

Education, training and learning remain priorities for Canadians. In 2008, the first-time college graduation rate in Canada was 26%, well above the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) average of 10%.

However, at the university level, the first-time bachelor's graduation rate was 34%, below the OECD average of 38%.

There continue to be clear benefits for university and college graduates. In 2008, the employment rate for Canadians aged 25 to 64 who had not completed high school was 58%, whereas the figure for college and university graduates was 83%. In addition, university graduates earned, on average, 75% more than high school or trade/vocational program graduates.

Not all Canadians decide to pursue formal education, however. In 2008, 20% of Canadians aged 15 to 19 were no longer enrolled in formal education. Provincially, the proportion of young people not in school varied from 14% in New Brunswick to 26% in Alberta.

Almost half (47%) of Canadians aged 18 to 64 participated in some type of education or training between July 2007 and June 2008.

Public school enrolment

Over 5.1 million students were enrolled in public schools in the academic year 2008/2009. This was down 4.9% from 2002/2003 and continued a downward trend seen every year since then.

With the exception of Alberta, all provinces experienced a decrease in their enrolment levels from 2007/2008 to 2008/2009. Prince Edward Island experienced the largest decrease, as enrolment dropped 2.3%. By comparison, enrolment in Alberta increased 0.9% in 2008/2009.

Despite declining enrolments, the number of educators (in full-time equivalents) continued to increase. In 2008/2009, there

were more than 339,000 educators in Canada, up 6.8% from 2002/2003.

Enrolment in second-language immersion programs in public elementary schools and secondary schools has increased steadily since 2002/2003. Nearly 318,000 students were enrolled in a second-language immersion program in 2008/2009, a 2.1% increase from a year earlier and a 13.3% increase since 2002/2003.

Enrolment also rose for children identified with special needs. Nearly 584,000 students were identified with special needs in 2008/2009, up 7.2% since 2002/2003.

Student–educator ratio

In 2008/2009, the student–educator ratio was 14.0 students per educator. The ratio was highest in Alberta (16.5 students per educator) and lowest in Yukon (10.1 students per educator). The student–educator ratio in Canada has decreased every year since 2002/2003.

During this period, the largest increases in the number of educators at the provincial level were in Ontario (12.1%), Saskatchewan (11.7%) and Alberta (11.1%). At the same time, enrolment fell 4.4% in Ontario and 9.2% in Saskatchewan, but rose 1.7% in Alberta.

In 2007/2008, 70.8% of the educators in Canadian public schools were women, an increase of 2.8% since 2001/2002.

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Education costs

The cost of education continues to rise. Total expenditure in public elementary and secondary schools averaged \$11,614 per student in 2008/2009, up 8.1% from 2007/2008 and up 40.9% from 2002/2003. In 2008/2009, total expenditure per student varied across the provinces and was highest in the territories. At the provincial level, total expenditure per student ranged from a high of \$12,765 in Alberta to a low of \$10,210 in Prince Edward Island. The Northwest Territories had the highest expenditure per student at \$22,278.

University tuition fees are continuing to rise. Full-time Canadian undergraduate students paid, on average, 4.0% more in tuition fees in 2010/2011 compared with one year earlier. That amounts to an average undergraduate tuition cost of \$5,138.

Tuition fees rose in all but three provinces. Fees remained unchanged in New Brunswick and in Newfoundland and Labrador but fell 4.5% in Nova Scotia. Undergraduate students in Ontario paid the highest tuition fees (\$6,307) followed

Table 10.a
Population that has completed a university or college education, top 10 OECD countries, 2007

	%
Canada	48
Japan	41
New Zealand	41
United States	40
Korea	35
Australia	34
Norway	34
Denmark	32
Iceland	32
United Kingdom	32

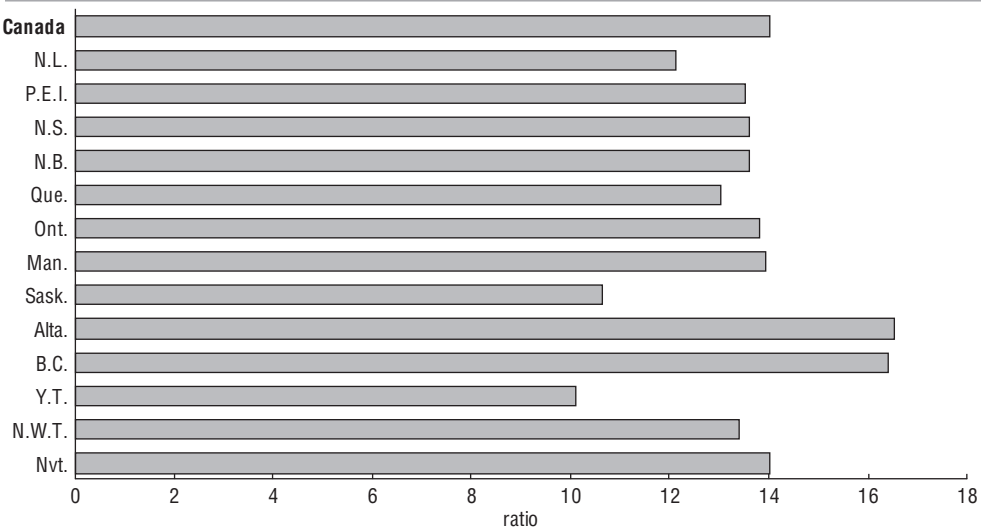
Note: Population aged 25 to 64.

Source: Data based on OECD (2009), *Education at a Glance 2009*.

by undergraduate students in New Brunswick (\$5,516). Meanwhile, undergraduate students in Quebec (\$2,415) and Newfoundland and Labrador (\$2,624) continued to pay the lowest tuition fees.

Graduate students also faced tuition increases. On average, Canadian graduate students paid \$5,182 in tuition costs in 2010/2011, a 6.6% increase over 2009/2010. Fees for graduate students were up in six provinces, ranging from an increase of 1.6% in Alberta to 10.6% in Ontario.

Chart 10.1
Student-educator ratio in public elementary and secondary schools, 2008/2009



Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-M.

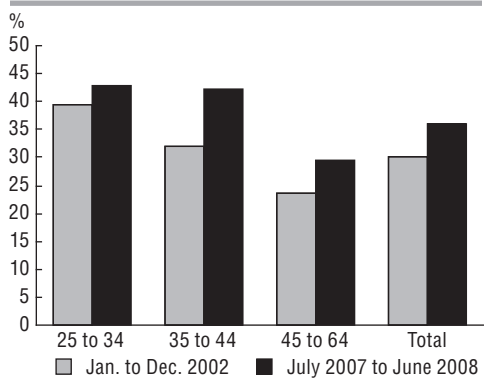
Education: a lifelong journey

More Canadians are updating their skills throughout their lives. In 2008, 36% of adults aged 25 to 64 participated in some form of job-related education or training, up from 30% in 2002.

