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An overview of recent macroeconomic developments in Canada

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Standard symbols

The following symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published
- * significantly different from reference category (p < 0.05)

Organization

Objective — Highlight recent macroeconomic developments, focusing on:

- Trends in the post-recession period (2010 to current)
- Key developments through the first half of 2014

Major themes

- (1) Economic growth and labour market conditions
- (2) Financial conditions in the household sector
- (3) International dimensions of Canada's economy

Developments in the Canadian economy, post-recession

- (1) Pace and composition of GDP growth (2010-11 vs. 2012-13)
 - Consumer-led growth and household sector leverage
 - Business investment spending (2010-11 vs. 2012-14)
 - Rebalancing of growth from domestic demand to trade
- (2) Pace of employment creation (2010-12 vs. 2013-14)
- (3) Lower inflation (2013) and stable borrowing costs; impact on household sector and real estate market
- (4) Exchange rate movements (2013-14)

Key developments through the second quarter of 2014

- (1) Changes in the pace and composition of economic growth
 - Real GDP accelerates (3.1% annualized) on broad-based gains in Q2
 - Drivers: exports, household spending, residential investment
 - Contributions to growth widespread across major industrial sectors
 - Steady gains through the spring across many of the major output indicators (merchandise trade, manufacturing sales, wholesale and retail sales, building permits, housing starts)
- (2) Employment growth remains subdued during the first half of 2014
 - ☐ Little growth in the private sector; two-thirds of total employment growth in the six months to June (+53,000) in self-employed
 - Decline in employment rates during the first half of 2014

Key developments through the second quarter of 2014 (cont'd)

- (3) Consumer prices accelerate through the second quarter but remain in Bank of Canada's target range
 - Drivers: food, shelter and transportation
 - Annual inflation moderates during the summer months
- (4) Exchange rate movements
 - Canadian dollar depreciates during Q1, rebounds through Q2 but remains significantly weaker than pre/post recession
 - Non-energy exports advance steadily during the first half of 2014
 - Auto exports advance on higher volumes, led export growth in Q2

