemployment	82.0	<b>85.5</b>	3.9	<b>3.5</b>	36.3	42.9	<b>4.3</b>	73.8	100.7
Participation rate	72.1	<b>72.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.2	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.5	<b>7.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	3.2	3.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.7	<b>66.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-2.6	-3.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	9.4	<b>9.2</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	1.4	1.5	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,588.3	<b>1,592.0</b>	...	<b>3.7</b>	15.2	30.9	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	2.0
Labour force	962.9	<b>963.1</b>	5.9	<b>0.2</b>	12.4	21.4	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	2.3
Employment	905.1	<b>901.3</b>	5.8	<b>-3.8</b>	-5.7	-5.1	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.6	-0.6
Unemployment	57.8	<b>61.8</b>	4.2	<b>4.0</b>	18.2	26.5	<b>6.9</b>	41.7	75.1
Participation rate	60.6	<b>60.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>6.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.0	<b>56.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.9	-1.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	28.0	<b>27.0</b>	0.9	<b>-1.0</b>	1.6	1.5	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	2,258.8	<b>2,254.7</b>	9.9	<b>-4.1</b>	-48.0	-65.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-2.8
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	447.6	<b>447.5</b>	8.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-46.7	-48.4	<b>0.0</b>	-9.4	-9.8
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	34.5	<b>37.1</b>	2.8	<b>2.6</b>	6.5	4.3	<b>7.5</b>	21.2	13.1
Utilities	38.7	<b>37.4</b>	3.1	<b>-1.3</b>	-12.1	-6.1	<b>-3.4</b>	-24.4	-14.0
Construction	13.0	<b>13.1</b>	1.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	-0.3	<b>0.8</b>	4.0	-2.2
Manufacturing	195.7	<b>197.2</b>	6.4	<b>1.5</b>	-16.3	-19.6	<b>0.8</b>	-7.6	-9.0
	165.6	<b>162.7</b>	5.9	<b>-2.9</b>	-25.3	-26.8	<b>-1.8</b>	-13.5	-14.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Trade	1,811.2	<b>1,807.2</b>	11.5	<b>-4.0</b>	-1.4	-16.8	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.1	-0.9
Transportation and warehousing	371.9	<b>370.4</b>	7.8	<b>-1.5</b>	12.4	13.9	<b>-0.4</b>	3.5	3.9
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	114.8	<b>110.1</b>	5.1	<b>-4.7</b>	-16.1	-21.3	<b>-4.1</b>	-12.8	-16.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	131.3	<b>134.2</b>	5.2	<b>2.9</b>	-14.8	-10.7	<b>2.2</b>	-9.9	-7.4
Business, building and other support services	172.4	<b>173.7</b>	5.6	<b>1.3</b>	3.7	-5.9	<b>0.8</b>	2.2	-3.3
Educational services	101.7	<b>94.5</b>	4.8	<b>-7.2</b>	-4.3	-3.4	<b>-7.1</b>	-4.4	-3.5
Health care and social assistance	159.9	<b>160.4</b>	5.6	<b>0.5</b>	-1.3	-7.4	<b>0.3</b>	-0.8	-4.4
Information, culture and recreation	255.8	<b>258.0</b>	6.2	<b>2.2</b>	8.2	13.4	<b>0.9</b>	3.3	5.5
Accommodation and food services	115.3	<b>124.9</b>	4.8	<b>9.6</b>	10.8	8.4	<b>8.3</b>	9.5	7.2
Other services	175.7	<b>173.6</b>	6.0	<b>-2.1</b>	-9.4	-4.0	<b>-1.2</b>	-5.1	-2.3
Public administration	103.4	<b>104.1</b>	4.5	<b>0.7</b>	8.2	1.2	<b>0.7</b>	8.6	1.2
	108.9	<b>103.1</b>	4.0	<b>-5.8</b>	0.9	-1.4	<b>-5.3</b>	0.9	-1.3

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).  
**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0087, 282-0088.