Historically, younger workers are more likely to participate in job-related education or training. From 2002 to 2008, 43% of workers aged 25 to 34 undertook training. However, 42% of workers aged 35 to 44 had training, almost equalling the rate among younger workers for the first time. Workers aged 35 to 44 had the largest overall increase in participation rates.

In 2008, 91% of the job-related training activities taken by employees aged 25 to 64 were employer-sponsored, up from 88% in 2002. This growth was more pronounced among employed Canadians aged 35 to 44 and aged 45 to 64 than among younger employees aged 25 to

Chart 10.2
Participation in job-related education or training, by age group



Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-M.

34. Employer support for employees aged 25 to 64 who participated in education programs decreased slightly over the six-year period, whereas employer support for training activities increased.

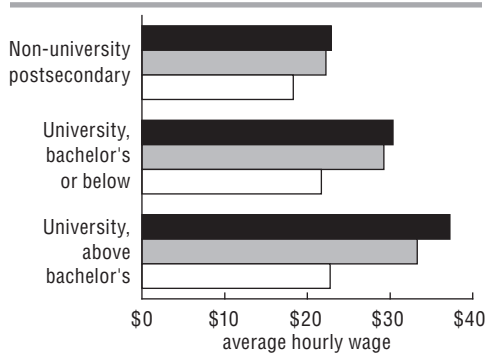
Matching jobs and education

Many people aged 25 to 54 are working at jobs mismatched to their education level. Among those with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree in 2006, 58% reported that they held a job closely related to their education and 19% had work somewhat related; 23% had a job not-at-all related.

The better the match, the better the wage. Those working in jobs closely related to their education level earned an average of \$27 per hour and those in somewhat related jobs earned \$26 per hour. The not-at-all related group earned \$20 per hour.

The higher the level of education, the more likely individuals would hold a job closely related to their education: 68% of university graduates above the bachelor's level worked in jobs closely related to their education, compared with 54% of non-

Chart 10.3
Hourly wage, by job-education match, 2006

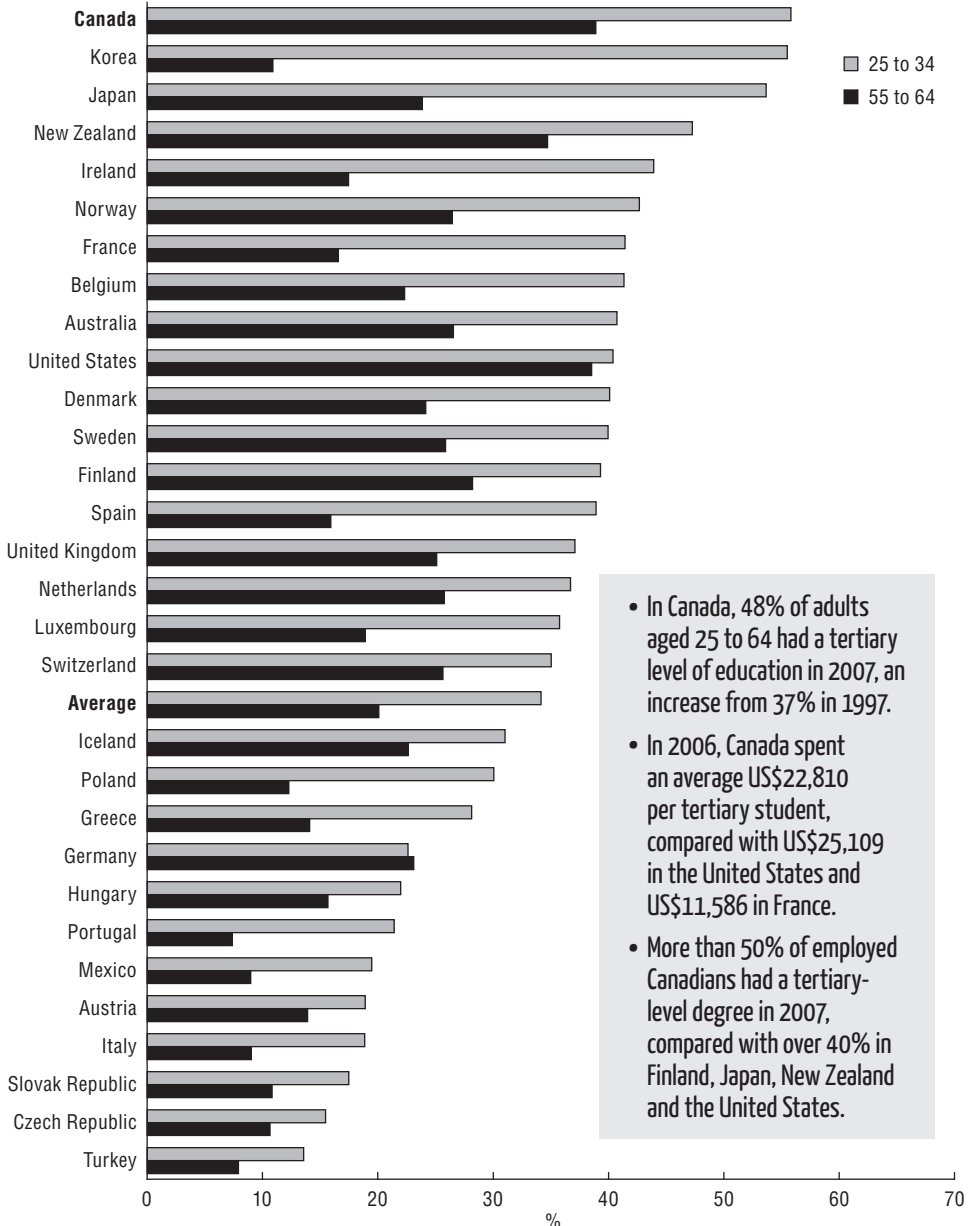


Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 75-001-X.

university postsecondary graduates. Those with a degree at or below the bachelor's level fell in-between, at 60%. Graduates from specialized programs also tended to work in jobs related to their education.

INTERNATIONAL perspective

Chart 10.4
Population that has attained tertiary education, by selected age group, 2007



- In Canada, 48% of adults aged 25 to 64 had a tertiary level of education in 2007, an increase from 37% in 1997.
- In 2006, Canada spent an average US\$22,810 per tertiary student, compared with US\$25,109 in the United States and US\$11,586 in France.
- More than 50% of employed Canadians had a tertiary-level degree in 2007, compared with over 40% in Finland, Japan, New Zealand and the United States.

Note: Education leading to qualifications for advanced research and professions with high skill requirements, and for more occupationally-oriented paths that lead to direct labour market access. Includes college and university education.

Source: Data based on OECD (2010), *OECD Factbook 2010*.

