

Inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) does not always seem to correspond to individual personal experience. This makes sense because the CPI is based on averages and no individual or household is exactly average. The impact of price increases and decreases on an individual depends on his or her spending habits and types of purchases.

Looking at only one or two components of the CPI—such as gasoline and food prices—can be a bit misleading. From 2009 to 2010, gas prices rose 9.1% while food prices increased 1.4%. But the CPI rose 1.8%.

Frequent purchases

Although a substantial amount of a household budget is spent on the goods and services that we buy less frequently, we notice price changes in frequent purchases more because we encounter them more often in our daily routines. When thinking about inflation, we tend to pay more attention to them than to infrequent purchases.

From 2000 to 2009, the prices of goods and services Canadians buy frequently—such as gasoline, food, toiletries and bus tickets—rose at an average annual rate of 3.2%, according to the Price Index of Frequent Purchases (PIFP). This was above the 2.1% average annual increase posted for the All-items CPI. It was also well above the 0.7% average increase for infrequently purchased items such as large appliances, cars and holidays.

This trend reversed in 2009 following a large drop in gasoline prices. The All-items CPI rose at an annual average rate of 0.3% during the year, but the inflation rate for frequently purchased items was lower, at 0.2%. Toward the end of 2009, the 12-month decline in gas prices subsided, and in November and December, gasoline prices actually rose on a year-over-year

basis. As a result, the PIFP returned to its trend of outpacing the All-items CPI.

Price increases for energy (electricity, natural gas, fuel oil and gasoline) and food accounted for much of the substantial increase for frequently purchased items from 2000 to 2009. Over this period, costs for energy products increased at an average annual rate of 4.6%, and food prices rose 2.8%. Both were sharper rises than the average annual increase in the All-items CPI.

In particular, rising prices for meat (3.2%), dairy (3.4%) and bakery (4.5%) products were the prime contributors to rising food prices. The primary contributors to rising energy costs were a 5.3% increase in gasoline prices and a 5.6% increase in natural gas prices. Also putting upward pressure on the PIFP were higher prices for tobacco products and restaurant meals. From 2000 to 2009, the PIFP was volatile and was the primary source of inflation pressure on the All-items CPI.

Non-frequent purchases

Throughout the same decade, price increases for the Price Index of Non-frequent Purchases (PINFP) slowed. This was primarily owing to an average annual drop of 1.5% in durable goods prices during the period. These include items such as vehicles (-1.4%), computer

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equipment and supplies (-15.7%), clothing (-1.5%), video equipment (-7.3%) and appliances (-1.4%).

A large portion of the items in the PINFP are subject to rapid technological change, and this leads to product quality enhancements. These enhancements are the main reason that prices for computers have declined over the last decade while computer processing and storing capacities have rapidly increased.

Offsetting these drops somewhat were price increases over the past 10 years for a number of services included in the PINFP, such as homeowner's replacement costs (4.3%), tuition fees (4.2%), home maintenance and repair services (2.7%) and health care services (3.5%).

Contractual purchases

The average annual increase for items covered by some form of contract—such as insurance, renting and leasing vehicles, mortgage interest costs and property taxes—was 2.5%, which was more in line with the rate of growth for the All-items CPI.

Table 25.a
Consumer Price Index

	2000	2010
	2002=100	
All-items	95.4	116.5
Food	93.3	123.1
Shelter	95.6	123.3
Household operations, furnishings and equipment	96.7	108.8
Clothing and footwear	100.3	91.6
Transportation	97.2	118.0
Health and personal care	97.0	115.1
Recreation, education and reading	97.0	104.0
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	79.0	133.1
Core Consumer Price Index ¹	95.7	115.6

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

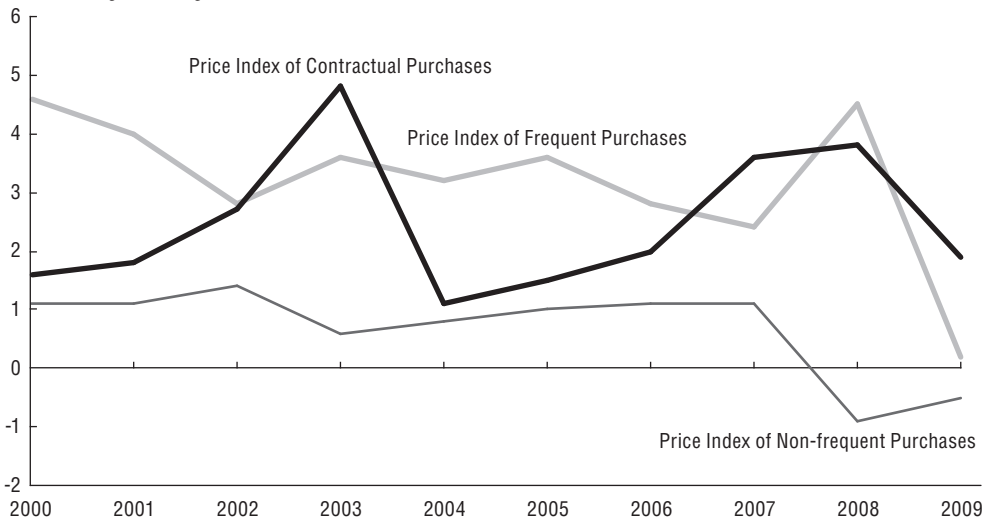
1. Bank of Canada definition.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0021.

The primary contributors to the rise in the Price Index of Contractual Purchases (PICP) were a 5.2% average rise for auto insurance and a 2.2% average increase in mortgage interest costs. Also putting upward pressure on the PICP were an increase in property taxes (2.5%) and rent (1.4%). Downward pressure came from lower prices for leasing passenger vehicles.

Chart 25.1
Purchase price indexes

annual average % change



Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0020.

