



Catalogue no. 71-001-XIE

# Labour Force Information

Not for release before 7 A.M. E.D.T.

Friday October 5, 2007

September 9 to 15, 2007



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Statistics Canada  
Labour Statistics Division  
Labour Force Survey Program

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# User information

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## Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0<sup>s</sup> value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

## Special requests (\$)

Custom tabulations can be arranged on an ad hoc or regular basis. This service enables you to specify tables and time series to meet your own requirements. The cost varies according to the request. For more information, contact us toll-free at 1-866-873-8788 or e-mail us at [labour@statcan.ca](mailto:labour@statcan.ca).

## Schedule of LFS releases

Reference period - Week ending	Release date
January 20, 2007	February 9, 2007
February 17, 2007	March 9, 2007
March 17, 2007	April 5, 2007
April 21, 2007	May 11, 2007
May 19, 2007	June 8, 2007
June 16, 2007	July 6, 2007
July 21, 2007	August 10, 2007
August 18, 2007	September 7, 2007
September 15, 2007	October 5, 2007
October 13, 2007	November 2, 2007
November 10, 2007	December 7, 2007
December 8, 2007	January 11, 2008

## Latest LFS release in *The Daily*(free)

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# Highlights

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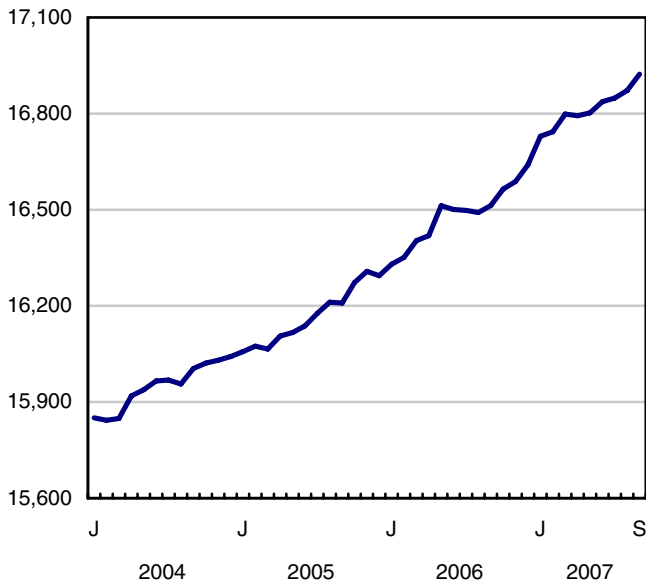
## September 2007

The unemployment rate dipped 0.1 percentage points to 5.9% in September, the first time since November 1974 that the rate has been below 6.0%. The decline in the rate occurred as employment rose by an estimated 51,000, with gains concentrated in full-time.

**Chart 1**  
Employment and unemployment rates, Canada, seasonally adjusted

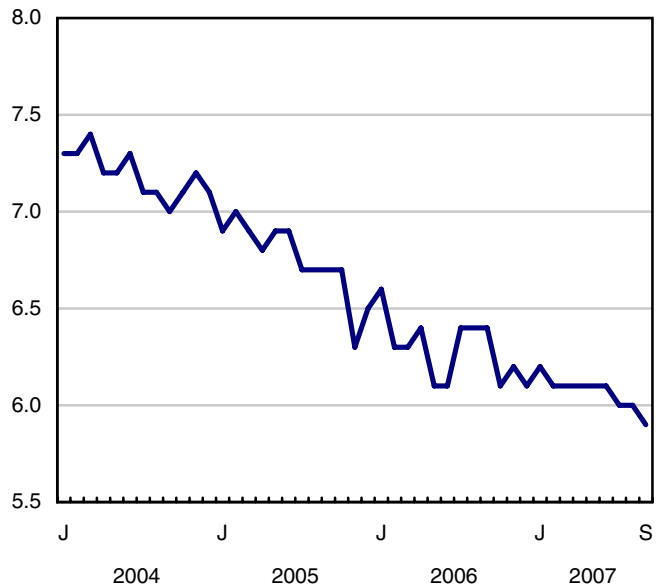
### Employment

thousands



### Unemployment rate

percentage



## Analysis — September 2007

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The unemployment rate dipped 0.1 percentage points to 5.9% in September, the first time since November 1974 that the rate has been below 6.0%. The decline in the rate occurred as employment rose by an estimated 51,000, with gains concentrated in full-time.

So far in 2007, employment has grown by 1.7% (+283,000), a rate of growth higher than that observed over the first nine months of 2006 (+1.3%).

In September, core-age workers, that is persons aged 25 to 54, experienced their first significant gain in employment (+40,000) since the start of the year.

Older workers (aged 55 and over) also showed employment strength with an increase of 23,000 in September. Employment among older people has been growing at a faster pace than that for people of core-age, with an increase of 5.6% so far this year.

Employment increased by an estimated 30,000 in Ontario, all full time. Despite this increase, employment growth in the province over the first nine months of the year (+1.2%) remains below the national average of 1.7%.

Since the beginning of the year, the number of hours worked at the national level, rose by 2.1%, a rate of increase much stronger than the 1.0% growth observed over the same period a year ago.

The largest employment increases in September were in educational services, followed by public administration; professional, scientific and technical services; and agriculture. There were declines, however, in retail trade.

Over the first nine months of the year, manufacturing employment has declined by 3.7% while there has been robust growth in a number of service industries, as well as construction and utilities.

Employees, on average, earned 4.2% more per hour in September than they did at the same time last year, while the most recent year-over-year increase in the Consumer Price Index was 1.7%. This is the largest estimated year-over-year increase in average hourly wages since the Labour Force Survey began collecting this information in 1997.

### **Employment in education rebounds from losses at end of school year**

Employment in educational services jumped by an estimated 25,000 in September, bringing gains over the past couple of months to 58,000, completely offsetting declines observed earlier in the summer.

Employment in public administration rose by 22,000, mostly in local and municipal administration, with the largest gains in Ontario.

There were 18,000 more people employed in professional, scientific and technical services nationwide in September, bringing total gains from a year ago to 60,000 (+5.5%). The largest increases over this period have been in architectural, engineering and design services as well as management, scientific and technical services.

In September, employment in agriculture increased by 13,000, with the largest gains in Alberta, followed by Quebec and British Columbia.

Transportation and warehousing employment rose by 13,000 across the country in September, partly offsetting the large drop the month before, leaving the industry at about the same level as at the end of last year.

Employment in trade dropped by an estimated 28,000 in September, mostly in retail. A large proportion of this decline was experienced by youths, who are commonly employed in retail trade. Despite this loss, growth in the industry was 1.5% (+39,000) over the first nine months of the year.



Employment in utilities declined by an estimated 8,000 in September. This follows substantial growth of 26,000 since last January with the largest increase over this period occurring in Quebec.

### **Public-sector strength in 2007**

In September, public-sector employment accounted for all of the employment increase, spurred by gains in educational services and public administration. This increase brings the growth in public-sector employment so far this year to 4.4%, while the number of private-sector employees has increased only 0.4%.

Although self-employment edged down slightly in September, it has increased by 3.9% so far in 2007.

### **Employment continues to boom for older workers**

The strong upward trend in employment growth among workers aged 55 and over continued. An estimated 23,000 more older people were employed in September, with increases evenly distributed between men and women. Employment among the 55+ has risen by 5.6% since the beginning of this year, the fastest of all age groups, with older women (+6.6%) outpacing older men (+4.7%).

The core-aged group experienced the largest employment gain in September, up 40,000, concentrated among men. This represents the first significant employment increase for 25 to 54 year-olds since January 2007. September's gain brings total employment growth for core-aged workers to 1.0% since the start of the year.

In September, employment among 15 to 24 year-olds edged down slightly as a decline of 31,000 youths working full time was partly offset by an increase of 20,000 working part time. This leaves overall youth employment up 1.3% since the beginning of the year.

### **Employment gains in Ontario and Saskatchewan**

Ontario's overall employment picture improved in September. Employment in the province increased by an estimated 30,000, the first significant gain this year, pushing the unemployment rate down 0.2 percentage points to 6.2%. This brings total growth for the province so far in the year to 1.2% (+77,000).

In September, the largest increases in employment in Ontario were in educational services as well as information, culture and recreation. There were also gains in public administration, mostly at the local, municipal and provincial levels. Some of this gain was likely the result of additional workers hired for the provincial election. Manufacturing, however, continued to slump, with 44,000 fewer workers over the first nine months of this year.

In September, the employment picture also improved in Saskatchewan, with an estimated increase of 7,000, all in the service-producing sector. This increase, however, only brings employment in the province back to the same level as at the end of 2006. September's employment increase pushed the unemployment rate down 1.1 percentage points to 3.8%, the second lowest in the country after Alberta.

### **Employment growth in Alberta strongest in 2007**

The strongest employment growth over the first nine months of 2007 occurred in Alberta, up 3.4%, with gains across a number of industries. The unemployment rate, at 3.6% in September, remained the lowest in the country.

New Brunswick had the second strongest employment growth (+2.5%) in the country so far this year. However, the unemployment rate rose by 0.5 percentage points to 8.2% in September, the result of more people looking for work.

British Columbia ranks third in employment growth so far this year (+2.2%) with the largest gains in retail trade as well as construction. With no employment change in September and an increase in the number of people entering the labour force in search of work, the unemployment rate rose 0.3 percentage points to 4.3%.

A number of ongoing labour disputes in British Columbia remained unsettled in September, including members of unions in 31 coastal forestry companies and municipal workers in Vancouver. Workers on strike or locked out are considered employed according to Labour Force Survey definitions. However, the number of hours lost from work due to labour disputes in the province was substantial. During the survey reference week of September 9<sup>th</sup>, there were 13,000 employees who were not at work because of labour disputes, resulting in a loss of an estimated 476,000 hours or 37.8 hours per affected employee.

Quebec's employment growth so far this year (+2.0%) has also been above the national average, with gains in part time (+8.0%) outpacing those of full time (+0.7%). Increases for the year have been in accommodation and food services; trade as well as construction and utilities. Similar to Ontario, Quebec's manufacturing sector employment has also declined in 2007 (-36,000). In September, the unemployment rate returned to its 33-year low of 6.9%, and the employment rate remained at its record high of 61.1% for the fourth consecutive month.

Manitoba's employment growth so far this year at 1.9% was led by gains in professional, scientific and technical services as well as construction. The proportion of working-age Manitobans with a job reached 66.5% in September, an all-time high.

### **Quarterly update on Territories and Aboriginal population in the western provinces living off-reserve**

The Labour Force Survey also collects labour market information about the Territories, as well as the Aboriginal population living off-reserve in the western provinces. This information is not seasonally adjusted and is produced in the form of three-month moving averages. Comparisons should only be made on a year-over-year basis.

#### **The Territories**

For the ten largest communities in Nunavut, the employment rate increased to 63.7% in September (three-month average of July, August, and September), from 59.1% one year ago.

In contrast, the employment rate in the Yukon fell from 74.9% in September 2006 to 72.3% in September 2007 (three-month average). In the Northwest Territories, there was little change in the labour market over the past year, with the employment rate at 74.7% this September.

#### **Employment growth for Aboriginal peoples residing in Alberta**

The employment rate in September (three-month average) among off-reserve Aboriginal peoples in the western provinces averaged 61.4%, down 0.6 percentage points compared to the same period in 2006. For the non-Aboriginal population in the western provinces, the employment rate increased 0.7 percentage points over the same period to 67.6%.

Alberta, with the strongest labour market in the country, was the only province where the employment rate among off-reserve Aboriginal peoples increased, up from 65.1% in September 2006 to 65.6% in September 2007.

In contrast, between September 2006 and September 2007, the employment rate among Aboriginal peoples living off-reserve declined by 2.1 percentage points in Manitoba, by a full percentage point in British Columbia and was little changed in Saskatchewan.

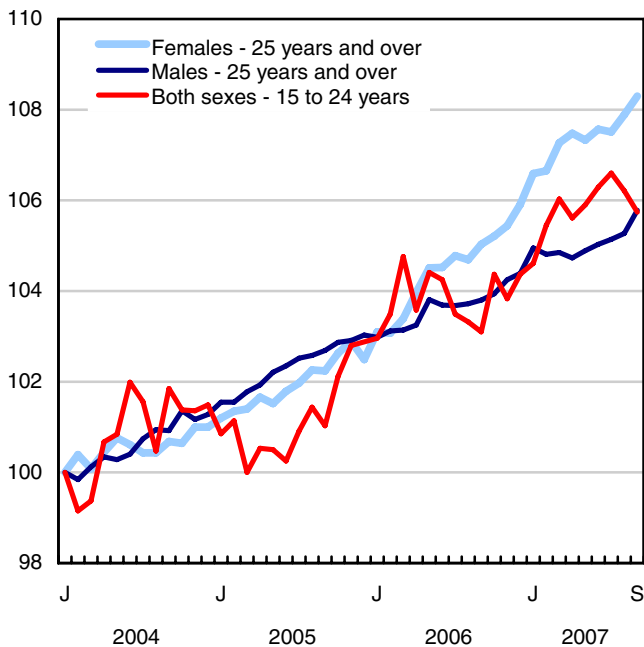
**Note to readers**

The Labour Force Survey estimates are based on a sample, and are therefore subject to sampling variability. Estimates for smaller geographic areas or industries will have more variability. For an explanation of sampling variability of estimates, and how to use standard errors to assess this variability, consult the Data Quality section in this publication.

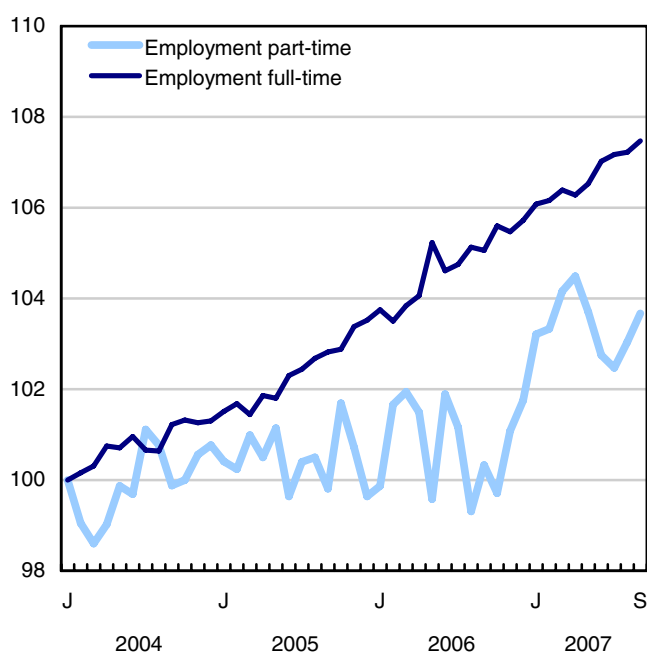
The 2006 Labour Force Historical Review on CD-ROM (71F0004XCB, \$209) is now available.

