

Labour Force Survey, October 2023

Released at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time in *The Daily*, Friday, November 3, 2023

Highlights

Employment was little changed in October (+18,000; +0.1%) and the employment rate fell 0.1 percentage points to 61.9%.

The unemployment rate rose 0.2 percentage points to 5.7%, marking the fourth monthly increase in the past six months.

Employment was up in construction (+23,000; +1.5%) and information, culture and recreation (+21,000; +2.5%) in October. This was offset by decreases in wholesale and retail trade (-22,000; -0.7%) and manufacturing (-19,000; -1.0%).

Employment increased in four provinces in October, led by Alberta (+38,000; +1.5%), while it declined in Quebec (-22,000; -0.5%).

Total hours worked were virtually unchanged in October but were up by 2.1% on a year-over-year basis.

On a year-over-year basis, average hourly wages rose 4.8% (+\$1.56 to \$34.08) in October, following an increase of 5.0% in September.

Employment holds steady in October

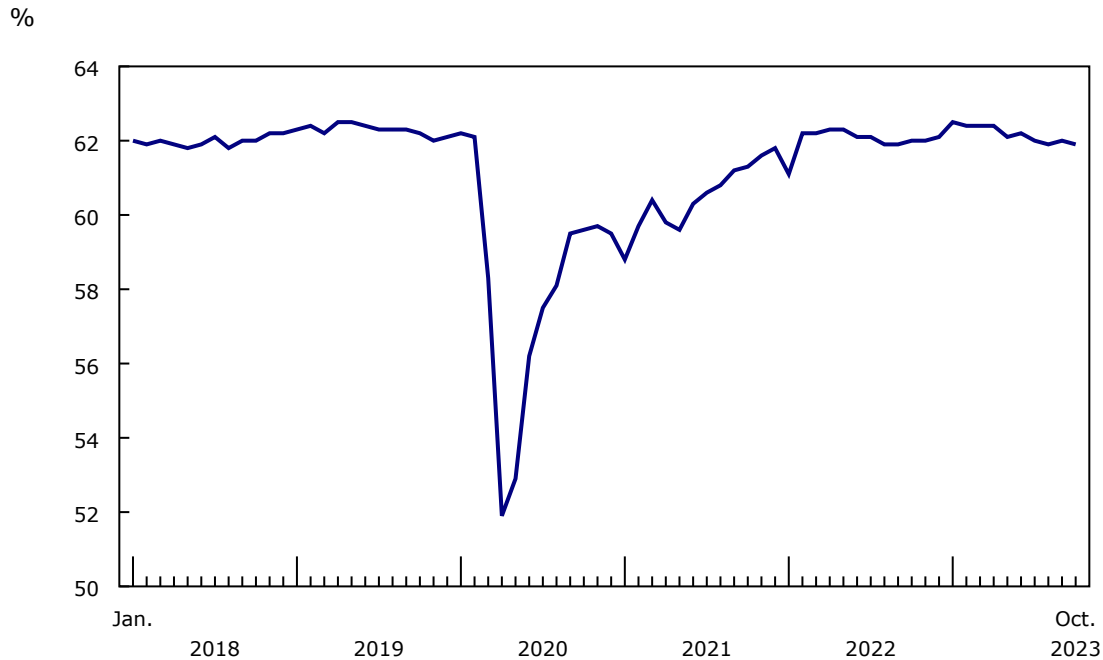
Employment was little changed in October (+18,000; +0.1%), after increasing by 64,000 (+0.3%) in September and by 40,000 (+0.2%) in August. Both full-time and part-time employment held steady in October.

The employment rate—the proportion of the working-age population that is employed—fell 0.1 percentage points to 61.9% in October, as the population aged 15 and older in the Labour Force Survey (LFS) increased by 85,000 (+0.3%).

Since January 2023, employment growth has averaged 28,000 per month, while growth in the population aged 15 and older in the LFS has averaged 81,000 per month. The employment rate in October (61.9%) was down from the recent peak of 62.5% recorded in January 2023, but was little changed from October 2022 (62.0%). The employment rate has varied between 61.9% and 62.0% since July 2023.



Chart 1
Employment rate falls in October, little changed from a year earlier



Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0287-01.

Employment up among men aged 55 and older

Among men aged 55 and older, employment rose by 31,000 (+1.3%) in October, the first increase for this group since April. Employment was unchanged for women aged 55 and older.

Employment among core-aged (aged 25 to 54) men and women was little changed in October. While there was an increase (+28,000; +0.5%) in full-time employment among core-aged women, this was offset by a decrease in part-time employment for that same group (-24,000; -2.4%).

For those aged 15 to 24, employment in October was also little changed. Increases among male youth (+14,000; +1.0%) were concentrated in part-time employment but were offset by decreases in female youth employment (-19,000; -1.5%), which were concentrated in full-time work.

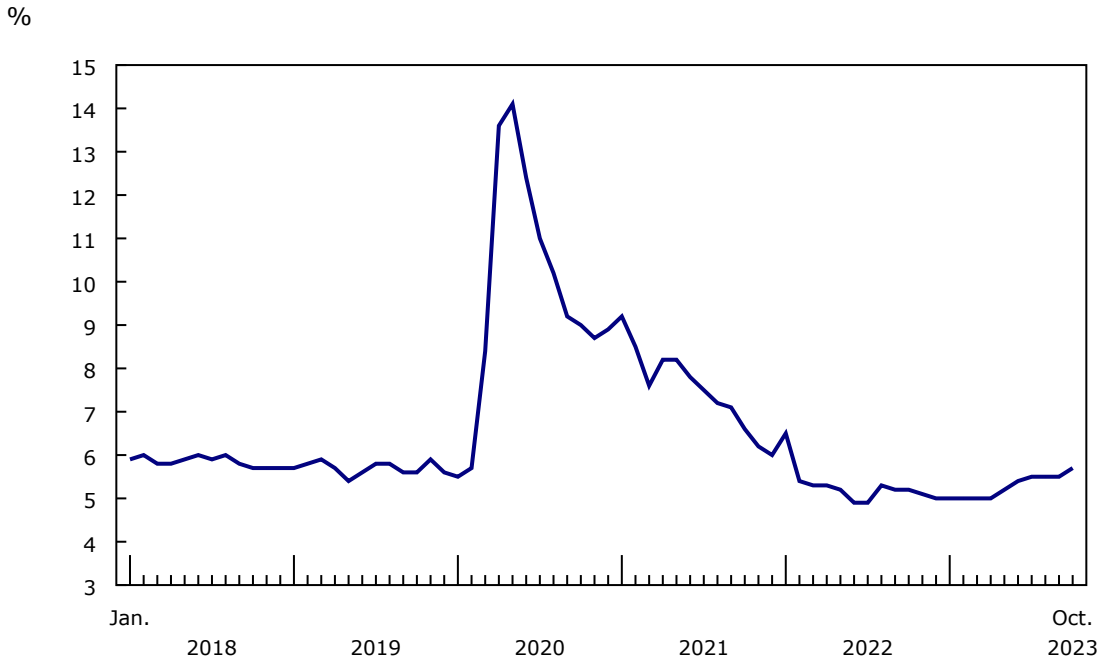
Unemployment rate increases in October, continuing upward trend since April

The unemployment rate rose 0.2 percentage points to reach 5.7% in October, marking the fourth monthly increase in the past six months. Since April, the rate has increased by 0.7 percentage points, after holding steady at a near record-low 5.0% from December 2022 to April 2023.

There were 1.2 million unemployed persons in October, an increase of 171,000 (+16.2%) since April. Among those who were unemployed in September, 60.1% remained unemployed in October—a greater proportion than 12 months earlier (55.4%) (not seasonally adjusted), and an indication that job seekers are facing more difficulties finding employment than a year ago.

As unemployment has increased and job vacancies have decreased in recent months, the labour force participation rate—the proportion of the population aged 15 and older that was either employed or looking for work—has remained relatively high. The participation rate in October (65.6%) was unchanged from the previous month and up 0.2 percentage points on a year-over-year basis.

Chart 2
Unemployment rate reaches 5.7%, up 0.7 percentage points from April



Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0287-01.

Youth unemployment rate trends up

The unemployment rate among youth (aged 15 to 24 years) increased by 0.9 percentage points in October to reach 11.4%. From March to October, the unemployment rate rose by 2.7 percentage points among female youth and by 1.8 percentage points among male youth. On a year-over-year basis, the youth unemployment rate for students was up 1.9 percentage points to 11.1% in October, while it was little changed at 10.7% for non-students (not seasonally adjusted).

The youth unemployment rate has historically been higher than that for older adults, but the size of the difference has varied over time. In October, the youth unemployment rate (11.4%) was 2.4 times the corresponding rate for adults aged 25 to 54 (4.8%). This represents an increase from March, when the youth unemployment rate was 2.1 times the rate of core-aged adults, but was virtually unchanged from the pre-pandemic 2019 average.

In October, the unemployment rate remained notably higher for youth who were part of a racialized group and for Indigenous youth.

Among the largest racialized groups, the unemployment rate was higher in October for Black (17.7%) and Chinese (14.7%) Canadian youth than for the total youth population (three-month moving averages, not seasonally adjusted). The rate for South Asian Canadians was 12.7%, similar to the overall youth unemployment rate. On a year-over-year basis, the unemployment rate was little changed among South Asian and Chinese Canadian youth, but it was up by 3.9 percentage points among Black youth.

In October, the unemployment rate for First Nations youth living off-reserve was 16.4%, up 4.2 percentage points on a year-over-year basis. Among Métis youth, the unemployment rate was 13.2%, little changed from the same month in 2022.

More workers in construction and in information, culture and recreation

In construction, employment increased by 23,000 (+1.5%) in October, more than offsetting a decline of 18,000 (-1.1%) in September. Despite the increase, employment in this industry in October was little changed from the same month in 2022, and down by 32,000 (-2.0%) from the record high reached in January 2023.

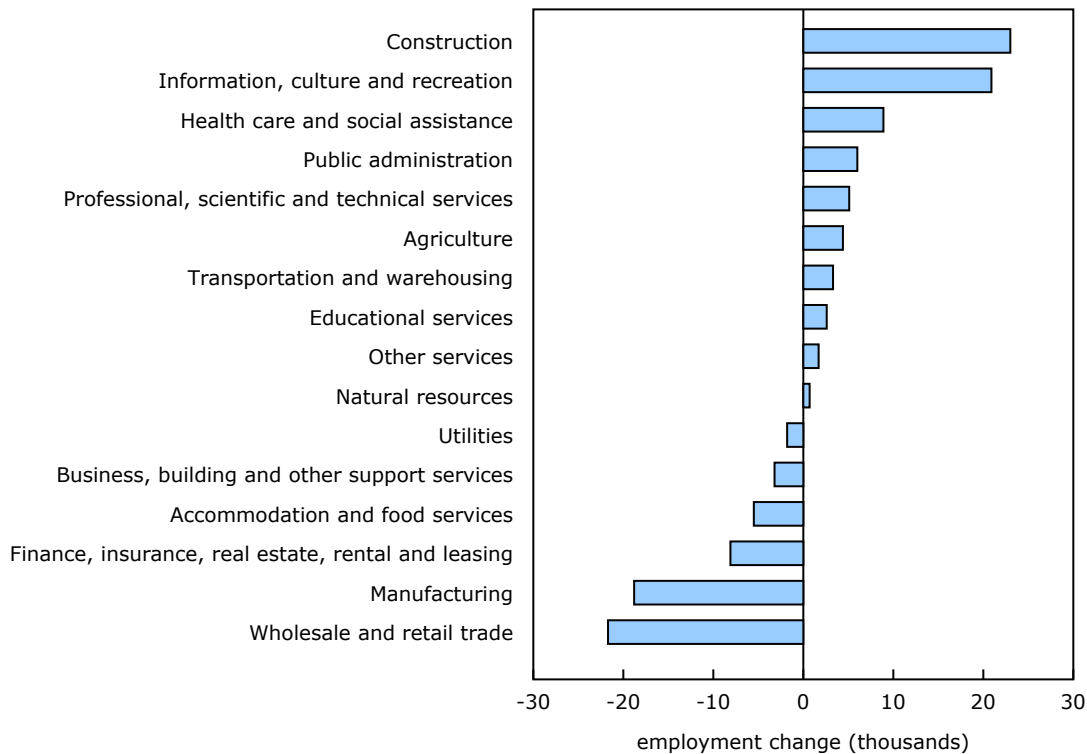
Employment in information, culture, and recreation rose by 21,000 (+2.5%) in October, partly offsetting decreases in September (-12,000; -1.4%) and July (-16,000; -1.8%) (there was little change in August). On a year-over-year basis, employment in this industry—which includes telecommunications carriers, broadcasting providers, and amusement and recreation—was up by 7.8% (+61,000) in October, outpacing growth across all industries (+2.5%). Employment in the industry began an upward trend in the fall of 2022 and reached a record-high level in May 2023.

In wholesale and retail trade, employment declined by 22,000 (-0.7%) in October, the first decline since October 2022. Employment in this industry was up by 49,000 (+1.7%) on a year-over-year basis.

In manufacturing, employment fell by 19,000 (-1.0%) in October 2023, but was little changed on a year-over-year basis.

Employment in health care and social assistance remained little changed in October for the third month in a row. Year over year, employment in this industry grew by 60,000 (+2.3%), similar to the average pace of growth across all industries (+2.5%). According to the [most recent data from the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey](#), available for the month of August 2023, job vacancies in health care and social assistance had not declined from the same month the previous year, unlike in most other sectors, and the job vacancy rate in August 2023 was the second-highest of any sector.

Chart 3
Construction and information, culture and recreation lead employment growth in October



Note(s): Change statistically significant in construction; information, culture and recreation; manufacturing; and wholesale and retail trade.
Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0355-01.

Employment up in four provinces in October, while Quebec records a decline

Employment rose in Alberta, Saskatchewan, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick in October, while it declined in Quebec. There was little change in the other provinces. For further information on key province and industry level labour market indicators, see "[Labour Force Survey in brief: Interactive app.](#)"

Employment increased by 38,000 (+1.5%) in Alberta in October, offsetting the decline in September. The unemployment rate was little changed at 5.8%. In the 12 months to October, employment in the province rose by 92,000 (+3.8%) with sizable gains in health care and social assistance, manufacturing, transportation and warehousing, and natural resources.

In Saskatchewan, employment increased by 9,100 (+1.5%) in October, the second consecutive monthly increase. The unemployment rate fell 0.5 percentage points to 4.4%, while the employment rate rose 0.8 percentage points to 64.5%.

Employment increased in Nova Scotia (+8,200; +1.7%) and New Brunswick (+2,400; +0.6%) in October. The unemployment rate was little changed at 6.6% in Nova Scotia, and was down 0.6 percentage points to 6.6% in New Brunswick.

In Quebec, employment fell by 22,000 (-0.5%) in October, after increasing by 39,000 (+0.9%) in September. From January to August 2023, employment in the province varied little. The unemployment rate in October rose 0.5 percentage points to 4.9% and the employment rate decreased 0.4 percentage points to 61.9%. In the Montréal census metropolitan area (CMA), the unemployment rate increased 1.0 percentage points and reached 6.0% in October.

Employment was little changed in Ontario in October for the fourth consecutive month. The employment rate in October (61.4%) was down 0.3 percentage points from September and 0.9 percentage points from the recent high of 62.3% in April 2023. The unemployment rate rose 0.2 percentage points to 6.2% in October, mostly due to more youth searching for work.

Map 1 – Unemployment rate up in Quebec and Ontario in October



In the spotlight: One in three Canadians live in a household experiencing financial difficulties

Inflationary pressures have eased compared with 2022, and year-over-year growth in the [Consumer Price Index decelerated from a peak of 8.1% in June 2022 to 3.8% in September 2023](#). However, the higher cost of essential goods and services continues to place financial pressures on many households across Canada. In September, for example, increases in the cost of shelter (+6.0%) and food (+5.9%) outpaced annual wage growth (+5.0%).