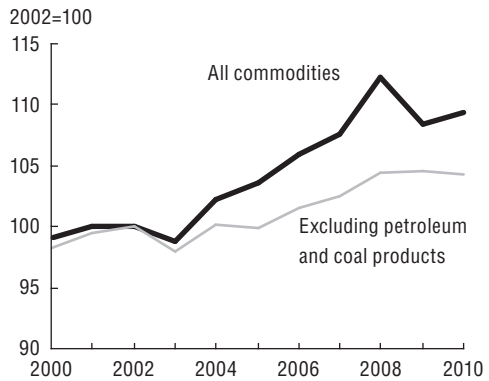
Costs of petroleum and metals drive up producer prices

Canadian producer prices rose in 2010, as indicated by the 1.0% rise in the Industrial Product Price Index, following a 3.5% decline in 2009. This index measures the price that companies charge for their manufactured goods at the plant gate.

This rise in producer prices is mostly the result of higher prices for petroleum and metals. Even though global inventories of petroleum remained high, the cost of petroleum and coal products rose 12.8%, pushed by strong demand in emerging economies and colder weather in Europe. Prices of primary metals rose 10.5% as a result of stronger demand in 2010 compared with 2009.

The overall increase in producer prices was moderated by a decline in the cost of motor vehicles (5.7%), primarily because of the appreciation of the Canadian

Chart 25.2
Industrial Product Price Index



Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 329-0056.

dollar against the U.S. dollar by 10.8%. Producers who export to the United States are generally paid on the basis of prices set in U.S. dollars, so the strength of the Canadian dollar reduced the corresponding prices in Canadian dollars.

Prices over the decades

Older Canadians who lived through the Great Depression can remember working for a dollar a day and paying 25 cents for a pound (454 grams) of sirloin steak. Here is a snapshot of some wages and prices since those days.

In 1935, average personal income was \$313 per year, milk cost 10 cents per quart (0.95 litres) and a dozen eggs would set you back 31 cents. A tin of tomatoes retailed for 10 cents.

Twenty-five years later, in 1960, average personal income was \$1,672 per year. Milk cost 24 cents per quart and it cost 55 cents to purchase a dozen eggs. That can of tomatoes cost 27 cents.

In 1985, average income reached \$15,903 per year, partly skimmed milk cost 98 cents per litre and eggs cost \$1.37 per dozen. Canned tomatoes cost \$1.30.

Table 25.b
Average retail food prices

	1935	2008
	\$	
Bacon (1 kg)	0.68	8.90
Sirloin steak (1 kg)	0.51	15.39
Flour (1 kg)	0.07	1.89
Sugar (1 kg)	0.14	1.21
Coffee (1 kg)	0.83	12.93
Onions (1 kg)	0.09	1.28
Potatoes (4.54 kg)	0.14	4.58
Milk (1 litre)	0.10	2.04 ¹
Eggs (dozen)	0.31	2.57
Butter (454 g)	0.28	4.25
Total	3.15	55.04

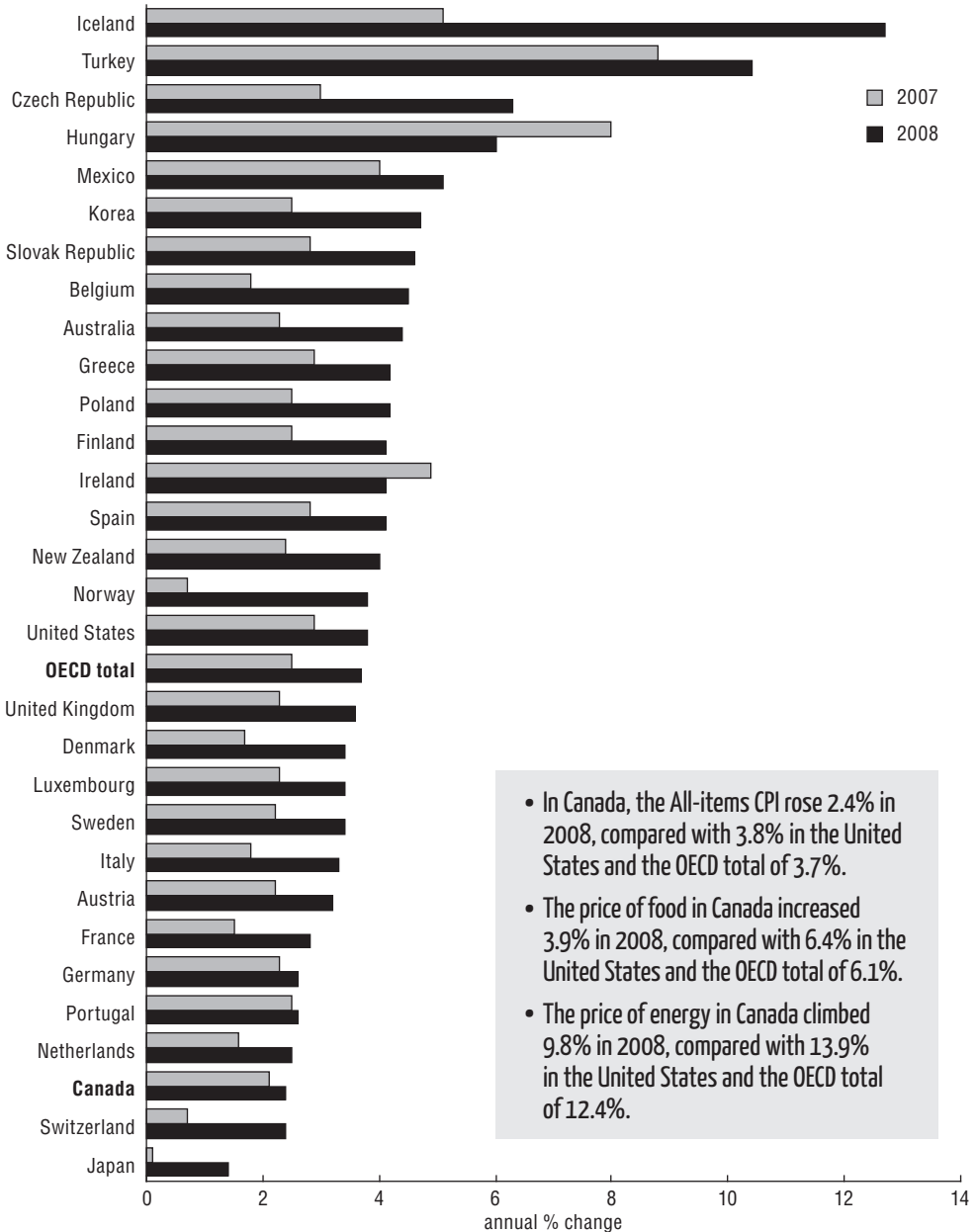
1. Whole milk.