**Chart 1**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

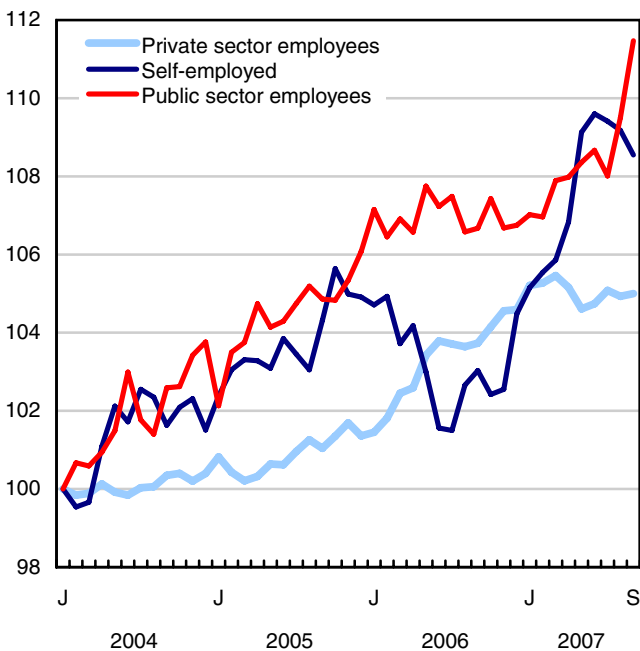
**Employment index, January 2004=100**



**Employment index, January 2004=100**

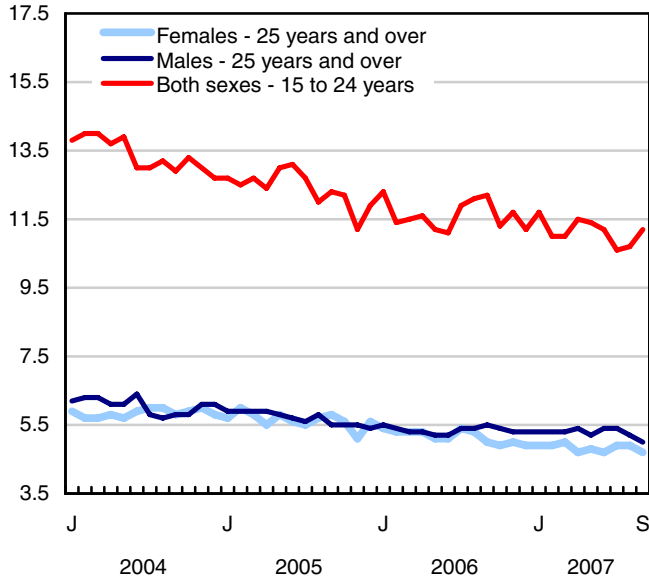


**Employment index, January 2004=100**

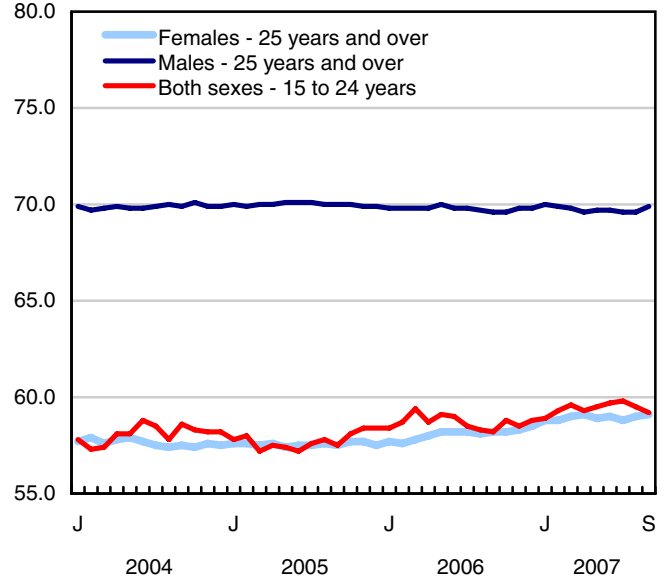


**Chart 2**  
**Employment and unemployment indicators, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

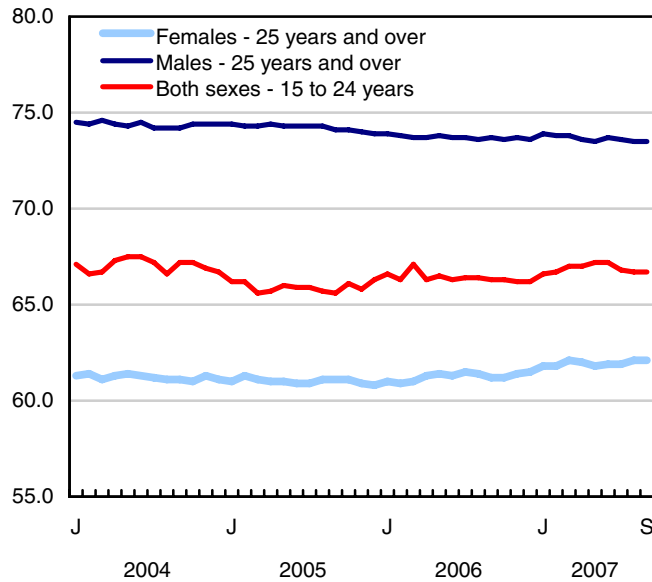
**Unemployment rate (%)**



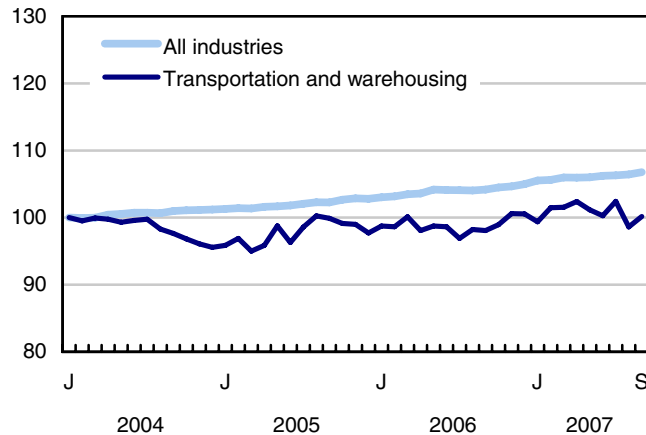
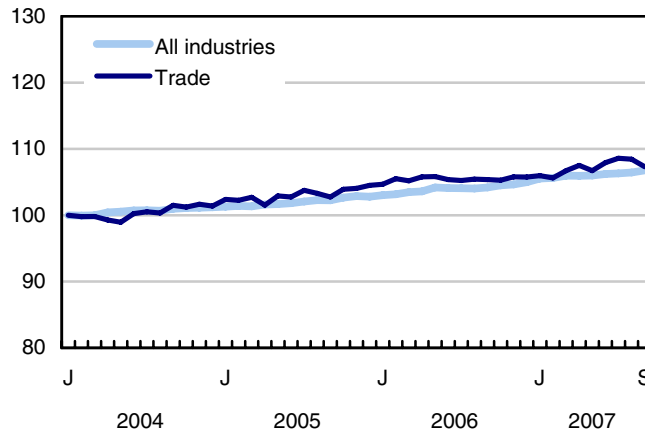
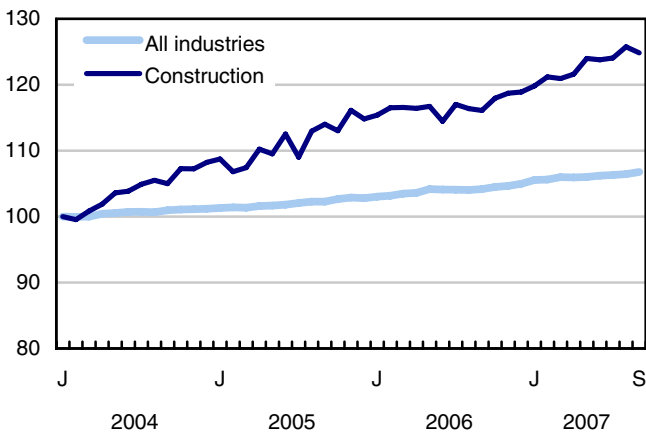
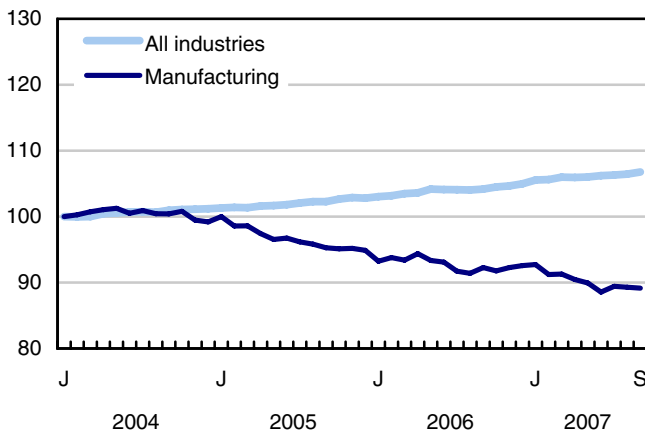
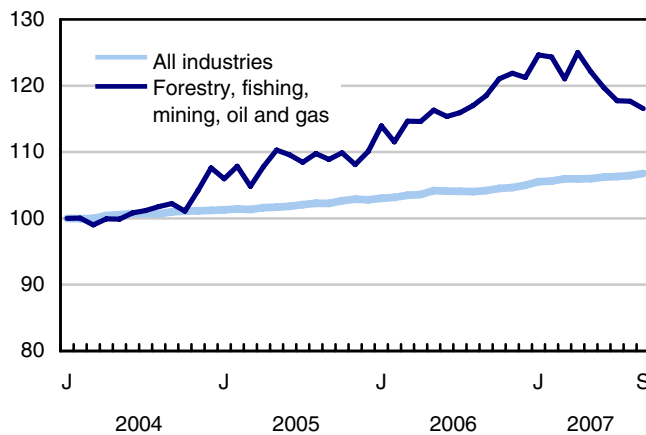
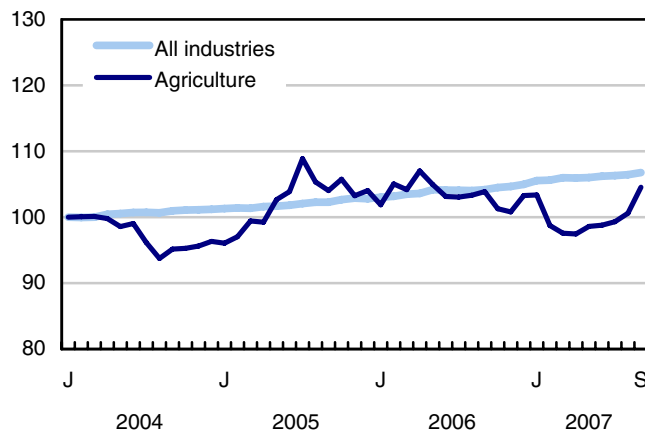
**Employment rate (%)**



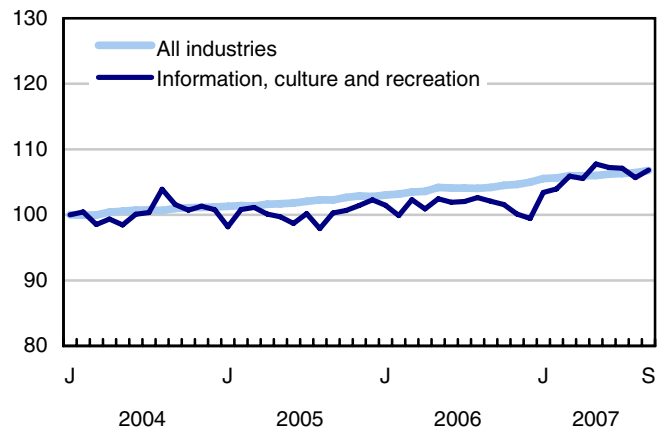
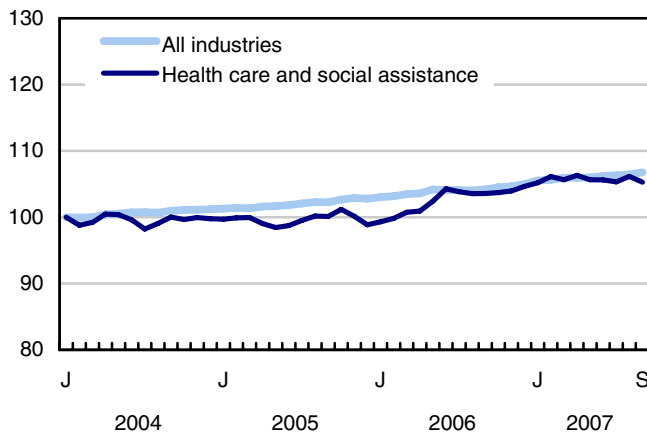
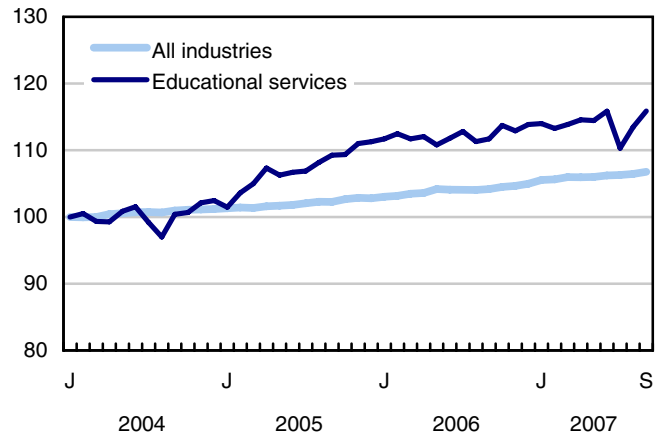
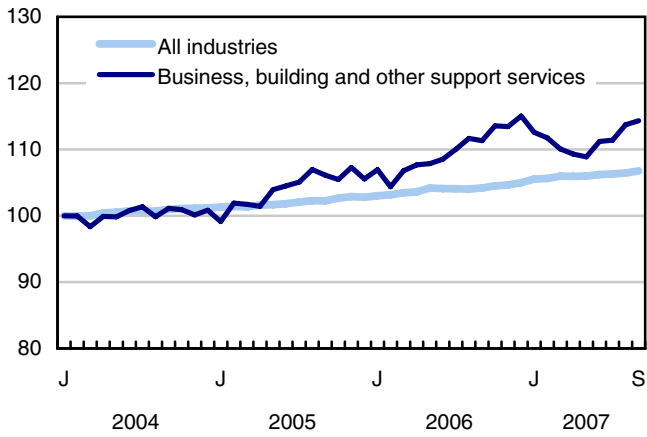
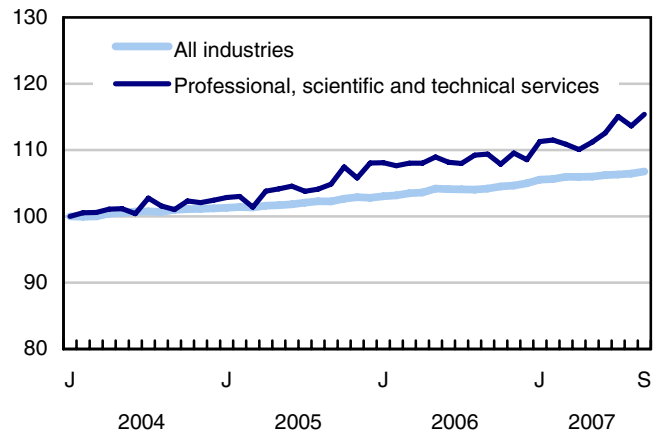
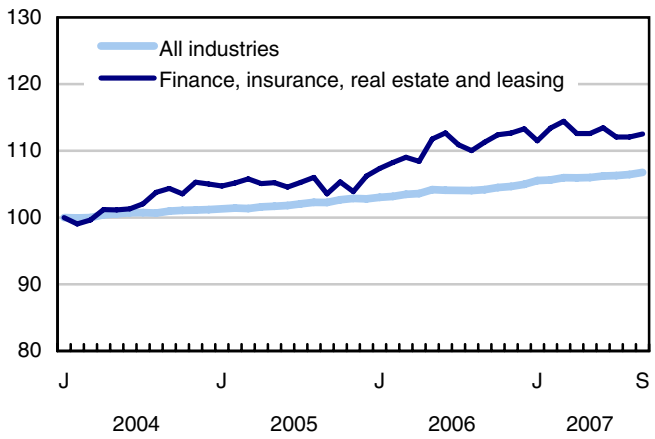
**Participation rate (%)**



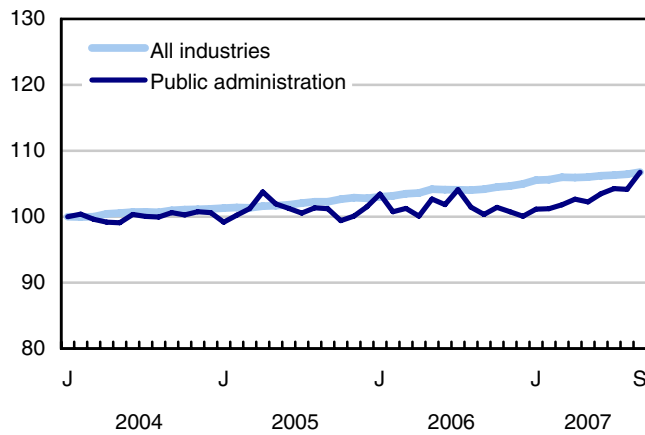
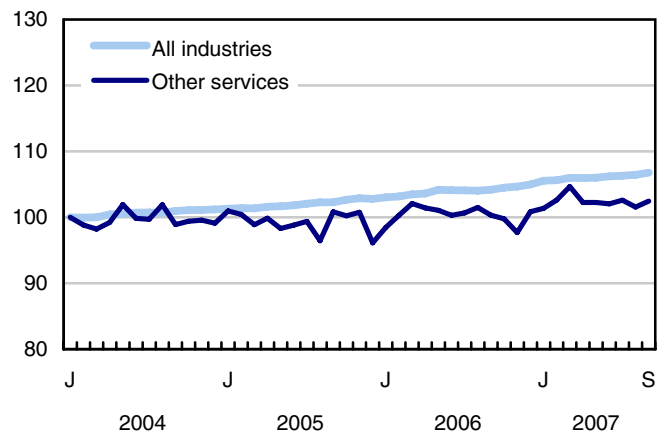
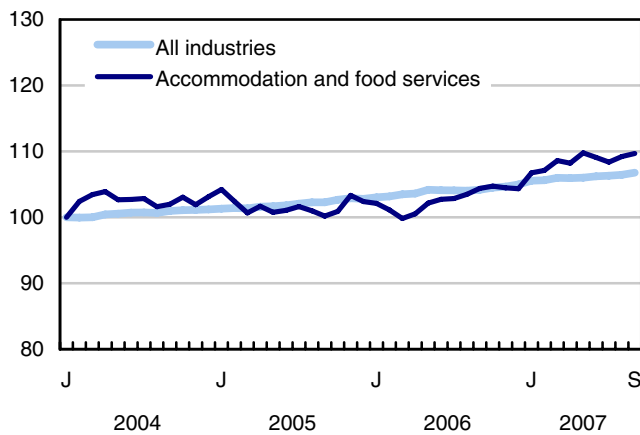
**Chart 3**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January, 2004=100**



**Chart 4**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2004 = 100**

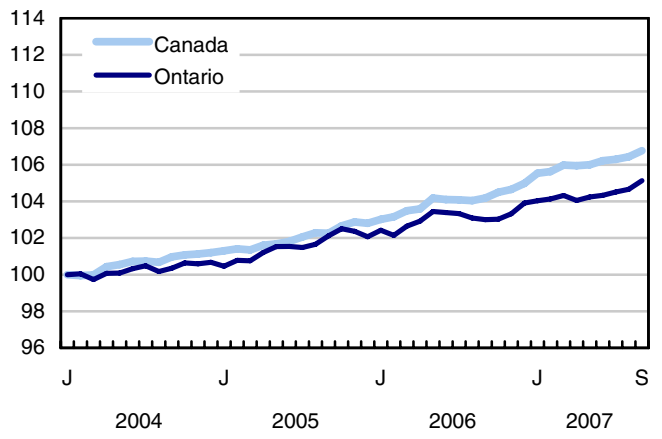
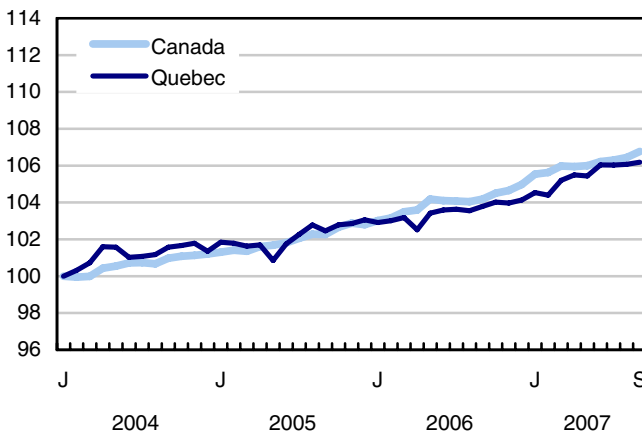
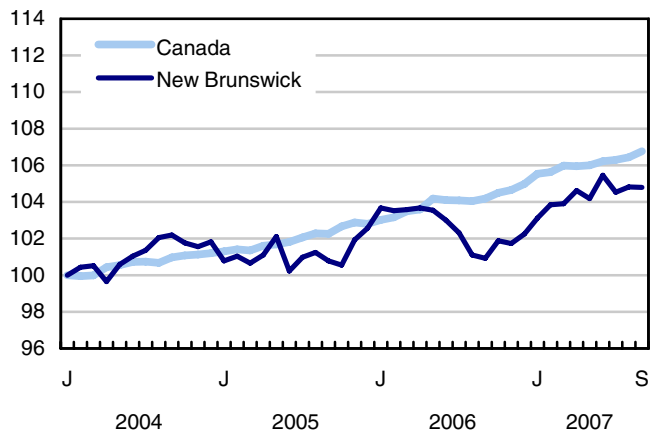
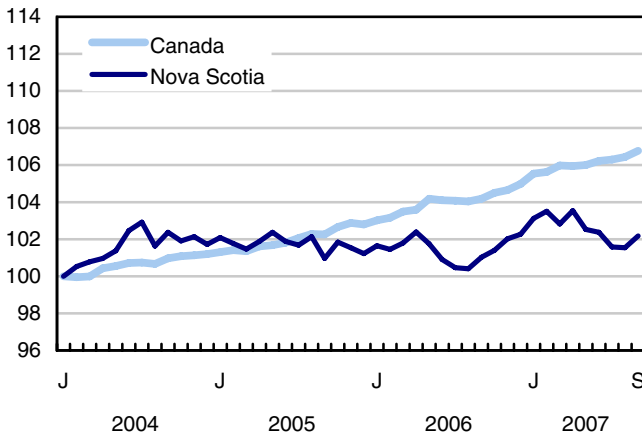
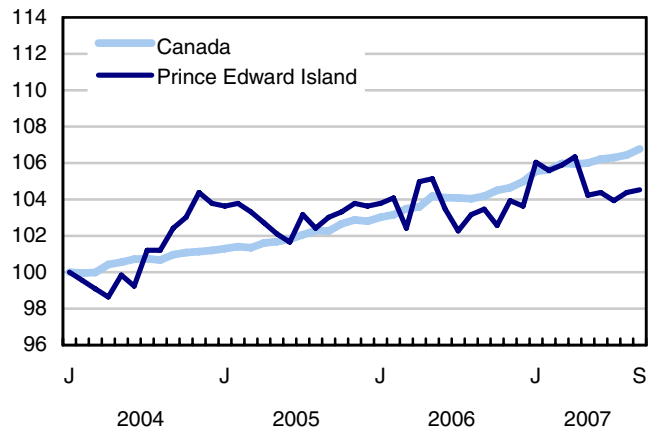
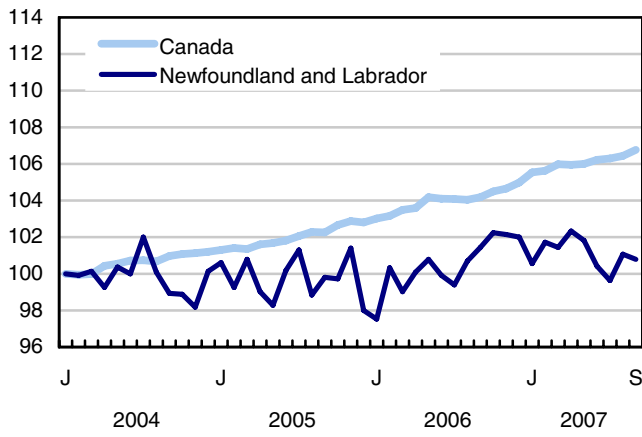


**Chart 5**  
**Index of employment by industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted, January 2004 = 100**

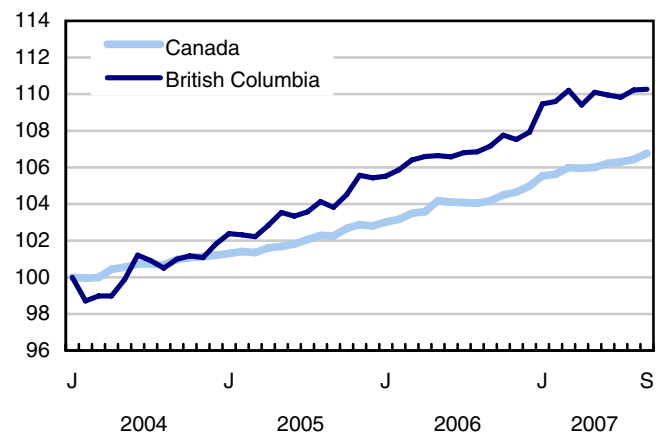
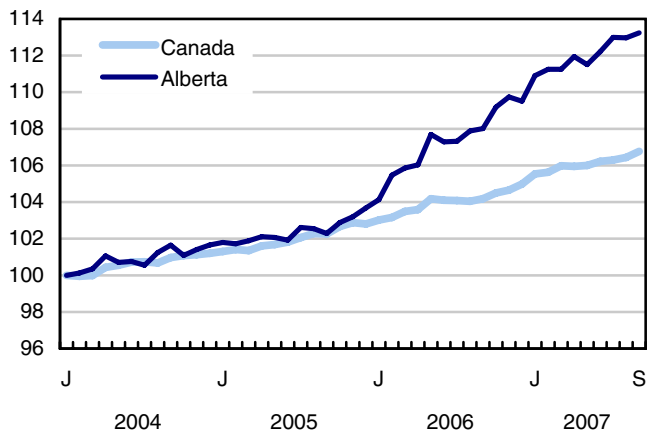
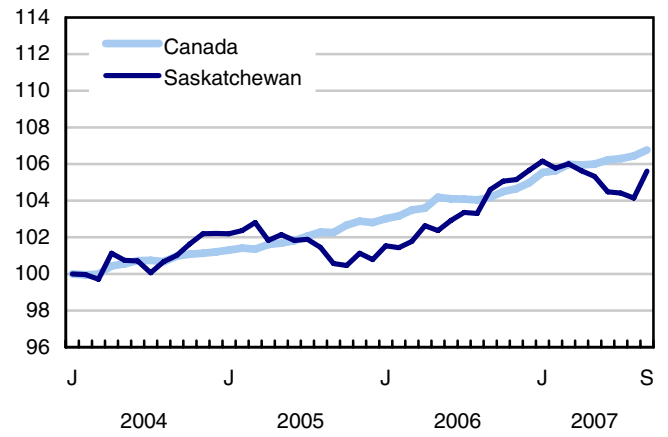
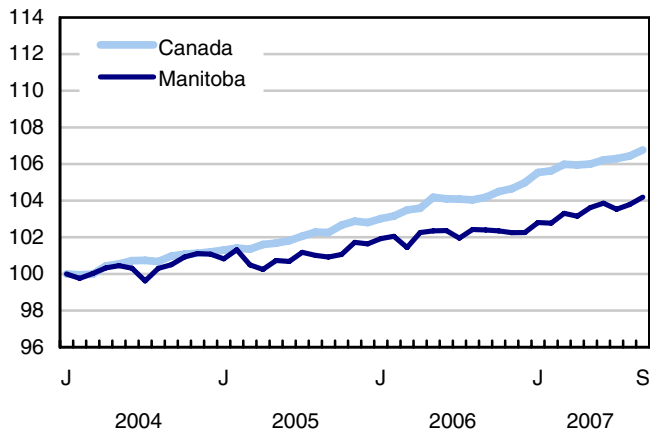




