

Labour Force Survey, February 2023

Released at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time in *The Daily*, Friday, March 10, 2023

Highlights

Employment held steady in February (+22,000; +0.1%), and the unemployment rate was unchanged at 5.0%.

Employment grew in health care and social assistance (+15,000; +0.6%), public administration (+10,000; +0.9%), and utilities (+7,500; +5.0%). At the same time, fewer people worked in business, building and other support services (-11,000; -1.5%).

There was little change in employment among core-aged adults (25 to 54 years old) and youth (15 to 24 years old). Employment among those aged 55 to 64 rose by 25,000 (+0.7%) in February, continuing a strong upward trend since August 2022.

The number of employees grew in the private sector (+39,000; +0.3%), while there was little change in public sector employment and in the number of self-employed.

Employment increased in New Brunswick (+5,100; +1.3%), Manitoba (+4,900; +0.7%), Newfoundland and Labrador (+3,800; +1.6%) and Prince Edward Island (+1,700; +2.0%), and declined in Nova Scotia (-4,700; -0.9%). There was little change in employment in the other provinces.

Total hours worked rose 0.6% in February and were up 1.4% on a year-over-year basis.

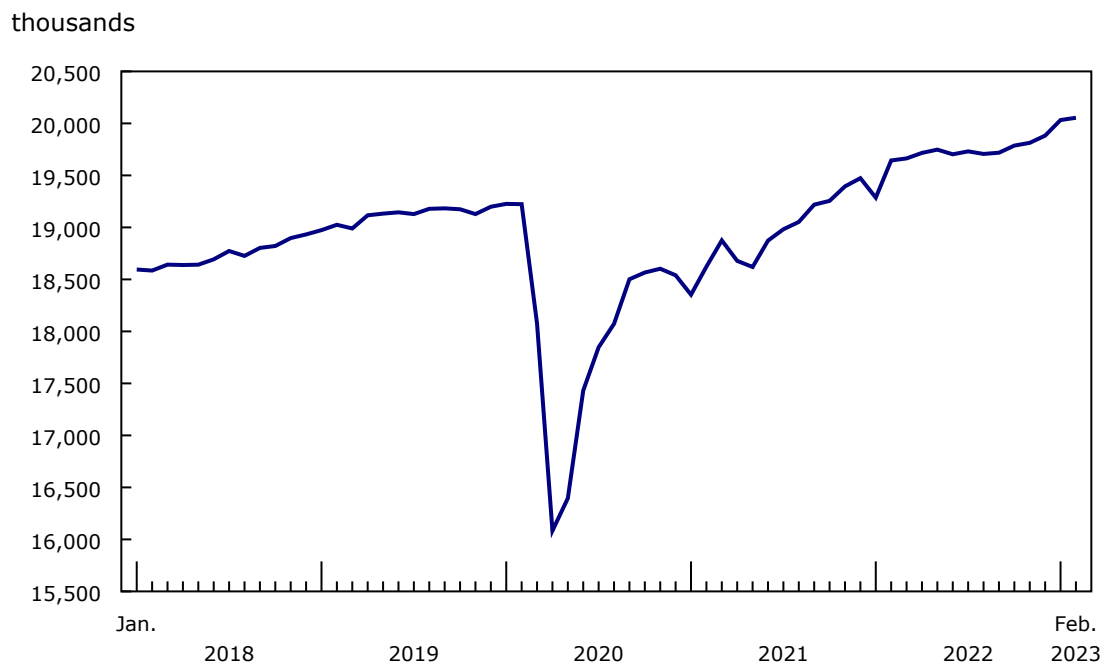
Average hourly wages rose 5.4% (+\$1.69 to \$33.16) on a year-over-year basis in February, compared with 4.5% (+\$1.42) in January (not seasonally adjusted).

Employment rose for women in the six months to February.

Employment in professional, scientific and technical services held steady in January and February, following strong growth in 2022.



Chart 1
Employment in February remains on par with January level



Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0287-01.

Employment holds steady in February

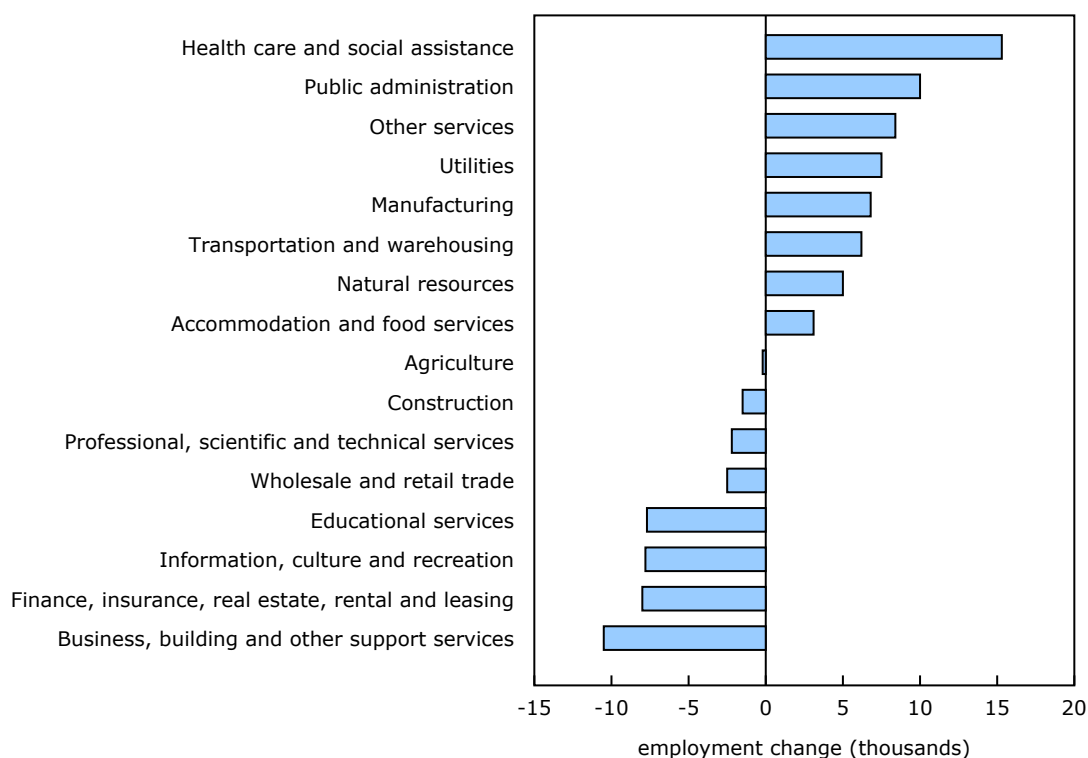
Employment was little changed in February (+22,000; +0.1%), following two consecutive monthly increases in December (+69,000; +0.3%) and January (+150,000; +0.8%). Employment has trended upward since September 2022, and there were 348,000 (+1.8%) more employed persons in Canada in February 2023 than in August 2022.

The employment rate—the percentage of people aged 15 and older who are employed—was 62.4% in the month, down 0.1 percentage points from the recent high observed in January. The rate in January was the highest since May 2019 (62.5%).

Employment rises in health care and social assistance for the second consecutive month

The number of people employed in health care and social assistance grew by 15,000 (+0.6%) in February, building on a gain of 40,000 (+1.5%) recorded in January. According to the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey, the number of job vacancies in the industry has remained elevated, despite unmet labour demand moderating in other industries. On a year-over-year basis, employment was up by 44,000 (+1.7%) in health care and social assistance.

Chart 2
Employment up in health care and social assistance



Note(s): Change statistically significant in healthcare and social assistance, public administration, utilities, and business, building and other support services.
Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0355-01.

There were also more people employed in public administration (+10,000; +0.9%) in February, the third gain in five months. The monthly gain in the industry—which includes those working for federal, provincial, territorial, municipal, and Indigenous governments—was concentrated in Ontario (+7,600; +1.7%) and New Brunswick (+1,500; +4.3%). Compared with 12 months earlier, employment in public administration was up by 85,000 (+7.7%) in February.

Employment fell in business, building and other support services (-11,000; -1.5%) in February, marking the first notable decline since October 2021 for the industry. The monthly decline was concentrated in Ontario (-16,000; -5.3%). The number of people employed in business, building and other support services—which includes activities that support the day-to-day operations of organizations, ranging from waste management to administrative services—remained on par with the level seen 12 months earlier.

Following a notable increase in January (+59,000; +2.0%), employment was little changed in wholesale and retail trade in February. Employment in the industry was 89,000 (-2.9%) below the recent high reached in May 2022.

The number of people working in construction was also little changed in February, following two consecutive monthly gains in December (+27,000; +1.7%) and January (+16,000; +1.0%).

More women aged 55 to 64 are employed

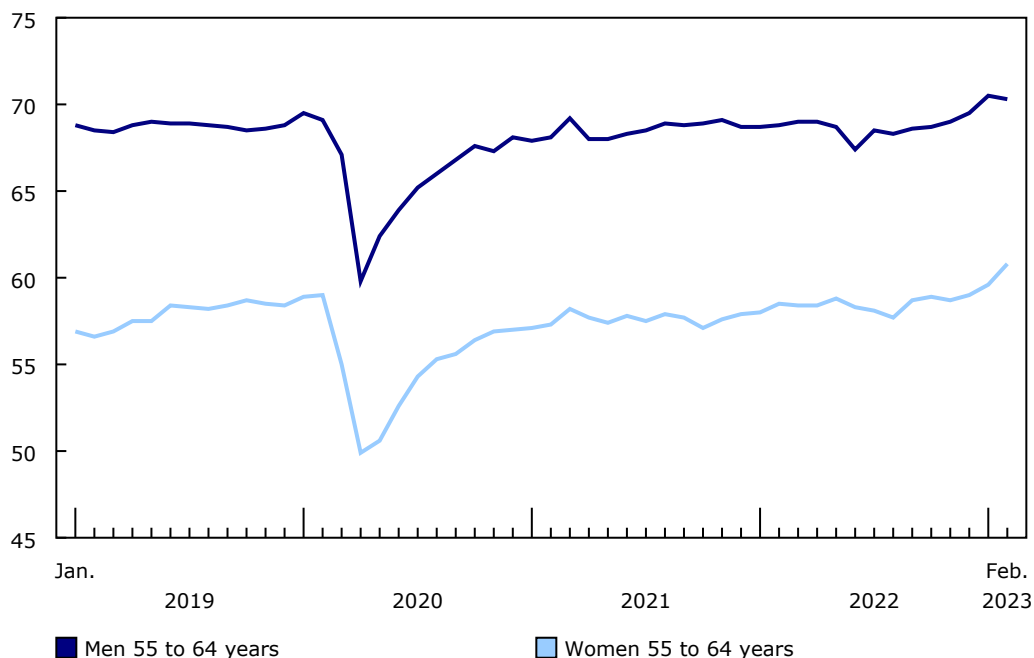
Employment was little changed among those aged 55 and older in February, but it increased by 25,000 (+0.7%) among those 55 to 64. Employment for both men and women aged 55 to 64 has been on a strong upward trend since August 2022.

Employment for women aged 55 to 64 rose by 30,000 (+1.9%) in February. Over 6 in 10 (60.8%) women in this age group were employed in February, the highest proportion on record. This was up 1.2 percentage points from the preceding high reached in January (59.6%).

Employment for men in this age group held steady, and their employment rate was 70.3%, little changed from the rate in January (70.5%), which had been the highest since 1981.

Chart 3
Record high employment rate for women aged 55 to 64

employment rate (%)



Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0287-01.

On a year-over-year basis, employment gains among people aged 55 to 64 were broad-based in February, including increases in manufacturing (+38,000; +10.1%), professional, scientific and technical services (+26,000; +10.1%), "other services" (+14,000; +11.3%), and agriculture (+11,000; +28.1%) (not seasonally adjusted).

Retirement decisions can be influenced by labour market conditions, financial considerations and many other factors, and may impact labour market trends for groups approaching retirement age. The proportion of people aged 55 to 64 who cited retirement as their main activity was down 0.7 percentage points to 18.0% in the 12 months to February 2023. Among those aged 60 to 64, 26.5% cited retirement as their main activity in February 2023, compared with 27.7% a year earlier (not seasonally adjusted).

Little change in employment for core-aged adults and youth

Employment was virtually unchanged among core-aged adults (25 to 54 years old) in February. The employment rate for women in this age group edged down 0.2 percentage points to 82.0% in February, but remained near the record high of 82.2% reached in January.

Meanwhile, the employment rate of core-aged men stood at 88.1% in February, down 0.2 percentage points from January and 0.3 percentage points lower than the peak of 88.4% reached in March and April 2022. On a year-over-year basis, there were 120,000 (+2.0%) more core-age women employed in February, and 114,000 (+1.7%) more core-age men.

There was little change in youth employment from the previous month, and their employment rate stood at 59.5% in February—up 1.8 percentage points from the rate recorded in September 2022 (57.7%). In February 2023, employment for youth rose by 45,000 (+1.7%) from 12 months earlier, matching their population growth.

Year-over-year growth in average hourly wages above 5%

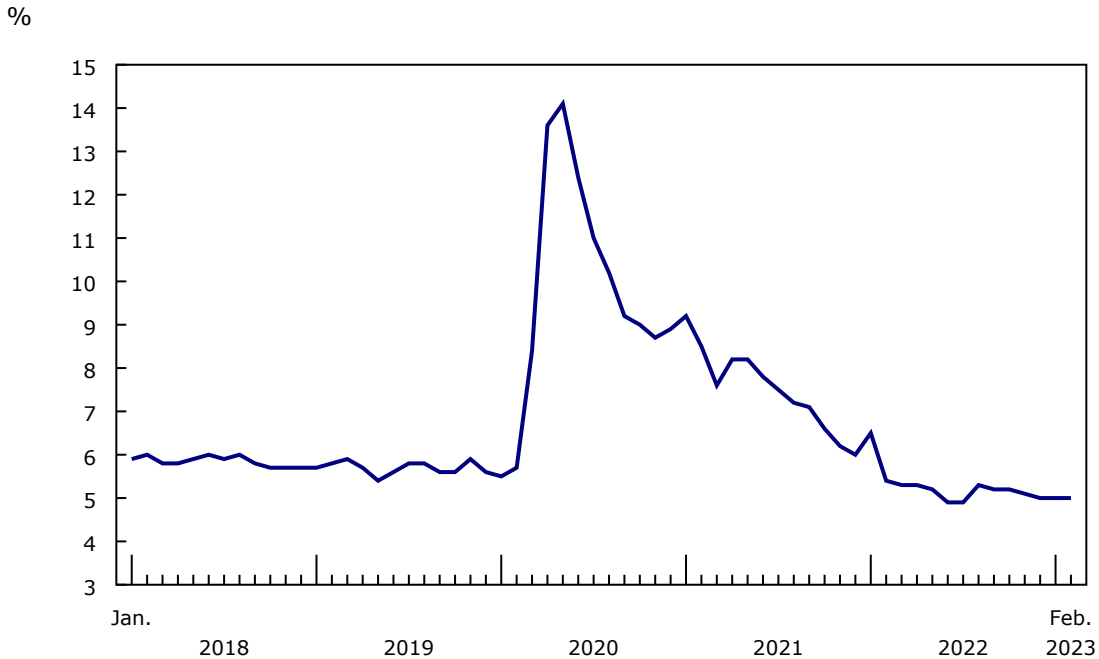
On a year-over-year basis, average hourly wages rose 5.4% (+\$1.69) to reach \$33.16 in February. Year-over-year growth in average hourly wages in February was the same for men and for women. Growth was higher than in January (+4.5%) and December (+4.8%), but lower than in November (+5.8%) (not seasonally adjusted).

Unemployment remains near record low

The unemployment rate held steady at 5.0% in February, just shy of the record-low 4.9% observed in June and July of 2022.

In February 2023, the unemployment rate fell for men aged 55 and older (-0.4 percentage points to 4.2%), and for women of the same age group (-0.4 percentage points to 4.0%). At the same time, it increased among core-age women to 4.3%, up from the record-low of 4.0% observed in January. There was little change among the other major demographic groups.