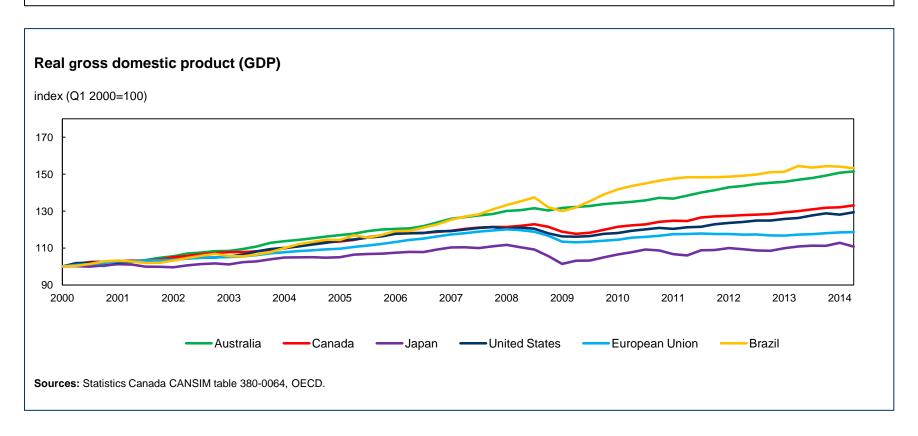


Topic 1

Economic growth and labour market conditions

Canada's economic growth in a comparative context

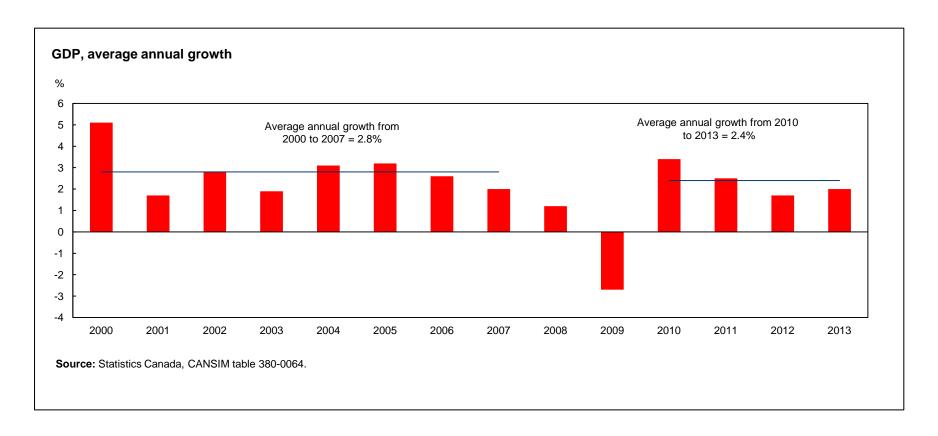
Question: How does economic growth in Canada compare with growth in other major economies?





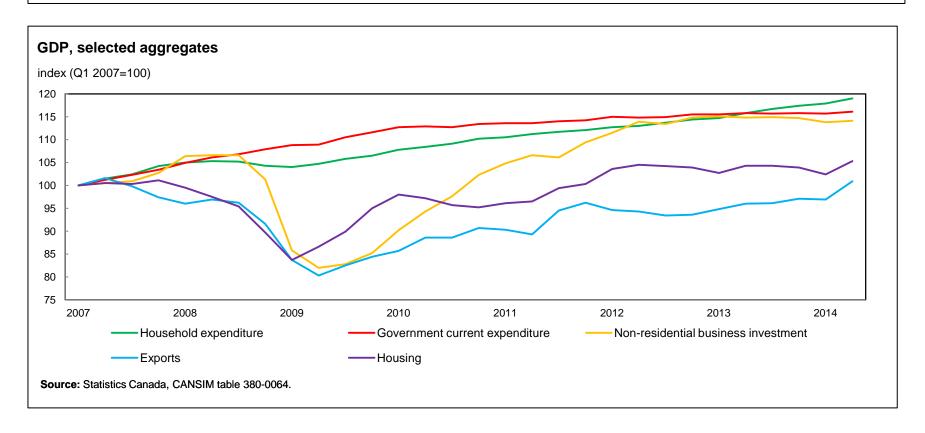
Real GDP, annual growth rate

Question: How rapidly has the economy expanded in the post-2000 period, and subsequent to the 2008-09 recession?



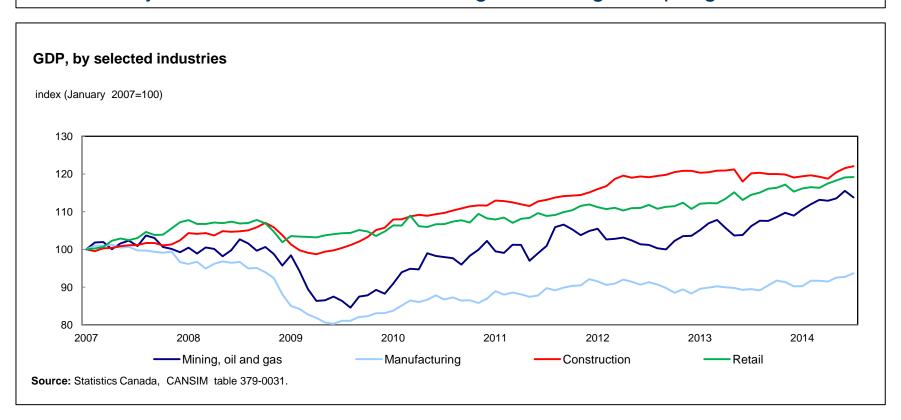
Real GDP, expenditure components

Question: What types of final expenditures have supported economic growth in Canada? And how have the pace and composition of growth changed more recently?



Real GDP, by industry

Question: How have different industrial sectors fared during the recession and the recovery? And how broad based were gains during the spring of 2014?