**Chart 6**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2004 = 100**



**Chart 7**  
**Index of employment by province, seasonally adjusted, January 2004 = 100**



## Related products

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### Selected publications from Statistics Canada

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71-222-X	The Canadian Labour Market at a Glance
71-526-X	Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey
71-543-G	Guide to the Labour Force Survey
71-544-X	Labour Force Survey Products and Services
71-587-X	Aboriginal Peoples Living Off-reserve in Western Canada: Estimates from the Labour Force Survey
71F0004X	Labour Force Historical Review
71F0031X	Improvements to the Labour Force Survey (LFS)
71M0001X	Labour Force Survey Microdata File
75-001-X	Perspectives on Labour and Income

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### Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

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282-0001	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by sex and detailed age group
282-0002	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by sex and detailed age group
282-0003	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by educational attainment, sex and age group
282-0004	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by educational attainment, sex and age group
282-0005	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by full- and part-time students during school months, sex and age group
282-0006	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by students during summer months, sex and age group
282-0007	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group
282-0008	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), sex and age group
282-0009	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S) and sex

282-0010	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S) and sex
282-0011	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), employment by class of worker, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and sex
282-0012	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), employment by class of worker, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and sex
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282-0016	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by usual hours worked, main or all jobs, sex and age group
282-0017	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by actual hours worked, main or all jobs, sex and age group
282-0018	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by actual hours worked, main or all jobs, sex and age group
282-0019	Labour force survey estimates (LFS), by usual hours worked, class of worker, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and sex
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### **Selected surveys from Statistics Canada**

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3701	Labour Force Survey
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### **Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada**

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# Statistical tables

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**Table 1**  
**Labour force characteristics by age and sex, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	26,599.8	<b>26,631.8</b>	...	<b>32.0</b>	274.2	366.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.4
Labour force	17,947.5	<b>17,976.7</b>	27.1	<b>29.2</b>	261.0	334.6	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	1.9
Employment	16,871.9	<b>16,923.0</b>	27.4	<b>51.1</b>	282.6	410.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	2.5
Employment full-time	13,830.7	<b>13,863.2</b>	35.2	<b>32.5</b>	226.0	311.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.7	2.3
Employment part-time	3,041.2	<b>3,059.9</b>	32.0	<b>18.7</b>	56.7	98.7	<b>0.6</b>	1.9	3.3
Unemployment	1,075.6	<b>1,053.6</b>	23.1	<b>-22.0</b>	-21.7	-75.5	<b>-2.0</b>	-2.0	-6.7
Participation rate	67.5	<b>67.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>5.9</b>	0.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.4	<b>63.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.0	<b>18.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	4,356.8	<b>4,359.8</b>	...	<b>3.0</b>	21.8	31.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	2,905.2	<b>2,907.0</b>	16.3	<b>1.8</b>	36.6	37.5	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	1.3
Employment	2,593.8	<b>2,582.5</b>	15.7	<b>-11.3</b>	33.6	64.5	<b>-0.4</b>	1.3	2.6
Employment full-time	1,457.5	<b>1,426.2</b>	17.8	<b>-31.3</b>	-0.6	3.9	<b>-2.1</b>	0.0	0.3
Employment part-time	1,136.3	<b>1,156.3</b>	18.2	<b>20.0</b>	34.2	60.6	<b>1.8</b>	3.0	5.5
Unemployment	311.4	<b>324.5</b>	13.7	<b>13.1</b>	3.0	-27.0	<b>4.2</b>	0.9	-7.7
Participation rate	66.7	<b>66.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.7	<b>11.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	0.0	-1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.5	<b>59.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.4	1.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	43.8	<b>44.8</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	0.8	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	10,865.7	<b>10,880.2</b>	...	<b>14.5</b>	125.2	166.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.2	1.6
Labour force	7,982.0	<b>8,000.8</b>	13.9	<b>18.8</b>	81.1	102.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	1.3
Employment	7,566.7	<b>7,603.8</b>	15.0	<b>37.1</b>	100.1	142.6	<b>0.5</b>	1.3	1.9
Employment full-time	7,079.4	<b>7,118.7</b>	19.1	<b>39.3</b>	101.2	138.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.4	2.0
Employment part-time	487.2	<b>485.2</b>	15.1	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.0	4.1	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.2	0.9
Unemployment	415.3	<b>397.0</b>	13.3	<b>-18.3</b>	-19.1	-40.0	<b>-4.4</b>	-4.6	-9.2
Participation rate	73.5	<b>73.5</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	<b>5.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.6	<b>69.9</b>	0.1	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.4	<b>6.4</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	11,377.3	<b>11,391.9</b>	...	<b>14.6</b>	127.3	168.5	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.5
Labour force	7,060.4	<b>7,068.9</b>	15.3	<b>8.5</b>	143.3	194.6	<b>0.1</b>	2.1	2.8
Employment	6,711.4	<b>6,736.7</b>	15.5	<b>25.3</b>	148.8	203.0	<b>0.4</b>	2.3	3.1
Employment full-time	5,293.8	<b>5,318.3</b>	22.4	<b>24.5</b>	125.4	169.0	<b>0.5</b>	2.4	3.3
Employment part-time	1,417.6	<b>1,418.4</b>	20.8	<b>0.8</b>	23.5	33.9	<b>0.1</b>	1.7	2.4
Unemployment	349.0	<b>332.1</b>	12.2	<b>-16.9</b>	-5.6	-8.5	<b>-4.8</b>	-1.7	-2.5
Participation rate	62.1	<b>62.1</b>	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>4.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	-0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.0	<b>59.1</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.1	<b>21.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 25 to 54 years</b>									
Population	14,340.5	<b>14,349.3</b>	...	<b>8.8</b>	68.2	95.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	12,401.6	<b>12,422.6</b>	20.4	<b>21.0</b>	94.1	131.8	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	1.1
Employment	11,771.7	<b>11,811.6</b>	21.8	<b>39.9</b>	115.8	170.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.0	1.5
Unemployment	629.8	<b>611.0</b>	16.9	<b>-18.8</b>	-21.7	-38.1	<b>-3.0</b>	-3.4	-5.9
Participation rate	86.5	<b>86.6</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	<b>4.9</b>	0.1	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	82.1	<b>82.3</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.4	0.6	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0087

**Table 2**  
**Employment by class of worker and industry, Canada, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands									
<b>Class of worker</b>									
Employees	14,229.6	<b>14,295.9</b>	31.4	<b>66.3</b>	184.0	276.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.3	2.0
Self-employed <sup>2</sup>	2,642.3	<b>2,627.1</b>	20.6	<b>-15.2</b>	98.6	133.7	<b>-0.6</b>	3.9	5.4
<b>Public/private sector employees</b>									
Public sector employees	3,273.5	<b>3,332.5</b>	19.3	<b>59.0</b>	141.0	143.5	<b>1.8</b>	4.4	4.5
Private sector employees	10,956.1	<b>10,963.5</b>	32.4	<b>7.4</b>	43.0	132.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	1.2
<b>Industry</b>	16,871.9	<b>16,923.0</b>	27.4	<b>51.1</b>	282.6	410.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.7	2.5
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	4,009.3	<b>3,999.8</b>	22.4	<b>-9.5</b>	-15.9	25.8	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.4	0.6
Agriculture	336.8	<b>350.0</b>	6.7	<b>13.2</b>	4.2	2.2	<b>3.9</b>	1.2	0.6
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	332.3	<b>329.1</b>	6.3	<b>-3.2</b>	-13.3	-5.6	<b>-1.0</b>	-3.9	-1.7
Utilities	149.7	<b>141.9</b>	3.7	<b>-7.8</b>	17.3	20.3	<b>-5.2</b>	13.9	16.7
Construction	1,152.1	<b>1,143.7</b>	13.6	<b>-8.4</b>	54.4	80.2	<b>-0.7</b>	5.0	7.5
Manufacturing	2,038.3	<b>2,035.1</b>	17.4	<b>-3.2</b>	-78.5	-71.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.7	-3.4
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	12,862.6	<b>12,923.3</b>	30.3	<b>60.7</b>	298.6	384.3	<b>0.5</b>	2.4	3.1
Trade	2,709.1	<b>2,680.8</b>	19.5	<b>-28.3</b>	39.0	48.6	<b>-1.0</b>	1.5	1.8
Transportation and warehousing	800.2	<b>812.9</b>	11.4	<b>12.7</b>	-3.0	17.0	<b>1.6</b>	-0.4	2.1
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	1,053.8	<b>1,057.9</b>	12.5	<b>4.1</b>	-7.3	11.4	<b>0.4</b>	-0.7	1.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,142.1	<b>1,159.8</b>	14.2	<b>17.7</b>	68.9	60.4	<b>1.5</b>	6.3	5.5
Business, building and other support services	714.9	<b>718.7</b>	12.4	<b>3.8</b>	-4.5	18.9	<b>0.5</b>	-0.6	2.7
Educational services	1,171.4	<b>1,196.2</b>	13.0	<b>24.8</b>	20.7	43.1	<b>2.1</b>	1.8	3.7
Health care and social assistance	1,847.7	<b>1,832.6</b>	14.5	<b>-15.1</b>	11.0	29.7	<b>-0.8</b>	0.6	1.6
Information, culture and recreation	776.1	<b>784.6</b>	12.1	<b>8.5</b>	54.2	34.9	<b>1.1</b>	7.4	4.7
Accommodation and food services	1,078.9	<b>1,083.5</b>	13.7	<b>4.6</b>	52.8	52.4	<b>0.4</b>	5.1	5.1
Other services	709.2	<b>715.5</b>	10.8	<b>6.3</b>	11.3	15.0	<b>0.9</b>	1.6	2.1
Public administration	859.1	<b>880.6</b>	9.6	<b>21.5</b>	55.2	52.8	<b>2.5</b>	6.7	6.4

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

2. Includes both incorporated and unincorporated working owners, self-employed persons who do not have a business and persons working in a family business without pay.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0088, 282-0089

**Table 3**  
**Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	423.2	<b>423.3</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	-3.1	-3.9	<b>0.0</b>	-0.7	-0.9
Labour force	251.3	<b>250.4</b>	2.2	<b>-0.9</b>	-3.5	-2.9	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.4	-1.1
Employment	216.9	<b>216.3</b>	2.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.6	-1.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.2	-0.6
Employment full-time	188.7	<b>187.3</b>	2.6	<b>-1.4</b>	2.6	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	1.4	0.6
Employment part-time	28.2	<b>29.0</b>	1.8	<b>0.8</b>	-5.2	-2.5	<b>2.8</b>	-15.2	-7.9
Unemployment	34.4	<b>34.0</b>	2.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.0	-1.6	<b>-1.2</b>	-2.9	-4.5
Participation rate	59.4	<b>59.2</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.7	<b>13.6</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	51.3	<b>51.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>									
Population	113.5	<b>113.6</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.0
Labour force	77.1	<b>77.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	-1.1	0.9
Employment	69.1	<b>69.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.0
Employment full-time	57.6	<b>57.9</b>	0.8	<b>0.3</b>	1.3	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	2.3	1.0
Employment part-time	11.5	<b>11.3</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.7	0.1	<b>-1.7</b>	-5.8	0.9
Unemployment	7.9	<b>8.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	-1.6	-0.1	<b>2.5</b>	-16.5	-1.2
Participation rate	67.9	<b>68.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	-1.4	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.2	<b>10.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	-1.9	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	<b>60.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	764.5	<b>764.9</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.4	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.2
Labour force	485.3	<b>483.6</b>	2.7	<b>-1.7</b>	3.1	6.6	<b>-0.4</b>	0.6	1.4
Employment	442.2	<b>445.0</b>	2.9	<b>2.8</b>	-0.4	5.0	<b>0.6</b>	-0.1	1.1
Employment full-time	359.2	<b>360.1</b>	3.6	<b>0.9</b>	-3.9	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	-1.1	0.1
Employment part-time	83.0	<b>84.9</b>	3.1	<b>1.9</b>	3.5	4.6	<b>2.3</b>	4.3	5.7
Unemployment	43.1	<b>38.6</b>	2.5	<b>-4.5</b>	3.5	1.6	<b>-10.4</b>	10.0	4.3
Participation rate	63.5	<b>63.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>8.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.9</b>	0.7	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.8	<b>58.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-0.1	0.5	...	...	...
<b>New Brunswick</b>									
Population	613.5	<b>614.0</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.8	2.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.5
Labour force	393.5	<b>395.7</b>	2.4	<b>2.2</b>	8.6	12.2	<b>0.6</b>	2.2	3.2
Employment	363.2	<b>363.1</b>	2.4	<b>-0.1</b>	8.8	13.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.5	3.8
Employment full-time	306.0	<b>305.4</b>	2.8	<b>-0.6</b>	7.6	10.7	<b>-0.2</b>	2.6	3.6
Employment part-time	57.2	<b>57.7</b>	2.4	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	2.7	<b>0.9</b>	2.1	4.9
Unemployment	30.3	<b>32.6</b>	2.1	<b>2.3</b>	-0.2	-1.2	<b>7.6</b>	-0.6	-3.6
Participation rate	64.1	<b>64.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	<b>8.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	-0.3	-0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	<b>59.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	1.9	...	...	...
<b>Quebec</b>									
Population	6,321.7	<b>6,325.8</b>	...	<b>4.1</b>	43.0	59.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.9
Labour force	4,152.6	<b>4,148.5</b>	14.2	<b>-4.1</b>	52.8	43.1	<b>-0.1</b>	1.3	1.0
Employment	3,859.9	<b>3,864.2</b>	14.8	<b>4.3</b>	74.8	87.3	<b>0.1</b>	2.0	2.3
Employment full-time	3,146.8	<b>3,131.3</b>	18.9	<b>-15.5</b>	20.8	41.5	<b>-0.5</b>	0.7	1.3
Employment part-time	713.1	<b>732.9</b>	17.5	<b>19.8</b>	54.0	45.8	<b>2.8</b>	8.0	6.7
Unemployment	292.6	<b>284.3</b>	13.2	<b>-8.3</b>	-22.0	-44.2	<b>-2.8</b>	-7.2	-13.5
Participation rate	65.7	<b>65.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.1	<b>61.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 3 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Ontario</b>									
Population	10,378.4	<b>10,391.0</b>	...	<b>12.6</b>	100.1	131.1	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.3
Labour force	7,043.6	<b>7,058.1</b>	18.5	<b>14.5</b>	89.5	112.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.6
Employment	6,594.0	<b>6,623.7</b>	18.1	<b>29.7</b>	77.1	134.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	2.1
Employment full-time	5,403.3	<b>5,440.8</b>	22.8	<b>37.5</b>	86.2	116.5	<b>0.7</b>	1.6	2.2
Employment part-time	1,190.7	<b>1,182.9</b>	20.7	<b>-7.8</b>	-9.0	17.8	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.8	1.5
Unemployment	449.5	<b>434.4</b>	15.9	<b>-15.1</b>	12.4	-22.1	<b>-3.4</b>	2.9	-4.8
Participation rate	67.9	<b>67.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.5	<b>63.7</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	0.4	...	...	...
<b>Manitoba</b>									
Population	900.0	<b>900.6</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	6.8	7.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	0.9
Labour force	622.6	<b>624.7</b>	2.9	<b>2.1</b>	12.1	9.2	<b>0.3</b>	2.0	1.5
Employment	596.4	<b>598.7</b>	2.8	<b>2.3</b>	11.1	10.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.9	1.8
Employment full-time	482.7	<b>488.4</b>	3.8	<b>5.7</b>	16.0	16.2	<b>1.2</b>	3.4	3.4
Employment part-time	113.7	<b>110.3</b>	3.7	<b>-3.4</b>	-4.9	-5.9	<b>-3.0</b>	-4.3	-5.1
Unemployment	26.2	<b>26.0</b>	2.1	<b>-0.2</b>	1.0	-1.1	<b>-0.8</b>	4.0	-4.1
Participation rate	69.2	<b>69.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	<b>4.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.3	<b>66.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.6	...	...	...
<b>Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	752.1	<b>753.6</b>	...	<b>1.5</b>	7.3	7.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	1.0
Labour force	521.1	<b>522.6</b>	2.4	<b>1.5</b>	-1.4	3.0	<b>0.3</b>	-0.3	0.6
Employment	495.5	<b>502.5</b>	2.4	<b>7.0</b>	-0.3	4.8	<b>1.4</b>	-0.1	1.0
Employment full-time	406.5	<b>411.6</b>	3.2	<b>5.1</b>	3.9	3.6	<b>1.3</b>	1.0	0.9
Employment part-time	89.0	<b>90.9</b>	2.9	<b>1.9</b>	-4.2	1.2	<b>2.1</b>	-4.4	1.3
Unemployment	25.6	<b>20.0</b>	1.8	<b>-5.6</b>	-1.2	-1.9	<b>-21.9</b>	-5.7	-8.7
Participation rate	69.3	<b>69.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.9	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>3.8</b>	0.3	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.2	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.9	<b>66.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.8</b>	-0.7	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Alberta</b>									
Population	2,754.5	<b>2,759.9</b>	...	<b>5.4</b>	67.8	97.9	<b>0.2</b>	2.5	3.7
Labour force	2,040.8	<b>2,046.2</b>	7.7	<b>5.4</b>	71.8	95.9	<b>0.3</b>	3.6	4.9
Employment	1,968.7	<b>1,973.3</b>	8.0	<b>4.6</b>	64.9	91.2	<b>0.2</b>	3.4	4.8
Employment full-time	1,663.4	<b>1,660.1</b>	11.0	<b>-3.3</b>	44.6	73.2	<b>-0.2</b>	2.8	4.6
Employment part-time	305.3	<b>313.2</b>	9.9	<b>7.9</b>	20.3	18.0	<b>2.6</b>	6.9	6.1
Unemployment	72.0	<b>72.9</b>	5.6	<b>0.9</b>	6.9	4.7	<b>1.2</b>	10.5	6.9
Participation rate	74.1	<b>74.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.5	<b>3.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	71.5	<b>71.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.8	...	...	...
<b>British Columbia</b>									
Population	3,578.4	<b>3,585.2</b>	...	<b>6.8</b>	47.2	61.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.7
Labour force	2,359.8	<b>2,369.5</b>	10.0	<b>9.7</b>	28.8	54.6	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	2.4
Employment	2,265.9	<b>2,266.8</b>	10.1	<b>0.9</b>	48.3	64.1	<b>0.0</b>	2.2	2.9
Employment full-time	1,816.5	<b>1,820.0</b>	13.5	<b>3.5</b>	46.8	47.4	<b>0.2</b>	2.6	2.7
Employment part-time	449.4	<b>446.8</b>	12.3	<b>-2.6</b>	1.5	16.7	<b>-0.6</b>	0.3	3.9
Unemployment	93.9	<b>102.6</b>	7.2	<b>8.7</b>	-19.6	-9.6	<b>9.3</b>	-16.0	-8.6
Participation rate	65.9	<b>66.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.1	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	<b>4.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.3	<b>63.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.5	0.7	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM table 282-0087

