

## Service Bulletin <br> Surface and Marine Transport

Transportation Division

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Vol. 21 No. 2
Couriers and local messengers industry
2002 (revised) and 2003 (preliminary)
In 2003, the couriers and local messengers industry included 20,512 establishments providing a variety of services, from letter delivery by bicycle messenger to high-tech equipment delivery in Canada and other countries. The number of establishments increased $4 \%$ from 2002.

The industry generated operating revenues of about $\$ 5.7$ billion in 2003, up $3 \%$ from the previous year. Operating expenses totalled nearly $\$ 5.4$ billion in 2003, up $3 \%$ from 2002. The largest increase in operating expenses were property and business taxes up $32 \%$, followed by repair and maintenance expenses up $19 \%$.

The industry's operating margin - the difference between revenues and expenses - was $\$ 370$ million, up $13 \%$ compared with 2002, marking the stop of two consecutive years of decline.

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) divides the industry into two segments: courier companies, which provide national and international delivery services, and local messenger businesses, which provide delivery services within a smaller region, such as a city or a metropolitan area.

While couriers accounted for only about $13 \%$ of the industry's establishments in 2003, they generated roughly $79 \%$ of the total operating revenues. Courier establishments had an average operating margin of about $\$ 102,000$, up $15 \%$ from 2002.

Local messengers, on the other hand, accounted for $87 \%$ of the establishments but only $21 \%$ of the industry's operating revenues. They had an average operating margin of about $\$ 5,600$, down $17 \%$ from 2002. This segment's modest operating margin is largely due to the fact that it includes a large number of independent contractors and owner-operators who use it as personal income.

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The largest expense item for couriers was wages, salaries and benefits ( $39 \%$ ), followed by other purchased services $(36 \%)$. The picture was very different for local delivery services. Their largest expense item was other purchased services ( $52 \%$ ), which made up a much larger portion of total expenses than the second-largest item, wages, salaries and benefits ( $23 \%$ ). One explanation for this would be that couriers tend to have paid employees while local messengers prefer to use independent contractors or owner-operators.

Large and medium-size courier and local messenger firms delivered nearly 489 million pieces, generating just over $\$ 4.3$ billion in delivery revenue in 2003. A breakdown by activity shows that second-day and other services earned only $38 \%$ of the revenue even though they accounted for $54 \%$ of all pieces delivered. In contrast, next-day and overnight services accounted for more than one-half of the revenue but just $33 \%$ of the total pieces delivered.

Of the total, large and medium-size courier firms moved $86 \%$ of all items and earned $88 \%$ of the revenue. These firms provided almost all of the two days or more services, gathering virtually $100 \%$ of the revenue earned. They also accounted for most of the next-day and overnight services, earning $98 \%$ of overall revenue.

For their part, large and medium-size local messenger firms moved $14 \%$ of all pieces delivered, while they earned $12 \%$ of the overall revenues. These firms specialized mainly in same-day delivery services, taking almost $98 \%$ of all revenues from these services in 2003.

In the industry as a whole, each piece generated an average of $\$ 8.85$ in delivery revenue, up slightly from $\$ 8.43$ in 2002. Next-day and overnight services generated the largest average revenue per piece among couriers (\$13.68), while second day - other services generated the smallest average revenue per piece (\$6.16).

Ontario remained the dominant province in the industry, as nearly one-half of the delivery revenue was generated from shipments originating in this province. Canadian destinations accounted for $77 \%$ of total delivery revenue while shipments to the United States made up about $18 \%$ of the total.

The couriers were mainly responsible for international shipments services, taking $98 \%$ of the total revenue from in or out of Canada shipments.

The couriers and local messengers industry depends to a large extent on relatively costly fleets of vehicles and equipment to provide its delivery services. For couriers, most of the vehicles used were cube/step vans ( $61 \%$ ), semi-trailers ( $17 \%$ ) and other equipment ( $7 \%$ ).

For local messengers, the mostly commonly used equipment was automobiles (49\%), cube/step vans (33\%) and bicycles (8\%). Overall, the industry had over 23,000 vehicles and various pieces of equipment in 2003.

## Differences by enterprise size

The data are also presented by enterprise size (based on annual revenue). There are three categories: large companies, with revenues of $\$ 25$ million or more; medium-sized firms, with between $\$ 1$ million and $\$ 25$ million in revenue; and small companies, with less than $\$ 1$ million.