Source: Statistics Canada, *Canada Year Book 1938* (Catalogue no. 11-402-X), CANSIM tables 326-0012 and 003-0022 and *Urban Retail Food Prices 1914-59* (Catalogue no. 62-514).

By 2008, average individual income was \$37,700 per year, milk (partly skimmed) cost \$1.99 per litre and eggs cost \$2.57 per dozen. The average retail price of canned tomatoes was still \$1.30.

INTERNATIONAL perspective

Chart 25.3
Consumer Price Index, All-items, by selected country



- In Canada, the All-items CPI rose 2.4% in 2008, compared with 3.8% in the United States and the OECD total of 3.7%.
- The price of food in Canada increased 3.9% in 2008, compared with 6.4% in the United States and the OECD total of 6.1%.
- The price of energy in Canada climbed 9.8% in 2008, compared with 13.9% in the United States and the OECD total of 12.4%.

Source: Data based on OECD (2010), *OECD Factbook 2010*.

Table 25.1 Consumer Price Index, 1991 to 2010

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	2002=100						
All-items	82.8	84.0	85.6	85.7	87.6	88.9	90.4
Food	83.4	83.1	84.5	84.9	86.9	88.0	89.4
Shelter	86.3	87.9	89.1	89.4	90.4	90.6	90.8
Household operations, furnishings and equipment	87.4	87.9	88.7	88.9	90.6	92.5	93.7
Clothing and footwear	94.3	95.1	96.0	96.8	96.7	96.4	97.7
Transportation	72.9	74.4	76.8	80.2	84.3	87.6	90.3
Health and personal care	84.7	86.6	88.9	89.7	89.6	90.1	91.7
Recreation, education and reading	78.3	79.2	81.1	83.5	86.7	88.7	91.0
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	76.4	81.0	82.2	68.8	68.7	70.1	72.3
Core Consumer Price Index ¹	82.1	83.6	85.3	86.9	88.8	90.3	92.0
Special aggregates							
All-items excluding food	82.6	84.2	85.7	85.9	87.7	89.1	90.6
All-items excluding shelter	81.4	82.5	84.2	84.3	86.5	88.4	90.2
All-items excluding energy	83.4	84.7	86.3	86.4	88.4	89.7	91.0
All-items excluding gasoline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shelter ²	86.0	87.5	88.7	89.1	90.4	90.6	90.8
Goods	85.7	86.4	87.8	86.8	88.4	89.9	91.2
Services	79.6	81.4	83.1	84.5	86.7	88.0	89.5
	annual % change						
All-items	5.6	1.4	1.9	0.1	2.2	1.5	1.7
Food	4.8	-0.4	1.7	0.5	2.4	1.3	1.6
Shelter	4.6	1.9	1.4	0.3	1.1	0.2	0.2
Household operations, furnishings and equipment	3.8	0.6	0.9	0.2	1.9	2.1	1.3
Clothing and footwear	9.5	0.8	0.9	0.8	-0.1	-0.3	1.3
Transportation	1.8	2.1	3.2	4.4	5.1	3.9	3.1
Health and personal care	7.1	2.2	2.7	0.9	-0.1	0.6	1.8
Recreation, education and reading	7.0	1.1	2.4	3.0	3.8	2.3	2.6
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	17.2	6.0	1.5	-16.3	-0.1	2.0	3.1
Core Consumer Price Index ¹	2.9	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.7	1.9
Special aggregates							
All-items excluding food	5.8	1.9	1.8	0.2	2.1	1.6	1.7
All-items excluding shelter	5.9	1.4	2.1	0.1	2.6	2.2	2.0
All-items excluding energy	5.7	1.6	1.9	0.1	2.3	1.5	1.4
All-items excluding gasoline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shelter ²	4.6	1.7	1.4	0.5	1.5	0.2	0.2
Goods	5.0	0.8	1.6	-1.1	1.8	1.7	1.4
Services	6.3	2.3	2.1	1.7	2.6	1.5	1.7

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

1. Bank of Canada definition.

2. 1986 definition.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0021.