Chart 4
Unemployment rate holds steady for third consecutive month in February



Source(s): Labour Force Survey (3701), table 14-10-0287-01.

There were just over 1.0 million unemployed persons in Canada in February, virtually unchanged from January. Most unemployed people (67.6%) in February had been unemployed for 13 weeks or less. The proportion who had been unemployed for 27 weeks or more—the long-term unemployed—was 14.4% in February, down from 18.3% a year earlier.

The labour force participation rate also held steady at 65.7% in February and was up 0.5 percentage points compared with September 2022. Labour force participation increased markedly among core-age women (+0.6 percentage points to 85.7%) and women aged 55 to 64 (+1.8 percentage points to 63.3%) from September to February, which helped boost the overall participation rate in recent months and offset the downward pressures of population aging on labour force participation.

Employment up in four provinces in February

Employment rose in Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick and Manitoba in February, but declined in Nova Scotia. There was little change in the other provinces. For further information on key province and industry level labour market indicators, see "[Labour Force Survey in brief: Interactive app.](#)"

Employment grew by 2.0% (+1,700) in Prince Edward Island in February, the second increase in three months. More Prince Edward Islanders were employed full-time in February (+2,400). The province's unemployment rate was 7.3%.

In February, Newfoundland and Labrador recorded a second employment increase in three months (+3,800; +1.6%) and the unemployment rate fell to 9.9% (-1.9 percentage points). In the St. John's census metropolitan area (CMA), the unemployment rate was 6.2% (three-month moving average).

In February, employment in New Brunswick increased by 1.3% (+5,100), also the second monthly employment increase in three months. On a year-over-year basis, employment in the province increased by 17,000 (+4.7%). In the 12 months to February, the employment rate rose 1.1 percentage points to 56.8% and the unemployment rate fell 1.2 percentage points to 6.3%.

Following three months of little change, employment increased 4,900 (+0.7%) in February in Manitoba, driven by full-time employment. The unemployment rate rose 0.5 percentage points to 4.7% and the labour force participation rate increased to 67.1% (+0.7 percentage points). The unemployment rate in the Winnipeg CMA was 4.5% (three-month moving average).

Nova Scotia was the only province to record an employment decline in February (-4,700; -0.9%). However, in the 12 months to February, employment in the province rose by 16,000 (+3.2%). The unemployment rate increased 0.7 percentage points in February to 5.7%.

Employment in Quebec was little changed in February and the unemployment rate (4.1%) remained near the record low of 3.9% reached in January 2023 and November 2022. The unemployment rate in the CMA of Québec was 1.9% in February, the lowest of all CMAs in Canada, and down 0.5 percentage points in the month (three-month moving averages). In the CMA of Montréal, employment was little changed, and the unemployment rate rose to 5.0% (+0.4 percentage points).

Employment in Ontario held steady in February after gains in three of the previous four months. The unemployment rate (5.1%) was little changed compared with January. The Toronto CMA saw employment increase by 57,000 (+1.6%) in February, and the unemployment rate was 5.6%.

In the spotlight: employment rises for women in the six months to February

March 8 was International Women's Day, a global day to recognize and celebrate women's and girls' social, economic, cultural, and political achievements.

In February 2023, 58.9% of women aged 15 and older were employed, up from 58.1% in August 2022, but lower than the record high of 59.2% reached in October 2007. Employment for women rose by 214,000 from August 2022 to February 2023, accounting for 61% of employment growth over the period.

The 9.6 million employed women in February represented 47.8% of total employment. In comparison, women comprised 36.9% of total employment when comparable data first became available in 1976.

Although the gender gap in hourly wages among employees has declined over time, men continue to earn more than women. In February 2023, women earned \$30.67 per hour on average, compared with \$35.63 per hour on average for men.

In the spotlight: employment growth in professional, scientific and technical services holds steady in January and February, following strong growth in 2022

The professional, scientific and technical services industry comprises a diverse range of subsectors employing highly skilled workers, including computer systems design and related services, architectural, engineering and related services as well as scientific research and development services. The industry has been an important driver of employment growth, accounting for over one-third (35.6%) of total net employment growth in the three years to February 2023.

On a year-over-year basis, employment in professional, scientific and technical services was up 4.7% (+84,000) in February, outpacing growth across all industries (+2.1%). In addition, hourly wages of employees in the industry were up 9.6% (+\$3.83 to \$43.69) over the same period, the fastest growth rate across industries.

More recently, employment has held steady in both January and February. This coincides with the most recent results from the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey, which showed that in December job vacancies in the industry (58,100) were down from the record high (73,200) recorded in April 2022.

Next release

The next release of the LFS will be on April 6, 2023. March 2023 data will reflect labour market conditions during the week of March 12 to 18, 2023.

Sustainable Development Goals

On January 1, 2016, the world officially began implementation of the [2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development](#)—the United Nations' transformative plan of action that addresses urgent global challenges over the next 15 years. The plan is based on 17 specific sustainable development goals.

The Labour Force Survey is an example of how Statistics Canada supports the reporting on the Global Goals for Sustainable Development. This release will be used in helping to measure the following goals:



Note to readers

The Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates for February are for the week of February 12 to 18, 2023.

The LFS estimates are based on a sample and are therefore subject to sampling variability. As a result, monthly estimates will show more variability than trends observed over longer time periods. For more information, see ["Interpreting Monthly Changes in Employment from the Labour Force Survey."](#)

This analysis focuses on differences between estimates that are statistically significant at the 68% confidence level.

LFS estimates at the Canada level do not include the territories.

The LFS estimates are the first in a series of labour market indicators released by Statistics Canada, which includes indicators from programs such as the Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH); Employment Insurance Statistics; and the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey. For more information on the conceptual differences between employment measures from the LFS and those from the SEPH, refer to section 8 of the Guide to the Labour Force Survey ([71-543-G](#)).

Face-to-face personal interviewing resumed in November 2022. Telephone interviews continued to be conducted by interviewers working from their homes rather than Statistics Canada's call centres, as they have since March 2020. More than 47,000 interviews were completed in February and in-depth data quality evaluations conducted each month confirm that the LFS continues to produce an accurate portrait of Canada's labour market.

The **employment rate** is the number of employed people as a percentage of the population aged 15 and older. The rate for a particular group (for example, youths aged 15 to 24) is the number employed in that group as a percentage of the population for that group.

The **unemployment rate** is the number of unemployed people as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed).

The **participation rate** is the number of employed and unemployed people as a percentage of the population aged 15 and older.

Full-time employment consists of persons who usually work 30 hours or more per week at their main or only job.

Part-time employment consists of persons who usually work less than 30 hours per week at their main or only job.

Total hours worked refers to the number of hours actually worked at the main job by the respondent during the reference week, including paid and unpaid hours. These hours reflect temporary decreases or increases in work hours (for example, hours lost due to illness, vacation, holidays or weather; or more hours worked due to overtime).

In general, month-to-month or year-to-year changes in the number of people employed in an age group reflect the net effect of two factors: (1) the number of people who changed employment status between reference periods, and (2) the number of employed people who entered or left the age group (including through aging, death or migration) between reference periods.

Seasonal adjustment

Unless otherwise stated, this release presents seasonally adjusted estimates, which facilitate comparisons by removing the effects of seasonal variations. For more information on seasonal adjustment, see [Seasonally adjusted data – Frequently asked questions](#).

Revisions to the Labour Force Survey

On January 30, 2023, [revised LFS data were released](#), resulting in minor changes to recent and historical LFS data.

There are three main components to the revision:

1. To align LFS data with the most recent version of the National Occupational Classification, as is done every five years;
2. To introduce enhancements to the rules and parameters used in the editing and imputation of LFS data to take full advantage of data processing and information technology systems changes made in 2019; and
3. To fine-tune the parameters used in the seasonal adjustment of LFS estimates, as is done every year.

These revisions ensure that survey estimates accurately reflect the Canadian labour market, while having minimal impact on the comparability of labour market indicators, such as employment, unemployment and participation rates, over time.

Starting with the release of the January 2023 data, LFS data will be aligned with the revised series.

Next release

The next release of the LFS will be on April 6, 2023. March 2023 data will reflect labour market conditions during the week of March 12 to 18, 2023.

Table 1
Labour force characteristics by age group and sex, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
15 years and over, both sexes							
Population	32,070.4	32,130.5	...	60.1	541.7	0.2	1.7
Labour force	21,078.3	21,120.5	31.1	42.2	350.8	0.2	1.7
Employment	20,032.3	20,054.1	31.0	21.8	410.3	0.1	2.1
Full-time employment	16,437.0	16,468.1	40.3	31.1	445.0	0.2	2.8
Part-time employment	3,595.3	3,586.0	37.2	-9.3	-34.7	-0.3	-1.0
Unemployment	1,046.0	1,066.4	25.1	20.4	-59.5	2.0	-5.3
Participation rate	65.7	65.7	0.1	0.0	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.0	0.1	0.0	-0.4	...	...
Employment rate	62.5	62.4	0.1	-0.1	0.2	...	...
15 to 24 years, both sexes							
Population	4,524.5	4,536.9	...	12.4	77.8	0.3	1.7
Labour force	2,969.7	2,997.3	18.1	27.6	38.6	0.9	1.3
Employment	2,686.3	2,699.1	17.5	12.8	44.8	0.5	1.7
Full-time employment	1,361.7	1,387.1	20.1	25.4	37.6	1.9	2.8
Part-time employment	1,324.6	1,312.0	21.6	-12.6	7.2	-1.0	0.6
Unemployment	283.4	298.2	14.2	14.8	-6.2	5.2	-2.0
Participation rate	65.6	66.1	0.4	0.5	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.5	9.9	0.5	0.4	-0.4	...	...
Employment rate	59.4	59.5	0.4	0.1	0.0	...	...
25 years and over, both sexes							
Population	27,545.9	27,593.6	...	47.7	463.9	0.2	1.7
Labour force	18,108.6	18,123.2	25.1	14.6	312.2	0.1	1.8
Employment	17,346.0	17,355.0	25.8	9.0	365.5	0.1	2.2
Full-time employment	15,075.3	15,081.0	35.1	5.7	407.4	0.0	2.8
Part-time employment	2,270.7	2,274.0	30.7	3.3	-41.8	0.1	-1.8
Unemployment	762.6	768.2	20.4	5.6	-53.3	0.7	-6.5
Participation rate	65.7	65.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.2	0.1	0.0	-0.4	...	...
Employment rate	63.0	62.9	0.1	-0.1	0.3	...	...
25 years and over, men							
Population	13,520.5	13,545.2	...	24.7	241.9	0.2	1.8
Labour force	9,545.0	9,519.7	16.1	-25.3	123.3	-0.3	1.3
Employment	9,130.8	9,113.5	17.3	-17.3	167.6	-0.2	1.9
Full-time employment	8,390.8	8,372.1	23.3	-18.7	183.9	-0.2	2.2
Part-time employment	740.0	741.3	18.9	1.3	-16.4	0.2	-2.2
Unemployment	414.2	406.2	14.5	-8.0	-44.3	-1.9	-9.8
Participation rate	70.6	70.3	0.1	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.2	0.0	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	67.5	67.3	0.1	-0.2	0.1	...	...
25 years and over, women							
Population	14,025.4	14,048.4	...	23.0	221.9	0.2	1.6
Labour force	8,563.6	8,603.5	17.9	39.9	188.9	0.5	2.2
Employment	8,215.2	8,241.5	18.1	26.3	198.0	0.3	2.5
Full-time employment	6,684.5	6,708.9	25.9	24.4	223.5	0.4	3.4
Part-time employment	1,530.7	1,532.6	24.2	1.9	-25.6	0.1	-1.6
Unemployment	348.4	362.0	14.4	13.6	-9.0	3.9	-2.4
Participation rate	61.1	61.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.2	0.2	0.1	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	58.6	58.7	0.1	0.1	0.5	...	...
25 to 54 years, both sexes							
Population	15,252.1	15,286.1	...	34.0	249.3	0.2	1.7
Labour force	13,563.3	13,583.8	23.4	20.5	243.7	0.2	1.8
Employment	13,004.4	13,001.7	25.2	-2.7	233.7	-0.0	1.8
Unemployment	558.9	582.0	18.3	23.1	9.9	4.1	1.7
Participation rate	88.9	88.9	0.2	0.0	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	...	...
Employment rate	85.3	85.1	0.2	-0.2	0.2	...	...
25 to 54 years, men							
Population	7,638.3	7,656.4	...	18.1	136.8	0.2	1.8
Labour force	7,044.7	7,045.1	14.8	0.4	110.3	0.0	1.6
Employment	6,744.3	6,742.8	16.7	-1.5	113.8	-0.0	1.7
Unemployment	300.4	302.3	12.9	1.9	-3.5	0.6	-1.1
Participation rate	92.2	92.0	0.2	-0.2	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.2	0.0	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	88.3	88.1	0.2	-0.2	-0.1	...	...

Table 1 - continued
Labour force characteristics by age group and sex, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
25 to 54 years, women							
Population	7,613.8	7,629.7	...	15.9	112.5	0.2	1.5
Labour force	6,518.6	6,538.6	17.3	20.0	133.3	0.3	2.1
Employment	6,260.0	6,258.9	18.0	-1.1	119.9	-0.0	2.0
Unemployment	258.5	279.7	12.8	21.2	13.4	8.2	5.0
Participation rate	85.6	85.7	0.2	0.1	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	82.2	82.0	0.2	-0.2	0.3	...	...
55 years and over, both sexes							
Population	12,293.7	12,307.5	...	13.8	214.6	0.1	1.8
Labour force	4,545.3	4,539.4	20.5	-5.9	68.5	-0.1	1.5
Employment	4,341.7	4,353.2	20.7	11.5	131.8	0.3	3.1
Unemployment	203.7	186.2	10.8	-17.5	-63.3	-8.6	-25.4
Participation rate	37.0	36.9	0.2	-0.1	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.1	0.2	-0.4	-1.5	...	...
Employment rate	35.3	35.4	0.2	0.1	0.5	...	...
55 years and over, men							
Population	5,882.2	5,888.8	...	6.6	105.1	0.1	1.8
Labour force	2,500.2	2,474.6	13.6	-25.6	13.0	-1.0	0.5
Employment	2,386.5	2,370.7	13.8	-15.8	53.8	-0.7	2.3
Unemployment	113.8	103.9	7.8	-9.9	-40.8	-8.7	-28.2
Participation rate	42.5	42.0	0.2	-0.5	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.2	0.3	-0.4	-1.7	...	...
Employment rate	40.6	40.3	0.2	-0.3	0.2	...	...
55 years and over, women							
Population	6,411.6	6,418.7	...	7.1	109.5	0.1	1.7
Labour force	2,045.1	2,064.8	14.2	19.7	55.5	1.0	2.8
Employment	1,955.2	1,982.6	14.2	27.4	78.1	1.4	4.1
Unemployment	89.9	82.3	7.2	-7.6	-22.5	-8.5	-21.5
Participation rate	31.9	32.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.0	0.4	-0.4	-1.2	...	...
Employment rate	30.5	30.9	0.2	0.4	0.7	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey* (71-543-G) for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-02.

