

**Table 28**  
**Water intake in thermal-electric power generation industries, by month and region, 2011**

	Atlantic <sup>1</sup>		Quebec		Ontario		Prairies <sup>2</sup>		British Columbia and territories <sup>3</sup>		Canada	
	millions of cubic metres	%	millions of cubic metres	%	millions of cubic metres	%	millions of cubic metres	%	millions of cubic metres	%	millions of cubic metres	%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,656.4<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>633.7<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>19,344.0<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,842.4<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>20.8<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>23,497.2<sup>A</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>
January	134.2 <sup>B</sup>	8.1	61.4 <sup>A</sup>	9.7	1,722.1 <sup>A</sup>	8.9	157.3 <sup>A</sup>	8.5	1.3 <sup>A</sup>	6.2	2,076.3 <sup>A</sup>	8.8
February	131.0 <sup>B</sup>	7.9	56.3 <sup>A</sup>	8.9	1,535.6 <sup>A</sup>	7.9	137.0 <sup>A</sup>	7.4	1.4 <sup>A</sup>	6.7	1,861.3 <sup>A</sup>	7.9
March	136.8 <sup>B</sup>	8.3	59.4 <sup>A</sup>	9.4	1,542.8 <sup>A</sup>	8.0	149.5 <sup>A</sup>	8.1	1.6 <sup>A</sup>	7.7	1,890.1 <sup>A</sup>	8.0
April	x	x	x	x	x	x	136.6 <sup>A</sup>	7.4	1.8 <sup>A</sup>	8.7	1,745.4 <sup>A</sup>	7.4
May	123.0 <sup>B</sup>	7.4	57.4 <sup>A</sup>	9.1	1,549.8 <sup>A</sup>	8.0	140.4 <sup>A</sup>	7.6	1.3 <sup>A</sup>	6.2	1,871.9 <sup>A</sup>	8.0
June	149.4 <sup>A</sup>	9.0	78.2 <sup>A</sup>	12.3	1,534.6 <sup>A</sup>	7.9	137.8 <sup>A</sup>	7.5	1.2 <sup>A</sup>	5.8	1,901.2 <sup>A</sup>	8.1
July	151.8 <sup>A</sup>	9.2	86.3 <sup>A</sup>	13.6	1,909.9 <sup>A</sup>	9.9	189.2 <sup>A</sup>	10.3	2.0 <sup>A</sup>	9.6	2,339.1 <sup>A</sup>	10.0
August	156.2 <sup>A</sup>	9.4	x	x	x	x	197.0 <sup>A</sup>	10.7	1.9 <sup>A</sup>	9.1	2,337.8 <sup>A</sup>	9.9
September	x	x	6.4 <sup>A</sup>	1.0	x	x	168.9 <sup>A</sup>	9.2	1.9 <sup>A</sup>	9.1	1,995.2 <sup>A</sup>	8.5
October	127.3 <sup>A</sup>	7.7	x	x	x	x	143.9 <sup>A</sup>	7.8	1.1 <sup>A</sup>	5.3	1,723.2 <sup>A</sup>	7.3
November	129.6 <sup>B</sup>	7.8	33.6 <sup>A</sup>	5.3	1,565.9 <sup>A</sup>	8.1	134.1 <sup>A</sup>	7.3	4.0 <sup>A</sup>	19.2	1,867.1 <sup>A</sup>	7.9
December	142.4 <sup>B</sup>	8.6	x	x	x	x	150.8 <sup>A</sup>	8.2	1.3 <sup>A</sup>	6.2	1,888.7 <sup>A</sup>	8.0

1. Atlantic provinces include: Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

2. Prairie provinces include: Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

3. British Columbia and territories include: British Columbia, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.

**Note(s):** Thermal-electric power generation is defined as fossil-fuel electric power generation (North American Industry Classification System, code 221112) and nuclear electric power generation (North American Industry Classification System, code 221113). Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

**Source(s):** Statistics Canada, CANSIM tables 153-0079 and 153-0080.