Employment Insurance, May 2018

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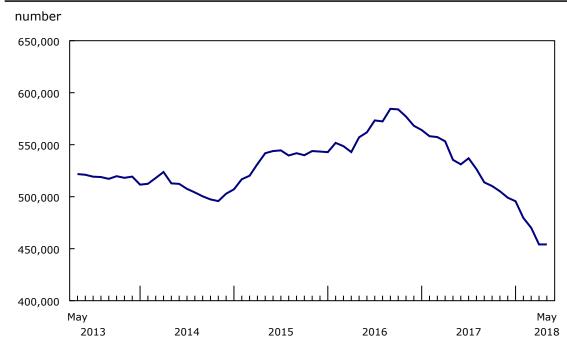
In May, 454,100 people received regular Employment Insurance (EI) benefits, virtually unchanged from April.

Declines in Alberta, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, British Columbia, Saskatchewan, and Newfoundland and Labrador were offset by increases in Quebec and Ontario.

In the 12 months to May, the number of EI recipients in Canada fell by 81,300 (-15.2%). Over the same period, the Labour Force Survey (LFS) shows that the unemployment rate declined by 0.7 percentage points to 5.8% in May.

In general, variations in the number of beneficiaries can reflect changes in the circumstances in a number of different groups, including those becoming beneficiaries, those going back to work, those exhausting their regular benefits, and those no longer receiving benefits for other reasons.

Chart 1
Regular Employment Insurance beneficiaries



Source(s): Table 14-10-0011-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0022).

Provincial and sub-provincial overview

The number of beneficiaries in Alberta continued a downward trend that began in the fall of 2016, decreasing by 5.8% to 52,800 in May. Declines were observed throughout the province, led by the census agglomerations (CAs) (-8.7%). The number of beneficiaries also decreased in the census metropolitan areas (CMAs) of Calgary (-7.1%) and Edmonton (-2.4%). In the 12 months to May, the number of EI recipients in the province fell by 21,000 (-28.4%). Over the same period, LFS data show that the unemployment rate in Alberta declined from 7.8% to 6.2%.

In New Brunswick, the number of EI recipients fell by 3.2% to 26,900 in May, a sixth consecutive monthly decline. Decreases were led by the CMA of Moncton (-5.4%). On a year-over-year basis, the number of EI recipients in the province was down 16.0%.





The number of people receiving EI benefits in Prince Edward Island declined by 2.3% to 7,600, with decreases concentrated in the CAs (-4.3%). In the 12 months to May, the number of recipients was down 2.8%.

El beneficiaries in British Columbia totalled 41,000 in May, down 2.2% from April. Declines were led by the CAs (-4.0%), with decreases also observed in the CMAs of Abbotsford–Mission (-4.0%) and Kelowna (-3.8%). Compared with 12 months earlier, the number of El recipients in the province was down by 20.9%.

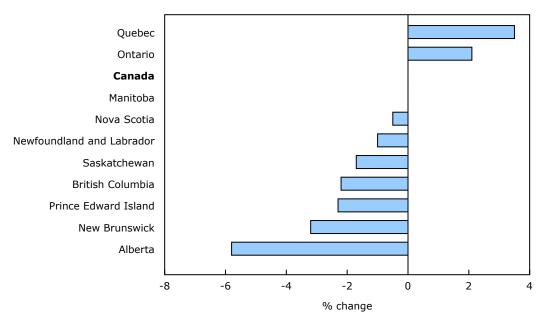
The number of people receiving regular EI benefits in Saskatchewan decreased by 1.7% to 16,900 in May, led by areas outside the CMAs and CAs (-1.8%). On a year-over-year basis, the number of EI recipients in Saskatchewan declined by 10.7%.

In Newfoundland and Labrador, the number of EI beneficiaries decreased slightly (-1.0%) to 36,800 in May, primarily due to declines in areas outside the CMA and CAs (-1.2%). Compared with 12 months earlier, there were 6.1% fewer beneficiaries in the province, the fastest year-over-year decline since December 2014. Data from the LFS show that the province's unemployment rate changed little over the 12 months, and was 14.5% in May.