In October 2023, 1 in 3 Canadians aged 15 and older (33.1%) was living in a household that had found it difficult or very difficult to meet its financial needs in terms of transportation, housing, food, clothing and other necessary expenses over the previous four weeks (not seasonally adjusted). This included nearly 1 in 10 (9.3%) Canadians living in a household that found it very difficult to meet financial needs. While the proportion of people in households finding it either difficult or very difficult to meet financial needs in October 2023 was down slightly compared with the same month a year earlier (35.5%), it remained notably higher than the proportion recorded in October 2020 (20.4%).

In October 2023, people living in a rented dwelling were more likely to be in a household experiencing difficulties meeting financial needs (41.3%), compared with those living in a dwelling owned by a household member with a mortgage (36.1%) or without a mortgage (20.0%).

Among Canadians living in dual-earner households with children, 36.1% experienced difficulties meeting financial needs in October. Among single-earner households with children, this proportion increased to 45.5%.

Nearly half (48.7%) of those living in lone-parent families in which the parent was employed reported difficulties meeting their financial needs. The proportion increased to almost 7 in 10 (69.8%) among lone-parent families in which the parent was not employed.

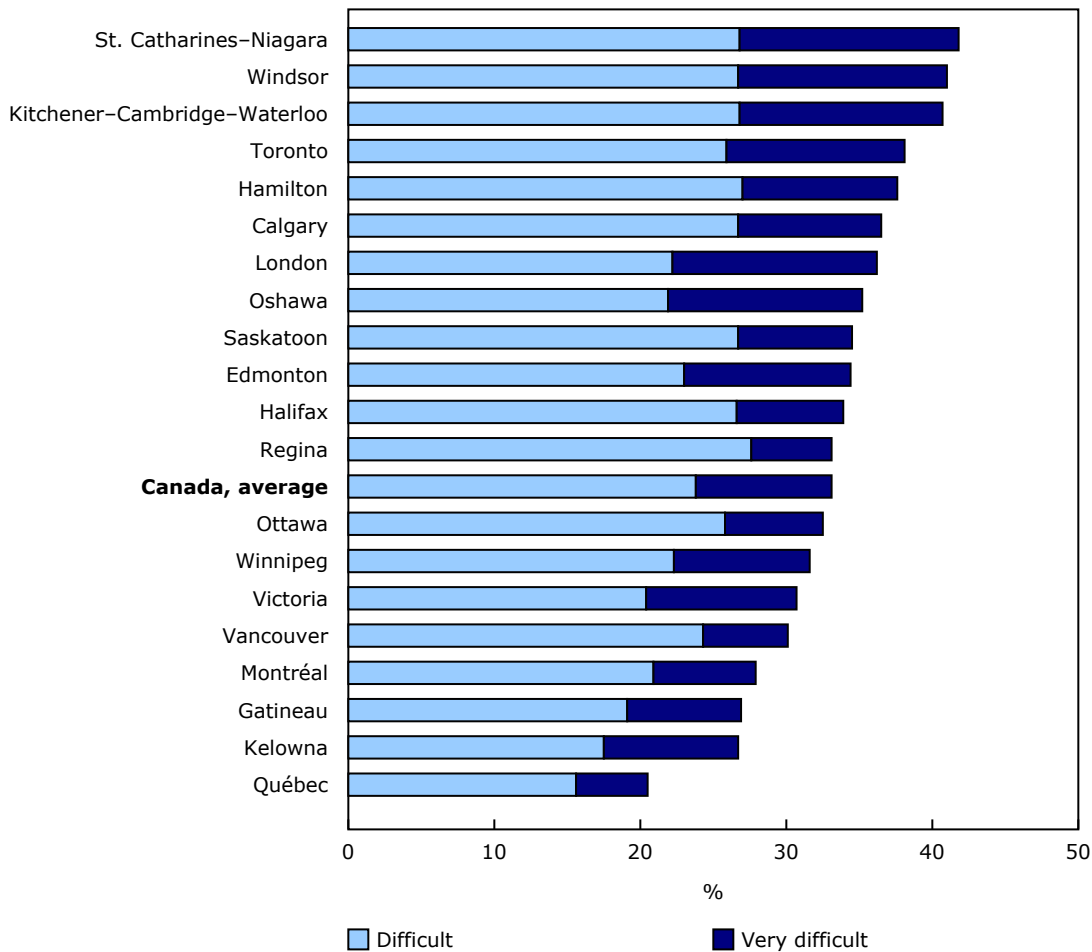
Among immigrants who had landed in the previous 10 years, 44.7% lived in a household that found it difficult or very difficult to meet its financial needs, compared with 30.8% for people born in Canada.

Among the largest racialized population groups, South Asian (47.0%) and Black (43.9%) Canadians were more likely to be in a household experiencing difficulties meeting its financial needs. The proportion was lower for Chinese Canadians (26.8%).

Among First Nations people living off-reserve, 39.5% lived in a household experiencing financial difficulties, and for Métis the proportion was 40.6%.

Among the 20 largest CMAs in Canada, the highest proportions of persons living in households reporting difficulties meeting financial needs were in Southern Ontario, led by St. Catharines–Niagara (41.8%), Windsor (41.0%), Kitchener–Cambridge–Waterloo (40.7%) and Toronto (38.1%). In contrast, the proportion was lowest in Québec (20.5%), Kelowna (26.7%) and Gatineau (26.9%).

Chart 4
Households in Southern Ontario most likely to report difficulty meeting financial needs



Note(s): The 20 largest census metropolitan areas sorted from highest to lowest by proportion of households reporting difficulty meeting financial needs.
Source(s): Labour Force Survey Supplement (3701), custom tabulation.

Sustainable Development Goals

On January 1, 2016, the world officially began implementation of the [2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development](#)—the United Nations' transformative plan of action that addresses urgent global challenges over the next 15 years. The plan is based on 17 specific sustainable development goals.

The Labour Force Survey is an example of how Statistics Canada supports the reporting on the Global Goals for Sustainable Development. This release will be used in helping to measure the following goals:



Note to readers

The Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates for October are for the week of October 8 to 14, 2023.

The LFS estimates are based on a sample and are therefore subject to sampling variability. As a result, monthly estimates will show more variability than trends observed over longer time periods. For more information, see ["Interpreting Monthly Changes in Employment from the Labour Force Survey."](#)

This analysis focuses on differences between estimates that are statistically significant at the 68% confidence level.

LFS estimates at the Canada level do not include the territories.

The LFS estimates are the first in a series of labour market indicators released by Statistics Canada, which includes indicators from programs such as the Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH); Employment Insurance Statistics; and the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey. For more information on the conceptual differences between employment measures from the LFS and those from the SEPH, refer to section 8 of the Guide to the Labour Force Survey ([71-543-G](#)).

Face-to-face personal interviewing resumed in November 2022. Telephone interviews continued to be conducted by interviewers working from their homes rather than Statistics Canada's call centres, as they have since March 2020. About 48,200 interviews were completed in October and in-depth data quality evaluations conducted each month confirm that the LFS continues to produce an accurate portrait of Canada's labour market.

The **employment rate** is the number of employed people as a percentage of the population aged 15 and older. The rate for a particular group (for example, youths aged 15 to 24) is the number employed in that group as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **unemployment rate** is the number of unemployed people as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed).

The **participation rate** is the number of employed and unemployed people as a percentage of the population aged 15 and older.

Full-time employment consists of persons who usually work 30 hours or more per week at their main or only job.

Part-time employment consists of persons who usually work less than 30 hours per week at their main or only job.

Total hours worked refers to the number of hours actually worked at the main job by the respondent during the reference week, including paid and unpaid hours. These hours reflect temporary decreases or increases in work hours (for example, hours lost due to illness, vacation, holidays or weather; or more hours worked due to overtime).

In general, month-to-month or year-to-year changes in the number of people employed in an age group reflect the net effect of two factors: (1) the number of people who changed employment status between reference periods, and (2) the number of employed people who entered or left the age group (including through aging, death or migration) between reference periods.

Information on racialized groups

A new set of data tables presenting annual employment characteristics of racialized groups is now available on the Statistics Canada website (14-10-0438-01, 14-10-0438-02, and 14-10-0438-03). The employment characteristics included in these tables are class of worker, industry and occupation.

Data on "**racialized groups**" are derived from the "visible minority" variable. "Visible minority" refers to whether or not a person belongs to one of the visible minority groups defined by the Employment Equity Act. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as "persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour." The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

Seasonal adjustment

Unless otherwise stated, this release presents seasonally adjusted estimates, which facilitate comparisons by removing the effects of seasonal variations. For more information on seasonal adjustment, see [Seasonally adjusted data – Frequently asked questions](#).

Population growth in the Labour Force Survey

The LFS target population includes all persons aged 15 years and older whose usual place of residence is in Canada, with the exception of those living on reserves, full-time members of the regular Armed Forces and persons living in institutions (including inmates of penal institutions and patients in hospitals and nursing homes).

The LFS target population includes temporary residents—that is, those with a valid work or study permit, their families, and refugee claimants—as well as permanent residents (landed immigrants) and the Canadian-born.

Information gathered from LFS respondents is weighted to represent the survey target population using population calibration totals. These totals are updated each month, using the most recently available information on population changes, including changes in the number of non-permanent residents. LFS population calibration totals are derived from Canada's official population estimates using similar sources and methods, with minor adjustments being made to reflect exclusions from the LFS target population.

Next release

The next release of the LFS will be on December 1, 2023. November 2023 data will reflect labour market conditions during the week of November 5 to 11, 2023.

**Table 1
Labour force characteristics by age group and sex, seasonally adjusted**

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
15 years and over, both sexes							
Population	32,716.3	32,800.9	...	84.6	873.9	0.3	2.7
Labour force	21,459.2	21,517.0	31.6	57.8	644.8	0.3	3.1
Employment	20,270.1	20,287.6	30.7	17.5	501.2	0.1	2.5
Full-time employment	16,607.3	16,604.0	40.7	-3.3	449.8	-0.0	2.8
Part-time employment	3,662.8	3,683.6	37.1	20.8	51.4	0.6	1.4
Unemployment	1,189.1	1,229.4	24.8	40.3	143.6	3.4	13.2
Participation rate	65.6	65.6	0.1	0.0	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.7	0.1	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	62.0	61.9	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	...	...
15 to 24 years, both sexes							
Population	4,689.3	4,720.8	...	31.5	226.6	0.7	5.0
Labour force	3,010.9	3,036.5	18.0	25.6	102.7	0.9	3.5
Employment	2,695.4	2,689.7	16.9	-5.7	76.0	-0.2	2.9
Full-time employment	1,363.2	1,332.5	20.2	-30.7	6.0	-2.3	0.5
Part-time employment	1,332.2	1,357.2	21.0	25.0	70.0	1.9	5.4
Unemployment	315.5	346.9	13.9	31.4	26.8	10.0	8.4
Participation rate	64.2	64.3	0.4	0.1	-1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.5	11.4	0.4	0.9	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	57.5	57.0	0.4	-0.5	-1.2	...	...
25 years and over, both sexes							
Population	28,027.0	28,080.1	...	53.1	647.3	0.2	2.4
Labour force	18,448.3	18,480.4	25.3	32.1	542.0	0.2	3.0
Employment	17,574.7	17,597.9	25.5	23.2	425.2	0.1	2.5
Full-time employment	15,244.1	15,271.5	35.0	27.4	443.9	0.2	3.0
Part-time employment	2,330.6	2,326.4	30.9	-4.2	-18.6	-0.2	-0.8
Unemployment	873.6	882.5	20.3	8.9	116.7	1.0	15.2
Participation rate	65.8	65.8	0.1	0.0	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.8	0.1	0.1	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	62.7	62.7	0.1	0.0	0.1	...	...
25 years and over, men							
Population	13,774.8	13,804.5	...	29.7	344.0	0.2	2.6
Labour force	9,743.5	9,769.2	16.4	25.7	333.3	0.3	3.5
Employment	9,263.0	9,281.6	17.2	18.6	246.9	0.2	2.7
Full-time employment	8,478.0	8,496.1	23.2	18.1	192.1	0.2	2.3
Part-time employment	785.1	785.5	19.2	0.4	54.8	0.1	7.5
Unemployment	480.4	487.6	14.5	7.2	86.5	1.5	21.6
Participation rate	70.7	70.8	0.1	0.1	0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.0	0.1	0.1	0.7	...	...
Employment rate	67.2	67.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	...	...
25 years and over, women							
Population	14,252.2	14,275.6	...	23.4	303.3	0.2	2.2
Labour force	8,704.8	8,711.3	17.9	6.5	208.7	0.1	2.5
Employment	8,311.7	8,316.3	17.8	4.6	178.4	0.1	2.2
Full-time employment	6,766.2	6,775.4	26.0	9.2	251.7	0.1	3.9
Part-time employment	1,545.5	1,541.0	24.0	-4.5	-73.3	-0.3	-4.5
Unemployment	393.1	394.9	14.0	1.8	30.3	0.5	8.3
Participation rate	61.1	61.0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.5	0.2	0.0	0.2	...	...
Employment rate	58.3	58.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	...	...
25 to 54 years, both sexes							
Population	15,583.6	15,620.0	...	36.4	430.5	0.2	2.8
Labour force	13,865.5	13,874.9	23.8	9.4	431.1	0.1	3.2
Employment	13,218.7	13,210.9	25.1	-7.8	326.0	-0.1	2.5
Unemployment	646.8	664.0	18.5	17.2	105.1	2.7	18.8
Participation rate	89.0	88.8	0.2	-0.2	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.8	0.1	0.1	0.6	...	...
Employment rate	84.8	84.6	0.2	-0.2	-0.2	...	...
25 to 54 years, men							
Population	7,820.2	7,841.7	...	21.5	238.7	0.3	3.1
Labour force	7,222.3	7,221.0	15.2	-1.3	249.9	-0.0	3.6
Employment	6,871.8	6,859.8	16.6	-12.0	174.5	-0.2	2.6
Unemployment	350.5	361.2	13.3	10.7	75.4	3.1	26.4
Participation rate	92.4	92.1	0.2	-0.3	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.0	0.2	0.1	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	87.9	87.5	0.2	-0.4	-0.4	...	...

Table 1 - continued
Labour force characteristics by age group and sex, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
25 to 54 years, women							
Population	7,763.3	7,778.3	...	15.0	191.8	0.2	2.5
Labour force	6,643.2	6,653.9	17.5	10.7	181.2	0.2	2.8
Employment	6,346.9	6,351.1	18.0	4.2	151.5	0.1	2.4
Unemployment	296.3	302.8	12.7	6.5	29.7	2.2	10.9
Participation rate	85.6	85.5	0.2	-0.1	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.6	0.2	0.1	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	81.8	81.7	0.2	-0.1	0.0	...	...
55 years and over, both sexes							
Population	12,443.4	12,460.1	...	16.7	216.8	0.1	1.8
Labour force	4,582.8	4,605.5	20.2	22.7	110.8	0.5	2.5
Employment	4,356.0	4,387.0	20.4	31.0	99.2	0.7	2.3
Unemployment	226.7	218.5	10.0	-8.2	11.6	-3.6	5.6
Participation rate	36.8	37.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.7	0.2	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	35.0	35.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	...	...
55 years and over, men							
Population	5,954.6	5,962.8	...	8.2	105.3	0.1	1.8
Labour force	2,521.1	2,548.2	13.5	27.1	83.4	1.1	3.4
Employment	2,391.2	2,421.8	13.8	30.6	72.4	1.3	3.1
Unemployment	129.9	126.4	7.3	-3.5	11.0	-2.7	9.5
Participation rate	42.3	42.7	0.2	0.4	0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.0	0.3	-0.2	0.3	...	...
Employment rate	40.2	40.6	0.2	0.4	0.5	...	...
55 years and over, women							
Population	6,488.8	6,497.3	...	8.5	111.5	0.1	1.7
Labour force	2,061.6	2,057.3	13.9	-4.3	27.4	-0.2	1.3
Employment	1,964.8	1,965.2	13.8	0.4	26.8	0.0	1.4
Unemployment	96.8	92.1	6.6	-4.7	0.6	-4.9	0.7
Participation rate	31.8	31.7	0.2	-0.1	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.5	0.3	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Employment rate	30.3	30.2	0.2	-0.1	-0.2	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey* (71-543-G) for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-02.