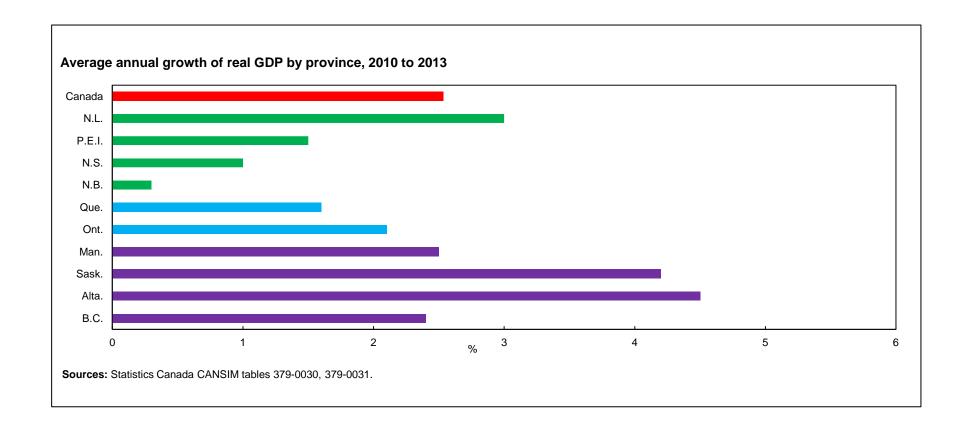






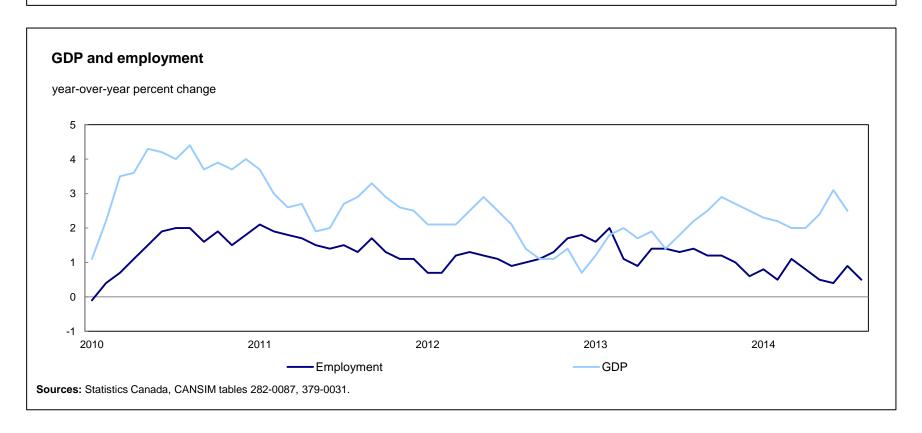
Real GDP growth, by province

Question: How has the economy expanded in different regions of the country?