**Table 4-1**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Newfoundland and Labrador**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	423.2	<b>423.3</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	-3.1	-3.9	<b>0.0</b>	-0.7	-0.9
Labour force	251.3	<b>250.4</b>	2.2	<b>-0.9</b>	-3.5	-2.9	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.4	-1.1
Employment	216.9	<b>216.3</b>	2.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.6	-1.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.2	-0.6
Employment full-time	188.7	<b>187.3</b>	2.6	<b>-1.4</b>	2.6	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	1.4	0.6
Unemployment	34.4	<b>34.0</b>	2.2	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.0	-1.6	<b>-1.2</b>	-2.9	-4.5
Participation rate	59.4	<b>59.2</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.7	<b>13.6</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	51.3	<b>51.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.2	0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	13.0	<b>13.4</b>	0.8	<b>0.4</b>	-2.2	-1.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	63.2	<b>63.1</b>	...	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.3	-3.0	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.5	-4.5
Labour force	34.6	<b>34.1</b>	1.1	<b>-0.5</b>	-2.3	-1.1	<b>-1.4</b>	-6.3	-3.1
Employment	27.3	<b>27.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.0</b>	-1.1	-0.6	<b>0.0</b>	-3.9	-2.2
Unemployment	7.4	<b>6.7</b>	1.0	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.2	-0.6	<b>-9.5</b>	-15.2	-8.2
Participation rate	54.7	<b>54.0</b>	1.6	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.7	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	21.4	<b>19.6</b>	2.7	<b>-1.8</b>	-2.1	-1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	43.2	<b>43.3</b>	1.6	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	28.6	<b>38.1</b>	3.5	<b>9.5</b>	-3.5	5.1	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	174.1	<b>174.2</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.5	<b>0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.3
Labour force	115.3	<b>113.2</b>	1.2	<b>-2.1</b>	-1.8	-0.1	<b>-1.8</b>	-1.6	-0.1
Employment	100.5	<b>98.3</b>	1.4	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.5	1.4	<b>-2.2</b>	-0.5	1.4
Unemployment	14.8	<b>14.8</b>	1.4	<b>0.0</b>	-1.4	-1.5	<b>0.0</b>	-8.6	-9.2
Participation rate	66.2	<b>65.0</b>	0.7	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.8	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.8	<b>13.1</b>	1.2	<b>0.3</b>	-1.0	-1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.7	<b>56.4</b>	0.8	<b>-1.3</b>	-0.2	0.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	5.3	<b>4.3</b>	0.8	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.9	-1.2	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	185.9	<b>186.0</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-0.2	-0.2
Labour force	101.4	<b>103.1</b>	1.2	<b>1.7</b>	0.6	-1.7	<b>1.7</b>	0.6	-1.6
Employment	89.1	<b>90.7</b>	1.2	<b>1.6</b>	-1.0	-2.2	<b>1.8</b>	-1.1	-2.4
Unemployment	12.2	<b>12.5</b>	1.2	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	0.6	<b>2.5</b>	14.7	5.0
Participation rate	54.5	<b>55.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.9</b>	0.4	-0.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.0	<b>12.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	1.5	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	47.9	<b>48.8</b>	0.7	<b>0.9</b>	-0.4	-1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	16.9	<b>15.9</b>	1.3	<b>-1.1</b>	-2.9	-2.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	216.9	<b>216.3</b>	2.3	<b>-0.6</b>	-2.6	-1.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.2	-0.6
Agriculture	49.7	<b>48.9</b>	1.8	<b>-0.8</b>	-1.5	1.5	<b>-1.6</b>	-3.0	3.2
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	1.7	<b>0.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.8	-0.8	<b>-47.1</b>	-47.1	-47.1
Utilities	14.8	<b>14.7</b>	1.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-3.2	-1.2	<b>-0.7</b>	-17.9	-7.5
Construction	1.7	<b>1.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.0	<b>-5.9</b>	14.3	0.0
Manufacturing	14.3	<b>14.6</b>	1.0	<b>0.3</b>	1.0	1.2	<b>2.1</b>	7.4	9.0
Manufacturing	17.1	<b>17.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.0</b>	1.3	2.4	<b>0.0</b>	8.2	16.3
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	167.2	<b>167.4</b>	2.0	<b>0.2</b>	-1.1	-2.9	<b>0.1</b>	-0.7	-1.7
Trade	35.2	<b>34.5</b>	1.2	<b>-0.7</b>	-3.6	-3.3	<b>-2.0</b>	-9.4	-8.7
Transportation and warehousing	10.6	<b>10.0</b>	0.7	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.3	-1.2	<b>-5.7</b>	-11.5	-10.7
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	7.9	<b>7.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	0.8	1.1	<b>-8.9</b>	12.5	18.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	8.6	<b>8.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	2.9	1.9	<b>1.2</b>	50.0	27.9
Business, building and other support services	8.2	<b>9.6</b>	0.7	<b>1.4</b>	0.3	-0.3	<b>17.1</b>	3.2	-3.0
Educational services	15.7	<b>15.8</b>	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	-2.8	-1.4	<b>0.6</b>	-15.1	-8.1
Health care and social assistance	32.0	<b>33.0</b>	0.9	<b>1.0</b>	3.3	3.7	<b>3.1</b>	11.1	12.6
Information, culture and recreation	7.2	<b>7.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	-1.8	-2.7	<b>1.4</b>	-19.8	-27.0
Accommodation and food services	16.6	<b>15.7</b>	0.9	<b>-0.9</b>	3.3	1.8	<b>-5.4</b>	26.6	12.9
Other services	8.5	<b>8.3</b>	0.7	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.1	-2.9	<b>-2.4</b>	-27.2	-25.9
Public administration	16.7	<b>17.3</b>	0.8	<b>0.6</b>	1.0	0.4	<b>3.6</b>	6.1	2.4

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-2**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Prince Edward Island**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	113.5	<b>113.6</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.0
Labour force	77.1	<b>77.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	-1.1	0.9
Employment	69.1	<b>69.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.0
Employment full-time	57.6	<b>57.9</b>	0.8	<b>0.3</b>	1.3	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	2.3	1.0
Unemployment	7.9	<b>8.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	-1.6	-0.1	<b>2.5</b>	-16.5	-1.2
Participation rate	67.9	<b>68.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	-1.4	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.2	<b>10.5</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	-1.9	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	<b>60.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.0	0.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	16.6	<b>16.3</b>	0.9	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.2	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	19.7	<b>19.7</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	-1.0
Labour force	13.7	<b>13.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	0.0	<b>0.0</b>	-4.2	0.0
Employment	11.6	<b>11.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.3	<b>0.9</b>	-0.8	-2.5
Unemployment	2.1	<b>2.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	0.2	<b>-4.8</b>	-20.0	11.1
Participation rate	69.5	<b>69.5</b>	1.7	<b>0.0</b>	-2.7	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.3	<b>14.6</b>	2.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-2.9	1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.9	<b>59.4</b>	1.7	<b>0.5</b>	-0.2	-0.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	42.2	<b>41.0</b>	3.0	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.5	1.9	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	44.9	<b>44.9</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.4	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.1
Labour force	31.9	<b>32.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-1.0	-0.3	<b>0.6</b>	-3.0	-0.9
Employment	28.9	<b>28.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	1.4
Unemployment	3.0	<b>3.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.1	-0.6	<b>6.7</b>	-25.6	-15.8
Participation rate	71.0	<b>71.5</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	-2.9	-1.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.4	<b>10.0</b>	1.1	<b>0.6</b>	-3.0	-1.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.4	<b>64.4</b>	0.9	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.6	<b>6.2</b>	1.0	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	48.9	<b>49.0</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.8	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.7
Labour force	31.4	<b>31.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.9	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	2.9
Employment	28.6	<b>28.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	1.8	2.1
Unemployment	2.8	<b>2.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	0.3	<b>3.6</b>	0.0	11.5
Participation rate	64.2	<b>64.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>9.2</b>	1.0	<b>0.3</b>	-0.2	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.5	<b>58.4</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.3	0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	16.4	<b>16.8</b>	1.5	<b>0.3</b>	-2.4	-1.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	69.1	<b>69.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.0
Agriculture	17.9	<b>17.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.1	<b>-1.7</b>	-4.9	-5.9
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	3.6	<b>3.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.2	<b>-5.6</b>	-15.0	-5.6
Utilities	2.2	<b>2.4</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	-0.1	<b>9.1</b>	9.1	-4.0
Construction	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.0	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.0	<b>0.0</b>	50.0	0.0
Manufacturing	5.1	<b>4.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-0.9	<b>-5.9</b>	-15.8	-15.8
Manufacturing	6.6	<b>6.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.1	<b>1.5</b>	3.1	1.5
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	51.2	<b>51.6</b>	0.6	<b>0.4</b>	1.5	1.8	<b>0.8</b>	3.0	3.6
Trade	10.9	<b>9.9</b>	0.3	<b>-1.0</b>	0.1	-0.2	<b>-9.2</b>	1.0	-2.0
Transportation and warehousing	2.2	<b>2.5</b>	0.2	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	0.2	<b>13.6</b>	4.2	8.7
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.7	<b>2.8</b>	0.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.4	<b>3.7</b>	16.7	16.7
Professional, scientific and technical services	2.0	<b>2.2</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.6	<b>10.0</b>	-12.0	-21.4
Business, building and other support services	2.9	<b>2.8</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.0	<b>-3.4</b>	7.7	0.0
Educational services	4.9	<b>4.9</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	2.1	6.5
Health care and social assistance	8.3	<b>8.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	0.8	<b>2.4</b>	7.6	10.4
Information, culture and recreation	2.7	<b>2.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	0.1	<b>-3.7</b>	4.0	4.0
Accommodation and food services	5.7	<b>6.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	0.3	0.6	<b>7.0</b>	5.2	10.9
Other services	2.6	<b>3.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.4</b>	0.4	0.3	<b>15.4</b>	15.4	11.1
Public administration	6.1	<b>6.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-0.4	-0.2	<b>4.9</b>	-5.9	-3.0

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088



**Table 4-3**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Nova Scotia**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	764.5	<b>764.9</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	1.4	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.2
Labour force	485.3	<b>483.6</b>	2.7	<b>-1.7</b>	3.1	6.6	<b>-0.4</b>	0.6	1.4
Employment	442.2	<b>445.0</b>	2.9	<b>2.8</b>	-0.4	5.0	<b>0.6</b>	-0.1	1.1
Employment full-time	359.2	<b>360.1</b>	3.6	<b>0.9</b>	-3.9	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	-1.1	0.1
Unemployment	43.1	<b>38.6</b>	2.5	<b>-4.5</b>	3.5	1.6	<b>-10.4</b>	10.0	4.3
Participation rate	63.5	<b>63.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.9	<b>8.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.9</b>	0.7	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.8	<b>58.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-0.1	0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.8	<b>19.1</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	122.3	<b>122.3</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	-0.7	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.6
Labour force	81.9	<b>79.6</b>	1.6	<b>-2.3</b>	-1.4	-1.5	<b>-2.8</b>	-1.7	-1.8
Employment	70.0	<b>71.6</b>	1.6	<b>1.6</b>	0.6	1.3	<b>2.3</b>	0.8	1.8
Unemployment	12.0	<b>8.0</b>	1.4	<b>-4.0</b>	-2.0	-2.9	<b>-33.3</b>	-20.0	-26.6
Participation rate	67.0	<b>65.1</b>	1.3	<b>-1.9</b>	-0.9	-0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	14.7	<b>10.1</b>	1.7	<b>-4.6</b>	-2.2	-3.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.2	<b>58.5</b>	1.3	<b>1.3</b>	0.7	1.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	47.0	<b>47.8</b>	2.4	<b>0.8</b>	1.8	3.0	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	306.4	<b>306.7</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.3
Labour force	207.9	<b>209.2</b>	1.5	<b>1.3</b>	2.3	2.6	<b>0.6</b>	1.1	1.3
Employment	190.7	<b>192.1</b>	1.7	<b>1.4</b>	1.2	2.7	<b>0.7</b>	0.6	1.4
Unemployment	17.2	<b>17.1</b>	1.5	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	-0.1	<b>-0.6</b>	6.9	-0.6
Participation rate	67.9	<b>68.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.5	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.3	<b>8.2</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	0.5	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	<b>62.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.2	0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.8	<b>6.4</b>	0.7	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.7	0.6	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	335.8	<b>336.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.1	1.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.4
Labour force	195.5	<b>194.9</b>	1.4	<b>-0.6</b>	2.3	5.6	<b>-0.3</b>	1.2	3.0
Employment	181.5	<b>181.4</b>	1.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.2	1.1	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.2	0.6
Unemployment	14.0	<b>13.5</b>	1.2	<b>-0.5</b>	4.4	4.6	<b>-3.6</b>	48.4	51.7
Participation rate	58.2	<b>58.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	0.5	1.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.2	<b>6.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	2.2	2.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	54.1	<b>54.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	20.4	<b>21.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.7</b>	1.8	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Industry	442.2	<b>445.0</b>	2.9	<b>2.8</b>	-0.4	5.0	<b>0.6</b>	-0.1	1.1
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Goods-producing sector	87.2	<b>90.1</b>	2.2	<b>2.9</b>	3.8	5.6	<b>3.3</b>	4.4	6.6
Agriculture	6.3	<b>5.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.7</b>	1.1	1.2	<b>-11.1</b>	24.4	27.3
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	10.2	<b>10.1</b>	1.0	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.6	-1.9	<b>-1.0</b>	-13.7	-15.8
Utilities	2.0	<b>1.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.1	<b>-5.0</b>	-13.6	-5.0
Construction	28.6	<b>28.9</b>	1.4	<b>0.3</b>	1.0	1.3	<b>1.0</b>	3.6	4.7
Manufacturing	40.0	<b>43.6</b>	1.4	<b>3.6</b>	3.6	5.0	<b>9.0</b>	9.0	13.0
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Services-producing sector	355.0	<b>355.0</b>	2.9	<b>0.0</b>	-4.1	-0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-1.1	-0.1
Trade	74.3	<b>75.4</b>	1.9	<b>1.1</b>	-3.4	0.5	<b>1.5</b>	-4.3	0.7
Transportation and warehousing	18.6	<b>17.9</b>	1.0	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.2	-0.7	<b>-3.8</b>	-1.1	-3.8
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	23.1	<b>23.4</b>	0.9	<b>0.3</b>	-1.1	-0.2	<b>1.3</b>	-4.5	-0.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	19.4	<b>17.7</b>	1.0	<b>-1.7</b>	0.9	-0.3	<b>-8.8</b>	5.4	-1.7
Business, building and other support services	25.8	<b>25.1</b>	1.3	<b>-0.7</b>	-3.9	-4.4	<b>-2.7</b>	-13.4	-14.9
Educational services	37.1	<b>36.7</b>	1.4	<b>-0.4</b>	1.8	3.6	<b>-1.1</b>	5.2	10.9
Health care and social assistance	62.3	<b>60.8</b>	1.3	<b>-1.5</b>	0.0	3.6	<b>-2.4</b>	0.0	6.3
Information, culture and recreation	20.4	<b>19.9</b>	1.0	<b>-0.5</b>	3.6	3.4	<b>-2.5</b>	22.1	20.6
Accommodation and food services	27.9	<b>28.4</b>	1.4	<b>0.5</b>	-3.1	-4.4	<b>1.8</b>	-9.8	-13.4
Other services	20.0	<b>20.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	-2.3	<b>0.5</b>	0.5	-10.3
Public administration	26.1	<b>29.5</b>	1.1	<b>3.4</b>	0.9	0.6	<b>13.0</b>	3.1	2.1

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-4**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — New Brunswick**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	613.5	<b>614.0</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	2.8	2.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.5
Labour force	393.5	<b>395.7</b>	2.4	<b>2.2</b>	8.6	12.2	<b>0.6</b>	2.2	3.2
Employment	363.2	<b>363.1</b>	2.4	<b>-0.1</b>	8.8	13.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.5	3.8
Employment full-time	306.0	<b>305.4</b>	2.8	<b>-0.6</b>	7.6	10.7	<b>-0.2</b>	2.6	3.6
Unemployment	30.3	<b>32.6</b>	2.1	<b>2.3</b>	-0.2	-1.2	<b>7.6</b>	-0.6	-3.6
Participation rate	64.1	<b>64.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	1.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	<b>8.2</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	-0.3	-0.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	<b>59.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	1.1	1.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.7	<b>15.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	94.8	<b>94.8</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.8	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.8
Labour force	62.7	<b>65.0</b>	1.3	<b>2.3</b>	4.1	3.6	<b>3.7</b>	6.7	5.9
Employment	55.9	<b>55.2</b>	1.4	<b>-0.7</b>	2.3	2.8	<b>-1.3</b>	4.3	5.3
Unemployment	6.9	<b>9.7</b>	1.1	<b>2.8</b>	1.7	0.7	<b>40.6</b>	21.2	7.8
Participation rate	66.1	<b>68.6</b>	1.4	<b>2.5</b>	4.6	4.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.0	<b>14.9</b>	1.7	<b>3.9</b>	1.8	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.0	<b>58.2</b>	1.4	<b>-0.8</b>	2.6	3.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	39.2	<b>41.5</b>	2.3	<b>2.3</b>	6.1	6.0	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	250.7	<b>250.9</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.6
Labour force	172.1	<b>171.5</b>	1.3	<b>-0.6</b>	1.9	2.0	<b>-0.3</b>	1.1	1.2
Employment	157.9	<b>157.4</b>	1.4	<b>-0.5</b>	2.5	2.5	<b>-0.3</b>	1.6	1.6
Unemployment	14.2	<b>14.1</b>	1.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	-4.1	-3.4
Participation rate	68.6	<b>68.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	0.4	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.3	<b>8.2</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.5	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.0	<b>62.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	0.6	0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	4.7	<b>5.0</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	268.0	<b>268.3</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.8	2.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.8
Labour force	158.6	<b>159.3</b>	1.3	<b>0.7</b>	2.7	6.8	<b>0.4</b>	1.7	4.5
Employment	149.4	<b>150.4</b>	1.3	<b>1.0</b>	3.9	8.0	<b>0.7</b>	2.7	5.6
Unemployment	9.2	<b>8.8</b>	1.1	<b>-0.4</b>	-1.3	-1.4	<b>-4.3</b>	-12.9	-13.7
Participation rate	59.2	<b>59.4</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	<b>5.5</b>	0.7	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	55.7	<b>56.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	1.1	2.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.7	<b>18.0</b>	1.1	<b>-0.7</b>	-1.6	-1.0	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>	363.2	<b>363.1</b>	2.4	<b>-0.1</b>	8.8	13.4	<b>0.0</b>	2.5	3.8
Agriculture	83.8	<b>81.5</b>	1.8	<b>-2.3</b>	1.4	5.9	<b>-2.7</b>	1.7	7.8
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	6.8	<b>5.4</b>	0.6	<b>-1.4</b>	-0.6	-0.3	<b>-20.6</b>	-10.0	-5.3
Utilities	10.3	<b>10.8</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	0.8	1.6	<b>4.9</b>	8.0	17.4
Construction	4.9	<b>4.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.9</b>	0.9	0.8	<b>-18.4</b>	29.0	25.0
Manufacturing	25.9	<b>24.5</b>	1.2	<b>-1.4</b>	1.8	3.8	<b>-5.4</b>	7.9	18.4
Manufacturing	36.0	<b>36.8</b>	1.3	<b>0.8</b>	-1.5	0.0	<b>2.2</b>	-3.9	0.0
<b>Services-producing sector</b>	279.4	<b>281.6</b>	2.3	<b>2.2</b>	7.4	7.5	<b>0.8</b>	2.7	2.7
Trade	58.1	<b>58.0</b>	1.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	4.1	<b>-0.2</b>	0.0	7.6
Transportation and warehousing	17.9	<b>19.6</b>	0.8	<b>1.7</b>	-0.6	0.1	<b>9.5</b>	-3.0	0.5
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	15.3	<b>15.3</b>	0.8	<b>0.0</b>	-2.4	-2.7	<b>0.0</b>	-13.6	-15.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	16.2	<b>16.6</b>	0.8	<b>0.4</b>	2.7	0.7	<b>2.5</b>	19.4	4.4
Business, building and other support services	21.3	<b>21.0</b>	1.1	<b>-0.3</b>	1.3	-0.6	<b>-1.4</b>	6.6	-2.8
Educational services	26.6	<b>26.9</b>	1.0	<b>0.3</b>	0.9	0.2	<b>1.1</b>	3.5	0.7
Health care and social assistance	47.5	<b>47.2</b>	1.1	<b>-0.3</b>	1.0	3.3	<b>-0.6</b>	2.2	7.5
Information, culture and recreation	14.2	<b>13.7</b>	0.7	<b>-0.5</b>	2.3	2.2	<b>-3.5</b>	20.2	19.1
Accommodation and food services	23.6	<b>23.8</b>	1.1	<b>0.2</b>	0.6	-0.9	<b>0.8</b>	2.6	-3.6
Other services	17.7	<b>17.5</b>	0.9	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	0.4	<b>-1.1</b>	0.6	2.3
Public administration	21.0	<b>21.9</b>	0.8	<b>0.9</b>	1.5	0.5	<b>4.3</b>	7.4	2.3

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-5**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Quebec**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	6,321.7	<b>6,325.8</b>	...	<b>4.1</b>	43.0	59.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	0.9
Labour force	4,152.6	<b>4,148.5</b>	14.2	<b>-4.1</b>	52.8	43.1	<b>-0.1</b>	1.3	1.0
Employment	3,859.9	<b>3,864.2</b>	14.8	<b>4.3</b>	74.8	87.3	<b>0.1</b>	2.0	2.3
Employment full-time	3,146.8	<b>3,131.3</b>	18.9	<b>-15.5</b>	20.8	41.5	<b>-0.5</b>	0.7	1.3
Unemployment	292.6	<b>284.3</b>	13.2	<b>-8.3</b>	-22.0	-44.2	<b>-2.8</b>	-7.2	-13.5
Participation rate	65.7	<b>65.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.6	-1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.1	<b>61.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.5	<b>19.0</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	1.1	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	955.1	<b>955.3</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	3.0	4.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.5
Labour force	631.2	<b>632.6</b>	8.4	<b>1.4</b>	5.6	3.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	0.6
Employment	556.9	<b>549.9</b>	8.3	<b>-7.0</b>	-0.2	2.1	<b>-1.3</b>	0.0	0.4
Unemployment	74.2	<b>82.7</b>	7.6	<b>8.5</b>	5.8	1.4	<b>11.5</b>	7.5	1.7
Participation rate	66.1	<b>66.2</b>	0.9	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.8	<b>13.1</b>	1.1	<b>1.3</b>	0.8	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.3	<b>57.6</b>	0.9	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.2	0.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	46.5	<b>48.9</b>	1.6	<b>2.4</b>	1.8	3.2	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,621.5	<b>2,623.4</b>	...	<b>1.9</b>	20.2	27.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.1
Labour force	1,857.8	<b>1,852.3</b>	7.9	<b>-5.5</b>	-7.9	-13.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.4	-0.7
Employment	1,738.5	<b>1,737.0</b>	8.5	<b>-1.5</b>	15.8	11.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.9	0.7
Unemployment	119.3	<b>115.4</b>	8.1	<b>-3.9</b>	-23.6	-25.3	<b>-3.3</b>	-17.0	-18.0
Participation rate	70.9	<b>70.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	-1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-1.3	-1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.3	<b>66.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	-0.3	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.2	<b>7.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.3	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	2,745.2	<b>2,747.1</b>	...	<b>1.9</b>	19.8	27.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	1,663.6	<b>1,663.5</b>	7.7	<b>-0.1</b>	55.0	53.0	<b>0.0</b>	3.4	3.3
Employment	1,564.5	<b>1,577.3</b>	8.1	<b>12.8</b>	59.1	73.4	<b>0.8</b>	3.9	4.9
Unemployment	99.1	<b>86.2</b>	6.8	<b>-12.9</b>	-4.1	-20.4	<b>-13.0</b>	-4.5	-19.1
Participation rate	60.6	<b>60.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.6	1.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>5.2</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.4	-1.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.0	<b>57.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.7	2.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.0	<b>21.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.6</b>	1.6	0.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	3,859.9	<b>3,864.2</b>	14.8	<b>4.3</b>	74.8	87.3	<b>0.1</b>	2.0	2.3
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	66.2	<b>70.3</b>	3.5	<b>4.1</b>	3.8	4.0	<b>6.2</b>	5.7	6.0
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	33.8	<b>34.2</b>	2.2	<b>0.4</b>	-0.4	-5.0	<b>1.2</b>	-1.2	-12.8
Utilities	36.6	<b>36.1</b>	1.8	<b>-0.5</b>	10.6	7.6	<b>-1.4</b>	41.6	26.7
Construction	198.4	<b>195.9</b>	6.4	<b>-2.5</b>	17.7	11.9	<b>-1.3</b>	9.9	6.5
Manufacturing	546.6	<b>539.8</b>	9.7	<b>-6.8</b>	-35.5	-39.3	<b>-1.2</b>	-6.2	-6.8
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	2,978.4	<b>2,988.0</b>	16.0	<b>9.6</b>	78.7	108.3	<b>0.3</b>	2.7	3.8
Trade	652.4	<b>650.4</b>	10.4	<b>-2.0</b>	14.1	27.2	<b>-0.3</b>	2.2	4.4
Transportation and warehousing	181.5	<b>180.0</b>	5.7	<b>-1.5</b>	6.1	12.3	<b>-0.8</b>	3.5	7.3
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	226.8	<b>227.9</b>	6.1	<b>1.1</b>	-3.0	0.6	<b>0.5</b>	-1.3	0.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	254.8	<b>265.5</b>	7.5	<b>10.7</b>	11.1	16.8	<b>4.2</b>	4.4	6.8
Business, building and other support services	150.4	<b>139.8</b>	6.3	<b>-10.6</b>	-10.2	-2.3	<b>-7.0</b>	-6.8	-1.6
Educational services	244.4	<b>252.2</b>	6.8	<b>7.8</b>	-4.8	-9.1	<b>3.2</b>	-1.9	-3.5
Health care and social assistance	452.0	<b>448.4</b>	7.9	<b>-3.6</b>	-5.9	-10.3	<b>-0.8</b>	-1.3	-2.2
Information, culture and recreation	175.0	<b>168.8</b>	6.4	<b>-6.2</b>	8.5	1.5	<b>-3.5</b>	5.3	0.9
Accommodation and food services	237.3	<b>244.8</b>	7.2	<b>7.5</b>	24.7	24.8	<b>3.2</b>	11.2	11.3
Other services	180.0	<b>186.7</b>	5.6	<b>6.7</b>	27.4	27.6	<b>3.7</b>	17.2	17.3
Public administration	223.9	<b>223.6</b>	5.3	<b>-0.3</b>	10.9	19.3	<b>-0.1</b>	5.1	9.4