Table 10.1 Educational attainment of working-age population, by sex, 2000 to 2010

	Working-age population	0 to 8 years of study		Some high school		High school graduate	
	thousands	thousands	%	thousands	%	thousands	%
Both sexes							
2000	24,090	2,499	10.4	4,291	17.8	4,717	19.6
2001	24,439	2,370	9.7	4,274	17.5	4,740	19.4
2002	24,786	2,322	9.4	4,207	17.0	4,809	19.4
2003	25,099	2,264	9.0	4,022	16.0	4,808	19.2
2004	25,431	2,226	8.8	4,006	15.8	4,905	19.3
2005	25,780	2,167	8.4	3,945	15.3	5,119	19.9
2006	26,146	2,125	8.1	3,981	15.2	5,198	19.9
2007	26,520	2,030	7.7	3,895	14.7	5,233	19.7
2008	26,907	1,961	7.3	3,877	14.4	5,270	19.6
2009	27,298	1,894	6.9	3,850	14.1	5,448	20.0
2010	27,659	1,810	6.5	3,772	13.6	5,448	19.7
Males							
2000	11,840	1,179	10.0	2,159	18.2	2,209	18.7
2001	12,023	1,110	9.2	2,166	18.0	2,230	18.5
2002	12,198	1,092	8.9	2,134	17.5	2,259	18.5
2003	12,354	1,058	8.6	2,059	16.7	2,264	18.3
2004	12,517	1,034	8.3	2,052	16.4	2,318	18.5
2005	12,690	1,014	8.0	2,031	16.0	2,429	19.1
2006	12,872	984	7.6	2,036	15.8	2,490	19.3
2007	13,057	944	7.2	2,007	15.4	2,519	19.3
2008	13,250	908	6.9	2,013	15.2	2,536	19.1
2009	13,447	897	6.7	1,989	14.8	2,643	19.7
2010	13,625	862	6.3	1,958	14.4	2,643	19.4
Females							
2000	12,250	1,319	10.8	2,133	17.4	2,508	20.5
2001	12,416	1,260	10.1	2,108	17.0	2,510	20.2
2002	12,588	1,231	9.8	2,073	16.5	2,550	20.3
2003	12,745	1,206	9.5	1,963	15.4	2,544	20.0
2004	12,914	1,192	9.2	1,954	15.1	2,587	20.0
2005	13,090	1,153	8.8	1,914	14.6	2,690	20.5
2006	13,274	1,141	8.6	1,945	14.6	2,708	20.4
2007	13,463	1,086	8.1	1,888	14.0	2,714	20.2
2008	13,657	1,052	7.7	1,864	13.6	2,734	20.0
2009	13,851	997	7.2	1,861	13.4	2,805	20.3
2010	14,034	949	6.8	1,814	12.9	2,805	20.0

Note: Population aged 15 and older based on Labour Force Survey estimates.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 282-0004.

Some postsecondary		Postsecondary certificate or diploma		All university degrees		Bachelor's degree		Above bachelor's degree	
thousands	%	thousands	%	thousands	%	thousands	%	thousands	%
2,275	9.4	6,581	27.3	3,726	15.5	2,509	10.4	1,217	5.1
2,241	9.2	6,912	28.3	3,902	16.0	2,658	10.9	1,244	5.1
2,272	9.2	7,119	28.7	4,056	16.4	2,786	11.2	1,270	5.1
2,448	9.8	7,257	28.9	4,300	17.1	2,964	11.8	1,336	5.3
2,474	9.7	7,449	29.3	4,371	17.2	3,056	12.0	1,315	5.2
2,216	8.6	7,673	29.8	4,661	18.1	3,205	12.4	1,455	5.6
2,112	8.1	7,807	29.9	4,922	18.8	3,422	13.1	1,501	5.7
2,160	8.1	8,074	30.4	5,128	19.3	3,566	13.4	1,561	5.9
2,285	8.5	8,187	30.4	5,329	19.8	3,645	13.5	1,683	6.3
2,267	8.3	8,351	30.6	5,489	20.1	3,776	13.8	1,713	6.3
2,293	8.3	8,546	30.9	5,789	20.9	3,986	14.4	1,803	6.5
1,107	9.3	3,257	27.5	1,930	16.3	1,210	10.2	720	6.1
1,089	9.1	3,404	28.3	2,024	16.8	1,295	10.8	730	6.1
1,115	9.1	3,503	28.7	2,095	17.2	1,351	11.1	744	6.1
1,187	9.6	3,585	29.0	2,201	17.8	1,428	11.6	774	6.3
1,228	9.8	3,672	29.3	2,214	17.7	1,458	11.6	756	6.0
1,103	8.7	3,777	29.8	2,335	18.4	1,510	11.9	825	6.5
1,058	8.2	3,847	29.9	2,456	19.1	1,604	12.5	852	6.6
1,070	8.2	3,967	30.4	2,550	19.5	1,672	12.8	877	6.7
1,147	8.7	4,028	30.4	2,619	19.8	1,699	12.8	919	6.9
1,108	8.2	4,122	30.7	2,688	20.0	1,755	13.1	933	6.9
1,142	8.4	4,212	30.9	2,808	20.6	1,828	13.4	980	7.2
1,168	9.5	3,325	27.1	1,797	14.7	1,299	10.6	497	4.1
1,152	9.3	3,508	28.3	1,878	15.1	1,364	11.0	514	4.1
1,157	9.2	3,616	28.7	1,961	15.6	1,435	11.4	526	4.2
1,261	9.9	3,672	28.8	2,099	16.5	1,537	12.1	563	4.4
1,247	9.7	3,777	29.2	2,158	16.7	1,599	12.4	559	4.3
1,113	8.5	3,896	29.8	2,326	17.8	1,695	12.9	631	4.8
1,055	7.9	3,960	29.8	2,467	18.6	1,818	13.7	649	4.9
1,090	8.1	4,108	30.5	2,578	19.1	1,894	14.1	684	5.1
1,138	8.3	4,159	30.5	2,710	19.8	1,946	14.2	764	5.6
1,159	8.4	4,229	30.5	2,801	20.2	2,021	14.6	780	5.6
1,151	8.2	4,334	30.9	2,981	21.2	2,158	15.4	823	5.9

Table 10.2 Enrolment in publicly funded elementary and secondary schools, by province and territory, 1997/1998 to 2008/2009

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia ¹	New Brunswick
	number				
1997/1998	5,352,185	101,768	24,397	162,359	131,586
1998/1999	5,357,244	97,557	24,146	160,011	129,131
1999/2000	5,372,733	94,118	24,089	158,205	127,003
2000/2001	5,350,719	90,233	23,153	155,873	124,942
2001/2002	5,360,375	86,971	22,843	153,450	122,792
2002/2003	5,352,040	84,337	23,242	150,599	120,600
2003/2004	5,293,261	81,511	22,905	148,514	118,869
2004/2005	5,255,616	79,483	22,393	145,396	117,145
2005/2006	5,213,457	76,806	21,948	142,304	114,820
2006/2007	5,169,516	74,345	21,365	138,661	112,013
2007/2008	5,116,727	72,109	20,813	135,303	110,288
2008/2009	5,088,789	70,641	20,324	133,134	108,407

1. Includes enrolment in vocational programs for youth and adults.

2. Includes enrolment in adult programs and vocational programs for youth and adults.

3. Excludes publicly funded hospitals and provincial schools, care, treatment and correctional facilities.

4. Until 2000/2001, includes enrolment in adult programs and professional training under the authority of the school boards or districts.