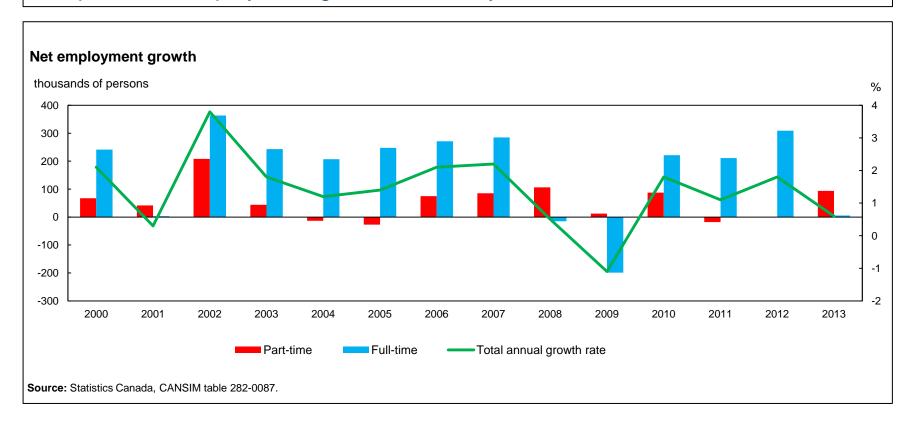


Real GDP and employment

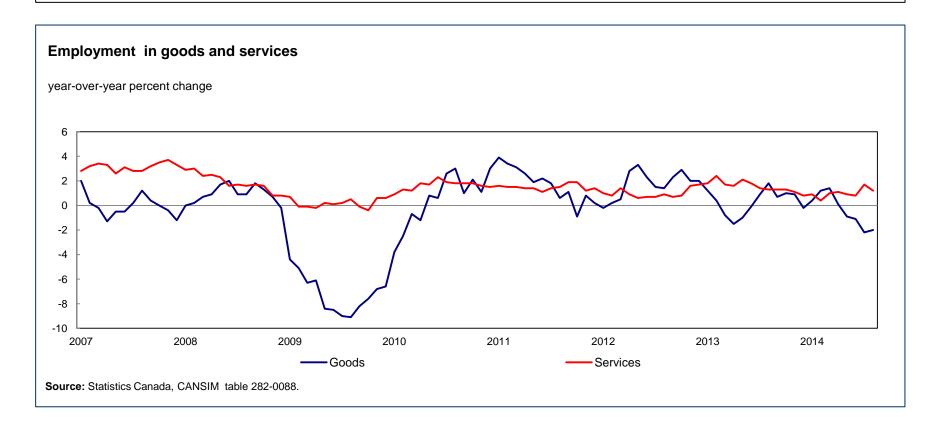
Question: How does employment growth compare with economic growth in the post-recession period?



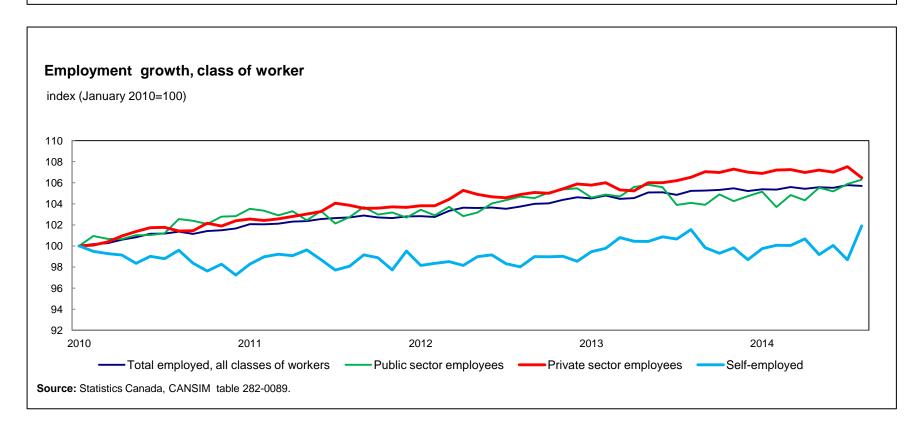
Question: How does the composition of employment growth in recent years compare with employment gains in the early to mid 2000s?



Question: How does employment growth in goods industries compare to service industries?

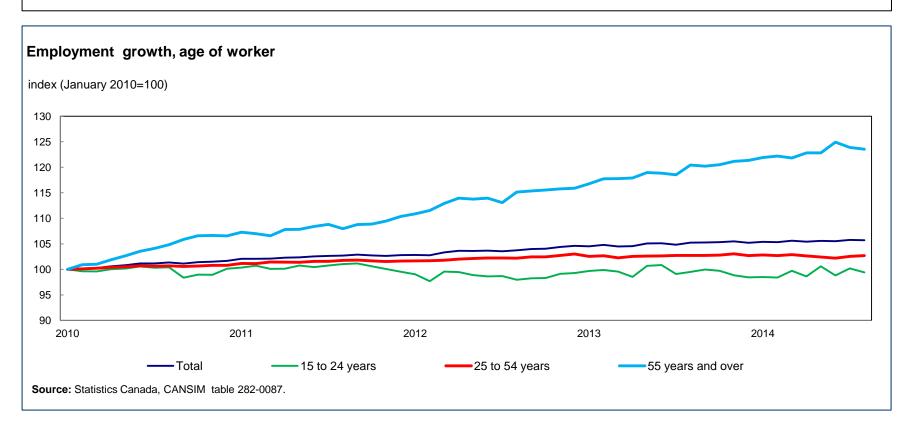


Question: To what extent has the pace of private sector job creation slowed during 2014?



