Catalogue no. 64-001-X

Building Permits

October 2015





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Statistics Canada

Investment, Science and Technology Division Building Construction and Property Value Section

Building Permits

October 2015

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The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published
- * significantly different from reference category (p < 0.05)

Acknowledgements

This publication was prepared under the direction of:

- Haig McCarrell, Director, Investment, Science and Technology Division
- D. Ogden, Chief, Building Construction and Property Value Section
- B. Oueriemmi, Unit Head, Building Construction and Property Value Section
- M. Bien-Aimé, Analyst-Economist, Building Construction and Property Value Section

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Statistics Canada
Investment, Science and Technology Division
Building Construction and Property Value Section
Main Building, SC 1306-i
150 Tunney's Pasture Driveway
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6
or by telephoning: 613-951-6321

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Highlights

Municipalities issued \$7.7 billion worth of building permits in October, up 9.1% from a month earlier. This was the first increase in three months. Higher construction intentions for multi-family dwellings and institutional buildings in Alberta were responsible for much of the advance.

Analysis – October 2015

Municipalities issued \$7.7 billion worth of building permits in October, up 9.1% from a month earlier. This was the first increase in three months. Higher construction intentions for multi-family dwellings and institutional buildings in Alberta were responsible for much of the gain, as builders filed permits in advance of the changes in the Building Code.

The value of residential building permits rose 15.5% from September to \$4.8 billion in October. The advance followed an 11.4% drop in September and a 5.4% decline in August. Increases were posted in five provinces, led by Alberta, followed by Ontario and British Columbia. The largest declines were reported in Manitoba and Quebec.

Construction intentions for non-residential buildings edged down 0.2% to \$2.9 billion in October. Declines were registered in five provinces, with Saskatchewan and Ontario posting the largest decreases. Alberta posted the largest gain, followed by Quebec, a distant second.

Residential sector: Higher construction intentions for multi-family dwellings

The value of building permits for multi-family dwellings increased 35.4% to \$2.5 billion in October. The advance followed two consecutive monthly declines. Gains were reported in six provinces, led by Alberta, followed by Ontario and British Columbia. Manitoba posted the largest decline.

Construction intentions for single-family dwellings edged down 0.3% to \$2.3 billion in October, marking a third consecutive monthly decline. Increases in Ontario partly offset decreases in seven provinces, with Quebec registering the largest decline.

Municipalities approved the construction of 19,781 new dwellings in October, up 17.1% from the previous month. The gain was mainly attributable to multi-family dwellings, which increased 25.4% to 14,078 units. The number of single-family dwellings edged up 0.7% to 5,703 units.

Non-residential: Lower construction intentions for commercial and industrial buildings

The value of permits issued for commercial buildings declined for a second consecutive month, down 9.9% to \$1.4 billion in October. The decline at the national level was mainly the result of lower construction intentions for warehouses, office buildings and hotels and restaurants. Saskatchewan and Ontario registered the largest declines in commercial building construction intentions. Alberta saw the largest increase, which partly offset the decline in the component.

In the industrial component, the value of building permits fell 22.4% to \$430 million in October, following a 17.1% increase in September. The decline was mainly attributable to lower construction intentions for utilities buildings and manufacturing plants. Lower industrial building construction intentions were reported in every province except Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Ontario, Quebec and Saskatchewan registered the largest declines.

The value of institutional building permits rose 36.4% to \$1.0 billion in October, following a large increase in September. The gain at the national level was attributable to higher construction intentions for retirement homes, continuing care facilities and government buildings. Advances were reported in eight provinces, led by Alberta, Quebec and Ontario. Saskatchewan and New Brunswick registered declines.

Provinces: Alberta posts the largest increase

The total value of permits was up in six provinces, with Alberta posting the largest increase, followed by Ontario, a distant second. Saskatchewan and Manitoba registered the largest declines.

In Alberta, the value of building permits increased 53.0% in October to a record high of \$2.2 billion. The gain was the result of increased construction intentions for multi-family dwellings, institutional structures and commercial buildings. The increase in building permits in October was largely attributable to contractors applying for permits prior to November 1, 2015, when the transition period for the implementation of the 2014 Alberta Building Code ended.

In Ontario, municipalities issued building permits valued at \$2.6 billion in October, up 3.3% from the previous month. The gain was mainly attributable to higher construction intentions for multi-family dwellings, institutional buildings and single-family dwellings. Declines in the value of building permits for commercial and industrial buildings partly offset the overall provincial increase.

After posting a notable gain in September, Saskatchewan issued building permits worth \$326 million in October, down 30.6% from the previous month. The decrease was mainly attributable to lower demand for building permits in all three non-residential components, led by commercial structures.

Manitoba registered a 16.1% decline in the value of building permits, following a 27.6% increase in September. Lower construction intentions for residential buildings, led by multi-family dwellings, were responsible for much of the provincial decrease.

Higher construction intentions in half of the census metropolitan areas

The value of building permits was up in 17 of the 34 census metropolitan areas in October. The largest increase was reported in Calgary, followed by Toronto and Saskatoon.

The value of permits in Calgary was up for both residential and non-residential buildings, led by multi-family dwellings, followed by commercial and institutional buildings.

In Toronto, the increase stemmed from higher construction intentions for institutional buildings, multi-family dwellings and, to a lesser extent, single-family homes.

In contrast, the largest decrease was recorded in Edmonton, which had a notable increase the previous month. Commercial buildings, multi-family dwellings and single-family houses explained much of the decline

Note to readers

Unless otherwise stated, this release presents seasonally adjusted data, which facilitates comparisons by removing the effects of seasonal variations. For information on seasonal adjustment, see Seasonally adjusted data – Frequently asked questions.

The Building Permits Survey covers over 2,400 municipalities representing 95% of the Canadian population. The communities representing the other 5% of the population are very small, and their levels of building activity have little impact on the total for the entire population.

Building permits data are used as a leading indicator of activity in the construction industry.

The value of planned construction activities shown in this release excludes engineering projects (for example, waterworks, sewers or culverts) and land.

For the purpose of this release, the census metropolitan area of Ottawa–Gatineau (Ontario/Quebec) is divided into two areas: Gatineau part and Ottawa part.

Revision

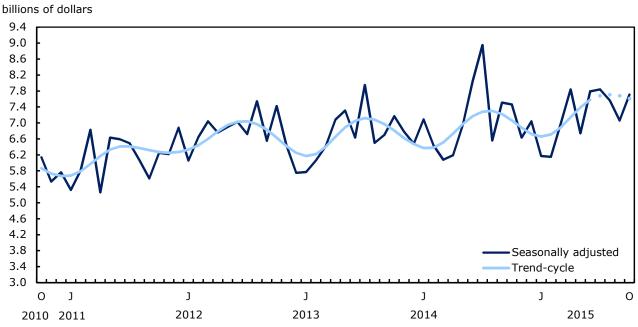
Data for the current reference month are subject to revision based on late responses. Data for the previous month have been revised.

Trend-cycle estimates have been added to the charts as a complement to the seasonally adjusted series. Both the seasonally adjusted and the trend-cycle estimates are subject to revision as additional observations become available. These revisions could be large and even lead to a reversal of movement, especially at the end of the series. The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the chart.

Next release

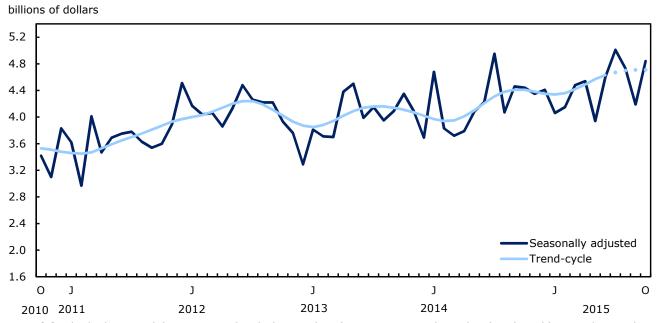
The November 2015 building permits data will be released on January 8, 2016.