5. Includes enrolments in adult programs.

6. Starting in 1999/2000, Northwest Territories excludes Nunavut.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-M.

Table 10.3 Graduates of publicly funded elementary and secondary schools, by province and territory, 1997/1998 to 2008/2009

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	number				
1997/1998	208,692	7,365	1,735	10,387	8,754
1998/1999	209,334	6,896	1,628	10,151	8,798
1999/2000	304,664	7,002	1,798	9,914	8,912
2000/2001	305,445	6,382	1,717	9,775	8,552
2001/2002	311,070	6,079	1,667	9,846	8,574
2002/2003	329,221	5,960	1,753	10,387	8,291
2003/2004	310,519	5,650	1,734	10,483	7,996
2004/2005	313,899	5,521	1,695	10,407	8,200
2005/2006	310,474	5,276	1,736	10,298	8,299
2006/2007	320,438	5,465	1,746	10,440	7,977
2007/2008	330,932	5,411	1,771	10,570	8,030
2008/2009	341,744	5,106	1,764	10,296	8,095

1. Excludes publicly funded hospitals and provincial schools, care, treatment and correctional facilities.

2. Historical revisions exclude students who graduated from Adult Learning Centres registered under the *Adult Learning Centres Act*, effective July 2001. Thus, the number of graduates and the associated graduation rate for Manitoba are understated as compared with other provinces and jurisdictions and should not be considered directly comparable.

3. The graduation rate in the final year is slightly understated because some schools had not submitted course information before the data collection cutoff for this report.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-M.

Quebec ²	Ontario ³	Manitoba ⁴	Saskatchewan ⁵	Alberta	British Columbia ⁵	Yukon	Northwest Territories ⁵	Nunavut
number								
1,260,479	2,095,630	192,311	196,013	532,301	631,445	6,333	17,563	...
1,250,248	2,111,622	192,630	194,797	543,387	629,545	6,102	18,068	...
1,247,757	2,131,626	197,067	192,885	564,402	628,269	5,975	9,753	9,584
1,237,981	2,143,599	189,912	186,586	549,633	624,618	5,764	9,672	8,753
1,244,689	2,163,108	188,907	183,024	548,122	622,416	5,608	9,707	8,738
1,244,943	2,164,940	186,892	184,605	554,397	613,227	5,610	9,747	8,901
1,240,820	2,129,742	186,287	182,128	552,592	605,536	5,520	9,718	9,119
1,232,663	2,123,904	184,352	178,709	550,983	596,168	5,459	9,607	9,354
1,215,922	2,118,544	182,371	175,588	551,740	589,379	5,335	9,571	9,129
1,204,540	2,103,464	180,043	172,109	560,563	578,797	5,227	9,332	9,065
1,188,853	2,087,588	179,320	168,622	559,118	571,415	5,227	9,048	9,023
1,186,886	2,070,736	177,962	167,553	564,051	566,048	5,005	8,762	9,280

Quebec	Ontario ¹	Manitoba ²	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia ³	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
number								
90,884	..	11,970	12,452	28,152	36,360	245	297	91
92,191	..	11,829	12,807	26,561	37,740	290	315	128
69,000	114,404	11,807	13,105	28,321	39,716	258	293	134
67,710	115,599	12,117	12,957	29,199	40,737	256	327	117
64,371	124,783	10,579	12,739	29,759	42,001	266	269	137
61,586	143,187	11,052	12,445	31,109	42,725	264	321	141
64,173	123,238	11,373	12,107	32,033	40,920	315	363	134
65,144	124,902	11,191	12,223	31,847	41,882	316	393	178
66,971	118,099	11,183	12,486	32,287	42,929	311	414	185
69,683	126,048	11,523	12,106	33,115	41,413	316	407	199
73,118	131,283	11,882	11,974	33,344	42,540	347	451	211
74,140	141,572	11,995	11,660	33,722	42,365	323	459	247

Table 10.4 Graduation rate, by province and territory, 2000/2001 to 2008/2009

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick
	%				
2000/2001	72.0	78.1	85.4	77.5	82.3
2001/2002	72.8	76.9	81.0	76.9	82.8
2002/2003	76.4	79.0	83.3	81.7	82.2
2003/2004	72.6	78.9	84.5	83.3	81.5
2004/2005	73.9	80.3	86.8	83.2	85.3
2005/2006	71.1	77.5	87.8	81.4	85.4
2006/2007	70.7	78.8	85.3	80.7	80.9
2007/2008	71.8	78.6	84.4	81.8	80.6
2008/2009	74.8	78.6	82.1	82.1	82.7

Notes: The number of graduates is as of the end of a school year while the population estimates are as of July 1 of the corresponding school year. Late graduates are included in the calculations while graduates from private schools are not. For this reason, this methodology underestimates the "final" graduation rate and should not be used to infer dropout rate. Data are not comparable between jurisdictions.

1. Historical revisions exclude students who graduated from Adult Learning Centres registered under the *Adult Learning Centres Act*, effective July 2001. Thus, the number of graduates and the associated graduation rate for Manitoba are understated as compared with other provinces and jurisdictions and should not be considered directly comparable.
2. The graduation rate in the final year is slightly understated because some schools had not submitted course information before the data collection cutoff for this report.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-MWE.

Table 10.5 Dropouts, by sex, 1991/1992 to 2009/2010

	1991/1992	1993/1994	1995/1996	1997/1998
	thousands			
Dropouts	320.2	278.8	245.1	240.9
Males	185.1	162.7	143.5	146.1
Females	135.2	116.1	101.6	94.8
	%			
Dropout rate	15.9	14.1	12.5	12.3
Males	18.2	16.2	14.5	14.6
Females	13.6	11.9	10.5	9.8

Note: "Dropouts" comprises those aged 20 to 24 without a high school diploma and not in school.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey.

Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba ¹	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
%								
72.2	72.0	73.7	80.6	64.1	71.8	52.9	50.0	22.8
69.0	75.8	70.8	79.3	64.3	73.2	52.9	40.7	25.4
66.3	85.4	65.7	78.5	65.1	76.7	52.2	47.7	25.0
70.9	73.2	67.3	77.7	66.4	74.7	68.0	52.5	23.3
73.6	74.1	66.4	80.5	66.1	76.3	65.2	54.0	29.2
73.2	68.5	65.1	80.7	65.4	75.6 ²	63.8	57.9	28.5
70.9	70.6	64.4	76.2	65.1	71.0 ²	67.7	55.4	29.8
71.1	72.6	65.2	75.7	65.7	72.7 ²	71.9	57.8	31.8
71.8	79.0	66.1	76.3	67.4	73.3 ²	67.3	56.6	39.3

1999/2000	2001/2002	2003/2004	2005/2006	2007/2008	2009/2010
thousands					
229.9	223.7	207.2	200.3	207.9	193.4
142.0	134.6	127.2	124.6	125.6	119.5
87.9	89.1	80.0	75.7	82.3	73.9
%					
11.5	10.8	9.7	9.1	9.3	8.5
13.9	12.7	11.7	11.2	11.1	10.3
8.9	8.8	7.6	7.0	7.5	6.6

Table 10.6 Registered apprenticeship training, registrations, by major trade group, 2004 to 2008

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	number				
Total major trade groups	267,774	293,838	328,167	358,557	390,705
Automotive service	34,746	37,254	39,891	41,685	44,007
Carpenters	35,739	40,485	44,223	48,669	51,390
Early childhood educators and assistants	2,967	3,681	4,440	5,214	6,174
Electricians	44,922	49,038	53,898	59,424	58,158
Electronics and instrumentation	3,894	4,218	4,638	4,872	5,586
Exterior finishing	9,909	11,073	12,123	12,909	13,743
Food service	10,599	10,947	11,892	12,504	15,015
Hairstylists and estheticians	15,051	15,954	16,797	16,374	18,006
Heavy duty equipment mechanics	7,335	8,460	10,197	11,505	12,492
Heavy equipment and crane operators	9,870	10,701	11,646	11,781	11,025
Interior finishing	13,146	14,229	15,309	15,471	17,553
Landscape and horticulture technicians and specialists	2,064	2,160	2,454	2,265	2,577
Machinists	10,122	10,488	10,824	10,893	11,724
Metal workers (other)	5,388	5,796	6,399	7,473	8,355
Millwrights	9,726	10,170	11,409	11,427	12,363
Oil and gas well drillers, servicers, testers and related workers	0	450	2,193	3,774	5,445
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	24,603	27,783	31,161	35,106	38,562
Refrigeration and air conditioning mechanics	4,734	5,208	5,628	6,168	6,774
Sheet metal workers	6,168	6,552	7,227	8,007	8,652
User support technicians	645	753	2,937	8,448	10,656
Welders	9,525	10,944	14,142	16,371	18,030
Other major trade groups ¹	6,621	7,497	8,745	8,217	14,415

Notes: The major trade groups referenced in this table are a special grouping created from the National Occupation Classification.

For 2008, the Emploi-Québec regulated trades, as part of the overall Quebec total trades, are now being reported as detailed individual trades and are less aggregated than in previous years. Additional changes to the Emploi-Québec reporting have decreased the number of the already registered apprentices in 2008, especially in the industrial electrician and crane operator trades.

1. The trade group "other" consists of miscellaneous trades and occupations not classified elsewhere. Many of the apprenticeship trades and occupations that have been introduced since the 1990s have been added to this group. Some of these new trades and occupations include child and youth worker, pork production technician and those related to motion picture and theatre, such as assistant cameraperson, grip and set dresser.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0053.

Table 10.7 Registered apprenticeship training, completions, by major trade group, 2004 to 2008

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	number				
Total major trade groups	19,704	20,556	20,853	24,495	29,145
Automotive service	2,646	2,706	2,610	3,396	3,261
Carpenters	1,542	1,743	1,965	2,469	2,871
Early childhood educators and assistants	168	150	240	261	282
Electricians	3,534	3,813	4,137	4,611	4,926
Electronics and instrumentation	246	312	351	315	420
Exterior finishing	429	525	525	642	837
Food service	531	561	477	591	717
Hairstylists and estheticians	1,659	1,704	1,581	2,082	2,106
Heavy duty equipment mechanics	639	714	762	828	981
Heavy equipment and crane operators	762	957	972	1,005	1,008
Interior finishing	549	633	630	714	900
Landscape and horticulture technicians and specialists	66	63	69	108	267
Machinists	861	729	630	696	861
Metal workers (other)	642	627	483	594	615
Millwrights	1,044	915	939	1,020	1,098
Oil and gas well drillers, servicers, testers and related workers	0	0	0	3	69
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	1,869	2,025	2,172	2,481	3,435
Refrigeration and air conditioning mechanics	423	465	447	537	495
Sheet metal workers	426	369	453	522	552
User support technicians	21	12	3	9	402
Welders	1,149	1,134	1,005	1,206	1,461
Other major trade groups ¹	495	408	405	399	1,578

Notes: The major trade groups referenced in this table are a special grouping created from the National Occupation Classification.

For 2008, the Emploi-Québec regulated trades, as part of the overall Quebec total trades, are now being reported as detailed individual trades and are less aggregated than in previous years. Additional changes to the Emploi-Québec reporting have decreased the number of the already registered apprentices in 2008, especially in the industrial electrician and crane operator trades.

1. The trade group "other" consists of miscellaneous trades and occupations not classified elsewhere. Many of the apprenticeship trades and occupations that have been introduced since the 1990s have been added to this group. Some of these new trades and occupations include child and youth worker, pork production technician and those related to motion picture and theatre, such as assistant cameraperson, grip and set dresser.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0054.

Table 10.8 College enrolment, by instructional program, 1997/1998 to 2008/2009

	1997/1998	1998/1999	1999/2000
	number		
Total, instructional programs	490,221	494,955	497,250
Personal improvement and leisure	60	504	543
Education	11,664	11,841	12,318
Visual and performing arts and communications technologies	26,352	26,838	27,642
Humanities	156,924	152,622	154,014
Social and behavioural sciences and law	21,492	21,945	21,846
Business, management and public administration	103,998	102,333	101,958
Physical and life sciences and technologies	6,606	6,930	6,780
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	25,182	28,785	30,594
Architecture, engineering and related technologies	60,606	63,585	62,514
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	8,295	8,067	8,115
Health, parks, recreation and fitness	36,873	37,080	42,030
Personal, protective and transportation services	17,283	18,654	19,791
Other instructional programs	14,889	15,777	9,111

Note: Enrolments on October 31. Data for Northern College of Applied Arts and Technology (Ontario) for years 2000/2001 to 2006/2007 are now available. The following data are not included: for years 2000/2001 to 2008/2009: Justice Institute of British Columbia; for year 2001/2002: Ontario Schools of Radiation Therapy. The following institutions changed their institutional type from college to university starting in 2008/2009 and their data are no longer included: Capilano College, Malaspina University College, Emily Carr Institute of Art and Design, Kwantlen University College, University College of the Fraser Valley.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0015.