Table 2
Employment by class of worker and industry, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands			change in thousands		% change	
Class of worker							
Employees	17,365.1	17,395.8	35.5	30.7	425.3	0.2	2.5
Public sector employees	4,210.1	4,202.2	19.4	-7.9	61.0	-0.2	1.5
Private sector employees	13,155.0	13,193.5	34.8	38.5	364.2	0.3	2.8
Self-employed	2,667.2	2,658.3	22.8	-8.9	-14.9	-0.3	-0.6
Total employed, all industries	20,032.3	20,054.1	31.0	21.8	410.3	0.1	2.1
Goods-producing sector	4,140.9	4,158.4	18.7	17.5	99.1	0.4	2.4
Agriculture	263.8	263.6	5.6	-0.2	11.1	-0.1	4.4
Natural resources ²	324.4	329.4	6.1	5.0	-1.2	1.5	-0.4
Utilities	150.0	157.5	3.6	7.5	13.7	5.0	9.5
Construction	1,610.9	1,609.4	12.6	-1.5	70.5	-0.1	4.6
Manufacturing	1,791.8	1,798.6	12.8	6.8	5.1	0.4	0.3
Services-producing sector	15,891.5	15,895.7	30.9	4.2	311.2	0.0	2.0
Wholesale and retail trade	2,959.9	2,957.4	16.9	-2.5	-61.0	-0.1	-2.0
Transportation and warehousing	967.3	973.5	10.3	6.2	-34.7	0.6	-3.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	1,394.2	1,386.2	10.3	-8.0	30.6	-0.6	2.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,866.9	1,864.7	13.2	-2.2	84.3	-0.1	4.7
Business, building and other support services	704.9	694.4	10.5	-10.5	4.0	-1.5	0.6
Educational services	1,481.2	1,473.5	12.2	-7.7	-8.5	-0.5	-0.6
Health care and social assistance	2,637.5	2,652.8	13.3	15.3	44.3	0.6	1.7
Information, culture and recreation	839.5	831.7	12.0	-7.8	14.3	-0.9	1.7
Accommodation and food services	1,114.8	1,117.9	12.7	3.1	101.5	0.3	10.0
Other services (except public administration)	752.1	760.5	9.3	8.4	52.0	1.1	7.3
Public administration	1,173.2	1,183.2	8.4	10.0	84.6	0.9	7.7

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

2. Also referred to as "Forestry, fishing, mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction."

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Tables [14-10-0288-02](#) and [14-10-0355-02](#).

**Table 3
Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted**

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Population	451.4	452.1	...	0.7	5.4	0.2	1.2
Labour force	265.9	264.6	2.1	-1.3	-1.7	-0.5	-0.6
Employment	234.5	238.3	2.3	3.8	5.7	1.6	2.5
Full-time employment	198.8	202.8	2.5	4.0	5.0	2.0	2.5
Part-time employment	35.7	35.5	1.9	-0.2	0.7	-0.6	2.0
Unemployment	31.4	26.3	2.0	-5.1	-7.4	-16.2	-22.0
Participation rate	58.9	58.5	0.5	-0.4	-1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.8	9.9	0.7	-1.9	-2.8	...	...
Employment rate	51.9	52.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	...	...
Prince Edward Island							
Population	141.5	142.1	...	0.6	4.9	0.4	3.6
Labour force	90.8	92.3	1.0	1.5	-0.1	1.7	-0.1
Employment	83.9	85.6	1.1	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.5
Full-time employment	70.1	72.5	1.2	2.4	1.2	3.4	1.7
Part-time employment	13.8	13.2	1.0	-0.6	1.0	-4.3	8.2
Unemployment	7.0	6.7	0.8	-0.3	-2.2	-4.3	-24.7
Participation rate	64.2	65.0	0.6	0.8	-2.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.3	0.8	-0.4	-2.3	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	60.2	0.6	0.9	-0.7	...	...
Nova Scotia							
Population	851.7	853.5	...	1.8	21.9	0.2	2.6
Labour force	528.1	527.1	3.0	-1.0	13.1	-0.2	2.5
Employment	501.6	496.9	3.1	-4.7	15.5	-0.9	3.2
Full-time employment	413.8	410.1	3.9	-3.7	12.7	-0.9	3.2
Part-time employment	87.7	86.7	3.4	-1.0	2.7	-1.1	3.2
Unemployment	26.5	30.2	2.5	3.7	-2.4	14.0	-7.4
Participation rate	62.0	61.8	0.4	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.7	0.5	0.7	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	58.9	58.2	0.4	-0.7	0.3	...	...
New Brunswick							
Population	674.3	675.6	...	1.3	18.0	0.2	2.7
Labour force	409.4	409.6	2.3	0.2	13.5	0.0	3.4
Employment	378.5	383.6	2.4	5.1	17.1	1.3	4.7
Full-time employment	321.0	320.4	2.9	-0.6	6.0	-0.2	1.9
Part-time employment	57.5	63.2	2.4	5.7	11.0	9.9	21.1
Unemployment	30.8	26.0	2.0	-4.8	-3.6	-15.6	-12.2
Participation rate	60.7	60.6	0.3	-0.1	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.5	6.3	0.5	-1.2	-1.2	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	56.8	0.4	0.7	1.1	...	...
Quebec							
Population	7,204.5	7,211.7	...	7.2	84.7	0.1	1.2
Labour force	4,696.9	4,690.4	15.9	-6.5	91.6	-0.1	2.0
Employment	4,511.6	4,496.1	16.0	-15.5	97.9	-0.3	2.2
Full-time employment	3,694.3	3,663.9	20.2	-30.4	52.0	-0.8	1.4
Part-time employment	817.3	832.2	18.9	14.9	46.0	1.8	5.9
Unemployment	185.3	194.4	12.0	9.1	-6.2	4.9	-3.1
Participation rate	65.2	65.0	0.2	-0.2	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.1	0.3	0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	62.3	0.2	-0.3	0.6	...	...
Ontario							
Population	12,628.2	12,653.8	...	25.6	198.9	0.2	1.6
Labour force	8,276.3	8,288.9	20.7	12.6	105.2	0.2	1.3
Employment	7,849.7	7,865.3	20.7	15.6	144.0	0.2	1.9
Full-time employment	6,507.2	6,536.1	26.9	28.9	202.1	0.4	3.2
Part-time employment	1,342.5	1,329.2	24.6	-13.3	-58.2	-1.0	-4.2
Unemployment	426.6	423.6	17.1	-3.0	-38.8	-0.7	-8.4
Participation rate	65.5	65.5	0.2	0.0	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.1	0.2	-0.1	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	62.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	...	...
Manitoba							
Population	1,073.3	1,075.4	...	2.1	18.3	0.2	1.7
Labour force	712.8	721.7	3.3	8.9	9.8	1.2	1.4
Employment	683.2	688.1	3.3	4.9	7.9	0.7	1.2
Full-time employment	559.3	571.4	4.3	12.1	25.1	2.2	4.6
Part-time employment	123.9	116.6	4.0	-7.3	-17.3	-5.9	-12.9
Unemployment	29.6	33.6	2.5	4.0	1.9	13.5	6.0
Participation rate	66.4	67.1	0.3	0.7	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	...	...
Employment rate	63.7	64.0	0.3	0.3	-0.3	...	...

Table 3 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Saskatchewan							
Population	912.0	913.7	...	1.7	20.7	0.2	2.3
Labour force	615.5	618.0	3.0	2.5	6.2	0.4	1.0
Employment	589.0	591.6	3.1	2.6	8.1	0.4	1.4
Full-time employment	479.0	482.2	4.1	3.2	6.8	0.7	1.4
Part-time employment	110.0	109.4	3.7	-0.6	1.3	-0.5	1.2
Unemployment	26.5	26.5	2.4	0.0	-1.8	0.0	-6.4
Participation rate	67.5	67.6	0.3	0.1	-0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.4	0.0	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	64.6	64.7	0.3	0.1	-0.6	...	...
Alberta							
Population	3,678.4	3,689.2	...	10.8	109.0	0.3	3.0
Labour force	2,585.6	2,582.2	11.1	-3.4	66.4	-0.1	2.6
Employment	2,429.7	2,431.3	11.0	1.6	76.9	0.1	3.3
Full-time employment	1,977.4	1,988.3	15.0	10.9	90.8	0.6	4.8
Part-time employment	452.3	443.0	13.7	-9.3	-13.9	-2.1	-3.0
Unemployment	155.9	150.8	9.4	-5.1	-10.6	-3.3	-6.6
Participation rate	70.3	70.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.8	0.4	-0.2	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	66.1	65.9	0.3	-0.2	0.1	...	...
British Columbia							
Population	4,455.2	4,463.4	...	8.2	59.9	0.2	1.4
Labour force	2,897.1	2,925.7	10.6	28.6	46.9	1.0	1.6
Employment	2,770.7	2,777.4	10.6	6.7	35.3	0.2	1.3
Full-time employment	2,216.0	2,220.4	14.3	4.4	43.3	0.2	2.0
Part-time employment	554.7	557.1	13.5	2.4	-7.9	0.4	-1.4
Unemployment	126.4	148.3	8.1	21.9	11.6	17.3	8.5
Participation rate	65.0	65.5	0.2	0.5	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	5.1	0.3	0.7	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	62.2	0.2	0.0	-0.1	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-03.

Table 4
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick)

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	451.4	452.1	...	0.7	5.4	0.2	1.2
Labour force	265.9	264.6	2.1	-1.3	-1.7	-0.5	-0.6
Employment	234.5	238.3	2.3	3.8	5.7	1.6	2.5
Full-time employment	198.8	202.8	2.5	4.0	5.0	2.0	2.5
Unemployment	31.4	26.3	2.0	-5.1	-7.4	-16.2	-22.0
Participation rate	58.9	58.5	0.5	-0.4	-1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	11.8	9.9	0.7	-1.9	-2.8	...	...
Employment rate	51.9	52.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	55.6	55.8	...	0.2	1.0	0.4	1.8
Labour force	33.7	33.3	1.0	-0.4	-2.8	-1.2	-7.8
Employment	28.1	27.4	1.1	-0.7	-3.6	-2.5	-11.6
Unemployment	5.5	5.9	0.9	0.4	0.8	7.3	15.7
Participation rate	60.6	59.7	1.8	-0.9	-6.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	16.3	17.7	2.4	1.4	3.6	...	...
Employment rate	50.5	49.1	1.9	-1.4	-7.5	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	192.5	192.9	...	0.4	2.3	0.2	1.2
Labour force	119.6	119.4	1.3	-0.2	1.1	-0.2	0.9
Employment	103.3	106.3	1.4	3.0	7.2	2.9	7.3
Unemployment	16.2	13.1	1.4	-3.1	-6.1	-19.1	-31.8
Participation rate	62.1	61.9	0.7	-0.2	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	13.5	11.0	1.1	-2.5	-5.2	...	...
Employment rate	53.7	55.1	0.7	1.4	3.1	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	203.2	203.4	...	0.2	2.1	0.1	1.0
Labour force	112.6	111.9	1.1	-0.7	0.0	-0.6	0.0
Employment	103.0	104.6	1.2	1.6	2.1	1.6	2.0
Unemployment	9.6	7.3	1.1	-2.3	-2.2	-24.0	-23.2
Participation rate	55.4	55.0	0.6	-0.4	-0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.5	6.5	0.9	-2.0	-2.0	...	...
Employment rate	50.7	51.4	0.6	0.7	0.5	...	...
Prince Edward Island							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	141.5	142.1	...	0.6	4.9	0.4	3.6
Labour force	90.8	92.3	1.0	1.5	-0.1	1.7	-0.1
Employment	83.9	85.6	1.1	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.5
Full-time employment	70.1	72.5	1.2	2.4	1.2	3.4	1.7
Unemployment	7.0	6.7	0.8	-0.3	-2.2	-4.3	-24.7
Participation rate	64.2	65.0	0.6	0.8	-2.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.7	7.3	0.8	-0.4	-2.3	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	60.2	0.6	0.9	-0.7	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	22.6	22.7	...	0.1	1.1	0.4	5.1
Labour force	13.3	14.7	0.6	1.4	-0.5	10.5	-3.3
Employment	11.0	12.6	0.6	1.6	-0.4	14.5	-3.1
Unemployment	2.4	2.2	0.4	-0.2	0.0	-8.3	0.0
Participation rate	58.8	64.8	2.4	6.0	-5.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	18.0	15.0	3.1	-3.0	0.5	...	...
Employment rate	48.7	55.5	2.5	6.8	-4.7	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	57.8	58.0	...	0.2	1.9	0.3	3.4
Labour force	40.5	40.5	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.3
Employment	37.7	37.7	0.5	0.0	1.3	0.0	3.6
Unemployment	2.8	2.8	0.4	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-22.2
Participation rate	70.1	69.8	0.8	-0.3	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.9	6.9	1.1	0.0	-2.1	...	...
Employment rate	65.2	65.0	0.8	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	61.1	61.3	...	0.2	1.8	0.3	3.0
Labour force	37.1	37.1	0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.3
Employment	35.2	35.4	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.6	3.8
Unemployment	1.9	1.8	0.4	-0.1	-1.3	-5.3	-41.9
Participation rate	60.7	60.5	0.7	-0.2	-2.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.1	4.9	1.1	-0.2	-3.4	...	...
Employment rate	57.6	57.7	0.8	0.1	0.4	...	...

Table 4 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick)

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Nova Scotia							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	851.7	853.5	...	1.8	21.9	0.2	2.6
Labour force	528.1	527.1	3.0	-1.0	13.1	-0.2	2.5
Employment	501.6	496.9	3.1	-4.7	15.5	-0.9	3.2
Full-time employment	413.8	410.1	3.9	-3.7	12.7	-0.9	3.2
Unemployment	26.5	30.2	2.5	3.7	-2.4	14.0	-7.4
Participation rate	62.0	61.8	0.4	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.7	0.5	0.7	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	58.9	58.2	0.4	-0.7	0.3	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	111.9	112.2	...	0.3	2.9	0.3	2.7
Labour force	75.9	77.3	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8
Employment	66.4	67.3	1.6	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.9
Unemployment	9.5	10.0	1.4	0.5	0.8	5.3	8.7
Participation rate	67.8	68.9	1.6	1.1	-0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	12.5	12.9	1.7	0.4	0.8	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	60.0	1.5	0.7	-1.0	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	354.7	355.5	...	0.8	9.8	0.2	2.8
Labour force	227.7	228.5	1.6	0.8	4.5	0.4	2.0
Employment	219.4	216.3	1.7	-3.1	4.5	-1.4	2.1
Unemployment	8.3	12.2	1.5	3.9	0.0	47.0	0.0
Participation rate	64.2	64.3	0.5	0.1	-0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.6	5.3	0.6	1.7	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	61.9	60.8	0.5	-1.1	-0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	385.1	385.8	...	0.7	9.2	0.2	2.4
Labour force	224.5	221.3	1.6	-3.2	7.1	-1.4	3.3
Employment	215.8	213.3	1.6	-2.5	10.3	-1.2	5.1
Unemployment	8.7	8.0	1.3	-0.7	-3.2	-8.0	-28.6
Participation rate	58.3	57.4	0.4	-0.9	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	3.6	0.6	-0.3	-1.6	...	...
Employment rate	56.0	55.3	0.4	-0.7	1.4	...	...
New Brunswick							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	674.3	675.6	...	1.3	18.0	0.2	2.7
Labour force	409.4	409.6	2.3	0.2	13.5	0.0	3.4
Employment	378.5	383.6	2.4	5.1	17.1	1.3	4.7
Full-time employment	321.0	320.4	2.9	-0.6	6.0	-0.2	1.9
Unemployment	30.8	26.0	2.0	-4.8	-3.6	-15.6	-12.2
Participation rate	60.7	60.6	0.3	-0.1	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.5	6.3	0.5	-1.2	-1.2	...	...
Employment rate	56.1	56.8	0.4	0.7	1.1	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	86.1	86.4	...	0.3	3.3	0.3	4.0
Labour force	60.7	58.3	1.2	-2.4	3.3	-4.0	6.0
Employment	51.4	52.4	1.2	1.0	4.8	1.9	10.1
Unemployment	9.2	6.0	1.1	-3.2	-1.5	-34.8	-20.0
Participation rate	70.5	67.5	1.4	-3.0	1.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	15.2	10.3	1.8	-4.9	-3.3	...	...
Employment rate	59.7	60.6	1.5	0.9	3.3	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	287.5	288.1	...	0.6	8.0	0.2	2.9
Labour force	181.5	181.5	1.3	0.0	7.3	0.0	4.2
Employment	167.1	168.2	1.4	1.1	6.1	0.7	3.8
Unemployment	14.4	13.3	1.2	-1.1	1.2	-7.6	9.9
Participation rate	63.1	63.0	0.5	-0.1	0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	7.9	7.3	0.7	-0.6	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	58.1	58.4	0.5	0.3	0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	300.7	301.2	...	0.5	6.8	0.2	2.3
Labour force	167.2	169.8	1.3	2.6	2.9	1.6	1.7
Employment	160.0	163.0	1.3	3.0	6.1	1.9	3.9
Unemployment	7.2	6.7	1.1	-0.5	-3.3	-6.9	-33.0
Participation rate	55.6	56.4	0.4	0.8	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	3.9	0.6	-0.4	-2.1	...	...
Employment rate	53.2	54.1	0.5	0.9	0.8	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-03.