**Table 5-1**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	156.8	<b>157.1</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.4	3.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	2.0
Labour force	107.9	<b>107.3</b>	0.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.1	1.5	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.9	1.4
Employment	99.8	<b>99.1</b>	0.8	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.4	1.5	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.4	1.5
Unemployment	8.1	<b>8.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.0	<b>1.2</b>	3.8	0.0
Participation rate	68.8	<b>68.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.0	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.5	<b>7.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.6	<b>63.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.1	-0.3	...	...	...
<b>Halifax, Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	320.4	<b>320.6</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.9	4.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.3
Labour force	229.8	<b>230.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.5</b>	5.0	10.5	<b>0.2</b>	2.2	4.8
Employment	216.4	<b>216.5</b>	1.2	<b>0.1</b>	3.3	8.5	<b>0.0</b>	1.5	4.1
Unemployment	13.4	<b>13.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	1.9	<b>2.2</b>	14.2	16.1
Participation rate	71.7	<b>71.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	2.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	<b>5.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.5	<b>67.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	1.8	...	...	...
<b>Saint John, New Brunswick</b>									
Population	105.3	<b>105.4</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.7
Labour force	71.5	<b>71.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.0</b>	1.9	2.3	<b>0.0</b>	2.7	3.3
Employment	67.3	<b>67.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	2.9	3.0	<b>0.9</b>	4.5	4.6
Unemployment	4.2	<b>3.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.0	-0.7	<b>-14.3</b>	-21.7	-16.3
Participation rate	67.9	<b>67.8</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	1.5	1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	<b>5.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.9</b>	-1.6	-1.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.9	<b>64.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	2.5	2.4	...	...	...
<b>Saguenay, Quebec</b>									
Population	124.8	<b>124.8</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.2
Labour force	74.4	<b>74.8</b>	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	-1.8	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	-2.3	0.4
Employment	67.4	<b>67.9</b>	0.7	<b>0.5</b>	-2.9	0.2	<b>0.7</b>	-4.1	0.3
Unemployment	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	1.0	0.0	<b>-1.4</b>	16.9	0.0
Participation rate	59.6	<b>59.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	-1.4	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.2</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	1.5	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.0	<b>54.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	-2.3	0.3	...	...	...
<b>Québec, Quebec</b>									
Population	615.6	<b>616.1</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	3.0	6.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.0
Labour force	415.0	<b>413.6</b>	3.5	<b>-1.4</b>	0.6	2.8	<b>-0.3</b>	0.1	0.7
Employment	396.8	<b>394.5</b>	3.4	<b>-2.3</b>	-2.2	4.2	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.6	1.1
Unemployment	18.2	<b>19.0</b>	1.5	<b>0.8</b>	2.7	-1.5	<b>4.4</b>	16.6	-7.3
Participation rate	67.4	<b>67.1</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.3	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	<b>4.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	<b>64.0</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.7	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Trois-Rivières, Quebec</b>									
Population	122.4	<b>122.5</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.9
Labour force	72.6	<b>72.2</b>	0.7	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.4	-5.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.9	-6.8
Employment	66.2	<b>66.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	-2.5	-4.6	<b>0.2</b>	-3.6	-6.5
Unemployment	6.4	<b>5.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	1.1	-0.8	<b>-7.8</b>	22.9	-11.9
Participation rate	59.3	<b>58.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.5	-4.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.8	<b>8.2</b>	0.5	<b>-0.6</b>	1.7	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.1	<b>54.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	-2.3	-4.3	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Sherbrooke, Quebec</b>									
Population	139.8	<b>140.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.3
Labour force	88.9	<b>89.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	0.3	2.9	<b>0.4</b>	0.3	3.4
Employment	81.1	<b>81.2</b>	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	-1.8	-0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-2.2	-0.4
Unemployment	7.8	<b>8.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	2.1	3.2	<b>3.8</b>	35.0	65.3
Participation rate	63.6	<b>63.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	-0.2	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.8	<b>9.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	2.4	3.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.0	<b>58.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-1.7	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,094.0	<b>3,097.2</b>	...	<b>3.2</b>	17.7	34.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.1
Labour force	2,072.6	<b>2,080.1</b>	7.2	<b>7.5</b>	20.4	33.2	<b>0.4</b>	1.0	1.6
Employment	1,877.5	<b>1,882.6</b>	7.5	<b>5.1</b>	-22.0	-9.9	<b>0.3</b>	-1.2	-0.5
Unemployment	195.1	<b>197.5</b>	4.5	<b>2.4</b>	42.4	43.1	<b>1.2</b>	27.3	27.9
Participation rate	67.0	<b>67.2</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.3	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>9.5</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	2.0	2.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.7	<b>60.8</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	-1.0	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	973.5	<b>974.6</b>	...	<b>1.1</b>	6.4	13.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.4
Labour force	690.4	<b>693.1</b>	3.6	<b>2.7</b>	-15.2	-14.6	<b>0.4</b>	-2.1	-2.1
Employment	649.3	<b>650.7</b>	3.8	<b>1.4</b>	-25.6	-18.8	<b>0.2</b>	-3.8	-2.8
Unemployment	41.0	<b>42.4</b>	1.5	<b>1.4</b>	10.4	4.3	<b>3.4</b>	32.5	11.3
Participation rate	70.9	<b>71.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-2.1	-2.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	<b>6.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.6	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.7	<b>66.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-3.1	-2.8	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	247.2	<b>247.5</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.9	3.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.6
Labour force	174.8	<b>175.1</b>	1.2	<b>0.3</b>	-1.5	-9.4	<b>0.2</b>	-0.8	-5.1
Employment	165.4	<b>165.6</b>	1.3	<b>0.2</b>	-3.2	-8.9	<b>0.1</b>	-1.9	-5.1
Unemployment	9.4	<b>9.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	1.7	-0.6	<b>1.1</b>	21.8	-5.9
Participation rate	70.7	<b>70.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-1.2	-5.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	<b>5.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.0	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.9	<b>66.9</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-1.8	-4.7	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	726.3	<b>727.1</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	4.5	9.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.3
Labour force	515.5	<b>517.9</b>	3.4	<b>2.4</b>	-13.8	-5.3	<b>0.5</b>	-2.6	-1.0
Employment	483.9	<b>485.0</b>	3.5	<b>1.1</b>	-22.5	-10.1	<b>0.2</b>	-4.4	-2.0
Unemployment	31.6	<b>32.9</b>	1.5	<b>1.3</b>	8.7	4.8	<b>4.1</b>	36.0	17.1
Participation rate	71.0	<b>71.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	-2.4	-1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	<b>6.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.6	<b>66.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	-3.5	-2.3	...	...	...
<b>Kingston, Ontario</b>									
Population	126.3	<b>126.3</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.2
Labour force	81.6	<b>80.9</b>	0.8	<b>-0.7</b>	-3.2	-2.9	<b>-0.9</b>	-3.8	-3.5
Employment	76.2	<b>75.7</b>	0.7	<b>-0.5</b>	-4.7	-3.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-5.8	-3.9
Unemployment	5.3	<b>5.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.6	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	43.2	6.0
Participation rate	64.6	<b>64.1</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.5	-2.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.5	<b>6.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	2.2	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.3	<b>59.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.4</b>	-3.8	-2.6	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,633.7	<b>4,642.7</b>	...	<b>9.0</b>	50.5	106.7	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	2.4
Labour force	3,190.2	<b>3,184.1</b>	8.9	<b>-6.1</b>	29.0	37.4	<b>-0.2</b>	0.9	1.2
Employment	2,898.6	<b>2,877.6</b>	9.3	<b>-21.0</b>	-48.3	-55.9	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.7	-1.9
Unemployment	291.6	<b>306.4</b>	5.5	<b>14.8</b>	77.2	93.2	<b>5.1</b>	33.7	43.7
Participation rate	68.8	<b>68.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.1	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.1	<b>9.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.5</b>	2.3	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	<b>62.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.7	-2.7	...	...	...
<b>Hamilton, Ontario</b>									
Population	600.6	<b>601.0</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	4.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.8
Labour force	410.2	<b>405.3</b>	3.0	<b>-4.9</b>	9.2	3.3	<b>-1.2</b>	2.3	0.8
Employment	379.8	<b>376.6</b>	3.1	<b>-3.2</b>	8.3	-1.6	<b>-0.8</b>	2.3	-0.4
Unemployment	30.4	<b>28.7</b>	1.4	<b>-1.7</b>	0.9	4.8	<b>-5.6</b>	3.2	20.1
Participation rate	68.3	<b>67.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.9</b>	1.3	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.1	1.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.2	<b>62.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.5</b>	1.2	-0.7	...	...	...
<b>Kitchener, Ontario</b>									
Population	386.9	<b>387.3</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.3	5.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.4
Labour force	277.9	<b>277.9</b>	1.9	<b>0.0</b>	-1.6	8.7	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	3.2
Employment	250.3	<b>250.5</b>	1.9	<b>0.2</b>	-7.1	-3.6	<b>0.1</b>	-2.8	-1.4
Unemployment	27.6	<b>27.4</b>	0.9	<b>-0.2</b>	5.4	12.3	<b>-0.7</b>	24.5	81.5
Participation rate	71.8	<b>71.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-0.8	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	<b>9.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	2.0	4.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	<b>64.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-2.2	-1.8	...	...	...
<b>London, Ontario</b>									
Population	388.5	<b>388.9</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.9	4.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	1.1
Labour force	263.4	<b>262.7</b>	1.9	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.1	-0.7	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.4	-0.3
Employment	236.5	<b>235.3</b>	2.0	<b>-1.2</b>	-9.2	-8.8	<b>-0.5</b>	-3.8	-3.6
Unemployment	26.9	<b>27.4</b>	0.9	<b>0.5</b>	8.1	8.1	<b>1.9</b>	42.0	42.0
Participation rate	67.8	<b>67.5</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.7	-1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.2	<b>10.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	3.1	3.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	<b>60.5</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.7	-3.0	...	...	...
<b>Oshawa, Ontario</b>									
Population	292.6	<b>293.1</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.6	5.6	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.9
Labour force	193.4	<b>194.8</b>	1.4	<b>1.4</b>	-7.5	-5.9	<b>0.7</b>	-3.7	-2.9
Employment	178.2	<b>178.0</b>	1.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-8.6	-8.0	<b>-0.1</b>	-4.6	-4.3
Unemployment	15.2	<b>16.9</b>	0.8	<b>1.7</b>	1.1	2.2	<b>11.2</b>	7.0	15.0
Participation rate	66.1	<b>66.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-3.1	-3.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.9	<b>8.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.8</b>	0.9	1.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	<b>60.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.5	-4.0	...	...	...
<b>St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario</b>									
Population	329.8	<b>329.9</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	0.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.2
Labour force	203.7	<b>203.8</b>	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	-9.7	-10.3	<b>0.0</b>	-4.5	-4.8
Employment	182.2	<b>181.6</b>	1.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-13.1	-16.9	<b>-0.3</b>	-6.7	-8.5
Unemployment	21.5	<b>22.2</b>	0.7	<b>0.7</b>	3.4	6.6	<b>3.3</b>	18.1	42.3
Participation rate	61.8	<b>61.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-2.9	-3.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.6	<b>10.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	2.1	3.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.2	<b>55.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-4.0	-5.3	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario</b>									
Population	134.2	<b>134.3</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.6
Labour force	87.7	<b>87.9</b>	0.8	<b>0.2</b>	0.3	3.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.3	3.8
Employment	80.3	<b>80.1</b>	0.8	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.6	0.1	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.1	0.1
Unemployment	7.4	<b>7.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	2.9	3.1	<b>5.4</b>	59.2	66.0
Participation rate	65.4	<b>65.5</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.4	<b>8.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	3.3	3.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.8	<b>59.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.1	-0.3	...	...	...
<b>Thunder Bay, Ontario</b>									
Population	103.4	<b>103.3</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-0.6
Labour force	65.1	<b>65.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	0.4	-1.3	<b>1.1</b>	0.6	-1.9
Employment	59.4	<b>59.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	-1.2	-2.8	<b>0.8</b>	-2.0	-4.5
Unemployment	5.7	<b>5.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.5	1.4	<b>1.8</b>	34.9	31.8
Participation rate	63.0	<b>63.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	0.6	-0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.8	<b>8.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.2	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.4	<b>58.0</b>	0.6	<b>0.6</b>	-0.9	-2.3	...	...	...
<b>Windsor, Ontario</b>									
Population	273.1	<b>273.1</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.2
Labour force	177.8	<b>178.9</b>	1.5	<b>1.1</b>	3.0	7.4	<b>0.6</b>	1.7	4.3
Employment	153.2	<b>153.0</b>	1.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-5.0	-3.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.2	-2.4
Unemployment	24.6	<b>25.8</b>	0.8	<b>1.2</b>	8.0	11.0	<b>4.9</b>	44.9	74.3
Participation rate	65.1	<b>65.5</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	1.1	2.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.8	<b>14.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	4.3	5.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	<b>56.0</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.9	-1.5	...	...	...
<b>Winnipeg, Manitoba</b>									
Population	590.9	<b>591.9</b>	...	<b>1.0</b>	4.8	8.9	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.5
Labour force	414.6	<b>415.0</b>	1.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	-0.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	-0.2
Employment	394.6	<b>394.6</b>	1.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.3	-3.9	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-1.0
Unemployment	20.1	<b>20.4</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	3.1	<b>1.5</b>	8.5	17.9
Participation rate	70.2	<b>70.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	-1.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	<b>4.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.8	<b>66.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-1.7	...	...	...
<b>Regina, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	170.8	<b>171.1</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	4.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	2.4
Labour force	122.1	<b>122.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	5.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.5	4.6
Employment	117.5	<b>118.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.6</b>	0.8	5.8	<b>0.5</b>	0.7	5.2
Unemployment	4.6	<b>4.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.4	<b>-8.7</b>	-4.5	-8.7
Participation rate	71.5	<b>71.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.3	1.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	<b>3.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.2	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.8	<b>69.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	-0.2	1.8	...	...	...
<b>Saskatoon, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	201.7	<b>202.2</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.7	6.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	3.1
Labour force	148.6	<b>149.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	2.7	6.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	4.3
Employment	141.2	<b>142.2</b>	0.8	<b>1.0</b>	1.8	4.9	<b>0.7</b>	1.3	3.6
Unemployment	7.4	<b>6.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	1.0	1.2	<b>-6.8</b>	16.9	21.1
Participation rate	73.7	<b>73.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	<b>4.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.6	0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	70.0	<b>70.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	-0.1	0.3	...	...	...