In 2003, large firms made up about 1\% of the total number of businesses in the industry, but earned 71\% of the operating revenues. Not surprisingly, this group also had the highest average operating margin $(\$ 835,000)$.

Medium-sized companies also accounted for $1 \%$ of the total businesses but had $11 \%$ of the industry's operating revenues. The group's average operating margin was $\$ 66,000$.

Small firms accounted for about $98 \%$ of the industry's businesses, but only $18 \%$ of the operating revenue. This group also had the lowest average operating margin $(\$ 5,800)$.

Table 1: Survey of the Couriers and Local Messengers Industry, Canada, 2003 Preliminary Revenue and Expenses by Province and Territory, All Carriers( thousands of dollars)

|  | N.L | P.E.I. | N.S. | N.B. | Que. | Ont. | Man. | Sask. | Alta. | B.C. | N.W.T | Y.T. | Nvt. | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated number of carriers in population | 257 | 54 | 451 | 456 | 5,300 | 8,554 | 1,056 | 589 | 1,891 | 1,879 | 7 | 13 | 3 | 20,512 |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales of goods and services | 50,923 | 5,733 | 128,815 | 133,034 1 | 1,086,159 | 2,514,522 | 191,679 | 118,809 | 578,586 | 688,238 | X | 6,492 | X | 5,505,103 |
| Other operating revenue | 1,471 | X | 6,237 | 4,451 | 45,030 | 122,352 | 6,048 | 3,369 | 22,089 | 30,616 | X | X | X | 242,102 |
| Total operating revenue | 52,394 | X | 135,052 | 137,486 1 | 1,131,189 | 2,636,874 | 197,728 | 122,178 | 600,675 | 718,854 | X | X | X | 5,747,204 |
| Non-operating revenue | X | X | 28 | 65 | 1,254 | 2,295 | 99 | 204 | 639 | 1,207 | X | X | X | 5,930 |
| Total revenue | X | X | 135,080 | 137,551 1 | 1,132,444 | 2,639,169 | 197,827 | 122,382 | 601,313 | 720,061 | X | X | X | 5,753,134 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | 19,468 | 1,952 | 51,029 | 43,768 | 388,707 | 880,211 | 59,049 | 41,677 | 194,060 | 226,354 | X | 1,624 | X | 1,908,973 |
| Cost of energy and supplies | 2,791 | 223 | 9,042 | 8,239 | 76,544 | 147,603 | 10,370 | 7,254 | 38,713 | 37,751 | X | X | X | 339,124 |
| Rental and leasing expenses | 1,791 | 201 | 6,146 | 5,221 | 47,394 | 108,873 | 8,172 | 4,035 | 26,401 | 28,559 | X | 138 | X | 237,020 |
| Repair and maintenance expenses | 2,180 | 285 | 5,305 | 4,459 | 47,802 | 88,884 | 6,031 | 8,177 | 25,067 | 24,208 | X | 318 | X | 212,824 |
| Property and business taxes | 217 | 24 | 951 | 757 | 7,088 | 16,688 | 937 | 609 | 4,079 | 3,948 | X | 67 | X | 35,367 |
| Other purchased services | 17,135 | 1,880 | 43,974 | 51,972 | 383,594 | 985,980 | 77,213 | 40,335 | 216,437 | 287,778 | 152 | X | X | 2,109,510 |
| Depreciation expenses | 1,300 | 176 | 3,499 | 3,778 | 27,593 | 59,942 | 4,450 | 3,694 | 15,527 | 14,892 | X | 153 | X | 135,075 |
| Other operating expenses | 2,496 | 819 | 7,926 | 7,241 | 70,940 | 194,624 | 16,376 | 6,309 | 42,578 | 49,776 | X | 478 | X | 399,754 |
| Total operating expenses | 47,378 | 5,560 | 127,872 | 125,435 1 | 1,049,661 | 2,482,805 | 182,596 | 112,090 | 562,862 | 673,265 | X | 6,136 | X | 5,377,646 |
| Non-operating expenses | 439 | 47 | 1,195 | 1,170 | 9,213 | 18,145 | 1,275 | 1,002 | 6,492 | 4,863 | X | 35 | X | 43,919 |
| Total expenses | 47,816 | 5,608 | 129,067 | 126,605 1 | 1,058,874 | 2,500,949 | 183,871 | 113,092 | 569,354 | 678,128 | X | 6,172 | X | 5,421,565 |
| Net operating margin | X | X | 7,180 | 12,051 | 81,528 | 154,069 | 15,131 | 10,088 | 37,812 | 45,589 | X | X | X | 369,558 |
| Operating ratio | X | X | 0.95 | 0.91 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.94 | 0.94 | X | X | X | 0.94 |