Table 2
Employment by class of worker and industry, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands			change in thousands		% change	
Class of worker							
Employees	17,585.1	17,604.2	35.2	19.1	454.1	0.1	2.6
Public sector employees	4,291.7	4,310.6	19.1	18.9	100.7	0.4	2.4
Private sector employees	13,293.4	13,293.6	34.4	0.2	353.3	0.0	2.7
Self-employed	2,685.1	2,683.4	22.8	-1.7	47.1	-0.1	1.8
Total employed, all industries	20,270.1	20,287.6	30.7	17.5	501.2	0.1	2.5
Goods-producing sector	4,115.9	4,123.4	19.1	7.5	15.9	0.2	0.4
Agriculture	254.9	259.3	5.6	4.4	-4.4	1.7	-1.7
Natural resources ²	331.0	331.7	5.8	0.7	6.3	0.2	1.9
Utilities	153.7	151.9	3.7	-1.8	-3.3	-1.2	-2.1
Construction	1,556.3	1,579.3	13.0	23.0	2.4	1.5	0.2
Manufacturing	1,820.0	1,801.2	13.1	-18.8	14.9	-1.0	0.8
Services-producing sector	16,154.2	16,164.2	30.6	10.0	485.3	0.1	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	2,998.3	2,976.6	17.0	-21.7	48.6	-0.7	1.7
Transportation and warehousing	1,049.0	1,052.3	10.3	3.3	88.1	0.3	9.1
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	1,381.3	1,373.2	10.7	-8.1	-8.3	-0.6	-0.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,893.9	1,899.0	13.5	5.1	45.2	0.3	2.4
Business, building and other support services	688.7	685.5	10.8	-3.2	-12.6	-0.5	-1.8
Educational services	1,520.3	1,522.9	12.0	2.6	64.2	0.2	4.4
Health care and social assistance	2,684.8	2,693.7	13.1	8.9	60.4	0.3	2.3
Information, culture and recreation	831.6	852.5	11.6	20.9	61.4	2.5	7.8
Accommodation and food services	1,145.8	1,140.3	12.7	-5.5	49.1	-0.5	4.5
Other services (except public administration)	781.2	782.9	9.3	1.7	67.2	0.2	9.4
Public administration	1,179.2	1,185.2	8.5	6.0	21.8	0.5	1.9

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

2. Also referred to as "Forestry, fishing, mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction."

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Tables [14-10-0288-02](#) and [14-10-0355-02](#).

**Table 3
Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted**

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Population	456.8	457.3	...	0.5	7.4	0.1	1.6
Labour force	262.1	262.5	2.0	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.3
Employment	236.7	236.3	2.2	-0.4	2.6	-0.2	1.1
Full-time employment	199.5	199.3	2.4	-0.2	4.4	-0.1	2.3
Part-time employment	37.2	37.0	1.8	-0.2	-1.8	-0.5	-4.6
Unemployment	25.4	26.2	1.9	0.8	-1.8	3.1	-6.4
Participation rate	57.4	57.4	0.4	0.0	-0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.7	10.0	0.7	0.3	-0.7	...	...
Employment rate	51.8	51.7	0.5	-0.1	-0.2	...	...
Prince Edward Island							
Population	146.0	146.4	...	0.4	5.7	0.3	4.1
Labour force	98.8	98.4	1.1	-0.4	6.9	-0.4	7.5
Employment	92.6	92.3	1.1	-0.3	6.5	-0.3	7.6
Full-time employment	79.6	78.7	1.3	-0.9	5.9	-1.1	8.1
Part-time employment	13.0	13.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	5.4	5.4
Unemployment	6.2	6.1	0.8	-0.1	0.5	-1.6	8.9
Participation rate	67.7	67.2	0.7	-0.5	2.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.2	0.9	-0.1	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	63.4	63.0	0.7	-0.4	2.0	...	...
Nova Scotia							
Population	869.7	871.6	...	1.9	23.6	0.2	2.8
Labour force	531.5	538.8	2.9	7.3	15.8	1.4	3.0
Employment	494.8	503.0	3.0	8.2	16.2	1.7	3.3
Full-time employment	413.4	415.9	4.0	2.5	9.8	0.6	2.4
Part-time employment	81.3	87.0	3.5	5.7	6.4	7.0	7.9
Unemployment	36.7	35.8	2.5	-0.9	-0.4	-2.5	-1.1
Participation rate	61.1	61.8	0.3	0.7	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.6	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	56.9	57.7	0.4	0.8	0.3	...	...
New Brunswick							
Population	688.2	689.8	...	1.6	19.8	0.2	3.0
Labour force	416.3	416.4	2.4	0.1	7.2	0.0	1.8
Employment	386.4	388.8	2.4	2.4	10.0	0.6	2.6
Full-time employment	334.1	333.1	3.1	-1.0	9.3	-0.3	2.9
Part-time employment	52.2	55.8	2.5	3.6	0.8	6.9	1.5
Unemployment	29.9	27.6	2.1	-2.3	-2.7	-7.7	-8.9
Participation rate	60.5	60.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.2	6.6	0.5	-0.6	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	56.4	0.4	0.3	-0.1	...	...
Quebec							
Population	7,287.3	7,303.2	...	15.9	121.6	0.2	1.7
Labour force	4,753.2	4,752.2	16.0	-1.0	129.7	-0.0	2.8
Employment	4,543.2	4,521.1	16.2	-22.1	86.0	-0.5	1.9
Full-time employment	3,685.0	3,650.5	20.4	-34.5	24.0	-0.9	0.7
Part-time employment	858.1	870.6	19.0	12.5	62.0	1.5	7.7
Unemployment	210.0	231.1	12.2	21.1	43.7	10.0	23.3
Participation rate	65.2	65.1	0.2	-0.1	0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.9	0.3	0.5	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	61.9	0.2	-0.4	0.1	...	...
Ontario							
Population	12,899.7	12,936.5	...	36.8	366.8	0.3	2.9
Labour force	8,465.1	8,470.3	20.8	5.2	258.3	0.1	3.1
Employment	7,960.2	7,945.9	20.0	-14.3	200.6	-0.2	2.6
Full-time employment	6,595.4	6,568.5	26.7	-26.9	213.0	-0.4	3.4
Part-time employment	1,364.8	1,377.4	24.1	12.6	-12.4	0.9	-0.9
Unemployment	504.9	524.5	16.6	19.6	57.8	3.9	12.4
Participation rate	65.6	65.5	0.2	-0.1	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	61.7	61.4	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	...	...
Manitoba							
Population	1,095.7	1,098.3	...	2.6	29.2	0.2	2.7
Labour force	737.2	739.6	3.2	2.4	22.7	0.3	3.2
Employment	700.1	701.3	3.2	1.2	18.3	0.2	2.7
Full-time employment	574.5	573.6	4.3	-0.9	13.3	-0.2	2.4
Part-time employment	125.6	127.8	3.9	2.2	5.1	1.8	4.2
Unemployment	37.1	38.3	2.6	1.2	4.4	3.2	13.0
Participation rate	67.3	67.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	63.9	63.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	...	...

Table 3 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Saskatchewan							
Population	930.3	932.4	...	2.1	26.0	0.2	2.9
Labour force	623.2	629.3	3.0	6.1	16.0	1.0	2.6
Employment	592.6	601.7	3.0	9.1	18.7	1.5	3.2
Full-time employment	492.4	496.2	3.9	3.8	17.6	0.8	3.7
Part-time employment	100.3	105.5	3.6	5.2	1.0	5.2	1.0
Unemployment	30.6	27.6	2.2	-3.0	-2.7	-9.8	-8.9
Participation rate	67.0	67.5	0.3	0.5	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.4	0.4	-0.5	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	63.7	64.5	0.3	0.8	0.2	...	...
Alberta							
Population	3,794.5	3,808.2	...	13.7	159.4	0.4	4.4
Labour force	2,596.2	2,639.1	11.5	42.9	108.4	1.7	4.3
Employment	2,449.3	2,487.0	11.4	37.7	92.0	1.5	3.8
Full-time employment	2,007.5	2,039.0	15.5	31.5	81.7	1.6	4.2
Part-time employment	441.8	448.0	14.0	6.2	10.3	1.4	2.4
Unemployment	147.0	152.1	9.4	5.1	16.4	3.5	12.1
Participation rate	68.4	69.3	0.3	0.9	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.8	0.4	0.1	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	65.3	0.3	0.8	-0.3	...	...
British Columbia							
Population	4,548.0	4,557.3	...	9.3	114.5	0.2	2.6
Labour force	2,975.7	2,970.4	11.0	-5.3	78.8	-0.2	2.7
Employment	2,814.3	2,810.3	10.6	-4.0	50.5	-0.1	1.8
Full-time employment	2,225.9	2,249.3	14.6	23.4	71.0	1.1	3.3
Part-time employment	588.4	560.9	13.8	-27.5	-20.6	-4.7	-3.5
Unemployment	161.4	160.1	8.4	-1.3	28.3	-0.8	21.5
Participation rate	65.4	65.2	0.2	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.4	0.3	0.0	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	61.9	61.7	0.2	-0.2	-0.4	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table [14-10-0287-03](#).

Table 4
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick)

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	456.8	457.3	...	0.5	7.4	0.1	1.6
Labour force	262.1	262.5	2.0	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.3
Employment	236.7	236.3	2.2	-0.4	2.6	-0.2	1.1
Full-time employment	199.5	199.3	2.4	-0.2	4.4	-0.1	2.3
Unemployment	25.4	26.2	1.9	0.8	-1.8	3.1	-6.4
Participation rate	57.4	57.4	0.4	0.0	-0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.7	10.0	0.7	0.3	-0.7	...	...
Employment rate	51.8	51.7	0.5	-0.1	-0.2	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	56.9	57.1	...	0.2	1.8	0.4	3.3
Labour force	34.7	33.7	0.9	-1.0	-2.1	-2.9	-5.9
Employment	29.9	30.0	0.9	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.0
Unemployment	4.8	3.6	0.8	-1.2	-2.4	-25.0	-40.0
Participation rate	61.0	59.0	1.7	-2.0	-5.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.8	10.7	2.3	-3.1	-6.1	...	...
Employment rate	52.5	52.5	1.7	0.0	-1.2	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	194.8	194.9	...	0.1	3.0	0.1	1.6
Labour force	116.5	117.5	1.2	1.0	1.9	0.9	1.6
Employment	104.1	103.7	1.4	-0.4	1.6	-0.4	1.6
Unemployment	12.4	13.8	1.2	1.4	0.2	11.3	1.5
Participation rate	59.8	60.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.6	11.7	1.0	1.1	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	53.4	53.2	0.7	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	205.1	205.2	...	0.1	2.6	0.0	1.3
Labour force	111.0	111.3	1.1	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.9
Employment	102.8	102.5	1.2	-0.3	0.6	-0.3	0.6
Unemployment	8.2	8.8	1.0	0.6	0.4	7.3	4.8
Participation rate	54.1	54.2	0.6	0.1	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.4	7.9	0.9	0.5	0.3	...	...
Employment rate	50.1	50.0	0.6	-0.1	-0.3	...	...
Prince Edward Island							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	146.0	146.4	...	0.4	5.7	0.3	4.1
Labour force	98.8	98.4	1.1	-0.4	6.9	-0.4	7.5
Employment	92.6	92.3	1.1	-0.3	6.5	-0.3	7.6
Full-time employment	79.6	78.7	1.3	-0.9	5.9	-1.1	8.1
Unemployment	6.2	6.1	0.8	-0.1	0.5	-1.6	8.9
Participation rate	67.7	67.2	0.7	-0.5	2.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.2	0.9	-0.1	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	63.4	63.0	0.7	-0.4	2.0	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	23.9	24.1	...	0.2	1.7	0.8	7.6
Labour force	17.2	16.4	0.7	-0.8	2.0	-4.7	13.9
Employment	15.4	15.2	0.7	-0.2	3.4	-1.3	28.8
Unemployment	1.7	1.1	0.5	-0.6	-1.5	-35.3	-57.7
Participation rate	72.0	68.0	2.8	-4.0	3.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	6.7	3.3	-3.2	-11.4	...	...
Employment rate	64.4	63.1	2.7	-1.3	10.4	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	59.5	59.6	...	0.1	2.1	0.2	3.7
Labour force	42.5	43.0	0.5	0.5	3.2	1.2	8.0
Employment	40.0	39.8	0.5	-0.2	1.7	-0.5	4.5
Unemployment	2.4	3.2	0.5	0.8	1.4	33.3	77.8
Participation rate	71.4	72.1	0.8	0.7	2.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.6	7.4	1.2	1.8	2.9	...	...
Employment rate	67.2	66.8	0.9	-0.4	0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	62.6	62.7	...	0.1	1.9	0.2	3.1
Labour force	39.1	39.0	0.5	-0.1	1.8	-0.3	4.8
Employment	37.1	37.3	0.5	0.2	1.4	0.5	3.9
Unemployment	2.0	1.7	0.4	-0.3	0.4	-15.0	30.8
Participation rate	62.5	62.2	0.7	-0.3	1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.4	1.0	-0.7	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	59.5	0.8	0.2	0.5	...	...

Table 4 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick)

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Nova Scotia							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	869.7	871.6	...	1.9	23.6	0.2	2.8
Labour force	531.5	538.8	2.9	7.3	15.8	1.4	3.0
Employment	494.8	503.0	3.0	8.2	16.2	1.7	3.3
Full-time employment	413.4	415.9	4.0	2.5	9.8	0.6	2.4
Unemployment	36.7	35.8	2.5	-0.9	-0.4	-2.5	-1.1
Participation rate	61.1	61.8	0.3	0.7	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.6	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	56.9	57.7	0.4	0.8	0.3	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	116.1	117.0	...	0.9	5.7	0.8	5.1
Labour force	75.4	79.6	1.8	4.2	4.0	5.6	5.3
Employment	65.6	68.9	1.7	3.3	2.9	5.0	4.4
Unemployment	9.9	10.7	1.5	0.8	1.1	8.1	11.5
Participation rate	64.9	68.0	1.6	3.1	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.1	13.4	1.9	0.3	0.7	...	...
Employment rate	56.5	58.9	1.5	2.4	-0.4	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	361.9	362.5	...	0.6	9.5	0.2	2.7
Labour force	231.6	233.0	1.7	1.4	4.0	0.6	1.7
Employment	216.3	219.3	1.7	3.0	7.3	1.4	3.4
Unemployment	15.3	13.7	1.5	-1.6	-3.3	-10.5	-19.4
Participation rate	64.0	64.3	0.5	0.3	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	5.9	0.7	-0.7	-1.5	...	...
Employment rate	59.8	60.5	0.5	0.7	0.4	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	391.7	392.1	...	0.4	8.4	0.1	2.2
Labour force	224.5	226.2	1.6	1.7	7.8	0.8	3.6
Employment	212.9	214.8	1.6	1.9	6.0	0.9	2.9
Unemployment	11.5	11.5	1.3	0.0	1.9	0.0	19.8
Participation rate	57.3	57.7	0.4	0.4	0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.1	0.6	0.0	0.7	...	...
Employment rate	54.4	54.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	...	...
New Brunswick							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	688.2	689.8	...	1.6	19.8	0.2	3.0
Labour force	416.3	416.4	2.4	0.1	7.2	0.0	1.8
Employment	386.4	388.8	2.4	2.4	10.0	0.6	2.6
Full-time employment	334.1	333.1	3.1	-1.0	9.3	-0.3	2.9
Unemployment	29.9	27.6	2.1	-2.3	-2.7	-7.7	-8.9
Participation rate	60.5	60.4	0.4	-0.1	-0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.2	6.6	0.5	-0.6	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	56.4	0.4	0.3	-0.1	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	89.2	89.8	...	0.6	4.7	0.7	5.5
Labour force	59.6	59.6	1.2	0.0	-0.7	0.0	-1.2
Employment	51.1	52.4	1.2	1.3	1.1	2.5	2.1
Unemployment	8.5	7.3	1.2	-1.2	-1.6	-14.1	-18.0
Participation rate	66.8	66.4	1.4	-0.4	-4.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	14.3	12.2	1.9	-2.1	-2.6	...	...
Employment rate	57.3	58.4	1.4	1.1	-1.9	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	293.4	293.9	...	0.5	8.2	0.2	2.9
Labour force	185.3	185.9	1.4	0.6	4.8	0.3	2.7
Employment	171.3	172.8	1.5	1.5	4.9	0.9	2.9
Unemployment	14.1	13.1	1.3	-1.0	-0.1	-7.1	-0.8
Participation rate	63.2	63.3	0.5	0.1	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.6	7.0	0.7	-0.6	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	58.4	58.8	0.5	0.4	0.0	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	305.6	306.0	...	0.4	6.8	0.1	2.3
Labour force	171.4	170.9	1.3	-0.5	3.1	-0.3	1.8
Employment	164.0	163.7	1.3	-0.3	4.1	-0.2	2.6
Unemployment	7.4	7.3	1.0	-0.1	-0.9	-1.4	-11.0
Participation rate	56.1	55.8	0.4	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.6	0.0	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	53.7	53.5	0.4	-0.2	0.2	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-03.