In Quebec, the number of EI recipients increased by 3.5% to 108,200. Gains were concentrated in the CMAs (+6.2%), led by the CMA of Ottawa–Gatineau (Quebec part) (+13.3%). In the 12 months to May, the number of beneficiaries in the province was down by 17.8%.

There were 119,400 EI recipients in Ontario in May, an increase of 2.1% from April. Gains were widespread across the province, led by the CMA of Kingston (+8.3%). On a year-over-year basis, the number of EI beneficiaries in the province decreased by 11.6%.

Chart 2
Regular Employment Insurance beneficiaries by province, April to May 2018

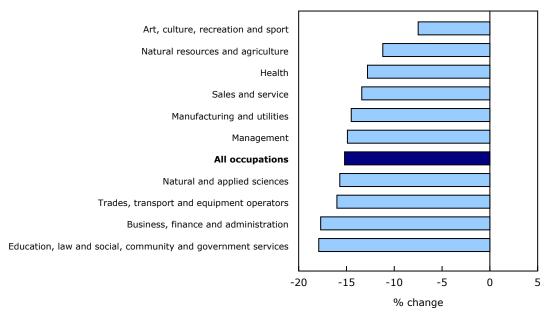


Source(s): Table 14-10-0011-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0022).

Employment Insurance beneficiaries by occupation

In the 12 months to May, the number of EI recipients fell in all 10 broad occupation groups. The largest declines were among those whose last job was in education, law and social, community and government services (-17.9%); business, finance and administration (-17.7%); trades, transport and equipment operators (-16.0%); as well as in natural and applied sciences (-15.7%). For the second consecutive month, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, and Alberta posted year-over-year declines in all broad occupation groups.

Chart 3
Regular Employment Insurance beneficiaries by occupation, May 2017 to May 2018



Source(s): Table 14-10-0337-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0043).

Employment Insurance beneficiaries in major demographic groups

Among both men and women, there was little change in the overall number of EI beneficiaries in May. Recipients increased among young men aged 15 to 24 (+7.0%), while they decreased among young women (-3.5%). A slight decline was observed for men aged 55 and older (-1.1%).

On a year-over-year basis, the number of beneficiaries declined in all major demographic groups, led by young women (-19.4%).

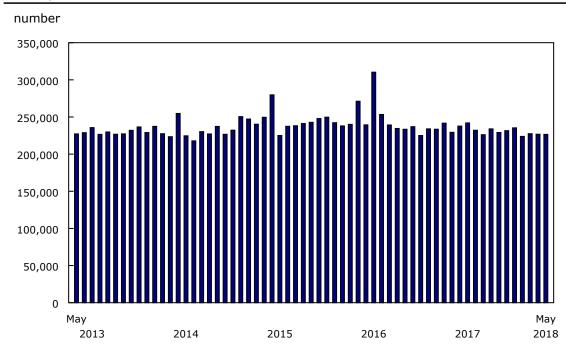
Employment Insurance claims

The number of claims totalled 226,600 in May, little changed from April. The number of claims provides an indication of the number of people who could become beneficiaries.

In May, claims fell in Prince Edward Island (-6.7%), Newfoundland and Labrador (-4.0%), Saskatchewan (-3.1%), New Brunswick (-2.4%) and Quebec (-1.8%). In contrast, there were increases in Alberta (+3.0%) and, to a lesser extent, Manitoba (+1.5%), Nova Scotia (+1.3%) and Ontario (+1.1%). There was little change in British Columbia.

In the 12 months to May, claims decreased by 1.2% nationally.

Chart 4
Employment Insurance claims



Source(s): Table 14-10-0005-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0004).

Note to readers

Concepts and methodology

The analysis presented here focuses on people who received regular Employment Insurance (EI) benefits related to job loss. Claims data pertain to initial and renewal claims received for any type of EI benefits, including special benefits.

El statistics are produced from administrative data sources provided by Service Canada and Employment and Social Development Canada. These statistics may, from time to time, be affected by changes to the Employment Insurance Act or administrative procedures.

Regular El benefits are available to eligible individuals who lose their jobs and who are available for and able to work, but cannot find a job. To receive El benefits, individuals must first submit a claim.

