

Table 8
Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program, ¹ seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average

Region	Effective from January 9, 2011 to February 5, 2011
	percent
Newfoundland and Labrador	
01. St. John's	7.0
02. Newfoundland and Labrador	18.2
Prince Edward Island	
03. Prince Edward Island	12.5
Nova Scotia	
04. Eastern Nova Scotia	16.3
05. Western Nova Scotia	11.7
06. Halifax	6.7
New Brunswick	
07. Fredericton-Moncton-Saint John	7.1
08. Madawaska-Charlotte ²	11.4
09. Restigouche-Albert	15.9
Quebec	
10. Gaspésie-Îles-de-la-Madeleine	14.0
11. Québec	4.9
12. Trois-Rivières	8.3
13. South Central Quebec	4.6
14. Sherbrooke	7.4
15. Montérégie	7.7
16. Montréal	8.6
17. Central Quebec	8.4
18. Northwestern Quebec	10.4
19. Bas-Saint-Laurent-Côte-Nord ³	10.5
20. Gatineau	6.4
21. Saguenay	7.9
Ontario	
22. Ottawa	6.6
23. Eastern Ontario	8.6
24. Kingston	6.7
25. Central Ontario	9.3
26. Oshawa	9.3
27. Toronto	8.4
28. Hamilton	6.9
29. St. Catharines	9.4
30. London	8.6
31. Niagara	10.5
32. Windsor	11.2
33. Kitchener	7.7
34. Huron	10.9
35. South Central Ontario	7.5
36. Sudbury	8.6
37. Thunder Bay	6.8
38. Northern Ontario	10.8
Manitoba	
39. Winnipeg	5.4
40. Southern Manitoba	5.4
41. Northern Manitoba	29.4
Saskatchewan	
42. Regina	4.5
43. Saskatoon	5.7
44. Southern Saskatchewan	7.4
45. Northern Saskatchewan	18.0

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 8 – continued

Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance Program, ¹ seasonally adjusted, 3 month moving average

Region	Effective from January 9, 2011 to February 5, 2011
	percent
Alberta	
46. Calgary	6.2
47. Edmonton	5.8
48. Northern Alberta	9.8
49. Southern Alberta	6.9
British Columbia	
50. Southern Interior British Columbia	10.3
51. Abbotsford	9.8
52. Vancouver	7.3
53. Victoria	6.6
54. Southern Coastal British Columbia	7.6
55. Northern British Columbia	10.8
Territories	
56. Yukon ⁴	25.0
57. Northwest Territories ⁴	25.0
58. Nunavut ⁴	25.0

1. The boundaries of these regions are determined by Human Resources and Social Development Canada (HRSDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of employment insurance regions, see the HRSDC website: <http://srv129.services.gc.ca/eiregions/en/geocont.aspx>.

2. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913a_e.shtml.

3. This unemployment rate has been determined using a transition formula prescribed in the EI Regulations. For further information, see: http://www.hrsdc.gc.ca/en/cs/comm/news/2000/000913b_e.shtml.

4. This rate is provided by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada.

Note(s): All geographic regions are based on the 1996 Census boundaries.