

Regina, Saskatchewan

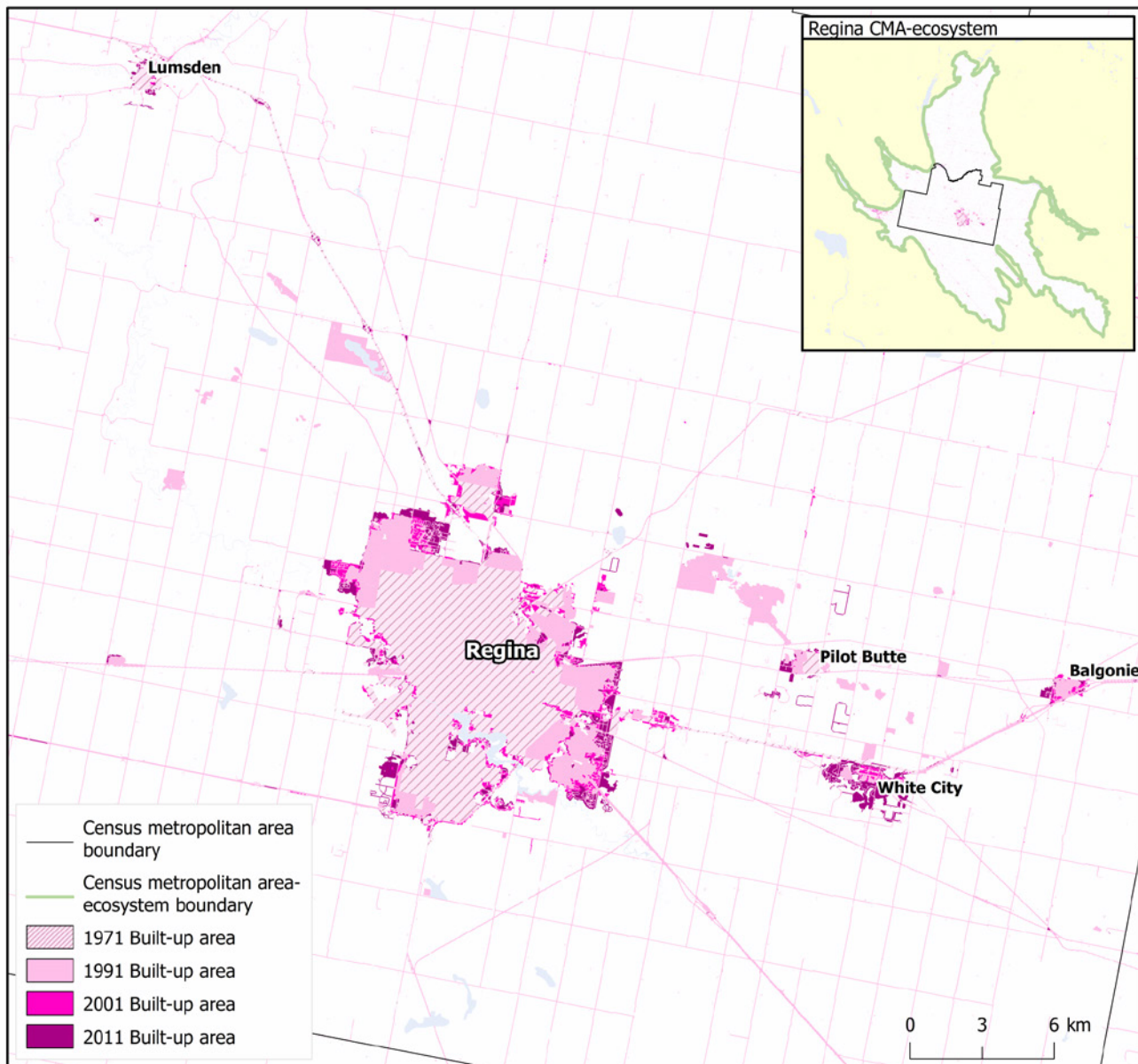
Highlights

- At the CMA level, built-up area increased from 102 km² in 1971 to 230 km² in 2011, an increase of 125%.
- At the CMA-E level, built-up area increased from 211 km² in 1971 to 620 km² in 2011, an increase of 194%.
- In 2011, the natural and semi-natural land class was divided into forest (10%), water (14%) and other (76%).
- From 1971 to 2011, 99 km² of arable land and 48 km² of natural and semi-natural land were lost to settled area.
- Of the natural and semi-natural land converted to settled area from 1971 to 2011, 12.9% was forest, 66.9% was natural land for pasture and 20.2% was classed as other.
- Population in the CMA increased by 44% from 146,481 to 210,556 between 1971 and 2011.
- The number of dwellings in the CMA increased by 104% from 44,192 to 90,262 between 1971 and 2011.