El statistics indicate the number of people who received El benefits, and should not be confused with Labour Force Survey (LFS) data, which provide estimates of the total number of unemployed people. There is always a certain proportion of unemployed people who do not qualify for benefits. Some unemployed people have not contributed to the program because they have not worked in the past 12 months or their employment is not insured. Other unemployed people have contributed to the program but do not meet the eligibility criteria, such as workers who left their job voluntarily or those who did not accumulate enough hours of work to receive benefits.

All data in this release are seasonally adjusted. For more information on seasonal adjustment, see Seasonally adjusted data – Frequently asked questions.

Numbers in the Daily text are rounded to the nearest hundred.

The number of regular El beneficiaries and the number of claims received for the current and previous month are subject to revision.

The number of beneficiaries is a measure of all people who received El benefits from May 13 to 19. This period coincides with the reference week of the LFS. However, claims data are for the entire month.

Geographical definitions

A census metropolitan area (CMA) or a census agglomeration (CA) is formed by one or more adjacent municipalities centred on a population centre. A CMA must have a total population of at least 100,000. A CA must have a population of at least 10,000. See Standard Geographical Classification 2011 – definitions for more information.

Next release

Data on Employment Insurance for June will be released on August 23.

Table 1
Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits¹ by province and territory, sex and age group – Seasonally adjusted

	May 2017	April 2018 ^p	May 2018 ^p	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018
		number		chan	ge	% cha	ange
Canada							
Both sexes	535,400	454,090	454,110	20	-81,290	0.0	-15.2
15 to 24 years	50,900	40,220	41,820	1,600	-9,080	4.0	-17.8
25 to 54 years	346,050	289,370	288,990	-380	-57,060	-0.1	-16.5
55 years and over	138,450	124,500	123,290	-1,210	-15,160	-1.0	-10.9
Men	333,870	278,540	279,790	1,250	-54,080	0.4	-16.2
15 to 24 years	37,070	28,660	30,680	2,020	-6,390	7.0	-17.2
25 to 54 years 55 years and over	211,430 85,370	174,060 75,820	174,100 75,020	40 -800	-37,330 -10,350	0.0 -1.1	-17.7 -12.1
Women	201,530	175,550	174,320	-1,230	-27,210	-0.7	-13.5
				-1,230 -410	-27,210 -2,680	-0.7 -3.5	-13.5 -19.4
15 to 24 years 25 to 54 years	13,830 134,620	11,560 115,310	11,150 114,900	-410 -410	-19,720	-3.5 -0.4	-19.4
55 years and over	53,080	48,680	48,280	-400	-4,800	-0.4	-9.0
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Both sexes	39,210	37,190	36,830	-360	-2,380	-1.0	-6.1
15 to 24 years	3,510	3,500	3,510	10	0	0.3	0.0
25 to 54 years	22,560	21,370	21,010	-360	-1,550	-1.7	-6.9
55 years and over	13,140	12,320	12,320	0	-820	0.0	-6.2
Men	23,680	23,120	22,740	-380	-940	-1.6	-4.0
Women	15,530	14,070	14,090	20	-1,440	0.1	-9.3
Prince Edward Island							
Both sexes	7,810	7,770	7,590	-180	-220	-2.3	-2.8
15 to 24 years	1,000	1,240	1,180	-60	180	-4.8	18.0
25 to 54 years	4,340	4,160	4,050	-110	-290	-2.6	-6.7
55 years and over Men	2,470	2,370	2,360	-10 -120	-110	-0.4	-4.5 -3.9
Women	4,580 3,230	4,520 3,250	4,400 3,190	-120 -60	-180 -40	-2.7 -1.8	-3.9 -1.2
Nova Scotia							
Both sexes	27,660	26,390	26,270	-120	-1,390	-0.5	-5.0
15 to 24 years	2,840	2,980	2,840	-140	0	-4.7	0.0
25 to 54 years	17,090	15,920	15,880	-40	-1,210	-0.3	-7.1
55 years and over	7,730	7,490	7,540	50	-190	0.7	-2.5
Men	17,500	16,920	16,790	-130	-710	-0.8	-4.1
Women	10,160	9,470	9,480	10	-680	0.1	-6.7
New Brunswick							
Both sexes	31,990	27,760	26,880	-880	-5,110	-3.2	-16.0
15 to 24 years	4,390	3,300	3,440	140	-950	4.2	-21.6
25 to 54 years	18,060	15,630	15,020	-610	-3,040	-3.9	-16.8
55 years and over Men	9,540	8,830	8,430	-400	-1,110	-4.5 -4.5	-11.6 -15.8
Women	20,570 11,420	18,120 9,640	17,310 9,570	-810 -70	-3,260 -1,850	-4.5 -0.7	-16.2
Quebec							
Both sexes	131,600	104,600	108,220	3,620	-23,380	3.5	-17.8
15 to 24 years	11,650	7,680	8,610	930	-3,040	12.1	-26.1
25 to 54 years	84,190	65,380	68,370	2,990	-15,820	4.6	-18.8
55 years and over	35,770	31,540	31,240	-300	-4,530	-1.0	-12.7
Men	84,580	64,910	67,650	2,740	-16,930	4.2	-20.0
Women	47,020	39,680	40,570	890	-6,450	2.2	-13.7
Ontario							
Both sexes	135,060	116,930	119,410	2,480	-15,650	2.1	-11.6
15 to 24 years	11,470	8,830	9,700	870	-1,770	9.9	-15.4
25 to 54 years	91,900	77,820	79,050	1,230	-12,850	1.6	-14.0
55 years and over	31,690	30,290	30,650	360	-1,040	1.2	-3.3
Men Women	79,390	65,620 54,340	68,490	2,870	-10,900	4.4	-13.7
	55,670	51,310	50,920	-390	-4,750	-0.8	-8.5