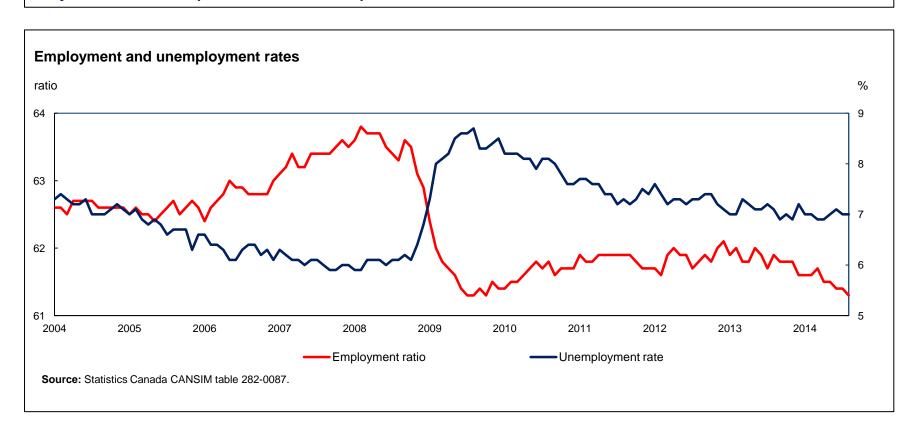


Question: To what extent has employment growth slowed among core-age workers?



Labour market conditions

Question: How have Canada's employment rate and unemployment rate adjusted in the post-recession period?

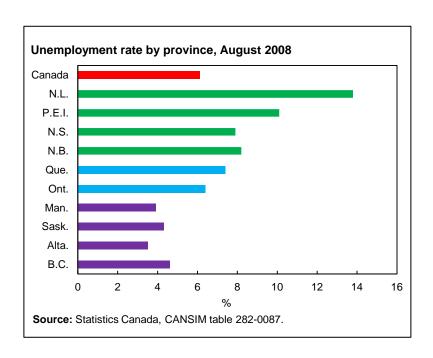


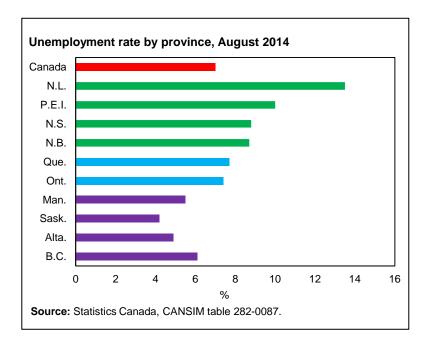




Unemployment rate by province

Question: How does unemployment vary across Canada?