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-6**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Ontario**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	10,378.4	<b>10,391.0</b>	...	<b>12.6</b>	100.1	131.1	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.3
Labour force	7,043.6	<b>7,058.1</b>	18.5	<b>14.5</b>	89.5	112.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.6
Employment	6,594.0	<b>6,623.7</b>	18.1	<b>29.7</b>	77.1	134.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	2.1
Employment full-time	5,403.3	<b>5,440.8</b>	22.8	<b>37.5</b>	86.2	116.5	<b>0.7</b>	1.6	2.2
Unemployment	449.5	<b>434.4</b>	15.9	<b>-15.1</b>	12.4	-22.1	<b>-3.4</b>	2.9	-4.8
Participation rate	67.9	<b>67.9</b>	0.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.4	<b>6.2</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.5	<b>63.7</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.1	<b>17.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	1,723.0	<b>1,724.6</b>	...	<b>1.6</b>	12.1	16.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	1,111.7	<b>1,113.4</b>	11.2	<b>1.7</b>	15.4	2.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	0.2
Employment	968.7	<b>971.0</b>	10.5	<b>2.3</b>	13.1	24.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	2.6
Unemployment	142.9	<b>142.4</b>	9.5	<b>-0.5</b>	2.3	-22.4	<b>-0.3</b>	1.6	-13.6
Participation rate	64.5	<b>64.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.9	<b>12.8</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	-2.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.2	<b>56.3</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	0.9	...	...	...
Part-time rate	48.8	<b>49.1</b>	1.1	<b>0.3</b>	-0.8	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,208.5	<b>4,213.8</b>	...	<b>5.3</b>	40.9	53.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.0	1.3
Labour force	3,121.0	<b>3,134.3</b>	9.2	<b>13.3</b>	32.6	46.2	<b>0.4</b>	1.1	1.5
Employment	2,948.2	<b>2,974.9</b>	9.8	<b>26.7</b>	22.4	47.6	<b>0.9</b>	0.8	1.6
Unemployment	172.8	<b>159.4</b>	8.8	<b>-13.4</b>	10.1	-1.4	<b>-7.8</b>	6.8	-0.9
Participation rate	74.2	<b>74.4</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.1	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	<b>5.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.4</b>	0.3	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	70.1	<b>70.6</b>	0.2	<b>0.5</b>	-0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.5	<b>6.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	4,446.9	<b>4,452.7</b>	...	<b>5.8</b>	47.2	61.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.4
Labour force	2,810.9	<b>2,810.4</b>	10.4	<b>-0.5</b>	41.5	63.9	<b>0.0</b>	1.5	2.3
Employment	2,677.1	<b>2,677.8</b>	10.3	<b>0.7</b>	41.5	62.2	<b>0.0</b>	1.6	2.4
Unemployment	133.8	<b>132.6</b>	8.4	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.1	1.7	<b>-0.9</b>	-0.1	1.3
Participation rate	63.2	<b>63.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.2	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	<b>4.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.2	<b>60.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.3	0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.7	<b>19.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.8	-0.4	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	6,594.0	<b>6,623.7</b>	18.1	<b>29.7</b>	77.1	134.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.2	2.1
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
	1,557.2	<b>1,539.1</b>	14.7	<b>-18.1</b>	-58.9	-59.1	<b>-1.2</b>	-3.7	-3.7
Agriculture	94.1	<b>95.3</b>	3.8	<b>1.2</b>	-9.5	-8.0	<b>1.3</b>	-9.1	-7.7
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	32.5	<b>31.5</b>	2.3	<b>-1.0</b>	-11.3	-10.7	<b>-3.1</b>	-26.4	-25.4
Utilities	60.9	<b>57.3</b>	2.5	<b>-3.6</b>	4.5	8.0	<b>-5.9</b>	8.5	16.2
Construction	417.2	<b>413.2</b>	9.0	<b>-4.0</b>	1.3	11.6	<b>-1.0</b>	0.3	2.9
Manufacturing	952.5	<b>941.7</b>	12.2	<b>-10.8</b>	-44.0	-60.1	<b>-1.1</b>	-4.5	-6.0
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	5,036.8	<b>5,084.7</b>	20.2	<b>47.9</b>	136.1	193.5	<b>1.0</b>	2.8	4.0
Trade	1,030.5	<b>1,019.2</b>	13.0	<b>-11.3</b>	-7.4	-11.2	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.7	-1.1
Transportation and warehousing	290.4	<b>297.4</b>	7.7	<b>7.0</b>	-7.9	-2.7	<b>2.4</b>	-2.6	-0.9
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	474.9	<b>471.0</b>	8.9	<b>-3.9</b>	-3.7	-1.2	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.8	-0.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	484.9	<b>491.6</b>	9.6	<b>6.7</b>	41.8	43.4	<b>1.4</b>	9.3	9.7
Business, building and other support services	312.7	<b>309.6</b>	8.7	<b>-3.1</b>	5.9	26.9	<b>-1.0</b>	1.9	9.5
Educational services	463.3	<b>487.8</b>	8.7	<b>24.5</b>	37.3	58.3	<b>5.3</b>	8.3	13.6
Health care and social assistance	679.2	<b>669.3</b>	9.5	<b>-9.9</b>	10.5	19.8	<b>-1.5</b>	1.6	3.0
Information, culture and recreation	320.6	<b>335.5</b>	8.2	<b>14.9</b>	19.1	17.6	<b>4.6</b>	6.0	5.5
Accommodation and food services	403.7	<b>411.8</b>	8.7	<b>8.1</b>	28.7	34.8	<b>2.0</b>	7.5	9.2
Other services	254.1	<b>254.6</b>	7.2	<b>0.5</b>	-12.1	-11.2	<b>0.2</b>	-4.5	-4.2
Public administration	322.4	<b>336.7</b>	6.3	<b>14.3</b>	23.6	18.7	<b>4.4</b>	7.5	5.9

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-7**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Manitoba**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	900.0	<b>900.6</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	6.8	7.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	0.9
Labour force	622.6	<b>624.7</b>	2.9	<b>2.1</b>	12.1	9.2	<b>0.3</b>	2.0	1.5
Employment	596.4	<b>598.7</b>	2.8	<b>2.3</b>	11.1	10.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.9	1.8
Employment full-time	482.7	<b>488.4</b>	3.8	<b>5.7</b>	16.0	16.2	<b>1.2</b>	3.4	3.4
Unemployment	26.2	<b>26.0</b>	2.1	<b>-0.2</b>	1.0	-1.1	<b>-0.8</b>	4.0	-4.1
Participation rate	69.2	<b>69.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	<b>4.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.3	<b>66.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.6	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.1	<b>18.4</b>	0.6	<b>-0.6</b>	-1.2	-1.3	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	156.9	<b>157.0</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	1.2	1.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	0.8
Labour force	113.3	<b>114.6</b>	1.8	<b>1.3</b>	5.0	3.4	<b>1.1</b>	4.6	3.1
Employment	103.9	<b>103.9</b>	1.7	<b>0.0</b>	2.5	3.9	<b>1.0</b>	2.5	3.9
Unemployment	9.4	<b>10.8</b>	1.4	<b>1.4</b>	2.6	-0.4	<b>14.9</b>	31.7	-3.6
Participation rate	72.2	<b>73.0</b>	1.1	<b>0.8</b>	2.7	1.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.3	<b>9.4</b>	1.2	<b>1.1</b>	1.9	-0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.2	<b>66.2</b>	1.1	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	2.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	46.1	<b>42.7</b>	1.9	<b>-3.4</b>	0.7	-1.3	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	363.3	<b>363.6</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	3.2	3.8	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.1
Labour force	272.8	<b>273.5</b>	1.4	<b>0.7</b>	3.2	4.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.2	1.5
Employment	263.8	<b>266.6</b>	1.4	<b>2.8</b>	5.0	6.4	<b>1.1</b>	1.9	2.5
Unemployment	9.0	<b>6.9</b>	1.2	<b>-2.1</b>	-1.7	-2.3	<b>-23.3</b>	-19.8	-25.0
Participation rate	75.1	<b>75.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	<b>2.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.7	-0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	72.6	<b>73.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.7</b>	0.7	1.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	6.2	<b>6.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	379.8	<b>380.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	2.4	2.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.7
Labour force	236.4	<b>236.6</b>	1.7	<b>0.2</b>	3.8	1.8	<b>0.1</b>	1.6	0.8
Employment	228.7	<b>228.2</b>	1.6	<b>-0.5</b>	3.6	0.1	<b>-0.2</b>	1.6	0.0
Unemployment	7.7	<b>8.4</b>	1.1	<b>0.7</b>	0.2	1.7	<b>9.1</b>	2.4	25.4
Participation rate	62.2	<b>62.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	<b>3.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.1	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.2	<b>60.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.6	-0.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.6	<b>21.6</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	-3.2	-3.1	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Industry	596.4	<b>598.7</b>	2.8	<b>2.3</b>	11.1	10.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.9	1.8
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Goods-producing sector	142.8	<b>145.4</b>	2.4	<b>2.6</b>	4.1	8.1	<b>1.8</b>	2.9	5.9
Agriculture	28.5	<b>28.8</b>	1.2	<b>0.3</b>	-0.7	-0.7	<b>1.1</b>	-2.4	-2.4
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	6.2	<b>5.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.8	-0.5	<b>-4.8</b>	-11.9	-7.8
Utilities	5.9	<b>5.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.8	-0.3	<b>-1.7</b>	16.0	-4.9
Construction	35.1	<b>35.0</b>	1.4	<b>-0.1</b>	4.5	7.3	<b>-0.3</b>	14.8	26.4
Manufacturing	67.1	<b>69.9</b>	1.7	<b>2.8</b>	0.3	2.3	<b>4.2</b>	0.4	3.4
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Services-producing sector	453.6	<b>453.3</b>	3.2	<b>-0.3</b>	7.0	2.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.6	0.5
Trade	91.7	<b>87.3</b>	2.1	<b>-4.4</b>	-5.5	-6.5	<b>-4.8</b>	-5.9	-6.9
Transportation and warehousing	33.8	<b>35.0</b>	1.2	<b>1.2</b>	-0.1	0.4	<b>3.6</b>	-0.3	1.2
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	35.5	<b>36.0</b>	1.2	<b>0.5</b>	3.6	1.4	<b>1.4</b>	11.1	4.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	26.3	<b>26.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.0</b>	5.2	3.0	<b>0.0</b>	24.6	12.9
Business, building and other support services	16.3	<b>18.0</b>	1.1	<b>1.7</b>	-0.5	-1.1	<b>10.4</b>	-2.7	-5.8
Educational services	48.1	<b>46.6</b>	1.5	<b>-1.5</b>	-0.9	1.7	<b>-3.1</b>	-1.9	3.8
Health care and social assistance	78.8	<b>79.7</b>	1.8	<b>0.9</b>	-2.4	-2.3	<b>1.1</b>	-2.9	-2.8
Information, culture and recreation	23.8	<b>24.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.5</b>	1.9	-0.9	<b>2.1</b>	8.5	-3.6
Accommodation and food services	37.1	<b>37.3</b>	1.5	<b>0.2</b>	2.3	4.2	<b>0.5</b>	6.6	12.7
Other services	23.3	<b>24.3</b>	1.2	<b>1.0</b>	-0.6	-1.2	<b>4.3</b>	-2.4	-4.7
Public administration	38.7	<b>38.6</b>	1.3	<b>-0.1</b>	4.1	3.6	<b>-0.3</b>	11.9	10.3

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-8**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Saskatchewan**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	752.1	<b>753.6</b>	...	<b>1.5</b>	7.3	7.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	1.0
Labour force	521.1	<b>522.6</b>	2.4	<b>1.5</b>	-1.4	3.0	<b>0.3</b>	-0.3	0.6
Employment	495.5	<b>502.5</b>	2.4	<b>7.0</b>	-0.3	4.8	<b>1.4</b>	-0.1	1.0
Employment full-time	406.5	<b>411.6</b>	3.2	<b>5.1</b>	3.9	3.6	<b>1.3</b>	1.0	0.9
Unemployment	25.6	<b>20.0</b>	1.8	<b>-5.6</b>	-1.2	-1.9	<b>-21.9</b>	-5.7	-8.7
Participation rate	69.3	<b>69.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.9	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	<b>3.8</b>	0.3	<b>-1.1</b>	-0.2	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.9	<b>66.7</b>	0.3	<b>0.8</b>	-0.7	0.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	18.0	<b>18.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	-0.8	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	137.8	<b>138.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.3
Labour force	95.1	<b>95.6</b>	1.5	<b>0.5</b>	-6.7	-4.7	<b>0.5</b>	-6.5	-4.7
Employment	87.8	<b>89.3</b>	1.5	<b>1.5</b>	-4.9	-2.6	<b>1.7</b>	-5.2	-2.8
Unemployment	7.3	<b>6.2</b>	1.2	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.9	-2.1	<b>-15.1</b>	-23.5	-25.3
Participation rate	69.0	<b>69.3</b>	1.1	<b>0.3</b>	-5.2	-3.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	<b>6.5</b>	1.1	<b>-1.2</b>	-1.4	-1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.7	<b>64.7</b>	1.1	<b>1.0</b>	-3.9	-2.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	36.8	<b>38.2</b>	1.7	<b>1.4</b>	0.8	0.6	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	300.2	<b>300.9</b>	...	<b>0.7</b>	3.7	4.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.4
Labour force	230.4	<b>230.9</b>	1.1	<b>0.5</b>	3.2	6.6	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	2.9
Employment	220.6	<b>223.0</b>	1.3	<b>2.4</b>	2.5	6.3	<b>1.1</b>	1.1	2.9
Unemployment	9.8	<b>8.0</b>	1.0	<b>-1.8</b>	0.7	0.4	<b>-18.4</b>	9.6	5.3
Participation rate	76.7	<b>76.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	<b>3.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.8</b>	0.3	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	73.5	<b>74.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	-0.1	1.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	5.3	<b>6.6</b>	0.6	<b>1.3</b>	-0.4	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	314.1	<b>314.7</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	2.9	3.0	<b>0.2</b>	0.9	1.0
Labour force	195.6	<b>196.1</b>	1.3	<b>0.5</b>	2.2	1.1	<b>0.3</b>	1.1	0.6
Employment	187.1	<b>190.3</b>	1.3	<b>3.2</b>	2.2	1.2	<b>1.7</b>	1.2	0.6
Unemployment	8.5	<b>5.8</b>	0.9	<b>-2.7</b>	0.0	-0.1	<b>-31.8</b>	0.0	-1.7
Participation rate	62.3	<b>62.3</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	<b>3.0</b>	0.5	<b>-1.3</b>	0.0	0.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	59.6	<b>60.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.9</b>	0.2	-0.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	24.1	<b>22.1</b>	1.0	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.5	0.3	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Industry	495.5	<b>502.5</b>	2.4	<b>7.0</b>	-0.3	4.8	<b>1.4</b>	-0.1	1.0
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Goods-producing sector	135.9	<b>135.4</b>	2.2	<b>-0.5</b>	2.0	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	1.5	0.4
Agriculture	44.2	<b>44.3</b>	1.5	<b>0.1</b>	-3.2	-5.1	<b>0.2</b>	-6.7	-10.3
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	21.0	<b>21.1</b>	1.0	<b>0.1</b>	-1.4	-1.5	<b>0.5</b>	-6.2	-6.6
Utilities	4.5	<b>4.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	0.4	0.1	<b>-2.2</b>	10.0	2.3
Construction	34.4	<b>34.9</b>	1.3	<b>0.5</b>	4.2	5.3	<b>1.5</b>	13.7	17.9
Manufacturing	31.8	<b>30.7</b>	1.1	<b>-1.1</b>	2.1	1.7	<b>-3.5</b>	7.3	5.9
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Services-producing sector	359.7	<b>367.1</b>	2.7	<b>7.4</b>	-2.3	4.3	<b>2.1</b>	-0.6	1.2
Trade	80.2	<b>81.8</b>	1.8	<b>1.6</b>	-4.1	2.5	<b>2.0</b>	-4.8	3.2
Transportation and warehousing	24.5	<b>24.4</b>	1.0	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	-1.0	<b>-0.4</b>	-3.2	-3.9
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	26.1	<b>27.3</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	0.2	2.5	<b>4.6</b>	0.7	10.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	20.0	<b>21.6</b>	0.9	<b>1.6</b>	1.7	1.8	<b>8.0</b>	8.5	9.1
Business, building and other support services	12.1	<b>11.8</b>	0.8	<b>-0.3</b>	0.0	-0.6	<b>-2.5</b>	0.0	-4.8
Educational services	38.0	<b>39.6</b>	1.3	<b>1.6</b>	0.8	0.3	<b>4.2</b>	2.1	0.8
Health care and social assistance	60.8	<b>59.5</b>	1.4	<b>-1.3</b>	-1.6	0.7	<b>-2.1</b>	-2.6	1.2
Information, culture and recreation	19.8	<b>20.3</b>	0.9	<b>0.5</b>	-0.1	-0.3	<b>2.5</b>	-0.5	-1.5
Accommodation and food services	29.2	<b>31.4</b>	1.2	<b>2.2</b>	0.6	-0.8	<b>7.5</b>	1.9	-2.5
Other services	21.8	<b>21.7</b>	1.1	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	-0.9	<b>-0.5</b>	0.0	-4.0
Public administration	27.1	<b>27.8</b>	0.9	<b>0.7</b>	1.1	0.2	<b>2.6</b>	4.1	0.7