Table 1 - continued

Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits¹ by province and territory, sex and age group – Seasonally adjusted

	May	April	May	April to May	May 2017 to	April to May	May 2017 to
	2017	2018 ^p	2018 ^p	2018	May 2018	2018	May 2018
Manitoba							
Both sexes	15,270	15,190	15,190	0	-80	0.0	-0.5
15 to 24 years	2,140	2,140	2,200	60	60	2.8	2.8
25 to 54 years	9,970	10,040	10,020	-20	50	-0.2	0.5
55 years and over	3,170	3,010	2,980	-30	-190	-1.0	-6.0
Men	9,960	10,140	10,200	60	240	0.6	2.4
Women	5,310	5,050	5,000	-50	-310	-1.0	-5.8
Saskatchewan							
Both sexes	18,910	17,180	16,880	-300	-2,030	-1.7	-10.7
15 to 24 years	2,390	1,980	2,020	40	-370	2.0	-15.
25 to 54 years	12,320	11,230	11,050	-180	-1,270	-1.6	-10.3
55 years and over	4,210	3,970	3,810	-160	-400	-4.0	-9.
Men	12,990	11,830	11,610	-220	-1,380	-1.9	-10.6
Women	5,920	5,340	5,270	-70	-650	-1.3	-11.0
Alberta							
Both sexes	73,790	56,120	52,840	-3,280	-20,950	-5.8	-28.4
15 to 24 years	6,700	4,830	4,670	-160	-2,030	-3.3	-30.3
25 to 54 years	50,370	38,270	35,860	-2,410	-14,510	-6.3	-28.8
55 years and over	16,710	13,020	12,310	-710	-4,400	-5.5	-26.3
Men	48,610	36,760	34,680	-2,080	-13,930	-5.7	-28.7
Women	25,180	19,370	18,160	-1,210	-7,020	-6.2	-27.9
British Columbia							
Both sexes	51,840	41,950	41,020	-930	-10,820	-2.2	-20.9
15 to 24 years	4,570	3,460	3,390	-70	-1,180	-2.0	-25.8
25 to 54 years	33,670	27,420	26,570	-850	-7,100	-3.1	-21.1
55 years and over	13,590	11,070	11,060	-10	-2,530	-0.1	-18.6
Men .	30,590	24,680	24,060	-620	-6,530	-2.5	-21.3
Vomen	21,250	17,270	16,960	-310	-4,290	-1.8	-20.2
Yukon							
3oth sexes	690	570	540	-30	-150	-5.3	-21.7
5 to 24 years	70	50	50	0	-20	0.0	-28.6
25 to 54 years	430	370	350	-20	-80	-5.4	-18.6
55 years and over	190	150	140	-10	-50	-6.7	-26.3
Men	430	400	360	-40	-70	-10.0	-16.3
Women	260	170	180	10	-80	5.9	-30.8
Northwest Territories							
Both sexes	650	710	680	-30	30	-4.2	4.6
5 to 24 years	80	60	60	0	-20	0.0	-25.0
25 to 54 years	470	510	470	-40	0	-7.8	0.0
55 years and over	110	140	140	0	30	0.0	27.3
Men	430	490	470	-20	40	-4.1	9.3
Women	220	230	210	-20	-10	-8.7	-4.5
Nunavut							
Both sexes	530	560	550	-10	20	-1.8	3.8
5 to 24 years	80	60	60	0	-20	0.0	-25.0
5 to 54 years	410	440	430	-10	20	-2.3	4.9
55 years and over	50	60	60	0	10	0.0	20.0
Men .	350	390	370	-20	20	-5.1	5.7
<i>N</i> omen	180	180	180	0	0	0.0	0.0