Table 10.9 College enrolment, by program level, 1995/1996 to 2008/2009

	1995/1996	1996/1997	1997/1998	1998/1999	1999/2000
	number				
All program levels	478,971	484,389	490,221	494,955	497,250
College certificate or diploma and other college level	478,971	484,389	490,221	494,955	497,007
College postsecondary program	339,420	342,522	345,747	354,147	350,439
College post-diploma program	..	..	..	..	..
Collaborative degree program	..	..	..	..	..
College university transfer program	139,551	141,867	144,474	140,808	146,556
College preliminary year	..	..	..	..	12
Undergraduate level	..	..	..	..	..
Graduate level	..	..	..	..	..
Other program level	..	..	..	..	243

Note: Enrolments on October 31. Data for Northern College of Applied Arts and Technology (Ontario) for years 2000/2001 to 2006/2007 are now available. The following data are not included: for years 2000/2001 to 2008/2009: Justice Institute of British Columbia; for year 2001/2002: Ontario Schools of Radiation Therapy. The following institutions changed their institutional type from college to university starting in 2008/2009 and their data are no longer included: Capilano College, Malaspina University College, Emily Carr Institute of Art and Design, Kwantlen University College, University College of the Fraser Valley.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM, table 477-0015.

2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009
number								
545,445	562,476	573,843	608,292	608,388	605,925	611,832	626,514	605,316
3,267	4,194	4,164	3,072	2,916	3,762	5,121	7,269	6,486
12,012	12,336	13,449	13,944	14,280	13,248	11,916	11,916	11,862
33,831	34,548	32,976	34,503	35,742	35,025	34,785	35,430	32,448
138,711	140,562	145,110	152,268	143,919	139,011	141,318	142,746	132,522
32,772	34,350	36,192	38,046	41,049	40,050	41,745	39,678	37,836
112,215	109,542	112,515	115,137	119,010	119,340	120,489	122,808	118,371
5,637	5,304	5,457	5,577	5,427	4,917	4,752	4,845	4,626
37,131	36,897	34,215	28,704	25,926	23,061	20,439	19,485	19,428
62,634	62,085	63,309	63,231	63,879	62,721	62,829	63,861	63,885
9,726	9,885	9,201	9,315	9,150	8,418	8,118	8,025	7,461
50,076	56,409	60,681	62,994	66,705	65,898	67,545	68,823	69,045
19,851	20,544	21,720	23,124	26,904	25,896	25,389	26,046	25,944
27,576	35,823	34,845	58,380	53,484	64,575	67,383	75,579	75,399

2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009
number								
545,445	562,476	573,843	608,292	608,388	605,925	611,832	626,514	605,316
505,815	511,668	521,871	528,732	529,410	519,084	516,198	518,808	506,121
378,327	383,718	389,658	392,658	396,771	386,511	381,741	378,189	373,740
957	1,317	1,323	2,112	2,463	3,735	4,950	5,661	5,784
..	96	111	624	579	660	1,038	1,377	1,443
121,425	121,305	124,722	127,308	123,411	121,983	121,263	124,284	115,020
5,109	5,232	6,057	6,030	6,186	6,195	7,203	9,294	10,131
15,069	16,386	18,075	20,361	25,353	21,861	27,384	30,027	23,808
141	171	198	279	264	309	345	321	54
24,417	34,248	33,696	58,920	53,361	64,674	67,905	77,358	75,336

Table 10.10 University enrolment, by instructional program, 1996/1997 to 2008/2009

	1996/1997	1997/1998	1998/1999	1999/2000	2000/2001
	number				
All instructional programs	829,767	822,774	826,362	847,032	850,620
Personal improvement and leisure	..	..	..	..	0
Education	70,428	67,623	65,673	66,282	66,486
Visual and performing arts and communications technologies	24,882	24,984	25,359	25,410	26,922
Humanities	135,750	130,038	130,350	126,303	131,697
Social and behavioural sciences and law	136,992	132,135	129,795	132,369	135,402
Business, management and public administration	121,188	124,626	128,556	134,169	134,784
Physical and life sciences and technologies	76,842	76,536	75,537	76,200	76,116
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	32,622	34,407	37,473	41,619	43,260
Architecture, engineering and related technologies	62,088	63,438	65,223	67,170	69,804
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	15,831	16,731	16,362	16,419	15,504
Health, parks, recreation and fitness	74,694	74,781	74,826	74,832	74,670
Personal, protective and transportation services	189	351	345	372	1,047
Other instructional programs	78,255	77,118	76,863	85,887	74,928

1. Enrolment figures do not include the University of Regina.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0013.

Table 10.11 University enrolment, by program level, 1996/1997 to 2008/2009

	1996/1997	1997/1998	1998/1999	1999/2000	2000/2001
	number				
All program levels	829,767	822,774	826,362	847,032	850,620
Trade/vocational and preparatory training certificate or diploma	..	..	..	147	204
Community college certificate or diploma and other community college	2,457	2,352	2,232	2,289	2,295
Undergraduate level	639,588	633,018	633,495	650,391	657,231
Bachelor's and other undergraduate degree	575,886	572,331	574,116	586,983	593,940
Other undergraduate level	63,702	60,687	59,379	63,411	63,291
Graduate level	112,068	112,692	113,481	116,304	118,152
Master's degree	69,093	69,852	71,292	74,331	75,195
Earned doctorate	27,198	27,003	26,505	26,493	26,598
Other graduate levels ²	15,777	15,834	15,681	15,483	16,356
Other program levels ³	75,651	74,712	77,154	77,898	72,741

1. Enrolment figures do not include the University of Regina.

2. Includes master's qualifying year, university graduate level certificate or diploma, PhD (Doctor of Philosophy) qualifying year or probationary, internship (Postgraduate Medical Education, known as post-MD) and residency (medical, dental, veterinary).

3. Includes program levels not applicable and non-program courses (non-credit courses or courses taken without seeking a credit).

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0013.

Education, training and learning

2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006 ¹	2006/2007 ¹	2007/2008 ¹	2008/2009 ¹
number							
886,665	936,393	993,714	1,021,521	1,050,225	1,066,905	1,072,488	1,112,370
66	69	51	93	306	213	222	2,892
69,387	71,925	76,674	73,119	74,052	75,222	75,129	75,492
28,026	32,463	34,332	37,041	37,443	37,830	37,800	41,859
138,489	146,916	161,928	161,073	170,355	170,916	167,664	176,817
138,846	149,796	163,173	176,919	182,010	187,770	189,996	191,016
141,504	152,271	161,211	165,306	168,678	175,428	177,537	189,201
77,307	79,407	84,552	88,188	90,441	92,328	93,372	94,113
46,254	45,945	44,139	40,983	36,636	34,242	32,724	33,219
74,598	80,916	85,629	86,520	85,533	86,313	88,470	91,890
14,949	14,580	14,760	14,910	15,252	15,708	16,032	17,091
81,060	85,353	92,469	98,775	104,748	109,176	113,157	118,941
1,185	1,317	1,299	1,827	1,761	2,244	2,217	2,823
74,991	75,432	73,491	76,767	83,007	79,518	78,165	77,016