The changing landscape of Canadian metropolitan areas

Map 3.21

Built-up area, Regina census metropolitan area (CMA) and census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011



Note: Sources for 1971 built-up area do not contain the same level of detail as the more recent years.

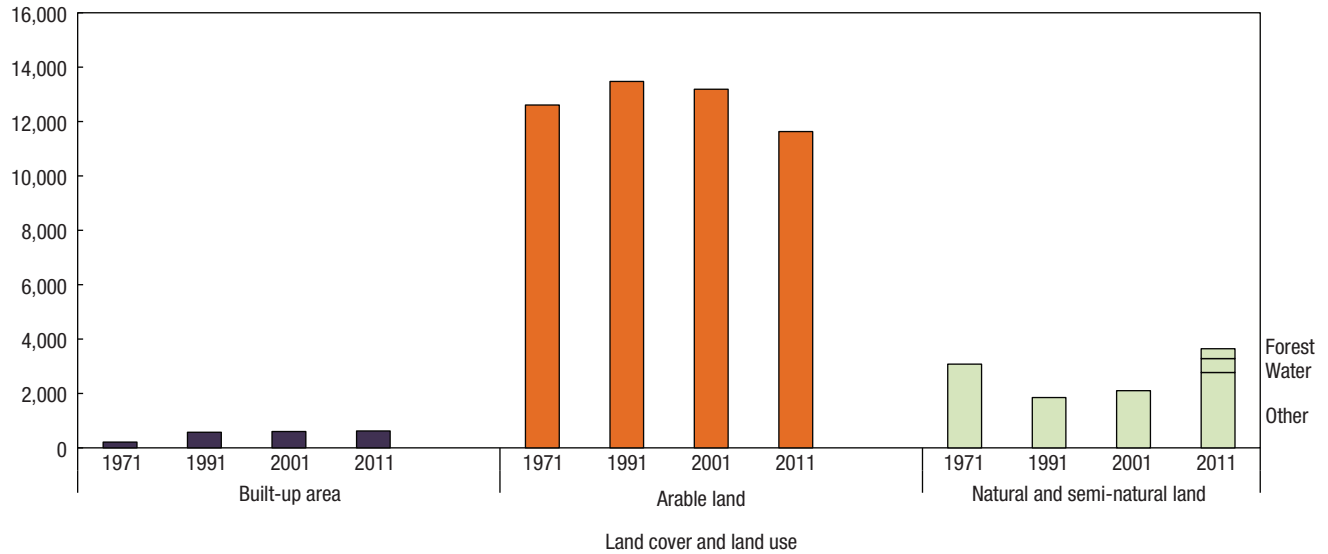
Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.rncan.gc.ca/pub/geott/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): Land Use (1971)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.rncan.gc.ca/pub/geott/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015); NRCan, Canada Centre for Mapping and Earth Observation, 2014, *CanVec+*, <ftp://ftp2.cits.rncan.gc.ca/pub/canvec+/shp/> (accessed August 10, 2015).

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Chart 3.41

Land cover and land use, Regina census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011