p preliminary

Includes people who receive regular income benefits, whether or not they participate in one of three employment benefit programs, namely the Skills Development Program, the Job Creation Partnerships Program and the Self-employment Program.
 Source(s): Table 14-10-0011-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0022).

Table 2 Initial and renewal claims received, by province and territory - Seasonally adjusted

	May 2017	April 2018 ^p	May 2018 ^p	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018
	number		cha	nge	% change		
Canada	229,350	226,800	226,570	-230	-2,780	-0.1	-1.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	9,060	9,480	9,100	-380	40	-4.0	0.4
Prince Edward Island	2,510	2,390	2,230	-160	-280	-6.7	-11.2
Nova Scotia	9,350	9,260	9,380	120	30	1.3	0.3
New Brunswick	10,310	10,070	9,830	-240	-480	-2.4	-4.7
Quebec	63,430	62,520	61,420	-1,100	-2,010	-1.8	-3.2
Ontario	69,900	69,790	70,570	780	670	1.1	1.0
Manitoba	8,300	8,070	8,190	120	-110	1.5	-1.3
Saskatchewan	7,110	7,150	6,930	-220	-180	-3.1	-2.5
Alberta	23,470	23,380	24,080	700	610	3.0	2.6
British Columbia	25,070	23,730	23,900	170	-1,170	0.7	-4.7
Yukon	280	300	290	-10	10	-3.3	3.6
Northwest Territories	250	300	250	-50	0	-16.7	0.0
Nunavut	190	220	220	0	30	0.0	15.8

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Source(s): Table 14-10-0005-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0004).

Table 3
Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits¹ by census metropolitan category² – Seasonally adjusted