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Calgary, Alberta</b>									
Population	966.2	<b>968.8</b>	...	<b>2.6</b>	14.0	25.3	<b>0.3</b>	1.5	2.7
Labour force	741.9	<b>742.7</b>	3.2	<b>0.8</b>	-1.7	18.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.2	2.5
Employment	692.8	<b>693.6</b>	3.2	<b>0.8</b>	-21.8	-7.3	<b>0.1</b>	-3.0	-1.0
Unemployment	49.1	<b>49.1</b>	1.5	<b>0.0</b>	20.1	25.4	<b>0.0</b>	69.3	107.2
Participation rate	76.8	<b>76.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	2.7	3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	71.7	<b>71.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.3	-2.7	...	...	...
<b>Edmonton, Alberta</b>									
Population	899.6	<b>901.9</b>	...	<b>2.3</b>	11.9	21.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.3	2.4
Labour force	660.7	<b>664.1</b>	3.3	<b>3.4</b>	11.1	22.9	<b>0.5</b>	1.7	3.6
Employment	620.8	<b>621.0</b>	3.4	<b>0.2</b>	-8.4	3.7	<b>0.0</b>	-1.3	0.6
Unemployment	39.8	<b>43.1</b>	1.3	<b>3.3</b>	19.4	19.2	<b>8.3</b>	81.9	80.3
Participation rate	73.4	<b>73.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>6.5</b>	0.2	<b>0.5</b>	2.9	2.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.0	<b>68.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.8	-1.2	...	...	...
<b>Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia</b>									
Population	135.2	<b>135.4</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	2.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.5
Labour force	89.8	<b>91.3</b>	0.7	<b>1.5</b>	-2.2	-1.4	<b>1.7</b>	-2.4	-1.5
Employment	83.1	<b>83.7</b>	0.8	<b>0.6</b>	-4.7	-5.0	<b>0.7</b>	-5.3	-5.6
Unemployment	6.7	<b>7.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.8</b>	2.4	3.5	<b>11.9</b>	47.1	87.5
Participation rate	66.4	<b>67.4</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	-2.1	-2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.5	<b>8.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.7</b>	2.7	3.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.5	<b>61.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	-3.9	-4.7	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,975.7	<b>1,979.7</b>	...	<b>4.0</b>	19.9	42.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	2.2
Labour force	1,321.3	<b>1,331.2</b>	4.8	<b>9.9</b>	32.2	35.8	<b>0.7</b>	2.5	2.8
Employment	1,231.0	<b>1,239.8</b>	4.9	<b>8.8</b>	2.7	-1.2	<b>0.7</b>	0.2	-0.1
Unemployment	90.3	<b>91.3</b>	2.3	<b>1.0</b>	29.4	36.9	<b>1.1</b>	47.5	67.8
Participation rate	66.9	<b>67.2</b>	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.8	<b>6.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	2.1	2.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	<b>62.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-0.5	-1.5	...	...	...
<b>Victoria, British Columbia</b>									
Population	287.9	<b>288.2</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	2.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.8
Labour force	192.0	<b>192.4</b>	1.4	<b>0.4</b>	-4.7	-6.1	<b>0.2</b>	-2.4	-3.1
Employment	179.9	<b>180.3</b>	1.4	<b>0.4</b>	-9.4	-12.1	<b>0.2</b>	-5.0	-6.3
Unemployment	12.2	<b>12.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	4.8	5.9	<b>-0.8</b>	65.8	95.2
Participation rate	66.7	<b>66.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	-1.8	-2.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	2.6	3.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.5	<b>62.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	-3.4	-4.7	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM Table 282-0090.

**Table 5-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — Monthly**

	May 2009	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,097.0	<b>3,100.4</b>	...	<b>3.4</b>	18.3	35.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	1.1
Labour force	2,091.9	<b>2,081.5</b>	15.0	<b>-10.4</b>	26.2	40.5	<b>-0.5</b>	1.3	2.0
Employment	1,887.9	<b>1,883.3</b>	15.2	<b>-4.6</b>	-16.9	-5.9	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.9	-0.3
Unemployment	204.0	<b>198.2</b>	10.8	<b>-5.8</b>	43.2	46.4	<b>-2.8</b>	27.9	30.6
Participation rate	67.5	<b>67.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	0.4	0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.8	<b>9.5</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	2.0	2.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.0	<b>60.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.0	-0.9	...	...	...
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,641.8	<b>4,652.5</b>	...	<b>10.7</b>	52.6	106.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	2.3
Labour force	3,176.5	<b>3,181.3</b>	19.2	<b>4.8</b>	11.6	45.0	<b>0.2</b>	0.4	1.4
Employment	2,869.0	<b>2,851.0</b>	19.8	<b>-18.0</b>	-81.5	-60.5	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.8	-2.1
Unemployment	307.5	<b>330.3</b>	13.5	<b>22.8</b>	93.1	105.5	<b>7.4</b>	39.2	46.9
Participation rate	68.4	<b>68.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	-0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.7	<b>10.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.7</b>	2.9	3.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.8	<b>61.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.5	-2.7	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,979.1	<b>1,984.4</b>	...	<b>5.3</b>	21.8	42.8	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	2.2
Labour force	1,329.2	<b>1,339.6</b>	9.9	<b>10.4</b>	43.1	44.7	<b>0.8</b>	3.3	3.5
Employment	1,240.6	<b>1,242.8</b>	9.9	<b>2.2</b>	13.5	2.9	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	0.2
Unemployment	88.6	<b>96.8</b>	5.8	<b>8.2</b>	29.6	41.8	<b>9.3</b>	44.0	76.0
Participation rate	67.2	<b>67.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	1.4	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.7	<b>7.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	2.0	3.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.7	<b>62.6</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	-1.3	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Table 282-0091.

