

The Daily

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Releases

Travel between Canada and other countries, October 2012

Canadian travel to destinations abroad decreased in October, while travel to Canada from abroad was unchanged.

Canadian residents took 5.4 million trips to the United States and overseas countries combined, down 1.9% from September.

Most of these trips, 4.6 million, were to the United States, a 2.1% decrease.

Same-day car trips by Canadians to the United States fell 2.8% to 2.7 million trips.

Overnight travel to the United States declined 1.0% to 1.9 million trips. Overnight plane travel increased 0.3% to 647,000 trips, while overnight car travel fell 1.8% to 1.2 million trips.

Canadians made 805,000 trips to overseas countries in October, down 0.4% from the record high of 808,000 trips set in September.

In the opposite direction, US and overseas residents made 2.1 million trips to Canada in October, unchanged from the previous month.

American residents made 1.7 million trips to Canada, down 0.5%, while travel by overseas residents increased 2.6% to 382,000 trips.

Same-day car trips by Americans to Canada fell 0.7% to 617,000 trips.

The number of overnight plane trips from the United States fell 1.0%, to 292,000, while overnight car trips rose 0.4% to 577,000.

Residents of countries other than the United States made 382,000 trips to Canada in October, up 2.6% from September.

In October, 7 of the top 12 overseas markets to Canada posted increases in travel to Canada. The United Kingdom remained the top overseas market, followed by France and Germany.

Travel from South Korea (+20.6%) and China (+6.6%) recorded the strongest gains, while travel from Hong Kong (-8.2%) recorded the largest decrease.

Note to readers

Monthly data are seasonally adjusted. For more information on seasonal adjustment, see [Seasonal adjustment and identifying economic trends](#).

Table 1
Travel between Canada and other countries – Seasonally adjusted

	October 2011 ^r	September 2012 ^r	October 2012 ^p	September to October 2012
	thousands			% change ¹
Canadian trips abroad²	5,216	5,553	5,449	-1.9
To the United States	4,449	4,745	4,644	-2.1
To other countries	767	808	805	-0.4
Same-day car trips to the United States	2,645	2,755	2,677	-2.8
Total trips, one or more nights	2,533	2,752	2,729	-0.8
United States ³	1,766	1,944	1,924	-1.0
Car	1,044	1,189	1,168	-1.8
Plane	624	645	647	0.3
Other modes of transportation	98	110	109	-0.4
Other countries ⁴	767	808	805	-0.4
Travel to Canada²	2,116	2,085	2,085	0.0
From the United States	1,737	1,712	1,703	-0.5
From other countries	379	373	382	2.6
Same-day car trips from the United States	656	621	617	-0.7
Total trips, one or more nights	1,335	1,346	1,354	0.6
United States ³	964	987	985	-0.2
Car	568	575	577	0.4
Plane	281	295	292	-1.0
Other modes of transportation	115	117	115	-1.2
Other countries ⁴	370	359	369	2.8
Travel to Canada: Top overseas markets, by country of origin⁵				
United Kingdom	57	54	55	2.8
France	39	37	38	3.3
Germany	28	26	26	-0.5
China	22	24	25	6.6
Australia	22	24	23	-4.8
Japan	18	20	20	0.6
South Korea	12	13	15	20.6
Mexico	12	12	12	4.7
India	12	13	12	-3.1
Hong Kong	10	11	10	-8.2
Switzerland	10	9	9	-0.8
Netherlands	9	8	9	3.1

^r revised

^p preliminary

1. Percentage change is based on unrounded data.

2. Totals exceed the sum of "same-day car trips" and "total trips, one or more nights" because they include all of the same-day trips.

3. Data for the United States include counts of cars and buses, and data for planes, trains, boats and other methods.

4. Figures for other countries exclude same-day entries by land only, via the United States.

5. Includes same-day and overnight trips.

Available without charge in CANSIM: tables 427-0001 to 427-0006.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5005.