2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006 ¹	2006/2007 ¹	2007/2008 ¹	2008/2009 ¹
number							
886,665	936,393	993,714	1,021,521	1,050,225	1,066,905	1,072,488	1,112,370
90	159	168	108	858	768	795	6,927
2,088	4,719	2,946	2,379	4,521	4,257	4,215	24,252
680,682	719,127	770,664	788,490	803,799	814,233	812,820	822,501
618,237	653,265	702,384	724,404	743,958	756,708	756,579	766,935
62,442	65,859	68,277	64,086	59,838	57,522	56,241	55,566
124,605	134,955	142,833	151,146	153,969	158,922	166,848	170,076
79,533	85,800	89,565	94,053	94,197	96,273	101,403	102,654
27,390	29,340	32,016	34,734	36,795	38,985	41,112	42,801
17,679	19,815	21,249	22,362	22,977	23,664	24,333	24,621
79,206	77,433	77,103	79,395	87,078	88,722	87,807	88,617

Table 10.12 University degrees, diplomas and certificates granted, 1995 to 2008

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
	number					
All instructional programs	178,065	178,113	173,934	172,074	173,577	176,556
Personal improvement and leisure	..	..	..	..	..	..
Education	26,454	25,713	23,742	21,636	22,290	22,542
Visual and performing arts and communications technologies	5,241	5,199	5,205	5,256	5,202	5,373
Humanities	22,386	22,377	20,988	20,364	19,593	20,064
Social and behavioural sciences and law	39,678	38,988	37,872	37,899	36,702	36,315
Business, management and public administration	30,252	30,054	29,916	30,492	31,629	33,213
Physical and life sciences and technologies	13,662	14,631	15,183	15,552	14,607	14,730
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	7,194	6,996	6,867	6,966	7,710	8,448
Architecture, engineering and related technologies	13,293	13,341	12,912	13,026	12,798	13,305
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	2,754	3,036	3,240	3,258	3,825	4,008
Health, parks, recreation and fitness	16,563	16,734	16,746	16,497	16,920	16,518
Personal, protective and transportation services	54	75	102	81	90	81
Other instructional programs	537	966	1,158	1,047	2,211	1,959

1. Qualifications figures do not include the University of Regina.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0014.

Table 10.13 University degrees, diplomas and certificates granted, by province, 1995 to 2008

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
	number					
Canada	178,065	178,113	173,934	172,074	173,577	176,556
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,571	2,907	2,952	3,000	3,114	2,931
Prince Edward Island	585	528	570	405	540	534
Nova Scotia	7,887	7,725	7,785	7,812	7,824	7,638
New Brunswick	4,149	4,428	4,311	4,032	3,975	4,032
Quebec	56,856	56,253	53,589	51,066	50,958	50,847
Ontario	66,861	67,668	65,562	65,898	65,697	67,221
Manitoba	6,315	6,030	5,895	5,640	5,442	5,340
Saskatchewan ¹	5,784	5,715	5,337	5,445	5,547	5,793
Alberta	12,270	12,240	12,816	13,002	13,560	14,052
British Columbia	14,784	14,616	15,117	15,780	16,917	18,171

1. Qualifications awarded since 2005 do not include the University of Regina.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 477-0014.

Education, training and learning

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 ¹	2006 ¹	2007 ¹	2008 ¹
number							
178,098	186,462	199,137	211,902	216,240	227,085	242,787	244,380
..	..	..	3	33	45	48	549
22,344	23,661	25,149	26,079	25,929	27,027	27,606	27,723
5,907	6,324	7,011	8,214	7,917	8,298	8,826	9,348
20,088	20,916	22,563	23,643	24,303	25,479	27,381	26,199
35,865	37,008	38,619	40,965	42,087	45,714	50,730	50,169
34,791	37,557	40,938	44,364	45,369	45,897	48,822	49,968
14,697	14,079	14,496	14,619	15,675	17,055	18,915	18,627
9,021	9,987	10,602	10,938	10,041	9,474	8,616	8,214
13,833	14,745	16,386	17,616	17,976	18,579	19,527	20,142
3,888	3,663	3,777	3,690	3,369	3,693	3,954	4,059
16,314	17,346	18,267	20,169	21,876	23,916	26,253	26,841
228	270	270	360	327	474	492	882
1,122	903	1,053	1,248	1,341	1,437	1,620	1,659

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
number							
178,098	186,462	199,137	211,902	216,240	227,085	242,787	244,380
2,862	2,898	2,976	3,111	3,126	3,597	3,585	3,399
606	555	624	672	750	792	798	831
7,680	7,878	8,766	9,576	9,522	10,110	10,455	9,738
4,098	4,398	4,557	4,944	5,244	5,463	5,268	5,439
51,153	54,009	57,786	61,212	62,973	62,832	63,684	64,407
68,286	71,109	76,134	80,436	84,138	89,244	102,153	99,387
5,397	5,544	5,907	6,309	6,339	6,771	6,948	7,308
5,694	5,739	5,868	5,778	3,747	3,747	3,741	3,906
15,087	16,344	17,199	18,705	18,015	19,185	19,917	18,510
17,238	17,982	19,317	21,159	22,386	25,350	26,238	31,455

Table 10.14 Undergraduate tuition fees for Canadian full-time students, by discipline, 2006/2007 to 2010/2011

	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011
	average (\$)				
Undergraduate tuition fees	4,400	4,558	4,747	4,942	5,138
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	3,869	4,064	4,366	4,697	4,791
Architecture and related services	3,839	3,999	4,503	4,826	5,140
Humanities	4,336	4,342	4,364	4,525	4,660
Business, management and public administration	4,195	4,637	4,978	5,191	5,422
Education	3,373	3,545	3,652	3,739	3,859
Engineering	4,943	5,099	5,319	5,577	5,881
Law	7,155	7,382	8,030	8,229	8,697
Medicine	9,659	10,029	9,821	9,815	10,244
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	3,991	4,239	4,377	4,592	4,768
Physical and life sciences and technology	4,270	4,534	4,679	4,885	5,041
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	4,650	4,746	4,987	5,299	5,550
Social and behavioural sciences	4,041	4,165	4,251	4,431	4,590
Other health, parks, recreation and fitness	4,996	4,400	4,539	4,477	4,715
Dentistry	..	12,516	13,290	13,917	14,701
Nursing	..	4,267	4,422	4,558	4,679
Pharmacy	..	4,215	8,366	8,783	9,250
Veterinary medicine	..	4,296	4,422	5,358	5,611

Note: Using the most current enrolment data available, average tuition fees have been weighted by the number of students enrolled by institution and field of study. Fees at both public and private institutions are included in the weighted average calculations.

Source: Statistics Canada, Centre for Education Statistics.

Table 10.15 Undergraduate tuition fees for Canadian full-time students, by province, 2006/2007 to 2010/2011

	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011
	average (\$)				
Canada	4,400	4,558	4,747	4,942	5,138
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,633	2,632	2,619	2,624	2,624
Prince Edward Island	4,920	4,440	4,530	4,969	5,131
Nova Scotia	6,422	6,110	5,877	5,752	5,495
New Brunswick	5,470	5,590	5,479	5,516	5,516
Quebec	1,932	2,056	2,180	2,309	2,415
Ontario	5,155	5,388	5,667	5,985	6,307
Manitoba	3,319	3,271	3,238	3,408	3,588
Saskatchewan	4,774	5,015	5,064	5,173	5,431
Alberta	4,763	5,122	5,308	5,240	5,318
British Columbia	4,740	4,922	4,746	4,706	4,802

Note: Using the most current enrolment data available, average tuition fees have been weighted by the number of students enrolled by institution and field of study. Fees at both public and private institutions are included in the weighted average calculations.