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-9**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — Alberta**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	2,754.5	<b>2,759.9</b>	...	<b>5.4</b>	67.8	97.9	<b>0.2</b>	2.5	3.7
Labour force	2,040.8	<b>2,046.2</b>	7.7	<b>5.4</b>	71.8	95.9	<b>0.3</b>	3.6	4.9
Employment	1,968.7	<b>1,973.3</b>	8.0	<b>4.6</b>	64.9	91.2	<b>0.2</b>	3.4	4.8
Employment full-time	1,663.4	<b>1,660.1</b>	11.0	<b>-3.3</b>	44.6	73.2	<b>-0.2</b>	2.8	4.6
Unemployment	72.0	<b>72.9</b>	5.6	<b>0.9</b>	6.9	4.7	<b>1.2</b>	10.5	6.9
Participation rate	74.1	<b>74.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.8	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.5	<b>3.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	71.5	<b>71.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.8	...	...	...
Part-time rate	15.5	<b>15.9</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.5	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	505.2	<b>505.6</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	6.1	11.3	<b>0.1</b>	1.2	2.3
Labour force	365.4	<b>358.7</b>	4.9	<b>-6.7</b>	2.4	12.1	<b>-1.8</b>	0.7	3.5
Employment	341.0	<b>335.0</b>	5.0	<b>-6.0</b>	1.3	14.1	<b>-1.8</b>	0.4	4.4
Unemployment	24.5	<b>23.7</b>	3.8	<b>-0.8</b>	1.1	-2.0	<b>-3.3</b>	4.9	-7.8
Participation rate	72.3	<b>70.9</b>	1.0	<b>-1.4</b>	-0.4	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.7	<b>6.6</b>	1.0	<b>-0.1</b>	0.3	-0.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.5	<b>66.3</b>	1.0	<b>-1.2</b>	-0.5	1.4	...	...	...
Part-time rate	31.5	<b>32.1</b>	1.7	<b>0.6</b>	0.1	-0.8	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,129.3	<b>1,131.9</b>	...	<b>2.6</b>	32.1	45.1	<b>0.2</b>	2.9	4.1
Labour force	921.5	<b>928.5</b>	3.5	<b>7.0</b>	36.1	39.1	<b>0.8</b>	4.0	4.4
Employment	898.4	<b>902.7</b>	4.0	<b>4.3</b>	32.3	36.3	<b>0.5</b>	3.7	4.2
Unemployment	23.1	<b>25.8</b>	3.0	<b>2.7</b>	3.8	2.8	<b>11.7</b>	17.3	12.2
Participation rate	81.6	<b>82.0</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	0.9	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	2.5	<b>2.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	0.3	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	79.6	<b>79.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	5.0	<b>5.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	1.0	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,120.0	<b>1,122.3</b>	...	<b>2.3</b>	29.5	41.3	<b>0.2</b>	2.7	3.8
Labour force	753.8	<b>759.0</b>	4.6	<b>5.2</b>	33.3	44.7	<b>0.7</b>	4.6	6.3
Employment	729.4	<b>735.6</b>	4.7	<b>6.2</b>	31.2	40.8	<b>0.9</b>	4.4	5.9
Unemployment	24.5	<b>23.4</b>	3.0	<b>-1.1</b>	2.0	3.9	<b>-4.5</b>	9.3	20.0
Participation rate	67.3	<b>67.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.3</b>	1.2	1.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	<b>3.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.2</b>	0.2	0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.1	<b>65.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	1.0	1.2	...	...	...
Part-time rate	21.0	<b>21.4</b>	0.9	<b>0.4</b>	0.3	-0.3	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
Population	1,968.7	<b>1,973.3</b>	8.0	<b>4.6</b>	64.9	91.2	<b>0.2</b>	3.4	4.8
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	563.4	<b>565.5</b>	7.5	<b>2.1</b>	22.2	48.4	<b>0.4</b>	4.1	9.4
Agriculture	50.2	<b>58.9</b>	2.5	<b>8.7</b>	11.0	9.8	<b>17.3</b>	23.0	20.0
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	153.9	<b>153.9</b>	4.1	<b>0.0</b>	10.5	15.6	<b>0.0</b>	7.3	11.3
Utilities	21.5	<b>19.9</b>	1.4	<b>-1.6</b>	-1.1	2.5	<b>-7.4</b>	-5.2	14.4
Construction	196.0	<b>192.1</b>	5.0	<b>-3.9</b>	10.4	21.2	<b>-2.0</b>	5.7	12.4
Manufacturing	141.7	<b>140.7</b>	4.5	<b>-1.0</b>	-8.7	-0.8	<b>-0.7</b>	-5.8	-0.6
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
Trade	1,405.3	<b>1,407.7</b>	9.5	<b>2.4</b>	42.6	42.8	<b>0.2</b>	3.1	3.1
Trade	292.3	<b>294.5</b>	6.2	<b>2.2</b>	23.2	17.2	<b>0.8</b>	8.6	6.2
Transportation and warehousing	98.9	<b>107.3</b>	3.6	<b>8.4</b>	1.2	4.1	<b>8.5</b>	1.1	4.0
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	96.3	<b>100.8</b>	3.5	<b>4.5</b>	-3.6	5.6	<b>4.7</b>	-3.4	5.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	148.2	<b>140.3</b>	4.5	<b>-7.9</b>	-2.3	-1.4	<b>-5.3</b>	-1.6	-1.0
Business, building and other support services	74.0	<b>75.8</b>	3.5	<b>1.8</b>	5.5	6.6	<b>2.4</b>	7.8	9.5
Educational services	129.6	<b>123.7</b>	3.9	<b>-5.9</b>	-15.2	-11.9	<b>-4.6</b>	-10.9	-8.8
Health care and social assistance	201.7	<b>193.7</b>	4.4	<b>-8.0</b>	12.8	13.4	<b>-4.0</b>	7.1	7.4
Information, culture and recreation	72.4	<b>78.7</b>	3.6	<b>6.3</b>	12.0	8.4	<b>8.7</b>	18.0	11.9
Accommodation and food services	117.0	<b>113.1</b>	4.5	<b>-3.9</b>	-5.1	-7.4	<b>-3.3</b>	-4.3	-6.1
Other services	95.8	<b>97.5</b>	3.5	<b>1.7</b>	8.5	7.4	<b>1.8</b>	9.6	8.2
Public administration	79.1	<b>82.3</b>	3.0	<b>3.2</b>	5.6	0.6	<b>4.0</b>	7.3	0.7

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088

**Table 4-10**  
**Selected labour force characteristics (seasonally adjusted) — British Columbia**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Both sexes, 15 years and over</b>									
Population	3,578.4	<b>3,585.2</b>	...	<b>6.8</b>	47.2	61.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.7
Labour force	2,359.8	<b>2,369.5</b>	10.0	<b>9.7</b>	28.8	54.6	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	2.4
Employment	2,265.9	<b>2,266.8</b>	10.1	<b>0.9</b>	48.3	64.1	<b>0.0</b>	2.2	2.9
Employment full-time	1,816.5	<b>1,820.0</b>	13.5	<b>3.5</b>	46.8	47.4	<b>0.2</b>	2.6	2.7
Unemployment	93.9	<b>102.6</b>	7.2	<b>8.7</b>	-19.6	-9.6	<b>9.3</b>	-16.0	-8.6
Participation rate	65.9	<b>66.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	-0.1	0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	<b>4.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-0.9	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.3	<b>63.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.5	0.7	...	...	...
Part-time rate	19.8	<b>19.7</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.4	0.2	...	...	...
<b>Both sexes, 15 to 24 years</b>									
Population	578.8	<b>579.4</b>	...	<b>0.6</b>	2.0	2.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.4
Labour force	395.4	<b>399.8</b>	5.7	<b>4.4</b>	15.2	20.3	<b>1.1</b>	4.0	5.3
Employment	370.8	<b>367.6</b>	5.7	<b>-3.2</b>	20.0	19.3	<b>-0.9</b>	5.8	5.5
Unemployment	24.7	<b>32.2</b>	4.2	<b>7.5</b>	-4.8	1.0	<b>30.4</b>	-13.0	3.2
Participation rate	68.3	<b>69.0</b>	1.0	<b>0.7</b>	2.4	3.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.2	<b>8.1</b>	1.0	<b>1.9</b>	-1.5	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.1	<b>63.4</b>	1.0	<b>-0.7</b>	3.2	3.0	...	...	...
Part-time rate	40.3	<b>41.5</b>	1.8	<b>1.2</b>	3.4	3.1	...	...	...
<b>Men, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,466.9	<b>1,470.0</b>	...	<b>3.1</b>	22.9	29.9	<b>0.2</b>	1.6	2.1
Labour force	1,051.2	<b>1,055.3</b>	5.0	<b>4.1</b>	12.3	15.9	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	1.5
Employment	1,019.2	<b>1,023.0</b>	5.4	<b>3.8</b>	18.6	27.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.9	2.7
Unemployment	32.1	<b>32.3</b>	4.1	<b>0.2</b>	-6.3	-11.4	<b>0.6</b>	-16.3	-26.1
Participation rate	71.7	<b>71.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	-0.3	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.1	<b>3.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	-1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.5	<b>69.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.5	...	...	...
Part-time rate	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-2.1	-1.6	...	...	...
<b>Women, 25 years and over</b>									
Population	1,532.8	<b>1,535.8</b>	...	<b>3.0</b>	22.3	28.8	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	1.9
Labour force	913.1	<b>914.4</b>	6.0	<b>1.3</b>	1.3	18.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	2.1
Employment	876.0	<b>876.3</b>	5.8	<b>0.3</b>	9.8	17.6	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	2.0
Unemployment	37.1	<b>38.1</b>	4.1	<b>1.0</b>	-8.5	0.8	<b>2.7</b>	-18.2	2.1
Participation rate	59.6	<b>59.5</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.8	0.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	<b>4.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-0.9	0.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.2	<b>57.1</b>	0.4	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	0.1	...	...	...
Part-time rate	26.1	<b>25.5</b>	0.9	<b>-0.6</b>	-0.1	0.9	...	...	...
<b>Industry</b>									
	2,265.9	<b>2,266.8</b>	10.1	<b>0.9</b>	48.3	64.1	<b>0.0</b>	2.2	2.9
<b>Goods-producing sector</b>									
Agriculture	34.4	<b>37.9</b>	2.6	<b>3.5</b>	1.9	3.9	<b>10.2</b>	5.3	11.5
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	46.9	<b>45.0</b>	2.8	<b>-1.9</b>	-3.2	-2.3	<b>-4.1</b>	-6.6	-4.9
Utilities	11.4	<b>10.6</b>	1.0	<b>-0.8</b>	1.3	1.7	<b>-7.0</b>	14.0	19.1
Construction	196.3	<b>199.6</b>	5.5	<b>3.3</b>	13.1	16.6	<b>1.7</b>	7.0	9.1
Manufacturing	201.4	<b>209.6</b>	5.4	<b>8.2</b>	6.4	17.5	<b>4.1</b>	3.1	9.1
<b>Services-producing sector</b>									
	1,775.5	<b>1,764.2</b>	11.2	<b>-11.3</b>	28.9	26.9	<b>-0.6</b>	1.7	1.5
Trade	379.2	<b>366.3</b>	7.1	<b>-12.9</b>	25.9	17.2	<b>-3.4</b>	7.6	4.9
Transportation and warehousing	123.6	<b>120.8</b>	4.5	<b>-2.8</b>	3.6	5.5	<b>-2.3</b>	3.1	4.8
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	149.2	<b>143.8</b>	4.6	<b>-5.4</b>	-3.9	2.7	<b>-3.6</b>	-2.6	1.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	168.2	<b>162.7</b>	5.3	<b>-5.5</b>	-1.8	-7.6	<b>-3.3</b>	-1.1	-4.5
Business, building and other support services	93.7	<b>103.2</b>	4.5	<b>9.5</b>	-5.3	-5.6	<b>10.1</b>	-4.9	-5.1
Educational services	143.6	<b>159.3</b>	5.0	<b>15.7</b>	-3.0	1.7	<b>10.9</b>	-1.8	1.1
Health care and social assistance	235.3	<b>236.5</b>	5.4	<b>1.2</b>	-2.7	-1.6	<b>0.5</b>	-1.1	-0.7
Information, culture and recreation	117.5	<b>113.5</b>	4.6	<b>-4.0</b>	7.9	5.1	<b>-3.4</b>	7.5	4.7
Accommodation and food services	182.9	<b>172.8</b>	5.6	<b>-10.1</b>	2.0	0.9	<b>-5.5</b>	1.2	0.5
Other services	88.4	<b>88.5</b>	4.0	<b>0.1</b>	-0.5	-1.5	<b>0.1</b>	-0.6	-1.7
Public administration	93.9	<b>96.9</b>	3.3	<b>3.0</b>	6.9	10.2	<b>3.2</b>	7.7	11.8

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0087, 282-0088



**Table 5-1**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador</b>									
Population	151.6	<b>151.8</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.0	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.0	0.2
Labour force	102.8	<b>103.3</b>	0.7	<b>0.5</b>	1.0	0.3	<b>0.5</b>	1.0	0.3
Employment	96.3	<b>96.6</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	2.0	1.5	<b>0.3</b>	2.1	1.6
Unemployment	6.5	<b>6.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.0	-1.3	<b>3.1</b>	-13.0	-16.2
Participation rate	67.8	<b>68.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.7	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	<b>6.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.0	-1.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	63.5	<b>63.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	1.3	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Halifax, Nova Scotia</b>									
Population	313.3	<b>313.6</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	2.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.6
Labour force	220.2	<b>222.1</b>	1.1	<b>1.9</b>	4.7	6.5	<b>0.9</b>	2.2	3.0
Employment	206.6	<b>208.2</b>	1.1	<b>1.6</b>	0.6	4.4	<b>0.8</b>	0.3	2.2
Unemployment	13.7	<b>13.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	3.9	2.0	<b>0.7</b>	39.4	16.9
Participation rate	70.3	<b>70.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	1.1	1.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.2	<b>6.2</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.6	0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.9	<b>66.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	-0.1	1.0	...	...	...
<b>Saint John, New Brunswick</b>									
Population	103.9	<b>103.9</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.5	0.4
Labour force	70.0	<b>71.1</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	5.6	6.0	<b>1.6</b>	8.5	9.2
Employment	67.0	<b>67.7</b>	0.7	<b>0.7</b>	5.9	6.8	<b>1.0</b>	9.5	11.2
Unemployment	3.0	<b>3.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	-0.3	-0.7	<b>13.3</b>	-8.1	-17.1
Participation rate	67.4	<b>68.4</b>	0.6	<b>1.0</b>	5.1	5.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	<b>4.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	-0.8	-1.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	<b>65.2</b>	0.6	<b>0.7</b>	5.4	6.4	...	...	...
<b>Saguenay, Quebec</b>									
Population	125.5	<b>125.5</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.5	-0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-0.4	-0.4
Labour force	77.8	<b>76.9</b>	0.7	<b>-0.9</b>	2.5	0.5	<b>-1.2</b>	3.4	0.7
Employment	71.4	<b>70.4</b>	0.7	<b>-1.0</b>	2.5	1.4	<b>-1.4</b>	3.7	2.0
Unemployment	6.4	<b>6.5</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.8	<b>1.6</b>	-1.5	-11.0
Participation rate	62.0	<b>61.3</b>	0.6	<b>-0.7</b>	2.3	0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.2	<b>8.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	-0.4	-1.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	56.9	<b>56.1</b>	0.6	<b>-0.8</b>	2.2	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Québec, Quebec</b>									
Population	605.6	<b>605.9</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	3.7	5.6	<b>0.0</b>	0.6	0.9
Labour force	408.9	<b>412.2</b>	3.3	<b>3.3</b>	16.7	15.3	<b>0.8</b>	4.2	3.9
Employment	390.4	<b>392.7</b>	3.4	<b>2.3</b>	20.8	17.3	<b>0.6</b>	5.6	4.6
Unemployment	18.5	<b>19.5</b>	1.4	<b>1.0</b>	-4.1	-2.0	<b>5.4</b>	-17.4	-9.3
Participation rate	67.5	<b>68.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.5</b>	2.3	1.9	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	<b>4.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	-1.3	-0.7	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	<b>64.8</b>	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	3.0	2.3	...	...	...
<b>Trois-Rivières, Quebec</b>									
Population	120.6	<b>120.7</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	1.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	76.6	<b>76.9</b>	0.7	<b>0.3</b>	4.3	4.7	<b>0.4</b>	5.9	6.5
Employment	70.5	<b>70.7</b>	0.7	<b>0.2</b>	3.1	4.5	<b>0.3</b>	4.6	6.8
Unemployment	6.1	<b>6.3</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	0.2	<b>3.3</b>	28.6	3.3
Participation rate	63.5	<b>63.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	3.1	3.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.0	<b>8.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	58.5	<b>58.6</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	2.2	3.2	...	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Sherbrooke, Quebec</b>									
Population	136.8	<b>137.0</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	1.2	1.6	<b>0.1</b>	0.9	1.2
Labour force	88.8	<b>88.7</b>	0.8	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.2	0.6
Employment	83.7	<b>83.3</b>	0.8	<b>-0.4</b>	1.1	2.1	<b>-0.5</b>	1.3	2.6
Unemployment	5.1	<b>5.4</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	-1.3	-1.6	<b>5.9</b>	-19.4	-22.9
Participation rate	64.9	<b>64.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.8	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	<b>6.1</b>	0.4	<b>0.4</b>	-1.4	-1.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.2	<b>60.8</b>	0.6	<b>-0.4</b>	0.3	0.8	...	...	...
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,037.3	<b>3,039.8</b>	...	<b>2.5</b>	21.6	31.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	2,053.1	<b>2,061.5</b>	7.1	<b>8.4</b>	20.9	28.0	<b>0.4</b>	1.0	1.4
Employment	1,910.3	<b>1,915.9</b>	7.5	<b>5.6</b>	30.5	47.9	<b>0.3</b>	1.6	2.6
Unemployment	142.8	<b>145.6</b>	4.6	<b>2.8</b>	-9.6	-19.9	<b>2.0</b>	-6.2	-12.0
Participation rate	67.6	<b>67.8</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>7.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.5	-1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.9	<b>63.0</b>	0.2	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.9	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	951.6	<b>952.4</b>	...	<b>0.8</b>	5.5	7.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	0.8
Labour force	691.8	<b>695.0</b>	3.3	<b>3.2</b>	29.1	15.0	<b>0.5</b>	4.4	2.2
Employment	653.7	<b>658.6</b>	3.4	<b>4.9</b>	30.4	13.2	<b>0.7</b>	4.8	2.0
Unemployment	38.0	<b>36.5</b>	1.6	<b>-1.5</b>	-1.2	2.0	<b>-3.9</b>	-3.2	5.8
Participation rate	72.7	<b>73.0</b>	0.3	<b>0.3</b>	2.7	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	<b>5.3</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.4	0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.7	<b>69.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	2.9	0.9	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	240.2	<b>240.6</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	3.4	4.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.9
Labour force	170.9	<b>170.4</b>	1.2	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.9	2.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.1	1.4
Employment	160.7	<b>160.8</b>	1.2	<b>0.1</b>	-0.7	0.8	<b>0.1</b>	-0.4	0.5
Unemployment	10.2	<b>9.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.1	1.7	<b>-4.9</b>	-10.2	21.2
Participation rate	71.1	<b>70.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-1.8	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	<b>5.7</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.6	0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	66.9	<b>66.8</b>	0.5	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.3	-0.9	...	...	...
<b>Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec</b>									
Population	711.4	<b>711.7</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	2.1	3.2	<b>0.0</b>	0.3	0.5
Labour force	520.9	<b>524.6</b>	3.0	<b>3.7</b>	30.9	12.7	<b>0.7</b>	6.3	2.5
Employment	493.1	<b>497.8</b>	3.1	<b>4.7</b>	31.1	12.4	<b>1.0</b>	6.7	2.6
Unemployment	27.8	<b>26.8</b>	1.5	<b>-1.0</b>	-0.2	0.3	<b>-3.6</b>	-0.7	1.1
Participation rate	73.2	<b>73.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.5</b>	4.1	1.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.3	<b>5.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.4	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	69.3	<b>69.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.6</b>	4.1	1.4	...	...	...
<b>Kingston, Ontario</b>									
Population	126.0	<b>126.0</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.1	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	0.1
Labour force	83.6	<b>82.7</b>	0.7	<b>-0.9</b>	1.7	0.2	<b>-1.1</b>	2.1	0.2
Employment	78.1	<b>77.5</b>	0.8	<b>-0.6</b>	0.7	0.6	<b>-0.8</b>	0.9	0.8
Unemployment	5.5	<b>5.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	1.0	-0.3	<b>-5.5</b>	23.8	-5.5
Participation rate	66.3	<b>65.6</b>	0.6	<b>-0.7</b>	1.3	0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	1.1	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.0	<b>61.5</b>	0.6	<b>-0.5</b>	0.5	0.4	...	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,454.2	<b>4,462.1</b>	...	<b>7.9</b>	56.6	77.2	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.8
Labour force	3,072.2	<b>3,068.1</b>	9.1	<b>-4.1</b>	44.6	65.8	<b>-0.1</b>	1.5	2.2
Employment	2,857.3	<b>2,856.1</b>	9.3	<b>-1.2</b>	33.6	52.9	<b>0.0</b>	1.2	1.9
Unemployment	215.0	<b>212.0</b>	5.5	<b>-3.0</b>	11.0	12.9	<b>-1.4</b>	5.5	6.5
Participation rate	69.0	<b>68.8</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.2	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.0	<b>6.9</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.3	0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.1	<b>64.0</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	0.1	...	...	...
<b>Hamilton, Ontario</b>									
Population	592.4	<b>592.8</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.7	4.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.7
Labour force	402.8	<b>401.0</b>	2.8	<b>-1.8</b>	11.9	6.4	<b>-0.4</b>	3.1	1.6
Employment	380.8	<b>379.1</b>	2.8	<b>-1.7</b>	13.7	9.8	<b>-0.4</b>	3.7	2.7
Unemployment	22.0	<b>21.9</b>	1.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.9	-3.3	<b>-0.5</b>	-8.0	-13.1
Participation rate	68.0	<b>67.6</b>	0.5	<b>-0.4</b>	1.7	0.6	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	<b>5.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	-0.6	-0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.3	<b>64.0</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	2.1	1.3	...	...	...
<b>Kitchener, Ontario</b>									
Population	377.3	<b>377.8</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	4.2	5.8	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.6
Labour force	262.2	<b>262.7</b>	2.0	<b>0.5</b>	-9.3	-1.2	<b>0.2</b>	-3.4	-0.5
Employment	247.4	<b>248.3</b>	2.2	<b>0.9</b>	-9.0	-1.2	<b>0.4</b>	-3.5	-0.5
Unemployment	14.8	<b>14.5</b>	0.9	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	0.2	<b>-2.0</b>	-1.4	1.4
Participation rate	69.5	<b>69.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	-3.3	-1.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.6	<b>5.5</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.1	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.6	<b>65.7</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	-3.2	-1.4	...	...	...
<b>London, Ontario</b>									
Population	381.3	<b>381.6</b>	...	<b>0.3</b>	2.0	3.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.5	0.8
Labour force	263.1	<b>266.2</b>	1.8	<b>3.1</b>	-1.4	6.1	<b>1.2</b>	-0.5	2.3
Employment	246.7	<b>250.0</b>	1.8	<b>3.3</b>	-1.0	7.8	<b>1.3</b>	-0.4	3.2
Unemployment	16.4	<b>16.2</b>	0.9	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.4	-1.8	<b>-1.2</b>	-2.4	-10.0
Participation rate	69.0	<b>69.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.8</b>	-0.7	1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.2	<b>6.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.1	-0.8	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	<b>65.5</b>	0.5	<b>0.8</b>	-0.6	1.5	...	...	...
<b>Oshawa, Ontario</b>									
Population	282.4	<b>282.9</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	5.4	7.3	<b>0.2</b>	1.9	2.6
Labour force	193.4	<b>194.1</b>	1.4	<b>0.7</b>	4.0	2.1	<b>0.4</b>	2.1	1.1
Employment	180.8	<b>181.4</b>	1.5	<b>0.6</b>	4.0	2.7	<b>0.3</b>	2.3	1.5
Unemployment	12.7	<b>12.8</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	-0.5	<b>0.8</b>	0.8	-3.8
Participation rate	68.5	<b>68.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.1	-1.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.0	<b>64.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	-0.7	...	...	...
<b>St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario</b>									
Population	328.1	<b>328.3</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.3
Labour force	204.7	<b>207.0</b>	1.7	<b>2.3</b>	6.1	-0.7	<b>1.1</b>	3.0	-0.3
Employment	189.0	<b>190.2</b>	1.7	<b>1.2</b>	2.1	-3.9	<b>0.6</b>	1.1	-2.0
Unemployment	15.7	<b>16.8</b>	0.7	<b>1.1</b>	4.1	3.2	<b>7.0</b>	32.3	23.5
Participation rate	62.4	<b>63.1</b>	0.5	<b>0.7</b>	1.8	-0.4	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	<b>8.1</b>	0.3	<b>0.4</b>	1.8	1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.6	<b>57.9</b>	0.5	<b>0.3</b>	0.5	-1.4	...	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario</b>									
Population	132.8	<b>132.9</b>	...	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	0.2
Labour force	87.5	<b>87.9</b>	0.7	<b>0.4</b>	3.6	2.0	<b>0.5</b>	4.3	2.3
Employment	82.1	<b>82.2</b>	0.7	<b>0.1</b>	3.1	2.9	<b>0.1</b>	3.9	3.7
Unemployment	5.5	<b>5.6</b>	0.3	<b>0.1</b>	0.4	-1.1	<b>1.8</b>	7.7	-16.4
Participation rate	65.9	<b>66.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	2.6	1.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	<b>6.4</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.2	-1.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	61.8	<b>61.9</b>	0.6	<b>0.1</b>	2.3	2.1	...	...	...
<b>Thunder Bay, Ontario</b>									
Population	104.1	<b>104.1</b>	...	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.2	<b>0.0</b>	-0.2	-0.2
Labour force	67.9	<b>68.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	2.8	0.9	<b>0.3</b>	4.3	1.3
Employment	63.4	<b>63.6</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	2.8	2.0	<b>0.3</b>	4.6	3.2
Unemployment	4.5	<b>4.5</b>	0.3	<b>0.0</b>	0.1	-1.0	<b>0.0</b>	2.3	-18.2
Participation rate	65.2	<b>65.4</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	2.8	1.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	<b>6.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	-0.1	-1.6	...	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	<b>61.1</b>	0.6	<b>0.2</b>	2.8	2.0	...	...	...
<b>Windsor, Ontario</b>									
Population	271.7	<b>271.9</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	0.7	1.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.3	0.4
Labour force	173.6	<b>173.2</b>	1.5	<b>-0.4</b>	-6.6	-11.9	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.7	-6.4
Employment	156.5	<b>156.2</b>	1.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-7.4	-12.4	<b>-0.2</b>	-4.5	-7.4
Unemployment	17.1	<b>17.1</b>	0.8	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	0.6	<b>0.0</b>	5.6	3.6
Participation rate	63.9	<b>63.7</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.6	-4.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	<b>9.9</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	0.9	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	57.6	<b>57.4</b>	0.6	<b>-0.2</b>	-2.9	-4.9	...	...	...
<b>Winnipeg, Manitoba</b>									
Population	576.7	<b>577.2</b>	...	<b>0.5</b>	4.6	5.1	<b>0.1</b>	0.8	0.9
Labour force	408.3	<b>407.7</b>	1.4	<b>-0.6</b>	6.0	5.4	<b>-0.1</b>	1.5	1.3
Employment	391.2	<b>390.9</b>	1.4	<b>-0.3</b>	8.3	6.9	<b>-0.1</b>	2.2	1.8
Unemployment	17.1	<b>16.7</b>	0.8	<b>-0.4</b>	-2.4	-1.6	<b>-2.3</b>	-12.6	-8.7
Participation rate	70.8	<b>70.6</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.4	0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	<b>4.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-0.7	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	67.8	<b>67.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	0.9	0.6	...	...	...
<b>Regina, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	163.1	<b>163.5</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.2	2.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.5
Labour force	114.0	<b>113.8</b>	0.7	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.6	-3.7	<b>-0.2</b>	-3.1	-3.1
Employment	107.1	<b>107.0</b>	0.7	<b>-0.1</b>	-5.2	-4.6	<b>-0.1</b>	-4.6	-4.1
Unemployment	6.9	<b>6.8</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.6	0.9	<b>-1.4</b>	30.8	15.3
Participation rate	69.9	<b>69.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-3.2	-3.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	<b>6.0</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	1.6	1.0	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.7	<b>65.4</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-4.2	-3.9	...	...	...
<b>Saskatoon, Saskatchewan</b>									
Population	191.0	<b>191.4</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	2.6	3.1	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.6
Labour force	140.7	<b>141.2</b>	0.8	<b>0.5</b>	3.0	7.9	<b>0.4</b>	2.2	5.9
Employment	134.0	<b>135.2</b>	0.9	<b>1.2</b>	1.6	7.3	<b>0.9</b>	1.2	5.7
Unemployment	6.7	<b>6.0</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	1.5	0.6	<b>-10.4</b>	33.3	11.1
Participation rate	73.7	<b>73.8</b>	0.4	<b>0.1</b>	0.6	3.0	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	<b>4.2</b>	0.3	<b>-0.6</b>	0.9	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	70.2	<b>70.6</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	-0.2	2.7	...	...	...