Table 5
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Quebec							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	7,204.5	7,211.7	...	7.2	84.7	0.1	1.2
Labour force	4,696.9	4,690.4	15.9	-6.5	91.6	-0.1	2.0
Employment	4,511.6	4,496.1	16.0	-15.5	97.9	-0.3	2.2
Full-time employment	3,694.3	3,663.9	20.2	-30.4	52.0	-0.8	1.4
Unemployment	185.3	194.4	12.0	9.1	-6.2	4.9	-3.1
Participation rate	65.2	65.0	0.2	-0.2	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.1	0.3	0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	62.3	0.2	-0.3	0.6	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	916.5	918.1	...	1.6	13.2	0.2	1.5
Labour force	647.8	639.2	8.9	-8.6	15.4	-1.3	2.5
Employment	604.2	596.2	8.9	-8.0	16.1	-1.3	2.8
Unemployment	43.6	42.9	6.5	-0.7	-0.8	-1.6	-1.8
Participation rate	70.7	69.6	1.0	-1.1	0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.7	6.7	1.0	0.0	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	65.9	64.9	1.0	-1.0	0.8	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	3,123.4	3,126.5	...	3.1	38.3	0.1	1.2
Labour force	2,149.2	2,138.4	8.7	-10.8	43.1	-0.5	2.1
Employment	2,067.0	2,060.1	9.3	-6.9	47.5	-0.3	2.4
Unemployment	82.2	78.2	7.3	-4.0	-4.6	-4.9	-5.6
Participation rate	68.8	68.4	0.3	-0.4	0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	3.7	0.3	-0.1	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	66.2	65.9	0.3	-0.3	0.7	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	3,164.6	3,167.1	...	2.5	33.2	0.1	1.1
Labour force	1,899.9	1,912.9	9.0	13.0	33.2	0.7	1.8
Employment	1,840.4	1,839.7	9.2	-0.7	34.2	-0.0	1.9
Unemployment	59.5	73.2	6.9	13.7	-1.0	23.0	-1.3
Participation rate	60.0	60.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.8	0.4	0.7	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	58.2	58.1	0.3	-0.1	0.5	...	...
Ontario							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	12,628.2	12,653.8	...	25.6	198.9	0.2	1.6
Labour force	8,276.3	8,288.9	20.7	12.6	105.2	0.2	1.3
Employment	7,849.7	7,865.3	20.7	15.6	144.0	0.2	1.9
Full-time employment	6,507.2	6,536.1	26.9	28.9	202.1	0.4	3.2
Unemployment	426.6	423.6	17.1	-3.0	-38.8	-0.7	-8.4
Participation rate	65.5	65.5	0.2	0.0	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.1	0.2	-0.1	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	62.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	1,875.1	1,880.6	...	5.5	27.6	0.3	1.5
Labour force	1,190.2	1,207.7	12.4	17.5	29.8	1.5	2.5
Employment	1,064.2	1,074.2	12.0	10.0	39.3	0.9	3.8
Unemployment	126.0	133.4	9.9	7.4	-9.7	5.9	-6.8
Participation rate	63.5	64.2	0.7	0.7	0.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.6	11.0	0.8	0.4	-1.1	...	...
Employment rate	56.8	57.1	0.6	0.3	1.3	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	5,239.1	5,249.6	...	10.5	90.2	0.2	1.7
Labour force	3,723.1	3,721.1	10.3	-2.0	16.9	-0.1	0.5
Employment	3,571.1	3,571.2	10.9	0.1	37.6	0.0	1.1
Unemployment	152.0	149.9	9.6	-2.1	-20.7	-1.4	-12.1
Participation rate	71.1	70.9	0.2	-0.2	-0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.0	0.3	-0.1	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	68.2	68.0	0.2	-0.2	-0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	5,513.9	5,523.6	...	9.7	81.1	0.2	1.5
Labour force	3,363.0	3,360.1	11.8	-2.9	58.5	-0.1	1.8
Employment	3,214.4	3,219.8	12.1	5.4	66.9	0.2	2.1
Unemployment	148.6	140.3	10.0	-8.3	-8.4	-5.6	-5.6
Participation rate	61.0	60.8	0.2	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	4.2	0.3	-0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	58.3	58.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	...	...

Table 5 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Manitoba							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	1,073.3	1,075.4	...	2.1	18.3	0.2	1.7
Labour force	712.8	721.7	3.3	8.9	9.8	1.2	1.4
Employment	683.2	688.1	3.3	4.9	7.9	0.7	1.2
Full-time employment	559.3	571.4	4.3	12.1	25.1	2.2	4.6
Unemployment	29.6	33.6	2.5	4.0	1.9	13.5	6.0
Participation rate	66.4	67.1	0.3	0.7	-0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.2	4.7	0.3	0.5	0.2	...	...
Employment rate	63.7	64.0	0.3	0.3	-0.3	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	168.4	168.9	...	0.5	1.5	0.3	0.9
Labour force	112.7	115.8	1.9	3.1	-1.8	2.8	-1.5
Employment	103.5	105.5	1.9	2.0	-2.8	1.9	-2.6
Unemployment	9.2	10.4	1.5	1.2	1.1	13.0	11.8
Participation rate	66.9	68.6	1.2	1.7	-1.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.2	9.0	1.2	0.8	1.1	...	...
Employment rate	61.5	62.5	1.1	1.0	-2.2	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	445.5	446.4	...	0.9	9.6	0.2	2.2
Labour force	319.9	321.4	1.7	1.5	7.5	0.5	2.4
Employment	308.6	311.5	1.7	2.9	11.1	0.9	3.7
Unemployment	11.3	9.9	1.4	-1.4	-3.6	-12.4	-26.7
Participation rate	71.8	72.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.5	3.1	0.4	-0.4	-1.2	...	...
Employment rate	69.3	69.8	0.4	0.5	1.0	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	459.4	460.2	...	0.8	7.3	0.2	1.6
Labour force	280.1	284.5	1.9	4.4	4.0	1.6	1.4
Employment	271.1	271.1	1.9	0.0	-0.5	0.0	-0.2
Unemployment	9.1	13.3	1.4	4.2	4.4	46.2	49.4
Participation rate	61.0	61.8	0.4	0.8	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.2	4.7	0.5	1.5	1.5	...	...
Employment rate	59.0	58.9	0.4	-0.1	-1.1	...	...
Saskatchewan							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	912.0	913.7	...	1.7	20.7	0.2	2.3
Labour force	615.5	618.0	3.0	2.5	6.2	0.4	1.0
Employment	589.0	591.6	3.1	2.6	8.1	0.4	1.4
Full-time employment	479.0	482.2	4.1	3.2	6.8	0.7	1.4
Unemployment	26.5	26.5	2.4	0.0	-1.8	0.0	-6.4
Participation rate	67.5	67.6	0.3	0.1	-0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.4	0.0	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	64.6	64.7	0.3	0.1	-0.6	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	137.8	138.2	...	0.4	3.5	0.3	2.6
Labour force	89.4	88.9	1.7	-0.5	0.6	-0.6	0.7
Employment	81.6	82.7	1.6	1.1	-0.7	1.3	-0.8
Unemployment	7.8	6.1	1.3	-1.7	1.2	-21.8	24.5
Participation rate	64.9	64.3	1.3	-0.6	-1.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	6.9	1.4	-1.8	1.4	...	...
Employment rate	59.2	59.8	1.2	0.6	-2.1	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	387.5	388.2	...	0.7	9.5	0.2	2.5
Labour force	280.9	282.4	1.6	1.5	0.0	0.5	0.0
Employment	269.8	270.6	1.7	0.8	3.6	0.3	1.3
Unemployment	11.1	11.8	1.4	0.7	-3.5	6.3	-22.9
Participation rate	72.5	72.7	0.4	0.2	-1.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.2	0.5	0.2	-1.2	...	...
Employment rate	69.6	69.7	0.5	0.1	-0.8	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	386.7	387.4	...	0.7	7.8	0.2	2.1
Labour force	245.2	246.8	1.7	1.6	5.7	0.7	2.4
Employment	237.6	238.3	1.7	0.7	5.2	0.3	2.2
Unemployment	7.6	8.5	1.3	0.9	0.5	11.8	6.3
Participation rate	63.4	63.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.1	3.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	61.4	61.5	0.5	0.1	0.1	...	...

Table 5 - continued
Labour force characteristics by province, age group and sex, seasonally adjusted (Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia)

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Alberta							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	3,678.4	3,689.2	...	10.8	109.0	0.3	3.0
Labour force	2,585.6	2,582.2	11.1	-3.4	66.4	-0.1	2.6
Employment	2,429.7	2,431.3	11.0	1.6	76.9	0.1	3.3
Full-time employment	1,977.4	1,988.3	15.0	10.9	90.8	0.6	4.8
Unemployment	155.9	150.8	9.4	-5.1	-10.6	-3.3	-6.6
Participation rate	70.3	70.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.8	0.4	-0.2	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	66.1	65.9	0.3	-0.2	0.1	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	545.9	547.9	...	2.0	19.1	0.4	3.6
Labour force	347.4	358.2	6.3	10.8	6.0	3.1	1.7
Employment	311.7	317.8	6.0	6.1	8.1	2.0	2.6
Unemployment	35.7	40.4	5.0	4.7	-2.1	13.2	-4.9
Participation rate	63.6	65.4	1.2	1.8	-1.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	10.3	11.3	1.4	1.0	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	57.1	58.0	1.1	0.9	-0.6	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	1,557.3	1,561.6	...	4.3	44.7	0.3	2.9
Labour force	1,197.4	1,184.1	5.7	-13.3	30.4	-1.1	2.6
Employment	1,132.8	1,125.3	6.3	-7.5	39.3	-0.7	3.6
Unemployment	64.6	58.8	5.6	-5.8	-8.9	-9.0	-13.1
Participation rate	76.9	75.8	0.4	-1.1	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.4	5.0	0.5	-0.4	-0.9	...	...
Employment rate	72.7	72.1	0.4	-0.6	0.5	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	1,575.3	1,579.6	...	4.3	45.1	0.3	2.9
Labour force	1,040.8	1,039.9	6.8	-0.9	30.1	-0.1	3.0
Employment	985.2	988.3	6.6	3.1	29.7	0.3	3.1
Unemployment	55.6	51.6	5.6	-4.0	0.4	-7.2	0.8
Participation rate	66.1	65.8	0.4	-0.3	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.0	0.5	-0.3	-0.1	...	...
Employment rate	62.5	62.6	0.4	0.1	0.1	...	...
British Columbia							
Both sexes, 15 years and over							
Population	4,455.2	4,463.4	...	8.2	59.9	0.2	1.4
Labour force	2,897.1	2,925.7	10.6	28.6	46.9	1.0	1.6
Employment	2,770.7	2,777.4	10.6	6.7	35.3	0.2	1.3
Full-time employment	2,216.0	2,220.4	14.3	4.4	43.3	0.2	2.0
Unemployment	126.4	148.3	8.1	21.9	11.6	17.3	8.5
Participation rate	65.0	65.5	0.2	0.5	0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.4	5.1	0.3	0.7	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	62.2	62.2	0.2	0.0	-0.1	...	...
Both sexes, 15 to 24 years							
Population	604.5	606.1	...	1.6	4.7	0.3	0.8
Labour force	398.7	403.9	6.4	5.2	-12.8	1.3	-3.1
Employment	364.2	363.0	6.0	-1.2	-16.7	-0.3	-4.4
Unemployment	34.5	40.9	4.8	6.4	3.9	18.6	10.5
Participation rate	66.0	66.6	1.1	0.6	-2.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	8.7	10.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	...	...
Employment rate	60.2	59.9	1.0	-0.3	-3.2	...	...
Men, 25 years and over							
Population	1,875.2	1,878.5	...	3.3	27.6	0.2	1.5
Labour force	1,305.3	1,302.6	5.5	-2.7	12.1	-0.2	0.9
Employment	1,254.0	1,246.4	5.8	-7.6	9.5	-0.6	0.8
Unemployment	51.2	56.2	4.7	5.0	2.6	9.8	4.9
Participation rate	69.6	69.3	0.3	-0.3	-0.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.9	4.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	66.9	66.4	0.3	-0.5	-0.4	...	...
Women, 25 years and over							
Population	1,975.5	1,978.8	...	3.3	27.6	0.2	1.4
Labour force	1,193.2	1,219.2	6.0	26.0	47.5	2.2	4.1
Employment	1,152.5	1,168.0	6.2	15.5	42.5	1.3	3.8
Unemployment	40.7	51.2	4.6	10.5	5.0	25.8	10.8
Participation rate	60.4	61.6	0.3	1.2	1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.4	4.2	0.4	0.8	0.3	...	...
Employment rate	58.3	59.0	0.3	0.7	1.3	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0287-03.

Table 6
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands			change in thousands		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Total employed, all industries	234.5	238.3	2.3	3.8	5.7	1.6	2.5
Goods-producing sector	51.7	51.5	1.5	-0.2	3.4	-0.4	7.1
Agriculture	1.4	1.2	0.2	-0.2	0.2	-14.3	20.0
Natural resources ²	16.2	16.7	0.9	0.5	0.8	3.1	5.0
Utilities	2.7	2.7	0.2	0.0	0.6	0.0	28.6
Construction	20.4	20.3	1.0	-0.1	1.6	-0.5	8.6
Manufacturing	11.0	10.6	0.8	-0.4	0.1	-3.6	1.0
Services-producing sector	182.8	186.8	1.9	4.0	2.3	2.2	1.2
Wholesale and retail trade	34.6	35.0	1.0	0.4	-4.7	1.2	-11.8
Transportation and warehousing	12.7	13.2	0.6	0.5	3.8	3.9	40.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	7.4	7.2	0.4	-0.2	1.6	-2.7	28.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	10.4	10.8	0.5	0.4	-1.4	3.8	-11.5
Business, building and other support services	4.8	5.3	0.6	0.5	-2.3	10.4	-30.3
Educational services	17.4	17.4	0.7	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-1.1
Health care and social assistance	44.7	45.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	2.7	2.7
Information, culture and recreation	6.8	6.6	0.6	-0.2	0.0	-2.9	0.0
Accommodation and food services	13.6	15.3	0.8	1.7	2.5	12.5	19.5
Other services (except public administration)	8.7	8.0	0.6	-0.7	-0.5	-8.0	-5.9
Public administration	21.8	22.2	0.5	0.4	2.4	1.8	12.1
Prince Edward Island							
Total employed, all industries	83.9	85.6	1.1	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.5
Goods-producing sector	20.3	20.5	0.7	0.2	-0.9	1.0	-4.2
Agriculture	3.1	2.9	0.3	-0.2	-0.4	-6.5	-12.1
Natural resources ²	2.3	2.0	0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-13.0	-9.1
Utilities	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	6.7	6.9	0.3	0.2	-0.5	3.0	-6.8
Manufacturing	8.0	8.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	5.0	2.4
Services-producing sector	63.6	65.2	0.9	1.6	3.1	2.5	5.0
Wholesale and retail trade	11.3	11.0	0.5	-0.3	-0.7	-2.7	-6.0
Transportation and warehousing	1.9	2.1	0.3	0.2	-0.1	10.5	-4.5
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	3.2	3.5	0.2	0.3	0.8	9.4	29.6
Professional, scientific and technical services	5.0	4.4	0.2	-0.6	-0.8	-12.0	-15.4
Business, building and other support services	2.4	2.2	0.3	-0.2	0.5	-8.3	29.4
Educational services	6.0	6.2	0.3	0.2	0.5	3.3	8.8
Health care and social assistance	12.8	13.6	0.3	0.8	1.7	6.3	14.3
Information, culture and recreation	2.9	3.1	0.3	0.2	0.8	6.9	34.8
Accommodation and food services	4.3	5.2	0.5	0.9	0.1	20.9	2.0
Other services (except public administration)	3.2	3.7	0.3	0.5	-0.4	15.6	-9.8
Public administration	10.7	10.1	0.4	-0.6	0.5	-5.6	5.2
Nova Scotia							
Total employed, all industries	501.6	496.9	3.1	-4.7	15.5	-0.9	3.2
Goods-producing sector	96.1	96.2	1.9	0.1	-1.2	0.1	-1.2
Agriculture	3.9	4.2	0.6	0.3	-2.1	7.7	-33.3
Natural resources ²	10.7	10.9	0.8	0.2	1.0	1.9	10.1
Utilities	3.4	3.3	0.4	-0.1	-1.4	-2.9	-29.8
Construction	43.3	40.8	1.3	-2.5	-0.1	-5.8	-0.2
Manufacturing	34.8	37.0	1.1	2.2	1.5	6.3	4.2
Services-producing sector	405.5	400.6	2.9	-4.9	16.6	-1.2	4.3
Wholesale and retail trade	78.0	75.2	1.6	-2.8	1.3	-3.6	1.8
Transportation and warehousing	20.8	21.4	1.0	0.6	-1.2	2.9	-5.3
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	28.6	28.4	0.9	-0.2	1.8	-0.7	6.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	39.4	38.8	1.1	-0.6	2.3	-1.5	6.3
Business, building and other support services	17.9	16.9	0.9	-1.0	-3.2	-5.6	-15.9
Educational services	36.5	37.1	1.1	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.8
Health care and social assistance	80.5	80.0	1.3	-0.5	-1.6	-0.6	-2.0
Information, culture and recreation	18.8	18.2	1.1	-0.6	4.2	-3.2	30.0
Accommodation and food services	29.2	29.1	1.2	-0.1	2.1	-0.3	7.8
Other services (except public administration)	21.2	20.6	0.8	-0.6	6.2	-2.8	43.1
Public administration	34.5	35.0	0.8	0.5	3.9	1.4	12.5