	May 2017	April 2018 ^p	May 2018 ^p	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018
	number			change		% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador							
Census metropolitan areas	5,480	5,100	5,060	-40	-420	-0.8	-7.7
St. John's	5,480	5,100	5,060	-40	-420	-0.8	-7.7
Census agglomerations	3,960	3,920	3,940	20	-20	0.5	-0.5
Outside census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations	29,760	28,170	27,840	-330	-1,920	-1.2	-6.5
Prince Edward Island							
Census agglomerations	2,860	2,790	2,670	-120	-190	-4.3	-6.6
Outside census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations	4,940	4,980	4,920	-60	-20	-1.2	-0.4
Nova Scotia							
Census metropolitan areas	5,390	5,040	4,970	-70	-420	-1.4	-7.8
Halifax	5,390	5,040	4,970	-70	-420	-1.4	-7.8
Census agglomerations	8,570	8,720	8,600	-120	30	-1.4	0.4
Outside census metropolitan areas and						_	
census agglomerations	13,700	12,630	12,700	70	-1,000	0.6	-7.3
New Brunswick							
Census metropolitan areas	5,430	4,650	4,510	-140	-920	-3.0	-16.9
Moncton	2,870	2,600	2,460	-140	-410	-5.4	-14.3
Saint John	2,560	2,050 5.670	2,050	0 -80	-510	0.0 -1.4	-19.9 -17.3
Census agglomerations Outside census metropolitan areas and	6,760	5,670	5,590	-00	-1,170	-1.4	-17.3
census agglomerations	19,790	17,430	16,780	-650	-3,010	-3.7	-15.2
Quebec							
Census metropolitan areas	69,310	54,650	58,020	3,370	-11,290	6.2	-16.3
Montréal	48,310	37,940	40,790	2,850	-7,520	7.5	-15.6
Ottawa-Gatineau (Quebec part)	3,570	2,480	2,810	330	-760	13.3	-21.3
Québec	8,580	7,170	7,200	30 -40	-1,380	0.4	-16.1
Saguenay Sherbrooke	3,570 2,760	2,780 2,280	2,740 2,410	-40 130	-830 -350	-1.4 5.7	-23.2 -12.7
Trois-Rivières	2,760	2,260	2,410	80	-430	4.0	-12.7 -17.1
Census agglomerations	17,920	13,710	13,950	240	-3,970	1.8	-22.2
Outside census metropolitan areas and	,020	10,110	10,000	240	0,0.0	1.0	
census agglomerations	44,380	36,230	36,240	10	-8,140	0.0	-18.3
Ontario							
Census metropolitan areas	96,200	83,600	84,690	1,090	-11,510	1.3	-12.0
Barrie Brantford	2,220 1,680	1,990 1,440	1,980 1,530	-10 90	-240 -150	-0.5 6.3	-10.8 -8.9
Greater Sudbury	2,840	2,250	2,100	-150	-740	-6.7	-6.9 -26.1
Guelph	1,300	1,030	1,030	0	-270	0.0	-20.1
Hamilton	7,040	5,500	5,560	60	-1,480	1.1	-21.0
Kingston	1,520	1,200	1,300	100	-220	8.3	-14.5
Kitchener–Cambridge–Waterloo	4,470	4,040	4,070	30	-400	0.7	-8.9
London	4,710	3,960	4,030	70	-680	1.8	-14.4
Oshawa	3,670	3,590	3,640	50	-30	1.4	-0.8
Ottawa-Gatineau (Ontario part)	6,810	5,850	6,280	430	-530	7.4	-7.8
Peterborough	1,380	1,130	1,140	10	-240	0.9	-17.4
St. Catharines–Niagara	5,170 1,520	4,390	4,520	130 -10	-650 -180	3.0 -0.7	-12.6 -11.8
Thunder Bay Toronto	1,520 49,320	1,350 43,130	1,340 43,250	-10 120	-180 -6,070	-0.7 0.3	-11.8 -12.3
Windsor	49,320 2,550	2,760	2,940	180	-6,070 390	0.3 6.5	-12.3 15.3
Census agglomerations	1 5,680	14,010	14,260	250	-1,420	1.8	-9.1
Outside census metropolitan areas and	. 0,000	,0.0	. 1,200	200	.,		3.1
census agglomerations	23,180	19,320	20,460	1,140	-2,720	5.9	-11.7
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Table 3 - continued Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits¹ by census metropolitan category² – Seasonally adjusted