Table 5
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Quebec							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	7,287.3	7,303.2	...	15.9	121.6	0.2	1.7
Labour force	4,753.2	4,752.2	16.0	-1.0	129.7	-0.0	2.8
Employment	4,543.2	4,521.1	16.2	-22.1	86.0	-0.5	1.9
Full-time employment	3,685.0	3,650.5	20.4	-34.5	24.0	-0.9	0.7
Unemployment	210.0	231.1	12.2	21.1	43.7	10.0	23.3
Participation rate	65.2	65.1	0.2	-0.1	0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.9	0.3	0.5	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	61.9	0.2	-0.4	0.1	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	938.2	942.9	...	4.7	31.4	0.5	3.4
Labour force	664.8	669.4	9.0	4.6	34.7	0.7	5.5
Employment	621.5	610.1	8.8	-11.4	21.6	-1.8	3.7
Unemployment	43.3	59.3	6.6	16.0	13.1	37.0	28.4
Participation rate	70.9	71.0	1.0	0.1	1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.5	8.9	1.0	2.4	1.6	...	...
Employment rate	66.2	64.7	1.0	-1.5	0.1	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	3,158.0	3,164.5	...	6.5	51.0	0.2	1.6
Labour force	2,174.5	2,171.2	9.0	-3.3	59.4	-0.2	2.8
Employment	2,067.6	2,058.7	9.6	-8.9	27.0	-0.4	1.3
Unemployment	106.9	112.5	7.6	5.6	32.4	5.2	40.4
Participation rate	68.9	68.6	0.3	-0.3	0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.2	0.4	0.3	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	65.5	65.1	0.3	-0.4	-0.2	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	3,191.0	3,195.9	...	4.9	39.4	0.2	1.2
Labour force	1,913.9	1,911.6	9.0	-2.3	35.6	-0.1	1.9
Employment	1,854.1	1,852.3	9.3	-1.8	37.4	-0.1	2.1
Unemployment	59.8	59.2	6.8	-0.6	-1.9	-1.0	-3.1
Participation rate	60.0	59.8	0.3	-0.2	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.1	0.4	0.0	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	58.1	58.0	0.3	-0.1	0.5	...	...
Ontario							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	12,899.7	12,936.5	...	36.8	366.8	0.3	2.9
Labour force	8,465.1	8,470.3	20.8	5.2	258.3	0.1	3.1
Employment	7,960.2	7,945.9	20.0	-14.3	200.6	-0.2	2.6
Full-time employment	6,595.4	6,568.5	26.7	-26.9	213.0	-0.4	3.4
Unemployment	504.9	524.5	16.6	19.6	57.8	3.9	12.4
Participation rate	65.6	65.5	0.2	-0.1	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	61.7	61.4	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	1,949.4	1,964.3	...	14.9	102.9	0.8	5.5
Labour force	1,183.9	1,192.8	12.3	8.9	14.4	0.8	1.2
Employment	1,044.9	1,026.0	11.6	-18.9	-3.4	-1.8	-0.3
Unemployment	139.0	166.8	9.6	27.8	17.8	20.0	11.9
Participation rate	60.7	60.7	0.7	0.0	-2.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.7	14.0	0.8	2.3	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	53.6	52.2	0.6	-1.4	-3.1	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	5,344.7	5,357.1	...	12.4	141.9	0.2	2.7
Labour force	3,828.2	3,834.4	10.5	6.2	142.0	0.2	3.8
Employment	3,641.3	3,644.2	10.6	2.9	108.8	0.1	3.1
Unemployment	186.9	190.2	9.3	3.3	33.3	1.8	21.2
Participation rate	71.6	71.6	0.2	0.0	0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	5.0	0.2	0.1	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	68.1	68.0	0.2	-0.1	0.2	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	5,605.6	5,615.1	...	9.5	122.0	0.2	2.2
Labour force	3,453.0	3,443.1	11.5	-9.9	101.8	-0.3	3.0
Employment	3,274.1	3,275.7	11.5	1.6	95.2	0.0	3.0
Unemployment	179.0	167.4	9.4	-11.6	6.7	-6.5	4.2
Participation rate	61.6	61.3	0.2	-0.3	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	4.9	0.3	-0.3	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	58.4	58.3	0.2	-0.1	0.4	...	...

Table 5 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Manitoba							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	1,095.7	1,098.3	...	2.6	29.2	0.2	2.7
Labour force	737.2	739.6	3.2	2.4	22.7	0.3	3.2
Employment	700.1	701.3	3.2	1.2	18.3	0.2	2.7
Full-time employment	574.5	573.6	4.3	-0.9	13.3	-0.2	2.4
Unemployment	37.1	38.3	2.6	1.2	4.4	3.2	13.0
Participation rate	67.3	67.3	0.3	0.0	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.2	0.4	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	63.9	63.9	0.3	0.0	0.0	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	174.7	176.0	...	1.3	8.2	0.7	4.9
Labour force	120.1	121.2	1.9	1.1	6.2	0.9	5.4
Employment	108.3	107.2	1.8	-1.1	3.2	-1.0	3.1
Unemployment	11.8	14.0	1.6	2.2	3.0	18.6	27.3
Participation rate	68.7	68.9	1.2	0.2	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.8	11.6	1.3	1.8	2.0	...	...
Employment rate	62.0	60.9	1.1	-1.1	-1.1	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	454.2	455.0	...	0.8	11.6	0.2	2.6
Labour force	327.2	326.2	1.6	-1.0	9.3	-0.3	2.9
Employment	311.0	313.1	1.7	2.1	7.6	0.7	2.5
Unemployment	16.2	13.1	1.4	-3.1	1.7	-19.1	14.9
Participation rate	72.0	71.7	0.4	-0.3	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	4.0	0.4	-1.0	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	68.5	68.8	0.4	0.3	-0.1	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	466.9	467.4	...	0.5	9.6	0.1	2.1
Labour force	289.9	292.2	1.9	2.3	7.2	0.8	2.5
Employment	280.8	281.0	1.8	0.2	7.5	0.1	2.7
Unemployment	9.1	11.2	1.5	2.1	-0.3	23.1	-2.6
Participation rate	62.1	62.5	0.4	0.4	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.8	0.5	0.7	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	60.1	60.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	...	...
Saskatchewan							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	930.3	932.4	...	2.1	26.0	0.2	2.9
Labour force	623.2	629.3	3.0	6.1	16.0	1.0	2.6
Employment	592.6	601.7	3.0	9.1	18.7	1.5	3.2
Full-time employment	492.4	496.2	3.9	3.8	17.6	0.8	3.7
Unemployment	30.6	27.6	2.2	-3.0	-2.7	-9.8	-8.9
Participation rate	67.0	67.5	0.3	0.5	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.4	0.4	-0.5	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	63.7	64.5	0.3	0.8	0.2	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	142.1	142.9	...	0.8	6.2	0.6	4.5
Labour force	88.7	92.7	1.8	4.0	6.0	4.5	6.9
Employment	80.2	84.3	1.7	4.1	7.2	5.1	9.3
Unemployment	8.4	8.4	1.2	0.0	-1.2	0.0	-12.5
Participation rate	62.4	64.9	1.3	2.5	1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.5	9.1	1.3	-0.4	-2.0	...	...
Employment rate	56.4	59.0	1.2	2.6	2.6	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	394.8	395.4	...	0.6	10.3	0.2	2.7
Labour force	287.8	289.2	1.6	1.4	7.9	0.5	2.8
Employment	275.2	278.1	1.7	2.9	8.8	1.1	3.3
Unemployment	12.6	11.1	1.4	-1.5	-1.0	-11.9	-8.3
Participation rate	72.9	73.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	3.8	0.5	-0.6	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	69.7	70.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	393.4	394.0	...	0.6	9.3	0.2	2.4
Labour force	246.8	247.4	1.7	0.6	2.1	0.2	0.9
Employment	237.2	239.3	1.6	2.1	2.7	0.9	1.1
Unemployment	9.6	8.1	1.2	-1.5	-0.5	-15.6	-5.8
Participation rate	62.7	62.8	0.4	0.1	-1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.3	0.5	-0.6	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	60.3	60.7	0.4	0.4	-0.8	...	...

Table 5 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Alberta							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	3,794.5	3,808.2	...	13.7	159.4	0.4	4.4
Labour force	2,596.2	2,639.1	11.5	42.9	108.4	1.7	4.3
Employment	2,449.3	2,487.0	11.4	37.7	92.0	1.5	3.8
Full-time employment	2,007.5	2,039.0	15.5	31.5	81.7	1.6	4.2
Unemployment	147.0	152.1	9.4	5.1	16.4	3.5	12.1
Participation rate	68.4	69.3	0.3	0.9	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	5.8	0.4	0.1	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	64.5	65.3	0.3	0.8	-0.3	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	570.3	573.5	...	3.2	33.0	0.6	6.1
Labour force	343.4	351.5	6.2	8.1	19.3	2.4	5.8
Employment	296.9	310.3	6.2	13.4	14.0	4.5	4.7
Unemployment	46.5	41.2	5.0	-5.3	5.4	-11.4	15.1
Participation rate	60.2	61.3	1.1	1.1	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.5	11.7	1.4	-1.8	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	52.1	54.1	1.1	2.0	-0.7	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	1,603.6	1,609.0	...	5.4	63.9	0.3	4.1
Labour force	1,211.8	1,240.4	5.9	28.6	66.2	2.4	5.6
Employment	1,166.7	1,181.6	6.6	14.9	54.6	1.3	4.8
Unemployment	45.1	58.9	5.6	13.8	11.8	30.6	25.1
Participation rate	75.6	77.1	0.4	1.5	1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.7	4.7	0.5	1.0	0.7	...	...
Employment rate	72.8	73.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	1,620.6	1,625.6	...	5.0	62.4	0.3	4.0
Labour force	1,041.1	1,047.2	6.8	6.1	22.8	0.6	2.2
Employment	985.7	995.2	6.7	9.5	23.5	1.0	2.4
Unemployment	55.4	52.0	5.6	-3.4	-0.7	-6.1	-1.3
Participation rate	64.2	64.4	0.4	0.2	-1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.0	0.5	-0.3	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	60.8	61.2	0.4	0.4	-1.0	...	...
British Columbia							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	4,548.0	4,557.3	...	9.3	114.5	0.2	2.6
Labour force	2,975.7	2,970.4	11.0	-5.3	78.8	-0.2	2.7
Employment	2,814.3	2,810.3	10.6	-4.0	50.5	-0.1	1.8
Full-time employment	2,225.9	2,249.3	14.6	23.4	71.0	1.1	3.3
Unemployment	161.4	160.1	8.4	-1.3	28.3	-0.8	21.5
Participation rate	65.4	65.2	0.2	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.4	0.3	0.0	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	61.9	61.7	0.2	-0.2	-0.4	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	628.5	633.0	...	4.5	30.9	0.7	5.1
Labour force	423.3	419.7	6.3	-3.6	18.8	-0.9	4.7
Employment	381.7	385.3	5.8	3.6	25.7	0.9	7.1
Unemployment	41.7	34.4	5.0	-7.3	-6.9	-17.5	-16.7
Participation rate	67.4	66.3	1.0	-1.1	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.9	8.2	1.2	-1.7	-2.1	...	...
Employment rate	60.7	60.9	1.0	0.2	1.2	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	1,909.9	1,912.6	...	2.7	42.5	0.1	2.3
Labour force	1,338.2	1,328.3	5.8	-9.9	34.5	-0.7	2.7
Employment	1,269.6	1,270.4	6.1	0.8	24.6	0.1	2.0
Unemployment	68.6	58.0	4.7	-10.6	10.0	-15.5	20.8
Participation rate	70.1	69.4	0.3	-0.7	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.4	0.4	-0.7	0.7	...	...
Employment rate	66.5	66.4	0.3	-0.1	-0.2	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	2,009.5	2,011.7	...	2.2	41.1	0.1	2.1
Labour force	1,214.1	1,222.3	6.4	8.2	25.3	0.7	2.1
Employment	1,163.0	1,154.6	6.2	-8.4	0.1	-0.7	0.0
Unemployment	51.1	67.8	4.7	16.7	25.3	32.7	59.5
Participation rate	60.4	60.8	0.3	0.4	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	5.5	0.4	1.3	1.9	...	...
Employment rate	57.9	57.4	0.3	-0.5	-1.2	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-03.