Table 6 - continued
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
New Brunswick							
Total employed, all industries	378.5	383.6	2.4	5.1	17.1	1.3	4.7
Goods-producing sector	72.6	76.6	1.5	4.0	1.6	5.5	2.1
Agriculture	4.6	6.0	0.5	1.4	-0.9	30.4	-13.0
Natural resources ²	7.9	8.2	0.7	0.3	1.3	3.8	18.8
Utilities	3.9	4.2	0.2	0.3	-0.1	7.7	-2.3
Construction	29.5	30.1	1.0	0.6	2.3	2.0	8.3
Manufacturing	26.8	28.1	0.9	1.3	-0.9	4.9	-3.1
Services-producing sector	306.0	307.0	2.2	1.0	15.5	0.3	5.3
Wholesale and retail trade	57.5	58.1	1.1	0.6	-0.7	1.0	-1.2
Transportation and warehousing	16.9	17.0	0.7	0.1	-2.7	0.6	-13.7
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	20.7	21.6	0.6	0.9	3.0	4.3	16.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	24.3	24.8	0.7	0.5	3.9	2.1	18.7
Business, building and other support services	10.7	10.4	0.8	-0.3	-4.1	-2.8	-28.3
Educational services	30.9	30.7	0.8	-0.2	-0.1	-0.6	-0.3
Health care and social assistance	63.0	60.9	1.0	-2.1	5.4	-3.3	9.7
Information, culture and recreation	10.0	9.0	0.7	-1.0	-0.8	-10.0	-8.2
Accommodation and food services	20.4	20.7	0.9	0.3	4.5	1.5	27.8
Other services (except public administration)	16.9	17.6	0.7	0.7	2.8	4.1	18.9
Public administration	34.7	36.2	0.7	1.5	4.2	4.3	13.1
Quebec							
Total employed, all industries	4,511.6	4,496.1	16.0	-15.5	97.9	-0.3	2.2
Goods-producing sector	946.7	947.3	9.5	0.6	20.3	0.1	2.2
Agriculture	55.9	51.2	2.9	-4.7	-1.7	-8.4	-3.2
Natural resources ²	43.7	42.5	2.2	-1.2	-0.2	-2.7	-0.5
Utilities	34.0	34.6	1.6	0.6	2.0	1.8	6.1
Construction	312.5	320.6	6.0	8.1	26.1	2.6	8.9
Manufacturing	500.6	498.5	7.0	-2.1	-5.8	-0.4	-1.2
Services-producing sector	3,564.9	3,548.8	15.6	-16.1	77.6	-0.5	2.2
Wholesale and retail trade	666.3	657.8	8.7	-8.5	-11.1	-1.3	-1.7
Transportation and warehousing	209.8	211.4	5.3	1.6	-13.3	0.8	-5.9
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	286.9	273.8	4.9	-13.1	-12.6	-4.6	-4.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	389.3	376.6	6.7	-12.7	1.3	-3.3	0.3
Business, building and other support services	171.3	176.6	5.7	5.3	14.2	3.1	8.7
Educational services	340.2	340.1	6.5	-0.1	-6.8	-0.0	-2.0
Health care and social assistance	608.8	607.8	6.9	-1.0	11.5	-0.2	1.9
Information, culture and recreation	198.5	199.5	6.4	1.0	13.1	0.5	7.0
Accommodation and food services	238.2	236.2	6.4	-2.0	47.3	-0.8	25.0
Other services (except public administration)	173.4	186.1	4.6	12.7	17.5	7.3	10.4
Public administration	282.3	282.9	4.2	0.6	16.5	0.2	6.2
Ontario							
Total employed, all industries	7,849.7	7,865.3	20.7	15.6	144.0	0.2	1.9
Goods-producing sector	1,579.5	1,576.7	12.2	-2.8	56.4	-0.2	3.7
Agriculture	79.6	78.5	3.2	-1.1	11.3	-1.4	16.8
Natural resources ²	40.3	38.6	2.1	-1.7	1.9	-4.2	5.2
Utilities	58.6	62.2	2.1	3.6	6.2	6.1	11.1
Construction	602.0	600.0	8.1	-2.0	17.4	-0.3	3.0
Manufacturing	799.0	797.4	8.8	-1.6	19.5	-0.2	2.5
Services-producing sector	6,270.2	6,288.6	20.8	18.4	87.6	0.3	1.4
Wholesale and retail trade	1,110.4	1,136.1	11.4	25.7	-39.6	2.3	-3.4
Transportation and warehousing	372.8	368.2	6.8	-4.6	-25.7	-1.2	-6.5
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	682.2	684.4	7.6	2.2	25.3	0.3	3.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	819.1	824.4	9.0	5.3	34.6	0.6	4.4
Business, building and other support services	299.7	283.8	7.0	-15.9	-6.3	-5.3	-2.2
Educational services	557.1	559.3	8.0	2.2	0.2	0.4	0.0
Health care and social assistance	959.8	961.1	8.3	1.3	22.3	0.1	2.4
Information, culture and recreation	327.9	321.1	7.8	-6.8	-6.3	-2.1	-1.9
Accommodation and food services	422.6	426.0	8.6	3.4	28.9	0.8	7.3
Other services (except public administration)	268.6	266.6	6.1	-2.0	18.0	-0.7	7.2
Public administration	450.0	457.6	5.3	7.6	36.3	1.7	8.6

Table 6 - continued
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Manitoba							
Total employed, all industries	683.2	688.1	3.3	4.9	7.9	0.7	1.2
Goods-producing sector	151.0	153.2	2.0	2.2	1.2	1.5	0.8
Agriculture	14.0	16.0	0.9	2.0	-6.6	14.3	-29.2
Natural resources ²	7.6	7.5	0.4	-0.1	3.3	-1.3	78.6
Utilities	5.5	5.7	0.3	0.2	0.8	3.6	16.3
Construction	55.6	56.5	1.3	0.9	4.1	1.6	7.8
Manufacturing	68.4	67.5	1.3	-0.9	-0.5	-1.3	-0.7
Services-producing sector	532.1	534.9	3.2	2.8	6.7	0.5	1.3
Wholesale and retail trade	94.5	97.1	1.7	2.6	-1.1	2.8	-1.1
Transportation and warehousing	38.4	40.4	1.1	2.0	-2.3	5.2	-5.4
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	40.9	41.7	0.9	0.8	1.6	2.0	4.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	35.5	36.4	1.1	0.9	4.4	2.5	13.8
Business, building and other support services	21.2	19.9	1.1	-1.3	-2.1	-6.1	-9.5
Educational services	64.2	62.7	1.4	-1.5	0.0	-2.3	0.0
Health care and social assistance	103.9	105.4	1.6	1.5	0.0	1.4	0.0
Information, culture and recreation	23.5	23.8	1.1	0.3	1.8	1.3	8.2
Accommodation and food services	35.9	35.9	1.3	0.0	-0.8	0.0	-2.2
Other services (except public administration)	29.1	26.5	1.0	-2.6	-0.6	-8.9	-2.2
Public administration	45.2	45.0	1.0	-0.2	5.6	-0.4	14.2
Saskatchewan							
Total employed, all industries	589.0	591.6	3.1	2.6	8.1	0.4	1.4
Goods-producing sector	134.5	133.2	2.1	-1.3	-1.7	-1.0	-1.3
Agriculture	28.4	26.7	1.1	-1.7	-1.1	-6.0	-4.0
Natural resources ²	20.3	21.4	0.9	1.1	1.4	5.4	7.0
Utilities	7.2	7.9	0.4	0.7	1.6	9.7	25.4
Construction	45.4	45.1	1.4	-0.3	-3.4	-0.7	-7.0
Manufacturing	33.3	32.1	1.1	-1.2	-0.2	-3.6	-0.6
Services-producing sector	454.5	458.4	3.0	3.9	9.8	0.9	2.2
Wholesale and retail trade	98.2	99.4	1.8	1.2	-1.8	1.2	-1.8
Transportation and warehousing	25.6	26.7	1.0	1.1	2.5	4.3	10.3
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	30.3	29.9	0.9	-0.4	-0.7	-1.3	-2.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	29.3	30.8	1.0	1.5	4.9	5.1	18.9
Business, building and other support services	12.5	12.0	1.1	-0.5	-2.7	-4.0	-18.4
Educational services	49.4	50.5	1.2	1.1	2.1	2.2	4.3
Health care and social assistance	92.8	92.5	1.4	-0.3	3.5	-0.3	3.9
Information, culture and recreation	20.7	20.3	1.0	-0.4	1.0	-1.9	5.2
Accommodation and food services	31.5	32.1	1.2	0.6	2.8	1.9	9.6
Other services (except public administration)	27.0	26.7	1.1	-0.3	-1.6	-1.1	-5.7
Public administration	37.3	37.7	0.9	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.3
Alberta							
Total employed, all industries	2,429.7	2,431.3	11.0	1.6	76.9	0.1	3.3
Goods-producing sector	576.2	583.0	7.6	6.8	10.2	1.2	1.8
Agriculture	49.1	47.7	2.4	-1.4	7.6	-2.9	19.0
Natural resources ²	131.1	135.8	4.2	4.7	-10.8	3.6	-7.4
Utilities	20.1	21.9	1.6	1.8	4.7	9.0	27.3
Construction	239.0	233.2	5.5	-5.8	-5.3	-2.4	-2.2
Manufacturing	136.8	144.3	3.6	7.5	13.9	5.5	10.7
Services-producing sector	1,853.5	1,848.4	10.9	-5.1	66.8	-0.3	3.7
Wholesale and retail trade	368.0	353.9	6.0	-14.1	-0.9	-3.8	-0.3
Transportation and warehousing	132.8	140.9	4.1	8.1	16.1	6.1	12.9
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	125.4	125.4	3.3	0.0	1.9	0.0	1.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	251.2	250.8	4.8	-0.4	44.0	-0.2	21.3
Business, building and other support services	72.7	73.1	3.5	0.4	-1.6	0.6	-2.1
Educational services	169.0	161.4	4.2	-7.6	-13.6	-4.5	-7.8
Health care and social assistance	312.8	319.1	5.3	6.3	7.3	2.0	2.3
Information, culture and recreation	81.4	85.2	3.7	3.8	0.2	4.7	0.2
Accommodation and food services	124.1	122.7	4.8	-1.4	-4.7	-1.1	-3.7
Other services (except public administration)	100.1	98.1	3.6	-2.0	5.2	-2.0	5.6
Public administration	116.1	117.6	3.4	1.5	12.6	1.3	12.0

Table 6
Employment by province and industry, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
British Columbia							
Total employed, all industries	2,770.7	2,777.4	10.6	6.7	35.3	0.2	1.3
Goods-producing sector	512.4	520.3	6.5	7.9	10.1	1.5	2.0
Agriculture	24.0	29.2	1.8	5.2	4.9	21.7	20.2
Natural resources ²	44.4	45.8	2.2	1.4	0.4	3.2	0.9
Utilities	14.3	14.7	1.2	0.4	-0.7	2.8	-4.5
Construction	256.6	256.0	4.4	-0.6	28.4	-0.2	12.5
Manufacturing	173.1	174.6	4.2	1.5	-22.9	0.9	-11.6
Services-producing sector	2,258.3	2,257.1	10.7	-1.2	25.3	-0.1	1.1
Wholesale and retail trade	441.2	434.0	6.0	-7.2	-1.5	-1.6	-0.3
Transportation and warehousing	135.5	132.3	3.5	-3.2	-11.8	-2.4	-8.2
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing	168.6	170.3	3.4	1.7	7.9	1.0	4.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	263.6	266.9	4.7	3.3	-8.9	1.3	-3.2
Business, building and other support services	91.9	94.1	3.3	2.2	11.5	2.4	13.9
Educational services	210.6	208.1	4.4	-2.5	8.2	-1.2	4.1
Health care and social assistance	358.5	366.6	4.7	8.1	-6.8	2.3	-1.8
Information, culture and recreation	149.0	144.9	4.6	-4.1	0.3	-2.8	0.2
Accommodation and food services	195.1	194.6	4.3	-0.5	18.7	-0.3	10.6
Other services (except public administration)	103.8	106.7	3.1	2.9	5.4	2.8	5.3
Public administration	140.5	138.7	2.7	-1.8	2.2	-1.3	1.6

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

2. Also referred to as "Forestry, fishing, mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction."

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0355-02.