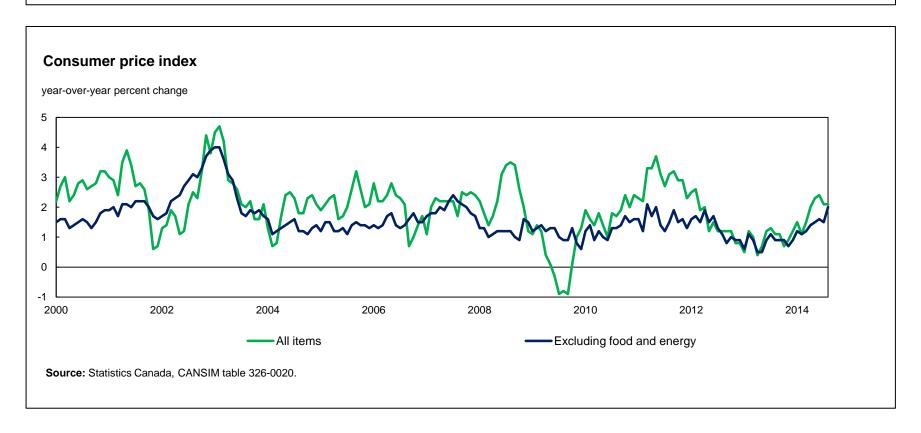


Topic 2

Financial conditions in the household sector

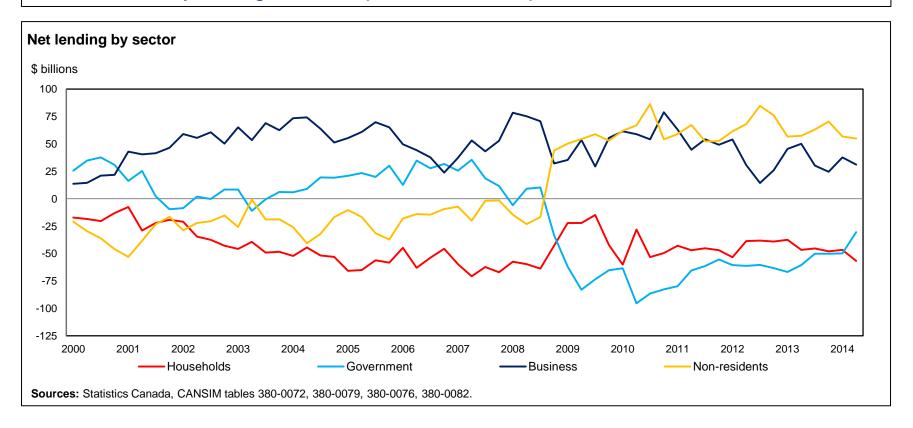
Inflation in the Canadian economy

Question: How has the consumer price index evolved?



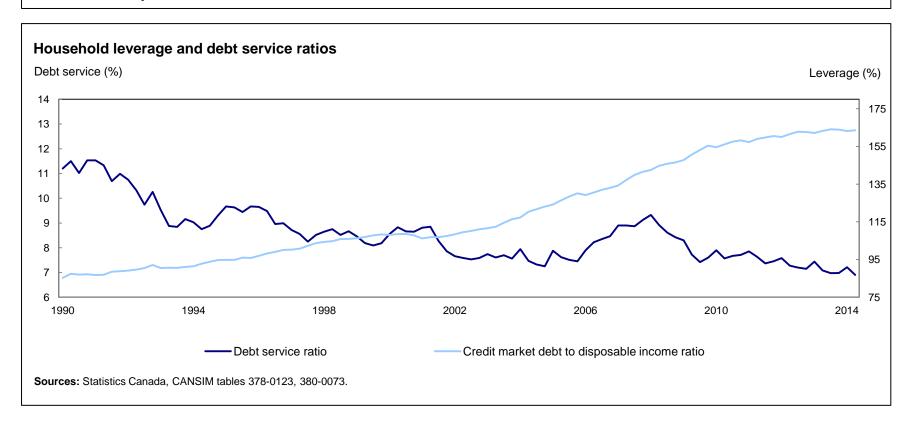
Lending and borrowing in the Canadian economy

Question: How have the net lending and borrowing positions of different sectors of the economy changed in the post-recession period?



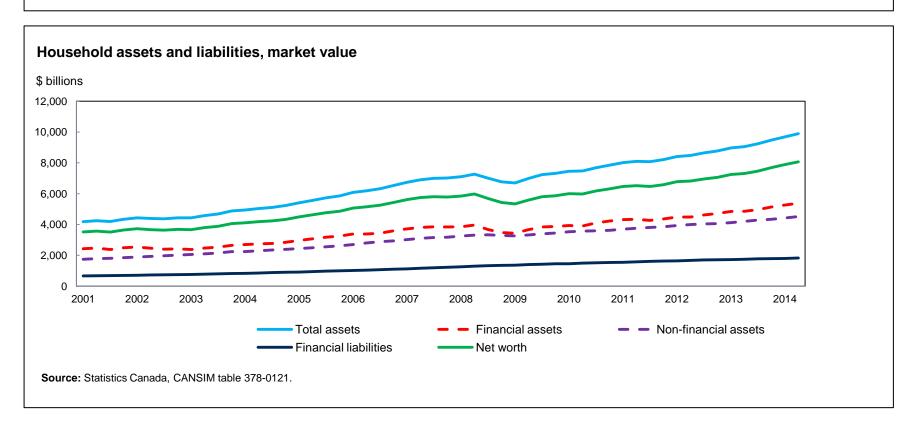
Household sector leverage and debt service costs

Question: How much debt are consumers carrying as a proportion of their disposable income? How has the pace of leveraging changed in the post-recession period?