	May	April	May	April to May	May 2017 to	April to May	May 2017 to
	2017	2018 ^p	2018 ^p	2018	May 2018	2018	May 2018
Manitoba							
Census metropolitan areas	7,430	7,160	7,220	60	-210	0.8	-2.8
Winnipeg	7,430	7,160	7,220	60	-210	0.8	-2.8
Census agglomerations	1,080	1,040	1,050	10	-30	1.0	-2.8
Outside census metropolitan areas and							
census agglomerations	6,760	6,990	6,920	-70	160	-1.0	2.4
Saskatchewan							
Census metropolitan areas	7,300	6,050	5,960	-90	-1,340	-1.5	-18.4
Regina	2,370	1,970	1,940	-30	-430	-1.5	-18.1
Saskatoon	4,930	4,080	4,020	-60	-910	-1.5	-18.5
Census agglomerations	3,180	2,930	2,870	-60	-310	-2.0	-9.7
Outside census metropolitan areas and							
census agglomerations	8,430	8,200	8,050	-150	-380	-1.8	-4.5
Alberta							
Census metropolitan areas	51,030	38,690	36,840	-1,850	-14,190	-4.8	-27.8
Calgary	25,640	19,060	17,700	-1,360	-7,940	-7.1	-31.0
Edmonton	25,400	19,620	19,140	-480	-6,260	-2.4	-24.6
Census agglomerations	10,290	7,920	7,230	-690	-3,060	-8.7	-29.7
Outside census metropolitan areas and							
census agglomerations	12,460	9,520	8,770	-750	-3,690	-7.9	-29.6
British Columbia							
Census metropolitan areas	24,690	20,820	20,660	-160	-4,030	-0.8	-16.3
Abbotsford–Mission	2,190	1,750	1,680	-70	-510	-4.0	-23.3
Kelowna	3,040	2,400	2,310	-90	-730	-3.8	-24.0
Vancouver	17,030	14,670	14,670	0	-2,360	0.0	-13.9
Victoria	2,420	2,000	2,010	10	-410	0.5	-16.9
Census agglomerations	14,770	11,400	10,940	-460	-3,830	-4.0	-25.9
Outside census metropolitan areas and							
census agglomerations	12,390	9,740	9,420	-320	-2,970	-3.3	-24.0

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Includes people who receive regular income benefits, whether or not they participate in one of three employment benefit programs, namely the Skills Development Program, the Job Creation Partnerships Program and the Self-employment Program.
 2011 Standard Geographical Classification.
 Source(s): Table 14-10-0013-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0034).

Table 4
Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits¹ by occupation,² Canada – Seasonally adjusted

	May 2017	April 2018 ^p	May 2018 ^p	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018
		number		change		% cł	nange
All occupations	535,400	454,090	454,110	20	-81,290	0.0	-15.2
Management occupations	35,540	30,710	30,260	-450	-5,280	-1.5	-14.9
Senior management occupations	3,120	2,890	2,830	-60	-290	-2.1	-9.3
Specialized middle management occupations Middle management occupations in retail and wholesale trade and customer services	12,610 12,210	10,650 10,910	10,420 10,700	-230 -210	-2,190 -1,510	-2.2 -1.9	-17.4 -12.4
Middle management occupations in trades, transportation, production and utilities	7,610	6,270	6,310	40	-1,300	0.6	-17.1
•	58,590				-10,370	-1.2	-17.7
Business, finance and administration occupations Professional occupations in business and finance Administrative and financial supervisors and administrative	7,000	48,820 6,040	48,220 5,820	-600 -220	-1,180	-3.6	-16.9
occupations Finance, insurance and related business administrative	24,230	21,060	20,740	-320	-3,490	-1.5	-14.4
occupations	2,230	1,920	1,870	-50	-360	-2.6	-16.1
Office support occupations Distribution, tracking and scheduling co-ordination occupations	17,430 7,690	13,400 6,400	13,290 6,500	-110 100	-4,140 -1,190	-0.8 1.6	-23.8 -15.5
occupations							
Natural and applied sciences and related occupations Professional occupations in natural and applied sciences Tophical conjuntions related to partial and applied	29,770 9,040	24,600 7,220	25,110 7,150	510 -70	-4,660 -1,890	2.1 -1.0	-15.7 -20.9
Technical occupations related to natural and applied sciences	20,720	17,380	17,970	590	-2,750	3.4	-13.3
Health occupations	8,040	7,120	7,010	-110	-1,030	-1.5	-12.8
Professional occupations in nursing	800	700	660	-40	-140	-5.7	-17.5
Professional occupations in health (except nursing)	690	530	520	-10	-170	-1.9	-24.6
Technical occupations in health Assisting occupations in support of health services	2,730 3,830	2,450 3,430	2,430 3,400	-20 -30	-300 -430	-0.8 -0.9	-11.0 -11.2
Occupations in education, law and social, community							
and government services Professional occupations in education services Professional occupations in law and social, community and	50,600 14,400	41,630 10,940	41,550 11,610	-80 670	-9,050 -2,790	-0.2 6.1	-17.9 -19.4
government services Paraprofessional occupations in legal, social, community	5,450	4,740	4,620	-120	-830	-2.5	-15.2
and education services	10,790	8,750	8,640	-110	-2,150	-1.3	-19.9
Occupations in front-line public protection services Care providers and educational, legal and public protection support occupations	640 19,320	620 16,570	610 16,070	-10 -500	-30 -3,250	-1.6 -3.0	-4.7 -16.8
support occupations							
Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	9,450	8,600	8,740	140	-710	1.6	-7.5
Professional occupations in art and culture Technical occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	1,960 7,490	1,690 6,910	1,700 7,040	10 130	-260 -450	0.6 1.9	-13.3 -6.0
Sales and service occupations	85,450	74,770	74,010	-760	-11,440	-1.0	-13.4
Retail sales supervisors and specialized sales occupations	4,460	3,890	3,790	-100	-670	-2.6	-15.0
Service supervisors and specialized service occupations Sales representatives and salespersons - wholesale and	16,200	14,510	14,460	-50	-1,740	-0.3	-10.7
retail trade Service representatives and other customer and personal	12,210	11,800	11,460	-340	-750	-2.9	-6.1
services occupations	22,490	18,840	18,730	-110	-3,760	-0.6	-16.7
Sales support occupations Service support and other service occupations, n.e.c.	8,170 21,930	7,220 18,500	7,100 18,480	-120 -20	-1,070 -3,450	-1.7 -0.1	-13.1 -15.7
Trades, transport and equipment operators and related							
occupations	178,000	150,490	149,460	-1,030	-28,540	-0.7	-16.0
Industrial, electrical and construction trades Maintenance and equipment operation trades Other industrials	69,450 17,990	55,220 14,200	55,950 14,460	730 260	-13,500 -3,530	1.3 1.8	-19.4 -19.6
Other installers, repairers and servicers and material handlers Transport and heavy equipment operation and related	9,580	8,070	8,440	370	-1,140	4.6	-11.9
maintenance occupations Trades helpers, construction labourers and related	41,430	38,900	36,790	-2,110	-4,640	-5.4	-11.2
occupations	39,550	34,100	33,820	-280	-5,730	-0.8	-14.5