The October 2012 issue of *International Travel: Advance Information*, Vol. 28, no. 10 (66-001-P, free), is now available from the *Key resource* module of our website under *Publications*.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Intellectual property management in selected industries, 2010

Just over 5% of Canadian enterprises in selected industries held or used issued patents in 2010, while 18% held or used copyrights and 20% held or used trade-marks, according to data from the pilot Survey of Intellectual Property Management.

This new survey assesses intellectual property management practices of enterprises in selected industries. The information allows a better understanding of the effects of patents, copyrights, trade-marks and other forms of intellectual property on industry efforts to become innovative.

Over one-quarter (27%) of enterprises in the life sciences and 16% in transportation equipment manufacturing industries held or used patents in 2010, compared with 3% of enterprises in broadcasting and 4% in publishing.

Copyrights were more likely to be held or used in publishing (50%), the motion picture and video industries (42%), broadcasting (37%) and the sound recording industries (21%).

Trade-marks were held or used most extensively by enterprises in the pharmaceutical industry (40%), chemical manufacturing industry (39%) and publishing industry (31%). Trade-marks were least employed by enterprises in mining (7%).

The survey also assessed the use of other forms of intellectual property in the selected industries. Among the most predominant were holding web domain names, used by 43% of enterprises in the selected industries, and employing non-disclosure agreements, used by 26%.

Almost 12% of Canadian enterprises in selected industries used 'open source' in 2010. Open source is most often related to software, in which the source code is provided under licence that permits users to freely study, change, improve and distribute the software.

In 2010, 18% of enterprises in the information and communication technology industries engaged in open source intellectual property use, the highest proportion in the selected industries.

Clinical trial data protection was used exclusively by 4% of enterprises in the life sciences industries. The life sciences (excluding pharmaceuticals) industry led in the use of trade secrets (24%).

Almost 11% of enterprises in the selected industries earned revenues from royalties or licensing fees from their intellectual property, while 13% paid royalties or licensing fees to use intellectual property owned by others.

The enterprises most likely to have earned revenue from royalties or licensing fees were in the sound recording (37%) and motion picture and video (23%) industries. In 2010, one-half of enterprises in broadcasting paid royalties or licensing fees.

Enterprises with revenues greater than \$5 million in 2010 were more likely to employ patents, copyrights or trade-marks than enterprises with revenues between \$100,000 and \$249,999.

For the largest enterprises, 23% held or used patents compared with 3% of the smallest enterprises. Similarly, 25% of the largest enterprises held or used copyrights, twice the proportion of 12% among the smallest.

In addition, 41% of the largest enterprises held or used trade-marks in 2010, compared with 11% of the smallest.

Note to readers

The pilot Survey of Intellectual Property Management, conducted between October 2011 and February 2012, sampled over 3,000 enterprises. It was funded by the federal Policy Research Data Group under the leadership of Industry Canada.

The survey targeted Canadian businesses that use some type of intellectual property, specifically patents, copyrights and trademarks. The survey was designed to fill a data gap concerning the use of intellectual property management practices. The selected industry groups employed by the survey were created using the North American Industrial Classification Systems (NAICS).

The selected industries represent: information and communication technology sector (excluding NAICS 81121); life sciences industries (NAICS 11251, 3254, 334512, 41451 and 54171); energy and mining (NAICS 21111, 2122, 213 and 22111); chemical manufacturing (NAICS 3251, 3252, 3253, 3255 and 3259); transportation equipment manufacturing (NAICS 336); broadcasting except Internet (NAICS 515); publishing except Internet and software publishers (NAICS 5111, 51911, 51913 and 51919); motion picture and video industries (NAICS 5121); and sound recording industries (NAICS 5122).

Available without charge in CANSIM: tables 358-0172 to 358-0188.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5183.

For more information, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca).

To enquire about the concepts, methods, or data quality of this release, contact Rhonda John-Huggins (613-951-3181; rhonda.john-huggins@statcan.gc.ca) or Louise Earl (613-951-2880; louise.earl@statcan.gc.ca), Investment, Science and Technology Division.