Source: Statistics Canada, Centre for Education Statistics.

Table 10.16 Payroll employment in educational and related services, by province and territory, 2006 to 2010

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	number				
Canada	1,084,942	1,111,718	1,137,454	1,153,367	1,163,562
Newfoundland and Labrador	18,790	18,907	19,983	21,166	21,143
Prince Edward Island	4,466	4,636	x	5,112	5,216
Nova Scotia	38,964	37,642	38,429	38,023	38,031
New Brunswick	24,327	24,249	24,972	25,438	25,264
Quebec	260,997	265,890	270,977	274,868	275,355
Ontario	403,082	415,559	426,352	431,202	441,514
Manitoba	44,242	44,592	46,159	47,956	47,189
Saskatchewan	38,818	39,897	40,328	43,191	42,650
Alberta	112,382	117,496	121,893	123,796	125,808
British Columbia	134,665	138,489	139,086	137,925	136,189
Yukon	1,234	1,300	x	x	1,338

Notes: Annual number of salaried and hourly employees on payroll.

Excludes owners or partners of unincorporated businesses and professional practices, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, people working outside Canada, military personnel, and casual workers for whom a T4 is not required.

Data for Northwest Territories and Nunavut are not available.

Source: Statistics Canada, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 10.17 School board expenditures, 2004 to 2008

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	\$ thousands				
Canada	39,601,729	41,577,439	43,643,973^r	45,702,385^r	47,970,994
Newfoundland and Labrador	557,051	556,103	565,234	590,824	634,457
Prince Edward Island	153,141	152,373	156,184	163,228	171,712
Nova Scotia ¹	938,351	986,069	1,027,916	1,073,247	1,117,250 ¹
New Brunswick	686,221	724,985	763,453	801,322	861,215
Quebec	8,248,004	8,395,677	8,975,257	9,802,316	10,142,625
Ontario	17,168,480	18,329,189	19,189,364	19,689,859	20,345,126
Manitoba	1,541,394	1,591,130	1,651,879	1,689,899 ^r	1,759,692
Saskatchewan	1,342,119	1,404,765	1,414,962	1,516,305 ^r	1,665,026
Alberta	4,264,630	4,508,181	4,725,947	5,018,714	5,702,000
British Columbia	4,389,236	4,600,001	4,833,374	4,992,098	5,189,667
Yukon	77,505	85,824	83,688	86,144	87,836
Northwest Territories including Nunavut	235,597	243,142	256,715	278,429	294,388

Notes: School boards represent schools that are part of the elementary and secondary public school system. The expenditures in this table exclude those of other types of publicly run elementary and secondary schools, such as federal schools and special needs education schools, as well as the elementary and secondary schools that are in the private school system.

Data are on a calendar basis, January 1 to December 31.

1. Estimated.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 478-0012.

Table 10.18 School board expenditures, by function, 2004 to 2008

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	\$ thousands				
Total expenditures	39,601,729	41,577,439	43,643,973	45,702,385	47,970,994
Business administration	1,276,647	1,325,678	1,380,309	1,419,726	1,468,279
Instruction and educational services ¹	28,115,520	29,420,172	30,808,880	32,236,322	33,605,980
Adult education	618,826	639,245	673,446	702,751	725,413
Food services	1,043,253	1,109,804	1,047,021	1,044,564	1,106,073
School facilities service	3,690,388	3,845,088	4,000,429	4,159,573	4,335,874
Transportation	1,785,083	1,890,821	1,970,829	2,048,185	2,214,761
Capital outlay (non-allocable)	2,134,111	2,387,850	2,777,110	3,049,063	3,651,237
Debt charges on capital (non-allocable)	937,901	958,781	985,949	1,042,201	863,377

Notes: School boards represent schools that are part of the elementary and secondary public school system. The expenditures in this table exclude those of other types of publicly run elementary and secondary schools, such as federal schools and special needs education schools, as well as the elementary and secondary schools that are in the private school system.

Data are on a calendar basis, January 1 to December 31.

1. Include instructional administration expenditures.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 478-0011.

Table 10.19 Expenditures per student in public elementary and secondary schools, by province and territory, 2004/2005 to 2008/2009

	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009
	\$				
Canada	9,136	9,745	10,309	10,740	11,614
Newfoundland and Labrador	8,077	8,667	9,213	10,301	11,404
Prince Edward Island	7,546	7,655	8,594	9,137	10,210
Nova Scotia ¹	7,953	8,835	9,409	10,007	10,761
New Brunswick	8,677	9,150	9,760	10,168	11,285
Quebec	8,754	9,152	10,137	10,615	11,140
Ontario	9,341	9,963	10,393	10,657	11,480
Manitoba	9,405	10,039	10,831	10,996	12,277
Saskatchewan	9,092	9,370	10,282	10,572	11,678
Alberta	9,489	10,293	10,296	11,086	12,765
British Columbia	9,120	9,937	10,462	11,030	11,637
Yukon	15,837	18,533	20,772	20,539	20,374
Northwest Territories	14,318	14,647	16,297	18,256	22,278
Nunavut	13,040	13,418	14,735	15,610	15,875

Note: Comparisons between jurisdictions should be made with caution. Factors that influence spending on education, such as the size of the school-age population, need to be taken into account.

1. Data prior to 2005/2006 are not comparable with more recent data because of a change in methodology.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-MWE.

Table 10.20 Expenditures in public elementary and secondary schools per capita, by province and territory, 2004/2005 to 2008/2009

	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009
	\$				
Canada	1,396	1,463	1,514	1,541	1,630
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,208	1,262	1,309	1,418	1,529
Prince Edward Island	1,224	1,218	1,329	1,364	1,472
Nova Scotia ¹	1,233	1,340	1,394	1,446	1,527
New Brunswick	1,359	1,409	1,466	1,501	1,632
Quebec	1,230	1,263	1,363	1,390	1,420
Ontario	1,500	1,579	1,617	1,628	1,721
Manitoba	1,423	1,495	1,579	1,581	1,729
Saskatchewan	1,578	1,599 ²	17,022	16,922	18,182
Alberta	1,520	1,603	1,585	1,661	1,878
British Columbia	1,262	1,345	1,369	1,401	1,440
Yukon	2,617	2,956	3,213	3,105	2,908
Northwest Territories	3,042	3,082	3,442	3,728	4,425
Nunavut	3,872	3,825	4,110	4,291	4,398

1. Data prior to 2005/2006 are not comparable with more recent data because of a change in methodology.

2. Figure has been adjusted to reflect the change in school year reporting period.

Source: Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 81-595-MWE.