Table 6-1

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region <sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
	in thousands						
<b>Canada <sup>2</sup></b>							
2008	26,873.5	18,342.9	17,234.9	1,108.0	68.3	6.0	64.1
2009	27,253.3	18,476.4	16,918.7	1,557.7	67.8	8.4	62.1
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>							
2008	425.7	261.3	226.3	35.0	61.4	13.4	53.2
2009	428.3	257.1	217.2	39.9	60.0	15.5	50.7
<i>Avalon Peninsula [1010]</i>							
2008	211.8	139.7	125.0	14.6	66.0	10.5	59.0
2009	214.9	136.7	122.1	14.5	63.6	10.6	56.8
<i>South Coast-Burin Peninsula [1020]</i>							
2008	32.5	17.7	13.8	3.9	54.5	22.0	42.5
2009	32.0	16.5	12.9	3.6	51.6	21.8	40.3
<i>West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador [1030]</i>							
2008	87.8	49.9	42.2	7.7	56.8	15.4	48.1
2009	88.0	50.8	40.9	10.0	57.7	19.7	46.5
<i>Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay [1040]</i>							
2008	93.7	54.0	45.3	8.7	57.6	16.1	48.3
2009	93.4	53.1	41.3	11.8	56.9	22.2	44.2
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>							
2008	114.1	80.6	72.6	8.0	70.6	9.9	63.6
2009	115.8	80.3	70.7	9.6	69.3	12.0	61.1
<b>Nova Scotia</b>							
2008	768.1	497.0	458.1	39.0	64.7	7.8	59.6
2009	772.0	503.3	456.6	46.7	65.2	9.3	59.1
<i>Cape Breton [1210]</i>							
2008	115.7	66.6	58.1	8.5	57.6	12.8	50.2
2009	115.1	64.1	54.0	10.1	55.7	15.8	46.9
<i>North Shore [1220]</i>							
2008	131.3	81.0	73.2	7.8	61.7	9.6	55.8
2009	131.4	80.0	70.3	9.7	60.9	12.1	53.5
<i>Annapolis Valley [1230]</i>							
2008	101.0	63.6	58.9	4.7	63.0	7.4	58.3
2009	101.6	62.6	57.7	5.0	61.6	8.0	56.8
<i>Southern [1240]</i>							
2008	103.6	64.5	58.9	5.5	62.3	8.5	56.9
2009	103.3	64.4	57.1	7.3	62.3	11.3	55.3
<i>Halifax [1250]</i>							
2008	316.6	221.4	209.0	12.4	69.9	5.6	66.0
2009	320.6	232.1	217.5	14.6	72.4	6.3	67.8
<b>New Brunswick</b>							
2008	617.5	405.2	368.2	37.0	65.6	9.1	59.6
2009	621.2	406.8	369.3	37.5	65.5	9.2	59.4
<i>Campbellton-Miramichi [1310]</i>							
2008	135.8	83.5	71.1	12.4	61.5	14.9	52.4
2009	135.3	77.5	66.3	11.2	57.3	14.5	49.0
<i>Moncton-Richibucto [1320]</i>							
2008	165.4	111.4	102.5	8.9	67.4	8.0	62.0
2009	167.7	114.8	105.0	9.8	68.5	8.5	62.6
<i>Saint John-St. Stephen [1330]</i>							
2008	142.9	94.9	88.1	6.8	66.4	7.2	61.7
2009	143.7	98.3	92.3	5.9	68.4	6.0	64.2

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Fredericton-Oromocto [1340]							
2008	105.1	72.5	68.3	4.3	69.0	5.9	65.0
2009	106.3	72.5	66.5	6.0	68.2	8.3	62.6
Edmundston-Woodstock [1350]							
2008	68.2	42.8	38.3	4.5	62.8	10.5	56.2
2009	68.2	43.8	39.2	4.5	64.2	10.3	57.5
<b>Quebec</b>							
2008	6,364.1	4,199.1	3,897.7	301.4	66.0	7.2	61.2
2009	6,426.9	4,240.2	3,879.2	361.1	66.0	8.5	60.4
Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine [2410]							
2008	80.8	46.7	38.6	8.1	57.8	17.3	47.8
2009	80.8	42.6	35.4	7.2	52.7	16.9	43.8
Bas-Saint-Laurent [2415]							
2008	167.5	105.4	95.6	9.8	62.9	9.3	57.1
2009	167.6	105.1	95.9	9.2	62.7	8.8	57.2
Capitale-Nationale [2420]							
2008	567.3	386.6	367.5	19.2	68.1	5.0	64.8
2009	572.1	385.3	366.3	19.0	67.3	4.9	64.0
Chaudière-Appalaches [2425]							
2008	329.4	215.6	206.2	9.4	65.5	4.4	62.6
2009	331.7	226.2	214.2	12.0	68.2	5.3	64.6
Estrie [2430]							
2008	250.8	158.2	149.2	9.1	63.1	5.8	59.5
2009	253.1	167.5	153.6	13.9	66.2	8.3	60.7
Centre-du-Québec [2433]							
2008	186.4	124.9	115.5	9.4	67.0	7.5	62.0
2009	187.8	130.1	120.7	9.4	69.3	7.2	64.3
Montérégie [2435]							
2008	1,140.4	767.1	714.3	52.8	67.3	6.9	62.6
2009	1,159.1	791.3	731.5	59.9	68.3	7.6	63.1
Montréal [2440]							
2008	1,591.8	1,044.6	959.4	85.3	65.6	8.2	60.3
2009	1,594.9	1,038.0	914.8	123.3	65.1	11.9	57.4
Laval [2445]							
2008	313.3	214.9	202.8	12.1	68.6	5.6	64.7
2009	318.2	206.4	189.4	17.0	64.9	8.2	59.5
Lanaudière [2450]							
2008	362.1	228.4	212.0	16.4	63.1	7.2	58.5
2009	372.5	256.9	238.6	18.4	69.0	7.2	64.1
Laurentides [2455]							
2008	434.1	295.7	274.0	21.7	68.1	7.3	63.1
2009	443.9	292.6	272.7	19.9	65.9	6.8	61.4
Outaouais [2460]							
2008	294.2	215.0	201.6	13.4	73.1	6.2	68.5
2009	298.6	204.2	191.3	12.9	68.4	6.3	64.1
Abitibi-Témiscamingue [2465]							
2008	115.8	72.5	67.5	5.0	62.6	6.9	58.3
2009	116.3	74.9	67.2	7.7	64.4	10.3	57.8
Mauricie [2470]							
2008	218.0	131.2	119.6	11.6	60.2	8.8	54.9
2009	218.8	130.1	117.7	12.4	59.5	9.5	53.8

See notes at the end of the table.



Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean [2475]							
2008	223.2	134.6	123.4	11.2	60.3	8.3	55.3
2009	222.9	136.5	122.3	14.2	61.2	10.4	54.9
Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec [2480, 2490]							
2008	89.0	57.4	50.6	6.9	64.5	12.0	56.9
2009	88.7	52.4	47.6	4.8	59.1	9.2	53.7
<b>Ontario</b>							
2008	10,488.3	7,199.2	6,733.7	465.5	68.6	6.5	64.2
2009	10,638.1	7,202.1	6,526.9	675.2	67.7	9.4	61.4
Ottawa [3510]							
2008	992.5	711.2	672.2	39.0	71.7	5.5	67.7
2009	1,002.9	702.0	652.3	49.7	70.0	7.1	65.0
Kingston-Pembroke [3515]							
2008	359.9	230.5	218.0	12.6	64.0	5.5	60.6
2009	361.0	231.9	212.4	19.5	64.2	8.4	58.8
Muskoka-Kawarthas [3520]							
2008	311.0	199.4	186.6	12.8	64.1	6.4	60.0
2009	312.6	192.9	177.5	15.4	61.7	8.0	56.8
Toronto [3530]							
2008	4,783.8	3,343.9	3,115.5	228.4	69.9	6.8	65.1
2009	4,892.0	3,366.1	3,039.2	326.9	68.8	9.7	62.1
Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie [3540]							
2008	982.2	692.6	654.2	38.4	70.5	5.5	66.6
2009	996.5	706.9	640.2	66.8	70.9	9.4	64.2
Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula [3550]							
2008	1,141.1	772.2	723.2	49.0	67.7	6.3	63.4
2009	1,150.1	766.7	700.2	66.5	66.7	8.7	60.9
London [3560]							
2008	515.0	354.1	329.8	24.3	68.8	6.9	64.0
2009	520.1	353.0	316.8	36.2	67.9	10.3	60.9
Windsor-Sarnia [3570]							
2008	525.9	341.0	313.2	27.9	64.8	8.2	59.6
2009	526.9	337.9	294.6	43.3	64.1	12.8	55.9
Stratford-Bruce Peninsula [3580]							
2008	248.0	164.0	156.7	7.3	66.1	4.5	63.2
2009	248.6	158.3	144.8	13.4	63.7	8.5	58.2
Northeast [3590]							
2008	454.2	279.5	263.5	16.0	61.5	5.7	58.0
2009	454.6	276.0	250.8	25.2	60.7	9.1	55.2
Northwest [3595]							
2008	174.7	110.7	100.8	9.9	63.4	8.9	57.7
2009	172.8	110.3	97.9	12.4	63.8	11.2	56.7
<b>Manitoba</b>							
2008	908.3	638.1	613.4	24.7	70.3	3.9	67.5
2009	920.8	641.4	611.0	30.4	69.7	4.7	66.4
Southeast [4610]							
2008	78.4	53.4	51.8	1.6	68.1	3.0	66.1
2009	80.7	53.1	50.7	2.3	65.8	4.3	62.8
South Central [4620]							
2008	43.9	31.0	29.9	1.1	70.6	3.5	68.1
2009	44.9	30.9	29.9	1.1	68.8	3.6	66.6