Table 7
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador							
Population	186.6	187.1	...	0.5	4.1	0.3	2.2
Labour force	123.5	122.5	0.8	-1.0	2.1	-0.8	1.7
Employment	115.7	115.0	0.9	-0.7	3.7	-0.6	3.3
Unemployment	7.8	7.6	0.4	-0.2	-1.5	-2.6	-16.5
Participation rate	66.2	65.5	0.4	-0.7	-0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.3	6.2	0.3	-0.1	-1.4	...	...
Employment rate	62.0	61.5	0.5	-0.5	0.7	...	...
Halifax, Nova Scotia							
Population	400.4	401.5	...	1.1	14.8	0.3	3.8
Labour force	273.4	274.9	1.5	1.5	15.5	0.5	6.0
Employment	261.1	262.0	1.6	0.9	17.3	0.3	7.1
Unemployment	12.4	12.9	0.8	0.5	-1.8	4.0	-12.2
Participation rate	68.3	68.5	0.4	0.2	1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.7	0.3	0.2	-1.0	...	...
Employment rate	65.2	65.3	0.4	0.1	2.0	...	...
Moncton, New Brunswick							
Population	141.0	141.5	...	0.5	5.5	0.4	4.0
Labour force	94.4	95.1	0.8	0.7	5.0	0.7	5.5
Employment	89.5	90.1	0.8	0.6	5.0	0.7	5.9
Unemployment	5.0	5.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Participation rate	67.0	67.2	0.6	0.2	0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.3	5.3	0.4	0.0	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	63.5	63.7	0.6	0.2	1.1	...	...
Saint John, New Brunswick							
Population	114.2	114.4	...	0.2	2.9	0.2	2.6
Labour force	71.0	70.2	0.9	-0.8	0.0	-1.1	0.0
Employment	66.7	65.7	0.9	-1.0	0.8	-1.5	1.2
Unemployment	4.3	4.5	0.4	0.2	-0.8	4.7	-15.1
Participation rate	62.2	61.4	0.8	-0.8	-1.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	6.4	0.5	0.3	-1.1	...	...
Employment rate	58.4	57.4	0.8	-1.0	-0.8	...	...
Saguenay, Quebec							
Population	135.6	135.7	...	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2
Labour force	74.7	75.6	1.1	0.9	-6.9	1.2	-8.4
Employment	71.1	72.4	1.1	1.3	-6.5	1.8	-8.2
Unemployment	3.6	3.2	0.3	-0.4	-0.4	-11.1	-11.1
Participation rate	55.1	55.7	0.8	0.6	-5.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	4.2	0.4	-0.6	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	52.4	53.4	0.8	1.0	-4.9	...	...
Québec, Québec, Quebec							
Population	696.3	696.9	...	0.6	6.5	0.1	0.9
Labour force	453.7	457.4	3.3	3.7	9.5	0.8	2.1
Employment	442.9	448.7	3.3	5.8	12.4	1.3	2.8
Unemployment	10.9	8.7	1.0	-2.2	-2.8	-20.2	-24.3
Participation rate	65.2	65.6	0.5	0.4	0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	2.4	1.9	0.2	-0.5	-0.7	...	...
Employment rate	63.6	64.4	0.5	0.8	1.2	...	...
Sherbrooke, Quebec							
Population	192.3	192.6	...	0.3	3.1	0.2	1.6
Labour force	118.2	118.4	1.2	0.2	5.7	0.2	5.1
Employment	114.3	113.6	1.2	-0.7	4.3	-0.6	3.9
Unemployment	3.9	4.7	0.4	0.8	1.3	20.5	38.2
Participation rate	61.5	61.5	0.6	0.0	2.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	4.0	0.3	0.7	1.0	...	...
Employment rate	59.4	59.0	0.6	-0.4	1.3	...	...
Trois-Rivières, Quebec							
Population	138.3	138.4	...	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.7
Labour force	80.5	79.8	0.9	-0.7	-1.0	-0.9	-1.2
Employment	77.9	77.1	1.0	-0.8	-0.2	-1.0	-0.3
Unemployment	2.6	2.7	0.3	0.1	-0.8	3.8	-22.9
Participation rate	58.2	57.7	0.7	-0.5	-1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.2	3.4	0.4	0.2	-0.9	...	...
Employment rate	56.3	55.7	0.7	-0.6	-0.6	...	...
Montréal, Quebec							
Population	3,699.8	3,705.2	...	5.4	49.3	0.1	1.3
Labour force	2,524.2	2,533.8	8.6	9.6	90.1	0.4	3.7
Employment	2,409.8	2,413.6	8.8	3.8	97.4	0.2	4.2
Unemployment	114.3	120.3	4.6	6.0	-7.2	5.2	-5.6
Participation rate	68.2	68.4	0.2	0.2	1.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.7	0.2	0.2	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	65.1	65.1	0.2	0.0	1.7	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	1,248.9	1,251.6	...	2.7	25.9	0.2	2.1
Labour force	849.0	846.1	4.6	-2.9	34.6	-0.3	4.3
Employment	816.4	811.7	4.7	-4.7	38.2	-0.6	4.9
Unemployment	32.6	34.4	1.6	1.8	-3.6	5.5	-9.5
Participation rate	68.0	67.6	0.4	-0.4	1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	4.1	0.2	0.3	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	65.4	64.9	0.4	-0.5	1.8	...	...
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	292.2	292.6	...	0.4	4.1	0.1	1.4
Labour force	198.7	195.4	1.4	-3.3	4.2	-1.7	2.2
Employment	190.6	186.8	1.5	-3.8	4.0	-2.0	2.2
Unemployment	8.0	8.6	0.5	0.6	0.2	7.5	2.4
Participation rate	68.0	66.8	0.5	-1.2	0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	4.4	0.3	0.4	0.0	...	...
Employment rate	65.2	63.8	0.5	-1.4	0.4	...	...
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec							
Population	956.7	959.0	...	2.3	21.8	0.2	2.3
Labour force	650.3	650.7	4.4	0.4	30.4	0.1	4.9
Employment	625.8	624.9	4.5	-0.9	34.1	-0.1	5.8
Unemployment	24.6	25.8	1.6	1.2	-3.8	4.9	-12.8
Participation rate	68.0	67.9	0.5	-0.1	1.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.8	4.0	0.2	0.2	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	65.4	65.2	0.5	-0.2	2.2	...	...
Kingston, Ontario							
Population	150.0	150.4	...	0.4	3.9	0.3	2.7
Labour force	94.5	94.6	0.9	0.1	6.8	0.1	7.7
Employment	88.9	89.4	0.9	0.5	7.1	0.6	8.6
Unemployment	5.5	5.2	0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-5.5	-5.5
Participation rate	63.0	62.9	0.6	-0.1	3.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.8	5.5	0.4	-0.3	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	59.3	59.4	0.6	0.1	3.2	...	...
Belleville, Ontario							
Population	97.6	101.9	...	4.3	2.6	4.4	2.6
Labour force	60.9	65.7	3.0	4.8	8.1	7.9	14.1
Employment	57.2	62.2	2.9	5.0	6.0	8.7	10.7
Unemployment	3.7	3.6	0.6	-0.1	2.1	-2.7	140.0
Participation rate	62.4	64.5	2.4	2.1	6.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.1	5.5	1.1	-0.6	2.9	...	...
Employment rate	58.6	61.0	2.4	2.4	4.4	...	...
Peterborough, Ontario							
Population	115.2	115.4	...	0.2	1.4	0.2	1.2
Labour force	64.7	65.0	1.7	0.3	-2.7	0.5	-4.0
Employment	62.5	62.3	1.7	-0.2	-1.5	-0.3	-2.4
Unemployment	2.2	2.7	0.6	0.5	-1.2	22.7	-30.8
Participation rate	56.2	56.3	1.5	0.1	-3.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.4	4.2	0.8	0.8	-1.6	...	...
Employment rate	54.3	54.0	1.5	-0.3	-2.0	...	...
Oshawa, Ontario							
Population	353.9	354.4	...	0.5	5.3	0.1	1.5
Labour force	241.4	242.4	2.1	1.0	4.5	0.4	1.9
Employment	230.8	231.4	2.3	0.6	8.9	0.3	4.0
Unemployment	10.5	11.0	1.0	0.5	-4.4	4.8	-28.6
Participation rate	68.2	68.4	0.6	0.2	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.5	0.4	0.2	-2.0	...	...
Employment rate	65.2	65.3	0.6	0.1	1.6	...	...
Toronto, Ontario							
Population	5,710.5	5,723.6	...	13.1	105.6	0.2	1.9
Labour force	3,801.7	3,822.6	11.2	20.9	-34.0	0.5	-0.9
Employment	3,572.6	3,602.4	11.3	29.8	40.2	0.8	1.1
Unemployment	229.1	220.2	6.3	-8.9	-74.2	-3.9	-25.2
Participation rate	66.6	66.8	0.2	0.2	-1.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.8	0.2	-0.2	-1.8	...	...
Employment rate	62.6	62.9	0.2	0.3	-0.5	...	...
Hamilton, Ontario							
Population	676.1	676.9	...	0.8	6.0	0.1	0.9
Labour force	441.7	438.7	3.0	-3.0	-0.6	-0.7	-0.1
Employment	418.8	414.1	3.1	-4.7	-1.2	-1.1	-0.3
Unemployment	22.9	24.6	1.3	1.7	0.5	7.4	2.1
Participation rate	65.3	64.8	0.4	-0.5	-0.7	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.2	5.6	0.3	0.4	0.1	...	...
Employment rate	61.9	61.2	0.5	-0.7	-0.7	...	...
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario							
Population	378.0	378.5	...	0.5	3.5	0.1	0.9
Labour force	231.0	231.1	2.8	0.1	-1.3	0.0	-0.6
Employment	221.0	221.2	2.8	0.2	4.6	0.1	2.1
Unemployment	9.9	9.9	1.1	0.0	-5.9	0.0	-37.3
Participation rate	61.1	61.1	0.7	0.0	-0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.3	0.5	0.0	-2.5	...	...
Employment rate	58.5	58.4	0.7	-0.1	0.6	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Kitchener–Cambridge–Waterloo, Ontario							
Population	514.4	515.7	...	1.3	10.5	0.3	2.1
Labour force	358.6	356.9	2.2	-1.7	8.6	-0.5	2.5
Employment	337.0	336.5	2.3	-0.5	6.5	-0.1	2.0
Unemployment	21.5	20.4	1.1	-1.1	2.1	-5.1	11.5
Participation rate	69.7	69.2	0.4	-0.5	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.0	5.7	0.3	-0.3	0.4	...	...
Employment rate	65.5	65.3	0.5	-0.2	0.0	...	...
Brantford, Ontario							
Population	121.2	121.3	...	0.1	1.3	0.1	1.1
Labour force	85.3	84.8	0.8	-0.5	6.1	-0.6	7.8
Employment	79.6	79.9	0.9	0.3	5.3	0.4	7.1
Unemployment	5.8	4.9	0.4	-0.9	0.8	-15.5	19.5
Participation rate	70.4	69.9	0.7	-0.5	4.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.8	5.8	0.5	-1.0	0.6	...	...
Employment rate	65.7	65.9	0.7	0.2	3.7	...	...
Guelph, Ontario							
Population	144.2	144.4	...	0.2	2.3	0.1	1.6
Labour force	100.6	101.7	1.2	1.1	-1.5	1.1	-1.5
Employment	96.6	97.8	1.2	1.2	-0.5	1.2	-0.5
Unemployment	4.0	3.9	0.6	-0.1	-1.0	-2.5	-20.4
Participation rate	69.8	70.4	0.8	0.6	-2.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.8	0.6	-0.2	-0.9	...	...
Employment rate	67.0	67.7	0.9	0.7	-1.5	...	...
London, Ontario							
Population	480.4	481.5	...	1.1	8.9	0.2	1.9
Labour force	312.9	314.1	2.3	1.2	2.1	0.4	0.7
Employment	297.2	298.1	2.4	0.9	2.9	0.3	1.0
Unemployment	15.7	15.9	1.0	0.2	-0.9	1.3	-5.4
Participation rate	65.1	65.2	0.5	0.1	-0.8	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.0	5.1	0.3	0.1	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	61.9	61.9	0.5	0.0	-0.6	...	...
Windsor, Ontario							
Population	310.8	311.4	...	0.6	4.2	0.2	1.4
Labour force	201.8	201.2	2.3	-0.6	2.4	-0.3	1.2
Employment	189.2	190.0	2.3	0.8	8.2	0.4	4.5
Unemployment	12.5	11.2	1.1	-1.3	-5.8	-10.4	-34.1
Participation rate	64.9	64.6	0.7	-0.3	-0.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.2	5.6	0.6	-0.6	-3.0	...	...
Employment rate	60.9	61.0	0.8	0.1	1.8	...	...
Barrie, Ontario							
Population	185.1	185.4	...	0.3	2.5	0.2	1.4
Labour force	140.3	141.5	2.0	1.2	18.6	0.9	15.1
Employment	134.3	135.9	2.0	1.6	22.2	1.2	19.5
Unemployment	6.1	5.6	0.9	-0.5	-3.6	-8.2	-39.1
Participation rate	75.8	76.3	1.1	0.5	9.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.0	0.7	-0.3	-3.5	...	...
Employment rate	72.6	73.3	1.1	0.7	11.1	...	...
Greater Sudbury, Ontario							
Population	146.3	146.4	...	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.3
Labour force	90.3	91.8	1.1	1.5	1.9	1.7	2.1
Employment	87.0	88.1	1.0	1.1	2.2	1.3	2.6
Unemployment	3.3	3.6	0.4	0.3	-0.4	9.1	-10.0
Participation rate	61.7	62.7	0.7	1.0	1.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.9	0.4	0.2	-0.5	...	...
Employment rate	59.5	60.2	0.7	0.7	1.3	...	...
Thunder Bay, Ontario							
Population	106.7	106.7	...	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
Labour force	63.9	66.4	0.6	2.5	-1.6	3.9	-2.4
Employment	61.3	63.6	0.6	2.3	-0.4	3.8	-0.6
Unemployment	2.6	2.7	0.3	0.1	-1.3	3.8	-32.5
Participation rate	59.9	62.2	0.6	2.3	-1.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.1	0.4	0.0	-1.8	...	...
Employment rate	57.5	59.6	0.6	2.1	-0.4	...	...
Winnipeg, Manitoba							
Population	719.4	720.9	...	1.5	13.2	0.2	1.9
Labour force	487.6	489.3	1.7	1.7	5.3	0.3	1.1
Employment	466.8	467.2	1.7	0.4	6.5	0.1	1.4
Unemployment	20.8	22.1	0.9	1.3	-1.2	6.3	-5.2
Participation rate	67.8	67.9	0.2	0.1	-0.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.3	4.5	0.2	0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	64.9	64.8	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	...	...

Table 7 - continued
Labour force characteristics by census metropolitan area, three-month moving average,
seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
Regina, Saskatchewan							
Population	223.2	223.8	...	0.6	6.4	0.3	2.9
Labour force	148.5	150.6	1.1	2.1	0.8	1.4	0.5
Employment	141.3	143.0	1.2	1.7	1.1	1.2	0.8
Unemployment	7.2	7.6	0.5	0.4	-0.3	5.6	-3.8
Participation rate	66.5	67.3	0.5	0.8	-1.6	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.8	5.0	0.3	0.2	-0.3	...	...
Employment rate	63.3	63.9	0.6	0.6	-1.4	...	...
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan							
Population	284.8	285.8	...	1.0	9.4	0.4	3.4
Labour force	198.1	199.6	1.2	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.6
Employment	190.0	191.1	1.2	1.1	1.6	0.6	0.8
Unemployment	8.2	8.5	0.6	0.3	-0.5	3.7	-5.6
Participation rate	69.6	69.8	0.4	0.2	-2.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.3	0.3	0.2	-0.2	...	...
Employment rate	66.7	66.9	0.4	0.2	-1.7	...	...
Lethbridge, Alberta							
Population	109.2	109.6	...	0.4	3.3	0.4	3.1
Labour force	75.0	74.6	1.1	-0.4	4.9	-0.5	7.0
Employment	71.9	71.6	1.1	-0.3	6.6	-0.4	10.2
Unemployment	3.1	3.1	0.5	0.0	-1.6	0.0	-34.0
Participation rate	68.7	68.1	1.0	-0.6	2.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.1	4.2	0.6	0.1	-2.5	...	...
Employment rate	65.8	65.3	1.0	-0.5	4.2	...	...
Calgary, Alberta							
Population	1,318.4	1,322.8	...	4.4	42.2	0.3	3.3
Labour force	933.0	928.7	5.1	-4.3	11.1	-0.5	1.2
Employment	871.4	867.8	5.3	-3.6	18.0	-0.4	2.1
Unemployment	61.6	61.0	2.9	-0.6	-6.8	-1.0	-10.0
Participation rate	70.8	70.2	0.4	-0.6	-1.5	...	...
Unemployment rate	6.6	6.6	0.3	0.0	-0.8	...	...
Employment rate	66.1	65.6	0.4	-0.5	-0.8	...	...
Edmonton, Alberta							
Population	1,253.3	1,257.6	...	4.3	41.5	0.3	3.4
Labour force	877.1	886.6	4.7	9.5	31.8	1.1	3.7
Employment	827.7	838.3	4.8	10.6	39.0	1.3	4.9
Unemployment	49.4	48.3	2.4	-1.1	-7.3	-2.2	-13.1
Participation rate	70.0	70.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.6	5.4	0.3	-0.2	-1.1	...	...
Employment rate	66.0	66.7	0.4	0.7	1.0	...	...
Kelowna, British Columbia							
Population	190.0	190.3	...	0.3	3.4	0.2	1.8
Labour force	114.4	117.0	2.0	2.6	4.7	2.3	4.2
Employment	109.8	112.9	2.1	3.1	8.1	2.8	7.7
Unemployment	4.6	4.1	0.7	-0.5	-3.4	-10.9	-45.3
Participation rate	60.2	61.5	1.1	1.3	1.4	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.0	3.5	0.6	-0.5	-3.2	...	...
Employment rate	57.8	59.3	1.1	1.5	3.2	...	...
Abbotsford–Mission, British Columbia							
Population	175.1	175.3	...	0.2	2.2	0.1	1.3
Labour force	113.4	112.6	1.2	-0.8	-0.2	-0.7	-0.2
Employment	107.2	105.9	1.2	-1.3	-2.1	-1.2	-1.9
Unemployment	6.2	6.7	0.5	0.5	1.8	8.1	36.7
Participation rate	64.8	64.2	0.7	-0.6	-1.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.5	6.0	0.4	0.5	1.7	...	...
Employment rate	61.2	60.4	0.7	-0.8	-2.0	...	...
Vancouver, British Columbia							
Population	2,404.0	2,407.8	...	3.8	31.8	0.2	1.3
Labour force	1,627.4	1,636.3	5.8	8.9	19.9	0.5	1.2
Employment	1,552.2	1,557.9	5.9	5.7	25.3	0.4	1.7
Unemployment	75.2	78.3	3.0	3.1	-5.5	4.1	-6.6
Participation rate	67.7	68.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	4.8	0.2	0.2	-0.4	...	...
Employment rate	64.6	64.7	0.2	0.1	0.2	...	...
Victoria, British Columbia							
Population	357.6	358.2	...	0.6	6.3	0.2	1.8
Labour force	221.5	220.3	2.0	-1.2	-4.0	-0.5	-1.8
Employment	214.2	213.1	2.1	-1.1	-2.5	-0.5	-1.2
Unemployment	7.2	7.2	0.7	0.0	-1.5	0.0	-17.2
Participation rate	61.9	61.5	0.6	-0.4	-2.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.3	3.3	0.3	0.0	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	59.9	59.5	0.6	-0.4	-1.8	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0380-02.