1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
2002=100												
91.3	92.9	95.4	97.8	100.0	102.8	104.7	107.0	109.1	111.5	114.1	114.4	116.5
90.9	92.0	93.3	97.4	100.0	101.7	103.8	106.4	108.9	111.8	115.7	121.4	123.1
91.1	92.3	95.6	99.1	100.0	103.2	105.8	109.2	113.1	116.9	122.0	121.6	123.3
95.1	95.8	96.7	98.6	100.0	100.7	101.2	101.7	102.2	103.2	104.6	107.3	108.8
98.8	100.1	100.3	100.7	100.0	98.2	98.0	97.6	95.8	95.7	93.8	93.4	91.6
89.6	92.6	97.2	97.3	100.0	105.2	107.7	112.0	115.2	117.1	119.5	113.1	118.0
93.6	95.4	97.0	98.9	100.0	101.4	102.8	104.6	105.9	107.3	108.8	112.1	115.1
93.0	94.7	97.0	98.4	100.0	100.8	101.1	100.8	100.6	101.8	102.2	103.1	104.0
74.9	76.5	79.0	85.0	100.0	110.1	116.0	119.1	121.7	125.5	127.5	130.7	133.1
93.2	94.5	95.7	97.7	100.0	102.2	103.8	105.5	107.5	109.8	111.7	113.6	115.6
91.3	93.0	95.8	97.9	100.0	103.0	104.8	107.1	109.2	111.4	113.8	113.0	115.1
91.3	93.0	95.3	97.3	100.0	102.5	104.1	106.1	107.6	109.4	111.2	111.7	113.9
92.3	93.6	95.0	97.3	100.0	102.4	103.8	105.4	107.2	109.5	111.3	113.3	114.8
91.9	93.2	95.0	97.6	100.0	102.6	104.2	106.0	107.9	110.1	112.1	113.6	115.2
91.3	92.7	96.1	99.4	100.0	102.7	105.0	108.1	111.8	115.7	120.6	120.2	121.8
91.4	93.1	96.0	98.4	100.0	101.9	103.4	105.8	107.1	108.0	109.4	107.6	109.2
91.1	92.6	94.8	97.1	100.0	103.6	105.9	108.2	111.1	114.8	118.7	121.2	123.7
annual % change												
1.0	1.8	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.8	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.3	0.3	1.8
1.7	1.2	1.4	4.4	2.7	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.3	2.7	3.5	4.9	1.4
0.3	1.3	3.6	3.7	0.9	3.2	2.5	3.2	3.6	3.4	4.4	-0.3	1.4
1.5	0.7	0.9	2.0	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	1.4	2.6	1.4
1.1	1.3	0.2	0.4	-0.7	-1.8	-0.2	-0.4	-1.8	-0.1	-2.0	-0.4	-1.9
-0.8	3.3	5.0	0.1	2.8	5.2	2.4	4.0	2.9	1.6	2.0	-5.4	4.3
2.1	1.9	1.7	2.0	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.4	3.0	2.7
2.2	1.8	2.4	1.4	1.6	0.8	0.3	-0.3	-0.2	1.2	0.4	0.9	0.9
3.6	2.1	3.3	7.6	17.6	10.1	5.4	2.7	2.2	3.1	1.6	2.5	1.8
1.3	1.4	1.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.8
0.8	1.9	3.0	2.2	2.1	3.0	1.7	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.2	-0.7	1.9
1.2	1.9	2.5	2.1	2.8	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.6	0.4	2.0
1.4	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.8	2.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.3
..	1.4	1.9	2.7	2.5	2.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.3	1.4
0.6	1.5	3.7	3.4	0.6	2.7	2.2	3.0	3.4	3.5	4.2	-0.3	1.3
0.2	1.9	3.1	2.5	1.6	1.9	1.5	2.3	1.2	0.8	1.3	-1.6	1.5
1.8	1.6	2.4	2.4	3.0	3.6	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.4	2.1	2.1

Table 25.2 Consumer Price Index, All-items, by province and territory, 2005 to 2010

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	2002=100					
Canada	107.0	109.1	111.5	114.1	114.4	116.5
Newfoundland and Labrador	107.6	109.5	111.1	114.3	114.6	117.4
Prince Edward Island	109.1	111.6	113.6	117.5	117.3	119.5
Nova Scotia	108.2	110.4	112.5	115.9	115.7	118.2
New Brunswick	107.4	109.2	111.3	113.2	113.5	115.9
Quebec	106.9	108.7	110.4	112.7	113.4	114.8
Ontario	106.9	108.8	110.8	113.3	113.7	116.5
Manitoba	106.6	108.7	110.9	113.4	114.1	115.0
Saskatchewan	106.9	109.1	112.2	115.9	117.1	118.7
Alberta	108.1	112.3	117.9	121.6	121.5	122.7
British Columbia	106.3	108.1	110.0	112.3	112.3	113.8
Yukon	105.3	106.8	109.5	113.4	113.8	114.7
Northwest Territories	106.2	107.7	110.8	115.2	115.9	117.9
Nunavut	102.9	104.6	107.9	110.4	112.6	111.8
	annual % change					
Canada	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.3	0.3	1.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	2.7	1.8	1.5	2.9	0.3	2.4
Prince Edward Island	3.1	2.3	1.8	3.4	-0.2	1.9
Nova Scotia	2.8	2.0	1.9	3.0	-0.2	2.2
New Brunswick	2.4	1.7	1.9	1.7	0.3	2.1
Quebec	2.3	1.7	1.6	2.1	0.6	1.2
Ontario	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.3	0.4	2.5
Manitoba	2.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	0.6	0.8
Saskatchewan	2.2	2.1	2.8	3.3	1.0	1.4
Alberta	2.1	3.9	5.0	3.1	-0.1	1.0
British Columbia	2.0	1.7	1.8	2.1	0.0	1.3
Yukon	2.2	1.4	2.5	3.6	0.4	0.8
Northwest Territories	2.3	1.4	2.9	4.0	0.6	1.7
Nunavut	1.7	1.7	3.2	2.3	2.0	-0.7

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0021.

Table 25.3 Consumer Price Index, food, 2004 to 2010

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	2002=100						
All-items	104.7	107.0	109.1	111.5	114.1	114.4	116.5
Food	103.8	106.4	108.9	111.8	115.7	121.4	123.1
Food purchased from stores	103.2	105.6	108.0	110.9	115.2	121.5	122.7
Meat	106.2	108.2	107.9	111.1	113.4	118.4	119.1
Fresh or frozen meat (excluding poultry)	105.0	106.9	105.8	107.9	109.9	115.5	115.4
Fresh or frozen poultry meat	112.2	113.0	113.4	120.9	125.1	130.3	130.6
Processed meat	103.2	106.4	106.7	108.1	109.2	113.4	115.5
Fish, seafood and other marine products	99.1	99.1	98.0	100.1	101.2	108.6	108.7
Fish	99.4	100.4	100.3	103.0	105.3	114.3	114.5
Seafood and other marine products	98.3	95.8	92.0	92.7	90.8	93.7	93.8
Dairy products and eggs	105.7	111.0	115.5	119.8	124.5	128.9	130.2
Dairy products	105.5	111.1	115.7	119.9	124.6	129.1	130.3
Eggs	107.7	109.1	111.9	118.4	123.3	125.4	127.9
Bakery and other cereal products (excluding infant food)	107.0	109.8	113.6	118.1	132.4	137.9	138.8
Bakery products	109.3	113.1	118.2	123.6	137.5	143.4	145.1
Cereal products (excluding infant food)	102.8	103.9	105.3	108.4	123.4	127.9	127.4
Fruit, fruit preparations and nuts	99.3	98.8	101.3	105.7	107.4	113.1	112.0
Fresh fruit	97.9	96.2	98.4	99.6	101.2	107.6	104.3
Preserved fruit and fruit preparations	101.3	102.6	105.9	116.2	117.4	121.4	123.6
Nuts	101.6	103.0	103.5	104.9	109.8	118.7	120.5
Vegetables and vegetable preparations	92.1	93.6	98.4	98.6	100.6	110.2	109.3
Fresh vegetables	88.9	89.9	95.3	95.2	96.5	105.8	103.1
Preserved vegetables and vegetable preparations	103.4	106.8	109.2	111.0	115.3	126.2	131.7
Other food products and non-alcoholic beverages	104.4	107.0	108.9	110.1	112.8	120.5	124.1
Sugar and confectionery	107.5	107.8	112.1	112.9	115.6	124.2	134.2
Fats and oils	106.9	108.6	110.3	114.2	129.7	140.6	140.7
Coffee and tea	102.7	106.1	109.8	110.3	112.4	118.1	122.2
Condiments, spices and vinegars	100.8	103.0	103.8	104.9	107.4	113.9	116.0
Other food preparations	106.5	109.0	111.1	111.1	114.3	121.1	123.0
Non-alcoholic beverages	99.2	103.4	103.8	106.4	106.5	115.2	119.0
Food purchased from restaurants	105.2	108.2	111.1	114.1	117.0	121.1	124.0