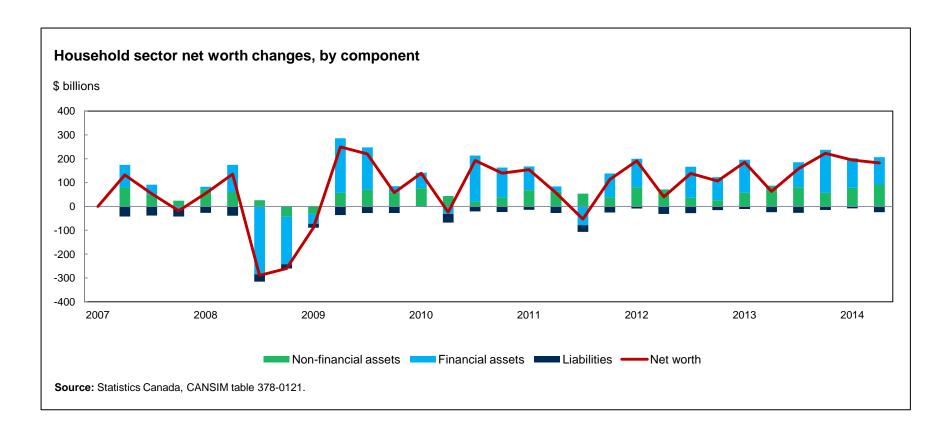
Household sector assets and liabilities

Question: How has the net worth of households changed subsequent to the 2008-09 recession?



Household sector worth

Question: How have financial and non-financial assets contributed to the increase in net worth after the recession?



Topic 3

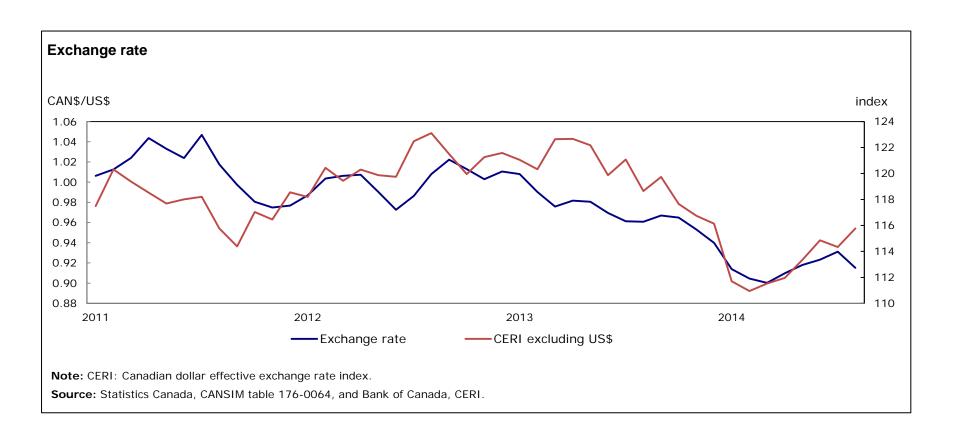
International dimensions of Canada's economy





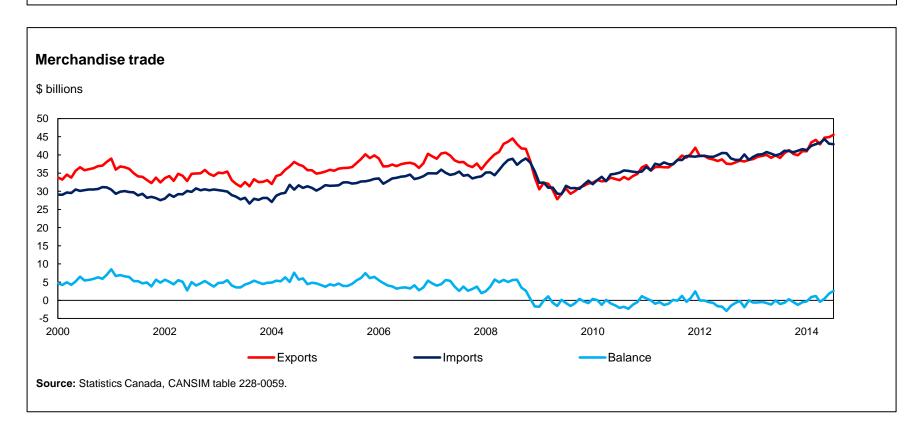
Canada's exchange rate

Question: How has Canada's exchange rate changed in recent years?



