Table 8 Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program ¹, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average

Region	Effective from January 10, 2016 to February 6, 2016	
	percent	
Newfoundland and Labrador		
01. St. John's02. Newfoundland and Labrador ²	6.3 19.1	
Prince Edward Island ³		
65. Charlottetown 66. Prince Edward Island ⁴	7.4 12.9	
Nova Scotia		
04. Eastern Nova Scotia	15.1	
05. Western Nova Scotia06. Halifax	9.4 6.2	
New Brunswick		
07. Fredericton—Moncton—Saint John	7.3	
08. Madawaska—Charlotte 09. Restigouche—Albert	8.6 13.1	
Quebec		
10. Gaspésie—Îles-de-la-Madeleine	17.4	
11. Québec12. Trois-Rivières	5.0 7.4	
13. South Central Quebec	5.0	
14. Sherbrooke	6.9	
15. Montérégie 16. Montréal	6.3 8.8	
17. Central Quebec	7.4	
North Western Quebec Bas-Saint-Laurent—Côte-Nord	8.7 9.9	
20. Hull	5.9	
21. Chicoutimi—Jonquière	7.6	
Ontario 22. Ottawa	6.2	
23. Eastern Ontario	6.9	
24. Kingston	6.5	
25. Central Ontario 26. Oshawa	7.1 7.0	
27. Toronto	7.0	
28. Hamilton	5.9	
29. St. Catharines 30. London	8.0 6.1	
31. Niagara	8.2	
32. Windsor	9.9	
33. Kitchener 34. Huron	6.5 8.2	
35. South Central Ontario	5.4	
36. Sudbury 37. Thunder Bay	8.5 5.4	
38. Northern Ontario	12.7	
Manitoba		
39. Winnipeg40. Southern Manitoba	6.2 6.1	
41. Northern Manitoba	34.7	
Saskatchewan		
42. Regina 43. Saskatoon	4.1 6.4	
44. Southern Saskatchewan	7.4	
45. Northern Saskatchewan	19.2	
Alberta 46. Calgary	7.1	
46. Calgary 47. Edmonton	6.3	
48. Northern Alberta	12.4	
49. Southern Alberta	8.1	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8 - continued

Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program 1, seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average

Region	Effective from January 10, 2016 to February 6, 2016	
	percent	
British Columbia		
50. Southern Interior British Columbia	8.6	
51. Abbotsford	7.8	
52. Vancouver	5.8	
53. Victoria	7.0	
54. Southern Coastal British Columbia	8.9	
55. Northern British Columbia	11.8	
Territories 3, 5		
59. Whitehorse	6.0	
60. Yukon ⁶	7.6	
61. Yellowknife	5.4	
62. Northwest Territories 7	15.6	
63. Iqaluit	5.4	
64. Nunavut 8	21.5	

^{1.} The boundaries of these regions are determined by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of employment insurance regions, see the ESDC website: http://srv129.services.gc.ca/eiregions/en/geocont.aspx.

Note(s): All regions are based on the 1996 Census boundaries, with the exception of those in Prince Edward Island and in the territories, which respect the 2011 Census boundaries.

^{2.} This region excludes St. John's.

^{3.} Prince Edward Island as well as the territories are each comprised of two regions effective October 12, 2014.

^{4.} This region excludes Charlottetown.

^{5.} The monthly regional unemployment rates for EI purposes in the territories are subject to the greater of a seasonally adjusted 3 month moving average or 12 month moving average.

^{6.} This region excludes Whitehorse.

^{7.} This region excludes Yellowknife.

^{8.} This region excludes Iqaluit.