Table 6
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands			change in thousands		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Total employed, all industries	236.7	236.3	2.2	-0.4	2.6	-0.2	1.1
Goods-producing sector	48.3	47.3	1.4	-1.0	1.1	-2.1	2.4
Agriculture	1.5	1.4	0.2	-0.1	0.6	-6.7	75.0
Natural resources ²	17.1	17.3	0.9	0.2	1.5	1.2	9.5
Utilities	2.5	2.7	0.1	0.2	0.8	8.0	42.1
Construction	18.4	19.2	0.9	0.8	1.3	4.3	7.3
Manufacturing	8.8	6.7	0.8	-2.1	-3.0	-23.9	-30.9
Services-producing sector	188.5	189.0	1.9	0.5	1.5	0.3	0.8
Wholesale and retail trade	37.5	38.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	1.6	0.8
Transportation and warehousing	12.9	12.0	0.6	-0.9	-0.2	-7.0	-1.6
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	6.5	6.7	0.4	0.2	-1.0	3.1	-13.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	11.3	12.4	0.5	1.1	0.5	9.7	4.2
Business, building and other support services	6.8	6.7	0.5	-0.1	1.8	-1.5	36.7
Educational services	16.9	17.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	4.7	4.1
Health care and social assistance	46.3	44.5	0.8	-1.8	-0.5	-3.9	-1.1
Information, culture and recreation	6.9	7.0	0.5	0.1	0.3	1.4	4.5
Accommodation and food services	14.3	15.3	0.7	1.0	0.7	7.0	4.8
Other services (except public administration)	8.8	8.5	0.6	-0.3	0.5	-3.4	6.3
Public administration	20.2	20.1	0.6	-0.1	-1.7	-0.5	-7.8
Prince Edward Island							
Total employed, all industries	92.6	92.3	1.1	-0.3	6.5	-0.3	7.6
Goods-producing sector	23.1	22.9	0.7	-0.2	0.6	-0.9	2.7
Agriculture	4.9	5.5	0.3	0.6	2.2	12.2	66.7
Natural resources ²	1.8	2.0	0.3	0.2	-0.1	11.1	-4.8
Utilities	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	50.0
Construction	8.2	7.9	0.4	-0.3	0.7	-3.7	9.7
Manufacturing	7.9	7.2	0.5	-0.7	-2.2	-8.9	-23.4
Services-producing sector	69.4	69.4	1.0	0.0	5.8	0.0	9.1
Wholesale and retail trade	10.6	10.9	0.5	0.3	-1.0	2.8	-8.4
Transportation and warehousing	3.1	2.9	0.2	-0.2	1.0	-6.5	52.6
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	3.8	3.9	0.2	0.1	1.1	2.6	39.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.6	4.5	0.3	-0.1	-0.2	-2.2	-4.3
Business, building and other support services	1.3	1.7	0.3	0.4	-0.7	30.8	-29.2
Educational services	6.3	6.9	0.3	0.6	1.0	9.5	16.9
Health care and social assistance	14.9	14.3	0.4	-0.6	1.5	-4.0	11.7
Information, culture and recreation	3.1	2.9	0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-6.5	-6.5
Accommodation and food services	6.9	6.6	0.5	-0.3	3.0	-4.3	83.3
Other services (except public administration)	3.8	4.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	10.5	13.5
Public administration	11.1	10.6	0.4	-0.5	-0.2	-4.5	-1.9
Nova Scotia							
Total employed, all industries	494.8	503.0	3.0	8.2	16.2	1.7	3.3
Goods-producing sector	88.2	89.8	1.9	1.6	-7.9	1.8	-8.1
Agriculture	5.9	5.1	0.6	-0.8	0.2	-13.6	4.1
Natural resources ²	7.8	8.9	0.9	1.1	-0.9	14.1	-9.2
Utilities	2.6	3.0	0.3	0.4	-1.4	15.4	-31.8
Construction	36.3	37.5	1.3	1.2	-5.9	3.3	-13.6
Manufacturing	35.6	35.3	1.1	-0.3	0.2	-0.8	0.6
Services-producing sector	406.5	413.2	2.9	6.7	24.1	1.6	6.2
Wholesale and retail trade	80.2	81.2	1.6	1.0	6.2	1.2	8.3
Transportation and warehousing	22.7	22.9	1.0	0.2	4.2	0.9	22.5
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	29.0	29.3	0.8	0.3	1.9	1.0	6.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	39.0	38.7	1.2	-0.3	1.4	-0.8	3.8
Business, building and other support services	19.5	18.5	0.9	-1.0	1.1	-5.1	6.3
Educational services	38.5	38.6	1.1	0.1	2.8	0.3	7.8
Health care and social assistance	72.5	74.3	1.4	1.8	-5.3	2.5	-6.7
Information, culture and recreation	20.7	23.6	1.0	2.9	5.3	14.0	29.0
Accommodation and food services	29.5	30.1	1.1	0.6	1.3	2.0	4.5
Other services (except public administration)	21.1	21.4	1.0	0.3	3.3	1.4	18.2
Public administration	33.7	34.6	0.9	0.9	2.0	2.7	6.1

Table 6 - continued
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
New Brunswick							
Total employed, all industries	386.4	388.8	2.4	2.4	10.0	0.6	2.6
Goods-producing sector	76.8	79.0	1.6	2.2	4.1	2.9	5.5
Agriculture	6.3	5.9	0.5	-0.4	-0.1	-6.3	-1.7
Natural resources ²	6.7	6.7	0.7	0.0	-1.7	0.0	-20.2
Utilities	5.4	5.4	0.2	0.0	1.2	0.0	28.6
Construction	30.9	33.7	1.1	2.8	4.0	9.1	13.5
Manufacturing	27.6	27.4	0.9	-0.2	0.7	-0.7	2.6
Services-producing sector	309.5	309.8	2.2	0.3	5.9	0.1	1.9
Wholesale and retail trade	55.7	55.5	1.2	-0.2	-3.0	-0.4	-5.1
Transportation and warehousing	20.2	20.3	0.6	0.1	3.0	0.5	17.3
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	20.1	19.7	0.6	-0.4	0.3	-2.0	1.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	21.8	22.6	0.8	0.8	-0.1	3.7	-0.4
Business, building and other support services	12.3	13.4	0.7	1.1	1.4	8.9	11.7
Educational services	30.1	30.5	0.9	0.4	0.0	1.3	0.0
Health care and social assistance	63.3	63.0	1.1	-0.3	3.9	-0.5	6.6
Information, culture and recreation	13.2	13.7	0.8	0.5	2.8	3.8	25.7
Accommodation and food services	22.3	21.7	0.9	-0.6	-0.7	-2.7	-3.1
Other services (except public administration)	16.1	14.8	0.7	-1.3	-1.9	-8.1	-11.4
Public administration	34.5	34.5	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6
Quebec							
Total employed, all industries	4,543.2	4,521.1	16.2	-22.1	86.0	-0.5	1.9
Goods-producing sector	936.9	927.5	9.9	-9.4	-3.6	-1.0	-0.4
Agriculture	49.5	51.2	2.6	1.7	-11.5	3.4	-18.3
Natural resources ²	33.4	34.5	2.3	1.1	-6.4	3.3	-15.6
Utilities	29.2	30.3	1.3	1.1	-1.2	3.8	-3.8
Construction	314.1	317.2	6.3	3.1	16.0	1.0	5.3
Manufacturing	510.7	494.4	7.4	-16.3	-0.5	-3.2	-0.1
Services-producing sector	3,606.2	3,593.6	15.9	-12.6	89.6	-0.3	2.6
Wholesale and retail trade	682.0	676.4	9.2	-5.6	16.7	-0.8	2.5
Transportation and warehousing	211.2	209.7	5.2	-1.5	8.1	-0.7	4.0
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	272.2	269.7	4.9	-2.5	-6.0	-0.9	-2.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	377.9	375.1	6.8	-2.8	-10.3	-0.7	-2.7
Business, building and other support services	170.3	172.0	6.0	1.7	-3.3	1.0	-1.9
Educational services	350.8	348.5	6.6	-2.3	21.8	-0.7	6.7
Health care and social assistance	604.4	605.3	7.1	0.9	-16.7	0.1	-2.7
Information, culture and recreation	213.1	218.4	6.1	5.3	30.2	2.5	16.0
Accommodation and food services	245.8	242.3	6.5	-3.5	15.4	-1.4	6.8
Other services (except public administration)	184.4	182.3	4.6	-2.1	22.9	-1.1	14.4
Public administration	294.1	293.9	4.6	-0.2	10.7	-0.1	3.8
Ontario							
Total employed, all industries	7,960.2	7,945.9	20.0	-14.3	200.6	-0.2	2.6
Goods-producing sector	1,596.1	1,585.5	12.3	-10.6	25.8	-0.7	1.7
Agriculture	81.3	82.9	3.3	1.6	10.3	2.0	14.2
Natural resources ²	40.4	37.6	2.1	-2.8	-0.8	-6.9	-2.1
Utilities	65.0	60.7	2.4	-4.3	-1.8	-6.6	-2.9
Construction	596.4	595.4	8.3	-1.0	7.6	-0.2	1.3
Manufacturing	813.0	808.8	9.1	-4.2	10.4	-0.5	1.3
Services-producing sector	6,364.2	6,360.4	20.2	-3.8	174.7	-0.1	2.8
Wholesale and retail trade	1,133.0	1,103.8	10.9	-29.2	-5.0	-2.6	-0.5
Transportation and warehousing	406.4	411.9	6.4	5.5	38.8	1.4	10.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	673.9	666.6	8.0	-7.3	-19.8	-1.1	-2.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	841.7	843.7	9.2	2.0	35.7	0.2	4.4
Business, building and other support services	275.3	271.4	7.1	-3.9	-15.4	-1.4	-5.4
Educational services	569.1	578.1	7.7	9.0	16.1	1.6	2.9
Health care and social assistance	985.0	991.9	8.2	6.9	48.7	0.7	5.2
Information, culture and recreation	313.4	330.8	7.7	17.4	30.7	5.6	10.2
Accommodation and food services	437.5	429.0	8.6	-8.5	19.3	-1.9	4.7
Other services (except public administration)	276.3	280.4	6.0	4.1	23.5	1.5	9.1
Public administration	452.6	452.8	5.5	0.2	2.3	0.0	0.5

Table 6 - continued
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Manitoba							
Total employed, all industries	700.1	701.3	3.2	1.2	18.3	0.2	2.7
Goods-producing sector	154.4	154.5	2.0	0.1	5.2	0.1	3.5
Agriculture	14.1	13.8	0.8	-0.3	-3.2	-2.1	-18.8
Natural resources ²	7.0	6.5	0.5	-0.5	-0.1	-7.1	-1.5
Utilities	6.6	6.5	0.3	-0.1	1.5	-1.5	30.0
Construction	56.0	55.8	1.3	-0.2	4.1	-0.4	7.9
Manufacturing	70.6	71.9	1.3	1.3	2.9	1.8	4.2
Services-producing sector	545.7	546.9	3.1	1.2	13.2	0.2	2.5
Wholesale and retail trade	101.5	100.7	1.7	-0.8	10.6	-0.8	11.8
Transportation and warehousing	43.6	44.1	1.1	0.5	4.7	1.1	11.9
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	41.8	42.4	0.9	0.6	-1.8	1.4	-4.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	34.3	36.9	1.1	2.6	-0.5	7.6	-1.3
Business, building and other support services	18.6	19.3	1.1	0.7	-2.5	3.8	-11.5
Educational services	64.6	64.9	1.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.8
Health care and social assistance	108.7	109.0	1.6	0.3	4.6	0.3	4.4
Information, culture and recreation	24.4	22.6	1.1	-1.8	0.2	-7.4	0.9
Accommodation and food services	33.7	36.1	1.3	2.4	-0.6	7.1	-1.6
Other services (except public administration)	28.0	26.3	1.0	-1.7	-1.7	-6.1	-6.1
Public administration	46.7	44.7	1.0	-2.0	0.0	-4.3	0.0
Saskatchewan							
Total employed, all industries	592.6	601.7	3.0	9.1	18.7	1.5	3.2
Goods-producing sector	127.8	129.7	2.0	1.9	-2.5	1.5	-1.9
Agriculture	24.4	23.7	1.0	-0.7	-4.3	-2.9	-15.4
Natural resources ²	20.0	20.1	0.8	0.1	-0.9	0.5	-4.3
Utilities	7.0	7.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	7.1	8.7
Construction	42.7	43.3	1.3	0.6	-1.2	1.4	-2.7
Manufacturing	33.7	35.1	0.9	1.4	3.3	4.2	10.4
Services-producing sector	464.8	472.0	2.9	7.2	21.2	1.5	4.7
Wholesale and retail trade	100.1	101.5	1.7	1.4	5.9	1.4	6.2
Transportation and warehousing	30.4	28.9	1.0	-1.5	1.9	-4.9	7.0
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	27.3	27.7	0.9	0.4	-2.9	1.5	-9.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	36.7	36.6	0.9	-0.1	6.4	-0.3	21.2
Business, building and other support services	16.1	15.5	0.8	-0.6	4.9	-3.7	46.2
Educational services	55.7	55.8	1.2	0.1	8.8	0.2	18.7
Health care and social assistance	86.6	89.0	1.5	2.4	-5.1	2.8	-5.4
Information, culture and recreation	20.4	23.3	1.0	2.9	3.5	14.2	17.7
Accommodation and food services	30.2	29.7	1.2	-0.5	-4.1	-1.7	-12.1
Other services (except public administration)	25.9	26.7	1.1	0.8	-0.2	3.1	-0.7
Public administration	35.3	37.3	0.9	2.0	2.0	5.7	5.7
Alberta							
Total employed, all industries	2,449.3	2,487.0	11.4	37.7	92.0	1.5	3.8
Goods-producing sector	580.5	595.6	7.7	15.1	13.2	2.6	2.3
Agriculture	43.5	43.8	2.7	0.3	-1.3	0.7	-2.9
Natural resources ²	141.6	144.6	3.9	3.0	12.4	2.1	9.4
Utilities	18.1	19.5	1.9	1.4	-3.3	7.7	-14.5
Construction	230.6	236.2	5.4	5.6	-13.9	2.4	-5.6
Manufacturing	146.8	151.5	3.8	4.7	19.3	3.2	14.6
Services-producing sector	1,868.7	1,891.4	11.3	22.7	78.8	1.2	4.3
Wholesale and retail trade	360.7	373.2	6.3	12.5	10.0	3.5	2.8
Transportation and warehousing	150.1	151.7	4.2	1.6	16.7	1.1	12.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	127.3	131.1	3.3	3.8	2.7	3.0	2.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	234.6	230.9	4.9	-3.7	-1.7	-1.6	-0.7
Business, building and other support services	77.7	80.2	3.5	2.5	7.5	3.2	10.3
Educational services	161.7	162.1	4.4	0.4	-1.4	0.2	-0.9
Health care and social assistance	330.3	327.5	5.1	-2.8	22.1	-0.8	7.2
Information, culture and recreation	82.2	82.8	3.6	0.6	6.3	0.7	8.2
Accommodation and food services	137.6	140.2	4.3	2.6	11.5	1.9	8.9
Other services (except public administration)	97.9	99.8	3.6	1.9	4.2	1.9	4.4
Public administration	108.6	112.2	3.0	3.6	1.1	3.3	1.0

Table 6
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
British Columbia							
Total employed, all industries	2,814.3	2,810.3	10.6	-4.0	50.5	-0.1	1.8
Goods-producing sector	483.7	491.7	6.5	8.0	-20.0	1.7	-3.9
Agriculture	23.5	26.1	2.0	2.6	2.8	11.1	12.0
Natural resources ²	55.2	53.6	2.2	-1.6	3.4	-2.9	6.8
Utilities	16.9	16.1	1.3	-0.8	0.3	-4.7	1.9
Construction	222.9	233.1	4.7	10.2	-10.3	4.6	-4.2
Manufacturing	165.3	162.9	3.8	-2.4	-16.1	-1.5	-9.0
Services-producing sector	2,330.5	2,318.6	10.8	-11.9	70.5	-0.5	3.1
Wholesale and retail trade	436.9	435.4	6.0	-1.5	8.1	-0.3	1.9
Transportation and warehousing	148.5	147.9	3.6	-0.6	9.9	-0.4	7.2
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	179.5	176.1	3.2	-3.4	17.2	-1.9	10.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	292.1	297.7	4.9	5.6	13.9	1.9	4.9
Business, building and other support services	90.7	86.9	3.6	-3.8	-7.1	-4.2	-7.6
Educational services	226.6	219.9	4.1	-6.7	14.0	-3.0	6.8
Health care and social assistance	372.7	374.8	4.6	2.1	7.1	0.6	1.9
Information, culture and recreation	134.2	127.5	4.5	-6.7	-17.5	-5.0	-12.1
Accommodation and food services	188.0	189.3	4.5	1.3	3.3	0.7	1.8
Other services (except public administration)	118.9	118.6	3.2	-0.3	16.1	-0.3	15.7
Public administration	142.5	144.5	2.8	2.0	5.4	1.4	3.9

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

2. Also referred to as "Forestry, fishing, mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction."

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0355-02.