Natural gas sales, October 2012

Natural gas sales totaled 6 455 million cubic metres in October, up 12.3% compared with October 2011.

The volume of sales to the residential (+24.8%) industrial (+10.3%) and commercial (+7.8%) sectors was up during the same period.

Total sales in October were 33.6% higher compared with September.

Note to readers

These data are subject to revision.

Table 1
Natural gas sales

	October 2011	September 2012	October 2012 ^P	September to October 2012	October 2011 to October 2012
	thousands of cubic metres			% change	
Total sales	5 750 407	4 832 574	6 445 407	33.6	12.3
Residential ¹	904 413	502 763	1 128 987	124.6	24.8
Commercial ²	725 793	379 408	782 690	106.3	7.8
Industrial ³ and direct sales ⁴	4 120 201	3 950 403	4 543 730	15.0	10.3

^P preliminary

1. Gas sold for domestic purposes, including space heating, water heating and cooking, to a residential dwelling unit.

2. Gas sold to customers engaged in wholesale or retail trade, governments, institutions, office buildings, etc.

3. Gas sold to customers engaged in a process that creates or changes raw or unfinished materials into another form or product. Includes mining and manufacturing establishments. Includes firm, interruptible and buy/sell agreements.

4. Represents direct, non-utility, sales for consumption, where the utility acts solely as the transporter.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2149.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Oilseed crushing statistics, November 2012

Oilseed processors crushed 588 045 tonnes of canola in November. Oil production totaled 255 546 tonnes while meal production amounted to 353 811 tonnes.

Available without charge in CANSIM: table 001-0005.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 3404.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Large urban transit, October 2012

Total operating revenue (excluding subsidies) for 10 of Canada's largest urban transit systems rose 5.7% from October 2011 to \$268.8 million.

These 10 systems represent about 80% of total urban transit activity across the country.

Over the same period, ridership levels increased 3.5% to 145.5 million passenger trips.

Available without charge in CANSIM: table 408-0004.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2745.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Canada's population estimates, third quarter 2012

Demographic estimates by province and territory are now available for the third quarter.

Note to readers

Estimates released today are based on 2006 Census counts adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to which is added the estimated demographic growth for the period from May 16, 2006, to September 30, 2012.

These estimates are not to be confused with the 2011 Census population counts that were released on February 8, 2012.

Available without charge in CANSIM: tables 051-0005, 051-0006, 051-0017, 051-0020, 051-0037, 051-0045 and 053-0001.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers 3231, 3233 and 3601.

The July to September 2012 issue of *Quarterly Demographic Estimates*, Vol. 26, no. 3 (91-002-X, free), is now available from the *Key resource* module of our website under *Publications*.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Dairy statistics, October 2012

Dairy statistics for Canada and the provinces are now available for October.

Available without charge in CANSIM: tables 003-0007 to 003-0012, 003-0029, 003-0033 and 003-0034.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers 3430, 3431 and 3432.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact us (toll-free 1-800-263-1136; infostats@statcan.gc.ca) or Media Relations (613-951-4636; mediahotline@statcan.gc.ca).

Civil aviation operating statistics, October 2012

Operational data on civil aviation are now available for October.

Available without charge in CANSIM: tables 401-0001 and 401-0043.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5026.

A [data table](#) is also available from the *Key resource* module of our website under *Summary tables*.

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Barriers to Care for People with Chronic Health Conditions, 2012

The survey on Barriers to Care for People with Chronic Health Conditions was conducted by Statistics Canada from February 1 to March 31, 2012, with the cooperation and support of the Governors of the University of Calgary. The purpose of this survey is to learn more about the care and barriers to care among those with select chronic health conditions (hypertension, diabetes, heart disease, stroke). Data and information derived from the survey will be used to better understand patient experiences accessing care and their views regarding potential programmatic solutions to optimize their care.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5189.

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New products and studies

New products

International Travel: Advance Information, October 2012, Vol. 28, no. 10
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