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Southwest [4630]							
2008	82.6	56.7	54.7	2.1	68.6	3.7	66.2
2009	83.0	59.6	57.4	2.2	71.8	3.7	69.2
North Central [4640]							
2008	35.8	24.7	24.1	0.6	69.0	2.4	67.3
2009	36.2	24.7	23.7	1.0	68.2	4.0	65.5
Winnipeg [4650]							
2008	538.1	384.5	368.4	16.1	71.5	4.2	68.5
2009	545.6	384.3	364.9	19.4	70.4	5.0	66.9
Interlake [4660]							
2008	70.6	47.0	45.3	1.7	66.6	3.6	64.2
2009	71.7	49.5	47.5	2.0	69.0	4.0	66.2
Parklands and North [4670, 4680]							
2008	58.9	40.7	39.2	1.5	69.1	3.7	66.6
2009	58.8	39.2	36.9	2.4	66.7	6.1	62.8
<b>Saskatchewan</b>							
2008	765.3	535.0	513.9	21.1	69.9	3.9	67.2
2009	778.1	552.4	526.2	26.2	71.0	4.7	67.6
Regina-Moose Mountain [4710]							
2008	225.8	160.0	154.6	5.3	70.9	3.3	68.5
2009	230.3	164.6	157.9	6.8	71.5	4.1	68.6
Swift Current-Moose Jaw [4720]							
2008	83.5	56.6	54.2	2.4	67.8	4.2	64.9
2009	84.1	57.4	55.1	2.3	68.3	4.0	65.5
Saskatoon-Biggar [4730]							
2008	239.1	174.5	168.4	6.0	73.0	3.4	70.4
2009	245.1	180.9	173.0	7.9	73.8	4.4	70.6
Yorkton-Melville [4740]							
2008	64.5	40.1	38.5	1.6	62.2	4.0	59.7
2009	64.7	41.9	39.9	2.0	64.8	4.8	61.7
Prince Albert and Northern [4750, 4760]							
2008	152.4	103.9	98.2	5.7	68.2	5.5	64.4
2009	154.0	107.6	100.3	7.3	69.9	6.8	65.1
<b>Alberta</b>							
2008	2,789.1	2,089.9	2,021.2	68.7	74.9	3.3	72.5
2009	2,855.7	2,137.6	1,997.2	140.4	74.9	6.6	69.9
Lethbridge-Medicine Hat [4810]							
2008	208.7	149.0	145.7	3.2	71.4	2.1	69.8
2009	211.7	144.6	136.5	8.0	68.3	5.5	64.5
Camrose-Drumheller [4820]							
2008	155.4	115.4	112.9	2.6	74.3	2.3	72.7
2009	156.2	113.0	107.0	6.0	72.3	5.3	68.5
Calgary [4830]							
2008	1,017.6	784.2	760.8	23.4	77.1	3.0	74.8
2009	1,046.5	805.9	754.0	51.9	77.0	6.4	72.0
Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House [4840]							
2008	68.4	54.6	52.6	2.0	79.8	3.7	76.9
2009	69.4	55.8	52.5	3.3	80.4	5.9	75.6
Red Deer [4850]							
2008	145.7	106.4	102.3	4.1	73.0	3.9	70.2
2009	150.1	113.6	105.6	7.9	75.7	7.0	70.4

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province and economic region 1, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Edmonton [4860]							
2008	914.9	668.6	644.1	24.5	73.1	3.7	70.4
2009	936.9	689.4	642.1	47.3	73.6	6.9	68.5
Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River [4870]							
2008	185.9	139.0	132.5	6.5	74.8	4.7	71.3
2009	190.1	143.6	132.0	11.6	75.5	8.1	69.4
Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake [4880]							
2008	92.5	72.7	70.3	2.4	78.6	3.3	76.0
2009	94.6	71.9	67.5	4.3	76.0	6.0	71.4
<b>British Columbia</b>							
2008	3,633.0	2,437.5	2,329.8	107.7	67.1	4.4	64.1
2009	3,696.5	2,455.1	2,264.6	190.5	66.4	7.8	61.3
Vancouver Island and Coast [5910]							
2008	631.5	411.9	395.9	16.0	65.2	3.9	62.7
2009	638.8	410.4	383.5	26.9	64.2	6.6	60.0
Lower Mainland-Southwest [5920]							
2008	2,204.9	1,487.8	1,425.2	62.6	67.5	4.2	64.6
2009	2,252.0	1,519.7	1,409.1	110.6	67.5	7.3	62.6
Thompson-Okanagan [5930]							
2008	430.0	286.0	271.5	14.5	66.5	5.1	63.1
2009	436.9	277.4	250.2	27.2	63.5	9.8	57.3
Kootenay [5940]							
2008	122.7	73.1	71.3	1.8	59.6	2.5	58.1
2009	123.2	77.9	71.1	6.8	63.2	8.7	57.7
Cariboo [5950]							
2008	126.1	89.8	83.5	6.3	71.2	7.0	66.2
2009	127.3	86.8	75.2	11.7	68.2	13.5	59.1
North Coast and Nechako [5960, 5970]							
2008	65.7	49.5	45.4	4.2	75.3	8.5	69.1
2009	65.2	45.2	40.7	4.5	69.3	10.0	62.4
Northeast [5980]							
2008	52.1	39.3	37.0	2.3	75.4	5.9	71.0
2009	53.2	37.7	34.8	2.9	70.9	7.7	65.4

1. For geographic descriptions of economic regions, refer to the Guide to the Labour Force Survey (catalogue number 71-543-GIE).

2. Estimates for Canada are a sum of the provincial totals and exclude estimates from Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0054.

**Table 6-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by territories, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in June 2008 and June 2009**

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
		in thousands			percent		
<b>Yukon <sup>1</sup></b>							
2008	23.7	17.9	17.1	0.9	75.5	5.0	72.2
2009	24.2	18.2	16.8	1.4	75.2	7.7	69.4
<b>Northwest Territories <sup>2</sup></b>							
2008	31.3	23.5	21.9	1.6	75.1	6.8	70.0
2009	31.4	22.8	21.3	1.5	72.6	6.6	67.8
<b>Nunavut <sup>3</sup></b>							
2008	18.5	11.6	10.0	1.6	62.3	13.6	53.8
2009	18.5	11.4	9.8	1.7	61.6	14.5	52.6

1. Since 1992, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been conducted in the Yukon, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in the national totals. In 1995, the LFS in the Yukon underwent a sample redesign. One result of the redesign was that the covered population increased from 85% to 92%, which is reflected by the sharp increase in the three month moving averages estimates of January, February and March of 1995 for all the level estimates. Users are therefore warned to be cautious when comparing estimates before January 1995 to estimates for January 1995 and forward.
2. Since 2001, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been administered in the Northwest Territories, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in national totals.
3. Since 2004, the Labour force survey (LFS) has been administered in Nunavut, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are 3-month moving averages and are not included in national totals. From January 2004 to December 2007, estimates represent about 70% of all Nunavut residents aged 15 and over. Starting in January 2008, coverage was extended to 92%, so that by March 2008, the 3-month moving average is completely based on the extended coverage. Because of the large difference in coverage, users are recommended not to compare estimates prior to January 2008 with data afterwards. The January and February 2008 3-month moving average estimates are based on a mix of both coverages, since the extended coverage was introduced in January 2008. Estimates from January 2004 to December 2007 are based on the 10 largest communities in Nunavut: Iqaluit, Rankin Inlet, Cambridge Bay, Kugluktuk, Baker Lake, Arviat, Pond Inlet, Cape Dorset, Pangnirtung, Igloolik. Estimates from March 2008 to present cover the above communities as well as: Taloyoak, Gjoa Haven, Kugaaruk, Coral Harbour, Repulse Bay, Qikiqtarjuaq, Arctic Bay, Hall Beach, Clyde River.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0100.