Chart 1
Total value of building permits



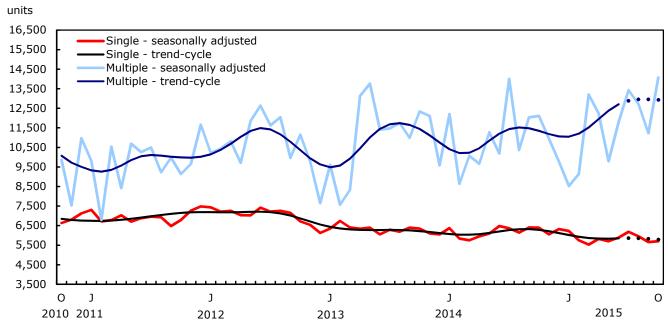
Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

Chart 2 Value of residential building permits – Total



Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

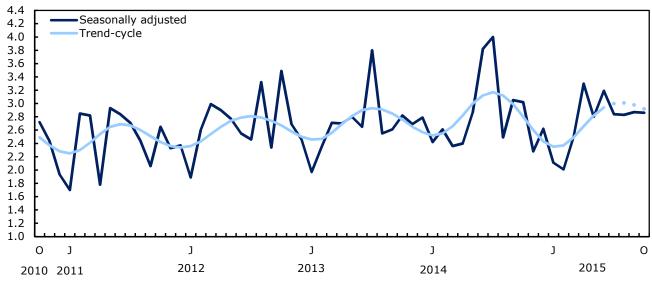
Chart 3
Number of dwelling units – Single and multiple



Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

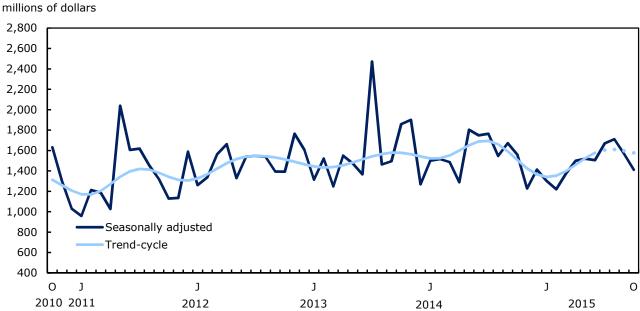
Chart 4
Value of non-residential building permits – Total





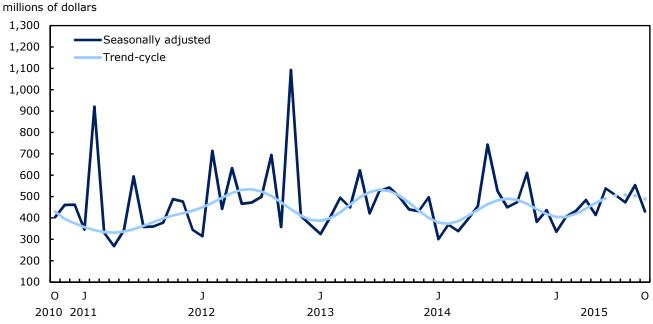
Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

Chart 5
Value of commercial building permits



Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

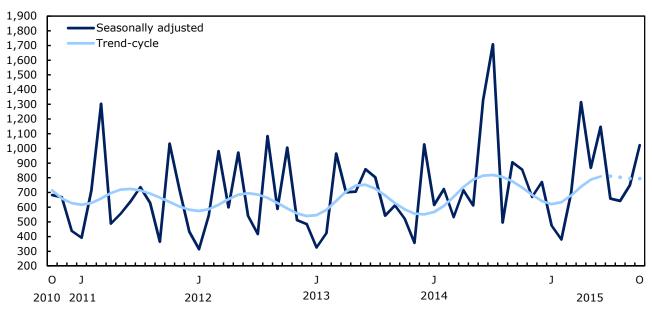
Chart 6
Value of industrial building permits



Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

Chart 7
Value of institutional and governmental building permits

millions of dollars



Note(s): The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line on the graph for the current reference month and the three previous months. See Note to readers.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

61-205-X	Private and Public Investment in Canada, Intentions
62-202-X	Spending Patterns in Canada

Selected technical and analytical products from Statistics Canada

62F0014M1996002	An Analysis of Some Construction Price Index Methodologies	
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Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

026-0001	Building permits, residential values and number of units, by type of dwelling, monthly
026-0002	Building permits, dwelling units by type of dwelling and area, monthly
026-0003	Building permits, values by activity sector, monthly
026-0004	Building permits, values by activity sector and area, monthly
026-0005	Building permits, non-residential values by type of structure, monthly
026-0006	Building permits, by type of structure and area, seasonally adjusted, monthly
026-0007	Building permits, dwelling units by type of structure and value and by activity sector, monthly
026-0008	Building permits, values by activity sector, seasonally adjusted and unadjusted, monthly
026-0010	Building permits, residential and non-residential values by type of structure for Canada and urban centres, 10,000 and over, monthly

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

2802

Building Permits Survey

Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- Value of building permits, province and territory (monthly)
- Value of building permits, census metropolitan area (monthly)
- Economic indicators, by province and territory (monthly and quarterly)
- Value of building permits, by province and territory
- · Value of building permits by type

Statistical tables

Table 1
Total value of building permits, provinces and territories, seasonally adjusted

	2015	2015	October	September	August	July	June	May
_	October p	September r	to	to	to	to	to	to
	October	September	September	August	July	June	May	April
_	thousands of	dollars			percentage cha	ange		
Canada	7,705,391	7,061,567	9.1	-6.6	-3.6	0.7	15.5	-13.9
Newfoundland and Labrador	54,226	56,905	-4.7	3.6	13.0	-22.5	27.8	-43.9
Prince Edward Island	24,291	24,031	1.1	28.4	-5.6	17.0	10.7	39.2
Nova Scotia	94,178	93,290	1.0	-8.1	-0.3	-32.8	57.7	-28.2
New Brunswick	66,933	75,135	-10.9	-3.7	-14.9	-17.0	22.3	115.6
Quebec	1,130,754	1,128,786	0.2	3.7	-12.0	-4.4	21.6	2.7
Ontario	2,610,144	2,526,333	3.3	-27.2	19.7	-1.6	8.5	-26.5
Manitoba	195,156	232,495	-16.1	27.6	-4.7	5.8	1.5	8.3
Saskatchewan	326,065	469,643	-30.6	108.8	-33.6	61.1	3.8	0.6
Alberta	2,162,595	1,413,166	53.0	12.5	-17.0	-9.3	22.9	-4.2
British Columbia	1,025,492	1,025,285	0.0	-4.2	-21.4	20.8	17.5	-7.6
Yukon	11,386	7,353	54.8	20.7	-82.2	335.3	-25.2	115.7
Northwest Territories	2,452	8,886	-72.4	-20.8	97.8	-41.2	3,135.9	-92.2
Nunavut	1,719	259	563.7		-100.0	-88.2	-71.0	742.9

Table 2 Value of non-residential building permits, provinces and territories, seasonally adjusted

	2015	2015	October	September	August	July	June	May		
_	October p	September r	to	to	to	to	to	to		
-	October	Осрістьсі	September	August	July	June	May	April		
_	thousands of	dollars		percentage change						
Canada	2,863,541	2,869,735	-0.2	1.5	-0.3	-11.1	13.8	-15.0		
Newfoundland and Labrador	13,986	18,159	-23.0	1.2	39.6	-35.8	49.3	-73.5		
Prince Edward Island	14,430	9,715	48.5	55.6	-36.3	34.6	-9.2	70.1		
Nova Scotia	43,939	40,158	9.4	-16.5	67.6	-5.5	-11.4	10.8		
New Brunswick	32,992	37,166	-11.2	-11.2	-18.2	-16.4	9.3	202.2		
Quebec	452,298	436,613	3.6	23.0	-32.4	20.2	-3.3	31.6		
Ontario	843,807	923,418	-8.6	-29.6	58.6	-32.9	7.8	-34.4		
Manitoba	91,296	85,071	7.3	4.1	-4.5	50.2	-31.5	49.6		
Saskatchewan	240.661	390.077	-38.3	246.8	-53.1	131.6	-5.2	27.0		
Alberta	850,578	612,600	38.8	22.9	-29.1	-17.3	25.0	10.6		
British Columbia	271.542	308,173	-11.9	-10.1	6.5	-16.3	77.8	-37.7		
Yukon	6,387	3,777	69.1	-5.5	-86.5	523.6	-34.6	6,298.2		
Northwest Territories	679	4,779	-85.8	-40.1	274.1	56.6	1,646.2	-97.7		
Nunavut	946	29	3,162.1		-100.0	-88.9		-100.0		

Table 3 Value of residential building permits, provinces and territories, seasonally adjusted

	2015	2015	October	September	August	July	June	May		
_	October p	September r	to	to	to	to	to	to		
	Cotober	Осртстве	September	August	July	June	May	April		
_	thousands of	dollars		percentage change						
Canada	4,841,850	4,191,832	15.5	-11.4	-5.4	8.9	16.7	-13.2		
Newfoundland and Labrador	40,240	38,746	3.9	4.8	3.4	-16.3	19.8	-3.1		
Prince Edward Island	9,861	14,316	-31.1	14.7	24.6	3.8	32.6	15.9		
Nova Scotia	50,239	53,132	-5.4	-0.6	-26.9	-39.7	96.0	-39.9		
New Brunswick	33,941	37,969	-10.6	5.0	-10.8	-17.6	43.5	47.0		
Quebec	678,456	692,173	-2.0	-5.6	3.1	-17.0	39.9	-11.6		
Ontario	1,766,337	1,602,915	10.2	-25.7	4.2	20.8	9.1	-19.5		
Manitoba	103,860	147,424	-29.6	46.7	-4.9	-14.7	30.4	-12.7		
Saskatchewan	85,404	79,566	7.3	-29.3	13.4	-7.1	14.3	-19.1		
Alberta	1,312,017	800,566	63.9	5.7	-6.6	-1.0	20.7	-15.6		
British Columbia	753,950	717,112	5.1	-1.4	-30.1	40.0	0.0	7.6		
Yukon	4,999	3,576	39.8	70.8	-54.9	49.1	-4.4	-31.4		
Northwest Territories	1,773	4,107	-56.8	26.8	-8.5	-57.3	3,664.1	-54.5		
Nunavut	773	230	236.1		-100.0	-75.0	-98.5			

Table 4 Number of dwelling units authorized, province and territories, seasonally adjusted at annual rate