Table 7
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador							
Population	191.0	191.6	...	0.6	6.1	0.3	3.3
Labour force	125.1	125.0	0.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Employment	116.9	116.7	0.8	-0.2	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4
Unemployment	8.2	8.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	1.2	5.1
Participation rate	65.5	65.2	0.4	-0.3	-2.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.6	0.3	0.0	0.3	...	...
Employment rate	61.2	60.9	0.5	-0.3	-2.3	...	...
Halifax, Nova Scotia							
Population	412.6	414.1	...	1.5	16.9	0.4	4.3
Labour force	280.1	281.0	1.5	0.9	12.2	0.3	4.5
Employment	260.3	263.6	1.6	3.3	9.8	1.3	3.9
Unemployment	19.8	17.5	0.8	-2.3	2.5	-11.6	16.7
Participation rate	67.9	67.9	0.4	0.0	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.1	6.2	0.3	-0.9	0.6	...	...
Employment rate	63.1	63.7	0.4	0.6	-0.2	...	...
Moncton, New Brunswick							
Population	145.4	146.0	...	0.6	6.3	0.4	4.5
Labour force	95.7	95.2	0.9	-0.5	3.0	-0.5	3.3
Employment	90.2	89.2	0.9	-1.0	1.5	-1.1	1.7
Unemployment	5.5	6.0	0.4	0.5	1.5	9.1	33.3
Participation rate	65.8	65.2	0.6	-0.6	-0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.7	6.3	0.4	0.6	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	62.0	61.1	0.6	-0.9	-1.7	...	...
Saint John, New Brunswick							
Population	116.4	116.7	...	0.3	3.2	0.3	2.8
Labour force	73.1	73.6	0.9	0.5	2.0	0.7	2.8
Employment	68.3	69.3	0.9	1.0	2.3	1.5	3.4
Unemployment	4.8	4.3	0.4	-0.5	-0.2	-10.4	-4.4
Participation rate	62.8	63.1	0.8	0.3	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	5.8	0.5	-0.8	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	58.7	59.4	0.8	0.7	0.4	...	...
Saguenay, Quebec							
Population	136.2	136.4	...	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.7
Labour force	77.8	76.5	1.0	-1.3	-4.8	-1.7	-5.9
Employment	74.8	73.9	1.0	-0.9	-3.3	-1.2	-4.3
Unemployment	3.0	2.5	0.4	-0.5	-1.6	-16.7	-39.0
Participation rate	57.1	56.1	0.8	-1.0	-3.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.3	0.4	-0.6	-1.7	...	...
Employment rate	54.9	54.2	0.8	-0.7	-2.8	...	...
Québec, Quebec							
Population	701.9	703.0	...	1.1	8.5	0.2	1.2
Labour force	472.0	471.5	3.3	-0.5	12.7	-0.1	2.8
Employment	458.1	458.1	3.3	0.0	13.4	0.0	3.0
Unemployment	13.9	13.4	1.0	-0.5	-0.8	-3.6	-5.6
Participation rate	67.2	67.1	0.5	-0.1	1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	2.9	2.8	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	65.3	65.2	0.5	-0.1	1.2	...	...
Sherbrooke, Quebec							
Population	194.9	195.3	...	0.4	3.8	0.2	2.0
Labour force	114.1	117.9	1.3	3.8	1.3	3.3	1.1
Employment	110.1	112.9	1.3	2.8	-0.5	2.5	-0.4
Unemployment	4.0	4.9	0.4	0.9	1.8	22.5	58.1
Participation rate	58.5	60.4	0.7	1.9	-0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.5	4.2	0.4	0.7	1.5	...	...
Employment rate	56.5	57.8	0.7	1.3	-1.4	...	...
Trois-Rivières, Quebec							
Population	139.4	139.6	...	0.2	1.6	0.1	1.2
Labour force	82.7	86.0	0.9	3.3	5.4	4.0	6.7
Employment	79.4	82.2	1.0	2.8	4.6	3.5	5.9
Unemployment	3.3	3.8	0.3	0.5	0.9	15.2	31.0
Participation rate	59.3	61.6	0.7	2.3	3.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	57.0	58.9	0.7	1.9	2.7	...	...
Montréal, Quebec							
Population	3,754.7	3,765.0	...	10.3	79.3	0.3	2.2
Labour force	2,564.2	2,567.6	8.5	3.4	85.7	0.1	3.5
Employment	2,431.8	2,428.5	8.8	-3.3	65.6	-0.1	2.8
Unemployment	132.4	139.1	4.4	6.7	20.2	5.1	17.0
Participation rate	68.3	68.2	0.2	-0.1	0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.4	0.2	0.2	0.6	...	...
Employment rate	64.8	64.5	0.2	-0.3	0.4	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Ottawa–Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	1,275.0	1,278.8	...	3.8	36.7	0.3	3.0
Labour force	882.1	890.5	4.5	8.4	50.2	1.0	6.0
Employment	838.9	847.0	4.5	8.1	40.4	1.0	5.0
Unemployment	43.2	43.5	1.6	0.3	9.7	0.7	28.7
Participation rate	69.2	69.6	0.4	0.4	1.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.9	0.2	0.0	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	65.8	66.2	0.4	0.4	1.3	...	...
Ottawa–Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	295.2	295.7	...	0.5	4.5	0.2	1.5
Labour force	195.7	198.0	1.4	2.3	1.2	1.2	0.6
Employment	187.5	190.0	1.5	2.5	1.1	1.3	0.6
Unemployment	8.2	8.0	0.5	-0.2	0.1	-2.4	1.3
Participation rate	66.3	67.0	0.5	0.7	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.0	0.3	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Employment rate	63.5	64.3	0.5	0.8	-0.6	...	...
Ottawa–Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	979.8	983.1	...	3.3	32.2	0.3	3.4
Labour force	686.4	692.6	4.2	6.2	49.1	0.9	7.6
Employment	651.3	657.0	4.3	5.7	39.3	0.9	6.4
Unemployment	35.1	35.5	1.5	0.4	9.6	1.1	37.1
Participation rate	70.1	70.5	0.4	0.4	2.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	5.1	0.2	0.0	1.1	...	...
Employment rate	66.5	66.8	0.4	0.3	1.8	...	...
Kingston, Ontario							
Population	154.5	155.1	...	0.6	6.1	0.4	4.1
Labour force	96.8	95.9	0.8	-0.9	-0.2	-0.9	-0.2
Employment	92.7	91.3	0.8	-1.4	0.0	-1.5	0.0
Unemployment	4.1	4.6	0.3	0.5	-0.2	12.2	-4.2
Participation rate	62.7	61.8	0.5	-0.9	-2.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.8	0.3	0.6	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	60.0	58.9	0.6	-1.1	-2.4	...	...
Belleville, Ontario							
Population	107.1	101.2	...	-5.9	-1.1	-5.5	-1.1
Labour force	66.5	61.3	3.0	-5.2	-2.2	-7.8	-3.5
Employment	60.0	57.2	2.7	-2.8	-3.6	-4.7	-5.9
Unemployment	6.5	4.0	0.8	-2.5	1.3	-38.5	48.1
Participation rate	62.1	60.6	2.1	-1.5	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.8	6.5	1.4	-3.3	2.2	...	...
Employment rate	56.0	56.5	2.0	0.5	-2.9	...	...
Peterborough, Ontario							
Population	117.3	117.6	...	0.3	2.8	0.3	2.4
Labour force	71.3	72.1	1.6	0.8	1.9	1.1	2.7
Employment	69.6	70.7	1.6	1.1	3.5	1.6	5.2
Unemployment	1.7	1.4	0.6	-0.3	-1.6	-17.6	-53.3
Participation rate	60.8	61.3	1.4	0.5	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	2.4	1.9	0.8	-0.5	-2.4	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	60.1	1.4	0.8	1.6	...	...
Oshawa, Ontario							
Population	359.4	360.2	...	0.8	7.7	0.2	2.2
Labour force	237.8	239.5	2.0	1.7	0.3	0.7	0.1
Employment	224.0	222.9	2.1	-1.1	-2.6	-0.5	-1.2
Unemployment	13.8	16.6	1.0	2.8	3.0	20.3	22.1
Participation rate	66.2	66.5	0.6	0.3	-1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	6.9	0.4	1.1	1.2	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	61.9	0.6	-0.4	-2.1	...	...
Toronto, Ontario							
Population	5,856.1	5,878.8	...	22.7	198.8	0.4	3.5
Labour force	3,945.3	3,947.1	11.1	1.8	149.0	0.0	3.9
Employment	3,687.5	3,684.5	11.0	-3.0	120.5	-0.1	3.4
Unemployment	257.7	262.6	5.9	4.9	28.5	1.9	12.2
Participation rate	67.4	67.1	0.2	-0.3	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.7	0.2	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	63.0	62.7	0.2	-0.3	0.0	...	...
Hamilton, Ontario							
Population	685.5	686.9	...	1.4	12.5	0.2	1.9
Labour force	438.5	440.0	2.9	1.5	-2.7	0.3	-0.6
Employment	414.6	417.3	3.0	2.7	-5.9	0.7	-1.4
Unemployment	23.9	22.7	1.3	-1.2	3.2	-5.0	16.4
Participation rate	64.0	64.1	0.4	0.1	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	5.2	0.3	-0.3	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	60.5	60.8	0.4	0.3	-2.0	...	...
St. Catharines–Niagara, Ontario							
Population	384.3	385.4	...	1.1	8.4	0.3	2.2
Labour force	237.9	245.1	2.8	7.2	18.5	3.0	8.2
Employment	222.0	228.1	2.8	6.1	14.2	2.7	6.6
Unemployment	15.9	17.0	1.0	1.1	4.3	6.9	33.9
Participation rate	61.9	63.6	0.7	1.7	3.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.9	0.4	0.2	1.3	...	...
Employment rate	57.8	59.2	0.7	1.4	2.5	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Kitchener–Cambridge–Waterloo, Ontario							
Population	528.4	530.6	...	2.2	19.2	0.4	3.8
Labour force	367.3	364.8	2.0	-2.5	7.3	-0.7	2.0
Employment	347.8	343.8	2.1	-4.0	7.4	-1.2	2.2
Unemployment	19.5	20.9	1.1	1.4	-0.1	7.2	-0.5
Participation rate	69.5	68.8	0.4	-0.7	-1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.7	0.3	0.4	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	65.8	64.8	0.4	-1.0	-1.0	...	...
Brantford, Ontario							
Population	122.5	122.6	...	0.1	1.7	0.1	1.4
Labour force	80.2	80.5	0.9	0.3	-4.1	0.4	-4.8
Employment	76.3	77.2	1.0	0.9	-3.5	1.2	-4.3
Unemployment	3.8	3.3	0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-13.2	-17.5
Participation rate	65.5	65.7	0.7	0.2	-4.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.7	4.1	0.5	-0.6	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	62.3	63.0	0.8	0.7	-3.7	...	...
Guelph, Ontario							
Population	146.8	147.2	...	0.4	3.6	0.3	2.5
Labour force	103.4	104.7	1.2	1.3	4.1	1.3	4.1
Employment	98.3	98.4	1.3	0.1	2.4	0.1	2.5
Unemployment	5.1	6.3	0.6	1.2	1.7	23.5	37.0
Participation rate	70.4	71.1	0.9	0.7	1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	6.0	0.6	1.1	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	67.0	66.8	0.9	-0.2	-0.1	...	...
London, Ontario							
Population	491.9	493.7	...	1.8	15.7	0.4	3.3
Labour force	331.9	334.0	2.3	2.1	19.1	0.6	6.1
Employment	312.0	314.4	2.3	2.4	20.2	0.8	6.9
Unemployment	19.9	19.5	0.9	-0.4	-1.2	-2.0	-5.8
Participation rate	67.5	67.7	0.5	0.2	1.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.8	0.3	-0.2	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	63.4	63.7	0.5	0.3	2.2	...	...
Windsor, Ontario							
Population	317.5	318.6	...	1.1	9.1	0.3	2.9
Labour force	200.2	199.4	2.1	-0.8	14.8	-0.4	8.0
Employment	188.1	185.2	2.1	-2.9	16.8	-1.5	10.0
Unemployment	12.0	14.2	1.0	2.2	-2.0	18.3	-12.3
Participation rate	63.1	62.6	0.7	-0.5	3.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	7.1	0.5	1.1	-1.7	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	58.1	0.7	-1.1	3.7	...	...
Barrie, Ontario							
Population	188.4	188.9	...	0.5	4.5	0.3	2.4
Labour force	133.1	130.4	1.7	-2.7	-0.4	-2.0	-0.3
Employment	127.1	124.4	1.8	-2.7	0.1	-2.1	0.1
Unemployment	6.0	6.1	0.8	0.1	-0.4	1.7	-6.2
Participation rate	70.6	69.0	0.9	-1.6	-1.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.7	0.5	0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	67.5	65.9	1.0	-1.6	-1.5	...	...
Greater Sudbury, Ontario							
Population	147.7	148.0	...	0.3	1.9	0.2	1.3
Labour force	89.9	91.2	1.0	1.3	3.2	1.4	3.6
Employment	85.8	86.5	1.0	0.7	2.2	0.8	2.6
Unemployment	4.1	4.8	0.4	0.7	1.0	17.1	26.3
Participation rate	60.9	61.6	0.7	0.7	1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	5.3	0.4	0.7	1.0	...	...
Employment rate	58.1	58.4	0.7	0.3	0.7	...	...
Thunder Bay, Ontario							
Population	107.8	108.0	...	0.2	1.4	0.2	1.3
Labour force	67.0	67.1	0.6	0.1	3.5	0.1	5.5
Employment	63.8	64.1	0.6	0.3	3.9	0.5	6.5
Unemployment	3.2	3.0	0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-6.3	-11.8
Participation rate	62.2	62.1	0.6	-0.1	2.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.5	0.3	-0.3	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	59.4	0.6	0.2	2.9	...	...
Winnipeg, Manitoba							
Population	737.1	739.7	...	2.6	23.4	0.4	3.3
Labour force	499.1	502.2	1.7	3.1	11.3	0.6	2.3
Employment	472.9	476.0	1.7	3.1	10.0	0.7	2.1
Unemployment	26.2	26.2	0.9	0.0	1.3	0.0	5.2
Participation rate	67.7	67.9	0.2	0.2	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	64.2	64.4	0.2	0.2	-0.7	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
Regina, Saskatchewan							
Population	229.6	230.5	...	0.9	9.1	0.4	4.1
Labour force	156.9	157.8	1.1	0.9	11.5	0.6	7.9
Employment	148.6	149.4	1.2	0.8	10.2	0.5	7.3
Unemployment	8.2	8.5	0.5	0.3	1.3	3.7	18.1
Participation rate	68.3	68.5	0.5	0.2	2.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.4	0.3	0.2	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	64.8	0.5	0.1	1.9	...	...
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan							
Population	293.4	294.5	...	1.1	12.2	0.4	4.3
Labour force	210.0	212.0	1.1	2.0	12.1	1.0	6.1
Employment	198.6	200.5	1.2	1.9	9.0	1.0	4.7
Unemployment	11.4	11.6	0.6	0.2	3.2	1.8	38.1
Participation rate	71.6	72.0	0.4	0.4	1.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.5	0.3	0.1	1.3	...	...
Employment rate	67.7	68.1	0.4	0.4	0.3	...	...
Lethbridge, Alberta							
Population	112.7	113.2	...	0.5	4.9	0.4	4.5
Labour force	71.6	74.2	1.2	2.6	1.3	3.6	1.8
Employment	67.6	70.5	1.2	2.9	0.6	4.3	0.9
Unemployment	4.0	3.7	0.4	-0.3	0.7	-7.5	23.3
Participation rate	63.5	65.5	1.1	2.0	-1.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.0	0.6	-0.6	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	60.0	62.3	1.1	2.3	-2.2	...	...
Calgary, Alberta							
Population	1,363.6	1,369.5	...	5.9	62.9	0.4	4.8
Labour force	977.3	971.2	5.5	-6.1	25.6	-0.6	2.7
Employment	919.7	915.0	5.8	-4.7	23.5	-0.5	2.6
Unemployment	57.5	56.2	2.7	-1.3	2.1	-2.3	3.9
Participation rate	71.7	70.9	0.4	-0.8	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.8	0.3	-0.1	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	67.4	66.8	0.4	-0.6	-1.4	...	...
Edmonton, Alberta							
Population	1,298.0	1,304.0	...	6.0	62.2	0.5	5.0
Labour force	907.2	909.1	4.8	1.9	50.1	0.2	5.8
Employment	852.3	854.1	4.8	1.8	42.3	0.2	5.2
Unemployment	54.8	55.0	2.3	0.2	7.8	0.4	16.5
Participation rate	69.9	69.7	0.4	-0.2	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	6.0	0.3	0.0	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	65.7	65.5	0.4	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Kelowna, British Columbia							
Population	193.9	194.4	...	0.5	5.0	0.3	2.6
Labour force	121.9	116.8	2.0	-5.1	3.0	-4.2	2.6
Employment	118.9	113.3	2.0	-5.6	4.4	-4.7	4.0
Unemployment	3.0	3.4	0.7	0.4	-1.4	13.3	-29.2
Participation rate	62.9	60.1	1.1	-2.8	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	2.5	2.9	0.5	0.4	-1.3	...	...
Employment rate	61.3	58.3	1.0	-3.0	0.8	...	...
Abbotsford–Mission, British Columbia							
Population	178.5	178.9	...	0.4	4.2	0.2	2.4
Labour force	112.3	113.9	1.2	1.6	-5.4	1.4	-4.5
Employment	105.7	107.0	1.2	1.3	-5.7	1.2	-5.1
Unemployment	6.5	6.9	0.5	0.4	0.2	6.2	3.0
Participation rate	62.9	63.7	0.7	0.8	-4.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	6.1	0.4	0.3	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	59.8	0.7	0.6	-4.7	...	...
Vancouver, British Columbia							
Population	2,458.5	2,465.8	...	7.3	68.2	0.3	2.8
Labour force	1,689.6	1,701.4	5.6	11.8	76.9	0.7	4.7
Employment	1,590.4	1,602.4	5.6	12.0	49.6	0.8	3.2
Unemployment	99.3	99.1	2.8	-0.2	27.4	-0.2	38.2
Participation rate	68.7	69.0	0.2	0.3	1.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.8	0.2	-0.1	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	65.0	0.2	0.3	0.2	...	...
Victoria, British Columbia							
Population	365.0	365.9	...	0.9	9.6	0.2	2.7
Labour force	237.5	244.3	1.9	6.8	18.8	2.9	8.3
Employment	228.5	235.0	2.0	6.5	18.8	2.8	8.7
Unemployment	9.0	9.3	0.7	0.3	0.0	3.3	0.0
Participation rate	65.1	66.8	0.5	1.7	3.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.8	0.3	0.0	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	64.2	0.6	1.6	3.5	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0380-02.