**Table 7**  
**Average usual hours and wages of employees by selected characteristics, Canada, unadjusted for seasonality**

	Employees				Full-time			Part-time		
	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Average hourly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages
	thousands		dollars		thousands		dollars	thousands		dollars
<b>June 2009</b>										
15 years and over	14,452.0	35.4	801.21	21.89	11,852.7	39.3	913.06	2,599.3	17.9	291.17
15 to 24 years	2,522.2	29.4	403.85	12.92	1,471.3	38.7	566.03	1,050.9	16.2	176.78
25 years and over	11,929.8	36.7	885.22	23.79	10,381.4	39.3	962.25	1,548.4	19.1	368.80
Men	7,203.2	38.0	914.98	23.56	6,424.3	40.5	994.61	778.8	17.2	258.06
Women	7,248.8	32.9	688.16	20.23	5,428.4	37.8	816.55	1,820.5	18.2	305.33
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,514.9	35.7	902.47	25.01	3,847.1	38.4	985.38	667.8	19.7	424.84
No union coverage	9,937.1	35.3	755.21	20.47	8,005.7	39.7	878.31	1,931.5	17.3	244.95
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,424.1	36.1	843.52	22.72	10,537.4	39.2	938.75	1,886.6	18.6	311.58
Temporary	2,027.9	31.3	542.05	16.79	1,315.3	39.5	707.25	712.6	16.1	237.14
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	989.4	40.1	1,354.08	33.89	961.6	40.7	1,377.75	27.9	20.1	537.80
Business, finance and administrative	2,789.8	35.4	758.56	21.06	2,394.6	38.2	833.25	395.2	18.1	306.07
Natural and applied sciences	1,093.5	38.4	1,166.27	30.35	1,060.7	39.0	1,184.93	32.8	20.4	562.78
Health	927.1	33.5	864.72	25.74	691.6	37.9	982.14	235.5	20.5	519.97
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,393.3	34.5	978.85	28.25	1,144.7	38.0	1,086.49	248.6	18.4	483.20
Art, culture, recreation and sport	334.5	33.0	748.86	21.89	248.9	39.2	907.94	85.6	14.9	286.21
Sales and service	3,736.0	30.8	489.98	14.86	2,384.1	38.4	651.17	1,351.8	17.5	205.70
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,062.4	39.7	864.24	21.54	1,919.4	41.4	907.51	143.0	17.9	283.49
Occupations unique to primary industry	343.0	41.4	740.58	17.52	304.8	44.8	810.30	38.2	14.9	183.84
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	783.0	38.6	721.33	18.40	742.4	39.8	747.78	40.7	17.1	238.42
<b>June 2008</b>										
15 years and over	14,879.6	35.9	781.94	21.15	12,377.6	39.5	884.16	2,502.0	17.9	276.25
15 to 24 years	2,723.3	30.3	397.48	12.38	1,673.7	39.0	540.11	1,049.6	16.4	170.04
25 years and over	12,156.3	37.1	868.07	23.11	10,703.9	39.6	937.96	1,452.4	19.0	353.00
Men	7,527.7	38.4	901.59	23.00	6,783.8	40.8	974.06	743.9	17.0	240.69
Women	7,351.9	33.2	659.42	19.25	5,593.7	37.9	775.13	1,758.1	18.2	291.29
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,637.6	36.1	887.49	24.33	4,001.0	38.7	963.38	636.5	19.8	410.46
No union coverage	10,242.0	35.7	734.15	19.71	8,376.6	39.9	846.32	1,865.4	17.2	230.45
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,863.3	36.5	823.89	21.97	11,059.9	39.5	910.55	1,803.4	18.5	292.41
Temporary	2,016.3	31.5	514.30	15.89	1,317.7	39.7	662.63	698.6	16.2	234.51
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	1,094.8	39.9	1,325.41	33.24	1,059.1	40.5	1,354.69	35.7	19.9	457.61
Business, finance and administrative	2,895.7	35.5	724.69	20.06	2,506.7	38.2	789.32	389.0	18.3	308.25
Natural and applied sciences	1,111.8	38.6	1,123.55	29.26	1,075.7	39.2	1,143.38	36.1	19.8	532.45
Health	909.0	33.6	829.71	24.67	689.9	37.8	939.68	219.0	20.3	483.29
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,331.7	34.9	965.05	27.53	1,104.6	38.3	1,068.15	227.1	18.2	463.61
Art, culture, recreation and sport	331.9	32.9	717.51	20.69	252.1	38.7	867.72	79.8	14.6	242.84
Sales and service	3,688.4	31.2	472.15	14.19	2,397.6	38.5	621.49	1,290.7	17.5	194.73
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,249.4	40.3	842.58	20.73	2,109.3	41.8	880.72	140.1	18.1	268.47
Occupations unique to primary industry	355.9	42.5	751.86	17.19	317.7	45.9	821.60	38.2	14.7	171.68
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	911.0	38.9	718.29	18.22	864.8	40.1	745.48	46.1	17.0	208.75

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Tables 282-0023, 282-0069, 282-0073.

**Table 8**  
**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program <sup>1</sup>, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from July 12, 2009 to August 8, 2009
	percent
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>	
01. St. John's	7.7
02. Newfoundland and Labrador	20.5
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
03. Prince Edward Island	12.6
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
04. Eastern Nova Scotia	16.8
05. Western Nova Scotia	10.5
06. Halifax	6.0
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
07. Fredericton-Moncton-Saint John	6.4
08. Madawaska-Charlotte <sup>2</sup>	11.3
09. Restigouche-Albert	14.3
<b>Quebec</b>	
10. Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	16.4
11. Québec	4.7
12. Trois-Rivières	8.1
13. South Central Quebec	7.0
14. Sherbrooke	9.1
15. Montérégie	8.7
16. Montréal	9.6
17. Central Quebec	8.8
18. Northwestern Quebec	12.0
19. Bas-Saint-Laurent-Côte-Nord <sup>3</sup>	11.3
20. Gatineau	5.5
21. Saguenay	9.2
<b>Ontario</b>	
22. Ottawa	6.4
23. Eastern Ontario	8.4
24. Kingston	6.2
25. Central Ontario	10.0
26. Oshawa	8.6
27. Toronto	9.6
28. Hamilton	7.1
29. St. Catharines	10.9
30. London	10.4
31. Niagara	11.9
32. Windsor	14.5
33. Kitchener	9.9
34. Huron	10.3
35. South Central Ontario	8.1
36. Sudbury	8.8
37. Thunder Bay	8.9
38. Northern Ontario	13.3
<b>Manitoba</b>	
39. Winnipeg	4.9
40. Southern Manitoba	5.9
41. Northern Manitoba	26.2
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
42. Regina	3.6
43. Saskatoon	4.7
44. Southern Saskatchewan	7.7
45. Northern Saskatchewan	16.5

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 8 – continued

**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program 1, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from July 12, 2009 to August 8, 2009
	percent
<b>Alberta</b>	
46. Calgary	6.7
47. Edmonton	6.6
48. Northern Alberta	10.5
49. Southern Alberta	7.5
<b>British Columbia</b>	
50. Southern Interior British Columbia	11.1
51. Abbotsford	8.2
52. Vancouver	7.0
53. Victoria	7.1
54. Southern Coastal British Columbia	8.6
55. Northern British Columbia	13.5
<b>Territories</b>	
56. Yukon <sup>4</sup>	25.0
57. Northwest Territories <sup>4</sup>	25.0
58. Nunavut <sup>4</sup>	25.0

1. The boundaries of these regions are determined by Human Resources and Social Development Canada (HRSDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of employment insurance regions, see the HRSDC website: <http://srv129.services.gc.ca/eiregions/en/geocont.aspx>.
2. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a_e.shtml).
3. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b_e.shtml).
4. This rate is provided by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada.