square kilometres

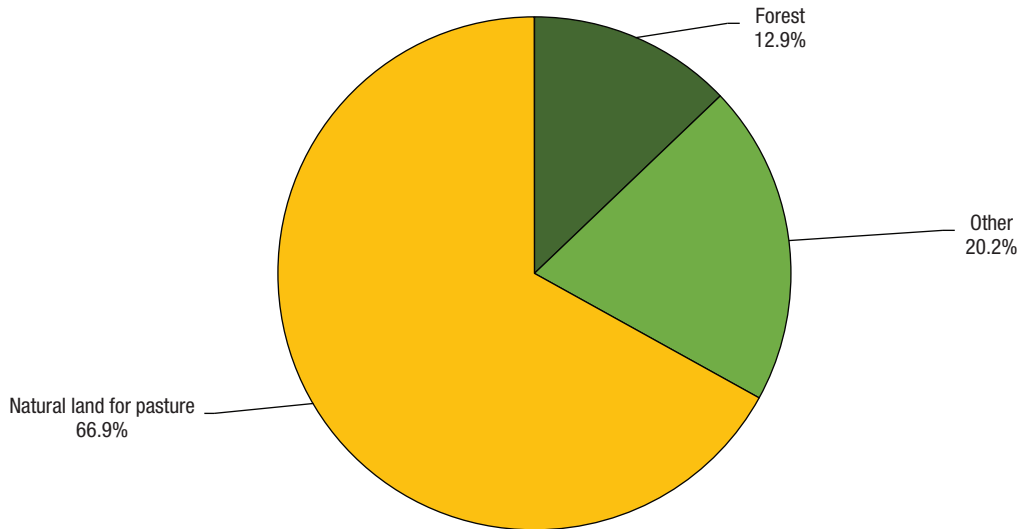


Notes: Built-up area for 1971 is based on *Canada Land Inventory: Land Use* (CLI: LU) and *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program* (CLUMP), with modeling of roads. CLI: LU and CLUMP built-up areas that were not built-up in the *AAFC Land Use, 1990* dataset were removed from the 1971 built-up data and reclassified according to their 1990 cover. Built-up areas for other years are taken from *Land Use, 1990, 2000 and 2010*. Arable land is composed of the cropland, tame or seeded pasture and summerfallow land from the *Interpolated Census of Agriculture*. Natural and semi-natural land is the residual area remaining after subtracting built-up and arable land from the total area. Because it was calculated residually, the class also includes some homes and other buildings, particularly those located on large lots and in rural areas, since these may not be captured by satellite imagery as built-up, due in part to the resolution of the data, but also overlying tree canopy. For 2011, forest and water are broken out separately based on data from *AAFC Crop Inventory, 2011* and *CanVec+* respectively. Other natural and semi-natural land is a residual class calculated by subtracting all other classes from the total area.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): CLUMP Land Use (1971)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC), 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015); AAFC and Statistics Canada, special tabulation, *Census of Agriculture*, Census Geographic Component Base 2011 and Census of Agriculture Regular Base 1971; AAFC, 2013, *AAFC Crop Inventory, 2011*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/58ca7629-4f6d-465a-88eb-ad7fd3a847e3> (accessed August 10, 2015); NRCan, Canada Centre for Mapping and Earth Observation, 2014, *CanVec+*, <ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/canvec+/shp/> (accessed August 10, 2015).

Chart 3.42

Natural and semi-natural land lost to settled area, by selected land class, Regina census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971 to 2011



Notes: Natural and semi-natural land lost to settled area is calculated by overlaying the growth in settled area from 1971 to 2011 on natural and semi-natural land from the *Canada Land Inventory: Land Use (CLI: LU)* base layer and, for areas where the 1971 settled area was trimmed, on the area reclassified using AAFC's *Land Use, 1990*. Natural and semi-natural land lost to roads is not included. Other could include rock and unvegetated surfaces; wetland; mines, quarries, sand and gravel pits; outdoor recreation; other natural and semi-natural land and unmapped areas.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, http://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geotit/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): CLUMP Land Use (1971)*, http://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geotit/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015).

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Table 3.61

Population and dwellings, total and settled area, Regina census metropolitan area (CMA) and census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011

	CMA ¹		CMA-ecosystem ²	
	Total area	Settled area ³	Total area	Settled area ³
	number			
1971				
Population	146,481	141,031	201,851	179,116
Dwellings	44,192	42,697	60,970	55,085
1991				
Population	191,692	190,373	244,114	238,855
Dwellings	71,666	71,225	91,737	90,087
2001				
Population	192,800	189,329	243,191	232,694
Dwellings	80,772	79,510	105,470	100,938
2011				
Population	210,556	207,175	260,979	251,452
Dwellings	90,262	88,935	115,516	111,464
	percent			
Population and dwelling change, 1971 to 2011				
Population	44	47	29	40
Dwellings	104	108	89	102

1. 2011 census metropolitan area (CMA) boundaries are used for all years.

2. The CMA-Ecosystem (CMA-E) combines any Soil Landscapes of Canada (SLC) polygon that is contained within or that intersects with the CMA boundary, as well as SLC polygons that are fully contained within this newly formed boundary of the CMA-E.