	2015	2015	October	September	August	July	June	May
_	October ^p	September ^r	to September	to August	to July	to June	to May	to April
_	units				percentage cha	ange		
Canada	237,372	202,632	17.1	-9.5	-4.8	10.9	14.1	-14.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,920	2,028	-5.3	3.7	-7.4	4.1	19.9	-12.4
Prince Edward Island	612	1,380	-55.7	11.7	60.9	42.2	2.3	15.8
Nova Scotia	2,796	2,736	2.2	-3.4	-38.9	-39.4	125.1	-57.9
New Brunswick	2,196	2,808	-21.8	47.2	-17.2	-28.9	6.7	118.1
Quebec	39,372	40,644	-3.1	4.4	5.8	-18.5	21.8	-8.5
Ontario	72,156	65,988	9.3	-32.4	7.8	37.5	10.5	-26.3
Manitoba	5,184	8,292	-37.5	71.0	-16.4	-7.3	47.6	-40.3
Saskatchewan	4,164	4,056	2.7	-49.1	6.6	25.6	16.2	-5.3
Alberta	74,256	40,032	85.5	18.8	-16.0	8.2	7.7	-9.4
British Columbia	34,248	34,224	0.1	4.6	-26.1	18.0	2.9	11.8
Yukon	396	300	32.0	92.3	-38.1	-4.5	29.4	-46.9
Northwest Territories	48	144	-66.7	9.1	-35.3	-67.3	2,500.0	100.0
Nunavut	24	0					-100.0	

Table 5

Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, provinces and territories, seasonally adjusted, 2015

	Number	of dwelling u	inits	Estimated value of construction						
•	Singles 1	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-res	sidential		Total	
			dwellings	_	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	Total		
		units				thousands	of dollars			
Canada September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	5,663 5,703 58,412 61,804	11,223 14,078 116,130 110,546	16,886 19,781 174,542 172,350	4,191,832 4,841,850 44,536,538 42,227,143	554,115 430,168 4,573,442 4,661,301	1,566,933 1,412,160 14,779,258 15,886,720	748,687 1,021,213 7,954,041 8,492,184	2,869,735 2,863,541 27,306,741 29,040,205	7,061,567 7,705,391 71,843,279 71,267,348	
Newfoundland and Labrador September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	96 113 1,005 1,183	73 47 443 846	169 160 1,448 2,029	38,746 40,240 377,974 454,553	1,587 199 42,171 59,431	15,000 8,889 117,228 272,202	1,572 4,898 28,044 35,038	18,159 13,986 187,443 366,671	56,905 54,226 565,417 821,224	
Prince Edward Island September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	39 33 302 329	76 18 231 190	115 51 533 519	14,316 9,861 96,063 90,563	4,020 792 13,429 11,631	5,340 3,312 35,281 47,282	355 10,326 24,352 11,443	9,715 14,430 73,062 70,356	24,031 24,291 169,125 160,919	
Nova Scotia September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	127 121 1,088 1,221	101 112 2,576 1,981	228 233 3,664 3,202	53,132 50,239 706,642 637,555	6,240 8,270 61,614 74,474	31,871 23,822 217,345 234,774	2,047 11,847 50,519 61,274	40,158 43,939 329,478 370,522	93,290 94,178 1,036,120 1,008,077	
New Brunswick September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	102 117 984 1,148	132 66 655 1,191	234 183 1,639 2,339	37,969 33,941 351,670 374,000	2,989 3,248 59,696 42,383	10,566 27,958 162,070 175,716	23,611 1,786 128,166 117,434	37,166 32,992 349,932 335,533	75,135 66,933 701,602 709,533	
Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	878 806 8,471 9,191	2,509 2,475 24,044 25,486	3,387 3,281 32,515 34,677	692,173 678,456 7,044,025 7,319,319	111,864 79,634 832,277 1,024,979	241,835 220,765 2,445,739 2,375,344	82,914 151,899 1,338,845 3,041,073	436,613 452,298 4,616,861 6,441,396	1,128,786 1,130,754 11,660,886 13,760,715	
Ontario September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	2,329 2,376 24,430 21,623	3,170 3,637 36,340 35,040	5,499 6,013 60,770 56,663	1,602,915 1,766,337 17,465,064 15,506,859	259,106 204,092 2,136,905 1,876,912	454,984 385,317 5,255,151 5,453,534	209,328 254,398 2,968,971 2,663,290	923,418 843,807 10,361,027 9,993,736	2,526,333 2,610,144 27,826,091 25,500,595	
Manitoba September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	228 205 2,192 2,693	463 227 2,548 2,953	691 432 4,740 5,646	147,424 103,860 1,127,462 1,243,074	10,164 9,551 112,791 109,738	64,498 67,809 410,331 626,894	10,409 13,936 244,224 368,277	85,071 91,296 767,346 1,104,909	232,495 195,156 1,894,808 2,347,983	
Saskatchewan September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	176 165 1,874 2,716	162 182 3,018 3,909	338 347 4,892 6,625	79,566 85,404 1,015,229 1,392,068	23,077 5,031 180,141 122,453	151,125 54,690 741,108 622,141	215,875 180,940 619,511 198,408	390,077 240,661 1,540,760 943,002	469,643 326,065 2,555,989 2,335,070	
Alberta September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	1,016 1,090 11,358 15,375	2,320 5,098 22,934 20,409	3,336 6,188 34,292 35,784	800,566 1,312,017 8,625,954 9,036,197	53,956 52,545 670,331 1,021,264	406,189 460,779 3,454,130 4,178,598	152,455 337,254 1,839,091 964,516	612,600 850,578 5,963,552 6,164,378	1,413,166 2,162,595 14,589,506 15,200,575	

Table 5 – continued Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, provinces and territories, seasonally adjusted, 2015

	Number	of dwelling ι	ınits		Е	stimated value	of construction		
•	Singles 1	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-res	sidential		Total
			dwellings	_	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	Total	
		units				thousands	of dollars		
British Columbia September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	651 659 6,545 6,117	2,201 2,195 23,164 18,325	2,852 2,854 29,709 24,442	717,112 753,950 7,657,191 6,084,501	75,805 66,356 447,001 297,802	183,200 154,269 1,893,193 1,865,867	49,168 50,917 683,190 979,659	308,173 271,542 3,023,384 3,143,328	1,025,285 1,025,492 10,680,575 9,227,829
Yukon September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	16 15 114 146	9 18 86 100	25 33 200 246	3,576 4,999 30,576 37,321	2,856 420 9,890 12,737	244 3,055 24,516 17,540	677 2,912 26,980 37,834	3,777 6,387 61,386 68,111	7,353 11,386 91,962 105,432
Northwest Territories September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	5 3 45 55	7 1 61 13	12 4 106 68	4,107 1,773 29,452 23,218	2,422 30 7,064 3,492	2,081 549 20,473 12,368	276 100 2,148 13,588	4,779 679 29,685 29,448	8,886 2,452 59,137 52,666
Nunavut September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	0 0 4 7	0 2 30 103	0 2 34 110	230 773 9,236 27,915	29 0 132 4,005	0 946 2,693 4,460	0 0 0 350	29 946 2,825 8,815	259 1,719 12,061 36,730

^{1.} Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 6

Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, seasonally adjusted, 2015

_	Number	of dwelling	units		Esti	mated value	of constructi	on	
	Singles 1	Multiples		Residential		Non-res	idential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial		Institutional and governmental	Total	
		units				thousands	of dollars		
Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	36	25	61	11,054	2,579	3,554	358	6,491	17,545
	44	76	120	18,538	4,336	720	629	5,685	24,223
	305	484	789	131,421	19,525	37,811	16,346	73,682	205,103
	167	277	444	84,328	33,683	18,688	21,026	73,397	157,725
Barrie, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	20	82	102	22,857	2,467	19,473	121	22,061	44,918
	41	6	47	15,209	3,959	6,137	274	10,370	25,579
	360	158	518	146,393	10,094	86,948	19,797	116,839	263,232
	468	208	676	202,849	33,064	101,276	18,378	152,718	355,567
Brantford, Ontario September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	14	21	35	6,104	13,289	1,739	13	15,041	21,145
	12	29	41	8,853	1,939	1,625	92	3,656	12,509
	273	400	673	152,071	37,770	15,997	6,939	60,706	212,777
	240	135	375	84,546	17,181	9,577	8,305	35,063	119,609
Calgary, Alberta September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	338	1,042	1,380	346,489	10,991	128,825	61,556	201,372	547,861
	412	3,640	4,052	906,245	14,246	304,763	167,359	486,368	1,392,613
	3,313	10,812	14,125	3,801,039	180,097	1,399,974	898,632	2,478,703	6,279,742
	5,428	8,395	13,823	3,831,307	125,237	1,912,292	356,111	2,393,640	6,224,947
Edmonton, Alberta September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	447	1,160	1,607	347,789	19,121	217,977	62,215	299,313	647,102
	397	1,236	1,633	285,093	16,325	86,323	53,346	155,994	441,087
	4,698	10,035	14,733	3,422,469	154,750	1,303,801	360,752	1,819,303	5,241,772
	5,566	8,733	14,299	3,419,801	257,857	1,341,857	227,063	1,826,777	5,246,578
Greater Sudbury, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	14	17	31	8,472	2,136	10,181	1,357	13,674	22,146
	19	32	51	12,346	6,159	15,863	3,690	25,712	38,058
	130	128	258	74,563	32,421	52,315	24,994	109,730	184,293
	176	182	358	91,981	50,525	53,960	50,007	154,492	246,473
Guelph, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	19	82	101	19,560	3,138	6,649	343	10,130	29,690
	24	33	57	17,366	713	4,976	248	5,937	23,303
	318	884	1,202	275,590	46,057	61,896	12,794	120,747	396,337
	188	679	867	190,063	21,259	56,016	71,435	148,710	338,773
Halifax, Nova Scotia September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	41	71	112	24,468	1,189	22,916	197	24,302	48,770
	39	72	111	21,775	4,792	16,283	2,434	23,509	45,284
	346	2,257	2,603	447,863	13,571	148,754	23,652	185,977	633,840
	422	1,501	1,923	362,561	28,720	159,668	34,525	222,913	585,474
Hamilton, Ontario September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	49	278	327	84,033	8,232	14,437	13,990	36,659	120,692
	61	178	239	80,431	3,012	7,981	30,201	41,194	121,625
	1,091	1,581	2,672	836,945	88,900	175,463	342,718	607,081	1,444,026
	1,000	1,387	2,387	744,556	61,483	224,867	168,435	454,785	1,199,341
Kelowna, British Columbia September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	50	81	131	37,275	1,118	4,563	16,971	22,652	59,927
	47	116	163	46,368	902	5,902	31,495	38,299	84,667
	394	651	1,045	312,393	12,327	116,509	72,477	201,313	513,706
	414	466	880	266,568	10,336	50,752	39,948	101,036	367,604

