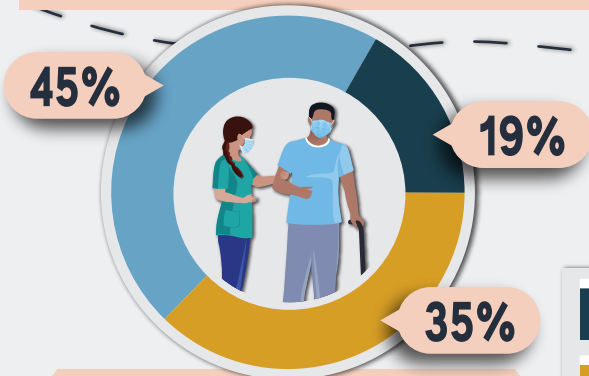


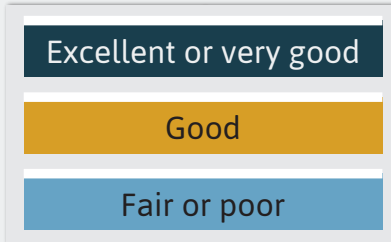
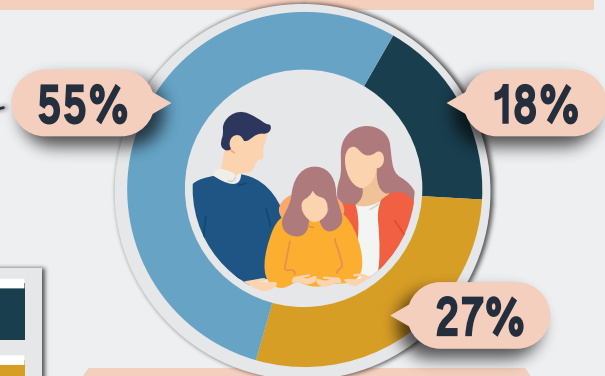
How are Canadians with long-term conditions and disabilities impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic?

From June 23 to July 6, 2020, Statistics Canada collected information via a crowdsource questionnaire on the experiences of Canadians aged 15 and over with long-term conditions and disabilities during the COVID-19 pandemic.¹

Self-reported general health status²



Self-reported mental health status



Almost half (48%) of participants reported their general health is worse than it was prior to the start of the pandemic.

Over half (57%) of participants reported their mental health is worse than it was prior to the start of the pandemic.

77% of participants needed but did not receive one or more therapies or services for their condition.



Women were more likely than men to report difficulty meeting their financial obligations or essential needs.³

8% of participants were unable to get COVID-19 related testing or medical attention due to their condition.



Among those experiencing a monthly household income decrease, over half reported difficulty in meeting their food and grocery needs.



38% reported an impact in their ability to meet their personal protective equipment needs.



Notes: 1. Included in this analysis are participants who reported: a difficulty and self-identified as a person with a disability; no specific difficulty but identified as a person with a disability; a difficulty but did not identify as a person with a disability.
 2. The percentages do not sum to 100% due to rounding.
 3. Includes participants who reported a "major" or "moderate" impact on their ability to meet their financial obligations or essential needs.

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Source: Impacts of COVID-19 on Canadians – Living with Long-term Conditions and Disabilities.

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