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0021.

Table 25.4 New Housing Price Index, by province, 2004 to 2010

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	2007=100						
Canada	80.5	84.6	92.8	100.0	103.4	101.0	103.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	87.0	91.8	95.2	100.0	119.6	133.3	141.2
Prince Edward Island	92.7	96.6	98.7	100.0	101.4	102.3	100.7
Nova Scotia	88.1	90.6	94.5	100.0	107.9	109.1	110.1
New Brunswick	92.2	95.9	99.1	100.0	102.5	105.8	107.5
Quebec	87.6	91.9	95.9	100.0	105.0	108.3	111.6
Ontario	89.8	93.9	97.4	100.0	103.5	103.6	106.1
Manitoba	75.3	81.7	89.4	100.0	110.2	113.0	118.4
Saskatchewan	66.1	70.0	76.2	100.0	123.3	121.6	126.4
Alberta	55.3	59.0	81.6	100.0	100.7	91.7	92.2
British Columbia	84.1	88.2	93.9	100.0	102.1	95.4	97.9
	annual % change						
Canada	5.5	5.1	9.7	7.8	3.4	-2.3	2.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	5.5	5.5	3.7	5.0	19.6	11.5	5.9
Prince Edward Island	3.6	4.2	2.2	1.3	1.4	0.9	-1.6
Nova Scotia	2.1	2.8	4.3	5.8	7.9	1.1	0.9
New Brunswick	2.1	4.0	3.3	0.9	2.5	3.2	1.6
Quebec	6.3	4.9	4.4	4.3	5.0	3.1	3.0
Ontario	5.6	4.6	3.7	2.7	3.5	0.1	2.4
Manitoba	6.7	8.5	9.4	11.9	10.2	2.5	4.8
Saskatchewan	6.1	5.9	8.9	31.2	23.3	-1.4	3.9
Alberta	5.1	6.7	38.3	22.5	0.7	-8.9	0.5
British Columbia	5.3	4.9	6.5	6.5	2.1	-6.6	2.6

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 327-0046.

Table 25.5 Raw Materials Price Index, 2004 to 2010

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	2002=100						
All raw materials	114.7	129.9	145.2	156.1	176.7	136.3	152.2
Vegetable products	92.7	84.8	90.0	107.8	136.0	115.5	120.3
Animal and animal products	98.2	100.8	100.0	101.7	103.9	105.0	108.8
Wood	98.5	88.5	92.0	100.3	96.6	90.6	89.1
Ferrous materials	138.4	135.5	136.4	146.7	176.6	140.7	159.0
Non-ferrous metals	130.9	151.5	244.4	291.6	236.6	199.5	241.3
Non-metallic minerals	113.1	121.2	124.7	131.5	155.7	145.7	150.5
Mineral fuels	126.6	161.1	170.3	175.0	229.7	151.2	174.2
All raw materials (excluding mineral fuels)	106.3	108.2	127.6	142.9	139.6	125.9	136.9

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 330-0007.

Table 25.6 Farm Product Price Index, 2004 to 2010

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	1997=100						
Canada	99.4	96.8	97.4	108.6	122.0	113.5	111.0
Total crops	100.6	88.3	92.7	117.5	144.9	126.3	114.8
Grains	94.1	76.5	84.3	133.3	168.3	128.5	102.5
Oilseeds	95.2	74.5	72.2	97.5	133.5	116.5	113.1
Specialty crops	102.5	85.2	80.2	120.6	185.9	158.6	137.9
Fruit	108.7	117.4	124.6	124.4	126.3	112.5	118.3
Vegetables (excluding potatoes)	116.8	113.1	118.2	114.3	119.3	125.3	124.1
Potatoes	119.4	125.9	148.6	135.0	150.7	183.2	175.9
Total livestock and animal products	98.3	103.9	101.3	101.5	103.5	103.6	109.2
Cattle and calves	87.6	103.2	102.7	99.4	99.0	97.7	103.0
Hogs	89.7	83.0	72.3	68.3	67.3	67.5	80.4
Poultry	97.9	96.4	93.2	102.2	115.0	116.6	111.8
Eggs	105.6	97.3	98.7	100.8	107.9	103.4	109.0
Dairy	119.9	128.0	130.3	137.2	139.9	142.4	143.3
Eastern Canada	103.1	103.1	104.0	108.5	115.8	115.7	117.0
Total crops	100.9	95.8	101.2	108.9	122.5	122.6	119.9
Grains	82.3	65.8	72.0	98.3	116.9	104.7	113.5
Oilseeds	95.2	75.1	66.2	84.4	114.8	113.4	108.8
Specialty crops	127.3	116.2	103.6	131.5	170.0	173.0	140.6
Fruit	112.8	122.0	132.7	131.7	129.6	118.6	140.2
Vegetables (excluding potatoes)	110.5	112.2	118.1	116.3	121.1	127.8	119.7
Potatoes	115.2	127.3	163.5	138.8	159.7	200.0	148.4
Total livestock and animal products	104.4	107.7	105.6	108.1	111.3	111.0	115.0
Cattle and calves	88.7	108.0	112.2	110.1	111.9	111.1	110.1
Hogs	88.2	80.4	68.8	65.9	65.0	62.9	78.0
Poultry	98.4	95.4	91.6	101.6	114.3	115.9	109.5
Eggs	106.6	96.8	99.6	103.9	111.0	106.5	117.6
Dairy	122.0	130.9	133.7	139.9	141.8	143.7	142.3
Western Canada	96.1	93.4	93.7	110.5	129.2	113.9	108.6
Total crops	99.8	82.6	86.3	121.7	157.7	127.8	111.1
Grains	96.1	78.4	86.5	142.3	182.5	133.6	99.9
Oilseeds	95.4	74.4	74.3	102.1	140.0	117.9	115.3
Specialty crops	100.7	82.8	78.3	119.8	187.5	157.7	137.7
Fruit	100.0	113.4	114.4	115.7	124.4	105.6	104.7
Vegetables (excluding potatoes)	128.9	101.4	103.7	94.8	99.9	103.5	103.1
Potatoes	122.8	122.8	130.1	128.8	138.7	162.1	162.3
Total livestock and animal products	92.5	105.7	102.3	100.3	101.2	101.7	109.5
Cattle and calves	87.2	110.1	108.1	104.1	103.0	101.5	109.4
Hogs	91.5	88.5	78.8	73.4	72.2	75.3	89.0
Poultry	96.7	98.2	96.4	103.0	116.1	117.6	112.8
Eggs	103.7	98.3	96.9	94.9	101.8	97.5	101.7
Dairy	113.3	118.9	119.4	128.8	133.6	137.9	140.1