[^1]Table 2: Survey of the Couriers and Local Messengers Industry, Canada, 2003 Preliminary Revenue and Expenses by Activity and by Size, All Carriers (thousands of dollars)

|  | Activity |  |  | Size |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Couriers | Local <br> Messengers | Total | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Large } \\ (>25 \$ \mathrm{M}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Medium } \\ (1-25 \$ \mathrm{M}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Small } \\ (<1 \quad \$ \mathrm{M}) \end{array}$ | Total |
| Estimated number of carriers in population | 2,624 | 17,888 | 20,512 | 283 | 246 | 19,983 | 20,512 |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales of goods and services | 4,291,171 | 1,213,931 | 5,505,103 | 3,873,638 | 621,967 | 1,009,497 | 5,505,103 |
| Other operating revenue | 234,422 | 7,680 | 242,102 | 228,226 | 3,795 | 10,080 | 242,102 |
| Total operating revenue | 4,525,593 | 1,221,611 | 5,747,204 | 4,101,864 | 625,763 | 1,019,577 | 5,747,204 |
| Non-operating revenue | 3,458 | 2,472 | 5,930 | 992 | 519 | 4,419 | 5,930 |
| Total revenue | 4,529,052 | 1,224,083 | 5,753,134 | 4,102,856 | 626,282 | 1,023,996 | 5,753,134 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | 1,647,789 | 261,184 | 1,908,973 | 1,535,986 | 152,596 | 220,391 | 1,908,973 |
| Cost of energy and supplies | 262,583 | 76,541 | 339,124 | 215,662 | 36,993 | 86,469 | 339,124 |
| Rental and leasing expenses | 201,104 | 35,915 | 237,020 | 178,086 | 25,047 | 33,887 | 237,020 |
| Repair and maintenance expenses | 153,195 | 59,629 | 212,824 | 106,795 | 13,554 | 92,476 | 212,824 |
| Property and business taxes | 25,526 | 9,841 | 35,367 | 23,296 | 4,801 | 7,270 | 35,367 |
| Other purchases services | 1,522,274 | 587,236 | 2,109,510 | 1,410,852 | 328,435 | 370,223 | 2,109,510 |
| Depreciation expenses | 106,463 | 28,611 | 135,075 | 91,261 | 11,043 | 32,771 | 135,075 |
| Other operating expenses | 338,349 | 61,405 | 399,754 | 303,741 | 37,009 | 59,004 | 399,754 |
| Total operating expenses | 4,257,283 | 1,120,364 | 5,377,646 | 3,865,678 | 609,478 | 902,491 | 5,377,646 |
| Non-operating expenses | 34,978 | 8,941 | 43,919 | 27,399 | 6,529 | 9,991 | 43,919 |
| Total expenses | 4,292,260 | 1,129,305 | 5,421,565 | 3,893,077 | 616,007 | 912,482 | 5,421,565 |
| Net operating margin | 268,310 | 101,247 | 369,558 | 236,187 | 16,285 | 117,086 | 369,558 |
| Operating ratio | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.97 | 0.89 | 0.94 |

Also available on CANSIM tables 402-0001, 402-0002 and 402-0003.
Data may not sum up due to rounding.

Table 3: Survey of the Couriers and Local Messengers Industry, Canada, 2003 Preliminary Revenue, number of pieces and average revenue per piece by type of services, Carriers over $\$ 1$ million