Table 8
Labour force characteristics by Montréal, Toronto and Vancouver census metropolitan areas, monthly, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Montréal, Quebec							
Population	3,764.6	3,775.9	...	11.3	85.5	0.3	2.3
Labour force	2,574.1	2,564.6	18.0	-9.5	86.7	-0.4	3.5
Employment	2,444.8	2,409.7	18.0	-35.1	37.7	-1.4	1.6
Unemployment	129.3	154.8	11.0	25.5	49.0	19.7	46.3
Participation rate	68.4	67.9	0.5	-0.5	0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	6.0	0.4	1.0	1.7	...	...
Employment rate	64.9	63.8	0.5	-1.1	-0.5	...	...
Toronto, Ontario							
Population	5,878.8	5,900.3	...	21.5	210.3	0.4	3.7
Labour force	3,954.6	3,962.0	23.1	7.4	153.7	0.2	4.0
Employment	3,696.0	3,692.0	22.5	-4.0	129.6	-0.1	3.6
Unemployment	258.6	270.0	14.3	11.4	24.1	4.4	9.8
Participation rate	67.3	67.1	0.4	-0.2	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.5	6.8	0.4	0.3	0.3	...	...
Employment rate	62.9	62.6	0.4	-0.3	0.0	...	...
Vancouver, British Columbia							
Population	2,466.0	2,472.5	...	6.5	72.6	0.3	3.0
Labour force	1,714.6	1,708.8	12.0	-5.8	77.9	-0.3	4.8
Employment	1,614.6	1,609.6	11.5	-5.0	59.3	-0.3	3.8
Unemployment	100.0	99.2	7.1	-0.8	18.6	-0.8	23.1
Participation rate	69.5	69.1	0.5	-0.4	1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.8	0.4	0.0	0.9	...	...
Employment rate	65.5	65.1	0.5	-0.4	0.5	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0383-02.

Table 9
Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in October 2022 and October 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
	thousands				%		
Canada							
2022	31,878.1	20,907.4	19,833.0	1,074.4	65.6	5.1	62.2
2023	32,717.1	21,533.4	20,330.2	1,203.2	65.8	5.6	62.1
Newfoundland and Labrador							
2022	449.5	265.6	240.7	24.9	59.1	9.4	53.5
2023	456.9	266.5	244.1	22.4	58.3	8.4	53.4
Avalon Peninsula							
2022	240.6	153.2	142.2	11.0	63.7	7.2	59.1
2023	246.8	156.3	144.8	11.5	63.3	7.4	58.7
South Coast–Burin Peninsula and Notre Dame–Central Bonavista Bay							
2022	121.2	59.2	52.0	7.2	48.8	12.2	42.9
2023	121.6	59.3	53.7	5.6	48.8	9.4	44.2
West Coast–Northern Peninsula–Labrador							
2022	87.7	53.3	46.5	6.7	60.8	12.6	53.0
2023	88.5	50.9	45.6	5.3	57.5	10.4	51.5
Prince Edward Island							
2022	140.4	92.5	87.1	5.4	65.9	5.8	62.0
2023	146.0	99.7	94.3	5.4	68.3	5.4	64.6
Nova Scotia							
2022	846.1	524.5	489.5	35.0	62.0	6.7	57.9
2023	869.6	536.1	500.3	35.8	61.6	6.7	57.5
Cape Breton							
2022	110.5	58.3	52.3	6.0	52.8	10.3	47.3
2023	112.6	58.3	51.0	7.3	51.8	12.5	45.3
North Shore							
2022	129.6	74.2	66.8	7.4	57.3	10.0	51.5
2023	131.1	73.8	69.3	4.4	56.3	6.0	52.9
Annapolis Valley							
2022	109.0	66.1	63.5	2.6	60.6	3.9	58.3
2023	111.2	66.3	62.9	3.4	59.6	5.1	56.6
Southern							
2022	99.8	55.5	50.9	4.5	55.6	8.1	51.0
2023	100.7	56.3	52.0	4.3	55.9	7.6	51.6
Halifax							
2022	397.2	270.3	255.9	14.4	68.1	5.3	64.4
2023	414.1	281.4	265.1	16.4	68.0	5.8	64.0
New Brunswick							
2022	668.4	411.1	385.1	26.0	61.5	6.3	57.6
2023	688.3	422.2	394.6	27.6	61.3	6.5	57.3
Campbellton–Miramichi							
2022	132.5	74.3	66.5	7.8	56.1	10.5	50.2
2023	134.1	73.3	65.3	8.0	54.7	10.9	48.7
Moncton–Richibucto							
2022	197.1	124.8	118.6	6.2	63.3	5.0	60.2
2023	205.3	133.8	126.6	7.2	65.2	5.4	61.7
Saint John–St. Stephen							
2022	150.5	93.9	88.2	5.7	62.4	6.1	58.6
2023	154.4	94.6	89.2	5.4	61.3	5.7	57.8
Fredericton–Oromocto							
2022	122.8	79.9	75.2	4.6	65.1	5.8	61.2
2023	127.7	80.2	74.8	5.3	62.8	6.6	58.6
Edmundston–Woodstock							
2022	65.5	38.3	36.7	1.6	58.5	4.2	56.0
2023	66.7	40.3	38.5	1.7	60.4	4.2	57.7
Quebec							
2022	7,173.6	4,640.4	4,445.8	194.5	64.7	4.2	62.0
2023	7,288.0	4,759.5	4,544.2	215.3	65.3	4.5	62.4
Gaspésie–Îles-de-la-Madeleine							
2022	76.5	37.3	34.1	3.2	48.8	8.6	44.6
2023	76.7	37.6	34.3	3.3	49.0	8.8	44.7
Bas-Saint-Laurent							
2022	165.7	96.9	93.2	3.6	58.5	3.7	56.2
2023	166.2	102.4	98.7	3.6	61.6	3.5	59.4
Capitale-Nationale							
2022	630.0	406.7	393.8	13.0	64.6	3.2	62.5
2023	636.9	419.1	408.3	10.8	65.8	2.6	64.1
Chaudière-Appalaches							
2022	359.8	246.8	242.3	4.4	68.6	1.8	67.3
2023	363.0	244.1	237.9	6.1	67.2	2.5	65.5
Estrie							
2022	282.3	173.1	166.7	6.4	61.3	3.7	59.1
2023	286.7	171.5	163.9	7.6	59.8	4.4	57.2
Centre-du-Québec							
2022	210.0	125.7	124.0	1.7	59.9	1.4	59.0
2023	212.2	128.9	126.0	2.9	60.7	2.2	59.4
Montérégie							
2022	1,336.1	889.8	861.6	28.1	66.6	3.2	64.5

Table 9 - continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in October 2022 and October 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
2023	1,355.8	895.1	862.5	32.6	66.0	3.6	63.6
Montréal							
2022	1,776.6	1,194.7	1,122.5	72.2	67.2	6.0	63.2
2023	1,827.1	1,238.3	1,159.0	79.3	67.8	6.4	63.4
Laval							
2022	370.6	232.7	220.9	11.8	62.8	5.1	59.6
2023	375.5	252.5	236.6	15.9	67.2	6.3	63.0
Lanaudière							
2022	432.9	295.3	280.6	14.7	68.2	5.0	64.8
2023	438.2	283.4	273.7	9.7	64.7	3.4	62.5
Laurentides							
2022	536.8	336.1	326.0	10.1	62.6	3.0	60.7
2023	545.9	374.4	354.5	19.9	68.6	5.3	64.9
Outaouais							
2022	334.2	220.6	212.2	8.4	66.0	3.8	63.5
2023	338.9	224.3	215.6	8.8	66.2	3.9	63.6
Abitibi-Témiscamingue							
2022	118.6	75.8	73.0	2.8	63.9	3.7	61.6
2023	118.8	74.0	71.9	2.1	62.3	2.8	60.5
Mauricie							
2022	228.2	127.2	119.9	7.4	55.7	5.8	52.5
2023	229.7	132.1	124.5	7.6	57.5	5.8	54.2
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean							
2022	229.1	136.1	131.4	4.6	59.4	3.4	57.4
2023	230.1	131.3	127.7	3.6	57.1	2.7	55.5
Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec							
2022	86.1	45.6	43.5	2.1	53.0	4.6	50.5
2023	86.2	50.4	49.1	x	58.5	x	57.0
Ontario							
2022	12,551.5	8,207.8	7,743.5	464.3	65.4	5.7	61.7
2023	12,899.9	8,474.7	7,947.2	527.5	65.7	6.2	61.6
Ottawa							
2022	1,224.5	807.7	774.5	33.2	66.0	4.1	63.3
2023	1,255.7	858.7	814.1	44.6	68.4	5.2	64.8
Kingston-Pembroke							
2022	402.8	242.7	232.0	10.7	60.3	4.4	57.6
2023	410.3	240.2	228.7	11.6	58.5	4.8	55.7
Muskoka-Kawartha							
2022	354.0	199.9	193.6	6.3	56.5	3.2	54.7
2023	359.9	204.7	197.9	6.8	56.9	3.3	55.0
Toronto							
2022	5,933.9	3,963.8	3,706.7	257.2	66.8	6.5	62.5
2023	6,132.1	4,126.4	3,837.2	289.2	67.3	7.0	62.6
Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie							
2022	1,244.5	875.3	827.8	47.5	70.3	5.4	66.5
2023	1,281.2	884.5	833.0	51.4	69.0	5.8	65.0
Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula							
2022	1,296.7	831.6	789.4	42.3	64.1	5.1	60.9
2023	1,324.7	847.8	800.0	47.7	64.0	5.6	60.4
London							
2022	623.3	411.0	387.2	23.8	65.9	5.8	62.1
2023	641.5	424.1	399.6	24.5	66.1	5.8	62.3
Windsor-Sarnia							
2022	565.7	335.8	313.1	22.7	59.4	6.8	55.3
2023	579.4	354.4	328.6	25.8	61.2	7.3	56.7
Stratford-Bruce Peninsula							
2022	269.4	170.8	166.7	4.1	63.4	2.4	61.9
2023	273.4	160.2	154.4	5.8	58.6	3.6	56.5
Northeast							
2022	462.4	264.3	252.9	11.4	57.2	4.3	54.7
2023	465.7	266.4	251.1	15.3	57.2	5.7	53.9
Northwest							
2022	174.3	105.0	99.8	5.2	60.2	5.0	57.3
2023	176.0	107.4	102.7	4.7	61.0	4.4	58.4
Manitoba							
2022	1,067.4	714.7	679.2	35.5	67.0	5.0	63.6
2023	1,095.8	739.3	699.5	39.9	67.5	5.4	63.8
Southeast							
2022	101.5	68.4	65.6	2.8	67.4	4.1	64.6
2023	104.0	73.3	70.2	3.1	70.5	4.2	67.5
South Central and North Central							
2022	92.8	61.5	58.4	3.2	66.3	5.2	62.9
2023	94.8	63.2	60.1	3.1	66.7	4.9	63.4
Southwest							
2022	91.2	58.0	55.9	2.1	63.6	3.6	61.3
2023	92.8	62.4	58.6	3.8	67.2	6.1	63.1
Winnipeg							
2022	649.7	445.0	421.4	23.6	68.5	5.3	64.9
2023	670.5	456.9	432.4	24.6	68.1	5.4	64.5