3. Settled area is defined as the built-up area excluding roads. Settled area population and dwelling counts include 1971 and 1991 enumeration area points and 2001 and 2011 dissemination block points located within 400 m of the settled area. Population and dwelling data for 2001 and 2011 is finer in scale than data for 1971 and 1991 and can therefore be better attributed to the settled areas, which may limit comparability of the data over time.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from the 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011 Censuses of Population; Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.nrcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): CLUMP Land Use (1971)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.nrcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015).

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Table 3.62

Land cover and land use, Regina census metropolitan area (CMA) and census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971, 1991, 2001 and 2011

	CMA ¹	CMA-ecosystem ²	CMA as a proportion of CMA-ecosystem
	square kilometres		percent
Total land area	3,408	15,899	21
1971			
Total built-up ³	102	211	48
Settled	46	61	75
Roads	56	149	37
Arable ⁴	..	12,609	..
Natural and semi-natural ⁵	..	3,080	..
1991			
Total built-up ⁶	210	577	36
Settled	95	168	57
Roads	115	409	28
Arable ⁴	..	13,472	..
Natural and semi-natural ⁵	..	1,850	..
2001			
Total built-up ⁶	219	604	36
Settled	104	195	53
Roads	115	409	28
Arable ⁴	..	13,189	..
Natural and semi-natural ⁵	..	2,106	..
2011			
Total built-up ⁶	230	620	37
Settled	113	209	54
Roads	117	411	28
Arable ⁴	..	11,633	..
Natural and semi-natural ⁷	..	3,646	..
Forest	..	364	..
Water	..	510	..
Other	..	2,771	..
		percent	
Land cover and land use change, 1971 to 2011			
Total built-up area ^{3,6}	125	194	...
Arable ⁴	...	-8	...
Natural and semi-natural ⁵	...	18	...

1. 2011 census metropolitan area (CMA) boundaries are used for all years. Total area excludes water.

2. The CMA-Ecosystem (CMA-E) combines any Soil Landscapes of Canada (SLC) polygon that is contained within or that intersects with the CMA boundary, as well as SLC polygons that are fully contained within this newly formed boundary of the CMA-E. Includes all terrestrial and water surfaces.

3. Built-up area for 1971 is based on *Canada Land Inventory Land Use* (CLI: LU) and *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program* (CLUMP), code B – Urban Built-up. CLI: LU and CLUMP built-up areas that were not built-up in the AAFC *Land Use, 1990* dataset were removed from the 1971 built-up data and reclassified according to their 1990 cover. To improve comparability with the other years, roads included in the core built-up area were identified and removed to produce the 1971 settled area. The 1971 dataset did not include roads outside the core built-up area. Roads were modeled by applying the ratio of roads to settled area from 1990 to the 1971 settled area.

4. Arable land area is composed of the cropland, tame or seeded pasture and summerfallow land from the Interpolated Census of Agriculture.

5. Natural and semi-natural land is the residual area remaining after subtracting built-up and arable land from the total area. Because it was calculated residually, the class also includes some homes and other buildings, particularly those located on large lots and in rural areas, since these may not be captured by satellite imagery as built-up, due in part to the resolution of the data and overlying tree canopy.

6. Built-up area estimates for 1991, 2001 and 2011 are based on *Land Use, 1990, 2000 and 2010*, codes 21 (Settlement–Built-up and urban) and 25 (Roads–primary, secondary and tertiary).

7. For 2011, forest and water are broken out separately based on data from AAFC *Crop Inventory, 2011* and *CanVec+* respectively. Other natural and semi-natural land is a residual class calculated by subtracting all other classes from the total area. The change over time for these categories requires further validation.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): CLUMP Land Use (1971)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC), 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015); AAFC and Statistics Canada, special tabulation, *Census of Agriculture*, Census Geographic Component Base 2011 and 2001 and *Census of Agriculture*, Regular Base 1991 and 1971; AAFC, 2013, *AAFC Crop Inventory, 2011*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/58ca7629-4f6d-465a-88eb-ad7fd3a847e3> (accessed August 10, 2015); NRCan, Canada Centre for Mapping and Earth Observation, 2014, *CanVec+*, <ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/canvec+/shp/> (accessed August 10, 2015).