|  | Activity |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Courier |  | Local Messengers |  | All Carriers |  |
|  | Value | \% | Value | \% | Value | \% |
| Delivery revenue (\$ '000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Same-day services | 9,076 | 0\% | 470,416 | 91\% | 479,491 | 11\% |
| Next-day / overnight services | 2,158,765 | 57\% | 46,637 | 9\% | 2,205,402 | 51\% |
| Second-day / other services | 1,637,118 | 43\% | 1,625 | 0\% | 1,638,743 | 38\% |
| All delivery services | 3,804,958 | 100\% | 518,678 | 100\% | 4,323,636 | 100\% |
| Number of pieces (' 000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Same-day services | 990 | 0\% | 60,158 | 91\% | 61,147 | 13\% |
| Next-day / overnight services | 155,575 | 37\% | 5,600 | 8\% | 161,175 | 33\% |
| Second-day / other services | 265,918 | 63\% | 282 | 0\% | 266,200 | 54\% |
| All delivery services | 422,483 | 100\% | 66,039 | 100\% | 488,522 | 100\% |
| Average revenue per piece (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Same-day services | 9.17 | n.a. | 7.82 | n.a. | 7.84 | n.a. |
| Next-day / overnight services | 13.88 | n.a. | 8.33 | n.a. | 13.68 | n.a. |
| Second-day / other services | 6.16 | n.a. | 5.76 | n.a. | 6.16 | n.a. |
| All delivery services | 9.01 | n.a. | 7.85 | n.a. | 8.85 | n.a. |

Data may not sum up due to rounding.

Table 4: Survey of the Couriers and Local Messengers Industry, Canada, 2003 Preliminary Origin and Destination of Shipments, Carriers over \$1 million

|  | Couriers |  | Local Messengers |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ '000 | \% | \$ '000 | \% | \$ '000 | \% |
| Origin of shipments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maritimes | 164,415 | 4\% | 24,160 | 5\% | 188,575 | 4\% |
| Quebec | 738,594 | 19\% | 78,869 | 15\% | 817,463 | 19\% |
| Ontario | 1,781,409 | 47\% | 223,192 | 43\% | 2,004,601 | 46\% |
| Prairies | 496,484 | 13\% | 123,077 | 24\% | 619,561 | 14\% |
| British Columbia | 432,124 | 11\% | 61,787 | 12\% | 493,911 | 11\% |
| Territories | 5,487 | 0\% | $X$ | X | X | X |
| Origin outside Canada | 186,446 | 5\% | X | X | $X$ | X |
| Total Delivery Revenue | 3,804,958 | 100\% | 518,678 | 100\% | 4,323,637 | 100\% |
| Destination of shipments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 2,820,218 | 74\% | 508,172 | 98\% | 3,328,391 | 77\% |
| United States | 770,367 | 20\% | 5,966 | 1\% | 776,333 | 18\% |
| All other countries | 214,374 | 6\% | 4,539 | 1\% | 218,913 | 5\% |
| Total Delivery Revenue | 3,804,958 | 100\% | 518,678 | 100\% | 4,323,637 | 100\% |

Data may not sum up due to rounding.

Table 5: Survey of the Couriers and Local Messengers Industry, Canada, 2003 Preliminary Fleet and Equipment in service, Carriers over \$1 million

|  | Couriers | Local Messengers | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bicycles | 0 | 625 | 625 |
| Automobiles | 929 | 3,892 | 4,821 |
| Cube / Step Vans | 9,259 | 2,638 | 11,897 |
| Road Tractors | 868 | 160 | 1,028 |
| Trailers | 2,535 | 161 | 2,696 |
| 5 - Ton Trucks | 380 | 420 | 800 |
| Warehouse equipment | 241 | 54 | 295 |
| Other equipment | 1,017 | 52 | 1,069 |
| Total number of vehicles and equipment | 15,229 | 8,002 | 23,231 |

Note: In 2002, minor changes were made in the coverage of the sample frame (BR), the survey methodology, and the questionnaire (for more information about these changes, please refer to http://www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/4703.htm.). For consistency, 2001 data were revised wherever possible. Nevertheless, the changes may have resulted in greater variability in the estimates between the two years, especially for small firms. Although the overall impact on the data is marginal, we felt it best to warn the reader.

For more information on the Service Bulletin or Surface and Marine Data, contact:

## Transportation Division

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For: Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 4703.

## Symbol legend

The symbols described in this document apply to all data published by Statistics Canada from all origins including surveys, censuses and administrative sources, as well as straight tabulations and all estimations.
. not available for any reference period
.. not available for a specific reference period
... not applicable
0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
$0^{s}$ value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
${ }^{\mathrm{p}}$ preliminary
「 revised
confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act
${ }^{E}$ use with caution
F too unreliable to be published

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## Note of appreciation

[^2]
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[^1]:    Also available on CANSIM tables 402-0001, 402-0002 and 402-0003.
    Data may not sum up due to rounding.

[^2]:    Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses and governments. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill