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 002-0022.

Table 25.7 Industrial Product Price Index, 1991 to 2010

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
	2002=100						
All industrial products	77.5	77.8	80.6	85.5	91.9	92.3	92.9
Intermediate goods	79.2	78.9	81.6	88.0	97.0	96.0	95.9
First-stage intermediate goods	80.4	78.1	74.9	90.5	116.5	98.4	98.3
Second-stage intermediate goods	78.9	79.0	82.7	87.6	94.0	95.7	95.6
Finished goods	74.9	76.4	79.3	82.1	84.7	87.0	88.8
Finished foods and feeds	82.3	83.1	84.6	86.7	88.7	90.9	92.5
Capital equipment	72.9	75.3	79.1	82.4	85.3	87.1	88.8
All other finished goods	72.7	74.0	77.2	80.0	82.8	85.3	87.1
Aggregation, by commodities							
Meat, fish and dairy products	77.2	78.1	82.3	84.2	86.3	90.5	93.3
Fruits, vegetables, feeds, other food products	84.9	86.0	87.2	91.5	94.3	98.0	98.4
Beverages	78.1	79.2	80.4	81.0	82.8	85.0	87.3
Tobacco, tobacco products	52.6	56.5	60.3	62.3	64.2	66.9	71.7
Rubber, leather, plastic fabricated products	84.8	83.9	83.5	87.0	95.4	94.7	95.2
Textile products	91.0	90.8	91.9	93.7	97.4	98.8	99.6
Knitted products and clothing	88.8	89.2	89.4	90.8	93.2	95.4	96.4
Lumber, other wood products	68.5	74.3	92.6	104.1	100.0	105.6	106.4
Furniture and fixtures	82.2	81.7	83.5	85.7	91.4	92.3	93.0
Pulp and paper products	78.3	75.2	73.0	80.9	112.8	99.8	94.3
Printing and publishing	67.8	69.3	72.6	76.8	86.4	87.1	87.6
Primary metal products	84.2	82.0	81.2	95.9	109.4	101.6	103.8
Fabricated metal products	78.8	78.6	80.4	83.7	90.6	92.5	93.9
Machinery and equipment	83.0	84.2	86.8	89.4	91.3	92.8	93.6
Motor vehicles and other transport equipment	67.9	71.4	76.3	80.1	82.4	84.7	86.8
Electrical and communications products	92.4	93.2	95.8	98.5	100.9	99.8	98.7
Non-metallic mineral products	83.5	83.0	83.7	86.9	90.9	92.1	92.0
Petroleum and coal products	74.8	69.1	68.3	68.1	72.0	80.1	79.6
Chemicals and chemical products	80.6	79.5	81.1	86.9	94.8	93.0	93.2
Miscellaneous manufactured products	80.6	80.9	83.7	89.1	91.8	93.0	93.0
Miscellaneous non-manufactured products	93.1	91.6	100.6	113.2	132.4	122.3	110.1

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM tables 329-0056 and 329-0058.

1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
2002=100												
93.3	94.9	99.0	100.0	100.0	98.8	102.0	103.6	106.0	107.6	112.3	108.4	109.5
94.4	95.8	101.0	100.8	100.0	99.8	105.4	108.2	112.4	115.1	120.8	114.0	116.8
92.2	94.8	110.0	102.7	100.0	103.3	115.2	120.2	138.3	152.5	147.0	125.0	137.7
94.6	95.9	99.7	100.4	100.0	99.3	104.1	106.6	108.9	109.9	117.1	112.5	113.9
91.7	93.7	96.1	98.8	100.0	97.2	96.3	96.1	95.4	95.4	98.4	99.1	97.5
93.4	94.6	96.5	98.5	100.0	102.2	104.0	104.4	105.6	107.6	110.2	113.0	114.6
93.2	94.7	95.3	98.3	100.0	95.0	92.2	90.3	88.1	86.8	87.8	91.6	87.4
90.2	92.7	96.5	99.2	100.0	96.6	96.0	96.7	96.4	96.3	100.8	98.6	97.6
92.1	93.6	97.5	100.5	100.0	101.1	102.4	99.5	99.3	102.0	103.1	104.5	105.4
96.3	94.1	94.1	96.6	100.0	102.2	103.7	101.9	103.7	108.3	117.0	118.3	118.2
89.4	92.1	95.1	97.2	100.0	102.5	105.2	106.3	107.8	110.5	113.4	117.2	119.0
74.4	78.5	81.9	91.3	100.0	116.9	122.0	127.3	137.5	153.9	159.4	161.6	161.8
95.1	95.4	100.2	101.0	100.0	101.2	103.1	109.0	112.6	110.1	112.7	114.4	116.0
100.8	99.2	98.7	100.1	100.0	99.1	98.4	99.6	100.2	99.6	100.8	101.9	101.1
97.9	98.5	99.0	99.4	100.0	100.1	100.4	100.2	100.5	100.6	100.7	100.9	100.6
102.0	111.8	102.0	100.6	100.0	96.8	107.6	99.6	94.4	91.3	89.6	88.8	90.1
94.0	95.1	97.5	98.8	100.0	101.5	104.0	107.2	110.2	111.9	114.8	116.9	116.5
97.6	95.9	108.7	108.4	100.0	97.2	98.2	97.7	99.1	98.3	102.4	102.6	100.8
90.7	92.7	95.7	98.0	100.0	98.6	98.9	99.6	99.7	100.0	101.4	104.6	103.5
99.7	98.8	104.4	98.0	100.0	99.2	116.3	119.1	141.6	148.3	144.1	128.6	142.1
96.4	96.7	98.3	98.5	100.0	100.9	109.4	113.7	114.8	115.8	123.5	122.9	121.9
95.7	97.0	98.0	99.1	100.0	99.2	99.2	100.2	100.0	99.8	102.0	106.0	103.3
93.0	94.3	94.7	98.6	100.0	92.5	88.3	84.4	81.0	78.3	78.6	83.0	78.3
98.8	98.9	97.3	98.1	100.0	95.7	94.5	94.2	95.0	93.9	94.0	97.2	94.0
92.2	93.9	96.8	98.8	100.0	100.5	102.1	104.8	108.8	111.4	113.6	116.7	117.2
65.5	76.6	111.7	106.5	100.0	110.0	129.4	159.9	174.2	183.5	230.2	165.6	186.8
90.3	91.9	97.7	100.1	100.0	103.3	106.8	114.2	116.3	120.2	130.4	123.2	127.9
94.3	95.8	97.0	98.1	100.0	99.8	101.5	102.4	104.3	105.1	110.8	114.1	115.4
99.4	99.4	95.1	95.3	100.0	106.8	138.3	179.7	266.7	471.8	347.8	275.8	252.0

Table 25.8 Machinery and Equipment Price Index, domestic and imported, by industry, 2005 to 2010

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
	1997=100					
Total machinery and equipment	93.9	90.6	88.3	90.1	96.0	89.6
Crop and animal production	103.6	99.6	98.0	100.6	109.1	102.3
Forestry and logging	103.0	100.3	97.6	99.3	107.0	98.3
Fishing, hunting and trapping	106.4	105.6	106.3	109.4	115.0	112.6
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	101.6	97.5	95.8	98.2	106.2	100.0
Mines, quarries and oil wells	103.0	101.9	101.0	105.8	115.0	106.6
Utilities	95.6	93.8	93.2	98.0	106.9	99.4
Construction	98.9	96.0	94.0	96.2	104.5	96.4
All manufacturing	98.8	96.2	94.4	96.8	103.2	96.0
Trade	91.7	88.4	86.1	87.6	92.0	87.0
Transportation (excluding pipeline transportation)	105.1	103.0	101.4	103.2	109.6	103.4
Pipeline transportation	103.2	101.3	100.6	103.5	112.0	104.9
Warehousing and storage	103.9	101.9	100.6	104.5	112.4	106.4
Finance, insurance and real estate	90.0	84.9	81.4	82.3	87.3	81.2
Private education services	81.6	77.6	73.9	75.1	80.1	73.2
Education services (excluding private), health care and social assistance	90.1	86.4	83.6	85.0	90.2	84.6
Other services (excluding public administration)	83.5	79.9	77.0	77.9	81.8	76.4
Public administration	86.7	83.5	81.4	82.8	87.9	83.0
	annual % change					
Total machinery and equipment	-3.0	-3.5	-2.5	2.0	6.5	-6.7
Crop and animal production	-2.2	-3.9	-1.6	2.7	8.4	-6.2
Forestry and logging	-1.6	-2.6	-2.7	1.7	7.8	-8.1
Fishing, hunting and trapping	-1.0	-0.8	0.7	2.9	5.1	-2.1
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	-2.3	-4.0	-1.7	2.5	8.1	-5.8
Mines, quarries and oil wells	-1.3	-1.1	-0.9	4.8	8.7	-7.3
Utilities	-2.9	-1.9	-0.6	5.2	9.1	-7.0
Construction	-2.7	-2.9	-2.1	2.3	8.6	-7.8
All manufacturing	-2.4	-2.6	-1.9	2.5	6.6	-7.0
Trade	-2.4	-3.6	-2.6	1.7	5.0	-5.4
Transportation (excluding pipeline transportation)	-1.4	-2.0	-1.6	1.8	6.2	-5.7
Pipeline transportation	-1.3	-1.8	-0.7	2.9	8.2	-6.3
Warehousing and storage	-0.7	-1.9	-1.3	3.9	7.6	-5.3
Finance, insurance and real estate	-4.1	-5.7	-4.1	1.1	6.1	-7.0
Private education services	-4.7	-4.9	-4.8	1.6	6.7	-8.6
Education services (excluding private), health care and social assistance	-3.5	-4.1	-3.2	1.7	6.1	-6.2
Other services (excluding public administration)	-4.2	-4.3	-3.6	1.2	5.0	-6.6
Public administration	-3.9	-3.7	-2.5	1.7	6.2	-5.6

Note: Annual average indexes are obtained by averaging the indexes for the 12 months of the calendar year.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 327-0042.