Table 6 - continued Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, seasonally adjusted, 2015

	Numbe	r of dwelling	units		Est	imated value	of constructi	on	
-	Singles 1	Multiples		Residential		Non-res	sidential		Total
			dwellings	-	Industrial		Institutional and governmental	Total	
		units				thousands	of dollars		
Kingston, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	34 32 246 312	14 11 464 301	48 43 710 613	9,909 11,616 124,740 119,017	759 439 4,730 6,882	7,122 1,698 30,366 72,072	129 2,349 29,529 265,098	8,010 4,486 64,625 344,052	17,919 16,102 189,365 463,069
Kitchener-Cambridge-Waterloo, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	55 99 851 708	99 201 2,166 2,564	154 300 3,017 3,272	39,306 72,638 646,237 704,551	5,366 2,590 117,136 84,556	36,239 16,644 204,063 175,679	12,818 490 102,505 248,184	54,423 19,724 423,704 508,419	93,729 92,362 1,069,941 1,212,970
London, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	85 79 878 919	30 137 735 878	115 216 1,613 1,797	39,578 66,843 506,790 536,589	7,036 5,491 50,985 41,981	14,321 11,180 138,483 98,780	24,321 2,705 162,311 91,999	45,678 19,376 351,779 232,760	85,256 86,219 858,569 769,349
Moncton, New Brunswick September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	27 37 243 240	66 22 248 586	93 59 491 826	14,167 10,969 92,634 109,584	991 970 22,908 8,866	2,608 19,792 66,525 72,764	6,082 1,179 47,340 13,376	9,681 21,941 136,773 95,006	23,848 32,910 229,407 204,590
Montréal, Quebec September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	228 209 2,219 2,324	1,672 1,311 13,577 14,042	1,900 1,520 15,796 16,366	329,259 312,717 3,416,308 3,407,732	70,203 31,972 328,081 597,716	140,356 149,824 1,515,905 1,366,598	46,790 109,651 831,241 2,325,703	257,349 291,447 2,675,227 4,290,017	586,608 604,164 6,091,535 7,697,749
Oshawa, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	143 61 1,138 822	40 57 1,237 669	183 118 2,375 1,491	69,728 39,718 712,863 477,874	12,015 2,236 51,926 55,090	3,036 8,006 68,633 263,580	9,640 1,320 33,381 64,291	24,691 11,562 153,940 382,961	94,419 51,280 866,803 860,835
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	162 139 1,423 1,947	227 238 2,410 4,703	389 377 3,833 6,650	109,281 102,549 1,016,979 1,574,590	19,539 4,230 36,258 32,534	93,437 62,714 564,195 596,291	22,614 15,763 193,295 170,835	135,590 82,707 793,748 799,660	244,871 185,256 1,810,727 2,374,250
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	46 30 401 408	97 76 1,224 1,484	143 106 1,625 1,892	28,525 20,113 291,619 324,778	2,149 231 58,157 14,292	13,452 10,545 88,327 127,755	201 1,367 13,816 58,432	15,802 12,143 160,300 200,479	44,327 32,256 451,919 525,257
Peterborough, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	31 22 233 238	56 6 131 196	87 28 364 434	19,181 9,673 104,579 92,584	86 469 10,456 52,270	2,557 921 15,723 18,840	20 0 17,206 6,370	2,663 1,390 43,385 77,480	21,844 11,063 147,964 170,064
Québec, Quebec September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	78 68 706 799	206 380 3,805 3,864	284 448 4,511 4,663	69,678 77,608 758,290 868,349	1,415 19,609 50,872 42,394	11,273 8,302 200,241 287,071	5,917 13,959 102,056 96,851	18,605 41,870 353,169 426,316	88,283 119,478 1,111,459 1,294,665

Table 6 – continued

Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, seasonally adjusted, 2015

	Number	of dwelling	units		Est	imated value	of constructi	on	
	Singles 1	Multiples		Residential		Non-res	sidential		Total
			dwellings	-	Industrial	Commercial (Institutional and governmental	Total	
		units				thousands	of dollars		
Regina, Saskatchewan September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	54 47 445 627	43 56 1,006 1,420	97 103 1,451 2,047	23,115 22,502 248,730 329,348	3,608 831 79,479 37,987	45,120 16,406 273,110 191,764	12,252 4,953 91,884 40,543	60,980 22,190 444,473 270,294	84,095 44,692 693,203 599,642
Saguenay, Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	20 9 255 363	20 19 207 325	40 28 462 688	10,742 8,122 118,551 167,417	68 922 26,521 19,867	8,099 2,121 42,222 30,002	704 558 44,927 35,536	8,871 3,601 113,670 85,405	19,613 11,723 232,221 252,822
Saint John, New Brunswick September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	20 16 157 173	6 4 61 100	26 20 218 273	6,584 4,943 62,815 57,096	1,703 883 5,662 18,089	3,564 5,511 23,528 41,575	563 20 5,759 7,906	5,830 6,414 34,949 67,570	12,414 11,357 97,764 124,666
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	74 76 904 1,324	71 92 1,634 1,779	145 168 2,538 3,103	32,850 41,916 518,980 677,573	11,445 3,224 47,970 35,941	86,951 28,836 297,613 204,531	1,804 170,782 251,888 69,020	100,200 202,842 597,471 309,492	133,050 244,758 1,116,451 987,065
Sherbrooke, Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	46 45 380 391	124 44 732 694	170 89 1,112 1,085	36,484 16,545 219,336 207,049	515 1,263 15,941 15,897	3,472 4,427 52,672 48,850	14,803 1,931 55,325 50,132	18,790 7,621 123,938 114,879	55,274 24,166 343,274 321,928
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	92 131 1,001 731	26 60 636 595	118 191 1,637 1,326	34,560 57,482 446,371 356,789	2,727 5,777 30,037 44,795	13,394 6,739 75,862 74,333	20,059 6,629 45,889 46,411	36,180 19,145 151,788 165,539	70,740 76,627 598,159 522,328
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	53 62 508 606	35 38 246 649	88 100 754 1,255	19,695 25,247 212,482 273,154	491 0 38,242 44,055	12,774 7,178 100,385 232,905	1,523 5 21,554 32,084	14,788 7,183 160,181 309,044	34,483 32,430 372,663 582,198
Thunder Bay, Ontario September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	21 13 164 172	15 0 87 113	36 13 251 285	7,264 3,253 56,473 64,352	161 377 1,302 4,633	1,933 2,419 39,894 27,673	512 17,894 63,585 16,557	2,606 20,690 104,781 48,863	9,870 23,943 161,254 113,215
Toronto, Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	951 985 10,029 7,414	1,893 1,864 22,226 20,261	2,844 2,849 32,255 27,675	851,677 954,580 9,626,666 7,810,384	123,201 90,741 931,437 696,718	188,023 199,285 3,301,872 3,118,598	52,847 144,345 1,564,534 974,401		1,215,748 1,388,951 15,424,509 12,600,101
Trois-Rivières, Quebec September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	18 18 162 214	12 44 333 703	30 62 495 917	10,579 13,959 129,429 193,134	560 1,045 16,389 21,310	3,988 4,286 40,728 46,875	356 4,702 22,382 14,400	4,904 10,033 79,499 82,585	15,483 23,992 208,928 275,719

Table 6 - continued Dwelling units, value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, seasonally adjusted, 2015