Table 4 - continued

Beneficiaries receiving regular income benefits by occupation, Canada – Seasonally adjusted

	May 2017	April 2018 ^p	May 2018 ^p	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018	April to May 2018	May 2017 to May 2018
Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	36,190	30,890	32,130	1,240	-4,060	4.0	-11.2
Supervisors and technical occupations in natural resources, agriculture and related production Workers in natural resources, agriculture and related	7,230	6,670	6,490	-180	-740	-2.7	-10.2
production	15,320	12,890	13,370	480	-1,950	3.7	-12.7
Harvesting, landscaping and natural resources labourers	13,640	11,330	12,270	940	-1,370	8.3	-10.0
Occupations in manufacturing and utilities Processing, manufacturing and utilities supervisors and	42,400	35,300	36,240	940	-6,160	2.7	-14.5
central control operators Processing and manufacturing machine operators and	2,980	2,590	2,500	-90	-480	-3.5	-16.1
related production workers	12.810	9,890	10,260	370	-2,550	3.7	-19.9
Assemblers in manufacturing	6,090	5,340	5,430	90	-660	1.7	-10.8
Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	20,520	17,480	18,040	560	-2,480	3.2	-12.1

p preliminary

Source(s): Table 14-10-0337-01 (formerly CANSIM table 276-0043).

Available tables: 14-10-0004-01 to 14-10-0008-01 , 14-10-0010-01 to 14-10-0014-01 , 14-10-0336-01 and 14-10-0337-01.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2604.

More information about the concepts and use of Employment Insurance statistics is available online in the *Guide to Employment Insurance Statistics* (73-506-G).

For more information, contact us (toll-free: 1-800-263-1136; 514-283-8300; STATCAN.infostats-infostats.STATCAN@canada.ca).

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Includes people who receive regular income benefits, whether or not they participate in one of three employment benefit programs, namely the Skills
Development Program, the Job Creation Partnerships Program and the Self-employment Program.

^{2.} National Occupational Classification 2011.