Table 25.9 Composite Leading Index, March 2005 to March 2011

	March 2005	March 2006	March 2007	March 2008	March 2009	March 2010	March 2011
Composite leading indicator (1992=100)	202.4	213.2	224.1	227.8	215.8	235.1	252.0
Housing index (1992=100) ¹	138.1	150.1	144.9	141.6	97.8	138.1	127.9
Business and personal services employment (thousands)	2,612	2,687	2,820	2,894	2,917	2,950	2,956
Stock Price Index, Toronto Stock Exchange 300 (1975=1,000)	9,352	11,568	12,981	13,522	8,759	11,591	13,643
M1 money supply (\$ millions, 1992) ²	134,113	144,772	162,504	171,369	189,656	212,990	225,642
U.S. Conference Board leading indicator (1992=100)	124.6	127.4	126.9	124.5	119.7	130.3	138.0
Manufacturing							
Average work week (hours)	38.2	38.0	38.4	38.0	36.5	36.5	37.4
New orders, durables (\$ millions, 1992)	25,165	26,946	27,275	27,312	19,504	21,986	26,100
Shipments-to-inventory ratio of finished goods	1.86	1.87	1.84	1.78	1.58	1.84	1.99
Retail trade							
Furniture and appliance sales (\$ millions, 1992)	2,185	2,460	2,633	2,838	2,850	2,957	2,924
Other durable goods sales (\$ millions, 1992)	7,831	8,280	8,950	9,676	9,200	9,979	10,398
Unsmoothed composite (1992=100)	204.3	215.7	225.7	227.6	210.2	238.8	257.8

1. Composite index of housing starts (units) and house sales (Multiple Listing Service).

2. Deflated by the All-items Consumer Price Index.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 377-0003.

Table 25.10 Inter-city indexes of retail price differentials, by selected goods and services, 2005 and 2009

	St. John's		Charlottetown and Summerside		Halifax		Saint John	
	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009
combined city average=100								
All-items	95	96	94	97	98	98	93	96
Food	103	105	100	103	101	101	99	100
Food purchased from stores	105	104	103	103	102	101	103	101
Meat, poultry and fish	101	103	108	102	106	103	107	101
Dairy products and eggs	105	102	99	93	101	94	101	91
Bakery and other cereal products	102	103	102	98	100	99	103	99
Fruit and vegetables	115	113	106	107	106	106	109	107
Other food purchased from stores	103	101	100	110	98	99	96	103
Food purchased from restaurants	99	107	93	103	99	101	90	100
Shelter	81	85	78	86	88	90	77	81
Rented accommodation	71	77	69	73	78	83	69	71
Owned accommodation	78	80	73	77	84	85	74	75
Water, fuel and electricity	110	120	114	146	123	126	100	122
Household operations and furnishings	97	103	99	104	102	105	95	103
Household operations	96	104	96	102	102	109	95	103
Household furnishings	99	101	106	106	101	96	95	104
Clothing and footwear	97	102	96	96	101	98	99	106
Transportation	104	100	102	96	100	96	103	96
Private transportation	103	99	98	94	99	97	99	95
Purchase of automotive vehicles	101	96	104	105	103	100	100	97
Gasoline	116	107	114	100	106	103	106	95
Other private transportation	95	96	77	79	86	89	92	92
Public transportation	110	104	129	108	107	93	135	104
Health and personal care	92	103	91	103	92	103	95	104
Health care	94	102	94	103	94	105	92	104
Personal care	..	103	..	104	..	100	..	105
Personal care supplies and equipment	95	..	98	..	97	..	99	..
Personal care services	85	..	74	..	84	..	94	..
Recreation, education and reading	94	93	102	103	114	105	103	107
Recreation	..	103	..	102	..	98	..	101
Education and reading	..	75	..	105	..	121	..	119
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	115	111	106	110	107	116	103	101
Alcoholic beverages	111	104	102	102	103	106	100	100
Tobacco products and smokers' supplies	118	122	111	123	111	131	105	103

Note: This table shows estimates of retail price differences on selected goods and services between 11 Canadian cities as of October 2009. These estimates should not be interpreted as a measure of the cost-of-living difference between cities.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM table 326-0015.

Montréal		Ottawa–Gatineau, Ontario part		Toronto		Winnipeg		Regina		Edmonton		Vancouver	
2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009	2005	2009
combined city average=100													
93	95	103	103	110	107	92	94	92	97	97	102	102	101
97	102	101	100	101	99	98	101	95	102	101	100	106	105
99	101	103	100	99	99	99	103	98	102	101	102	106	106
103	99	103	100	97	99	93	96	94	98	99	103	106	108
100	96	106	107	101	107	96	97	92	97	94	103	104	109
99	103	99	93	94	92	105	111	100	109	104	108	116	114
96	105	106	95	99	94	102	106	99	106	108	105	104	103
97	100	100	104	102	101	103	103	102	102	98	96	103	101
92	103	97	102	105	99	94	96	90	100	101	96	107	101
86	89	107	105	122	115	80	85	77	93	88	106	102	102
81	82	106	107	125	121	75	82	68	86	82	108	101	107
86	86	106	103	120	113	79	84	72	88	86	103	105	102
95	111	110	110	124	116	88	96	110	126	103	115	90	92
96	97	105	105	105	105	98	100	98	99	96	100	103	103
94	96	108	107	108	107	97	99	97	99	97	103	103	104
100	100	100	101	100	101	99	102	100	100	93	95	103	100
101	100	102	102	101	100	101	100	100	102	98	99	99	101
99	99	100	98	110	109	95	94	97	91	97	93	94	95
98	99	99	96	110	109	95	93	98	91	98	94	95	95
101	103	103	101	100	101	100	99	101	94	94	93	100	101
103	104	98	96	96	98	101	96	103	98	95	90	104	106
91	91	95	91	135	123	84	85	89	83	106	98	78	83
108	101	111	110	114	108	97	98	95	93	86	87	88	92
103	101	103	103	101	100	97	98	89	99	105	105	100	98
98	99	108	106	106	101	93	96	93	99	104	113	98	97
..	103	..	100	..	100	..	101	..	100	..	96	..	98
98	..	97	..	102	..	101	..	100	..	98	..	105	..
117	..	99	..	92	..	101	..	69	..	115	..	99	..
87	87	104	108	108	108	96	95	101	102	115	105	105	105
..	98	..	103	..	101	..	100	..	99	..	98	..	102
..	64	..	118	..	121	..	85	..	109	..	118	..	109
95	96	96	95	99	96	103	102	107	111	105	112	112	108
98	101	100	98	102	97	84	92	98	105	100	107	108	106
92	88	92	92	97	94	120	119	116	119	109	119	116	110