**Table 9-1**  
**Students and other persons aged 15 to 24 (unadjusted) by detailed age groups**

	June 2007	June 2008	June 2009	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from		Percent change from	
					last year	two years ago	last year	two years ago
in thousands								
<b>Students 15 to 24 years<sup>2</sup></b>								
Population	2,312.6	2,308.8	<b>2,316.7</b>	28.5	<b>7.9</b>	4.1	<b>0.3</b>	0.2
Labour force	1,375.1	1,410.5	<b>1,330.2</b>	30.3	<b>-80.3</b>	-44.9	<b>-5.7</b>	-3.3
Employment	1,211.4	1,231.3	<b>1,082.2</b>	29.3	<b>-149.1</b>	-129.2	<b>-12.1</b>	-10.7
Full-time employment	463.8	464.6	<b>366.0</b>	21.2	<b>-98.6</b>	-97.8	<b>-21.2</b>	-21.1
Part-time employment	747.6	766.7	<b>716.1</b>	23.2	<b>-50.6</b>	-31.5	<b>-6.6</b>	-4.2
Unemployment	163.7	179.3	<b>248.0</b>	13.1	<b>68.7</b>	84.3	<b>38.3</b>	51.5
Participation rate	59.5	61.1	<b>57.4</b>	1.0	<b>-3.7</b>	-2.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.9	12.7	<b>18.6</b>	0.9	<b>5.9</b>	6.7	...	...
Employment rate	52.4	53.3	<b>46.7</b>	1.0	<b>-6.6</b>	-5.7	...	...
Part-time rate	61.7	62.3	<b>66.2</b>	1.3	<b>3.9</b>	4.5	...	...
<b>Students 15 to 16 years<sup>2</sup></b>								
Population	821.5	803.9	<b>793.4</b>	5.0	<b>-10.5</b>	-28.1	<b>-1.3</b>	-3.4
Labour force	311.4	331.5	<b>288.6</b>	12.7	<b>-42.9</b>	-22.8	<b>-12.9</b>	-7.3
Employment	259.2	265.7	<b>209.8</b>	12.0	<b>-55.9</b>	-49.4	<b>-21.0</b>	-19.1
Full-time employment	11.9	26.0	<b>16.3</b>	5.2	<b>-9.7</b>	4.4	<b>-37.3</b>	37.0
Part-time employment	247.3	239.7	<b>193.5</b>	11.2	<b>-46.2</b>	-53.8	<b>-19.3</b>	-21.8
Unemployment	52.2	65.8	<b>78.8</b>	7.5	<b>13.0</b>	26.6	<b>19.8</b>	51.0
Participation rate	37.9	41.2	<b>36.4</b>	1.5	<b>-4.8</b>	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.8	19.8	<b>27.3</b>	1.9	<b>7.5</b>	10.5	...	...
Employment rate	31.6	33.1	<b>26.4</b>	1.5	<b>-6.7</b>	-5.2	...	...
Part-time rate	95.4	90.2	<b>92.2</b>	1.6	<b>2.0</b>	-3.2	...	...
<b>Students 17 to 19 years<sup>2</sup></b>								
Population	829.5	864.1	<b>872.3</b>	15.7	<b>8.2</b>	42.8	<b>0.9</b>	5.2
Labour force	542.0	579.6	<b>564.1</b>	17.2	<b>-15.5</b>	22.1	<b>-2.7</b>	4.1
Employment	475.2	512.0	<b>461.8</b>	17.0	<b>-50.2</b>	-13.4	<b>-9.8</b>	-2.8
Full-time employment	146.2	164.5	<b>119.2</b>	11.9	<b>-45.3</b>	-27.0	<b>-27.5</b>	-18.5
Part-time employment	329.0	347.5	<b>342.6</b>	14.6	<b>-4.9</b>	13.6	<b>-1.4</b>	4.1
Unemployment	66.9	67.6	<b>102.3</b>	8.3	<b>34.7</b>	35.4	<b>51.3</b>	52.9
Participation rate	65.3	67.1	<b>64.7</b>	1.6	<b>-2.4</b>	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.3	11.7	<b>18.1</b>	1.4	<b>6.4</b>	5.8	...	...
Employment rate	57.3	59.3	<b>52.9</b>	1.7	<b>-6.4</b>	-4.4	...	...
Part-time rate	69.2	67.9	<b>74.2</b>	1.9	<b>6.3</b>	5.0	...	...
<b>Students 20 to 24 years<sup>2</sup></b>								
Population	661.6	640.9	<b>651.0</b>	22.7	<b>10.1</b>	-10.6	<b>1.6</b>	-1.6
Labour force	521.6	499.4	<b>477.5</b>	20.4	<b>-21.9</b>	-44.1	<b>-4.4</b>	-8.5
Employment	477.0	453.5	<b>410.6</b>	19.8	<b>-42.9</b>	-66.4	<b>-9.5</b>	-13.9
Full-time employment	305.7	274.0	<b>230.5</b>	15.8	<b>-43.5</b>	-75.2	<b>-15.9</b>	-24.6
Part-time employment	171.3	179.5	<b>180.1</b>	13.5	<b>0.6</b>	8.8	<b>0.3</b>	5.1
Unemployment	44.6	45.9	<b>66.9</b>	6.5	<b>21.0</b>	22.3	<b>45.8</b>	50.0
Participation rate	78.8	77.9	<b>73.3</b>	1.8	<b>-4.6</b>	-5.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.6	9.2	<b>14.0</b>	1.3	<b>4.8</b>	5.4	...	...
Employment rate	72.1	70.8	<b>63.1</b>	1.9	<b>-7.7</b>	-9.0	...	...
Part-time rate	35.9	39.6	<b>43.9</b>	2.4	<b>4.3</b>	8.0	...	...
<b>Other persons aged 15 to 24<sup>3</sup></b>								
Population	2,038.6	2,066.0	<b>2,078.2</b>	28.5	<b>12.2</b>	39.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.9
Labour force	1,735.7	1,761.5	<b>1,759.0</b>	28.2	<b>-2.5</b>	23.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.3
Employment	1,576.8	1,580.0	<b>1,534.0</b>	27.5	<b>-46.0</b>	-42.8	<b>-2.9</b>	-2.7
Full-time employment	1,241.1	1,255.8	<b>1,162.3</b>	25.9	<b>-93.5</b>	-78.8	<b>-7.4</b>	-6.3
Part-time employment	335.7	324.1	<b>371.7</b>	16.0	<b>47.6</b>	36.0	<b>14.7</b>	10.7
Unemployment	158.9	181.6	<b>225.0</b>	12.4	<b>43.4</b>	66.1	<b>23.9</b>	41.6
Participation rate	85.1	85.3	<b>84.6</b>	0.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.2	10.3	<b>12.8</b>	0.7	<b>2.5</b>	3.6	...	...
Employment rate	77.3	76.5	<b>73.8</b>	0.9	<b>-2.7</b>	-3.5	...	...
Part-time rate	21.3	20.5	<b>24.2</b>	0.9	<b>3.7</b>	2.9	...	...

1. Average standard error of change over the year (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

2. Students are persons aged 15 to 24 who attended school full-time in March and who are planning to return to school in the fall.

3. Other persons are all other youths aged 15 to 24 who are not included in the student population.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Table 282-0006.



