



Student worksheet 2: Infant survival in Canada, 1926 to 1940

- Using the *Canada Year Book 1947*, Table 4 on page 143, calculate the percentage of infants who did not survive until 1 year of age in each of the three five-year periods from 1926 to 1940.
- Go to the column on the far right, which shows the five-year average results for Canada. Use the information in this column to complete the table below. Remember to convert the rate per 1,000 live births to a percentage by moving the decimal (e.g., a rate of 45.6 per 1,000 would become 4.56%).
- Find the infant mortality rate for 2004 at www.statcan.ca > Summary tables > Tables by subject > Health > [Measures of health](#). Include this with your data.

	1926 to 1930	1931 to 1935	1936 to 1940	2004
Infant death rate per 1,000 live births				
Percentage that died before age 1				

- Convert infant mortality to infant survival:

	1926 to 1930	1931 to 1935	1936 to 1940	2004
Infant survival rate per 1,000 live births				
Percentage that survived past age 1				

5. Show your infant survival data as a bar chart:



6. Did the infant survival rate increase or decrease over time?

What do you think caused this change in the rate?

7. You will notice some big differences among provinces in this period. Choose a province and fill in the table below with data from the *Canada Year Book 1947*, Table 5 on page 143. Find the infant mortality rate for 2004 at www.statcan.ca > Summary tables > Tables by subject > Health > [Measures of health](#). Include this with your data.

The province I chose is _____.

	Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births		Infant survival rate per 1,000 live births	
	Province	Canada	Province	Canada
1926 to 1930				
1931 to 1935				
1936 to 1940				
2004				

Are the infant survival rates for that province higher or lower than the Canadian average?

What province had the highest infant survival rates from 1926 to 1940?

What province had the lowest infant survival rates from 1926 to 1940?