	Numbe	r of dwelling	units		Est	imated value	of construction	on	
	Singles 1	Multiples		Residential		Non-res	idential		Total
			dwellings	-	Industrial Commercia		Institutional and governmental	Total	
		units				thousands	of dollars		
Vancouver, British Columbia September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	248 275 2,537 2,354	1,672 1,687 17,942 14,098	1,920 1,962 20,479 16,452	475,951 516,173 5,226,429 4,025,434	9,767 39,075 184,109 113,040	133,023 120,883 1,337,528 1,328,406	16,226 16,248 422,339 548,537	159,016 176,206 1,943,976 1,989,983	634,967 692,379 7,170,405 6,015,417
Victoria, British Columbia September ^r October ^p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	53 40 519 447	131 98 1,518 976	184 138 2,037 1,423	45,912 34,672 477,206 356,554	7,148 407 13,763 8,598	5,941 7,698 93,730 83,242	12,250 1,130 46,794 92,637	25,339 9,235 154,287 184,477	71,251 43,907 631,493 541,031
Windsor, Ontario September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	58 68 616 502	23 25 342 215	81 93 958 717	26,062 29,056 284,453 220,287	955 116 39,485 28,309	3,355 8,452 62,542 48,737	2,913 16,677 76,530 52,934	7,223 25,245 178,557 129,980	33,285 54,301 463,010 350,267
Winnipeg, Manitoba September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	157 135 1,329 1,646	426 213 2,059 2,461	583 348 3,388 4,107	118,509 80,477 815,974 883,038	3,796 5,102 36,946 48,439	28,195 60,165 289,679 499,630	5,948 12,271 161,995 168,791	37,939 77,538 488,620 716,860	156,448 158,015 1,304,594 1,599,898

^{1.} Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 7 Dwelling units, provinces and territories, unadjusted, 2015

	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
			number	of dwelling unit	S		
Canada September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	6,541 6,250 60,748 64,177	42 21 290 323	831 754 8,085 9,800	2,190 2,316 18,994 19,442	7,463 11,253 81,038 73,856	1,193 627 8,061 7,729	18,260 21,221 177,216 175,327
Newfoundland and Labrador September ^r October ^p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	115 131 1,089 1,266	1 1 6 9	1 2 7 18	10 0 17 52	58 43 385 709	4 2 34 67	189 179 1,538 2,121
Prince Edward Island September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	43 36 314 336	4 1 19 16	6 6 32 38	4 0 22 21	66 11 162 118	0 1 16 13	123 55 565 542
Nova Scotia September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	140 118 1,133 1,266	8 5 38 30	10 16 64 65	13 0 68 115	74 103 2,326 1,621	6 14 120 208	251 256 3,749 3,305
New Brunswick September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	115 120 1,115 1,228	2 0 10 23	2 8 74 117	16 15 111 67	96 38 429 908	20 6 48 107	251 187 1,787 2,450
Quebec September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	978 790 8,944 9,610	9 5 112 112	142 203 1,843 2,278	90 137 1,164 1,292	1,901 2,705 17,238 18,414	708 153 3,472 3,334	3,828 3,993 32,773 35,040
Ontario September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	2,782 2,701 25,275 22,205	13 5 84 109	233 145 1,999 2,465	1,021 897 9,323 10,157	1,757 2,394 22,962 21,030	200 247 2,167 1,475	6,006 6,389 61,810 57,441
Manitoba September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	256 224 2,317 2,876	1 1 8 10	65 25 266 189	71 37 267 349	361 170 2,024 2,330	2 6 34 205	756 463 4,916 5,959
Saskatchewan September r October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	193 187 1,994 2,856	2 0 3 3	5 14 138 372	10 51 313 782	99 80 2,148 2,380	48 37 421 376	357 369 5,017 6,769
Alberta September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	1,188 1,208 11,649 15,856	0 1 3 5	213 285 2,819 3,460	652 663 4,158 3,504	1,375 4,079 15,190 12,572	80 71 768 875	3,508 6,307 34,587 36,272
British Columbia September ^r October ^p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	704 714 6,745 6,460	2 2 6 1	154 48 839 792	299 515 3,522 3,048	1,665 1,617 18,047 13,631	124 85 963 1,056	2,948 2,981 30,122 24,988

Table 7 – continued Dwelling units, provinces and territories, unadjusted, 2015

	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
			number o	of dwelling unit	s		
Yukon September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	22 18 125 156	0 0 1 5	0 2 4 2	4 1 19 41	4 10 47 46	1 5 16 12	31 36 212 262
Northwest Territories September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	5 3 44 55	0 0 0	0 0 0 2	0 0 0	7 1 60 10	0 0 2 1	12 4 106 68
Nunavut September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	0 0 4 7	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2	0 0 10 14	0 2 20 87	0 0 0 0	0 2 34 110

Table 8
Dwelling units, census metropolitan areas, unadjusted, October 2015

	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
			number o	of dwelling i	units		
Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia	48	0	0	63	12	1	124
Barrie, Ontario	46	0	0	0	0	6	52
Brantford, Ontario	13	0	4	20	3	2	42
Calgary, Alberta	442	0	81	450	3,105	4	4,082
Edmonton, Alberta	426	0	191	136	868	41	1,662
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	21	0	10	0	18	4	53
Guelph, Ontario	27	0	0	24	0	9	60
Halifax, Nova Scotia	42	0	0	0	70	2	114
Hamilton, Ontario	67	0	0	31	140	8	246
Kelowna, British Columbia	51	0	0	29	80	7	167
Kingston, Ontario	36	0	Ō	5	2	4	47
Kitchener-Cambridge-Waterloo, Ontario	111	0	6	78	104	13	312
London. Ontario	88	Ô	2	28	107	0	225
Moncton, New Brunswick	41	Õ	8	11	0	4	64
Montréal, Quebec	199	Õ	26	94	1,412	95	1.826
Oshawa, Ontario	68	Õ	0	39	9	9	125
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	183	1	71	160	84	17	516
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	155	Ò	27	155	42	14	393
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	28	1	44	5	42	3	123
Peterborough, Ontario	25	Ò	0	6	0	Õ	31
Québec, Quebec	66	Ŏ	17	6	435	12	536
Regina, Saskatchewan	52	Ö	0	6	46	4	108
Saguenay, Quebec	9	Ö	ő	Õ	21	3	33
Saint John, New Brunswick	18	Ö	0	Õ	2	2	22
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	85	Ö	14	45	0	33	177
Sherbrooke, Quebec	44	0	0	6	47	2	99
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	146	0	4	49	0	7	206
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	79	Ŏ	2	0	34	2	117
Thunder Bay, Ontario	14	0	0	ő	0	0	14
Toronto, Ontario	1.099	0	28	337	1,438	61	2,963
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	18	0	22	0	26	6	2,903 72
Vancouver. British Columbia	299	0	2	340	1.302	43	1.986
Victoria, British Columbia	44	0	2	20	69	7	142
Windsor, Ontario	76	0	5	16	0	4	101
Winnipeg, Manitoba	142	0	23	37	151	2	355

Table 9 Dwelling units, census metropolitan areas, unadjusted, cumulative, January to October 2015

	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
			number	of dwelling ι	units		
Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia	320	0	2	144	335	3	804
Barrie, Ontario	374	0	6	49	75	28	532
Brantford, Ontario	248	0	16	189	176	19	648
Calgary, Alberta	3,366	0	615	1,937	8,225	35	14,178
Edmonton, Alberta	4,755	0	2,006	1,950	5,584	495	14,790
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	147	0	22	0	75	31	275
Guelph, Ontario	323	0	22	289	431	142	1,207
Halifax, Nova Scotia	362	2	6	60	2,117	74	2,621
Hamilton, Ontario	1,055	0	18	442	830	292	2,637
Kelowna, British Columbia	414	0	12	119	474	46	1,065
Kingston, Ontario	266	0	12	25	312	115	730
Kitchener-Cambridge-Waterloo, Ontario	839	0	31	573	1,463	99	3,005
London, Ontario	899	0	14	339	373	11	1,636
Moncton, New Brunswick	264	0	56	47	118	30	515
Montréal, Quebec	2,298	1	412	711	9,844	2,317	15,583
Oshawa, Ontario	1,223	0	99	284	775	79	2,460
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	1,932	2	462	1,069	1,794	279	5,538
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	1,500	0	151	910	1,134	215	3,910
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	432	2	311	159	660	64	1,628
Peterborough, Ontario	244	4	0	49	66	16	379
Québec, Quebec	732	3	252	72	3,052	277	4,388
Regina, Saskatchewan	452	0	49	91	829	37	1,458
Saguenay, Quebec	276	5	7	0	125	76	489
Saint John, New Brunswick	180	4	5	6	46	4	245
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	948	0	72	199	1,004	360	2,583
Sherbrooke, Quebec	394	1	127	56	478	69	1,125
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	1,002	1	76	368	162	30	1,639
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	542	0	3	7	227	9	788
Thunder Bay, Ontario	183	1	19	6	52	10	271
Toronto, Ontario	10,273	0	1,072	4,924	15,592	639	32,500
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	177	0	65	8	213	40	503
Vancouver, British Columbia	2,600	1	555	2,560	14,270	557	20,543
Victoria, British Columbia	535	0	32	97	1,285	106	2,055
Windsor, Ontario	655	0	85	128	122	7	997
Winnipeg, Manitoba	1,390	0	262	240	1,546	12	3,450