**Table 9-2**  
**Students and other persons aged 15 to 24 (unadjusted) by province**

	Population		Labour force				Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
	Labour force	Employment	Full-time employment	Part-time employment	Unemployment				
in thousands									
<b>Students<sup>1</sup></b>									
Newfoundland and Labrador									
June 2008	34.3	18.0	15.3	7.5	7.8	2.6	52.5	14.4	44.6
June 2009	31.6	14.1	12.0	4.7	7.4	2.1	44.6	14.9	38.0
Prince Edward Island									
June 2008	9.4	6.8	5.7	3.2	2.5	1.1	72.3	16.2	60.6
June 2009	10.1	6.4	5.6	2.5	3.1	0.8	63.4	12.5	55.4
Nova Scotia									
June 2008	64.7	41.5	37.1	14.5	22.5	4.5	64.1	10.8	57.3
June 2009	58.8	35.7	29.8	11.5	18.4	5.9	60.7	16.5	50.7
New Brunswick									
June 2008	46.7	34.6	28.8	13.3	15.6	5.8	74.1	16.8	61.7
June 2009	48.3	33.4	27.0	13.1	13.9	6.4	69.2	19.2	55.9
Quebec									
June 2008	536.5	338.0	292.9	120.1	172.8	45.1	63.0	13.3	54.6
June 2009	514.5	317.4	259.6	89.6	170.1	57.8	61.7	18.2	50.5
Ontario									
June 2008	995.6	595.0	502.2	176.8	325.4	92.8	59.8	15.6	50.4
June 2009	1,027.0	570.5	440.3	142.1	298.1	130.2	55.6	22.8	42.9
Manitoba									
June 2008	74.2	50.4	45.4	17.0	28.4	5.0	67.9	9.9	61.2
June 2009	68.6	41.7	35.3	11.0	24.3	6.4	60.8	15.3	51.5
Saskatchewan									
June 2008	62.1	39.7	37.0	16.3	20.7	2.7	63.9	6.8	59.6
June 2009	57.3	35.1	31.5	10.6	20.9	3.6	61.3	10.3	55.0
Alberta									
June 2008	216.2	143.1	132.8	52.5	80.3	10.3	66.2	7.2	61.4
June 2009	214.4	121.5	109.9	38.6	71.3	11.6	56.7	9.5	51.3
British Columbia									
June 2008	269.1	143.4	134.0	43.3	90.7	9.4	53.3	6.6	49.8
June 2009	286.2	154.5	131.2	42.4	88.8	23.3	54.0	15.1	45.8
<b>Other persons aged 15-24<sup>2</sup></b>									
Newfoundland and Labrador									
June 2008	28.2	21.5	16.9	12.3	4.7	4.6	76.2	21.4	59.9
June 2009	29.5	23.0	17.9	14.9	2.9	5.1	78.0	22.2	60.7
Prince Edward Island									
June 2008	10.3	9.1	8.2	7.0	1.2	1.0	88.3	11.0	79.6
June 2009	9.7	8.8	8.1	6.7	1.4	x	90.7	x	83.5
Nova Scotia									
June 2008	56.9	46.8	41.4	33.1	8.2	5.4	82.2	11.5	72.8
June 2009	61.3	51.8	43.3	32.8	10.4	8.6	84.5	16.6	70.6
New Brunswick									
June 2008	48.2	39.3	32.5	27.2	5.4	6.8	81.5	17.3	67.4
June 2009	45.6	37.8	33.5	28.1	5.4	4.3	82.9	11.4	73.5
Quebec									
June 2008	422.9	364.7	321.5	252.9	68.5	43.3	86.2	11.9	76.0
June 2009	448.2	375.6	337.2	261.1	76.1	38.4	83.8	10.2	75.2
Ontario									
June 2008	737.0	623.0	545.8	421.7	124.2	77.2	84.5	12.4	74.1
June 2009	717.9	608.3	514.8	370.2	144.4	93.6	84.7	15.4	71.7
Manitoba									
June 2008	84.2	71.2	66.4	54.1	12.4	4.8	84.6	6.7	78.9
June 2009	91.6	76.9	71.4	55.2	16.2	5.4	84.0	7.0	77.9
Saskatchewan									
June 2008	77.3	66.7	63.1	52.6	10.3	x	86.3	x	81.6
June 2009	82.1	70.2	64.8	53.9	10.9	5.4	85.5	7.7	78.9

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 9-2 – continued

Students and other persons aged 15 to 24 (unadjusted) by province

	Population	Labour force					Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Full-time employment	Part-time employment	Unemployment			
in thousands									
Alberta									
June 2008	287.5	247.4	235.4	203.1	32.3	11.9	86.1	4.8	81.9
June 2009	293.4	255.1	222.1	180.1	41.9	33.1	86.9	13.0	75.7
British Columbia									
June 2008	313.7	271.7	248.7	191.9	56.8	23.0	86.6	8.5	79.3
June 2009	298.9	251.6	221.1	159.2	61.9	30.5	84.2	12.1	74.0

1. Students are persons aged 15 to 24 who attended school full-time in March and who are planning to return to school in the fall.
2. Other persons are all other youths aged 15 to 24 who are not included in the student population.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM Table 282-0006.

# Data quality

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## About the Labour Force Survey

The statistics contained in this report are based on information obtained through a sample survey of 53,000 representative households across the country. The Labour Force Survey, started in November 1945, was taken at quarterly intervals until November 1952. It has been carried out monthly since then. The information generated by the survey has expanded considerably over the years with a major redesign of the survey content in 1976 and again in 1997, and provides a rich and detailed picture of the Canadian labour market.

The sample used in the Labour Force Survey has been designed to represent all persons in the population 15 years of age and over residing in the provinces of Canada, with the exception of the following: persons living on Indian reserves, full-time members of the armed forces and people living in institutions (for example, inmates of penal institutions and patients in hospitals or nursing homes who have resided in the institution for more than six months). Monthly estimates of employment, unemployment and persons not in the labour force refer to the specific week covered by the survey each month, normally the week containing the 15th day.

## Definitions and explanations

The **labour force** is composed of those members of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

Employed persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) did any work at all
- (b) had a job but were not at work

A person is considered to be **full-time** if his/her usual hours at the main job are 30 or more hours per week. When the number of hours worked at the main job is usually less than 30 hours per week then he/she is considered to be **part-time**.

**Unemployed** persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week), and were available for work;
- (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but were on temporary layoff and were available for work;
- (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from the reference week, and were available for work.

Persons in the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were neither employed nor unemployed are classified as **not in the labour force**.

The **unemployment rate** represents the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.

The **participation rate** represents the labour force expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **employment rate (formerly the employment/population ratio)** represents the number of persons employed expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **part-time rate** represents the number of persons employed part-time expressed as a percentage of the employed. The part-time rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed part-time in that group expressed as a percentage of the employed for that group.

All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries.

## Seasonal adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those which are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. The seasonally adjusted series contains irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

The seasonally adjusted series are revised each year to take into account current data and to generate new forecast factors for the next twelve months. The data are therefore subject to slight revisions in future issues of this publication.

## Sampling variability of estimates

Estimates in this publication are based on the Labour Force Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 53,000 households across Canada. Because the entire population is not surveyed, the estimates are subject to sampling error. While the published estimate is the best available indicator of the real value, changes in the level of any estimates between two months can be the result of a true change or sampling variability. The sampling error can be estimated by calculating the standard error for the published estimate or statistic. These standard errors have been included in the publication tables, in order to assist users in interpreting the data.

### Interpretation based on standard error

Two thirds of the time (68%), a change greater than the sampling error indicates a real change. The larger the change compared to the standard error, the better the chance that we are observing a real change, as opposed to a change due to sampling variability. At the 95% level, in order to ensure that change is real, the change in the estimate must be greater than twice the sampling error.

Movements in estimates that are smaller than the sampling error are less likely to reflect a real change and more likely to be due to sampling variability. While the above is true for monthly movements, one can have more confidence in a series of consecutive movements in the same direction, even though some of the monthly movements may be smaller than the sampling error.

### Interpretation based on confidence intervals

Confidence intervals provide another way of looking at the variability inherent in estimates of sample surveys. To illustrate how to calculate the confidence interval, let us say that one month the published estimate for total employment rose by 16,000 to reach 16,500,000. The associated standard error for the movement estimate is 27,200. The standard error used to interpret the movement estimate indicates that:

- There are approximately two chances in three (68%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -11,200 to +43,200 (16,000 + or – one standard error).
- There are approximately nine chances in ten (90%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -27,520 to +59,520 (16,000 + or – 1.6 times the standard error).
- There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty (95%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -38,400 to +70,400 (16,000 + or – two standard errors).

For more detailed explanations on sampling variability of estimates, and in particular for information on how to assess the variability of level estimates, consult the Data quality section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey*, (71-543-G) on page 27.

## Documentation

For more detailed information about the Labour Force Survey, see the following documents:

- Overview of the Labour Force Survey
- Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)
- Data quality statement
- Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey (71-526-X)
- LFS *geographical maps*