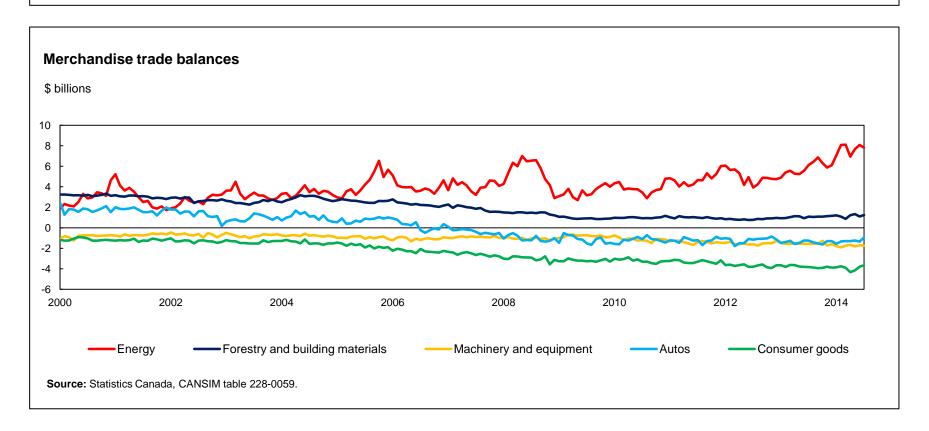
Canada's merchandise trade

Question: How have exports, imports, and the balance of trade changed in the post-recession period?



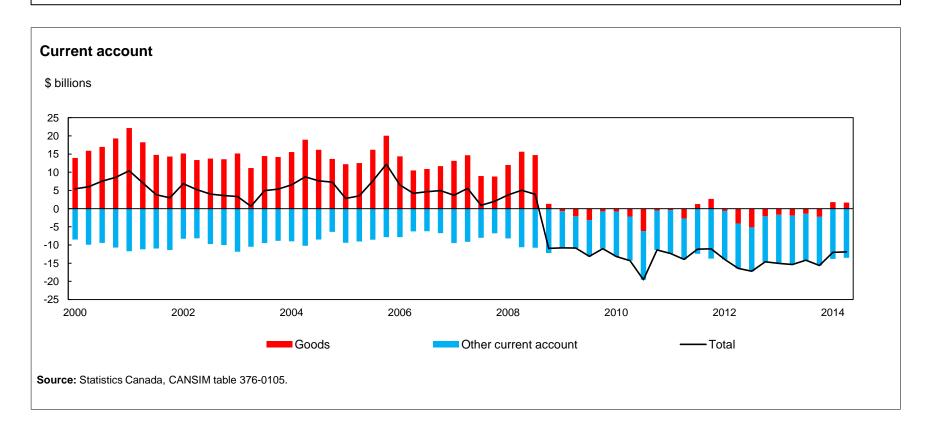
Commodity trade balances, major sectors

Question: What accounts for the decline in Canada's trade surplus?



Canada's current account

Question: How have recent changes in the merchandise trade balance affected Canada's current account balance?





Key developments

- (1) More broad-based economic growth during recent months reflecting increases in:
 - Household spending, residential investment and non-energy trade
 - Steady gains across many goods and services industries
- (2) The gap between economic and employment growth has widened
 - Little job creation among core-age and private sector workers
 - Declining employment rate during the first half of 2014
- (3) Household net worth continued to expand on strength in equities and real estate markets, as leverage rates remain stable and borrowing conditions remain favourable
- (4) Higher annual inflation during the spring moderates through the summer