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Table 3.63

Ecosystem asset account, Regina census metropolitan area-ecosystem (CMA-E), 1971 to 2011

	Total built-up area ¹			Natural and semi-natural ³
	Settled	Roads	Arable ²	
	square kilometres			
Opening stock 1971	61	149	12,609	3,080
Land lost to settled area	-99	-48
Balance of change ⁴	148	262	-876	614
Closing stock 2011	209	411	11,633	3,646

1. Built-up area data are taken from multiple sources. The 1971 built-up area is based on *Canada Land Inventory: Land Use (CLI: LU)* and *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP)*.

CLI: LU and CLUMP built-up areas that were not built-up in the AAFC *Land Use, 1990* dataset were removed from the 1971 built-up data and reclassified according to their 1990 cover.

To improve comparability with the other years, roads included in the 1971 core built-up area were identified and removed to produce the 1971 settled area. As the 1971 dataset did not include roads outside the core built-up area, roads were modeled by applying the ratio of roads to settled area from 1990 to the 1971 settled area. Built-up area estimates for 2011 are based on *Land Use, 1990, 2000 and 2010*, codes 21 (Settlement–Built-up and urban) and 25 (Roads–primary, secondary and tertiary).

2. Arable land lost to settled area is calculated by overlaying the growth in settled areas from 1971 to 2011 on the CLI: LU base layer and, for areas where the 1971 settled area was trimmed, on the area reclassified using AAFC *Land Use, 1990*. The following CLI: LU classes were included: cropland, improved pasture and forage crops, orchards and vineyards and horticulture.

3. Natural and semi-natural land lost to settled area is calculated by overlaying the growth in settled area from 1971 to 2011 on the CLI: LU base layer and, for areas where the 1971 settled area was trimmed, on the area reclassified using AAFC *Land Use, 1990*. The following CLI: LU classes were included: forest, natural pasture and rangeland, outdoor recreation areas, rock and unvegetated surfaces, open wetland and unmapped areas.

4. The balance of change row reports the change, other than arable and natural and semi-natural land lost to settled area, that occurred from 1971 to 2011. These values are determined using an accounting procedure and represent the remaining difference between the opening and closing stock. Some rounding may occur.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division, 2016, special tabulation of data from Natural Resources Canada (NRCan), Canada Centre for Remote Sensing (CCRS), 1999, *Canada Land Inventory: CLI Land Use (circa 1966)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/cli_250k/landuse/ (accessed September 15, 2015); NRCan, CCRS, 1999, *Canada Land Use Monitoring Program (CLUMP): CLUMP Land Use (1971)*, ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/geott/clump/clump_1971/ (accessed September 15, 2015); Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada (AAFC), 2015, *Land Use 1990, 2000 and 2010*, <http://open.canada.ca/data/en/dataset/18e3ef1a-497c-40c6-8326-aac1a34a0dec> (accessed September 16, 2015); AAFC and Statistics Canada, special tabulation, *Census of Agriculture*, Census Geographic Component Base 2011 and 2001 and *Census of Agriculture*, Regular Base 1971 and 1991; NRCan, Canada Centre for Mapping and Earth Observation, 2014, *CanVec+*, <ftp://ftp2.cits.mcan.gc.ca/pub/canvec+/shp/> (accessed August 10, 2015).

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Links to more information

Tables by metropolitan area, Regina

www.StatCan.gc.ca/tables-tableaux/sum-som/l01/met01/met120-eng.htm

Regina CMA, population change, 2006 to 2011, by 2011 census tract

www12.StatCan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2011/geo/map-carte/pdf/thematic/2011-98310-001-705-013-01-00-eng.pdf

Metropolitan gross domestic product, experimental estimates, CANSIM TABLE 381-5000

www5.StatCan.gc.ca/cansim/a26?lang=eng&retrLang=eng&id=3815000&paSer=&pattern=&stByVal=1&p1=1&p2=31&tabMode=dataTable&csid

Regina CMA, Census Profile, 2011

www12.StatCan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2011/dp-pd/prof/details/page.cfm?Lang=E&Geo1=CMA&Code1=705&Geo2=PR&Code2=47&Data=Count&SearchText=regina&SearchType=Begins&SearchPR=01&BI=All&Custom=&TABID=1

Regina CMA, National Household Survey (NHS) Profile, 2011

www12.StatCan.gc.ca/nhs-enm/2011/dp-pd/prof/details/page.cfm?Lang=E&Geo1=CMA&Code1=705&Data=Count&SearchText=regina&SearchType=Begins&SearchPR=01&BI=All&Custom=&TABID=1