Table 8
Labour force characteristics by Montréal, Toronto and Vancouver census metropolitan areas, monthly, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Montréal, Quebec							
Population	3,705.8	3,710.4	...	4.6	52.4	0.1	1.4
Labour force	2,541.7	2,532.7	17.8	-9.0	78.4	-0.4	3.2
Employment	2,424.9	2,407.3	18.0	-17.6	75.0	-0.7	3.2
Unemployment	116.8	125.4	10.8	8.6	3.4	7.4	2.8
Participation rate	68.6	68.3	0.5	-0.3	1.2	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.6	5.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	...	...
Employment rate	65.4	64.9	0.5	-0.5	1.1	...	...
Toronto, Ontario							
Population	5,724.2	5,738.2	...	14.0	110.7	0.2	2.0
Labour force	3,819.8	3,865.6	23.2	45.8	24.0	1.2	0.6
Employment	3,592.6	3,649.7	23.0	57.1	63.2	1.6	1.8
Unemployment	227.1	215.8	14.8	-11.3	-39.2	-5.0	-15.4
Participation rate	66.7	67.4	0.4	0.7	-0.9	...	...
Unemployment rate	5.9	5.6	0.4	-0.3	-1.0	...	...
Employment rate	62.8	63.6	0.4	0.8	-0.1	...	...
Vancouver, British Columbia							
Population	2,407.6	2,412.5	...	4.9	33.2	0.2	1.4
Labour force	1,634.1	1,650.8	11.8	16.7	30.0	1.0	1.9
Employment	1,556.8	1,566.0	11.6	9.2	18.4	0.6	1.2
Unemployment	77.3	84.8	6.8	7.5	11.6	9.7	15.8
Participation rate	67.9	68.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.7	5.1	0.4	0.4	0.6	...	...
Employment rate	64.7	64.9	0.5	0.2	-0.1	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Note(s): The sum of individual categories may not always add up to the total as a result of rounding.

Source(s): Table [14-10-0383-02](#).

Table 9
Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in February 2022 and February 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
	thousands				%		
Canada							
2022	31,548.5	20,460.6	19,226.5	1,234.2	64.9	6.0	60.9
2023	32,069.4	20,825.2	19,766.8	1,058.4	64.9	5.1	61.6
Newfoundland and Labrador							
2022	446.4	253.1	217.2	35.9	56.7	14.2	48.7
2023	451.4	256.6	227.2	29.4	56.8	11.5	50.3
Avalon Peninsula							
2022	238.0	146.0	130.2	15.9	61.3	10.9	54.7
2023	242.2	146.7	135.3	11.4	60.6	7.8	55.9
South Coast–Burin Peninsula and Notre Dame–Central Bonavista Bay							
2022	121.0	60.3	49.0	11.3	49.8	18.7	40.5
2023	121.3	60.5	49.4	11.0	49.9	18.2	40.7
West Coast–Northern Peninsula–Labrador							
2022	87.3	46.8	38.1	8.7	53.6	18.6	43.6
2023	87.9	49.5	42.5	6.9	56.3	13.9	48.4
Prince Edward Island							
2022	136.8	88.6	78.8	9.7	64.8	10.9	57.6
2023	141.5	87.9	80.8	7.1	62.1	8.1	57.1
Nova Scotia							
2022	830.0	505.3	468.7	36.5	60.9	7.2	56.5
2023	851.8	517.9	487.2	30.7	60.8	5.9	57.2
Cape Breton							
2022	109.2	57.4	50.1	7.3	52.6	12.7	45.9
2023	110.8	56.0	50.2	5.8	50.5	10.4	45.3
North Shore							
2022	128.1	71.6	66.6	4.9	55.9	6.8	52.0
2023	129.9	69.0	63.7	5.3	53.1	7.7	49.0
Annapolis Valley							
2022	107.3	66.1	61.2	4.9	61.6	7.4	57.0
2023	109.6	66.0	62.4	3.6	60.2	5.5	56.9
Southern							
2022	98.7	54.4	49.2	5.2	55.1	9.6	49.8
2023	100.0	55.4	52.0	3.4	55.4	6.1	52.0
Halifax							
2022	386.7	255.8	241.6	14.2	66.1	5.6	62.5
2023	401.5	271.4	258.8	12.6	67.6	4.6	64.5
New Brunswick							
2022	656.3	386.4	353.7	32.8	58.9	8.5	53.9
2023	674.1	401.0	370.5	30.4	59.5	7.6	55.0
Campbellton–Miramichi							
2022	131.2	63.7	54.9	8.7	48.6	13.7	41.8
2023	132.9	69.9	61.4	8.5	52.6	12.2	46.2
Moncton–Richibucto							
2022	192.3	119.8	110.0	9.8	62.3	8.2	57.2
2023	199.4	125.1	115.9	9.2	62.7	7.4	58.1
Saint John–St. Stephen							
2022	147.9	89.0	81.0	7.9	60.2	8.9	54.8
2023	151.6	90.7	84.4	6.3	59.8	6.9	55.7
Fredericton–Oromocto							
2022	120.1	76.7	72.9	3.8	63.9	5.0	60.7
2023	124.3	77.2	73.1	4.1	62.1	5.3	58.8
Edmundston–Woodstock							
2022	64.7	37.4	34.8	2.6	57.8	7.0	53.8
2023	65.8	38.0	35.8	2.3	57.8	6.1	54.4
Quebec							
2022	7,123.5	4,523.3	4,293.6	229.8	63.5	5.1	60.3
2023	7,203.8	4,636.8	4,429.0	207.8	64.4	4.5	61.5
Gaspésie–Îles-de-la-Madeleine							
2022	76.3	39.1	32.7	6.4	51.2	16.4	42.9
2023	76.5	36.8	33.4	3.4	48.1	9.2	43.7
Bas-Saint-Laurent							
2022	165.6	90.6	83.6	7.1	54.7	7.8	50.5
2023	165.8	93.3	88.2	5.1	56.3	5.5	53.2
Capitale-Nationale							
2022	626.9	391.9	372.2	19.7	62.5	5.0	59.4
2023	631.8	406.3	393.2	13.1	64.3	3.2	62.2
Chaudière-Appalaches							
2022	357.9	219.6	212.9	6.6	61.4	3.0	59.5
2023	360.8	226.8	221.3	5.5	62.9	2.4	61.3
Estrie							
2022	280.1	165.9	159.9	6.0	59.2	3.6	57.1
2023	283.6	170.9	162.8	8.2	60.3	4.8	57.4
Centre-du-Québec							
2022	208.6	140.8	135.9	4.9	67.5	3.5	65.1
2023	210.7	128.3	124.9	3.4	60.9	2.7	59.3
Montérégie							
2022	1,323.9	847.1	808.6	38.6	64.0	4.6	61.1

Table 9 - continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in February 2022 and February 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
2023	1,342.2	876.8	839.3	37.5	65.3	4.3	62.5
Montréal							
2022	1,765.0	1,201.2	1,126.8	74.4	68.1	6.2	63.8
2023	1,787.1	1,216.1	1,147.0	69.1	68.0	5.7	64.2
Laval							
2022	367.8	241.2	234.5	6.7	65.6	2.8	63.8
2023	372.1	247.0	234.9	12.1	66.4	4.9	63.1
Lanaudière							
2022	429.4	277.7	261.1	16.6	64.7	6.0	60.8
2023	434.6	287.0	267.6	19.5	66.0	6.8	61.6
Laurentides							
2022	530.8	327.6	312.9	14.7	61.7	4.5	58.9
2023	539.8	358.1	350.1	7.9	66.3	2.2	64.9
Outaouais							
2022	331.2	213.4	203.4	10.0	64.4	4.7	61.4
2023	335.7	215.6	206.3	9.3	64.2	4.3	61.5
Abitibi-Témiscamingue							
2022	118.4	72.2	69.5	2.7	61.0	3.7	58.7
2023	118.7	72.4	70.0	2.4	61.0	3.3	59.0
Mauricie							
2022	227.5	117.0	111.0	5.9	51.4	5.0	48.8
2023	228.7	122.0	116.1	6.0	53.3	4.9	50.8
Saguenay-Lac-Saint-Jean							
2022	228.8	126.6	120.0	6.7	55.3	5.3	52.4
2023	229.3	129.0	124.6	4.4	56.3	3.4	54.3
Côte-Nord and Nord-du-Québec							
2022	85.3	51.5	48.8	2.7	60.4	5.2	57.2
2023	86.5	50.3	49.3	x	58.2	x	57.0
Ontario							
2022	12,437.0	8,096.9	7,588.8	508.1	65.1	6.3	61.0
2023	12,627.9	8,190.6	7,780.5	410.1	64.9	5.0	61.6
Ottawa							
2022	1,212.1	771.3	732.8	38.5	63.6	5.0	60.5
2023	1,231.9	809.8	779.2	30.6	65.7	3.8	63.3
Kingston-Pembroke							
2022	399.5	240.6	229.5	11.2	60.2	4.7	57.4
2023	404.2	245.0	231.8	13.2	60.6	5.4	57.3
Muskoka-Kawartha							
2022	351.6	177.1	168.0	9.1	50.4	5.1	47.8
2023	355.3	190.5	180.8	9.7	53.6	5.1	50.9
Toronto							
2022	5,873.3	4,000.5	3,716.5	284.0	68.1	7.1	63.3
2023	5,976.9	3,947.7	3,744.1	203.6	66.0	5.2	62.6
Kitchener-Waterloo-Barrie							
2022	1,229.9	810.6	768.0	42.6	65.9	5.3	62.4
2023	1,253.3	871.2	829.2	42.0	69.5	4.8	66.2
Hamilton-Niagara Peninsula							
2022	1,287.8	818.6	771.1	47.5	63.6	5.8	59.9
2023	1,302.6	821.2	777.5	43.7	63.0	5.3	59.7
London							
2022	616.7	408.2	385.3	22.9	66.2	5.6	62.5
2023	627.5	409.7	390.1	19.6	65.3	4.8	62.2
Windsor-Sarnia							
2022	562.6	336.3	311.4	24.9	59.8	7.4	55.4
2023	568.3	357.2	336.6	20.7	62.9	5.8	59.2
Stratford-Bruce Peninsula							
2022	267.4	160.0	153.0	7.1	59.8	4.4	57.2
2023	270.4	160.7	153.3	7.4	59.4	4.6	56.7
Northeast							
2022	462.3	269.8	255.5	14.2	58.4	5.3	55.3
2023	462.7	270.2	255.6	14.5	58.4	5.4	55.2
Northwest							
2022	173.8	104.0	97.8	6.2	59.8	6.0	56.3
2023	174.7	107.4	102.3	5.2	61.5	4.8	58.6
Manitoba							
2022	1,055.7	702.0	668.7	33.3	66.5	4.7	63.3
2023	1,073.4	710.1	679.2	30.9	66.2	4.4	63.3
Southeast							
2022	100.1	67.8	64.4	3.4	67.7	5.0	64.3
2023	102.2	68.7	66.0	2.7	67.2	3.9	64.6
South Central and North Central							
2022	91.7	58.9	56.6	2.3	64.2	3.9	61.7
2023	93.3	63.6	61.4	2.2	68.2	3.5	65.8
Southwest							
2022	90.7	58.5	55.2	3.3	64.5	5.6	60.9
2023	91.5	57.6	55.6	2.0	63.0	3.5	60.8
Winnipeg							
2022	642.8	435.0	414.3	20.7	67.7	4.8	64.5
2023	653.5	440.4	419.8	20.6	67.4	4.7	64.2

Table 9 - continued

Labour force characteristics by province and economic region,¹ three-month moving average ending in February 2022 and February 2023, unadjusted for seasonality

	Population	Labour force	Employment	Unemployment	Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Employment rate
Interlake							
2022	76.8	47.7	45.5	2.2	62.1	4.6	59.2
2023	77.8	46.0	43.9	2.1	59.1	4.6	56.4
Parklands and North							
2022	53.6	34.1	32.7	1.4	63.6	4.1	61.0
2023	55.0	33.9	32.5	1.4	61.6	4.1	59.1
Saskatchewan							
2022	891.9	598.4	565.9	32.5	67.1	5.4	63.4
2023	911.9	605.8	578.9	26.9	66.4	4.4	63.5
Regina–Moose Mountain							
2022	277.3	188.4	179.1	9.3	67.9	4.9	64.6
2023	284.1	188.2	179.5	8.7	66.2	4.6	63.2
Swift Current–Moose Jaw							
2022	82.7	53.4	49.2	4.2	64.6	7.9	59.5
2023	83.4	56.4	54.1	2.3	67.6	4.1	64.9
Saskatoon–Biggar							
2022	315.2	216.8	206.4	10.4	68.8	4.8	65.5
2023	324.2	219.2	209.8	9.4	67.6	4.3	64.7
Yorkton–Melville							
2022	61.3	37.4	35.3	2.1	61.0	5.6	57.6
2023	61.7	38.4	36.3	2.2	62.2	5.7	58.8
Prince Albert and Northern							
2022	155.4	102.4	96.0	6.4	65.9	6.3	61.8
2023	158.5	103.6	99.2	4.3	65.4	4.2	62.6
Alberta							
2022	3,574.1	2,478.2	2,304.7	173.6	69.3	7.0	64.5
2023	3,677.9	2,546.7	2,392.6	154.0	69.2	6.0	65.1
Lethbridge–Medicine Hat							
2022	240.6	149.3	139.5	9.8	62.1	6.6	58.0
2023	245.7	154.3	147.9	6.5	62.8	4.2	60.2
Camrose–Drumheller							
2022	162.0	99.2	93.2	5.9	61.2	5.9	57.5
2023	164.2	112.7	107.4	5.3	68.6	4.7	65.4
Calgary							
2022	1,368.7	966.3	894.7	71.6	70.6	7.4	65.4
2023	1,412.2	979.8	914.3	65.5	69.4	6.7	64.7
Banff–Jasper–Rocky Mountain House and Athabasca–Grande Prairie–Peace River							
2022	275.5	197.7	186.9	10.8	71.8	5.5	67.8
2023	281.3	198.0	187.0	11.0	70.4	5.6	66.5
Red Deer							
2022	177.6	115.9	107.4	8.5	65.3	7.3	60.5
2023	182.1	121.6	112.2	9.4	66.8	7.7	61.6
Edmonton							
2022	1,245.0	870.7	809.0	61.7	69.9	7.1	65.0
2023	1,285.8	901.0	848.2	52.8	70.1	5.9	66.0
Wood Buffalo–Cold Lake							
2022	104.7	79.2	73.9	5.3	75.6	6.7	70.6
2023	106.6	79.2	75.7	3.6	74.3	4.5	71.0
British Columbia							
2022	4,397.0	2,828.4	2,686.3	142.1	64.3	5.0	61.1
2023	4,455.6	2,871.8	2,740.7	131.1	64.5	4.6	61.5
Vancouver Island and Coast							
2022	757.1	446.7	423.7	22.9	59.0	5.1	56.0
2023	768.7	451.7	436.3	15.4	58.8	3.4	56.8
Lower Mainland–Southwest							
2022	2,719.3	1,820.5	1,730.2	90.3	66.9	5.0	63.6
2023	2,756.4	1,850.3	1,760.6	89.7	67.1	4.8	63.9
Thompson–Okanagan							
2022	513.2	307.6	289.3	18.4	59.9	6.0	56.4
2023	520.3	315.5	302.1	13.4	60.6	4.2	58.1
Kootenay							
2022	140.1	79.5	75.2	4.3	56.7	5.4	53.7
2023	141.3	83.3	80.8	2.4	59.0	2.9	57.2
Cariboo							
2022	142.3	93.1	90.1	3.0	65.4	3.2	63.3
2023	143.6	87.3	81.5	5.8	60.8	6.6	56.8
North Coast and Nechako							
2022	69.6	43.6	41.2	2.5	62.6	5.7	59.2
2023	69.6	47.4	44.6	2.8	68.1	5.9	64.1
Northeast							
2022	55.4	37.4	36.6	x	67.5	x	66.1
2023	55.6	36.4	34.8	1.5	65.5	4.1	62.6

x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*

1. For geographic descriptions of economic regions, refer to the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)*.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0387-02.