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 5-1 – continued

## Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — 3 month moving average

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Calgary, Alberta</b>									
Population	926.3	<b>929.0</b>	...	<b>2.7</b>	26.6	37.9	<b>0.3</b>	2.9	4.3
Labour force	710.3	<b>708.9</b>	3.2	<b>-1.4</b>	16.0	26.6	<b>-0.2</b>	2.3	3.9
Employment	687.1	<b>686.9</b>	3.3	<b>-0.2</b>	12.0	28.3	<b>0.0</b>	1.8	4.3
Unemployment	23.2	<b>22.0</b>	1.4	<b>-1.2</b>	4.0	-1.7	<b>-5.2</b>	22.2	-7.2
Participation rate	76.7	<b>76.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.4</b>	-0.5	-0.3	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	<b>3.1</b>	0.2	<b>-0.2</b>	0.5	-0.4	...	...	...
Employment rate	74.2	<b>73.9</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.9	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Edmonton, Alberta</b>									
Population	868.8	<b>870.6</b>	...	<b>1.8</b>	20.2	29.8	<b>0.2</b>	2.4	3.5
Labour force	620.7	<b>623.5</b>	3.1	<b>2.8</b>	26.6	34.4	<b>0.5</b>	4.5	5.8
Employment	596.7	<b>598.0</b>	3.2	<b>1.3</b>	23.3	33.9	<b>0.2</b>	4.1	6.0
Unemployment	24.0	<b>25.6</b>	1.4	<b>1.6</b>	3.4	0.6	<b>6.7</b>	15.3	2.4
Participation rate	71.4	<b>71.6</b>	0.4	<b>0.2</b>	1.4	1.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	<b>4.1</b>	0.2	<b>0.2</b>	0.4	-0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	68.7	<b>68.7</b>	0.4	<b>0.0</b>	1.1	1.6	...	...	...
<b>Abbotsford, British Columbia</b>									
Population	131.5	<b>131.7</b>	...	<b>0.2</b>	2.1	3.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.6	2.3
Labour force	89.5	<b>88.6</b>	0.7	<b>-0.9</b>	0.4	3.0	<b>-1.0</b>	0.5	3.5
Employment	85.5	<b>84.7</b>	0.7	<b>-0.8</b>	0.4	2.6	<b>-0.9</b>	0.5	3.2
Unemployment	4.0	<b>3.9</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	0.4	<b>-2.5</b>	0.0	11.4
Participation rate	68.1	<b>67.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.8</b>	-0.8	0.8	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	<b>4.4</b>	0.3	<b>-0.1</b>	0.0	0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	65.0	<b>64.3</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.7	0.5	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,899.0	<b>1,902.8</b>	...	<b>3.8</b>	27.6	36.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	1.9
Labour force	1,269.5	<b>1,267.8</b>	4.8	<b>-1.7</b>	9.0	14.9	<b>-0.1</b>	0.7	1.2
Employment	1,221.7	<b>1,220.4</b>	4.8	<b>-1.3</b>	20.2	19.8	<b>-0.1</b>	1.7	1.6
Unemployment	47.8	<b>47.3</b>	2.2	<b>-0.5</b>	-11.3	-5.1	<b>-1.0</b>	-19.3	-9.7
Participation rate	66.9	<b>66.6</b>	0.3	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.5	-0.5	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	<b>3.7</b>	0.2	<b>-0.1</b>	-1.0	-0.5	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.3	<b>64.1</b>	0.3	<b>-0.2</b>	0.1	-0.2	...	...	...
<b>Victoria, British Columbia</b>									
Population	283.1	<b>283.5</b>	...	<b>0.4</b>	3.0	4.4	<b>0.1</b>	1.1	1.6
Labour force	189.3	<b>190.7</b>	1.4	<b>1.4</b>	5.3	8.7	<b>0.7</b>	2.9	4.8
Employment	182.5	<b>183.4</b>	1.5	<b>0.9</b>	4.6	8.2	<b>0.5</b>	2.6	4.7
Unemployment	6.9	<b>7.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	0.7	0.6	<b>5.8</b>	10.6	9.0
Participation rate	66.9	<b>67.3</b>	0.5	<b>0.4</b>	1.2	2.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.6	<b>3.8</b>	0.3	<b>0.2</b>	0.2	0.1	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	<b>64.7</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.0	1.9	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

Note(s): Related CANSIM table 282-0090

**Table 5-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area (seasonally adjusted) — Monthly**

	August 2007	September 2007	S.E. <sup>1</sup>	Change from			Percent change from		
				last month	last December	twelve months ago	last month	last December	twelve months ago
in thousands (except rates)									
<b>Montréal, Quebec</b>									
Population	3,039.7	<b>3,042.1</b>	...	<b>2.4</b>	21.1	30.0	<b>0.1</b>	0.7	1.0
Labour force	2,061.7	<b>2,062.6</b>	14.7	<b>0.9</b>	35.3	14.0	<b>0.0</b>	1.7	0.7
Employment	1,909.3	<b>1,917.2</b>	15.2	<b>7.9</b>	37.4	32.1	<b>0.4</b>	2.0	1.7
Unemployment	152.4	<b>145.5</b>	11.2	<b>-6.9</b>	-1.9	-18.0	<b>-4.5</b>	-1.3	-11.0
Participation rate	67.8	<b>67.8</b>	0.5	<b>0.0</b>	0.7	-0.2	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	<b>7.1</b>	0.5	<b>-0.3</b>	-0.2	-0.9	...	...	...
Employment rate	62.8	<b>63.0</b>	0.5	<b>0.2</b>	0.8	0.4	...	...	...
<b>Toronto, Ontario</b>									
Population	4,461.7	<b>4,469.8</b>	...	<b>8.1</b>	58.1	77.5	<b>0.2</b>	1.3	1.8
Labour force	3,079.9	<b>3,053.0</b>	19.6	<b>-26.9</b>	3.8	47.1	<b>-0.9</b>	0.1	1.6
Employment	2,868.4	<b>2,852.8</b>	19.2	<b>-15.6</b>	-3.8	51.9	<b>-0.5</b>	-0.1	1.9
Unemployment	211.4	<b>200.2</b>	13.8	<b>-11.2</b>	7.6	-4.8	<b>-5.3</b>	3.9	-2.3
Participation rate	69.0	<b>68.3</b>	0.4	<b>-0.7</b>	-0.8	-0.1	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.9	<b>6.6</b>	0.4	<b>-0.3</b>	0.3	-0.2	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.3	<b>63.8</b>	0.4	<b>-0.5</b>	-1.0	0.0	...	...	...
<b>Vancouver, British Columbia</b>									
Population	1,902.6	<b>1,906.7</b>	...	<b>4.1</b>	29.0	37.0	<b>0.2</b>	1.5	2.0
Labour force	1,266.7	<b>1,265.6</b>	10.1	<b>-1.1</b>	8.3	10.9	<b>-0.1</b>	0.7	0.9
Employment	1,223.1	<b>1,212.3</b>	10.1	<b>-10.8</b>	20.2	14.3	<b>-0.9</b>	1.7	1.2
Unemployment	43.6	<b>53.4</b>	5.7	<b>9.8</b>	-11.7	-3.3	<b>22.5</b>	-18.0	-5.8
Participation rate	66.6	<b>66.4</b>	0.5	<b>-0.2</b>	-0.6	-0.7	...	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.4	<b>4.2</b>	0.4	<b>0.8</b>	-1.0	-0.3	...	...	...
Employment rate	64.3	<b>63.6</b>	0.5	<b>-0.7</b>	0.1	-0.5	...	...	...

1. Average standard error of change in two consecutive months (see "Sampling Errors" in Data Quality for further explanations).

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0091

Table 6-1

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region<sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
	in thousands						
<b>Canada<sup>2</sup></b>							
2006	26,231.6	17,897.3	16,738.2	1,159.0	68.2	6.5	63.8
2007	26,600.5	18,213.4	17,117.8	1,095.6	68.5	6.0	64.4
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>							
2006	427.3	263.9	230.9	33.0	61.8	12.5	54.0
2007	423.2	261.4	230.6	30.7	61.8	11.7	54.5
<b>Avalon Peninsula [1010]</b>							
2006	209.9	137.0	123.0	14.0	65.3	10.2	58.6
2007	209.5	136.6	124.7	11.9	65.2	8.7	59.5
<b>South Coast-Burin Peninsula [1020]</b>							
2006	33.6	19.6	15.7	3.9	58.3	19.9	46.7
2007	32.7	16.9	13.8	3.0	51.7	17.8	42.2
<b>West Coast-Northern Peninsula-Labrador [1030]</b>							
2006	88.3	55.7	48.0	7.7	63.1	13.8	54.4
2007	87.3	54.6	47.6	6.9	62.5	12.6	54.5
<b>Notre Dame-Central Bonavista Bay [1040]</b>							
2006	95.4	51.7	44.2	7.5	54.2	14.5	46.3
2007	93.7	53.3	44.5	8.8	56.9	16.5	47.5
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>							
2006	112.4	79.8	73.0	6.8	71.0	8.5	64.9
2007	113.5	80.2	73.5	6.7	70.7	8.4	64.8
<b>Nova Scotia</b>							
2006	762.9	487.1	450.0	37.1	63.8	7.6	59.0
2007	764.5	494.1	454.1	40.0	64.6	8.1	59.4
<b>Cape Breton [1210]</b>							
2006	116.9	64.5	56.3	8.2	55.2	12.7	48.2
2007	116.2	62.4	54.8	7.6	53.7	12.2	47.2
<b>North Shore [1220]</b>							
2006	131.1	82.9	76.4	6.6	63.2	8.0	58.3
2007	131.0	79.7	72.2	7.5	60.8	9.4	55.1
<b>Annapolis Valley [1230]</b>							
2006	99.8	60.6	55.7	5.0	60.7	8.3	55.8
2007	100.3	63.9	58.8	5.1	63.7	8.0	58.6
<b>Southern [1240]</b>							
2006	103.7	61.4	55.5	5.9	59.2	9.6	53.5
2007	103.5	63.0	57.2	5.8	60.9	9.2	55.3
<b>Halifax [1250]</b>							
2006	311.6	217.7	206.2	11.5	69.9	5.3	66.2
2007	313.6	224.9	211.0	14.0	71.7	6.2	67.3
<b>New Brunswick</b>							
2006	611.3	398.5	365.6	32.9	65.2	8.3	59.8
2007	613.5	406.1	376.2	30.0	66.2	7.4	61.3
<b>Campbellton-Miramichi [1310]</b>							
2006	136.5	82.9	72.9	10.0	60.7	12.1	53.4
2007	135.8	82.3	72.3	9.9	60.6	12.0	53.2
<b>Moncton-Richibucto [1320]</b>							
2006	161.6	108.7	101.1	7.6	67.3	7.0	62.6
2007	163.5	111.2	105.1	6.0	68.0	5.4	64.3
<b>Saint John-St. Stephen [1330]</b>							
2006	141.4	90.1	83.9	6.1	63.7	6.8	59.3
2007	142.1	95.6	89.8	5.7	67.3	6.0	63.2

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region<sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Fredericton-Oromocto [1340]							
2006	103.6	72.0	66.7	5.3	69.5	7.4	64.4
2007	104.1	74.1	69.0	5.1	71.2	6.9	66.3
Edmundston-Woodstock [1350]							
2006	68.2	44.8	41.0	3.9	65.7	8.7	60.1
2007	68.1	43.0	39.9	3.2	63.1	7.4	58.6
<b>Quebec</b>							
2006	6,260.3	4,164.8	3,847.0	317.8	66.5	7.6	61.5
2007	6,321.7	4,216.9	3,938.4	278.5	66.7	6.6	62.3
Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine [2410]							
2006	80.8	44.7	38.8	5.9	55.3	13.2	48.0
2007	80.9	44.5	38.6	5.8	55.0	13.0	47.7
Bas-Saint-Laurent [2415]							
2006	167.2	104.5	97.3	7.2	62.5	6.9	58.2
2007	167.4	100.7	94.1	6.6	60.2	6.6	56.2
Capitale-Nationale [2420]							
2006	560.5	368.3	348.9	19.4	65.7	5.3	62.2
2007	564.5	384.0	368.3	15.6	68.0	4.1	65.2
Chaudière-Appalaches [2425]							
2006	325.4	221.1	208.9	12.2	67.9	5.5	64.2
2007	327.8	221.4	212.0	9.5	67.5	4.3	64.7
Estrie [2430]							
2006	246.7	160.2	147.0	13.2	64.9	8.2	59.6
2007	249.0	161.0	151.3	9.7	64.7	6.0	60.8
Centre-du-Québec [2433]							
2006	184.0	125.2	116.9	8.2	68.0	6.5	63.5
2007	185.4	119.6	113.3	6.3	64.5	5.3	61.1
Montérégie [2435]							
2006	1,111.8	761.5	702.3	59.2	68.5	7.8	63.2
2007	1,127.1	774.2	728.7	45.5	68.7	5.9	64.7
Montréal [2440]							
2006	1,585.1	1,061.1	958.0	103.1	66.9	9.7	60.4
2007	1,592.1	1,064.1	975.0	89.1	66.8	8.4	61.2
Laval [2445]							
2006	305.1	208.2	195.4	12.7	68.2	6.1	64.0
2007	309.7	219.4	210.6	8.8	70.8	4.0	68.0
Lanaudière [2450]							
2006	345.0	231.7	219.0	12.7	67.2	5.5	63.5
2007	354.2	233.0	214.0	19.0	65.8	8.2	60.4
Laurentides [2455]							
2006	417.2	273.8	255.9	17.9	65.6	6.5	61.3
2007	426.7	301.7	281.9	19.8	70.7	6.6	66.1
Outaouais [2460]							
2006	285.8	199.9	190.0	9.9	69.9	5.0	66.5
2007	290.7	201.5	188.6	12.9	69.3	6.4	64.9
Abitibi-Témiscamingue [2465]							
2006	115.4	75.0	68.7	6.3	65.0	8.4	59.5
2007	115.6	73.7	66.8	6.9	63.8	9.4	57.8
Mauricie [2470]							
2006	216.6	130.3	118.3	12.0	60.2	9.2	54.6
2007	217.5	125.6	115.3	10.3	57.7	8.2	53.0

See footnotes at the end of the table.