Table 10 Value of residential and non-residential building permits, provinces and territories, unadjusted, 2015

		Valu	ue of construction		
	Residential	1	Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional	
				and	
				governmental	
		tho	usands of dollars		
Canada					
September r October P	4,660,387	578,974	1,623,800	769,801	7,632,962
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	5,416,409 45,782,954	477,436 4,669,948	1,472,837 14,638,722	1,037,934 7,925,714	8,404,616 73,017,338
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	43,483,271	4,702,132	15,944,624	8,618,778	72,748,805
Newfoundland and Labrador					
September r	45,762	1,587	15,875	1,572	64,796
October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	45,952 400,638	199 42,171	10,207 118.762	4,898 28,044	61,256 589.615
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	479,309	59,431	274,881	35,038	848,659
Prince Edward Island					
September r	17,080	4,020	5,340	355	26,795
October P Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	12,256 105,563	792 13,429	3,312 35,281	10,326 24,352	26,686 178,625
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	97,919	11,631	47,282	11,443	168,275
Nova Scotia					
September r	61,192	6,373	34,753	2,047	104,365
October p	57,470	9,302	25,225	11,847	103,844
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	739,030 668,868	64,442 76,360	219,569 236,027	50,519 61,274	1,073,560 1.042.529
New Brunswick	000,000	. 0,000	200,02.	· · · · · ·	.,0 .2,020
September r	47,288	2,989	10,566	23,611	84,454
October P	37,981	3,248	27,958	1,786	70,973
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	387,624 411,901	59,696 42,383	162,070 175,716	128,166 117,434	737,556 747,434
	411,901	42,303	173,710	117,434	747,434
Quebec September r	790,438	119,085	261,314	104,028	1,274,865
October P	771,435	89,552	271,664	168,620	1,301,271
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	7,350,147	838,882	2,442,011	1,310,518	11,941,558
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	7,608,351	1,030,898	2,364,255	3,167,667	14,171,171
Ontario September r	1,835,052	277,382	471,703	209,328	2,793,465
October p	1,895,986	240,624	382,670	254,398	2,773,678
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	17,903,879	2,209,677	5,067,691	2,968,971	28,150,218
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	15,828,454	1,896,950	5,457,598	2,663,290	25,846,292
Manitoba	452 400	12.021	64.400	10.400	244 250
September r October p	153,422 107,776	13,021 9,861	64,498 67,809	10,409 13,936	241,350 199,382
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	1,144,494	116,957	410,331	244,224	1,916,006
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	1,278,418	115,093	626,894	368,277	2,388,682
Saskatchewan	07.074	00.077	454.405	045.075	477.754
September r October p	87,674 94,767	23,077 5,031	151,125 54,690	215,875 180,940	477,751 335.428
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	1,057,679	180,141	741,108	619,511	2,598,439
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	1,441,576	122,453	622,141	198,408	2,384,578
Alberta				, ·	
September r October p	879,240 1,592,315	53,956 52,545	412,115 472,752	152,455 337,254	1,497,766 2,454,866
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	8,843,413	670,331	3,485,346	1,839,091	14,838,181
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	9,306,807	1,021,264	4,219,277	964,516	15,511,864
British Columbia					
September r October p	733,376 792,208	72,177 65,832	194,186 152,000	49,168 50,917	1,048,907 1.060.957
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015	7,776,250	457,136	1,908,871	683,190	10,825,447
Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	6,269,136	305,435	1,886,185	979,659	9,440,415

Table 10 – continued Value of residential and non-residential building permits, provinces and territories, unadjusted, 2015

		Vali	ue of construction		
•	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
		tho	usands of dollars		
Yukon September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	4,703 5,459 33,992 39,360	2,856 420 9,890 12,737	244 3,055 24,516 17,540	677 2,912 26,980 37,834	8,480 11,846 95,378 107,471
Northwest Territories September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	4,930 2,031 31,009 25,257	2,422 30 7,064 3,492	2,081 549 20,473 12,368	276 100 2,148 13,588	9,709 2,710 60,694 54,705
Nunavut September r October p Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2015 Cumulative Jan. to Oct. 2014	230 773 9,236 27,915	29 0 132 4,005	0 946 2,693 4,460	0 0 0 350	259 1,719 12,061 36,730

Table 11
Value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, unadjusted, October 2015

		Valu	ue of construction		
	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
		tho	usands of dollars		
Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia Barrie, Ontario Calgary, Alberta Edmonton, Alberta Greater Sudbury, Ontario Guelph, Ontario Halifax, Nova Scotia Hamilton, Ontario Kelowna, British Columbia Kingston, Ontario Kitchener-Cambridge-Waterloo, Ontario London, Ontario Moncton, New Brunswick Montréal, Quebec Oshawa, Ontario Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec Peterborough, Ontario Québec, Quebec Regina, Saskatchewan Saguenay, Quebec Saint John, New Brunswick Saskatoon, Saskatchewan Sherbrooke, Quebec St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador Thunder Bay, Ontario	19,663 16,119 9,080 1,109,378 335,247 12,749 18,154 23,980 83,070 49,459 12,243 75,074 68,918 13,258 358,232 41,472 128,298 106,087 22,211 10,168 88,356 24,672 8,736 6,156 46,191 17,763 60,346 31,586 3,452	4,285 4,775 2,338 14,246 16,325 7,428 860 4,792 3,632 891 530 3,124 6,622 970 31,972 2,697 5,332 5,101 231 566 19,609 831 922 883 3,224 1,263 6,967 0 455	720 5,872 1,555 304,763 86,323 15,178 4,761 16,283 7,636 5,902 1,625 15,925 10,697 19,792 183,447 7,660 72,918 60,006 12,912 881 10,165 16,406 2,597 5,511 28,836 5,420 6,448 7,178 2,315	629 274 92 167,359 53,346 3,690 248 2,434 30,201 31,495 2,349 490 2,705 1,179 120,272 1,320 17,262 15,763 1,499 0 15,311 4,953 612 20 170,782 2,118 6,629 5 17,894	25,297 27,040 13,065 1,595,746 491,241 39,045 24,023 47,489 124,539 87,747 94,613 88,942 35,199 693,923 53,149 223,810 186,957 36,853 11,615 133,441 46,862 12,867 12,570 249,033 26,564 80,390 38,790 38,790 24,116
Toronto, Ontario Trois-Rivières, Quebec Vancouver, British Columbia Victoria, British Columbia Windsor, Ontario Winnipeg, Manitoba	987,409 15,413 533,190 36,669 30,497 78,492	109,435 1,045 38,617 402 140 5,102	190,681 5,248 120,883 7,698 8,087 60,165	144,345 5,157 16,248 1,130 16,677 12,271	1,431,870 26,863 708,938 45,899 55,401 156,030

Table 12 Value of residential and non-residential building permits, census metropolitan areas, unadjusted, cumulative, **January to October 2015**

	Value of construction						
_	Residential Non-residential						
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental			
	thousands of dollars						
Abbotsford-Mission, British Columbia	134,780	19,838	37,811	16,346	208,775		
Barrie, Ontario	152,430	11,123	87,067	19,797	270,417		
Brantford, Ontario	142,925	38,613	14,719	6,939	203,196		
Calgary, Alberta	4,014,153	180,097	1,399,974	898,632	6,492,856		
Edmonton, Alberta	3,377,598	154,750	1,303,801	360,752	5,196,901		
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	80,044	35,128	51,134	24,994	191,300		
Guelph, Ontario	278,357	44,556	59,529	12,794	395,236		
Halifax, Nova Scotia	455,703	13,571	148,754	23,652	641,680		
Hamilton, Ontario	833,008	81,945	169,007	342,718	1,426,678		
Kelowna, British Columbia	320,305	13,077	116,509	72,477	522,368		
Kingston, Ontario	130,439	4,468	29,552	29,529	193,988		
Kitchener-Cambridge-Waterloo, Ontario	643,433	128,179	195,518	102,505	1,069,635		
London, Ontario	514,212	49,947	135,400	162,311	861,870		
Moncton, New Brunswick	102,226	22,908	66,525	47,340	238,999		
Montréal, Quebec	3,473,444	328,081	1,494,182	790,992	6,086,699		
Oshawa, Ontario	753,415	63,319	69,031	33,381	919,146		
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	1,360,585	97,121	642,692	210,666	2,311,064		
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	1,054,055	38,964	548,194	193,295	1,834,508		
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	306,530	58,157	94,498	17,371	476,556		
Peterborough, Ontario	111,632	9,573	15,378	17,206	153,789		
Québec, Quebec	780,362	50,872	184,525	96.700	1,112,459		
Regina, Saskatchewan	252,119	79,479	273,110	91,884	696,592		
Saguenay, Quebec	131,031	26.521	43,401	51,252	252,205		
Saint John, New Brunswick	66,046	5,662	23,528	5,759	100,995		
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	533,215	47,970	297,613	251,888	1,130,686		
Sherbrooke, Quebec	227,531	15,941	53,269	49,197	345,938		
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	450.179	31.469	68.563	45,889	596.100		
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	218,088	38,242	100,385	21,554	378,269		
Thunder Bay, Ontario	61,722	1,559	36,064	63,585	162,930		
Toronto, Ontario	9,777,809	958,322	3,165,052	1,564,534	15,465,717		
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	144,576	16,389	37,633	27,019	225,617		
Vancouver. British Columbia	5,263,120	194.299	1,337,528	422.339	7.217.286		
Victoria, British Columbia	482,911	12,644	93,730	46,794	636,079		
Windsor, Ontario	297,635	34.024	58,121	76,530	466,310		
Winnipeg, Manitoba	799,789	36,946	289,679	161,995	1,288,409		