Table 10
Labour force characteristics by territory, three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

	January 2023	February 2023	Standard error ¹	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023	January to February 2023	February 2022 to February 2023
	thousands (except rates)			change in thousands (except rates)		% change	
Yukon							
Population	33.5	33.5	...	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.9
Labour force	24.1	23.9	0.3	-0.2	-0.8	-0.8	-3.2
Employment	23.2	23.0	0.3	-0.2	-0.5	-0.9	-2.1
Unemployment	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0	-25.0
Participation rate	71.9	71.3	0.9	-0.6	-3.1	...	...
Unemployment rate	3.7	3.8	0.8	0.1	-1.1	...	...
Employment rate	69.3	68.7	1.0	-0.6	-2.1	...	...
Northwest Territories							
Population	34.1	34.0	...	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.3
Labour force	24.7	24.8	0.4	0.1	-1.2	0.4	-4.6
Employment	23.5	23.6	0.4	0.1	-1.0	0.4	-4.1
Unemployment	1.2	1.2	0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-14.3
Participation rate	72.4	72.9	1.1	0.5	-3.3	...	...
Unemployment rate	4.9	4.8	0.8	-0.1	-0.6	...	...
Employment rate	68.9	69.4	1.2	0.5	-2.7	...	...
Nunavut							
Population	25.9	26.0	...	0.1	0.6	0.4	2.4
Labour force	16.1	16.2	0.4	0.1	-0.7	0.6	-4.1
Employment	14.6	14.6	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.8
Unemployment	1.5	1.7	0.2	0.2	-1.0	13.3	-37.0
Participation rate	62.2	62.6	1.3	0.4	-4.0	...	...
Unemployment rate	9.5	10.4	1.4	0.9	-5.8	...	...
Employment rate	56.3	56.1	1.4	-0.2	0.3	...	...

... not applicable

1. Average standard error of change between two consecutive months. See the "Data Quality" section of the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey (71-543-G)* for more information.

Source(s): Table 14-10-0292-02.

Table 11
Average usual hours and wages of employees by selected characteristics, unadjusted for seasonality

	Employees				Full-time			Part-time		
	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Average hourly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages	Number	Average weekly hours	Average weekly wages
	thousands		current dollars		thousands		current dollars	thousands		current dollars
February 2023										
15 years and over	17,148.8	35.2	1,212.58	33.16	14,122.9	39.2	1,388.47	3,025.9	16.5	391.63
15 to 24 years	2,468.2	25.5	546.43	19.94	1,136.5	38.7	891.99	1,331.6	14.3	251.51
25 years and over	14,680.6	36.8	1,324.58	35.39	12,986.4	39.3	1,431.92	1,694.2	18.3	501.76
Males	8,628.3	37.2	1,366.72	35.63	7,570.7	40.2	1,506.71	1,057.6	15.8	364.61
Females	8,520.5	33.2	1,056.50	30.67	6,552.2	38.0	1,251.86	1,968.3	16.9	406.15
Union coverage										
Union coverage	5,324.3	36.1	1,287.38	35.28	4,651.5	38.6	1,391.24	672.8	18.6	569.36
No union coverage	11,824.5	34.8	1,178.91	32.21	9,471.5	39.5	1,387.12	2,353.0	15.9	340.81
Job permanency										
Permanent employees	15,335.7	36.1	1,261.62	33.87	13,166.5	39.2	1,402.59	2,169.2	17.2	406.03
Temporary employees	1,813.1	27.5	797.78	27.19	956.4	38.9	1,194.20	856.6	14.9	355.17
Occupation										
Management occupations	1,296.8	39.8	2,232.45	56.31	1,268.9	40.2	2,262.10	27.9	18.4	882.64
Business, finance and administration occupations, except management	2,965.8	35.8	1,176.41	32.60	2,613.2	38.3	1,270.01	352.6	17.1	482.81
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations, except management	1,571.7	38.5	1,707.10	44.32	1,537.7	38.9	1,731.80	33.9	16.9	588.39
Health occupations, except management	1,360.9	34.4	1,185.77	34.00	1,091.2	38.2	1,324.71	269.7	19.1	623.54
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services, except management	2,150.8	34.0	1,307.28	37.59	1,767.7	37.9	1,472.48	383.1	16.3	545.03
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport, except management	359.8	29.7	1,007.09	31.24	234.5	38.8	1,363.23	125.3	12.5	340.59
Sales and service occupations, except management	3,924.4	29.5	683.35	21.58	2,366.1	38.3	948.22	1,558.3	16.2	281.17
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations, except management	2,490.2	39.5	1,242.55	31.06	2,288.8	41.4	1,313.81	201.3	17.8	432.47
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations, except management	239.2	40.7	1,292.89	30.38	200.8	45.8	1,478.65	38.4	14.4	321.25
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities, except management	789.2	39.1	1,082.51	27.56	753.9	40.1	1,115.94	35.3	17.8	368.60
February 2022										
15 years and over	16,707.8	35.2	1,147.79	31.47	13,692.5	39.2	1,318.43	3,015.3	16.7	372.90
15 to 24 years	2,417.5	25.3	512.30	18.88	1,092.3	38.5	842.28	1,325.2	14.5	240.30
25 years and over	14,290.3	36.8	1,255.29	33.60	12,600.1	39.3	1,359.71	1,690.2	18.3	476.88
Males	8,407.3	37.4	1,299.19	33.81	7,386.1	40.3	1,430.04	1,021.1	16.3	352.68
Females	8,300.5	32.9	994.43	29.10	6,306.3	38.0	1,187.70	1,994.2	16.8	383.26
Union coverage										
Union coverage	5,086.4	35.9	1,226.04	33.84	4,416.7	38.5	1,332.40	669.8	18.6	524.67
No union coverage	11,621.4	34.8	1,113.54	30.43	9,275.8	39.6	1,311.78	2,345.6	16.1	329.57
Job permanency										
Permanent employees	14,864.8	36.1	1,196.27	32.14	12,709.7	39.3	1,333.71	2,155.1	17.4	385.74
Temporary employees	1,843.0	27.7	756.71	26.01	982.8	39.0	1,120.80	860.2	14.8	340.75
Occupation										
Management occupations	1,166.1	39.5	2,103.78	53.19	1,130.8	40.2	2,146.76	35.4	18.5	729.72
Business, finance and administration occupations, except management	2,952.6	35.7	1,111.14	30.66	2,588.1	38.3	1,206.69	364.6	17.6	432.85
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations, except management	1,574.2	38.3	1,608.97	41.94	1,528.5	39.0	1,638.11	45.7	18.0	634.42
Health occupations, except management	1,318.8	34.2	1,122.86	32.53	1,042.4	38.2	1,266.49	276.4	18.9	581.20
Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services, except management	2,108.2	33.8	1,263.04	36.69	1,713.0	37.8	1,438.29	395.2	16.3	503.52
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport, except management	327.7	30.0	947.75	29.30	216.7	39.1	1,285.75	111.0	12.3	287.76
Sales and service occupations, except management	3,841.7	29.9	671.91	20.97	2,373.6	38.4	920.01	1,468.0	16.2	270.76
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations, except management	2,368.5	39.1	1,157.18	29.12	2,121.0	41.5	1,244.69	247.6	18.0	407.48
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations, except management	246.7	41.5	1,269.17	29.04	206.3	46.8	1,461.32	40.4	14.5	287.97
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities, except management	803.2	39.4	1,021.85	25.72	772.2	40.3	1,049.67	31.0	16.6	329.01

Source(s): Table 14-10-0320-02.

Table 12
Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program,^{1, 9} three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

March 12, 2023 to April 8, 2023

	%
Newfoundland and Labrador	
St. John's	6.3
Newfoundland and Labrador ²	14.4
Prince Edward Island³	
Charlottetown	5.4
Prince Edward Island ⁴	8.1
Nova Scotia	
Eastern Nova Scotia	10.0
Western Nova Scotia	6.9
Halifax	5.0
New Brunswick	
Fredericton–Moncton–Saint John	5.9
Madawaska–Charlotte	7.0
Restigouche–Albert	10.8
Quebec	
Gaspésie–Îles-de-la-Madeleine	9.4
Québec	2.0
Trois-Rivières	3.7
South Central Quebec	2.4
Sherbrooke	4.1
Montérégie	4.4
Montréal	4.8
Central Quebec	4.8
North Western Quebec	4.8
Lower Saint Lawrence and North Shore	3.1
Hull	4.4
Chicoutimi–Jonquière	4.0
Ontario	
Ottawa	4.6
Eastern Ontario	4.9
Kingston	5.2
Central Ontario	4.6
Oshawa	4.5
Toronto	5.7
Hamilton	5.5
St. Catharines	4.1
London	5.7
Niagara	6.2
Windsor	6.1
Kitchener	5.6
Huron	6.5
South Central Ontario	3.8
Sudbury	4.3
Thunder Bay	4.4
Northern Ontario	8.1
Manitoba	
Winnipeg	4.9
Southern Manitoba	5.2
Northern Manitoba	29.1
Saskatchewan	
Regina	4.7
Saskatoon	4.3
Southern Saskatchewan	6.4

Table 12 - continued

Regional unemployment rates used by the Employment Insurance program,^{1, 9} three-month moving average, seasonally adjusted

March 12, 2023 to April 8, 2023

Northern Saskatchewan	14.3
Alberta	
Calgary	6.7
Edmonton	5.6
Northern Alberta	10.6
Southern Alberta	6.2
British Columbia	
Southern Interior British Columbia	4.8
Abbotsford	5.9
Vancouver	4.8
Victoria	3.4
Southern Coastal British Columbia	4.2
Northern British Columbia	8.4
Territories^{3, 5}	
Whitehorse	3.2
Yukon ⁶	7.7
Yellowknife	3.8
Northwest Territories ⁷	7.3
Iqaluit	8.2
Nunavut ⁸	14.5

1. The boundaries of these employment insurance regions are determined by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). For geographic descriptions and maps of these regions, see the [ESDC](#) website.

2. This region excludes St. John's.

3. Prince Edward Island as well as the territories are each comprised of two regions effective October 12, 2014.

4. This region excludes Charlottetown.

5. The monthly regional unemployment rate for EI purposes in the territories is subject to the highest between the seasonally adjusted three-month moving average and twelve-month moving average.

6. This region excludes Whitehorse.

7. This region excludes Yellowknife.

8. This region excludes Iqaluit.

9. From August 9, 2020 to September 25, 2021, Employment and Social Development Canada applied a minimum unemployment rate of 13.1% for Employment Insurance (EI) economic regions with an unemployment rate lower than 13.1%; regions with a higher unemployment rate kept their actual rate. The unemployment rates for the relevant effective periods reflect this change.

Note(s): All regions are based on the 1996 Census boundaries, with the exception of those in Prince Edward Island and in the territories, which respect the 2011 Census boundaries.

Source(s): Table [14-10-0354-01](#).

Available tables: [14-10-0017-01](#), [14-10-0019-01](#), [14-10-0021-01](#), [14-10-0022-01](#), [14-10-0026-01](#), [14-10-0028-01](#), [14-10-0030-01](#), [14-10-0032-01](#), [14-10-0034-01](#), [14-10-0036-01](#), [14-10-0042-01](#), [14-10-0045-01](#), [14-10-0048-01](#), [14-10-0050-01](#), [14-10-0054-01](#), [14-10-0058-01](#), [14-10-0063-01](#), [14-10-0065-01](#), [14-10-0067-01](#), [14-10-0069-01](#), [14-10-0071-01](#), [14-10-0075-01](#), [14-10-0077-01](#), [14-10-0082-01](#), [14-10-0084-01](#), [14-10-0086-01](#), [14-10-0088-01](#), [14-10-0109-01](#), [14-10-0113-01](#), [14-10-0117-01](#), [14-10-0121-01](#), [14-10-0123-01](#), [14-10-0125-01](#), [14-10-0127-01](#), [14-10-0286-01](#) to [14-10-0289-01](#), [14-10-0291-01](#), [14-10-0292-01](#), [14-10-0310-01](#), [14-10-0320-01](#), [14-10-0342-01](#), [14-10-0354-01](#), [14-10-0355-01](#), [14-10-0373-01](#), [14-10-0374-01](#), [14-10-0376-01](#), [14-10-0378-01](#) to [14-10-0380-01](#), [14-10-0383-01](#), [14-10-0387-01](#), [14-10-0388-01](#), [14-10-0397-01](#), [14-10-0401-01](#) and [14-10-0421-01](#) to [14-10-0431-01](#).

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number [3701](#).

More information about the concepts and use of the Labour Force Survey is available online in the *Guide to the Labour Force Survey* ([71-543-G](#)).

The product "[Labour Force Survey in brief: Interactive app](#)" ([14200001](#)) is also available. This interactive visualization application provides seasonally adjusted estimates by province, sex, age group and industry.

The product "[Labour Market Indicators, by province and census metropolitan area, seasonally adjusted](#)" ([71-607-X](#)) is also available. This interactive dashboard provides customizable access to key labour market indicators.

The product "[Labour Market Indicators, by province, territory and economic region, unadjusted for seasonality](#)" ([71-607-X](#)) is also available. This dynamic web application provides access to labour market indicators for Canada, provinces, territories and economic regions.

The product *Labour Force Survey: Public Use Microdata File* ([71M0001X](#)) is also available. This public use microdata file contains non-aggregated data for a wide variety of variables collected from the Labour Force Survey. The data have been modified to ensure that no individual or business is directly or indirectly identified. This product is for users who prefer to do their own analysis by focusing on specific subgroups in the population or by cross-classifying variables that are not in our catalogued products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; 514-283-8300; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (statcan.mediahotline-ligneinfomedias.statcan@statcan.gc.ca).