Table 6-1 – continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region<sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
<b>Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean [2475]</b>							
2006	224.4	140.3	126.0	14.4	62.5	10.3	56.1
2007	223.7	139.0	129.4	9.7	62.1	7.0	57.8
<b>Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec [2480, 2490]</b>							
2006	89.6	59.1	55.6	3.5	66.0	5.9	62.1
2007	89.3	53.6	50.6	3.0	60.0	5.6	56.7
<b>Ontario</b>							
2006	10,248.0	7,045.4	6,559.8	485.6	68.7	6.9	64.0
2007	10,378.7	7,145.5	6,663.7	481.8	68.8	6.7	64.2
<b>Ottawa [3510]</b>							
2006	979.4	685.5	643.9	41.6	70.0	6.1	65.7
2007	985.4	711.2	667.1	44.1	72.2	6.2	67.7
<b>Kingston-Pembroke [3515]</b>							
2006	358.0	218.3	203.0	15.3	61.0	7.0	56.7
2007	359.2	236.9	225.7	11.2	66.0	4.7	62.8
<b>Muskoka-Kawarthas [3520]</b>							
2006	306.6	199.4	187.3	12.0	65.0	6.0	61.1
2007	309.3	196.0	185.9	10.2	63.4	5.2	60.1
<b>Toronto [3530]</b>							
2006	4,620.6	3,200.6	2,964.9	235.7	69.3	7.4	64.2
2007	4,707.8	3,274.9	3,028.9	246.0	69.6	7.5	64.3
<b>Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie [3540]</b>							
2006	952.2	700.6	661.1	39.6	73.6	5.7	69.4
2007	970.0	698.7	658.7	40.0	72.0	5.7	67.9
<b>Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula [3550]</b>							
2006	1,124.1	752.7	705.0	47.7	67.0	6.3	62.7
2007	1,133.9	763.9	716.8	47.2	67.4	6.2	63.2
<b>London [3560]</b>							
2006	506.8	354.8	332.3	22.5	70.0	6.3	65.6
2007	511.1	362.5	339.8	22.7	70.9	6.3	66.5
<b>Windsor-Sarnia [3570]</b>							
2006	523.1	362.3	331.6	30.7	69.3	8.5	63.4
2007	524.8	344.5	316.5	28.0	65.6	8.1	60.3
<b>Stratford-Bruce Peninsula [3580]</b>							
2006	246.7	174.4	165.1	9.3	70.7	5.3	66.9
2007	247.4	162.4	156.2	6.2	65.6	3.8	63.1
<b>Northeast [3590]</b>							
2006	453.4	281.9	259.5	22.4	62.2	7.9	57.2
2007	453.6	279.2	262.0	17.2	61.6	6.2	57.8
<b>Northwest [3595]</b>							
2006	177.1	115.0	106.1	8.8	64.9	7.7	59.9
2007	175.9	115.3	106.2	9.1	65.5	7.9	60.4
<b>Manitoba</b>							
2006	892.8	622.1	592.8	29.3	69.7	4.7	66.4
2007	899.9	629.4	602.0	27.4	69.9	4.4	66.9
<b>Southeast [4610]</b>							
2006	74.9	54.2	52.3	2.0	72.4	3.7	69.8
2007	76.7	54.1	52.5	1.6	70.5	3.0	68.4
<b>South Central [4620]</b>							
2006	42.5	28.4	27.1	1.3	66.8	4.6	63.8
2007	43.1	30.0	29.0	1.0	69.6	3.3	67.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region<sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
<b>Southwest [4630]</b>							
2006	81.8	51.5	49.5	2.0	63.0	3.9	60.5
2007	82.2	53.4	50.8	2.5	65.0	4.7	61.8
<b>North Central [4640]</b>							
2006	35.5	23.6	23.0	0.6	66.5	2.5	64.8
2007	35.7	24.0	23.3	0.7	67.2	2.9	65.3
<b>Winnipeg [4650]</b>							
2006	529.4	375.6	355.7	19.9	70.9	5.3	67.2
2007	533.4	379.2	361.3	17.9	71.1	4.7	67.7
<b>Interlake [4660]</b>							
2006	68.8	46.7	45.6	1.0	67.9	2.1	66.3
2007	69.8	47.5	45.6	1.9	68.1	4.0	65.3
<b>Parklands and North [4670, 4680]</b>							
2006	60.0	42.0	39.5	2.5	70.0	6.0	65.8
2007	59.1	41.3	39.4	1.9	69.9	4.6	66.7
<b>Saskatchewan</b>							
2006	746.0	526.9	501.8	25.1	70.6	4.8	67.3
2007	752.2	530.2	505.8	24.4	70.5	4.6	67.2
<b>Regina-Moose Mountain [4710]</b>							
2006	219.1	158.1	150.8	7.3	72.2	4.6	68.8
2007	221.4	155.6	147.5	8.2	70.3	5.3	66.6
<b>Swift Current-Moose Jaw [4720]</b>							
2006	82.4	58.4	55.2	3.2	70.9	5.5	67.0
2007	82.7	56.8	54.4	2.4	68.7	4.2	65.8
<b>Saskatoon-Biggar [4730]</b>							
2006	230.9	166.5	159.3	7.1	72.1	4.3	69.0
2007	233.9	174.3	167.6	6.8	74.5	3.9	71.7
<b>Yorkton-Melville [4740]</b>							
2006	64.5	42.6	40.9	1.8	66.0	4.2	63.4
2007	64.0	44.4	42.4	2.0	69.4	4.5	66.3
<b>Prince Albert and Northern [4750, 4760]</b>							
2006	149.2	101.3	95.6	5.7	67.9	5.6	64.1
2007	150.2	99.0	93.9	5.1	65.9	5.2	62.5
<b>Alberta</b>							
2006	2,651.6	1,972.4	1,896.7	75.7	74.4	3.8	71.5
2007	2,754.4	2,063.0	1,989.8	73.2	74.9	3.5	72.2
<b>Lethbridge-Medicine Hat [4810]</b>							
2006	201.0	144.7	139.9	4.8	72.0	3.3	69.6
2007	207.5	140.9	136.2	4.6	67.9	3.3	65.6
<b>Camrose-Drumheller [4820]</b>							
2006	151.2	114.6	111.0	3.5	75.8	3.1	73.4
2007	155.3	114.9	111.7	3.2	74.0	2.8	71.9
<b>Calgary [4830]</b>							
2006	958.4	740.2	713.0	27.2	77.2	3.7	74.4
2007	1,000.9	772.8	748.1	24.7	77.2	3.2	74.7
<b>Banff-Jasper-Rocky Mountain House [4840]</b>							
2006	66.2	50.7	49.3	x	76.6	x	74.5
2007	68.0	54.4	53.4	x	80.0	x	78.5
<b>Red Deer [4850]</b>							
2006	136.7	103.0	99.2	3.8	75.3	3.7	72.6
2007	143.1	109.6	106.5	3.1	76.6	2.8	74.4

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 6-1 – continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region<sup>1</sup>, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
Edmonton [4860]							
2006	872.7	619.3	593.0	26.3	71.0	4.2	68.0
2007	904.1	655.9	628.3	27.6	72.5	4.2	69.5
Athabasca-Grande Prairie-Peace River [4870]							
2006	177.8	135.6	130.3	5.3	76.3	3.9	73.3
2007	184.0	141.6	136.0	5.6	77.0	4.0	73.9
Wood Buffalo-Cold Lake [4880]							
2006	87.5	64.4	61.0	3.4	73.6	5.3	69.7
2007	91.5	73.0	69.7	3.3	79.8	4.5	76.2
<b>British Columbia</b>							
2006	3,519.0	2,336.3	2,220.5	115.8	66.4	5.0	63.1
2007	3,578.8	2,386.6	2,283.7	102.9	66.7	4.3	63.8
Vancouver Island and Coast [5910]							
2006	613.5	391.1	371.8	19.2	63.7	4.9	60.6
2007	624.0	402.1	384.7	17.4	64.4	4.3	61.7
Lower Mainland-Southwest [5920]							
2006	2,124.6	1,429.7	1,362.4	67.3	67.3	4.7	64.1
2007	2,166.3	1,461.9	1,400.7	61.2	67.5	4.2	64.7
Thompson-Okanagan [5930]							
2006	415.1	271.2	255.8	15.4	65.3	5.7	61.6
2007	423.9	267.5	256.6	11.0	63.1	4.1	60.5
Kootenay [5940]							
2006	122.1	74.0	70.2	3.8	60.6	5.1	57.5
2007	122.1	83.2	78.5	4.7	68.1	5.6	64.3
Cariboo [5950]							
2006	125.6	88.3	82.7	5.6	70.3	6.3	65.8
2007	125.1	89.2	84.4	4.8	71.3	5.4	67.5
North Coast and Nechako [5960, 5970]							
2006	67.3	46.4	43.4	3.0	68.9	6.5	64.5
2007	66.0	45.9	42.6	3.2	69.5	7.0	64.5
Northeast [5980]							
2006	50.7	35.6	34.1	1.5	70.2	4.2	67.3
2007	51.4	36.9	36.3	x	71.8	x	70.6

1. For geographic descriptions of economic regions, refer to the Guide to the Labour Force Survey (catalogue number 71-543-GIE).

2. Estimates for Canada are a sum of the provincial totals and exclude estimates from Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0054.

**Table 6-2**  
**Labour force characteristics by territories, unadjusted for seasonality, 3 month moving average ending in September 2006 and September 2007**

	Population	Labour force			Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
		Labour force	Employment	Unemployment			
in thousands							
<b>Yukon Territory</b> <sup>1</sup>							
2006	21.5	16.9	16.1	0.8	78.6	4.7	74.9
2007	21.3	16.2	15.4	0.8	76.1	4.9	72.3
<b>Northwest Territories</b> <sup>2</sup>							
2006	30.9	24.1	22.9	1.1	78.0	4.6	74.1
2007	30.8	24.4	23.0	1.4	79.2	5.7	74.7
<b>Nunavut - 10 largest communities</b> <sup>3</sup>							
2006	13.9	9.3	8.2	1.1	66.8	11.6	59.1
2007	14.2	9.9	9.1	0.8	69.5	8.4	63.7

1. Since 1992, the Labour force survey has been administered in the Yukon Territory, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in national totals.
2. Since 2001, the Labour force survey has been administered in the Northwest Territories, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in national totals.
3. Since 2004, the Labour force survey has been administered in Nunavut, using an alternative methodology that accommodates some of the operational difficulties inherent to remote locales. These estimates are not included in national totals. The 10 largest communities are Iqaluit, Cambridge Bay, Baker Lake, Arviat, Rankin Inlet, Kugluktuk, Pond Inlet, Cape Dorset, Pangnirtung, Igloolik.

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM table 282-0054.

**Table 7**  
**Average usual hours and wages of employees by selected characteristics, Canada, unadjusted for seasonality**

	Employees				Full-time			Part-time		
	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Average hourly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages
	thousands		dollars		thousands		dollars	thousands		dollars
<b>September 2007</b>										
15 years and over	14,334.1	35.8	766.03	20.71	11,856.8	39.6	871.24	2,477.3	17.5	262.43
15 to 24 years	2,417.1	28.4	368.06	12.07	1,309.8	39.2	547.10	1,107.3	15.6	156.28
25 years and over	11,917.0	37.3	846.74	22.46	10,547.0	39.6	911.50	1,370.0	19.1	348.23
Men	7,279.0	38.4	882.45	22.46	6,546.5	40.9	956.38	732.6	16.4	221.82
Women	7,055.1	33.1	645.90	18.90	5,310.3	38.0	766.29	1,744.7	18.0	279.48
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,514.9	36.1	867.70	23.76	3,898.7	38.8	943.11	616.2	19.1	390.56
No union coverage	9,819.2	35.6	719.28	19.30	7,958.1	40.0	836.03	1,861.1	17.0	220.01
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,495.3	36.6	803.36	21.40	10,750.3	39.6	887.32	1,745.0	18.5	286.08
Temporary	1,838.8	30.1	512.36	16.03	1,106.5	40.0	715.07	732.3	15.3	206.07
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	1,032.8	40.4	1,282.21	32.04	1,003.9	41.0	1,305.81	28.8	19.8	460.97
Business, finance and administrative	2,803.5	35.3	710.87	19.73	2,401.5	38.2	781.00	402.0	18.0	291.98
Natural and applied sciences	1,064.5	38.7	1,107.07	28.64	1,031.3	39.3	1,128.58	33.2	18.1	438.18
Health	845.2	33.5	822.52	24.46	636.7	37.6	923.01	208.6	20.8	515.73
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,255.4	34.4	923.32	26.61	1,020.8	38.4	1,039.46	234.5	17.0	417.86
Art, culture, recreation and sport	324.2	32.1	738.29	21.73	233.3	39.0	933.36	90.9	14.4	237.54
Sales and service	3,649.5	31.1	467.91	14.00	2,360.5	38.7	623.71	1,289.0	17.2	182.60
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,124.4	40.6	844.20	20.59	2,008.1	41.9	878.59	116.2	18.0	250.13
Occupations unique to primary industry	319.2	41.1	752.53	17.51	277.2	45.1	842.63	42.0	14.3	158.36
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	915.5	39.5	709.71	17.87	883.5	40.3	727.89	32.0	16.4	207.74
<b>September 2006</b>										
15 years and over	14,067.2	35.9	735.97	19.88	11,666.1	39.7	835.05	2,401.1	17.5	254.58
15 to 24 years	2,347.9	28.8	357.47	11.59	1,298.9	39.3	523.20	1,049.0	15.8	152.26
25 years and over	11,719.3	37.3	811.80	21.55	10,367.2	39.7	874.12	1,352.1	18.9	333.97
Men	7,192.8	38.5	844.47	21.48	6,468.9	41.0	914.11	724.0	16.7	222.23
Women	6,874.3	33.1	622.44	18.22	5,197.2	38.0	736.64	1,677.1	17.9	268.55
<b>Union coverage</b>										
Union coverage	4,460.8	36.0	835.14	22.90	3,853.3	38.8	908.07	607.5	18.9	372.58
No union coverage	9,606.4	35.8	689.92	18.49	7,812.8	40.1	799.04	1,793.6	17.1	214.61
<b>Job permanency</b>										
Permanent	12,226.9	36.7	772.78	20.56	10,544.2	39.6	851.97	1,682.7	18.4	276.59
Temporary	1,840.2	30.6	491.37	15.39	1,121.9	40.2	676.01	718.4	15.4	203.02
<b>Occupation</b>										
Management	1,005.6	40.3	1,268.76	31.57	974.2	41.0	1,294.26	31.4	19.2	477.08
Business, finance and administrative	2,759.3	35.4	683.77	18.89	2,362.0	38.3	752.88	397.3	18.1	272.97
Natural and applied sciences	1,018.3	38.8	1,081.60	27.84	982.8	39.5	1,106.90	35.4	19.1	379.40
Health	856.7	33.2	780.72	23.43	641.1	37.7	890.31	215.7	19.8	454.94
Social science, education, government service and religion	1,222.4	34.2	879.13	25.73	979.1	38.3	990.76	243.3	17.7	429.83
Art, culture, recreation and sport	288.3	32.1	692.55	20.56	212.0	38.4	859.47	76.4	14.5	229.15
Sales and service	3,512.2	31.1	442.16	13.32	2,287.3	38.6	583.54	1,224.9	17.2	178.16
Trades, transport and equipment operators	2,064.5	40.7	808.54	19.71	1,966.5	41.9	837.58	98.1	17.1	226.30
Occupations unique to primary industry	341.9	43.6	689.69	15.60	299.7	47.7	763.73	42.1	14.5	162.81
Occupations unique to processing, manufacturing and utilities	997.9	39.4	689.28	17.30	961.4	40.3	708.28	36.6	16.8	189.85

**Note(s):** Related CANSIM tables 282-0023, 282-0069, 282-0073

**Table 8**  
**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program,<sup>1</sup> seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from October 7, 2007 to November 3, 2007
	Percent
<b>Newfoundland and Labrador</b>	
01. St. John's	6.4
02. Newfoundland and Labrador	19.0
<b>Prince Edward Island</b>	
03. Prince Edward Island	10.7
<b>Nova Scotia</b>	
04. Eastern Nova Scotia	14.1
05. Western Nova Scotia	9.5
06. Halifax	6.2
<b>New Brunswick</b>	
07. Fredericton-Moncton-Saint John	5.2
08. Madawaska-Charlotte <sup>2</sup>	10.0
09. Restigouche-Albert	14.0
<b>Quebec</b>	
10. Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	17.3
11. Québec	4.9
12. Trois-Rivières	8.0
13. South Central Quebec	5.3
14. Sherbrooke	6.2
15. Montérégie	7.0
16. Montréal	7.2
17. Central Quebec	7.5
18. Northwestern Quebec	12.9
19. Bas-Saint-Laurent-Côte-Nord <sup>3</sup>	10.9
20. Gatineau	5.7
21. Saguenay	8.4
<b>Ontario</b>	
22. Ottawa	5.1
23. Eastern Ontario	7.3
24. Kingston	5.6
25. Central Ontario	5.1
26. Oshawa	6.6
27. Toronto	6.9
28. Hamilton	5.5
29. St. Catharines	8.1
30. London	6.0
31. Niagara	7.4
32. Windsor	9.6
33. Kitchener	5.5
34. Huron	6.7
35. South Central Ontario	5.0
36. Sudbury	5.7
37. Thunder Bay	6.6
38. Northern Ontario	10.0
<b>Manitoba</b>	
39. Winnipeg	4.2
40. Southern Manitoba	5.3
41. Northern Manitoba	25.6
<b>Saskatchewan</b>	
42. Regina	6.0
43. Saskatoon	4.2
44. Southern Saskatchewan	6.1
45. Northern Saskatchewan	14.2

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8 – continued

**Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program,<sup>1</sup> seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average**

Region	Effective from October 7, 2007 to November 3, 2007
	Percent
<b>Alberta</b>	
46. Calgary	3.1
47. Edmonton	4.2
48. Northern Alberta	7.5
49. Southern Alberta	4.2
<b>British Columbia</b>	
50. Southern Interior British Columbia	5.9
51. Abbotsford	4.4
52. Vancouver	3.9
53. Victoria	4.5
54. Southern Coastal British Columbia	5.5
55. Northern British Columbia	8.4
<b>Territories</b>	
56. Yukon Territory <sup>4</sup>	25.0
57. Northwest Territories <sup>4</sup>	25.0
58. Nunavut <sup>4</sup>	25.0

1. The boundaries of these regions are determined by Human Resources and Social Development Canada (HRSDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of employment insurance regions, see the HRSDC website: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/asp/gateway.asp?hr=en/ei/region/economic\\_region\\_information.shtml&hs=eza](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/asp/gateway.asp?hr=en/ei/region/economic_region_information.shtml&hs=eza).
2. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a_e.shtml).
3. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: [http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b\\_e.shtml](http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b_e.shtml).
4. This rate is provided by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada.

# Data quality

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## About the Labour Force Survey

The statistics contained in this report are based on information obtained through a sample survey of 53,000 representative households across the country. The Labour Force Survey, started in November 1945, was taken at quarterly intervals until November 1952. It has been carried out monthly since then. The information generated by the survey has expanded considerably over the years with a major redesign of the survey content in 1976 and again in 1997, and provides a rich and detailed picture of the Canadian labour market.

The sample used in the Labour Force Survey has been designed to represent all persons in the population 15 years of age and over residing in the provinces of Canada, with the exception of the following: persons living on Indian reserves, full-time members of the armed forces and people living in institutions (for example, inmates of penal institutions and patients in hospitals or nursing homes who have resided in the institution for more than six months). Monthly estimates of employment, unemployment and persons not in the labour force refer to the specific week covered by the survey each month, normally the week containing the 15th day.

## Definitions and explanations

The **labour force** is composed of those members of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed.

Employed persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) did any work at all
- (b) had a job but were not at work

A person is considered to be **full-time** if his/her usual hours at the main job are 30 or more hours per week. When the number of hours worked at the main job is usually less than 30 hours per week then he/she is considered to be **part-time**.

**Unemployed** persons are those who, during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week), and were available for work;
- (b) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but were on temporary layoff and were available for work;
- (c) had not actively looked for work in the past four weeks but had a new job to start in four weeks or less from the reference week, and were available for work.

Persons in the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were neither employed nor unemployed are classified as **not in the labour force**.

The **unemployment rate** represents the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.



The **participation rate** represents the labour force expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **employment rate (formerly the employment/population ratio)** represents the number of persons employed expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The employment rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **part-time rate** represents the number of persons employed part-time expressed as a percentage of the employed. The part-time rate for a particular group (age, sex, etc.) is the number employed part-time in that group expressed as a percentage of the employed for that group.

All geographic regions are based on the 2001 Census boundaries.

## Seasonal adjustment

Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Seasonal movements are defined as those which are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. The seasonally adjusted series contains irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

The seasonally adjusted series are revised each year to take into account current data and to generate new forecast factors for the next twelve months. The data are therefore subject to slight revisions in future issues of this publication.

## Sampling variability of estimates

Estimates in this publication are based on the Labour Force Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 53,000 households across Canada. Because the entire population is not surveyed, the estimates are subject to sampling error. While the published estimate is the best available indicator of the real value, changes in the level of any estimates between two months can be the result of a true change or sampling variability. The sampling error can be estimated by calculating the standard error for the published estimate or statistic. These standard errors have been included in the publication tables, in order to assist users in interpreting the data.

## Interpretation based on standard error

Two thirds of the time (68%), a change greater than the sampling error indicates a real change. The larger the change compared to the standard error, the better the chance that we are observing a real change, as opposed to a change due to sampling variability. At the 95% level, in order to ensure that change is real, the change in the estimate must be greater than twice the sampling error.

Movements in estimates that are smaller than the sampling error are less likely to reflect a real change and more likely to be due to sampling variability. While the above is true for monthly movements, one can have more confidence in a series of consecutive movements in the same direction, even though some of the monthly movements may be smaller than the sampling error.

### Interpretation based on confidence intervals

Confidence intervals provide another way of looking at the variability inherent in estimates of sample surveys. To illustrate how to calculate the confidence interval, let us say that one month the published estimate for total employment rose by 16,000 to reach 16,500,000. The associated standard error for the movement estimate is 27,200. The standard error used to interpret the movement estimate indicates that:

- There are approximately two chances in three (68%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -11,200 to +43,200 (16,000 + or – one standard error).
- There are approximately nine chances in ten (90%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -27,520 to +59,520 (16,000 + or – 1.6 times the standard error).
- There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty (95%) that the real value of the movement between the two months falls within the range -38,400 to +70,400 (16,000 + or – two standard errors).

For more detailed explanations on sampling variability of estimates, and in particular for information on how to assess the variability of level estimates, consult the Data quality section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey*, (71-543-G) on page 27.

### Documentation

For more detailed information about the Labour Force Survey, see the following documents:

- Overview of the Labour Force Survey
- Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)
- Data quality statement
- Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey (71-526-X)
- LFS *geographical maps*