Table 13
Value of non-residential building permits, by type of building, provinces and territories, unadjusted, October 2015

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	
	thousands of dollars							
Total non-residential Industrial	2,988,207 477,436	15,304 199	14,430 792	46,374 9,302	32,992 3,248	529,836 89,552	877,692 240,624	
Factories, plants	213,565	0	0	500	0	23,298	133,935	
Transportation, utilities	79,614 115.611	0	0 280	823 6.650	1,725 0	31,719 20.347	13,658 61.825	
Mining and agriculture Minor industrial projects, new and improvements 1	68,646	199	512	1,329	1,523	20,347 14.188	31,206	
Commercial	1,472,837	10,207	3,312	25.225	27,958	271.664	382.670	
Trade and services	463.390	4,398	300	3,625	8,446	138.280	107.886	
Warehouses	107,636	0	650	363	2,526	15,967	14,425	
Service stations	36,347	0	0	285	8,288	7,034	10,729	
Office buildings	361,096	964	0	2,534	4,442	33,794	132,501	
Recreation	190,224	580	0	12,900	1,108	19,809	10,838	
Hotels, restaurants	136,866	375	2,040	904	808	18,417	38,385	
Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements ¹	11,201 166,077	0 3,890	0 322	0 4.614	0 2,340	3,394 34,969	5,300 62.606	
Institutional and governmental	1,037,934	4,898	10,326	11,847	1,786	168,620	254.398	
Schools, education	291.041	4,030	10,002	528	1,700	57.872	87.842	
Hospitals, medical	250,263	Õ	0	0_0	Ö	23.486	48.730	
Welfare, home	301,683	0	0	2,447	0	66,152	37,146	
Churches, religion	23,399	0	0	0	0	2,465	7,659	
Government buildings	135,648	4,800	0	7,900	560	12,436	58,794	
Minor institutional and governmental projects, new and improvements ¹	35,900	98	324	972	1,226	6,209	14,227	
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut	
	thousands of dollars							
Total war was idential							0.40	
Total non-residential Industrial	91,606 9,861	240,661 5,031	862,551 52,545	268,749 65,832	6,387 420	679 30	946 0	
Factories, plants	2.400	670	20.501	31.841	420 420	0	0	
Transportation, utilities	2,525	425	24.906	3,833	0	0	0	
Mining and agriculture	1,858	2,100	1,340	21,211	0	0	0	
Minor industrial projects, new and improvements 1	3,078	1,836	5,798	8,947	0	30	0	
Commercial	67,809	54,690	472,752	152,000	3,055	549	946	
Trade and services	35,974	7,908	109,263	47,310	0	0	0	
	3,835	12,236	27,827	29,807	0	0	0	
Warehouses				^				
Service stations	250	2,183	7,578	20.720	2 679	0		
Service stations Office buildings	250 10,769	2,183 15,542	7,578 117,252	39,720	2,678	0	900	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation	250 10,769 10,550	2,183 15,542 0	7,578 117,252 128,006	39,720 6,433	-	0		
Service stations Office buildings	250 10,769	2,183 15,542	7,578 117,252	39,720	2,678 0	0	900	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements ¹	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802	2,678 0 0 0 0 377	0 0 442 0 107	900 0 0 0 46	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements ¹ Institutional and governmental	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581 13,936	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871 180,940	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552 337,254	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802 50,917	2,678 0 0 0 377 2,912	0 0 442 0 107 100	900 0 0 0 46 0	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements ¹ Institutional and governmental Schools, education	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581 13,936 11,708	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871 180,940 12,878	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552 337,254 109,261	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802 50,917 950	2,678 0 0 0 377 2,912 0	0 0 442 0 107 100 0	900 0 0 0 46 0	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements 1 Institutional and governmental Schools, education Hospitals, medical	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581 13,936 11,708	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871 180,940 12,878 164,527	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552 337,254 109,261 12,720	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802 50,917 950 800	2,678 0 0 0 377 2,912 0 0	0 0 442 0 107 100 0	900 0 0 0 46 0 0	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements 1 Institutional and governmental Schools, education Hospitals, medical Welfare, home	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581 13,936 11,708 0 645	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871 180,940 12,878 164,527 0	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552 337,254 109,261 12,720 194,123	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802 50,917 950 800 1,170	2,678 0 0 0 377 2,912 0 0	0 0 442 0 107 100 0 0	900 0 0 0 46 0 0	
Service stations Office buildings Recreation Hotels, restaurants Laboratories Minor commercial projects, new and improvements ¹ Institutional and governmental Schools, education Hospitals, medical	250 10,769 10,550 850 0 5,581 13,936 11,708	2,183 15,542 0 12,950 0 3,871 180,940 12,878 164,527	7,578 117,252 128,006 57,767 2,507 22,552 337,254 109,261 12,720	39,720 6,433 3,928 0 24,802 50,917 950 800	2,678 0 0 0 377 2,912 0 0	0 0 442 0 107 100 0	900 0 0 0 46 0 0	

^{1.} Refer to projects valued at less than \$250,000 for which the breakdown by type of building is not available.

Description – Monthly survey of building permits

The following information should be used to ensure a clear understanding of the basic concepts that define the data provided in this product, of the underlying methodology of the survey, and of key aspects of the data quality. This information will provide you with a better understanding of the strengths and limitations of the data, and of how they can be effectively used and analysed. The information may be of particular importance to you when making comparisons with data from other surveys or sources of information, and in drawing conclusions regarding change over time.

Data source and methodology

The purpose of the **Monthly Survey of Building Permits** issued by Canadian municipalities is to collect data on construction intentions. The results of this survey are used by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) as a reference base for conducting a monthly survey of housing starts and completions in accordance with its mandate. The statistics on building permits are also essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

General methodology: The Building Permits Survey covers all Canadian municipalities that issue permits. The number of Canadian municipalities currently surveyed approximately 2,400, representing all the provinces and territories. They account for 95% of the Canadian population. Participation in the survey is mandatory; the survey does not use a predetermined sample of municipalities. The communities representing the other 5% of the population are very small, and their level of building activity have little impact on the total. In practice, all urban agglomerations are represented in the survey, as well as a fair percentage of rural municipalities. With certain exceptions, the minimum coverage corresponds to the municipalities already included in the CMHC Housing Starts and Completions Survey. Non-responding municipalities that issue permits are urged on a regular basis to respond to the Building Permit Survey. Therefore, the number of municipalities covered is increasing continually.

The survey is usually conducted by mail, although certain municipalities choose to respond by telephone. The municipal officer responsible for issuing permits is asked to fill out a form each month describing all major construction projects.

The municipalities forward a copy of their completed report to Statistics Canada's Head Office and another copy to the local office of the CMHC. To reduce their overhead, an increasing number of respondents are producing a computerized report. Only those municipalities that are late in reporting and that are included in the above-mentioned CMHC. survey are subject to follow-up by telephone.

The reports received at Statistics Canada's Head Office are verified, coded and processed.

Strict quality control procedures are applied to ensure that collection, coding and data processing are as accurate as possible. Checks are also performed on totals and the magnitude of data. Reports that fail to meet the quality standards are subject to verification and are corrected as required.

Imputations are required for each characteristic for which no report has been received. These are calculated automatically, subject to certain constraints, by applying to previously used values, the month-to-month and year-to-year changes in similar values of responding municipalities and the historical pattern of the missing municipalities. No estimation is done for lack of coverage, concealment or the underevaluation of permits issued. For this reason, the sampling error cannot be computed.

The monthly statistics are not corrected for cancelled or expired permits. According to the municipal officers, the proportion of cancelled and unused permits is below 5%.

Reference period: The reference period for data collection purposes is the calendar month. Reports from municipalities which are part of a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration must be received within 20 days following the month of reference. The other municipalities have 30 days to produce their reports. Results are released between 35 and 40 days after the end of the reference month. Annual data for the preceding calendar year are released with the data for the January survey month.

Revisions: Two types of revisions can affect the results of the Building Permits Survey:

Revisions due to the correction of coding errors

These types of revisions are done on a monthly basis only to the data pertaining to the month preceding the reference period.

Revisions due to the addition of late reports

Late reports for the month preceding the reference period are incorporated into the survey results on a continuing basis. However, reports received after the two-month deadline following the reference month are introduced only at the end of the year. As a result, the data for the last twelve months are subject to revision.

Seasonal adjustment: Components of the building permits for which seasonal variation is present are seasonally adjusted using the X-12 ARIMA method. Seasonally adjusted data for the total number of housing units and the aggregate value of building permits are obtained indirectly, i.e., by adding up their seasonally adjusted components. Specifically, the total number of dwelling units is obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data for single-family and multi-family units. The total value of building permits is obtained by summing the following components: residential, industrial, commercial and institutional. In cases where the component series contains no apparent seasonality, unadjusted values are used in the place of seasonally adjusted values in these aggregations.