Table 9 - continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in October 2022 and October 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
Interlake							
2022	77.5	47.8	45.1	2.7	61.7	5.6	58.2
2023	78.8	48.5	45.8	2.7	61.5	5.6	58.1
Parklands and North							
2022	54.6	34.0	32.9	1.1	62.3	3.2	60.3
2023	54.8	35.1	32.5	2.6	64.1	7.4	59.3
Saskatchewan							
2022	904.5	612.8	586.1	26.7	67.8	4.4	64.8
2023	930.4	628.2	598.6	29.6	67.5	4.7	64.3
Regina–Moose Mountain							
2022	281.5	187.5	178.6	8.8	66.6	4.7	63.4
2023	291.1	199.8	189.5	10.4	68.6	5.2	65.1
Swift Current–Moose Jaw							
2022	83.1	54.5	52.3	2.2	65.6	4.0	62.9
2023	84.4	49.9	47.8	2.1	59.1	4.2	56.6
Saskatoon–Biggar							
2022	320.9	227.3	218.0	9.3	70.8	4.1	67.9
2023	332.8	237.4	225.6	11.8	71.3	5.0	67.8
Yorkton–Melville							
2022	61.6	39.7	38.5	1.2	64.4	3.0	62.5
2023	62.1	43.0	41.8	1.2	69.2	2.8	67.3
Prince Albert and Northern							
2022	157.5	103.8	98.7	5.1	65.9	4.9	62.7
2023	159.9	98.1	94.0	4.1	61.4	4.2	58.8
Alberta							
2022	3,638.0	2,537.8	2,404.7	133.1	69.8	5.2	66.1
2023	3,794.7	2,634.1	2,489.8	144.3	69.4	5.5	65.6
Lethbridge–Medicine Hat							
2022	243.6	152.0	146.8	5.2	62.4	3.4	60.3
2023	251.9	169.2	160.9	8.3	67.2	4.9	63.9
Camrose–Drumheller							
2022	163.3	110.0	104.0	6.0	67.4	5.5	63.7
2023	167.1	101.5	98.1	3.4	60.7	3.3	58.7
Calgary							
2022	1,395.5	1,012.3	955.1	57.2	72.5	5.7	68.4
2023	1,460.6	1,032.1	975.6	56.6	70.7	5.5	66.8
Banff–Jasper–Rocky Mountain House and Athabasca–Grande Prairie–Peace River							
2022	279.1	193.0	183.2	9.7	69.2	5.0	65.6
2023	287.6	202.5	192.1	10.3	70.4	5.1	66.8
Red Deer							
2022	180.4	117.7	111.1	6.6	65.2	5.6	61.6
2023	186.7	121.0	112.0	8.9	64.8	7.4	60.0
Edmonton							
2022	1,270.2	877.4	833.1	44.2	69.1	5.0	65.6
2023	1,331.9	925.6	873.4	52.2	69.5	5.6	65.6
Wood Buffalo–Cold Lake							
2022	105.9	75.4	71.4	4.1	71.2	5.4	67.4
2023	108.9	82.4	77.7	4.7	75.7	5.7	71.3
British Columbia							
2022	4,438.7	2,900.3	2,771.2	129.0	65.3	4.4	62.4
2023	4,547.6	2,973.0	2,817.5	155.5	65.4	5.2	62.0
Vancouver Island and Coast							
2022	765.6	457.3	438.5	18.8	59.7	4.1	57.3
2023	782.2	467.3	447.3	20.0	59.7	4.3	57.2
Lower Mainland–Southwest							
2022	2,744.8	1,858.3	1,775.6	82.7	67.7	4.5	64.7
2023	2,821.4	1,936.8	1,826.3	110.6	68.6	5.7	64.7
Thompson–Okanagan							
2022	518.5	324.2	308.2	16.0	62.5	4.9	59.4
2023	529.4	307.1	297.4	9.7	58.0	3.2	56.2
Kootenay							
2022	141.1	81.5	77.1	4.4	57.8	5.4	54.6
2023	143.1	82.7	78.0	4.7	57.8	5.7	54.5
Cariboo							
2022	143.3	92.6	88.4	4.2	64.6	4.5	61.7
2023	145.5	93.1	87.8	5.3	64.0	5.7	60.3
North Coast and Nechako							
2022	69.7	46.8	44.7	2.0	67.1	4.3	64.1
2023	69.9	46.8	43.6	3.2	67.0	6.8	62.4
Northeast							
2022	55.6	39.5	38.5	x	71.0	x	69.2
2023	56.2	39.1	37.1	2.0	69.6	5.1	66.0

x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*

1. For geographic descriptions of economic regions, refer to the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)*.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0387-02.

Table 10
Labour force characteristics by territory, three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

	September 2023	October 2023	Standard error ¹	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023	September to October 2023	October 2022 to October 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Yukon							
Population	34.2	34.2	...	0.0	0.6	0.0	1.8
Labour force	25.1	25.2	0.3	0.1	1.0	0.4	4.1
Employment	24.1	24.2	0.3	0.1	1.1	0.4	4.8
Unemployment	0.9	1.0	0.2	0.1	-0.1	11.1	-9.1
Participation rate	73.4	73.7	0.9	0.3	1.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.6	4.0	0.6	0.4	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	70.5	70.8	0.9	0.3	2.0	...	...
Northwest Territories							
Population	34.4	34.4	...	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.6
Labour force	25.2	24.8	0.3	-0.4	-1.0	-1.6	-3.9
Employment	23.8	24.1	0.4	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.0
Unemployment	1.4	0.6	0.2	-0.8	-1.1	-57.1	-64.7
Participation rate	73.3	72.1	0.9	-1.2	-3.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.6	2.4	0.7	-3.2	-4.2	...	...
Employment rate	69.2	70.1	1.0	0.9	-0.4	...	...
Nunavut							
Population	26.3	26.4	...	0.1	0.6	0.4	2.3
Labour force	16.6	16.2	0.2	-0.4	-1.0	-2.4	-5.8
Employment	14.6	14.3	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	-2.1	-1.4
Unemployment	2.1	1.9	0.2	-0.2	-0.8	-9.5	-29.6
Participation rate	63.1	61.4	0.8	-1.7	-5.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.4	11.7	0.9	-0.7	-4.0	...	...
Employment rate	55.3	54.2	0.7	-1.1	-1.8	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey* (71-543-G) for more information.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0292-02.

Table 11
Average usual hours and wages of employees by selected characteristics, unadjusted for seasonality

	Employees				Full-time			Part-time		
	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Average hourly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages
	thousands		current dollars		thousands		current dollars	thousands		current dollars
October 2023										
15 years and over	17,654.7	35.3	1,247.27	34.08	14,600.3	39.2	1,422.67	3,054.4	16.8	408.87
15 to 24 years	2,541.2	25.9	563.18	20.48	1,181.6	38.8	906.05	1,359.6	14.6	265.18
25 years and over	15,113.5	36.9	1,362.30	36.37	13,418.7	39.2	1,468.16	1,694.8	18.5	524.15
Males	9,018.5	37.4	1,392.57	36.26	7,923.6	40.3	1,531.79	1,094.9	16.3	385.07
Females	8,636.2	33.2	1,095.55	31.81	6,676.7	37.9	1,293.17	1,959.5	17.0	422.18
Union coverage										
Union coverage	5,457.0	36.0	1,326.19	36.42	4,737.0	38.7	1,439.06	720.0	18.5	583.59
No union coverage	12,197.7	35.0	1,211.97	33.04	9,863.3	39.5	1,414.79	2,334.4	16.2	354.99
Job permanency										
Permanent employees	15,615.7	36.3	1,306.58	35.01	13,489.8	39.2	1,444.31	2,125.9	17.6	432.65
Temporary employees	2,039.0	27.9	793.10	26.95	1,110.6	38.9	1,159.82	928.4	14.8	354.43
Occupation										
Management occupations	1,385.0	39.5	2,286.59	58.11	1,356.4	39.9	2,316.36	28.6	18.1	873.22
Business, finance and administration occupations, except management	3,008.5	35.7	1,209.93	33.40	2,663.6	38.1	1,305.23	344.9	17.3	474.06
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations, except management	1,594.6	38.5	1,750.70	45.35	1,547.9	39.1	1,785.67	46.7	17.3	590.47
Health occupations, except management	1,342.2	34.2	1,215.00	35.29	1,058.7	38.2	1,362.45	283.5	19.3	664.38
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services, except management	2,190.9	33.8	1,352.87	39.36	1,773.1	37.8	1,537.59	417.8	16.8	568.89
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport, except management	376.4	29.2	939.73	29.83	243.0	38.4	1,291.05	133.4	12.5	299.64
Sales and service occupations, except management	4,028.3	30.1	702.19	22.02	2,527.0	38.3	943.62	1,501.2	16.3	295.79
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations, except management	2,603.7	39.6	1,285.21	31.82	2,388.4	41.6	1,361.95	215.3	17.9	433.98
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations, except management	316.0	41.7	1,255.39	29.00	273.7	45.6	1,396.45	42.3	16.6	343.01
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities, except management	809.2	39.0	1,114.14	28.27	768.5	40.2	1,153.82	40.7	17.0	364.77
October 2022										
15 years and over	17,229.9	35.4	1,192.97	32.52	14,245.4	39.3	1,359.84	2,984.5	16.9	396.48
15 to 24 years	2,472.2	26.3	551.52	19.66	1,174.5	39.0	880.72	1,297.7	14.8	253.58
25 years and over	14,757.6	37.0	1,300.43	34.68	13,070.9	39.4	1,402.89	1,686.7	18.6	506.43
Males	8,779.1	37.6	1,343.68	34.85	7,783.8	40.4	1,468.03	995.2	16.4	371.18
Females	8,450.8	33.2	1,036.41	30.11	6,461.6	38.1	1,229.52	1,989.2	17.2	409.14
Union coverage										
Union coverage	5,337.4	36.2	1,274.11	34.82	4,664.7	38.7	1,376.83	672.7	18.8	561.83
No union coverage	11,892.5	35.1	1,156.56	31.49	9,580.7	39.6	1,351.57	2,311.8	16.4	348.37
Job permanency										
Permanent employees	15,243.4	36.4	1,246.11	33.33	13,133.1	39.3	1,378.63	2,110.3	17.9	421.37
Temporary employees	1,986.5	28.4	785.23	26.32	1,112.3	39.3	1,137.98	874.2	14.6	336.39
Occupation										
Management occupations	1,304.0	39.5	2,187.80	55.47	1,274.5	40.0	2,220.78	29.5	17.0	761.69
Business, finance and administration occupations, except management	2,866.0	35.6	1,145.03	31.84	2,506.9	38.3	1,241.35	359.2	17.2	472.74
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations, except management	1,560.6	38.5	1,640.67	42.66	1,511.5	39.1	1,671.50	49.1	17.6	692.54
Health occupations, except management	1,367.0	34.3	1,196.37	34.28	1,078.7	38.2	1,345.03	288.4	19.8	640.29
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services, except management	2,162.3	34.0	1,298.71	37.38	1,781.3	37.8	1,463.32	381.0	16.3	529.08
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport, except management	335.6	29.9	934.34	29.23	222.7	39.3	1,269.47	112.9	11.3	273.02
Sales and service occupations, except management	3,933.4	30.2	693.09	21.53	2,437.0	38.5	941.54	1,496.4	16.6	288.47
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations, except management	2,555.8	39.9	1,227.53	30.41	2,355.3	41.7	1,294.94	200.5	18.9	435.66
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations, except management	329.4	42.3	1,210.93	27.57	297.1	45.3	1,314.77	32.4	14.4	257.72
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities, except management	815.7	39.2	1,029.99	25.98	780.6	40.2	1,060.22	35.1	17.1	358.59

Source(s): Table 14-10-0320-02.

Table 12
Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program,^{1, 9} three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

November 5, 2023 to December 2, 2023

	%
Newfoundland and Labrador	
St. John's	5.9
Newfoundland and Labrador ²	12.9
Prince Edward Island³	
Charlottetown	5.0
Prince Edward Island ⁴	9.1
Nova Scotia	
Eastern Nova Scotia	12.7
Western Nova Scotia	6.0
Halifax	5.8
New Brunswick	
Fredericton–Moncton–Saint John	6.2
Madawaska–Charlotte	6.4
Restigouche–Albert	9.9
Quebec	
Gaspésie–Îles-de-la-Madeleine	10.4
Québec	2.7
Trois-Rivières	4.3
South Central Quebec	2.3
Sherbrooke	3.9
Montérégie	2.8
Montréal	5.6
Central Quebec	4.3
North Western Quebec	5.5
Lower Saint Lawrence and North Shore	4.6
Hull	4.0
Chicoutimi–Jonquière	3.1
Ontario	
Ottawa	5.3
Eastern Ontario	4.7
Kingston	5.0
Central Ontario	4.6
Oshawa	7.0
Toronto	6.7
Hamilton	5.4
St. Catharines	7.0
London	5.9
Niagara	3.9
Windsor	6.7
Kitchener	6.0
Huron	8.3
South Central Ontario	4.6
Sudbury	5.1
Thunder Bay	4.6
Northern Ontario	8.1
Manitoba	
Winnipeg	5.0
Southern Manitoba	7.4
Northern Manitoba	31.8
Saskatchewan	
Regina	5.1
Saskatoon	5.5
Southern Saskatchewan	6.3

Table 12 - continued

Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program,^{1, 9} three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

	November 5, 2023 to December 2, 2023
Northern Saskatchewan	14.2
Alberta	
Calgary	5.7
Edmonton	6.1
Northern Alberta	10.9
Southern Alberta	6.2
British Columbia	
Southern Interior British Columbia	4.4
Abbotsford	5.7
Vancouver	5.8
Victoria	4.2
Southern Coastal British Columbia	5.4
Northern British Columbia	8.2
Territories^{3, 5}	
Whitehorse	3.4
Yukon ⁶	7.3
Yellowknife	2.0
Northwest Territories ⁷	10.8
Iqaluit	6.7
Nunavut ⁸	15.3

1. The boundaries of these employment insurance regions are determined by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of these regions, see the [ESDC](#) website.
2. This region excludes St. John's.
3. Prince Edward Island as well as the territories are each comprised of two regions effective October 12, 2014.
4. This region excludes Charlottetown.
5. The monthly regional unemployment rate for EI purposes in the territories is subject to the highest between the seasonally adjusted three-month moving average and twelve-month moving average.
6. This region excludes Whitehorse.
7. This region excludes Yellowknife.
8. This region excludes Iqaluit.
9. From August 9, 2020 to September 25, 2021, Employment and Social Development Canada applied a minimum unemployment rate of 13.1% for Employment Insurance (EI) economic regions with an unemployment rate lower than 13.1%; regions with a higher unemployment rate kept their actual rate. The unemployment rates for the relevant effective periods reflect this change.

Note(s): All regions are based on the 1996 Census boundaries, with the exception of those in Prince Edward Island and in the territories, which respect the 2011 Census boundaries.

Source(s): Table [14-10-0354-01](#).

Available tables: [14-10-0017-01](#), [14-10-0019-01](#), [14-10-0021-01](#), [14-10-0022-01](#), [14-10-0026-01](#), [14-10-0028-01](#), [14-10-0030-01](#), [14-10-0032-01](#), [14-10-0034-01](#), [14-10-0036-01](#), [14-10-0042-01](#), [14-10-0045-01](#), [14-10-0048-01](#), [14-10-0050-01](#), [14-10-0054-01](#), [14-10-0058-01](#), [14-10-0063-01](#), [14-10-0065-01](#), [14-10-0067-01](#), [14-10-0069-01](#), [14-10-0071-01](#), [14-10-0075-01](#), [14-10-0077-01](#), [14-10-0082-01](#), [14-10-0084-01](#), [14-10-0086-01](#), [14-10-0088-01](#), [14-10-0109-01](#), [14-10-0113-01](#), [14-10-0117-01](#), [14-10-0121-01](#), [14-10-0123-01](#), [14-10-0125-01](#), [14-10-0127-01](#), [14-10-0286-01](#) to [14-10-0289-01](#), [14-10-0291-01](#), [14-10-0292-01](#), [14-10-0310-01](#), [14-10-0320-01](#), [14-10-0342-01](#), [14-10-0354-01](#), [14-10-0355-01](#), [14-10-0373-01](#), [14-10-0374-01](#), [14-10-0376-01](#), [14-10-0378-01](#) to [14-10-0380-01](#), [14-10-0383-01](#), [14-10-0387-01](#), [14-10-0388-01](#), [14-10-0397-01](#), [14-10-0401-01](#), [14-10-0421-01](#) to [14-10-0431-01](#) and [14-10-0445-01](#).

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number [3701](#).

More information about the concepts and use of the Labour Force Survey is available online in the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey* ([71-543-G](#)).

The product "[Labour Force Survey in brief: Interactive app](#)" ([14200001](#)) is also available. This interactive visualization application provides seasonally adjusted estimates by province, sex, age group and industry.

The product "[Labour Market Indicators, by province and census metropolitan area, seasonally adjusted](#)" ([71-607-X](#)) is also available. This interactive dashboard provides customizable access to key labour market indicators.

The product "[Labour Market Indicators, by province, territory and economic region, unadjusted for seasonality](#)" ([71-607-X](#)) is also available. This dynamic web application provides access to labour market indicators for Canada, provinces, territories and economic regions.

The product *Labour Force Survey: Public Use Microdata File* ([71M0001X](#)) is also available. This public use microdata file contains non-aggregated data for a wide variety of variables collected from the Labour Force Survey. The data have been modified to ensure that no individual or business is directly or indirectly identified. This product is for users who prefer to do their own analysis by focusing on specific subgroups in the population or by cross-classifying variables that are not in our catalogued products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; 514-283-8300; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (statcan.mediahotline-ligneinfomedias.statcan@statcan.gc.ca).