At the end of the year, the seasonally adjusted time series are revised to take into account the most recent seasonal fluctuations at the same time as a revision to the previous year of the unadjusted data. As a result, revisions for the seasonally adjusted estimates extending back three years are made with the release of January building permits data.

As a complement to the seasonally adjusted series, trend-cycle estimates are produced to indicate the long-term underlying movement of a series and may also be used as early indicators of the direction of the short-term trend (within the current year). Both the seasonally adjusted and trend-cycle estimates are subject to revision as new data points are added to the series. These revisions could be large and even lead to a reversal of movement, especially at the end of the trend series. The higher variability associated with the trend-cycle estimates is indicated with a dotted line for the most recent four months on the graphs.

Concepts and variables measured

The statistical data presented in this product refers to the number of dwelling units authorized and the **value of building permits**. The value of the permits reported includes the following expenditures: materials, labour, profit and overhead. The cost of land is never included in the estimated value of the permit while acquisition costs (legal fees, surveying fees and accrued interest) may be included at times.

The classification used in this publication deals strictly with structures for which a building permit was issued. Permits are generally issued for the following: construction of new buildings, alterations, additions, renovations, etc. Minor repair jobs such as painting, tiling, roofing, etc., for which no permit is required, and engineering work (such as dams, roads, pipelines, etc.), which, by definition, is not a building, are not included in the building permit series. Estimates of such work may be obtained on Cansim, tables 029-0039 to 029-0040 for the «Capital expenditures by type of asset» and tables 029-0005 to 029-0024 and 032-0001 to 032-0002 for the «Private and Public Investment in Canada Intentions» (cat. no. 61-205-X).

The description given by the municipalities as to the type of building (box #6 of Section A on the form) and the type of work involved (box #7 of Section A on the form) forms the basis for classification. The classification of buildings into major groups and subgroups is based on the following: intended use in the case of new buildings; present or intended use of buildings to which improvements are to be made; present use of the existing structure where the proposed construction is intended to provide additional facilities; principal use of the structure where the proposed construction has more than one intended use; however, where the building contains dwellings, the value of the construction is divided between residential and non-residential use.

Building categories

This publication, uses the following classification for the value of permits issued for construction of new buildings or for improvements: residential, industrial, commercial, institutional and government.

Residential: Includes all buildings intended for private occupancy whether on a permanent basis or not. Dwellings are divided into the following types: single-family, mobile, cottage, semi-detached, row house and apartment building.

Industrial: Includes all buildings used for manufacturing and processing; transportation, communication and other utilities, and agriculture, forestry and mining.

Commercial: Includes all buildings used to house activities related to the tertiary sector, such as stores, warehouses, garages, office buildings, theatres, hotels, funeral parlours and beauty salons.

Institutional and Government: Includes expenditures made by the community, public and government for buildings and structures like schools, universities, hospitals, clinics, churches, homes for the aged.

The number of dwelling units indicates the number of self contained dwelling units created. This should not be confused with the number of structures. For example, an apartment building containing six dwellings will be shown as six dwelling units. When an existing structure is converted into additional housing units, the number of units added is included. This publication uses the following classification for dwelling units:

Single-family: Refers to dwellings commonly called "single house". It includes single dwellings that are completely isolated on all sides, including single dwellings linked to other dwellings below ground. Included are bungalows, split levels, two-storey single-family homes built by conventional methods or prefabricated.

Mobile homes: Refers to houses designed and constructed to be transported on their own chassis and for easy moving.

Cottage: Refers to dwellings that cannot be occupied year-round or on a permanent basis because the facilities required for comfort are inadequate.

Double or Semi-detached: Refers to dwellings in which each of the two dwellings are side by side and joined by a common wall or garage, but not attached to any other building and surrounded by open space.

Row Dwellings: Refers to a row of three or more dwellings attached to each other without dwellings above or below.

Apartment Building: Includes dwellings in a variety of buildings such as duplexes, semi-detached duplexes, triplexes, row duplexes, apartments as such and dwellings adjacent to non-residential structures.

Conversion: Refers to the number of dwellings added by conversion of existing structures.

Geographic classification

Geographic entities are classified according to Standard Geographical Classification (SGC) used by Statistics Canada. Each reporting entity is assigned a twelve-digit SGC code for identification according to the following geographic levels:

Province and territory (PR): There are ten provinces and three territories.

Economic region (ER): Refers to intraprovincial regions established by the Standards Division of Statistics Canada. There are seventy-six ERs.

Census division (CD): Refers to a group of census subdivisions established by provincial law. There are two hundred and eighty-eight CDs (data on this geographic group is available on request).

Census metropolitan area (CMA): Its delineation corresponds to the 2011 Census definition. The term CMA refers to the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the Census population figures. The thirty-three CMAs are shown in this publication. Although the 2011 Census defines the Ottawa-Gatineau area as a single CMA, the area is shown in this publication as two separate entities since it is located in two different provinces.

Census agglomeration (CA): Refers to the smaller labour market area of an urbanized core of at least 10,000 population, as defined by the 2011 Census. There are one hundred and eleven CAs in Canada. When a CA overlaps the boundaries of two provinces, it is shown partly in each province. The Lloydminster agglomeration is an exception to this rule. It is treated as if it was totally located in Alberta.

Other municipalities of at least 10,000 population: Refers to municipalities not included in census agglomerations but with populations of at least 10,000 inhabitants. The distinction is made between these municipalities and CAs in order to permit comparison between the Building Permits Survey and the Housing Starts and Completions Survey which refers to this geographical concept.

Rural area: Refers to all geographic entities not included in a CMA or CA and not identified as an urban centre by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Census subdivision (CSD): Refers to the general term applying to municipalities, Indian reserves, Indian settlements and unorganized territories. However, since Indian reserves and settlements do not issue building permits, they are not included in this publication.

Non-standard geographic unit: The geographic units shown in this publication do not all satisfy the above definition of census subdivision. Some provincial or municipal administrations producing monthly reports do not correspond to the official geographic entities; they are nevertheless shown in this publication under the geographic entity used by these administrations. These so-called non-standard geographic units are few in number and are mostly concentrated in the Maritime provinces.

Territorial revisions

Territorial boundaries were established according to the 2011 Census definitions. Changes in boundaries, status or name of census subdivisions between censuses are introduced in this publication on a yearly basis. Changes affecting the other geographic units (CMAs, CAs, CDs and ERs) are introduced every five years, eighteen months following the census.

Data accuracy

Since the building permit data are extracted from municipal administrative documents, two types of response errors are possible: errors attributable to the permit applicant and errors in transcription by the responding municipality. However, experience has shown that transcription errors are not very common and the increasing number of municipalities producing computerized reports tends to reduce the frequency of this type of error. Errors attributable to an understatement of the cost of construction are more probable. Since permit fees are in most cases based on the value of the construction, this leads unquestionably to under-estimation of project values.

The other source of error are the processing error and the non-response error. In 2014, 98% of the municipalities covered by the survey sent their monthly Building Permits reports.

Comparability of data and related sources

Comparison of data must be done with reservation considering that the methods of issuing permits and the methods of estimating building values can differ from one municipality to another. Also, comparisons involving different periods must take into account the constant increase in the number of municipalities participating in the survey.

This publication contains only part of the data produced on building permits. However, you may order unpublished tables or address special requests, to the Building Construction and Property Value Section (613-951-6321 or 1-800-579-8533). The series presented here is also available on CANSIM: Tables 026-0001 to 026-0008 and 026-0010.

Appendix I

Geographical abbreviations

С City / Cité

CC Chartered community CG Community government

CN Crown colony / Colonie de la couronne

COM Community

CT Canton (municipalité de) Cantons unis (municipalité de) CU

City / Ville CV CY City

DM District municipality

HAM Hamlet

Improvement district ID Indian government district **IGD**

Island municipality IM

Indian reserve / Réserve indienne IRI

LGD Local government district LOT Township and royalty М Municipality / Municipalité

MD Municipal district ΜÉ Municipalité MU Municipality NH Northern hamlet NL Nisga'a land

NO Unorganized / Non organisé

NV Northern village NVL Nisgaa village

Parish / Paroisse (municipalité de) Ρ

PΕ Paroisse (municipalité de)

Rural community / Communauté rurale RCR

RDA Regional district electoral area

RG Region

RGM Regional municipality RMRural municipality RV Resort village

S-É Indian settlement / Établissement indien

SA Special area

SC Subdivision of county municipality / Subdivision municipalité de comté

SÉ Settlement / Établissement

SET Settlement

SG Self-government / Autonomie gouvernementale

SM Specialized municipality

SNO Subdivision of unorganized / Subdivision non organisée

SV Summer village

Т Town TC Terres réservées aux Cris

TI Terre inuite

TK Terres réservées aux Naskapis

TL Teslin land
TP Township
TV Town / Ville
V Ville
VC Village cri
VK Village naskapi

VL Village

VN Village nordique

Source: Statistics Canada, 2011 Census of Population.

http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2011/ref/dict/table-tableau/table-tableau-5-eng.cfm